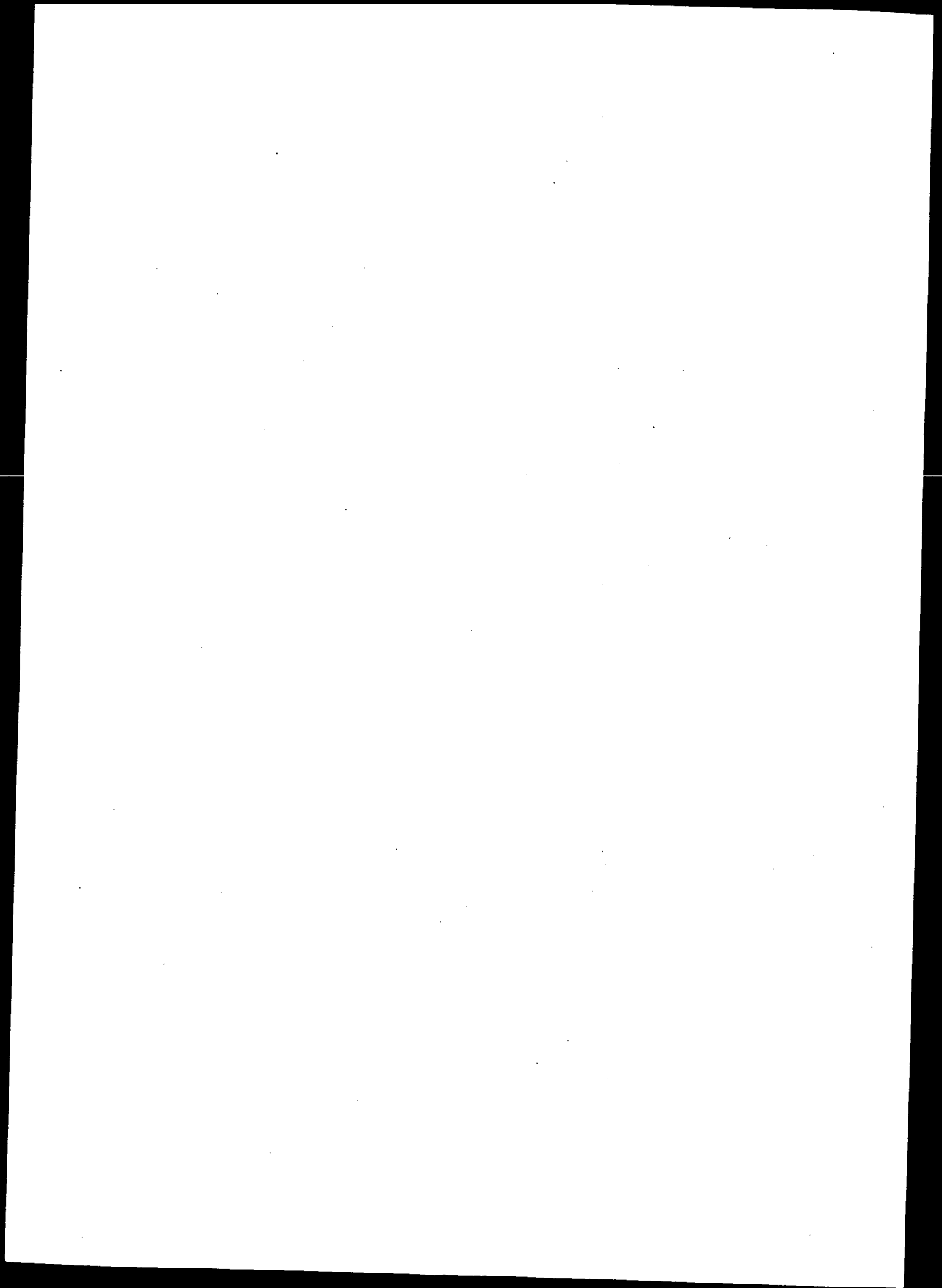




INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

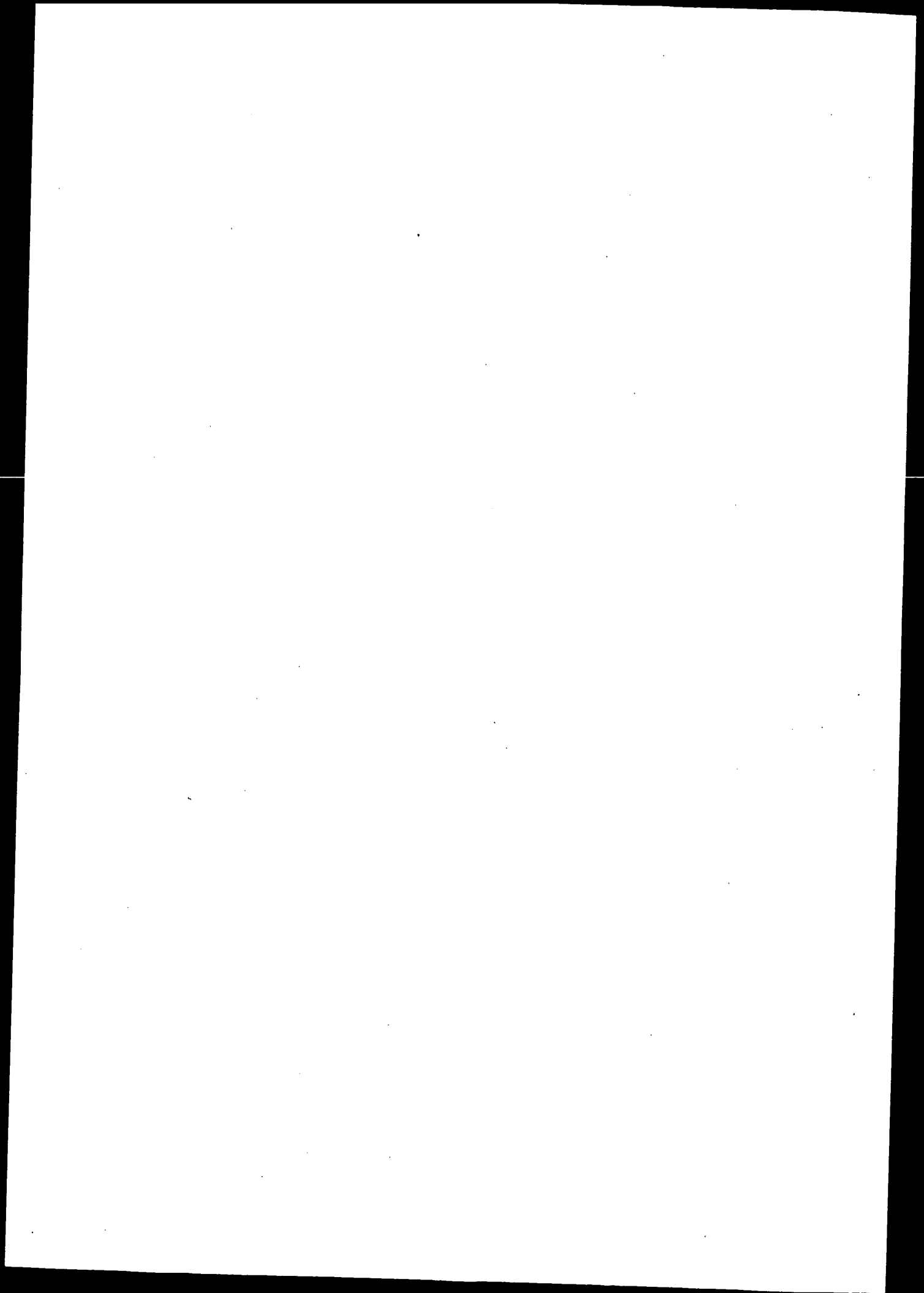
(51) International Patent Classification ⁶ : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, 16/18, C12Q 1/68		A3	(11) International Publication Number: WO 99/33982
			(43) International Publication Date: 8 July 1999 (08.07.99)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US98/27610			
(22) International Filing Date: 22 December 1998 (22.12.98)			
(30) Priority Data:			
60/068,755	23 December 1997 (23.12.97)	US	
60/080,664	3 April 1998 (03.04.98)	US	
60/105,234	21 October 1998 (21.10.98)	US	
60/105,877	27 October 1998 (27.10.98)	US	
09/217,471	21 December 1998 (21.12.98)	US	
(71) Applicants: CHIRON CORPORATION [US/US]; 4560 Horton Street - R440, Emeryville, CA 94608 (US). HYSEQ INC. [US/US]; 675 Almanor Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (US).			
(72) Inventors: WILLIAMS, Lewis, T.; 3 Miroflores, Tiburon, CA 94920 (US). ESCOBEDO, Jaime; 1470 Lavoma Road, Alamo, CA 94507 (US). INNIS, Michael, A.; 315 Constance Place, Moraga, CA 94556 (US). GARCIA, Pablo, Dominguez; 882 Chenery Street, San Francisco, CA 94131 (US). SUDDUTH-KLINGER, Julie; 280 Lexington Road, Kensington, CA 94707 (US). REINHARD, Christoph; 1633 Clinton Avenue, Alameda, CA 94501 (US). GIESE, Klaus; Chausseetrase 92, D-10115 Berlin (DE). RANDAZZO, Filippo; Apt. 403, 690 Chestnut Street, San Francisco, CA 94133 (US). KENNEDY, Giulia, C.; 360 Castenada Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94116 (US). POT, David; 1565 5th Avenue #102, San Francisco, CA 94112 (US). KASSAM, Altaf; 2659 Harold Street, Oakland, CA 94602 (US). LAMSON, George; 232 Sandringham Drive, Moraga, CA 94556 (US). DRMANAC, Radoje; 850 East Greenwich Place, Palo Alto, CA 94303 (US). CRKVENJAKOV, Radomir; 762 Haverhill Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94068 (US). DICKSON, Mark; 1411 Gabilan Drive #B, Hollister, CA 95025 (US). DRMANAC, Snezana; 850 East Greenwich Place, Palo Alto, CA 94303 (US). LABAT, Ivan; 140 Acalanes Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (US). LESHKOWITZ, Dena; 678 Durshire Way, Sunnyvale, CA 94087 (US). KITA, David; 899 Bounty Drive, Foster City, CA 94404 (US). GARCIA, Veronica; Apartment 412, 396 Ano Nuevo, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (US). JONES, Lee, William; 396 Ano Nuevo #412, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (US). STACHE-CRAIN, Birgit; 345 South Mary Avenue, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (US).			
		(74) Agent: BLACKBURN, Robert, P.; Chiron Corporation, P.O. Box 8097, Emeryville, CA 94662-8097 (US).	
		(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).	
		Published With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.	
		(88) Date of publication of the international search report: 23 December 1999 (23.12.99)	
(54) Title: HUMAN GENES AND GENE EXPRESSION PRODUCTS I			
(57) Abstract			
This invention relates to novel human polynucleotides and variants thereof, their encoded polypeptides and variants thereof, to genes corresponding to these polynucleotides and to proteins expressed by the genes. The invention also relates to diagnostic and therapeutic agents employing such novel human polynucleotides, their corresponding genes or gene products, e.g., these genes and proteins, including probes, antisense constructs, and antibodies.			



FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

AL	Albania	ES	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Slovenia
AM	Armenia	FI	Finland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovakia
AT	Austria	FR	France	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Senegal
AU	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Swaziland
AZ	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Monaco	TD	Chad
BA	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GE	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Togo
BB	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar	TJ	Tajikistan
BE	Belgium	GN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	TM	Turkmenistan
BF	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece	ML	Mali	TR	Turkey
BG	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	MN	Mongolia	TT	Trinidad and Tobago
BJ	Benin	IE	Ireland	MR	Mauritania	UA	Ukraine
BR	Brazil	IL	Israel	MW	Malawi	UG	Uganda
BY	Belarus	IS	Iceland	MX	Mexico	US	United States of America
CA	Canada	IT	Italy	NE	Niger	UZ	Uzbekistan
CF	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NL	Netherlands	VN	Viet Nam
CG	Congo	KE	Kenya	NO	Norway	YU	Yugoslavia
CH	Switzerland	KG	Kyrgyzstan	NZ	New Zealand	ZW	Zimbabwe
CI	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
CM	Cameroon	KR	Republic of Korea	PT	Portugal		
CN	China	KZ	Kazakstan	RO	Romania		
CU	Cuba	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
CZ	Czech Republic	LI	Liechtenstein	SD	Sudan		
DE	Germany	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
DK	Denmark	LR	Liberia	SG	Singapore		
EE	Estonia						



NOVEL HUMAN GENES AND GENE EXPRESSION PRODUCTS I

Cross-References to Related Applications

This application is a continuation-in-part of U.S. provisional patent application serial
5 no. 60/068,755, filed December 23, 1997, and of U.S. provisional patent application serial
no. 60/080,664, filed April 3, 1998, and of U.S. provisional patent application serial no.
60/105,234, filed October 21, 1998, each of which applications are incorporated herein by
reference.

10 Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel polynucleotides, particularly to novel
polynucleotides of human origin that are expressed in a selected cell type, are differentially
expressed in one cell type relative to another cell type (*e.g.*, in cancerous cells, or in cells of a
specific tissue origin) and/or share homology to polynucleotides encoding a gene product
15 having an identified functional domain and/or activity.

Background of the Invention

Identification of novel polynucleotides, particularly those that encode an expressed
gene product, is important in the advancement of drug discovery, diagnostic technologies,
20 and the understanding of the progression and nature of complex diseases such as cancer.
Identification of genes expressed in different cell types isolated from sources that differ in
disease state or stage, developmental stage, exposure to various environmental factors, the
tissue of origin, the species from which the tissue was isolated, and the like is key to
identifying the genetic factors that are responsible for the phenotypes associated with these
25 various differences

This invention provides novel human polynucleotides, the polypeptides encoded by
these polynucleotides, and the genes and proteins corresponding to these novel
polynucleotides.

30 Summary of the Invention

This invention relates to novel human polynucleotides and variants thereof, their
encoded polypeptides and variants thereof, to genes corresponding to these polynucleotides

and to proteins expressed by the genes. The invention also relates to diagnostic and therapeutic agents employing such novel human polynucleotides, their corresponding genes or gene products, *e.g.*, these genes and proteins, including probes, antisense constructs, and antibodies.

5 Accordingly, in one embodiment, the present invention features a library of polynucleotides, the library comprising the sequence information of at least one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. In related aspects, the invention features a library provided on a nucleic acid array, or in a computer-readable format.

 In one embodiment, the library is comprises a differentially expressed polynucleotide
10 comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 74, 119, 172, 317, and 379. In specific related embodiments, the library comprises: 1) a polynucleotide that is differentially expressed in a human breast cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 74, 81, 114, 123, 144, 130, 157, 162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214,
15 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338, 379, 384, 386, and 388; 2) a polynucleotide differentially expressed in a human colon cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, and 374; or 3) a polynucleotide differentially expressed in a human lung cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group
20 consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400.

 In another aspect, the invention features an isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to an identifying sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 or a degenerate variant thereof. In related aspects, the
25 invention features recombinant host cells and vectors comprising the polynucleotides of the invention, as well as isolated polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the invention and antibodies that specifically bind such polypeptides.

 In one embodiment, the invention features an isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence encoding a polypeptide of a protein family selected from the group consisting of:
30 4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins, 7 transmembrane receptors, ATPases associated with various cellular activities (AAA), eukaryotic aspartyl proteases,

GATA family of transcription factors, G-protein alpha subunit, phorbol esters/diacylglycerol binding proteins, protein kinase, protein phosphatase 2C, protein tyrosine phosphatase, trypsin, wnt family of developmental signaling proteins, and WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins. In a specific related embodiment, the invention features a

5 polynucleotide comprising a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS: 24, 41, 101, 157, 291, 305, 315, 341, 63, 116, 134, 136, 151, 384, 404, 308, 213, 367, 188, 251, 202, 315, 367, 397, 256, 382, 169, 23, 291, 324, 330, 341, 353, 188, 379, and 395.

In another embodiment, the invention features a polynucleotide comprising a sequence encoding a polypeptide having a functional domain selected from the group
10 consisting of: Ank repeat, basic region plus leucine zipper transcription factors, bromodomain, EF-hand, SH3 domain, WD domain/G-beta repeats, zinc finger (C2H2 type), zinc finger (CCHC class), and zinc-binding metalloprotease domain. In a specific related embodiment, the invention features a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS: 116, 251, 374, 97, 136, 242, 379, 306, 386, 18, 335, 61, 306, 386, 322, 306, and
15 395.

In another aspect, the invention features a method of detecting differentially expressed genes correlated with a cancerous state of a mammalian cell, where the method comprises the step of detecting at least one differentially expressed gene product in a test sample derived from a cell suspected of being cancerous, where the gene product is encoded
20 by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 74, 81, 114, 123, 144, 130, 157, 162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214, 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338, 379, 384, 386, 388, 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, 374, 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400. Detection of the differentially expressed gene product is correlated with a
25 cancerous state of the cell from which the test sample was derived. In one embodiment, the detecting is by hybridization of the test sample to a reference array, wherein the reference array comprises an identifying sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844.

In one embodiment of the method of the invention, the cell is a breast tissue derived cell, and the differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a
30 sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 74, 81, 114, 123,

144, 130, 157, 162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214, 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338, 379, 384, 386, and 388.

In another embodiment of the method of the invention, the cell is a colon tissue derived cell, and differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to
5 a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, and 374.

In yet another embodiment of the method of the invention, the cell is a lung tissue derived cell, and differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260,
10 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400.

Other aspects and embodiments of the invention will be readily apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan upon reading the description provided herein.

Detailed Description of the Invention

15 The invention relates to polynucleotides comprising the disclosed nucleotide sequences, to full length cDNA, mRNA and genes corresponding to these sequences, and to polypeptides and proteins encoded by these polynucleotides and genes.

Also included are polynucleotides that encode polypeptides and proteins encoded by the polynucleotides of the Sequence Listing. The various polynucleotides that can encode
20 these polypeptides and proteins differ because of the degeneracy of the genetic code, in that most amino acids are encoded by more than one triplet codon. The identity of such codons is well-known in this art, and this information can be used for the construction of the polynucleotides within the scope of the invention.

Polynucleotides encoding polypeptides and proteins that are variants of the
25 polypeptides and proteins encoded by the polynucleotides and related cDNA and genes are also within the scope of the invention. The variants differ from wild type protein in having one or more amino acid substitutions that either enhance, add, or diminish a biological activity of the wild type protein. Once the amino acid change is selected, a polynucleotide encoding that variant is constructed according to the invention.

30 The following detailed description describes the polynucleotide compositions encompassed by the invention, methods for obtaining cDNA or genomic DNA encoding a full-length gene product, expression of these polynucleotides and genes, identification of

structural motifs of the polynucleotides and genes, identification of the function of a gene product encoded by a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide of the invention, use of the provided polynucleotides as probes and in mapping and in tissue profiling, use of the corresponding polypeptides and other gene products to raise antibodies, and use of the polynucleotides and their encoded gene products for therapeutic and diagnostic purposes.

I. Polynucleotide Compositions

The scope of the invention with respect to polynucleotide compositions includes, but is not necessarily limited to, polynucleotides having a sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844; polynucleotides obtained from the biological materials described herein or other biological sources (particularly human sources) by hybridization under stringent conditions (particularly conditions of high stringency); genes corresponding to the provided polynucleotides; variants of the provided polynucleotides and their corresponding genes, particularly those variants that retain a biological activity of the encoded gene product (*e.g.*, a biological activity ascribed to a gene product corresponding to the provided polynucleotides as a result of the assignment of the gene product to a protein family(ies) and/or identification of a functional domain present in the gene product). Other nucleic acid compositions contemplated by and within the scope of the present invention will be readily apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art when provided with the disclosure here.

The invention features polynucleotides that are expressed in cells of human tissue, specifically human colon, breast, and/or lung tissue. Novel nucleic acid compositions of the invention of particular interest comprise a sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 or an identifying sequence thereof. An "identifying sequence" is a contiguous sequence of residues at least about 10 nt to about 20 nt in length, usually at least about 50 nt to about 100 nt in length, that uniquely identifies a polynucleotide sequence, *e.g.*, exhibits less than 90%, usually less than about 80% to about 85% sequence identity to any contiguous nucleotide sequence of more than about 20 nt. Thus, the subject novel nucleic acid compositions include full length cDNAs or mRNAs that encompass an identifying sequence of contiguous nucleotides from any one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844.

The polynucleotides of the invention also include polynucleotides having sequence similarity or sequence identity. Nucleic acids having sequence similarity are detected by

hybridization under low stringency conditions, for example, at 50°C and 10XSSC (0.9 M saline/0.09 M sodium citrate) and remain bound when subjected to washing at 55°C in 1XSSC. Sequence identity can be determined by hybridization under stringent conditions, for example, at 50°C or higher and 0.1XSSC (9 mM saline/0.9 mM sodium citrate).

- 5 Hybridization methods and conditions are well known in the art, see, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,707,829. Nucleic acids that are substantially identical to the provided polynucleotide sequences, *e.g.* allelic variants, genetically altered versions of the gene, *etc.*, bind to the provided polynucleotide sequences (SEQ ID NOS:1-844) under stringent hybridization conditions. By using probes, particularly labeled probes of DNA sequences, one can isolate
- 10 homologous or related genes. The source of homologous genes can be any species, *e.g.* primate species, particularly human; rodents, such as rats and mice, canines, felines, bovines, ovines, equines, yeast, nematodes, *etc.*

- Preferably, hybridization is performed using at least 15 contiguous nucleotides of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844. That is, when at least 15 contiguous nucleotides of one of
- 15 the disclosed SEQ ID NOs. is used as a probe, the probe will preferentially hybridize with a gene or mRNA (of the biological material) comprising the complementary sequence, allowing the identification and retrieval of the nucleic acids of the biological material that uniquely hybridize to the selected probe. Probes from more than one SEQ ID NO. will hybridize with the same gene or mRNA if the cDNA from which they were derived
- 20 corresponds to one mRNA. Probes of more than 15 nucleotides can be used, but 15 nucleotides represents enough sequence for unique identification.

- The polynucleotides of the invention also include naturally occurring variants of the nucleotide sequences (*e.g.*, degenerate variants, allelic variants, *etc.*). Variants of the polynucleotides of the invention are identified by hybridization of putative variants with
- 25 nucleotide sequences disclosed herein, preferably by hybridization under stringent conditions. For example, by using appropriate wash conditions, variants of the polynucleotides of the invention can be identified where the allelic variant exhibits at most about 25-30% base pair mismatches relative to the selected polynucleotide probe. In general, allelic variants contain 15-25% base pair mismatches, and can contain as little as even 5-15%, or 2-5%, or 1-2%
- 30 base pair mismatches, as well as a single base-pair mismatch.

The invention also encompasses homologs corresponding to the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS:1-844, where the source of homologous genes can be any mammalian species, *e.g.*, primate species, particularly human; rodents, such as rats, canines, felines, bovines, ovines, equines, yeast, nematodes, etc. Between mammalian species, *e.g.*, human and mouse, homologs have substantial sequence similarity, *e.g.*, at least 75% sequence identity, usually at least 90%, more usually at least 95% between nucleotide sequences. Sequence similarity is calculated based on a reference sequence, which may be a subset of a larger sequence, such as a conserved motif, coding region, flanking region, *etc.* A reference sequence will usually be at least about 18 contiguous nt long, more usually at least about 30 nt long, and may extend to the complete sequence that is being compared. Algorithms for sequence analysis are known in the art, such as BLAST, described in Altschul *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* (1990) 215:403-10.

In general, variants of the invention have a sequence identity greater than at least about 65%, preferably at least about 75%, more preferably at least about 85%, and can be greater than at least about 90% or more as determined by the Smith-Waterman homology search algorithm as implemented in MPSRCH program (Oxford Molecular). For the purposes of this invention, a preferred method of calculating percent identity is the Smith-Waterman algorithm, using the following. Global DNA sequence identity must be greater than 65% as determined by the Smith-Waterman homology search algorithm as implemented in MPSRCH program (Oxford Molecular) using an affine gap search with the following search parameters: gap open penalty, 12; and gap extension penalty, 1.

The subject nucleic acids can be cDNAs or genomic DNAs, as well as fragments thereof, particularly fragments that encode a biologically active gene product and/or are useful in the methods disclosed herein (*e.g.*, in diagnosis, as a unique identifier of a differentially expressed gene of interest, *etc.*). The term "cDNA" as used herein is intended to include all nucleic acids that share the arrangement of sequence elements found in native mature mRNA species, where sequence elements are exons and 3' and 5' non-coding regions. Normally mRNA species have contiguous exons, with the intervening introns, when present, being removed by nuclear RNA splicing, to create a continuous open reading frame encoding a polypeptide of the invention.

A genomic sequence of interest comprises the nucleic acid present between the initiation codon and the stop codon, as defined in the listed sequences, including all of the introns that are normally present in a native chromosome. It can further include the 3 and 5 untranslated regions found in the mature mRNA. It can further include specific
5 transcriptional and translational regulatory sequences, such as promoters, enhancers, *etc.*, including about 1 kb, but possibly more, of flanking genomic DNA at either the 5 and 3 end of the transcribed region. The genomic DNA can be isolated as a fragment of 100 kbp or smaller; and substantially free of flanking chromosomal sequence. The genomic DNA flanking the coding region, either 3 and 5, or internal regulatory sequences as sometimes
10 found in introns, contains sequences required for proper tissue, stage-specific, or disease-state specific expression.

The nucleic acid compositions of the subject invention can encode all or a part of the subject differentially expressed polypeptides. Double or single stranded fragments can be obtained from the DNA sequence by chemically synthesizing oligonucleotides in accordance
15 with conventional methods, by restriction enzyme digestion, by PCR amplification, *etc.* Isolated polynucleotides and polynucleotide fragments of the invention comprise at least about 10, about 15, about 20, about 35, about 50, about 100, about 150 to about 200, about 250 to about 300, or about 350 contiguous nucleotides selected from the polynucleotide sequences as shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-844. For the most part, fragments will be of at least
20 15 nt, usually at least 18 nt or 25 nt, and up to at least about 50 contiguous nt in length or more. In a preferred embodiment, the polynucleotide molecules comprise a contiguous sequence of at least twelve nucleotides selected from the group consisting of the polynucleotides shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-844.

Probes specific to the polynucleotides of the invention can be generated using the
25 polynucleotide sequences disclosed in SEQ ID NOS:1-844. The probes are preferably at least about 12, 15, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, or 25 nucleotide fragment of a corresponding contiguous sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1-844, and can be less than 2, 1, 0.5, 0.1, or 0.05 kb in length. The probes can be synthesized chemically or can be generated from longer polynucleotides using restriction enzymes. The probes can be labeled, for example, with a
30 radioactive, biotinylated, or fluorescent tag. Preferably, probes are designed based upon an identifying sequence of a polynucleotide of one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. More preferably,

probes are designed based on a contiguous sequence of one of the subject polynucleotides that remain unmasked following application of a masking program for masking low complexity (*e.g.*, XBLAST) to the sequence., *i.e.*, one would select an unmasked region, as indicated by the polynucleotides outside the poly-n stretches of the masked sequence
5 produced by the masking program.

The polynucleotides of the subject invention are isolated and obtained in substantial purity, generally as other than an intact chromosome. Usually, the polynucleotides, either as DNA or RNA, will be obtained substantially free of other naturally-occurring nucleic acid sequences, generally being at least about 50%, usually at least about 90% pure and are
10 typically "recombinant", *e.g.*, flanked by one or more nucleotides with which it is not normally associated on a naturally occurring chromosome.

The polynucleotides of the invention can be provided as a linear molecule or within a circular molecule. They can be provided within autonomously replicating molecules (vectors) or within molecules without replication sequences. They can be regulated by their
15 own or by other regulatory sequences, as is known in the art. The polynucleotides of the invention can be introduced into suitable host cells using a variety of techniques which are available in the art, such as transferrin polycation-mediated DNA transfer, transfection with naked or encapsulated nucleic acids, liposome-mediated DNA transfer, intracellular transportation of DNA-coated latex beads, protoplast fusion, viral infection, electroporation,
20 gene gun, calcium phosphate-mediated transfection, and the like.

The subject nucleic acid compositions can be used to, for example, produce polypeptides, as probes for the detection of mRNA of the invention in biological samples (*e.g.*, extracts of human cells) to generate additional copies of the polynucleotides, to generate ribozymes or antisense oligonucleotides, and as single stranded DNA probes or as
25 triple-strand forming oligonucleotides. The probes described herein can be used to, for example, determine the presence or absence of the polynucleotide sequences as shown in SEQ ID NOS:1-844 or variants thereof in a sample. These and other uses are described in more detail below.

Use of Polynucleotides to Obtain Full-Length cDNA and Full-Length Human Gene and Promoter Region

Full-length cDNA molecules comprising the disclosed polynucleotides are obtained as follows. A polynucleotide having a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844, or a portion thereof comprising at least 12, 15, 18, or 20 nucleotides, is used as a hybridization probe to detect hybridizing members of a cDNA library using probe design methods, cloning methods, and clone selection techniques such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 5,654,173. Libraries of cDNA are made from selected tissues, such as normal or tumor tissue, or from tissues of a mammal treated with, for example, a pharmaceutical agent. Preferably, the tissue is the same as the tissue from which the polynucleotides of the invention were isolated, as both the polynucleotides described herein and the cDNA represent expressed genes. Most preferably, the cDNA library is made from the biological material described herein in the Examples. Alternatively, many cDNA libraries are available commercially. (Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., (1989) Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY). The choice of cell type for library construction can be made after the identity of the protein encoded by the gene corresponding to the polynucleotide of the invention is known. This will indicate which tissue and cell types are likely to express the related gene, and thus represent a suitable source for the mRNA for generating the cDNA. Where the provided polynucleotides are isolated from cDNA libraries, the libraries are prepared from mRNA of human colon cells, more preferably, human colon cancer cells, even more preferably, from a highly metastatic colon cell, Km12L4-A.

Techniques for producing and probing nucleic acid sequence libraries are described, for example, in Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, 2nd Ed., (1989) Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY. The cDNA can be prepared by using primers based on sequence from SEQ ID NOS:1-844. In one embodiment, the cDNA library can be made from only poly-adenylated mRNA. Thus, poly-T primers can be used to prepare cDNA from the mRNA.

Members of the library that are larger than the provided polynucleotides, and preferably that encompass the complete coding sequence of the native message, are obtained. In order to confirm that the entire cDNA has been obtained, RNA protection experiments

are performed as follows. Hybridization of a full-length cDNA to an mRNA will protect the RNA from RNase degradation. If the cDNA is not full length, then the portions of the mRNA that are not hybridized will be subject to RNase degradation. This is assayed, as is known in the art, by changes in electrophoretic mobility on polyacrylamide gels, or by
5 detection of released monoribonucleotides. Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Ed.*, (1989) Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY. In order to obtain additional sequences 5' to the end of a partial cDNA, 5' RACE (*PCR Protocols: A Guide to Methods and Applications*, (1990) Academic Press, Inc.) is performed.

Genomic DNA is isolated using the provided polynucleotides in a manner similar to
10 the isolation of full-length cDNAs. Briefly, the provided polynucleotides, or portions thereof, are used as probes to libraries of genomic DNA. Preferably, the library is obtained from the cell type that was used to generate the polynucleotides of the invention, but this is not essential. Most preferably, the genomic DNA is obtained from the biological material described herein in the Examples. Such libraries can be in vectors suitable for carrying large
15 segments of a genome, such as P1 or YAC, as described in detail in Sambrook *et al.*, 9.4-9.30. In addition, genomic sequences can be isolated from human BAC libraries, which are commercially available from Research Genetics, Inc., Huntsville, Alabama, USA, for example. In order to obtain additional 5' or 3' sequences, chromosome walking is performed, as described in Sambrook *et al.*, such that adjacent and overlapping fragments of genomic
20 DNA are isolated. These are mapped and pieced together, as is known in the art, using restriction digestion enzymes and DNA ligase.

Using the polynucleotide sequences of the invention, corresponding full-length genes can be isolated using both classical and PCR methods to construct and probe cDNA libraries. Using either method, Northern blots, preferably, are performed on a number of cell types to
25 determine which cell lines express the gene of interest at the highest level. Classical methods of constructing cDNA libraries are taught in Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*. With these methods, cDNA can be produced from mRNA and inserted into viral or expression vectors. Typically, libraries of mRNA comprising poly(A) tails can be produced with poly(T) primers. Similarly, cDNA libraries can be produced using the instant sequences as primers.
30 PCR methods are used to amplify the members of a cDNA library that comprise the desired insert. In this case, the desired insert will contain sequence from the full length

cDNA that corresponds to the instant polynucleotides. Such PCR methods include gene trapping and RACE methods. Gene trapping entails inserting a member of a cDNA library into a vector. The vector then is denatured to produce single stranded molecules. Next, a substrate-bound probe, such a biotinylated oligo, is used to trap cDNA inserts of interest.

- 5 Biotinylated probes can be linked to an avidin-bound solid substrate. PCR methods can be used to amplify the trapped cDNA. To trap sequences corresponding to the full length genes, the labeled probe sequence is based on the polynucleotide sequences of the invention. Random primers or primers specific to the library vector can be used to amplify the trapped cDNA. Such gene trapping techniques are described in Gruber *et al.*, WO 95/04745 and
- 10 Gruber *et al.*, U.S. Pat. No. 5,500,356. Kits are commercially available to perform gene trapping experiments from, for example, Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, Maryland, USA.

- “Rapid amplification of cDNA ends,” or RACE, is a PCR method of amplifying cDNAs from a number of different RNAs. The cDNAs are ligated to an oligonucleotide linker, and amplified by PCR using two primers. One primer is based on sequence from the
- 15 instant polynucleotides, for which full length sequence is desired, and a second primer comprises sequence that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide linker to amplify the cDNA. A description of this methods is reported in WO 97/19110. In preferred embodiments of RACE, a common primer is designed to anneal to an arbitrary adaptor sequence ligated to cDNA ends (Apte and Siebert, *Biotechniques* (1993) 15:890-893; Edwards *et al.*, *Nuc. Acids*
- 20 *Res.* (1991) 19:5227-5232). When a single gene-specific RACE primer is paired with the common primer, preferential amplification of sequences between the single gene specific primer and the common primer occurs. Commercial cDNA pools modified for use in RACE are available.

- Another PCR-based method generates full-length cDNA library with anchored ends
- 25 without needing specific knowledge of the cDNA sequence. The method uses lock-docking primers (I-VI), where one primer, poly TV (I-III) locks over the polyA tail of eukaryotic mRNA producing first strand synthesis and a second primer, polyGH (IV-VI) locks onto the polyC tail added by terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase (TdT). This method is described in WO 96/40998.

- 30 The promoter region of a gene generally is located 5' to the initiation site for RNA polymerase II. Hundreds of promoter regions contain the “TATA” box, a sequence such as

TATTA or TATAA, which is sensitive to mutations. The promoter region can be obtained by performing 5' RACE using a primer from the coding region of the gene. Alternatively, the cDNA can be used as a probe for the genomic sequence, and the region 5' to the coding region is identified by "walking up." If the gene is highly expressed or differentially expressed, the promoter from the gene can be of use in a regulatory construct for a heterologous gene.

Once the full-length cDNA or gene is obtained, DNA encoding variants can be prepared by site-directed mutagenesis, described in detail in Sambrook *et al.*, 15.3-15.63. The choice of codon or nucleotide to be replaced can be based on disclosure herein on optional changes in amino acids to achieve altered protein structure and/or function.

As an alternative method to obtaining DNA or RNA from a biological material, nucleic acid comprising nucleotides having the sequence of one or more polynucleotides of the invention can be synthesized. Thus, the invention encompasses nucleic acid molecules ranging in length from 15 nucleotides (corresponding to at least 15 contiguous nucleotides of one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844) up to a maximum length suitable for one or more biological manipulations, including replication and expression, of the nucleic acid molecule. The invention includes but is not limited to (a) nucleic acid having the size of a full gene, and comprising at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844; (b) the nucleic acid of (a) also comprising at least one additional gene, operably linked to permit expression of a fusion protein; (c) an expression vector comprising (a) or (b); (d) a plasmid comprising (a) or (b); and (e) a recombinant viral particle comprising (a) or (b). Once provided with the polynucleotides disclosed herein, construction or preparation of (a) - (e) are well within the skill in the art.

The sequence of a nucleic acid comprising at least 15 contiguous nucleotides of at least any one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844, preferably the entire sequence of at least any one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844, is not limited and can be any sequence of A, T, G, and/or C (for DNA) and A, U, G, and/or C (for RNA) or modified bases thereof, including inosine and pseudouridine. The choice of sequence will depend on the desired function and can be dictated by coding regions desired, the intron-like regions desired, and the regulatory regions desired. Where the entire sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844 is within the nucleic acid, the nucleic acid obtained is referred to herein as a polynucleotide comprising the sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844.

II. Expression of Polypeptide Encoded by Full-Length cDNA or Full-Length Gene

The provided polynucleotide (e.g., a polynucleotide having a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844), the corresponding cDNA, or the full-length gene is used to express a partial
5 or complete gene product.

Constructs of polynucleotides having sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 can be generated synthetically. Alternatively, single-step assembly of a gene and entire plasmid from large numbers of oligodeoxyribonucleotides is described by, e.g., Stemmer *et al.*, *Gene (Amsterdam)* (1995) 164(1):49-53. In this method, assembly PCR (the synthesis of long
10 DNA sequences from large numbers of oligodeoxyribonucleotides (oligos)) is described. The method is derived from DNA shuffling (Stemmer, *Nature* (1994) 370:389-391), and does not rely on DNA ligase, but instead relies on DNA polymerase to build increasingly longer DNA fragments during the assembly process. For example, a 1.1-kb fragment containing the TEM-1 beta-lactamase-encoding gene (bla) can be assembled in a single
15 reaction from a total of 56 oligos, each 40 nucleotides (nt) in length. The synthetic gene can be PCR amplified and cloned in a vector containing the tetracycline-resistance gene (Tc-R) as the sole selectable marker. Without relying on ampicillin (Ap) selection, 76% of the Tc-R colonies were Ap-R, making this approach a general method for the rapid and cost-effective synthesis of any gene.

20 Appropriate polynucleotide constructs are purified using standard recombinant DNA techniques as described in, for example, Sambrook *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, 2nd Ed.*, (1989) Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, and under current regulations described in United States Dept. of HHS, National Institute of Health (NIH) Guidelines for Recombinant DNA Research. The gene product encoded by a
25 polynucleotide of the invention is expressed in any expression system, including, for example, bacterial, yeast, insect, amphibian and mammalian systems. Suitable vectors and host cells are described in U.S. Patent No. 5,654,173.

Bacteria. Expression systems in bacteria include those described in Chang *et al.*, *Nature* (1978) 275:615; Goeddel *et al.*, *Nature* (1979) 281:544; Goeddel *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* (1980) 8:4057; EP 0 036,776; U.S. Patent No. 4,551,433; DeBoer *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1983) 80:21-25; and Siebenlist *et al.*, *Cell* (1980) 20:269.
30

- Yeast. Expression systems in yeast include those described in Hinnen *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1978) 75:1929; Ito *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* (1983) 153:163; Kurtz *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1986) 6:142; Kunze *et al.*, *J. Basic Microbiol.* (1985) 25:141; Gleeson *et al.*, *J. Gen. Microbiol.* (1986) 132:3459; Roggenkamp *et al.*, *Mol. Gen. Genet.* (1986) 202:302; Das *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* (1984) 158:1165; De Louvencourt *et al.*, *J. Bacteriol.* (1983) 154:737; Van den Berg *et al.*, *Bio/Technology* (1990) 8:135; Kunze *et al.*, *J. Basic Microbiol.* (1985) 25:141; Cregg *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1985) 5:3376; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,837,148 and 4,929,555; Beach and Nurse, *Nature* (1981) 300:706; Davidow *et al.*, *Curr. Genet.* (1985) 10:380; Gaillardin *et al.*, *Curr. Genet.* (1985) 10:49; Ballance *et al.*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* (1983) 112:284-289; Tilburn *et al.*, *Gene* (1983) 26:205-221; Yelton *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1984) 81:1470-1474; Kelly and Hynes, *EMBO J.* (1985) 4:475479; EP 0 244,234; and WO 91/00357.

- Insect Cells. Expression of heterologous genes in insects is accomplished as described in U.S. Patent No. 4,745,051; Friesen *et al.*, "The Regulation of Baculovirus Gene Expression", in: *The Molecular Biology Of Baculoviruses* (1986) (W. Doerfler, ed.); EP 0 127,839; EP 0 155,476; and Vlak *et al.*, *J. Gen. Virol.* (1988) 69:765-776; Miller *et al.*, *Ann. Rev. Microbiol.* (1988) 42:177; Carbonell *et al.*, *Gene* (1988) 73:409; Maeda *et al.*, *Nature* (1985) 315:592-594; Lebacqz-Verheyden *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1988) 8:3129; Smith *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1985) 82:8844; Miyajima *et al.*, *Gene* (1987) 58:273; and Martin *et al.*, *DNA* (1988) 7:99. Numerous baculoviral strains and variants and corresponding permissive insect host cells from hosts are described in Luckow *et al.*, *Bio/Technology* (1988) 6:47-55, Miller *et al.*, *Generic Engineering* (1986) 8:277-279, and Maeda *et al.*, *Nature* (1985) 315:592-594.

- Mammalian Cells. Mammalian expression is accomplished as described in Dijkema *et al.*, *EMBO J.* (1985) 4:761, Gorman *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1982) 79:6777, Boshart *et al.*, *Cell* (1985) 41:521 and U.S. Patent No. 4,399,216. Other features of mammalian expression are facilitated as described in Ham and Wallace, *Meth. Enz.* (1979) 58:44, Barnes and Sato, *Anal. Biochem.* (1980) 102:255, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,767,704, 4,657,866, 4,927,762, 4,560,655, WO 90/103430, WO 87/00195, and U.S. RE 30,985.
- Polynucleotide molecules comprising a polynucleotide sequence provided herein propagated by placing the molecule in a vector. Viral and non-viral vectors are used,

including plasmids. The choice of plasmid will depend on the type of cell in which propagation is desired and the purpose of propagation. Certain vectors are useful for amplifying and making large amounts of the desired DNA sequence. Other vectors are suitable for expression in cells in culture. Still other vectors are suitable for transfer and
5 expression in cells in a whole animal or person. The choice of appropriate vector is well within the skill of the art. Many such vectors are available commercially. The partial or full-length polynucleotide is inserted into a vector typically by means of DNA ligase attachment to a cleaved restriction enzyme site in the vector. Alternatively, the desired
10 nucleotide sequence can be inserted by homologous recombination in vivo. Typically this is accomplished by attaching regions of homology to the vector on the flanks of the desired nucleotide sequence. Regions of homology are added by ligation of oligonucleotides, or by polymerase chain reaction using primers comprising both the region of homology and a portion of the desired nucleotide sequence, for example.

The polynucleotides set forth in SEQ ID NOS:1-844 or their corresponding full-
15 length polynucleotides are linked to regulatory sequences as appropriate to obtain the desired expression properties. These can include promoters (attached either at the 5' end of the sense strand or at the 3' end of the antisense strand), enhancers, terminators, operators, repressors, and inducers. The promoters can be regulated or constitutive. In some situations it may be desirable to use conditionally active promoters, such as tissue-specific or developmental
20 stage-specific promoters. These are linked to the desired nucleotide sequence using the techniques described above for linkage to vectors. Any techniques known in the art can be used.

When any of the above host cells, or other appropriate host cells or organisms, are used to replicate and/or express the polynucleotides or nucleic acids of the invention, the
25 resulting replicated nucleic acid, RNA, expressed protein or polypeptide, is within the scope of the invention as a product of the host cell or organism. The product is recovered by any appropriate means known in the art.

Once the gene corresponding to a selected polynucleotide is identified, its expression can be regulated in the cell to which the gene is native. For example, an endogenous gene of
30 a cell can be regulated by an exogenous regulatory sequence as disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,641,670.

III. Identification of Functional and Structural Motifs of Novel Genes

A. Screening Polynucleotide Sequences and Amino Acid Sequences Against Publicly Available Databases

5 Translations of the nucleotide sequence of the provided polynucleotides, cDNAs or full genes can be aligned with individual known sequences. Similarity with individual sequences can be used to determine the activity of the polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the invention. For example, sequences that show similarity with a chemokine sequence can exhibit chemokine activities. Also, sequences exhibiting similarity
10 with more than one individual sequence can exhibit activities that are characteristic of either or both individual sequences.

 The full length sequences and fragments of the polynucleotide sequences of the nearest neighbors can be used as probes and primers to identify and isolate the full length sequence corresponding to provided polynucleotides. The nearest neighbors can indicate a
15 tissue or cell type to be used to construct a library for the full-length sequences corresponding to the provided polynucleotides..

 Typically, a selected polynucleotide is translated in all six frames to determine the best alignment with the individual sequences. The sequences disclosed herein in the Sequence Listing are in a 5' to 3' orientation and translation in three frames can be sufficient
20 (with a few specific exceptions as described in the Examples). These amino acid sequences are referred to, generally, as query sequences, which will be aligned with the individual sequences. Databases with individual sequences are described in "Computer Methods for Macromolecular Sequence Analysis" *Methods in Enzymology* (1996) 266, Doolittle, Academic Press, Inc., a division of Harcourt Brace & Co., San Diego, California, USA.
25 Databases include Genbank, EMBL, and DNA Database of Japan (DDBJ).

 Query and individual sequences can be aligned using the methods and computer programs described above, and include BLAST, available over the world wide web at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/>. Another alignment algorithm is Fasta, available in the Genetics Computing Group (GCG) package, Madison, Wisconsin, USA, a wholly owned
30 subsidiary of Oxford Molecular Group, Inc. Other techniques for alignment are described in Doolittle, *supra*. Preferably, an alignment program that permits gaps in the sequence is

utilized to align the sequences. The Smith-Waterman is one type of algorithm that permits gaps in sequence alignments. See *Meth. Mol. Biol.* (1997) 70: 173-187. Also, the GAP program using the Needleman and Wunsch alignment method can be utilized to align sequences. An alternative search strategy uses MPSRCH software, which runs on a
5 MASPAR computer. MPSRCH uses a Smith-Waterman algorithm to score sequences on a massively parallel computer. This approach improves ability to identify sequences that are distantly related matches, and is especially tolerant of small gaps and nucleotide sequence errors. Amino acid sequences encoded by the provided polynucleotides can be used to search both protein and DNA databases.

10 Results of individual and query sequence alignments can be divided into three categories, high similarity, weak similarity, and no similarity. Individual alignment results ranging from high similarity to weak similarity provide a basis for determining polypeptide activity and/or structure. Parameters for categorizing individual results include: percentage of the alignment region length where the strongest alignment is found, percent sequence
15 identity, and p value.

The percentage of the alignment region length is calculated by counting the number of residues of the individual sequence found in the region of strongest alignment, *e.g.*, contiguous region of the individual sequence that contains the greatest number of residues that are identical to the residues of the corresponding region of the aligned query sequence.
20 This number is divided by the total residue length of the query sequence to calculate a percentage. For example, a query sequence of 20 amino acid residues might be aligned with a 20 amino acid region of an individual sequence. The individual sequence might be identical to amino acid residues 5, 9-15, and 17-19 of the query sequence. The region of strongest alignment is thus the region stretching from residue 9-19, an 11 amino acid stretch.
25 The percentage of the alignment region length is: 11 (length of the region of strongest alignment) divided by (query sequence length) 20 or 55%.

Percent sequence identity is calculated by counting the number of amino acid matches between the query and individual sequence and dividing total number of matches by the number of residues of the individual sequences found in the region of strongest
30 alignment. Thus, the percent identity in the example above would be 10 matches divided by 11 amino acids, or approximately, 90.9%

P value is the probability that the alignment was produced by chance. For a single alignment, the p value can be calculated according to Karlin *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* (1990) 87:2264 and Karlin *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* (1993) 90. The p value of multiple alignments using the same query sequence can be calculated using an heuristic approach described in Altschul *et al.*, *Nat. Genet.* (1994) 6:119. Alignment programs such as BLAST program can calculate the p value.

Another factor to consider for determining identity or similarity is the location of the similarity or identity. Strong local alignment can indicate similarity even if the length of alignment is short. Sequence identity scattered throughout the length of the query sequence also can indicate a similarity between the query and profile sequences. The boundaries of the region where the sequences align can be determined according to Doolittle, *supra*; BLAST or FAST programs; or by determining the area where sequence identity is highest.

High Similarity. In general, in alignment results considered to be of high similarity, the percent of the alignment region length is typically at least about 55% of total length query sequence; more typically, at least about 58%; even more typically; at least about 60% of the total residue length of the query sequence. Usually, percent length of the alignment region can be as much as about 62%; more usually, as much as about 64%; even more usually, as much as about 66%. Further, for high similarity, the region of alignment, typically, exhibits at least about 75% of sequence identity; more typically, at least about 78%; even more typically; at least about 80% sequence identity. Usually, percent sequence identity can be as much as about 82%; more usually, as much as about 84%; even more usually, as much as about 86%.

The p value is used in conjunction with these methods. If high similarity is found, the query sequence is considered to have high similarity with a profile sequence when the p value is less than or equal to about 10^{-2} ; more usually; less than or equal to about 10^{-3} ; even more usually; less than or equal to about 10^{-4} . More typically, the p value is no more than about 10^{-5} ; more typically; no more than or equal to about 10^{-10} ; even more typically; no more than or equal to about 10^{-15} for the query sequence to be considered high similarity.

Weak Similarity. In general, where alignment results considered to be of weak similarity, there is no minimum percent length of the alignment region nor minimum length of alignment. A better showing of weak similarity is considered when the region of

alignment is, typically, at least about 15 amino acid residues in length; more typically, at least about 20; even more typically; at least about 25 amino acid residues in length. Usually, length of the alignment region can be as much as about 30 amino acid residues; more usually, as much as about 40; even more usually, as much as about 60 amino acid residues.

- 5 Further, for weak similarity, the region of alignment, typically, exhibits at least about 35% of sequence identity; more typically, at least about 40%; even more typically; at least about 45% sequence identity. Usually, percent sequence identity can be as much as about 50%; more usually, as much as about 55%; even more usually, as much as about 60%.

- 10 If low similarity is found, the query sequence is considered to have weak similarity with a profile sequence when the p value is usually less than or equal to about 10^{-2} ; more usually; less than or equal to about 10^{-3} ; even more usually; less than or equal to about 10^{-4} . More typically, the p value is no more than about 10^{-5} ; more usually; no more than or equal to about 10^{-10} ; even more usually; no more than or equal to about 10^{-15} for the query sequence to be considered weak similarity.

- 15 Similarity Determined by Sequence Identity Alone. Sequence identity alone can be used to determine similarity of a query sequence to an individual sequence and can indicate the activity of the sequence. Such an alignment, preferably, permits gaps to align sequences. Typically, the query sequence is related to the profile sequence if the sequence identity over the entire query sequence is at least about 15%; more typically, at least about 20%; even
20 more typically, at least about 25%; even more typically, at least about 50%. Sequence identity alone as a measure of similarity is most useful when the query sequence is usually, at least 80 residues in length; more usually, 90 residues; even more usually, at least 95 amino acid residues in length. More typically, similarity can be concluded based on sequence identity alone when the query sequence is preferably 100 residues in length; more preferably,
25 120 residues in length; even more preferably, 150 amino acid residues in length.

- Determining Activity from Alignments with Profile and Multiple Aligned Sequences.
Translations of the provided polynucleotides can be aligned with amino acid profiles that define either protein families or common motifs. Also, translations of the provided polynucleotides can be aligned to multiple sequence alignments (MSA) comprising the
30 polypeptide sequences of members of protein families or motifs. Similarity or identity with profile sequences or MSAs can be used to determine the activity of the gene products (e.g.,

polypeptides) encoded by the provided polynucleotides or corresponding cDNA or genes. For example, sequences that show an identity or similarity with a chemokine profile or MSA can exhibit chemokine activities.

Profiles can designed manually by (1) creating an MSA, which is an alignment of the amino acid sequence of members that belong to the family and (2) constructing a statistical representation of the alignment. Such methods are described, for example, in Birney *et al.*, *Nucl. Acid Res.* (1996) 24(14): 2730-2739. MSAs of some protein families and motifs are publicly available. For example, <http://genome.wustl.edu/Pfam/> includes MSAs of 547 different families and motifs. These MSAs are described also in Sonnhammer *et al.*, *Proteins* (1997) 28: 405-420. Other sources over the world wide web include the site at <http://www.embl-heidelberg.de/argos/ali/ali.html>; alternatively, a message can be sent to ALI@EMBL-HEIDELBERG.DE for the information. A brief description of these MSAs is reported in Pascarella *et al.*, *Prot. Eng.* (1996) 9(3):249-251. Techniques for building profiles from MSAs are described in Sonnhammer *et al.*, *supra*; Birney *et al.*, *supra*; and "Computer Methods for Macromolecular Sequence Analysis," *Methods in Enzymology* (1996) 266, Doolittle, Academic Press, Inc., a division of Harcourt Brace & Co., San Diego, California, USA.

Similarity between a query sequence and a protein family or motif can be determined by (a) comparing the query sequence against the profile and/or (b) aligning the query sequence with the members of the family or motif. Typically, a program such as Searchwise is used to compare the query sequence to the statistical representation of the multiple alignment, also known as a profile. The program is described in Birney *et al.*, *supra*. Other techniques to compare the sequence and profile are described in Sonnhammer *et al.*, *supra* and Doolittle, *supra*.

Next, methods described by Feng *et al.*, *J. Mol. Evol.* (1987) 25:351 and Higgins *et al.*, *CABIOS* (1989) 5:151 can be used align the query sequence with the members of a family or motif, also known as a MSA. Computer programs, such as PILEUP, can be used. See Feng *et al.*, *infra*. In general, the following factors are used to determine if a similarity between a query sequence and a profile or MSA exists: (1) number of conserved residues found in the query sequence, (2) percentage of conserved residues found in the query sequence, (3) number of frameshifts, and (4) spacing between conserved residues.

Some alignment programs that both translate and align sequences can make any number of frameshifts when translating the nucleotide sequence to produce the best alignment. The fewer frameshifts needed to produce an alignment, the stronger the similarity or identity between the query and profile or MSAs. For example, a weak
5 similarity resulting from no frameshifts can be a better indication of activity or structure of a query sequence, than a strong similarity resulting from two frameshifts. Preferably, three or fewer frameshifts are found in an alignment; more preferably two or fewer frameshifts; even more preferably, one or fewer frameshifts; even more preferably, no frameshifts are found in an alignment of query and profile or MSAs.

10 Conserved residues are those amino acids found at a particular position in all or some of the family or motif members. For example, most chemokines contain four conserved cysteines. Alternatively, a position is considered conserved if only a certain class of amino acids is found in a particular position in all or some of the family members. For example, the N-terminal position can contain a positively charged amino acid, such as lysine, arginine,
15 or histidine.

Typically, a residue of a polypeptide is conserved when a class of amino acids or a single amino acid is found at a particular position in at least about 40% of all class members; more typically, at least about 50%; even more typically, at least about 60% of the members. Usually, a residue is conserved when a class or single amino acid is found in at least about
20 70% of the members of a family or motif; more usually, at least about 80%; even more usually, at least about 90%; even more usually, at least about 95%.

A residue is considered conserved when three unrelated amino acids are found at a particular position in the some or all of the members; more usually, two unrelated amino acids. These residues are conserved when the unrelated amino acids are found at particular
25 positions in at least about 40% of all class member; more typically, at least about 50%; even more typically, at least about 60% of the members. Usually, a residue is conserved when a class or single amino acid is found in at least about 70% of the members of a family or motif; more usually, at least about 80%; even more usually, at least about 90%; even more usually, at least about 95%.

30 A query sequence has similarity to a profile or MSA when the query sequence comprises at least about 25% of the conserved residues of the profile or MSA; more usually,

at least about 30%; even more usually; at least about 40%. Typically, the query sequence has a stronger similarity to a profile sequence or MSA when the query sequence comprises at least about 45% of the conserved residues of the profile or MSA; more typically, at least about 50%; even more typically; at least about 55%.

5 B. Screening Polynucleotide and Amino Acid Sequences Against Protein Profiles

 The identify and function of the gene that correlates to a polynucleotide described herein can be determined by screening the polynucleotides or their corresponding amino acid sequences against profiles of protein families. Such profiles focus on common structural motifs among proteins of each family. Publicly available profiles are described above in
10 Section IVA. Additional or alternative profiles are described below.

 In comparing a novel polynucleotide with known sequences, several alignment tools are available. Examples include PileUp, which creates a multiple sequence alignment, and is described in Feng *et al.*, *J. Mol. Evol.* (1987) 25:351. Another method, GAP, uses the
15 alignment method of Needleman *et al.*, *J. Mol. Biol.* (1970) 48:443. GAP is best suited for global alignment of sequences. A third method, BestFit, functions by inserting gaps to maximize the number of matches using the local homology algorithm of Smith *et al.*, *Adv. Appl. Math.* (1981) 2:482. Exemplary protein profiles are provided below and in the examples.

20 Chemokines. Chemokines are a family of proteins that have been implicated in lymphocyte trafficking, inflammatory diseases, angiogenesis, hematopoiesis, and viral infection. See, for example, Rollins, *Blood* (1997) 90(3):909-928, and Wells *et al.*, *J. Leuk. Biol.* (1997) 61:545-550. U.S. Patent No. 5,605,817 discloses DNA encoding a chemokine expressed in fetal spleen. U.S. Patent No. 5,656,724 discloses chemokine-like proteins and
25 methods of use. U.S. Patent No. 5,602,008 discloses DNA encoding a chemokine expressed by liver.

 Chemokine mutants are polypeptides having an amino acid sequence that possesses at least one amino acid substitution, addition, or deletion as compared to native chemokines.

 Fragments possess the same amino acid sequence of the native chemokines; mutants can
30 lack the amino and/or carboxyl terminal sequences. Fusions are mutants, fragments, or native chemokines that also include amino and/or carboxyl terminal amino acid extensions.

The number or type of the amino acid changes is not critical, nor is the length or number of the amino acid deletions, or amino acid extensions that are incorporated in the chemokines as compared to the native chemokine amino acid sequences. A polynucleotide encoding one of these variant polypeptides will retain at least about 80% amino acid identity with at least one known chemokine. Preferably, these polypeptides will retain at least about 85% amino acid sequence identity, more preferably, at least about 90%; even more preferably, at least about 95%. In addition, the variants exhibit at least 80%; preferably about 90%; more preferably about 95% of at least one activity exhibited by a native chemokine, which includes immunological, biological, receptor binding, and signal transduction functions.

Assays for chemotaxis relating to neutrophils are described in Walz *et al.*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* (1987) 149:755, Yoshimura *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1987) 84:9233, and Schroder *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1987) 139:3474; to lymphocytes, Larsen *et al.*, *Science* (1989) 243:1464, Carr *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1994) 91:3652; to tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes, Liao *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1995) 182:1301; to hematopoietic progenitors, Aiuti *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1997) 185:111; to monocytes, Valente *et al.*, *Biochem.* (1988) 27:4162; and to natural killer cells, Loetscher *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1996) 156:322, and Allavena *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1994) 24:3233.

Assays for determining the biological activity of attracting eosinophils are described in Dahinden *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1994) 179:751, Weber *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1995) 154:4166, and Noso *et al.*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* (1994) 200:1470; for attracting dendritic cells, Sozzani *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1995) 155:3292; for attracting basophils, in Dahinden *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1994) 179:751, Alam *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1994) 152:1298, Alam *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1992) 176:781; and for activating neutrophils, Maghazaci *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1996) 26:315, and Taub *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1995) 155:3877. Native chemokines can act as mitogens for fibroblasts, assayed as described in Mullenbach *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1986) 261:719.

Native chemokines exhibit binding activity with a number of receptors. Description of such receptors and assays to detect binding are described in, for example, Murphy *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 253:1280; Combadiere *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1995) 270:29671; Daugherty *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1996) 183:2349; Samson *et al.*, *Biochem.* (1996) 35:3362; Raport *et al.*, *J.*

Biol. Chem. (1996) 271:17161; Combadiere *et al.*, *J. Leukoc. Biol.* (1996) 60:147; Baba *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1997) 23:14893; Yosida *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1997) 272:13803; Arvanitakis *et al.*, *Nature* (1997) 385:347, and other assays are known in the art.

- Assays for kinase activation of chemokines are described by Yen *et al.*, *J. Leukoc. Biol.* (1997) 61:529; Dubois *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1996) 156:1356; Turner *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1995) 155:2437. Assays for inhibition of angiogenesis or cell proliferation are described in Maione *et al.*, *Science* (1990) 247:77. Glycosaminoglycan production can be induced by native chemokines, assayed as described in Castor *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1983) 80:765. Chemokine-mediated histamine release from basophils is assayed as described in Dahinden *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1989) 170:1787; and White *et al.*, *Immunol. Lett.* (1989) 22:151. Heparin binding is described in Luster *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1995) 182:219.

- Chemokines can possess dimerization activity, which can be assayed according to Burrows *et al.*, *Biochem.* (1994) 33:12741; and Zhang *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1995) 15:4851. Native chemokines can play a role in the inflammatory response of viruses. This activity can be assayed as described in Bleul *et al.*, *Nature* (1996) 382:829; and Oberlin *et al.*, *Nature* (1996) 382:833. Exocytosis of monocytes can be promoted by native chemokines. The assay for such activity is described in Uguccioni *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1995) 25:64. Native chemokines also can inhibit hematopoietic stem cell proliferation. The method for testing for such activity is reported in Graham *et al.*, *Nature* (1990) 344:442.

- Death Domain Proteins.** Several protein families contain death domain motifs (Feinstein and Kimchi, *TIBS Letters* (1995) 20:242). Some death domain containing proteins are implicated in cytotoxic intracellular signaling (Cleveland *et al.*, *Cell* (1995) 81:479, Pan *et al.*, *Science* (1997) 276:111; Duan *et al.*, *Nature* (1997) 385:86-89, and Chinnaiyan *et al.*, *Science* (1996) 274:990). U.S. Patent No. 5,563,039 describes a protein homologous to TRADD (Tumor Necrosis Factor Receptor-1 Associated Death Domain containing protein), and modifications of the active domain of TRADD that retain the functional characteristics of the protein, as well as apoptosis assays for testing the function of such death domain containing proteins. U.S. Patent No. 5,658,883 discloses biologically active TGF-B1 peptides. U.S. Patent No. 5,674,734 discloses RIP, which contains a C-terminal death domain and an N-terminal kinase domain.

Leukemia Inhibitory Factor (LIF). An LIF profile is constructed from sequences of leukemia inhibitor factor, CT-1 (cardiotrophin-1), CNTF (ciliary neurotrophic factor), OSM (oncostatin M), and IL-6 (interleukin-6). This profile encompasses a family of secreted cytokines that have pleiotropic effects on many cell types including hepatocytes, osteoclasts, neuronal cells and cardiac myocytes, and can be used to detect additional genes encoding such proteins. These molecules are all structurally related and share a common co-receptor gp130 which mediates intracellular signal transduction by cytoplasmic tyrosine kinases such as src.

Novel proteins related to this family are also likely to be secreted, to activate gp130 and to function in the development of a variety of cell types. Thus new members of this family would be candidates to be developed as growth or survival factors for the cell types that they stimulate. For more details on this family of cytokines, see Pennica *et al.*, *Cytokine and Growth Factor Reviews* (1996) 7:81-91. U.S. Patent No. 5,420,247 discloses LIF receptor and fusion proteins. U.S. Patent No. 5,443,825 discloses human LIF.

Angiopoietin. Angiopoietin-1 is a secreted ligand of the TIE-2 tyrosine kinase; it functions as an angiogenic factor critical for normal vascular development. Angiopoietin-2 is a natural antagonist of angiopoietin-1 and thus functions as an anti-angiogenic factor. These two proteins are structurally similar and activate the same receptor (Folkman *et al.*, *Cell* (1996) 87:1153, and Davis *et al.*, *Cell* (1996) 87:1161). The angiopoietin molecules are composed of two domains: a coiled-coil region and a region related to fibrinogen. The fibrinogen domain is found in many molecules including ficolin and tesascin, and is well defined structurally with many members.

Receptor Protein-Tyrosine Kinases. Receptor Protein-Tyrosine Kinases or RPTKs are described in Lindberg, *Annu. Rev. Cell Biol.* (1994) 10:251-337.

Growth Factors: (Epidermal Growth Factor) EGF and (Fibroblast Growth Factor) FGF. For a discussion of growth factor superfamilies, see *Growth Factors: A Practical Approach*, (Appendix A1) (1993) McKay and Leigh, Oxford University Press, NY, 237-243. U.S. Patent No. 4,444,760 discloses acidic brain fibroblast growth factor, which is active in the promotion of cell division and wound healing. U.S. Patent No. 5,439,818 discloses DNA encoding human recombinant basic fibroblast growth factor, which is active in wound healing. U.S. Patent No. 5,604,293 discloses recombinant human basic fibroblast growth

factor, which is useful for wound healing. U.S. Patent No. 5,410,832 discloses brain-derived and recombinant acidic fibroblast growth factor, which act as mitogens for mesoderm and neuroectoderm-derived cells in culture, and promote wound healing in soft tissue, cartilaginous tissue and musculo-skeletal tissue. U.S. Patent No. 5,387,673 discloses

5 biologically active fragments of FGF.

Proteins of the TNF Family. A profile derived from the TNF family is created by aligning sequences of the following TNF family members: nerve growth factor (NGF), lymphotoxin, Fas ligand, tumor necrosis factor (TNF α), CD40 ligand, TRAIL, ox40 ligand, 4-1BB ligand, CD27 ligand, and CD30 ligand. The profile is designed to identify sequences

10 of proteins that constitute new members or homologues of this family of proteins. U.S. Patent No. 5,606,023 discloses mutant TNF proteins; U.S. Patent No. 5,597,899 and U.S. Patent No. 5,486,463 disclose TNF muteins; and U.S. Patent No. 5,652,353 discloses DNA encoding TNF α muteins.

Members of the TNF family of proteins have been shown in vitro to multimerize, as

15 described in Burrows *et al.*, *Biochem.* (1994) 33:12741 and Zhang *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1995) 15:4851 and bind receptors as described in Browning *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1994) 147:1230, Androlewicz *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1992) 267:2542, and Crowe *et al.*, *Science* (1994) 264:707.

In vivo, TNFs proteolytically cleave a target protein as described in Kriegel *et al.*,

20 *Cell* (1988) 53:45 and Mohler *et al.*, *Nature* (1994) 370:218 and demonstrate cell proliferation and differentiation activity. T-cell or thymocyte proliferation is assayed as described in Armitage *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1992) 22:447; Current Protocols in Immunology, ed. J.E. Coligan *et al.*, 3.1-3.19; Takai *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1986) 137:3494-3500, Bertagnoli *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1990) 145:1706, Bertagnoli *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1991)

25 133:327, Bertagnoli *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1992) 149:3778, and Bowman *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1994) 152:1756. B cell proliferation and Ig secretion are assayed as described in Maliszewski, *J. Immunol.* (1990) 144:3028, and Assays for B Cell Function: In Vitro Antibody Production, Mond and Brunswick, Current Protocols in Immunol., Coligan Ed vol 1 pp 3.8.1-3.8.16, John Wiley and Sons, Toronto 1994, Kehrl *et al.*, *Science* (1987) 238:1144

30 and Boussiotis *et al.*, *PNAS USA* (1994) 91:7007. Other in vivo activities include upregulation of cell surface antigens, upregulation of costimulatory molecules, and cellular

aggregation/adhesion as described in Barrett *et al.*, *J. Immunol.* (1991) 146:1722; Bjorck *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1993) 23:1771; Clark *et al.*, *Annu Rev. Immunol.* (1991) 9:97; Ranheim *et al.*, *J. Exp. Med.* (1994) 177:925; Yellin, *J. Immunol.* (1994) 153:666; and Gruss *et al.*, *Blood* (1994) 84:2305.

- 5 Proliferation and differentiation of hematopoietic and lymphopoietic cells has also been shown in vivo for TNFs, using assays for embryonic differentiation and hematopoiesis as described in Johansson *et al.*, *Cellular Biology* (1995) 15:141, Keller *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1993) 13:473, McClanahan *et al.*, *Blood* (1993) 81:2903 and using assays to detect stem cell survival and differentiation as described in Culture of Hematopoietic Cells, Freshney *et al.* eds, pp 1-21, 23-29, 139-162, 163-179, and 265-268, Wiley-Liss, Inc., New York, NY, 1994, and Hirajama *et al.*, *PNAS USA* (1992) 89:5907.

- In vivo activities of TNFs also include lymphocyte survival and apoptosis, assayed as described in Darzynkewicz *et al.*, *Cytometry* (1992) 13:795; Gorczca *et al.*, *Leukemia* (1993) 7:659; Itoh *et al.*, *Cell* (1991) 66:233; Zacharduk, *J. Immunol.* (1990) 145:4037; Zamai *et al.*, *Cytometry* (1993) 14:891; and Gorczyca *et al.*, *Int'l J. Oncol.* (1992) 1:639. Some members of the TNF family are cleaved from the cell surface; others remain membrane bound. The three-dimensional structure of TNF is discussed in Sprang and Eck, Tumor Necrosis Factors; *supra*.

- TNF proteins include a transmembrane domain. The protein is cleaved into a shorter soluble version, as described in Kriegler *et al.*, *Cell* (1988) 53:45, Perez *et al.*, *Cell* (1990) 63:251, and Shaw *et al.*, *Cell* (1986) 46:659. The transmembrane domain is between amino acid 46 and 77 and the cytoplasmic domain is between position 1 and 45 on the human form of TNF α . The 3-dimensional motifs of TNF include a sandwich of two pleated β sheets. Each sheet is composed of anti-parallel β strands. β strands facing each other on opposite sites of the sandwich are connected by short polypeptide loops, as described in Van Ostade *et al.*, *Protein Engineering* (1994) 7(1):5, and Sprang *et al.*, Tumor Necrosis Factors; *supra*. Residues of the TNF family proteins that are involved in the β sheet secondary structure have been identified as described in Van Ostade *et al.*, *Protein Eng.* (1994) 7(1):5, and Sprang *et al.*, *supra*.

- 30 TNF receptors are disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,395,760. A profile derived from the TNF receptor family is created by aligning sequences of the TNF receptor family, including

Apo1/Fas, TNFR I and II, death receptor 3 (DR3), CD40, ox40, CD27, and CD30. Thus, the profile is designed to identify from the polynucleotides of the invention sequences of proteins that constitute new members or homologues of this family of proteins.

Tumor necrosis factor receptors exist in two forms in humans: p55 TNFR and p75 TNFR, both of which provide intracellular signals upon binding with a ligand. The extracellular domains of these receptor proteins are cysteine rich. The receptors can remain membrane bound, although some forms of the receptors are cleaved forming soluble receptors. The regulation, diagnostic, prognostic, and therapeutic value of soluble TNF receptors is discussed in Aderka, *Cytokine and Growth Factor Reviews*, (1996) 7(3):231.

PDGF Family. U.S. Patent No. 5,326,695 discloses platelet derived growth factor agonists; bioactive portions of PDGF-B are used as agonists. U.S. Patent No. 4,845,075 discloses biologically active B-chain homodimers, and also includes variants and derivatives of the PDGF-B chain. U.S. Patent No. 5,128,321 discloses PDGF analogs and methods of use. Proteins having the same bioactivity as PDGF are disclosed, including A and B chain proteins.

Kinase (Including MKK) Family. U.S. Patent No. 5,650,501 discloses serine/threonine kinase, associated with mitotic and meiotic cell division; the protein has a kinase domain in its N-terminal and 3 PEST regions in the C-terminus. U.S. Patent No. 5,605,825 discloses human PAK65, a serine protein kinase.

The foregoing discussion provides a few examples of the protein profiles that can be compared with the polynucleotides of the invention. One skilled in the art can use these and other protein profiles to identify the genes that correlate with the provided polynucleotides.

C. Identification of Secreted & Membrane-Bound Polypeptides

Both secreted and membrane-bound polypeptides of the present invention are of particular interest. For example, levels of secreted polypeptides can be assayed in body fluids that are convenient, such as blood, urine, prostatic fluid and semen. Membrane-bound polypeptides are useful for constructing vaccine antigens or inducing an immune response. Such antigens would comprise all or part of the extracellular region of the membrane-bound polypeptides. Because both secreted and membrane-bound polypeptides comprise a fragment of contiguous hydrophobic amino acids, hydrophobicity predicting algorithms can be used to identify such polypeptides.

A signal sequence is usually encoded by both secreted and membrane-bound polypeptide genes to direct a polypeptide to the surface of the cell. The signal sequence usually comprises a stretch of hydrophobic residues. Such signal sequences can fold into helical structures. Membrane-bound polypeptides typically comprise at least one transmembrane region that possesses a stretch of hydrophobic amino acids that can transverse the membrane. Some transmembrane regions also exhibit a helical structure. Hydrophobic fragments within a polypeptide can be identified by using computer algorithms. Such algorithms include Hopp & Woods, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1981) 78:3824-3828; Kyte & Doolittle, *J. Mol. Biol.* (1982) 157: 105-132; and RAOAR algorithm, Degli Esposti *et al.*, *Eur. J. Biochem.* (1990) 190: 207-219.

Another method of identifying secreted and membrane-bound polypeptides is to translate the polynucleotides of the invention in all six frames and determine if at least 8 contiguous hydrophobic amino acids are present. Those translated polypeptides with at least 8; more typically, 10; even more typically, 12 contiguous hydrophobic amino acids are considered to be either a putative secreted or membrane bound polypeptide. Hydrophobic amino acids include alanine, glycine, histidine, isoleucine, leucine, lysine, methionine, phenylalanine, proline, threonine, tryptophan, tyrosine, and valine.

IV. Identification of the Function of an Expression Product of a Full-Length Gene Corresponding to a Polynucleotide

Ribozymes, antisense constructs, and dominant negative mutants can be used to determine function of the expression product of a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide provided herein. These methods and compositions are particularly useful where the provided novel polynucleotide exhibits no significant or substantial homology to a sequence encoding a gene of known function. Antisense molecules and ribozymes can be constructed from synthetic polynucleotides. Typically, the phosphoramidite method of oligonucleotide synthesis is used. See Beaucage *et al.*, *Tet. Lett.* (1981) 22:1859 and U.S. Patent No. 4,668,777. Automated devices for synthesis are available to create oligonucleotides using this chemistry. Examples of such devices include Biosearch 8600, Models 392 and 394 by Applied Biosystems, a division of Perkin-Elmer Corp., Foster City, California, USA; and Expedite by Perceptive Biosystems, Framingham, Massachusetts, USA. Synthetic RNA,

phosphate analog oligonucleotides, and chemically derivatized oligonucleotides can also be produced, and can be covalently attached to other molecules. RNA oligonucleotides can be synthesized, for example, using RNA phosphoramidites. This method can be performed on an automated synthesizer, such as Applied Biosystems, Models 392 and 394, Foster City,
5 California, USA. See Applied Biosystems User Bulletin 53 and Ogilvie *et al.*, *Pure & Applied Chem.* (1987) 59:325.

Phosphorothioate oligonucleotides can also be synthesized for antisense construction. A sulfurizing reagent, such as tetraethylthiuram disulfide (TETD) in acetonitrile can be used to convert the internucleotide cyanoethyl phosphite to the phosphorothioate triester within 15
10 minutes at room temperature. TETD replaces the iodine reagent, while all other reagents used for standard phosphoramidite chemistry remain the same. Such a synthesis method can be automated using Models 392 and 394 by Applied Biosystems, for example.

Oligonucleotides of up to 200 nucleotides can be synthesized, more typically, 100 nucleotides, more typically 50 nucleotides; even more typically 30 to 40 nucleotides. These
15 synthetic fragments can be annealed and ligated together to construct larger fragments. See, for example, Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*.

A. Ribozymes

Trans-cleaving catalytic RNAs (ribozymes) are RNA molecules possessing endoribonuclease activity. Ribozymes are specifically designed for a particular target, and
20 the target message must contain a specific nucleotide sequence. They are engineered to cleave any RNA species site-specifically in the background of cellular RNA. The cleavage event renders the mRNA unstable and prevents protein expression. Importantly, ribozymes can be used to inhibit expression of a gene of unknown function for the purpose of determining its function in an in vitro or in vivo context, by detecting the phenotypic effect.

25 One commonly used ribozyme motif is the hammerhead, for which the substrate sequence requirements are minimal. Design of the hammerhead ribozyme is disclosed in Usman *et al.*, *Current Opin. Struct. Biol.* (1996) 6:527. Usman also discusses the therapeutic uses of ribozymes. Ribozymes can also be prepared and used as described in Long *et al.*, *FASEB J.* (1993) 7:25; Symons, *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* (1992) 61:641; Perrotta *et al.*, *Biochem.* (1992) 31:16; Ojwang *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1992) 89:10802;
30 and U.S. Patent No. 5,254,678. Ribozyme cleavage of HIV-I RNA is described in U.S.

Patent No. 5,144,019; methods of cleaving RNA using ribozymes is described in U.S.

Patent No. 5,116,742; and methods for increasing the specificity of ribozymes are described in U.S. Patent No. 5,225,337 and Koizumi *et al.*, *Nucleic Acid Res.* (1989) 17:7059.

Preparation and use of ribozyme fragments in a hammerhead structure are also described by

- 5 Koizumi *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res.* (1989) 17:7059. Preparation and use of ribozyme fragments in a hairpin structure are described by Chowrira and Burke, *Nucleic Acids Res.* (1992) 20:2835. Ribozymes can also be made by rolling transcription as described in Daubendiek and Kool, *Nat. Biotechnol.* (1997) 15(3):273.

- The hybridizing region of the ribozyme can be modified or can be prepared as a
10 branched structure as described in Horn and Urdea, *Nucleic Acids Res.* (1989) 17:6959. The basic structure of the ribozymes can also be chemically altered in ways familiar to those skilled in the art, and chemically synthesized ribozymes can be administered as synthetic oligonucleotide derivatives modified by monomeric units. In a therapeutic context, liposome mediated delivery of ribozymes improves cellular uptake, as described in Birikh *et al.*, *Eur.*
15 *J. Biochem.* (1997) 245:1.

- Using the polynucleotide sequences of the invention and methods known in the art, ribozymes are designed to specifically bind and cut the corresponding mRNA species. Ribozymes thus provide a means to inhibit the expression of any of the proteins encoded by the disclosed polynucleotides or their full-length genes. The full-length gene need not be
20 known in order to design and use specific inhibitory ribozymes. In the case of a polynucleotide or full-length cDNA of unknown function, ribozymes corresponding to that nucleotide sequence can be tested in vitro for efficacy in cleaving the target transcript. Those ribozymes that effect cleavage in vitro are further tested in vivo. The ribozyme can also be used to generate an animal model for a disease, as described in Birikh *et al.*, *supra*.
25 An effective ribozyme is used to determine the function of the gene of interest by blocking its transcription and detecting a change in the cell. Where the gene is found to be a mediator in a disease, an effective ribozyme is designed and delivered in a gene therapy for blocking transcription and expression of the gene.

- Therapeutic and functional genomic applications of ribozymes proceed beginning
30 with knowledge of a portion of the coding sequence of the gene to be inhibited. Thus, for many genes, a partial polynucleotide sequence provides adequate sequence for constructing

an effective ribozyme. A target cleavage site is selected in the target sequence, and a ribozyme is constructed based on the 5' and 3' nucleotide sequences that flank the cleavage site. Retroviral vectors are engineered to express monomeric and multimeric hammerhead ribozymes targeting the mRNA of the target coding sequence. These monomeric and multimeric ribozymes are tested in vitro for an ability to cleave the target mRNA. A cell line is stably transduced with the retroviral vectors expressing the ribozymes, and the transduction is confirmed by Northern blot analysis and reverse-transcription polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR). The cells are screened for inactivation of the target mRNA by such indicators as reduction of expression of disease markers or reduction of the gene product of the target mRNA.

B. Antisense

Antisense nucleic acids are designed to specifically bind to RNA, resulting in the formation of RNA-DNA or RNA-RNA hybrids, with an arrest of DNA replication, reverse transcription or messenger RNA translation. Antisense polynucleotides based on a selected polynucleotide sequence can interfere with expression of the corresponding gene. Antisense polynucleotides are typically generated within the cell by expression from antisense constructs that contain the antisense strand as the transcribed strand. Antisense polynucleotides based on the disclosed polynucleotides will bind and/or interfere with the translation of mRNA comprising a sequence complementary to the antisense polynucleotide. The expression products of control cells and cells treated with the antisense construct are compared to detect the protein product of the gene corresponding to the polynucleotide upon which the antisense construct is based. The protein is isolated and identified using routine biochemical methods.

One rationale for using antisense methods to determine the function of the gene corresponding to a disclosed polynucleotide is the biological activity of antisense therapeutics. Antisense therapy for a variety of cancers is in clinical phase and has been discussed extensively in the literature. Reed reviewed antisense therapy directed at the Bcl-2 gene in tumors; gene transfer-mediated overexpression of Bcl-2 in tumor cell lines conferred resistance to many types of cancer drugs. (Reed, J.C., *N.C.I.* (1997) 89:988). The potential for clinical development of antisense inhibitors of *ras* is discussed by Cowser, L.M., *Anti-Cancer Drug Design* (1997) 12:359. Additional important antisense targets include

leukemia (Geurtz, A.M., *Anti-Cancer Drug Design* (1997) 12:341); human C-ref kinase (Monia, B.P., *Anti-Cancer Drug Design* (1997) 12:327); and protein kinase C (McGraw *et al.*, *Anti-Cancer Drug Design* (1997) 12:315).

Given the extensive background literature and clinical experience in antisense
5 therapy, one skilled in the art can use selected polynucleotides of the invention as additional potential therapeutics. The choice of polynucleotide can be narrowed by first testing them for binding to "hot spot" regions of the genome of cancerous cells. If a polynucleotide is identified as binding to a "hot spot", testing the polynucleotide as an antisense compound in the corresponding cancer cells clearly is warranted.

10 Ogunbiyi *et al.*, *Gastroenterology* (1997) 113(3):761 describe prognostic use of allelic loss in colon cancer; Barks *et al.*, *Genes, Chromosomes, and Cancer* (1997) 19(4):278 describe increased chromosome copy number detected by FISH in malignant melanoma; Nishizake *et al.*, *Genes, Chromosomes, and Cancer* (1997) 19(4):267 describe genetic
15 alterations in primary breast cancer and their metastases and direct comparison using modified comparative genome hybridization; and Elo *et al.*, *Cancer Research* (1997) 57(16):3356 disclose that loss of heterozygosity at 16z24.1-q24.2 is significantly associated with metastatic and aggressive behavior of prostate cancer.

C. Dominant Negative Mutations

As an alternative method for identifying function of the gene corresponding to a
20 polynucleotide disclosed herein, dominant negative mutations are readily generated for corresponding proteins that are active as homomultimers. A mutant polypeptide will interact with wild-type polypeptides (made from the other allele) and form a non-functional multimer. Thus, a mutation is in a substrate-binding domain, a catalytic domain, or a cellular localization domain. Preferably, the mutant polypeptide will be overproduced.
25 Point mutations are made that have such an effect. In addition, fusion of different polypeptides of various lengths to the terminus of a protein can yield dominant negative mutants. General strategies are available for making dominant negative mutants (see, *e.g.*, Herskowitz, *Nature* (1987) 329:219). Such techniques can be used to create loss of function mutations, which are useful for determining protein function.

30

V. Construction of Polypeptides of the Invention and Variants Thereof

The polypeptides of the invention include those encoded by the disclosed polynucleotides. These polypeptides can also be encoded by nucleic acids that, by virtue of the degeneracy of the genetic code, are not identical in sequence to the disclosed polynucleotides. Thus, the invention includes within its scope a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having the sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844 or a variant thereof.

In general, the term "polypeptide" as used herein refers to both the full length polypeptide encoded by the recited polynucleotide, the polypeptide encoded by the gene represented by the recited polynucleotide, as well as portions or fragments thereof.

"Polypeptides" also includes variants of the naturally occurring proteins, where such variants are homologous or substantially similar to the naturally occurring protein, and can be of an origin of the same or different species as the naturally occurring protein (*e.g.*, human, murine, or some other species that naturally expresses the recited polypeptide, usually a mammalian species). In general, variant polypeptides have a sequence that has at least about 80%, usually at least about 90%, and more usually at least about 98% sequence identity with a differentially expressed polypeptide of the invention, as measured by BLAST using the parameters described above. The variant polypeptides can be naturally or non-naturally glycosylated, *i.e.*, the polypeptide has a glycosylation pattern that differs from the glycosylation pattern found in the corresponding naturally occurring protein.

The invention also encompasses homologs of the disclosed polypeptides (or fragments thereof) where the homologs are isolated from other species, *i.e.* other animal or plant species, where such homologs, usually mammalian species, *e.g.* rodents, such as mice, rats; domestic animals, *e.g.*, horse, cow, dog, cat; and humans. By homolog is meant a polypeptide having at least about 35%, usually at least about 40% and more usually at least about 60% amino acid sequence identity a particular differentially expressed protein as identified above, where sequence identity is determined using the BLAST algorithm, with the parameters described *supra*.

In general, the polypeptides of the subject invention are provided in a non-naturally occurring environment, *e.g.* are separated from their naturally occurring environment. In certain embodiments, the subject protein is present in a composition that is enriched for the protein as compared to a control. As such, purified polypeptide is provided, where by

purified is meant that the protein is present in a composition that is substantially free of non-differentially expressed polypeptides, where by substantially free is meant that less than 90%, usually less than 60% and more usually less than 50% of the composition is made up of non-differentially expressed polypeptides.

5 Also within the scope of the invention are variants; variants of polypeptides include mutants, fragments, and fusions. Mutants can include amino acid substitutions, additions or deletions. The amino acid substitutions can be conservative amino acid substitutions or substitutions to eliminate non-essential amino acids, such as to alter a glycosylation site, a phosphorylation site or an acetylation site, or to minimize misfolding by substitution or
10 deletion of one or more cysteine residues that are not necessary for function. Conservative amino acid substitutions are those that preserve the general charge, hydrophobicity/hydrophilicity, and/or steric bulk of the amino acid substituted. For example, substitutions between the following groups are conservative: Gly/Ala, Val/Ile/Leu, Asp/Glu, Lys/Arg, Asn/Gln, Ser/Cys, Thr, and Phe/Trp/Tyr.

15 Variants can be designed so as to retain biological activity of a particular region of the protein (*e.g.*, a functional domain and/or, where the polypeptide is a member of a protein family, a region associated with a consensus sequence). In a non-limiting example, Osawa *et al.*, *Biochem. Mol. Int.* (1994) 34:1003, discusses the actin binding region of a protein from several different species. The actin binding regions of the these species are considered
20 homologous based on the fact that they have amino acids that fall within "homologous residue groups." Homologous residues are judged according to the following groups (using single letter amino acid designations): STAG; ILVMF; HRK; DEQN; and FYW. For example, and S, a T, an A or a G can be in a position and the function (in this case actin binding) is retained.

25 Additional guidance on amino acid substitution is available from studies of protein evolution. Go *et al.*, *Int. J. Peptide Protein Res.* (1980) 15:211, classified amino acid residue sites as interior or exterior depending on their accessibility. More frequent substitution on exterior sites was confirmed to be general in eight sets of homologous protein families regardless of their biological functions and the presence or absence of a prosthetic group.
30 Virtually all types of amino acid residues had higher mutabilities on the exterior than in the interior. No correlation between mutability and polarity was observed of amino acid

residues in the interior and exterior, respectively. Amino acid residues were classified into one of three groups depending on their polarity: polar (Arg, Lys, His, Gln, Asn, Asp, and Glu); weak polar (Ala, Pro, Gly, Thr, and Ser), and nonpolar (Cys, Val, Met, Ile, Leu, Phe, Tyr, and Trp). Amino acid replacements during protein evolution were very conservative: 88% and 76% of them in the interior or exterior, respectively, were within the same group of the three. Inter-group replacements are such that weak polar residues are replaced more often by nonpolar residues in the interior and more often by polar residues on the exterior.

Additional guidance for production of polypeptide variants is provided in Querol *et al.*, *Prot. Eng.* (1996) 9:265, which provides general rules for amino acid substitutions to enhance protein thermostability. New glycosylation sites can be introduced as discussed in Olsen and Thomsen, *J. Gen. Microbiol.* (1991) 137:579. An additional disulfide bridge can be introduced, as discussed by Perry and Wetzel, *Science* (1984) 226:555; Pantoliano *et al.*, *Biochemistry* (1987) 26:2077; Matsumura *et al.*, *Nature* (1989) 342:291; Nishikawa *et al.*, *Protein Eng.* (1990) 3:443; Takagi *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1990) 265:6874; Clarke *et al.*, *Biochemistry* (1993) 32:4322; and Wakarchuk *et al.*, *Protein Eng.* (1994) 7:1379. Metal binding sites can be introduced, according to Toma *et al.*, *Biochemistry* (1991) 30:97, and Haezebrouck *et al.*, *Protein Eng.* (1993) 6:643. Substitutions with prolines in loops can be made according to Masul *et al.*, *Appl. Env. Microbiol.* (1994) 60:3579; and Hardy *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* 317:89.

Cysteine-depleted muteins are considered variants within the scope of the invention. These variants can be constructed according to methods disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 4,959,314, which discloses substitution of cysteines with other amino acids, and methods for assaying biological activity and effect of the substitution. Such methods are suitable for proteins according to this invention that have cysteine residues suitable for such substitutions, for example to eliminate disulfide bond formation.

Variants also include fragments of the polypeptides disclosed herein, particularly biologically active fragments and/or fragments corresponding to functional domains. Fragments of interest will typically be at least about 10 aa to at least about 15 aa in length, usually at least about 50 aa in length, and can be as long as 300 aa in length or longer, but will usually not exceed about 1000 aa in length, where the fragment will have a stretch of

amino acids that is identical to a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide having a sequence of any SEQ ID NOS:1-844, or a homolog thereof.

The protein variants described herein are encoded by polynucleotides that are within the scope of the invention. The genetic code can be used to select the appropriate codons to
5 construct the corresponding variants.

VI. Computer-Related Embodiments

In general, a library of polynucleotides is a collection of sequence information, which information is provided in either biochemical form (*e.g.*, as a collection of polynucleotide
10 molecules), or in electronic form (*e.g.*, as a collection of polynucleotide sequences stored in a computer-readable form, as in a computer system and/or as part of a computer program). The sequence information of the polynucleotides can be used in a variety of ways, *e.g.*, as a resource for gene discovery, as a representation of sequences expressed in a selected cell type (*e.g.*, cell type markers), and/or as markers of a given disease or disease state. In
15 general, a disease marker is a representation of a gene product that is present in all affected by disease either at an increased or decreased level relative to a normal cell (*e.g.*, a cell of the same or similar type that is not substantially affected by disease). For example, a polynucleotide sequence in a library can be a polynucleotide that represents an mRNA, polypeptide, or other gene product encoded by the polynucleotide, that is either
20 overexpressed or underexpressed in a breast ductal cell affected by cancer relative to a normal (*i.e.*, substantially disease-free) breast cell.

The nucleotide sequence information of the library can be embodied in any suitable form, *e.g.*, electronic or biochemical forms. For example, a library of sequence information embodied in electronic form includes an accessible computer data file (or, in biochemical
25 form, a collection of nucleic acid molecules) that contains the representative nucleotide sequences of genes that are differentially expressed (*e.g.*, overexpressed or underexpressed) as between, for example, i) a cancerous cell and a normal cell; ii) a cancerous cell and a dysplastic cell; iii) a cancerous cell and a cell affected by a disease or condition other than cancer; iv) a metastatic cancerous cell and a normal cell and/or non-metastatic cancerous
30 cell; v) a malignant cancerous cell and a non-malignant cancerous cell (or a normal cell) and/or vi) a dysplastic cell relative to a normal cell. Other combinations and comparisons of

cells affected by various diseases or stages of disease will be readily apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan. Biochemical embodiments of the library include a collection of nucleic acids that have the sequences of the genes in the library, where the nucleic acids can correspond to the entire gene in the library or to a fragment thereof, as described in greater
5 detail below.

The polynucleotide libraries of the subject invention include sequence information of a plurality of polynucleotide sequences, where at least one of the polynucleotides has a sequence of any of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. By plurality is meant at least 2, usually at least 3 and can include up to all of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. The length and number of polynucleotides
10 in the library will vary with the nature of the library, *e.g.*, if the library is an oligonucleotide array, a cDNA array, a computer database of the sequence information, etc.

Where the library is an electronic library, the nucleic acid sequence information can be present in a variety of media. "Media" refers to a manufacture, other than an isolated nucleic acid molecule, that contains the sequence information of the present invention. Such
15 a manufacture provides the genome sequence or a subset thereof in a form that can be examined by means not directly applicable to the sequence as it exists in a nucleic acid. For example, the nucleotide sequence of the present invention, *e.g.* the nucleic acid sequences of any of the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS:1-844, can be recorded on computer readable media, *e.g.* any medium that can be read and accessed directly by a computer. Such media
20 include, but are not limited to: magnetic storage media, such as a floppy disc, a hard disc storage medium, and a magnetic tape; optical storage media such as CD-ROM; electrical storage media such as RAM and ROM; and hybrids of these categories such as magnetic/optical storage media. One of skill in the art can readily appreciate how any of the presently known computer readable mediums can be used to create a manufacture
25 comprising a recording of the present sequence information. "Recorded" refers to a process for storing information on computer readable medium, using any such methods as known in the art. Any convenient data storage structure can be chosen, based on the means used to access the stored information. A variety of data processor programs and formats can be used for storage, *e.g.* word processing text file, database format, *etc.* In addition to the sequence
30 information, electronic versions of the libraries of the invention can be provided in conjunction or connection with other computer-readable information and/or other types of

computer-readable files (*e.g.*, searchable files, executable files, *etc.*, including, but not limited to, for example, search program software, *etc.*).

By providing the nucleotide sequence in computer readable form, the information can be accessed for a variety of purposes. Computer software to access sequence information is publicly available. For example, the BLAST (Altschul *et al.*, *supra.*) and BLAZE (Brutlag *et al. Comp. Chem.* (1993) 17:203) search algorithms on a Sybase system can be used to identify open reading frames (ORFs) within the genome that contain homology to ORFs from other organisms.

As used herein, "a computer-based system" refers to the hardware means, software means, and data storage means used to analyze the nucleotide sequence information of the present invention. The minimum hardware of the computer-based systems of the present invention comprises a central processing unit (CPU), input means, output means, and data storage means. A skilled artisan can readily appreciate that any one of the currently available computer-based system are suitable for use in the present invention. The data storage means can comprise any manufacture comprising a recording of the present sequence information as described above, or a memory access means that can access such a manufacture.

"Search means" refers to one or more programs implemented on the computer-based system, to compare a target sequence or target structural motif with the stored sequence information. Search means are used to identify fragments or regions of the genome that match a particular target sequence or target motif. A variety of known algorithms are publicly known and commercially available, *e.g.* MacPattern (EMBL), BLASTN and BLASTX (NCBI). A "target sequence" can be any DNA or amino acid sequence of six or more nucleotides or two or more amino acids, preferably from about 10 to 100 amino acids or from about 30 to 300 nucleotide residues.

A "target structural motif," or "target motif," refers to any rationally selected sequence or combination of sequences in which the sequence(s) are chosen based on a three-dimensional configuration that is formed upon the folding of the target motif, or on consensus sequences of regulatory or active sites. There are a variety of target motifs known in the art. Protein target motifs include, but are not limited to, enzyme active sites and signal sequences. Nucleic acid target motifs include, but are not limited to, hairpin structures,

promoter sequences and other expression elements such as binding sites for transcription factors.

A variety of structural formats for the input and output means can be used to input and output the information in the computer-based systems of the present invention. One
5 format for an output means ranks fragments of the genome possessing varying degrees of homology to a target sequence or target motif. Such presentation provides a skilled artisan with a ranking of sequences and identifies the degree of sequence similarity contained in the identified fragment.

A variety of comparing means can be used to compare a target sequence or target
10 motif with the data storage means to identify sequence fragments of the genome. A skilled artisan can readily recognize that any one of the publicly available homology search programs can be used as the search means for the computer based systems of the present invention.

As discussed above, the "library" of the invention also encompasses biochemical
15 libraries of the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS:1-844, *e.g.*, collections of nucleic acids representing the provided polynucleotides. The biochemical libraries can take a variety of forms, *e.g.*, a solution of cDNAs, a pattern of probe nucleic acids stably associated with a surface of a solid support (*i.e.*, an array) and the like. Of particular interest are nucleic acid arrays in which one or more of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 is represented on the array. By array is
20 meant a an article of manufacture that has at least a substrate with at least two distinct nucleic acid targets on one of its surfaces, where the number of distinct nucleic acids can be considerably higher, typically being at least 10 nt, usually at least 20 nt and often at least 25 nt. A variety of different array formats have been developed and are known to those of skill in the art, including those described in 5,242,974; 5,384,261; 5,405,783; 5,412,087;
25 5,424,186; 5,429,807; 5,436,327; 5,445,934; 5,472,672; 5,527,681; 5,529,756; 5,545,531; 5,554,501; 5,556,752; 5,561,071; 5,599,895; 5,624,711; 5,639,603; 5,658,734; WO 93/17126; WO 95/11995; WO 95/35505; EP 742287; and EP 799897. The arrays of the subject invention find use in a variety of applications, including gene expression analysis, drug screening, mutation analysis and the like, as disclosed in the above-listed exemplary
30 patent documents.

In addition to the above nucleic acid libraries, analogous libraries of polypeptides are also provided, where the where the polypeptides of the library will represent at least a portion of the polypeptides encoded by SEQ ID NOS:1-844.

5 VII. Utilities

A. Use of Polynucleotide Probes in Mapping, and in Tissue Profiling

Polynucleotide probes, generally comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides of a polynucleotide as shown in the Sequence Listing, are used for a variety of purposes, such as chromosome mapping of the polynucleotide and detection of transcription levels. Additional
10 disclosure about preferred regions of the disclosed polynucleotide sequences is found in the Examples. A probe that hybridizes specifically to a polynucleotide disclosed herein should provide a detection signal at least 5-, 10-, or 20-fold higher than the background hybridization provided with other unrelated sequences.

Probes in Detection of Expression Levels. Nucleotide probes are used to detect
15 expression of a gene corresponding to the provided polynucleotide. The references describe an example of a sandwich nucleotide hybridization assay. For example, in Northern blots, mRNA is separated electrophoretically and contacted with a probe. A probe is detected as hybridizing to an mRNA species of a particular size. The amount of hybridization is quantitated to determine relative amounts of expression, for example under a particular
20 condition. Probes are also used to detect products of amplification by polymerase chain reaction. The products of the reaction are hybridized to the probe and hybrids are detected. Probes are used for in situ hybridization to cells to detect expression. Probes can also be used *in vivo* for diagnostic detection of hybridizing sequences. Probes are typically labeled with a radioactive isotope. Other types of detectable labels can be used such as
25 chromophores, fluors, and enzymes. Other examples of nucleotide hybridization assays are described in WO92/02526 and U.S. Patent No. 5,124,246.

Alternatively, the Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is another means for detecting small amounts of target nucleic acids (see, *e.g.*, Mullis *et al.*, *Meth. Enzymol.* (1987) 155:335; U.S. Patent No. 4,683,195; and U.S. Patent No. 4,683,202). Two primer
30 polynucleotides nucleotides hybridize with the target nucleic acids and are used to prime the reaction. The primers can be composed of sequence within or 3' and 5' to the polynucleotides of the Sequence Listing. Alternatively, if the primers are 3' and 5' to these

polynucleotides, they need not hybridize to them or the complements. A thermostable polymerase creates copies of target nucleic acids from the primers using the original target nucleic acids as a template. After a large amount of target nucleic acids is generated by the polymerase, it is detected by methods such as Southern blots. When using the Southern blot method, the labeled probe will hybridize to a polynucleotide of the Sequence Listing or complement.

Furthermore, mRNA or cDNA can be detected by traditional blotting techniques described in Sambrook *et al.*, "Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual" (New York, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1989). mRNA or cDNA generated from mRNA using a polymerase enzyme can be purified and separated using gel electrophoresis. The nucleic acids on the gel are then blotted onto a solid support, such as nitrocellulose. The solid support is exposed to a labeled probe and then washed to remove any unhybridized probe. Next, the duplexes containing the labeled probe are detected. Typically, the probe is labeled with radioactivity.

Mapping. Polynucleotides of the present invention are used to identify a chromosome on which the corresponding gene resides. Such mapping can be useful in identifying the function of the polynucleotide-related gene by its proximity to other genes with known function. Function can also be assigned to the polynucleotide-related gene when particular syndromes or diseases map to the same chromosome. For example, use of polynucleotide probes in identification and quantification of nucleic acid sequence aberrations is described in U.S. Patent No. 5,783,387.

For example, fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) on normal metaphase spreads facilitates comparative genomic hybridization to allow total genome assessment of changes in relative copy number of DNA sequences. See Schwartz and Samad, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* (1994) 8:70; Kallioniemi *et al.*, *Sem. Cancer Biol.* (1993) 4:41; Valdes *et al.*, *Methods in Molecular Biology* (1997) 68:1, Boultonwood, ed., Human Press, Totowa, NJ. Preparations of human metaphase chromosomes are prepared using standard cytogenetic techniques from human primary tissues or cell lines. Nucleotide probes comprising at least 12 contiguous nucleotides selected from the nucleotide sequence shown in the Sequence Listing are used to identify the corresponding chromosome. The nucleotide probes are labeled, for example, with a radioactive, fluorescent, biotinylated, or chemiluminescent label,

and detected by well known methods appropriate for the particular label selected. Protocols for hybridizing nucleotide probes to preparations of metaphase chromosomes are also well known in the art. A nucleotide probe will hybridize specifically to nucleotide sequences in the chromosome preparations that are complementary to the nucleotide sequence of the probe.

Polynucleotides are mapped to particular chromosomes using, for example, radiation hybrids or chromosome-specific hybrid panels. See Leach *et al.*, *Advances in Genetics*, (1995) 33:63-99; Walter *et al.*, *Nature Genetics* (1994) 7:22; Walter and Goodfellow, *Trends in Genetics* (1992) 9:352. Panels for radiation hybrid mapping are available from Research Genetics, Inc., Huntsville, Alabama, USA. Databases for markers using various panels are available via the world wide web at <http://F/shgc-www.stanford.edu>; and <http://www-genome.wi.mit.edu/cgi-bin/contig/rhmapper.pl>. The statistical program RHMAP can be used to construct a map based on the data from radiation hybridization with a measure of the relative likelihood of one order versus another. RHMAP is available via the world wide web at <http://www.sph.umich.edu/group/statgen/software>.

In addition, commercial programs are available for identifying regions of chromosomes commonly associated with disease, such as cancer. Polynucleotides based on the polynucleotides of the invention can be used to probe these regions. For example, if through profile searching a provided polynucleotide is identified as corresponding to a gene encoding a kinase, its ability to bind to a cancer-related chromosomal region will suggest its role as a kinase in one or more stages of tumor cell development/growth. Although some experimentation would be required to elucidate the role, the polynucleotide constitutes a new material for isolating a specific protein that has potential for developing a cancer diagnostic or therapeutic.

Tissue Typing or Profiling. Expression of specific mRNA corresponding to the provided polynucleotides can vary in different cell types and can be tissue-specific. This variation of mRNA levels in different cell types can be exploited with nucleic acid probe assays to determine tissue types. For example, PCR, branched DNA probe assays, or blotting techniques utilizing nucleic acid probes substantially identical or complementary to polynucleotides listed in the Sequence Listing can determine the presence or absence of the corresponding cDNA or mRNA.

For example, a metastatic lesion is identified by its developmental organ or tissue source by identifying the expression of a particular marker of that organ or tissue. If a polynucleotide is expressed only in a specific tissue type, and a metastatic lesion is found to express that polynucleotide, then the developmental source of the lesion has been identified.

- 5 Expression of a particular polynucleotide is assayed by detection of either the corresponding mRNA or the protein product. Immunological methods, such as antibody staining, are used to detect a particular protein product. Hybridization methods can be used to detect particular mRNA species, including but not limited to in situ hybridization and Northern blotting.

- Use of Polymorphisms. A polynucleotide of the invention will be useful in forensics, genetic analysis, mapping, and diagnostic applications if the corresponding region of a gene is polymorphic in the human population. Particular polymorphic forms of the provided polynucleotides can be used to either identify a sample as deriving from a suspect or rule out the possibility that the sample derives from the suspect. Any means for detecting a polymorphism in a gene are used, including but not limited to electrophoresis of protein polymorphic variants, differential sensitivity to restriction enzyme cleavage, and hybridization to allele-specific probes.

B. Antibody Production

- Expression products of a polynucleotide of the invention, the corresponding mRNA or cDNA, or the corresponding complete gene are prepared and used for raising antibodies for experimental, diagnostic, and therapeutic purposes. For polynucleotides to which a corresponding gene has not been assigned, this provides an additional method of identifying the corresponding gene. The polynucleotide or related cDNA is expressed as described above, and antibodies are prepared. These antibodies are specific to an epitope on the polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide, and can precipitate or bind to the corresponding native protein in a cell or tissue preparation or in a cell-free extract of an in vitro expression system.

- Immunogens for raising antibodies are prepared by mixing the polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the present invention with adjuvants. Alternatively, polypeptides are made as fusion proteins to larger immunogenic proteins. Polypeptides are also covalently linked to other larger immunogenic proteins, such as keyhole limpet hemocyanin. Immunogens are typically administered intradermally, subcutaneously, or intramuscularly.

Immunogens are administered to experimental animals such as rabbits, sheep, and mice, to generate antibodies. Optionally, the animal spleen cells are isolated and fused with myeloma cells to form hybridomas which secrete monoclonal antibodies. Such methods are well known in the art. According to another method known in the art, the selected polynucleotide
5 is administered directly, such as by intramuscular injection, and expressed in vivo. The expressed protein generates a variety of protein-specific immune responses, including production of antibodies, comparable to administration of the protein.

Preparations of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies specific for polypeptides encoded by a selected polynucleotide are made using standard methods known in the art.
10 The antibodies specifically bind to epitopes present in the polypeptides encoded by polynucleotides disclosed in the Sequence Listing. Typically, at least 6, 8, 10, or 12 contiguous amino acids are required to form an epitope. However, epitopes which involve non-contiguous amino acids may require more, for example at least 15, 25, or 50 amino acids. A short sequence of a polynucleotide may then be unsuitable for use as an epitope to
15 raise antibodies for identifying the corresponding novel protein, because of the potential for cross-reactivity with a known protein. However, the antibodies can be useful for other purposes, particularly if they identify common structural features of a known protein and a novel polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide of the invention.

Antibodies that specifically bind to human polypeptides encoded by the provided
20 polypeptides should provide a detection signal at least 5-, 10-, or 20-fold higher than a detection signal provided with other proteins when used in Western blots or other immunochemical assays. Preferably, antibodies that specifically polypeptides of the invention do not bind to other proteins in immunochemical assays at detectable levels and can immunoprecipitate the specific polypeptide from solution.

25 To test for the presence of serum antibodies to the polypeptide of the invention in a human population, human antibodies are purified by methods well known in the art. Preferably, the antibodies are affinity purified by passing antiserum over a column to which the corresponding selected polypeptide or fusion protein is bound. The bound antibodies can then be eluted from the column, for example using a buffer with a high salt concentration.

In addition to the antibodies discussed above, genetically engineered antibody derivatives are made, such as single chain antibodies, according to methods well known in the art.

C. Use of Polynucleotides to Construct Arrays for Diagnostics

5 Polynucleotide arrays provide a high throughput technique that can assay a large number of polynucleotide sequences in a sample. This technology can be used as a diagnostic and as a tool to test for differential expression to determine function of an encoded protein. Arrays can be created by spotting polynucleotide probes onto a substrate (*e.g.*, glass, nitrocellulose, *etc.*) in a two-dimensional matrix or array having bound probes.

10 The probes can be bound to the substrate by either covalent bonds or by non-specific interactions, such as hydrophobic interactions. Samples of polynucleotides can be detectably labeled (*e.g.*, using radioactive or fluorescent labels) and then hybridized to the probes. Double stranded polynucleotides, comprising the labeled sample polynucleotides bound to probe polynucleotides, can be detected once the unbound portion of the sample is washed

15 away. Techniques for constructing arrays and methods of using these arrays are described in EP No. 0 799 897; PCT No. WO 97/29212; PCT No. WO 97/27317; EP No. 0 785 280; PCT No. WO 97/02357; U.S. Pat. No. 5,593,839; U.S. Pat. No. 5,578,832; EP No. 0 728 520; U.S. Pat. No. 5,599,695; EP No. 0 721 016; U.S. Pat. No. 5,556,752; PCT No. WO 95/22058; and U.S. Pat. No. 5,631,734.

20 As discussed in some detail above, arrays can be used to examine differential expression of genes and can be used to determine gene function. For example, arrays of the instant polynucleotide sequences can be used to determine if any of the provided polynucleotides are differentially expressed between a test cell and control cell (*e.g.*, cancer cells and normal cells). For example, high expression of a particular message in a cancer

25 cell, which is not observed in a corresponding normal cell, can indicate a cancer specific protein. Exemplary uses of arrays are further described in, for example, Pappalarado *et al.*, *Sem. Radiation Oncol.* (1998) 8:217; and Ramsay *Nature Biotechnol.* (1998) 16:40.

D. Differential Expression

The polynucleotides of the invention can also be used to detect differences in

30 expression levels between two cells, *e.g.*, as a method to identify abnormal or diseased tissue in a human. For polynucleotides corresponding to profiles of protein families as described

above, the choice of tissue can be selected according to the putative biological function. In general, the expression of a gene corresponding to a specific polynucleotide is compared between a first tissue that is suspected of being diseased and a second, normal tissue of the human. The tissue suspected of being abnormal or diseased can be derived from a different
5 tissue type of the human, but preferably it is derived from the same tissue type; for example an intestinal polyp or other abnormal growth should be compared with normal intestinal tissue. The normal tissue can be the same tissue as that of the test sample, or any normal tissue of the patient, especially those that express the polynucleotide-related gene of interest (e.g., brain, thymus, testis, heart, prostate, placenta, spleen, small intestine, skeletal muscle,
10 pancreas, and the mucosal lining of the colon). A difference between the polynucleotide-related gene, mRNA, or protein in the two tissues which are compared, for example in molecular weight, amino acid or nucleotide sequence, or relative abundance, indicates a change in the gene, or a gene which regulates it, in the tissue of the human that was suspected of being diseased. Examples of detection of differential expression and its use in
15 diagnosis of cancer are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,688,641 and 5,677,125.

The polynucleotide-related genes in the two tissues are compared by any means known in the art. For example, the two genes can be sequenced, and the sequence of the gene in the tissue suspected of being diseased compared with the gene sequence in the normal tissue. The genes corresponding to a provided polynucleotide, or portions thereof, in
20 the two tissues are amplified, for example using nucleotide primers based on the nucleotide sequence shown in the Sequence Listing, using the polymerase chain reaction. The amplified genes or portions of genes are hybridized to detectably labeled nucleotide probes selected from a nucleotide sequence shown in the Sequence Listing. A difference in the nucleotide sequence of the isolated gene in the tissue suspected of being diseased compared
25 with the normal nucleotide sequence suggests a role of the gene product encoded by the subject polynucleotide in the disease, and provides guidance for preparing a therapeutic agent.

Alternatively, mRNA corresponding to a provided polynucleotide in the two tissues is compared. PolyA⁺ RNA is isolated from the two tissues as is known in the art. For
30 example, one of skill in the art can readily determine differences in the size or amount of mRNA transcripts between the two tissues using Northern blots and detectably labeled

nucleotide probes selected from the nucleotide sequence shown in the Sequence Listing. Increased or decreased expression of a given mRNA in a tissue sample suspected of being diseased, compared with the expression of the same mRNA in a normal tissue, suggests that the expressed protein has a role in the disease, and also provides a lead for preparing a
5 therapeutic agent.

The comparison can also be accomplished by analyzing polypeptides between the matched samples. The sizes of the proteins in the two tissues are compared, for example, using antibodies of the present invention to detect polypeptides in Western blots of protein extracts from the two tissues. Other changes, such as expression levels and subcellular
10 localization, can also be detected immunologically, using antibodies to the corresponding protein. A higher or lower level of expression of a given polypeptide in a tissue suspected of being diseased, compared with the same protein expression level in a normal tissue, is indicative that the expressed protein has a role in the disease, and provides guidance for preparing a therapeutic agent.

15 Similarly, comparison of polynucleotide sequences or of gene expression products, *e.g.*, mRNA and protein, between a human tissue that is suspected of being diseased and a normal tissue of a human, are used to follow disease progression or remission in the human. Such comparisons are made as described above. For example, increased or decreased expression of a gene corresponding to an inventive polynucleotide in the tissue suspected of
20 being neoplastic can indicate the presence of neoplastic cells in the tissue. The degree of increased expression of a given gene in the neoplastic tissue relative to expression of the same gene in normal tissue, or differences in the amount of increased expression of a given gene in the neoplastic tissue over time, is used to assess the progression of the neoplasia in that tissue or to monitor the response of the neoplastic tissue to a therapeutic protocol over
25 time.

The expression pattern of any two cell types can be compared, such as low and high metastatic tumor cell lines, malignant or non-malignant cells, or cells from tissue which have and have not been exposed to a therapeutic agent. A genetic predisposition to disease in a human is detected by comparing expression levels of an mRNA or protein corresponding to
30 a polynucleotide of the invention in a fetal tissue with levels associated in normal fetal tissue. Fetal tissues that are used for this purpose include, but are not limited to, amniotic

fluid, chorionic villi, blood, and the blastomere of an in vitro-fertilized embryo. The comparable normal polynucleotide-related gene is obtained from any tissue. The mRNA or protein is obtained from a normal tissue of a human in which the polynucleotide-related gene is expressed. Differences such as alterations in the nucleotide sequence or size of the same product of the fetal polynucleotide-related gene or mRNA, or alterations in the molecular weight, amino acid sequence, or relative abundance of fetal protein, can indicate a germline mutation in the polynucleotide-related gene of the fetus, which indicates a genetic predisposition to disease. Particular diagnostic and prognostic uses of the disclosed polynucleotides are described in more detail below.

5 E. Diagnostic, Prognostic, and Other Uses Based On Differential Expression

In general, diagnostic methods of the invention for involve detection of a level or amount of a gene product, particularly a differentially expressed gene product, in a test sample obtained from a patient suspected of having or being susceptible to a disease (*e.g.*, breast cancer, lung cancer, colon cancer and/or metastatic forms thereof), and comparing the detected levels to those levels found in normal cells (*e.g.*, cells substantially unaffected by cancer) and/or other control cells (*e.g.*, to differentiate a cancerous cell from a cell affected by dysplasia). Furthermore, the severity of the disease can be assessed by comparing the detected levels of a differentially expressed gene product with those levels detected in samples representing the levels of differentially gene product associated with varying degrees of severity of disease.

The term "differentially expressed gene" is intended to encompass a polynucleotide that can, for example, include an open reading frame encoding a gene product (*e.g.*, a polypeptide), and/or introns of such genes and adjacent 5' and 3' non-coding nucleotide sequences involved in the regulation of expression, up to about 20 kb beyond the coding region, but possibly further in either direction. The gene can be introduced into an appropriate vector for extrachromosomal maintenance or for integration into a host genome. In general, a difference in expression level associated with a decrease in expression level of at least about 25%, usually at least about 50% to 75%, more usually at least about 90% or more is indicative of a differentially expressed gene of interest, *i.e.*, a gene that is underexpressed or down-regulated in the test sample relative to a control sample. Furthermore, a difference in expression level associated with an increase in expression of at

least about 25%, usually at least about 50% to 75%, more usually at least about 90% and can be at least about 1 ½-fold, usually at least about 2-fold to about 10-fold, and can be about 100-fold to about 1,000-fold increase relative to a control sample is indicative of a differentially expressed gene of interest, *i.e.*, an overexpressed or up-regulated gene.

5 "Differentially expressed polynucleotide" as used herein means a nucleic acid molecule (RNA or DNA) having a sequence that represents a differentially expressed gene, *e.g.*, the differentially expressed polynucleotide comprises a sequence (*e.g.*, an open reading frame encoding a gene product) that uniquely identifies a differentially expressed gene so that detection of the differentially expressed polynucleotide in a sample is correlated with the
10 presence of a differentially expressed gene in a sample. "Differentially expressed polynucleotides" is also meant to encompass fragments of the disclosed polynucleotides, *e.g.*, fragments retaining biological activity, as well as nucleic acids homologous, substantially similar, or substantially identical (*e.g.*, having about 90% sequence identity) to the disclosed polynucleotides.

15 Methods of the subject invention useful in diagnosis or prognosis typically involve comparison of the abundance of a selected differentially expressed gene product in a sample of interest with that of a control to determine any relative differences in the expression of the gene product, where the difference can be measured qualitatively and/or quantitatively. Quantitation can be accomplished, for example, by comparing the level of expression
20 product detected in the sample with the amounts of product present in a standard curve. A comparison can be made visually; by using a technique such as densitometry, with or without computerized assistance; by preparing a representative library of cDNA clones of mRNA isolated from a test sample, sequencing the clones in the library to determine that number of cDNA clones corresponding to the same gene product, and analyzing the number
25 of clones corresponding to that same gene product relative to the number of clones of the same gene product in a control sample; or by using an array to detect relative levels of hybridization to a selected sequence or set of sequences, and comparing the hybridization pattern to that of a control. The differences in expression are then correlated with the presence or absence of an abnormal expression pattern. A variety of different methods for
30 determining the nucleic acid abundance in a sample are known to those of skill in the art, where particular methods of interest include those described in: Pietu *et al.* *Genome Res.*

(1996) 6:492; Zhao *et al.*, *Gene* (1995) 156:207; Soares, *Curr. Opin. Biotechnol.* (1977) 8: 542; Raval, *J. Pharmacol Toxicol Methods* (1994) 32:125; Chalifour *et al.*, *Anal. Biochem* (1994) 216:299; Stolz *et al.*, *Mol. Biotechnol.* (1996) 6:225; Hong *et al.*, *Biosci. Reports* (1982) 2:907; and McGraw, *Anal. Biochem.* (1984) 143:298. Also of interest are the
5 methods disclosed in WO 97/27317, the disclosure of which is herein incorporated by reference.

In general, diagnostic assays of the invention involve detection of a gene product of a the polynucleotide sequence (*e.g.*, mRNA or polypeptide) that corresponds to a sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. The patient from whom the sample is obtained can be apparently
10 healthy, susceptible to disease (*e.g.*, as determined by family history or exposure to certain environmental factors), or can already be identified as having a condition in which altered expression of a gene product of the invention is implicated.

In the assays of the invention, the diagnosis can be determined based on detected gene product expression levels of a gene product encoded by at least one, preferably at least
15 two or more, at least 3 or more, or at least 4 or more of the polynucleotides having a sequence set forth in SEQ ID NOS:1-844, and can involve detection of expression of genes corresponding to all of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 and/or additional sequences that can serve as additional diagnostic markers and/or reference sequences. Where the diagnostic method is designed to detect the presence or susceptibility of a patient to cancer, the assay preferably
20 involves detection of a gene product encoded by a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide that is differentially expressed in cancer. For example, a higher level of expression of a polynucleotide corresponding to SEQ ID NO:52 relative to a level associated with a normal sample can indicate the presence of cancer in the patient from whom the sample is derived. In another example, detection of a lower level of a polynucleotide corresponding to SEQ ID
25 NO:39 relative to a normal level is indicative of the presence of cancer in the patient. Further examples of such differentially expressed polynucleotides are described in the Examples below. Given the provided polynucleotides and information regarding their relative expression levels provided herein, assays using such polynucleotides and detection of their expression levels in diagnosis and prognosis will be readily apparent to the ordinarily
30 skilled artisan.

Any of a variety of detectable labels can be used in connection with the various embodiments of the diagnostic methods of the invention. Suitable detectable labels include fluorochromes, (e.g. fluorescein isothiocyanate (FITC), rhodamine, Texas Red, phycoerythrin, allophycocyanin, 6-carboxyfluorescein (6-FAM), 2',7'-dimethoxy-4',5'-dichloro-6-carboxyfluorescein (JOE), 6-carboxy-X-rhodamine (ROX), 6-carboxy-2',4',7',4,7-hexachlorofluorescein (HEX), 5-carboxyfluorescein (5-FAM) or N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-6-carboxyrhodamine (TAMRA)), radioactive labels, (e.g. ^{32}P , ^{35}S , ^3H , etc.), and the like. The detectable label can involve a two stage systems (e.g., biotin-avidin, hapten-anti-hapten antibody, etc.)

Reagents specific for the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention, such as antibodies and nucleotide probes, can be supplied in a kit for detecting the presence of an expression product in a biological sample. The kit can also contain buffers or labeling components, as well as instructions for using the reagents to detect and quantify expression products in the biological sample. Exemplary embodiments of the diagnostic methods of the invention are described below in more detail.

Polypeptide detection in diagnosis. In one embodiment, the test sample is assayed for the level of a differentially expressed polypeptide. Diagnosis can be accomplished using any of a number of methods to determine the absence or presence or altered amounts of the differentially expressed polypeptide in the test sample. For example, detection can utilize staining of cells or histological sections with labeled antibodies, performed in accordance with conventional methods. Cells can be permeabilized to stain cytoplasmic molecules. In general, antibodies that specifically bind a differentially expressed polypeptide of the invention are added to a sample, and incubated for a period of time sufficient to allow binding to the epitope, usually at least about 10 minutes. The antibody can be detectably labeled for direct detection (e.g., using radioisotopes, enzymes, fluorescers, chemiluminescers, and the like), or can be used in conjunction with a second stage antibody or reagent to detect binding (e.g., biotin with horseradish peroxidase-conjugated avidin, a secondary antibody conjugated to a fluorescent compound, e.g. fluorescein, rhodamine, Texas red, etc.). The absence or presence of antibody binding can be determined by various methods, including flow cytometry of dissociated cells, microscopy, radiography, scintillation counting, etc. Any suitable alternative methods can of qualitative or quantitative

detection of levels or amounts of differentially expressed polypeptide can be used, for example ELISA, western blot, immunoprecipitation, radioimmunoassay, etc.

In general, the detected level of differentially expressed polypeptide in the test sample is compared to a level of the differentially expressed gene product in a reference or control sample, *e.g.*, in a normal cell (negative control) or in a cell having a known disease state (positive control). For example, a higher level of expression of a polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NO:52 relative to a level associated with a normal sample can indicate the presence of cancer in the patient from whom the sample is derived. In another example, detection of a lower level of the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NO:39 relative to a normal level is indicative of the presence of cancer in the patient.

mRNA detection. The diagnostic methods of the invention can also or alternatively involve detection of mRNA encoded by a gene corresponding to a differentially expressed polynucleotides of the invention. Any suitable qualitative or quantitative methods known in the art for detecting specific mRNAs can be used. mRNA can be detected by, for example, *in situ* hybridization in tissue sections, by reverse transcriptase-PCR, or in Northern blots containing poly A+ mRNA. One of skill in the art can readily use these methods to determine differences in the size or amount of mRNA transcripts between two samples. For example, the level of mRNA of the invention in a tissue sample suspected of being cancerous or dysplastic is compared with the expression of the mRNA in a reference sample, *e.g.*, a positive or negative control sample (*e.g.*, normal tissue, cancerous tissue, *etc.*). In a specific non-limiting example, a higher level of mRNA corresponding to SEQ ID NO:52 relative to a level associated with a normal sample can indicate the presence of cancer in the patient from whom the sample is derived. In another example, detection of a lower level of mRNA corresponding to SEQ ID NO:39 relative to a normal level is indicative of the presence of cancer in the patient.

Any suitable method for detecting and comparing mRNA expression levels in a sample can be used in connection with the diagnostic methods of the invention (see, *e.g.*, U.S. 5,804,382). For example, mRNA expression levels in a sample can be determined by generation of a library of expressed sequence tags (ESTs) from the sample, where the EST library is representative of sequences present in the sample (Adams, et al., (1991) *Science* 252:1651). Enumeration of the relative representation of ESTs within the library can be used

to approximate the relative representation of the gene transcript within the starting sample. The results of EST analysis of a test sample can then be compared to EST analysis of a reference sample to determine the relative expression levels of a selected polynucleotide, particularly a polynucleotide corresponding to one or more of the differentially expressed genes described herein.

Alternatively, gene expression in a test sample can be performed using serial analysis of gene expression (SAGE) methodology (Velculescu et al., *Science* (1995) 270:484). In short, SAGE involves the isolation of short unique sequence tags from a specific location within each transcript (e.g., a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOS:1-6). The sequence tags are concatenated, cloned, and sequenced. The frequency of particular transcripts within the starting sample is reflected by the number of times the associated sequence tag is encountered with the sequence population.

Gene expression in a test sample can also be analyzed using differential display (DD) methodology. In DD, fragments defined by specific sequence delimiters (e.g., restriction enzyme sites) are used as unique identifiers of genes, coupled with information about fragment length or fragment location within the expressed gene. The relative representation of an expressed gene with a sample can then be estimated based on the relative representation of the fragment associated with that gene within the pool of all possible fragments. Methods and compositions for carrying out DD are well known in the art, see, e.g., U.S. 5,776,683; and U.S. 5,807,680.

Alternatively, gene expression in a sample using hybridization analysis, which is based on the specificity of nucleotide interactions. Oligonucleotides or cDNA can be used to selectively identify or capture DNA or RNA of specific sequence composition, and the amount of RNA or cDNA hybridized to a known capture sequence determined qualitatively or quantitatively, to provide information about the relative representation of a particular message within the pool of cellular messages in a sample. Hybridization analysis can be designed to allow for concurrent screening of the relative expression of hundreds to thousands of genes by using, for example, array-based technologies having high density formats, including filters, microscope slides, or microchips, or solution-based technologies that use spectroscopic analysis (e.g., mass spectrometry). One exemplary use of arrays in the diagnostic methods of the invention is described below in more detail.

Use of a single gene in diagnostic applications. The diagnostic methods of the invention can focus on the expression of a single differentially expressed gene. For example, the diagnostic method can involve detecting a differentially expressed gene, or a polymorphism of such a gene (*e.g.*, a polymorphism in an coding region or control region), that is associated with disease. Disease-associated polymorphisms can include deletion or truncation of the gene, mutations that alter expression level and/or affect activity of the encoded protein, *etc.*

Changes in the promoter or enhancer sequence that affect expression levels of an differentially gene can be compared to expression levels of the normal allele by various methods known in the art. Methods for determining promoter or enhancer strength include quantitation of the expressed natural protein; insertion of the variant control element into a vector with a reporter gene such as β -galactosidase, luciferase, chloramphenicol acetyltransferase, *etc.* that provides for convenient quantitation; and the like.

A number of methods are available for analyzing nucleic acids for the presence of a specific sequence, *e.g.* a disease associated polymorphism. Where large amounts of DNA are available, genomic DNA is used directly. Alternatively, the region of interest is cloned into a suitable vector and grown in sufficient quantity for analysis. Cells that express a differentially expressed gene can be used as a source of mRNA, which can be assayed directly or reverse transcribed into cDNA for analysis. The nucleic acid can be amplified by conventional techniques, such as the polymerase chain reaction (PCR), to provide sufficient amounts for analysis, and a detectable label can be included in the amplification reaction (*e.g.*, using a detectably labeled primer or detectably labeled oligonucleotides) to facilitate detection. The use of the polymerase chain reaction is described in Saiki, *et al.*, *Science* (1985) 239:487, and a review of techniques can be found in Sambrook, *et al.*, *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, (1989) pp. 14.2. Alternatively, various methods are known in the art that utilize oligonucleotide ligation as a means of detecting polymorphisms, for examples see Riley *et al.*, *Nucl. Acids Res.* (1990) 18:2887; and Delahunty *et al.*, *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* (1996) 58:1239.

The sample nucleic acid, *e.g.* amplified or cloned fragment, is analyzed by one of a number of methods known in the art. The nucleic acid can be sequenced by dideoxy or other methods, and the sequence of bases compared to a selected sequence, *e.g.*, to a wild-type

sequence. Hybridization with the polymorphic or variant sequence can also be used to determine its presence in a sample (*e.g.*, by Southern blot, dot blot, *etc.*). The hybridization pattern of a polymorphic or variant sequence and a control sequence to an array of oligonucleotide probes immobilized on a solid support, as described in US 5,445,934, or in WO 95/35505, can also be used as a means of identifying polymorphic or variant sequences associated with disease. Single strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP) analysis, denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis (DGGE), and heteroduplex analysis in gel matrices are used to detect conformational changes created by DNA sequence variation as alterations in electrophoretic mobility. Alternatively, where a polymorphism creates or destroys a recognition site for a restriction endonuclease, the sample is digested with that endonuclease, and the products size fractionated to determine whether the fragment was digested. Fractionation is performed by gel or capillary electrophoresis, particularly acrylamide or agarose gels.

Screening for mutations in an differentially expressed gene can be based on the functional or antigenic characteristics of the protein. Protein truncation assays are useful in detecting deletions that can affect the biological activity of the protein. Various immunoassays designed to detect polymorphisms in proteins can be used in screening. Where many diverse genetic mutations lead to a particular disease phenotype, functional protein assays have proven to be effective screening tools. The activity of the encoded protein can be determined by comparison with the wild-type protein.

Pattern matching in diagnosis using arrays. In another embodiment, the diagnostic and/or prognostic methods of the invention involve detection of expression of a selected set of genes in a test sample to produce a test expression pattern (TEP). The TEP is compared to a reference expression pattern (REP), which is generated by detection of expression of the selected set of genes in a reference sample (*e.g.*, a positive or negative control sample). The selected set of genes includes at least one of the genes of the invention, which genes correspond to the polynucleotide sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-844. Of particular interest is a selected set of genes that includes gene differentially expressed in the disease for which the test sample is to be screened.

"Reference sequences" or "reference polynucleotides" as used herein in the context of differential gene expression analysis and diagnosis/prognosis refers to a selected set of

polynucleotides, which selected set includes at least one or more of the differentially expressed polynucleotides described herein. A plurality of reference sequences, preferably comprising positive and negative control sequences, can be included as reference sequences. Additional suitable reference sequences are found in Genbank, Unigene, and other
5 nucleotide sequence databases (including, *e.g.*, expressed sequence tag (EST), partial, and full-length sequences).

"Reference array" means an array having reference sequences for use in hybridization with a sample, where the reference sequences include all, at least one of, or any subset of the differentially expressed polynucleotides described herein. Usually such an array will include
10 at least 3 different reference sequences, and can include any one or all of the provided differentially expressed sequences. Arrays of interest can further comprise sequences, including polymorphisms, of other genetic sequences, particularly other sequences of interest for screening for a disease or disorder (*e.g.*, cancer, dysplasia, or other related or unrelated diseases, disorders, or conditions). The oligonucleotide sequence on the array will usually
15 be at least about 12 nt in length, and can be of about the length of the provided sequences, or can extend into the flanking regions to generate fragments of 100 nt to 200 nt in length or more.

A "reference expression pattern" or "REP" as used herein refers to the relative levels of expression of a selected set of genes, particularly of differentially expressed genes, that is
20 associated with a selected cell type, *e.g.*, a normal cell, a cancerous cell, a cell exposed to an environmental stimulus, and the like. A "test expression pattern" or "TEP" refers to relative levels of expression of a selected set of genes, particularly of differentially expressed genes, in a test sample (*e.g.*, a cell of unknown or suspected disease state, from which mRNA is isolated).

"Diagnosis" as used herein generally includes determination of a subject's susceptibility to a disease or disorder, determination as to whether a subject is presently
25 affected by a disease or disorder, as well as to the prognosis of a subject affected by a disease or disorder (*e.g.*, identification of pre-metastatic or metastatic cancerous states, stages of cancer, or responsiveness of cancer to therapy). The present invention particularly
30 encompasses diagnosis of subjects in the context of breast cancer (*e.g.*, carcinoma in situ (*e.g.*, ductal carcinoma in situ), estrogen receptor (ER)-positive breast cancer, ER-negative

breast cancer, or other forms and/or stages of breast cancer), lung cancer (*e.g.*, small cell carcinoma, non-small cell carcinoma, mesothelioma, and other forms and/or stages of lung cancer), and colon cancer (*e.g.*, adenomatous polyp, colorectal carcinoma, and other forms and/or stages of colon cancer).

5 "Sample" or "biological sample" as used throughout here are generally meant to refer to samples of biological fluids or tissues, particularly samples obtained from tissues, especially from cells of the type associated with the disease for which the diagnostic application is designed (*e.g.*, ductal adenocarcinoma), and the like. "Samples" is also meant to encompass derivatives and fractions of such samples (*e.g.*, cell lysates). Where the sample
10 is solid tissue, the cells of the tissue can be dissociated or tissue sections can be analyzed.

REPs can be generated in a variety of ways according to methods well known in the art. For example, REPs can be generated by hybridizing a control sample to an array having a selected set of polynucleotides (particularly a selected set of differentially expressed polynucleotides), acquiring the hybridization data from the array, and storing the data in a
15 format that allows for ready comparison of the REP with a TEP. Alternatively, all expressed sequences in a control sample can be isolated and sequenced, *e.g.*, by isolating mRNA from a control sample, converting the mRNA into cDNA, and sequencing the cDNA. The resulting sequence information roughly or precisely reflects the identity and relative number of expressed sequences in the sample. The sequence information can then be stored in a
20 format (*e.g.*, a computer-readable format) that allows for ready comparison of the REP with a TEP. The REP can be normalized prior to or after data storage, and/or can be processed to selectively remove sequences of expressed genes that are of less interest or that might complicate analysis (*e.g.*, some or all of the sequences associated with housekeeping genes can be eliminated from REP data).

25 TEPs can be generated in a manner similar to REPs, *e.g.*, by hybridizing a test sample to an array having a selected set of polynucleotides, particularly a selected set of differentially expressed polynucleotides, acquiring the hybridization data from the array, and storing the data in a format that allows for ready comparison of the TEP with a REP. The REP and TEP to be used in a comparison can be generated simultaneously, or the TEP can
30 be compared to previously generated and stored REPs.

In one embodiment of the invention, comparison of a TEP with a REP involves hybridizing a test sample with a reference array, where the reference array has one or more reference sequences for use in hybridization with a sample. The reference sequences include all, at least one of, or any subset of the differentially expressed polynucleotides described herein. Hybridization data for the test sample is acquired, the data normalized, and the produced TEP compared with a REP generated using an array having the same or similar selected set of differentially expressed polynucleotides. Probes that correspond to sequences differentially expressed between the two samples will show decreased or increased hybridization efficiency for one of the samples relative to the other.

Reference arrays can be produced according to any suitable methods known in the art. For example, methods of producing large arrays of oligonucleotides are described in U.S. 5,134,854, and U.S. 5,445,934 using light-directed synthesis techniques. Using a computer controlled system, a heterogeneous array of monomers is converted, through simultaneous coupling at a number of reaction sites, into a heterogeneous array of polymers. Alternatively, microarrays are generated by deposition of pre-synthesized oligonucleotides onto a solid substrate, for example as described in PCT published application no. WO 95/35505.

Methods for collection of data from hybridization of samples with a reference arrays are also well known in the art. For example, the polynucleotides of the reference and test samples can be generated using a detectable fluorescent label, and hybridization of the polynucleotides in the samples detected by scanning the microarrays for the presence of the detectable label. Methods and devices for detecting fluorescently marked targets on devices are known in the art. Generally, such detection devices include a microscope and light source for directing light at a substrate. A photon counter detects fluorescence from the substrate, while an x-y translation stage varies the location of the substrate. A confocal detection device that can be used in the subject methods is described in U.S. Patent no. 5,631,734. A scanning laser microscope is described in Shalon et al., *Genome Res.* (1996) 6:639. A scan, using the appropriate excitation line, is performed for each fluorophore used. The digital images generated from the scan are then combined for subsequent analysis. For any particular array element, the ratio of the fluorescent signal from one sample (e.g., a test

sample) is compared to the fluorescent signal from another sample (*e.g.*, a reference sample), and the relative signal intensity determined.

Methods for analyzing the data collected from hybridization to arrays are well known in the art. For example, where detection of hybridization involves a fluorescent label, data analysis can include the steps of determining fluorescent intensity as a function of substrate position from the data collected, removing outliers, *i.e.* data deviating from a predetermined statistical distribution, and calculating the relative binding affinity of the targets from the remaining data. The resulting data can be displayed as an image with the intensity in each region varying according to the binding affinity between targets and probes.

10 In general, the test sample is classified as having a gene expression profile corresponding to that associated with a disease or non-disease state by comparing the TEP generated from the test sample to one or more REPs generated from reference samples (*e.g.*, from samples associated with cancer or specific stages of cancer, dysplasia, samples affected by a disease other than cancer, normal samples, *etc.*). The criteria for a match or a
15 substantial match between a TEP and a REP include expression of the same or substantially the same set of reference genes, as well as expression of these reference genes at substantially the same levels (*e.g.*, no significant difference between the samples for a signal associated with a selected reference sequence after normalization of the samples, or at least no greater than about 25% to about 40% difference in signal strength for a given reference
20 sequence. In general, a pattern match between a TEP and a REP includes a match in expression, preferably a match in qualitative or quantitative expression level, of at least one of, all or any subset of the differentially expressed genes of the invention.

Pattern matching can be performed manually, or can be performed using a computer program. Methods for preparation of substrate matrices (*e.g.*, arrays), design of
25 oligonucleotides for use with such matrices, labeling of probes, hybridization conditions, scanning of hybridized matrices, and analysis of patterns generated, including comparison analysis, are described in, for example, U.S. 5,800,992.

F. Use of the Polynucleotides of the Invention in Cancer

Oncogenesis involves the unbridled growth, dedifferentiation and abnormal
30 migration of cells. Cancerous cells can have the ability to compress, invade, and destroy normal tissue. Cancerous cells may also metastasize to other parts of the body via the

bloodstream or the lymph system and colonize in these other areas. Different cancers are classified by the cell from which the cancerous cell is derived and from its cellular morphology and/or state of differentiation.

Somatic genetic abnormalities cause cancer initiation and progression. Cancer
5 generally is clonally formed, *i.e.* gain of function of oncogenes and loss of function of tumor suppressor genes within a single cell transform the cell to be cancerous, and that single cell grows and divides to form a cancerous lesion. The genes known to be involved in cancer initiation and progression are involved in numerous cellular functions, including
10 developmental differentiation, cell cycle regulation, cell signaling, immunological response, DNA replication, and DNA repair.

The identification and characterization of genetic or biochemical markers in blood or tissues that will detect the earliest changes along the carcinogenesis pathway and monitor the efficacy of various therapies and preventive interventions is a major goal of cancer research. Scientists have identified genetic changes in stool specimens that indicate the stages of colon
15 cancer, and other biomarkers such as gene mutations, hormone receptors, proteins that inhibit metastasis, and enzymes that metabolize drugs are all being used to determine the severity and predict the course of breast, prostate, lung, and other cancers.

Recent advances in the pathogenesis of certain cancers has been helpful in determining patient treatment. The level of expression of certain polynucleotides can be
20 indicative of a poorer prognosis, and therefore warrant more aggressive chemo- or radio-therapy for a patient. The correlation of novel surrogate tumor specific features with response to treatment and outcome in patients has defined certain prognostic indicators that allow the design of tailored therapy based on the molecular profile of the tumor. These therapies include antibody targeting and gene therapy. Moreover, a promising level of one
25 or more marker polynucleotides can provide impetus for not aggressively treating a particular patient, thus sparing the patient the deleterious side effects of aggressive therapy. Determining expression of certain polynucleotides and comparison of a patients profile with known expression in normal tissue and variants of the disease allows a determination of the best possible treatment for a patient, both in terms of specificity of treatment and in terms of
30 comfort level of the patient.

Surrogate tumor markers, such as polynucleotide expression, can also be used to better classify, and thus diagnose and treat, different forms and disease states of cancer. Two classifications widely used in oncology that can benefit from identification of the expression levels of the polynucleotides of the invention are staging of the cancerous disorder, and grading the nature of the cancerous tissue.

Staging. Staging is a process used by physicians to describe how advanced the cancerous state is in a patient. Staging assists the physician in determining a prognosis, planning treatment and evaluating the results of such treatment. Different staging systems are used for different types of cancer, but each generally involves the following determinations: the type of tumor, indicated by T; whether the cancer has metastasized to nearby lymph nodes, indicated by N; and whether the cancer has metastasized to more distant parts of the body, indicated by M. This system of staging is called the TNM system. Generally, if a cancer is only detectable in the area of the primary lesion without having spread to any lymph nodes it is called Stage I. If it has spread only to the closest lymph nodes, it is called Stage II. In Stage III, the cancer has generally spread to the lymph nodes in near proximity to the site of the primary lesion. Cancers that have spread to a distant part of the body, such as the liver, bone, brain or another site, are called Stage IV, the most advanced stage.

Currently, the determination of staging is done using pathological techniques and is based more on the presence or absence of malignant tissue rather than the characteristics of the tumor type. Presence or absence of malignant tissue is based primarily on the gross morphology of the cells in the areas biopsied. The polynucleotides of the invention can facilitate fine-tuning of the staging process by identifying markers for the aggressivity of a cancer, e.g. the metastatic potential, as well as the presence in different areas of the body. Thus, a Stage II cancer with a polynucleotide signifying a high metastatic potential cancer can be used to change a borderline Stage II tumor to a Stage III tumor, justifying more aggressive therapy. Conversely, the presence of a polynucleotide signifying a lower metastatic potential allows more conservative staging of a tumor.

Grading of cancers. Grade is a term used to describe how closely a tumor resembles normal tissue of its same type. Based on the microscopic appearance of a tumor, pathologists will identify the grade of a tumor based on parameters such as cell morphology,

cellular organization, and other markers of differentiation. As a general rule, the grade of a tumor corresponds to its rate of growth or aggressiveness. That is, undifferentiated or high-grade tumors grow more quickly than well differentiated or low-grade tumors. Information about tumor grade is useful in planning treatment and predicting prognosis.

5 The American Joint Commission on Cancer has recommended the following guidelines for grading tumors: 1) GX Grade cannot be assessed; 2) G1 Well differentiated; G2 Moderately well differentiated; 3) G3 Poorly differentiated; 4) G4 Undifferentiated. Although grading is used by pathologists to describe most cancers, it plays a more important role in treatment planning for certain types than for others. An example is the Gleason

10 system that is specific for prostate cancer, which uses grade numbers to describe the degree of differentiation. Lower Gleason scores indicate well-differentiated cells. Intermediate scores denote tumors with moderately differentiated cells. Higher scores describe poorly differentiated cells. Grade is also important in some types of brain tumors and soft tissue sarcomas.

15 The polynucleotides of the invention can be especially valuable in determining the grade of the tumor, as they not only can aid in determining the differentiation status of the cells of a tumor, they can also identify factors other than differentiation that are valuable in determining the aggressivity of a tumor, such as metastatic potential.

Familial Cancer Genes. A number of cancer syndromes are linked to Mendelian

20 inheritance of a predisposition to develop particular cancers. The following table contains a list of cancer types that can be inherited, and for which the gene or genes responsible have been identified. Most of the cancer types listed can occur as part of several different genetic conditions, each caused by alterations in a different gene.

Cancer Type	Genetic Condition	Gene
Brain	Li-Fraumeni syndrome	TP53
	Neurofibromatosis 1	NF1
	Neurofibromatosis 2	NF2
	von Hippel-Lindau syndrome	VHL
	Tuberous sclerosis 2	TSC2
Breast	Hereditary breast/ovarian cancer 1	BRCA1
	Hereditary breast/ovarian cancer 2	BRCA2
	Li-Fraumeni syndrome	TP53
	Ataxia telangiectasia	ATM
Colon	Familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP)	APC
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 1	HMSH2
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 2	hMLH1

Cancer Type	Genetic Condition	Gene
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 3	hPMS1
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 4	hPMS2
Endocrine (parathyroid, pituitary, GI endocrine)	Multiple endocrine neoplasia 1 (MEN1)	MEN1
Endocrine (pheochromacytoma, medullary thyroid)	Multiple endocrine neoplasia 2 (MEN2)	RET
Endometrial	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 1	hMSH2
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 2	hMLH1
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 3	hPMS1
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 4	hPMS2
Eye	Hereditary retinoblastoma	RB1
Hematologic (lymphomas and leukemia)	Li-Fraumeni syndrome	TP53
	Ataxia telangiectasia	ATM
Kidney	Hereditary Wilms' tumor	WT1
	von Hippel-Lindau syndrome	VHL
	Tuberous sclerosis 2	TSC2
Ovary	Hereditary breast/ovarian cancer 1	BRCA1
	Hereditary breast/ovarian cancer 2	BRCA2
Sarcoma	Hereditary retinoblastoma	RB1
	Li-Fraumeni syndrome	TP53
	Neurofibromatosis 1	NF1
Skin	Hereditary melanoma 1	CDKN2
	Hereditary melanoma 2	CDK4
	Basal cell naevus (Gorlin) syndrome	PTCH
Stomach	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 1	hMSH2
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 2	hMLH1
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 3	hPMS1
	Hereditary non-polyposis colon cancer (HNPCC) 4	hPMS2

The polynucleotides of the invention can be especially useful to monitor patients having any of the above syndromes to detect potentially malignant events at a molecular level before they are detectable at a gross morphological level. As can be seen from the table, a number of genes are involved in multiple forms of cancer. Thus, a polynucleotide of the invention identified as important for metastatic colon cancer can also have clinical implications for a patient diagnosed with stomach cancer or endometrial cancer.

Lung Cancer. Lung cancer is one of the most common cancers in the United States, accounting for about 15 percent of all cancer cases, or 170,000 new cases each year. At this time, over half of the lung cancer cases in the United States are in men, but the number found in women is increasing and will soon equal that in men. Today more women die of lung cancer than of breast cancer. Lung cancer is especially difficult to diagnose and treat because of the large size of the lungs, which allows cancer to develop for years undetected.

In fact, lung cancer can spread outside the lungs without causing any symptoms. Adding to the confusion, the most common symptom of lung cancer, a persistent cough, can often be mistaken for a cold or bronchitis.

Although there are more than a dozen different kinds of lung cancer, the two main types of lung cancer are small cell and nonsmall cell, which encompass about 90% of all lung cancer cases. Small cell carcinoma (also called oat cell carcinoma), which usually starts in one of the larger bronchial tubes, grows fairly rapidly, and is likely to be large by the time of diagnosis. Nonsmall cell lung cancer (NSCLC) is made up of three general subtypes of lung cancer. Epidermoid carcinoma (also called squamous cell carcinoma) usually starts in one of the larger bronchial tubes and grows relatively slowly. The size of these tumors can range from very small to quite large. Adenocarcinoma starts growing near the outside surface of the lung and can vary in both size and growth rate. Some slowly growing adenocarcinomas are described as alveolar cell cancer. Large cell carcinoma starts near the surface of the lung, grows rapidly, and the growth is usually fairly large when diagnosed. Other less common forms of lung cancer are carcinoid, cylindroma, mucoepidermoid, and malignant mesothelioma.

Currently, CT scans, MRIs, X-rays, sputum cytology, and biopsies are used to diagnose nonsmall cell lung cancer. The form and cellular origin of the lung cancer is diagnosed primarily through biopsy from either a surgical biopsy or a needle aspiration of lung tissue, and usually the biopsy is prompted from an abnormality identified on an X-ray. In some cases, sputum cytology can reveal lung cancers in patients with normal X-rays or can determine the type of lung cancer, but because it cannot pinpoint the tumor's location, a positive sputum cytology test is usually followed by further tests. Since these tests are based in large part on gross morphology of the tissue, the diagnosis of a particular kind of tumor is largely subjective, and the diagnosis can vary significantly between clinicians.

The polynucleotides of the invention can be used to distinguish types of lung cancer as well as identifying traits specific to a certain patient's cancer. For example, if the patient's biopsy expresses a polynucleotide that is associated with a low metastatic potential, it may justify leaving a larger portion of the patient's lung in surgery to remove the lesion. Alternatively, a smaller lesion with expression of a polynucleotide that is associated with high metastatic potential may justify a more radical removal of lung tissue and/or the

surrounding lymph nodes, even if no metastasis can be identified through pathological examination.

Similarly, the expression of polynucleotides of the invention can be used in the diagnosis, prognosis and management of colorectal cancer. The differential expression of a polynucleotide in hyperplasia can be used as a diagnostic marker for metastatic lung cancer. The polynucleotides of the invention that would be especially useful for this purpose are those that exhibit differential expression between high metastatic versus low metastatic lung cancer, *i.e.* SEQ ID NOS: 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 381, 395, and 400. Detection of malignant lung cancer with a higher metastatic potential can be determined using expression levels of any of these sequences alone or in combination with the levels of expression of other known genes.

Breast Cancer. The National Cancer Institute (NCI) estimates that about 1 in 8 women in the United States will develop breast cancer during her lifetime. Clinical breast examination and mammography are recommended as combined modalities for breast cancer screening, and the nature of the cancer will often depend upon the location of the tumor and the cell type from which the tumor is derived. The majority of breast cancers are adenocarcinomas subtypes, which can be summarized as follows:

Ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS): Ductal carcinoma in situ is the most common type of noninvasive breast cancer. In DCIS, the malignant cells have not metastasized through the walls of the ducts into the fatty tissue of the breast. Comedocarcinoma is a type of DCIS that is more likely than other types of DCIS to come back in the same area after lumpectomy. It is more closely linked to eventual development of invasive ductal carcinoma than other forms of DCIS.

Infiltrating (or invasive) ductal carcinoma (IDC): this type of cancer has metastasized through the wall of the duct and invaded the fatty tissue of the breast. At this point, it has the potential to use the lymphatic system and bloodstream for metastasis to more distant parts of the body. Infiltrating ductal carcinoma accounts for about 80% of breast cancers.

Lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS): While not a true cancer, LCIS (also called lobular neoplasia) is sometimes classified as a type of noninvasive breast cancer. It does not penetrate through the wall of the lobules. Although it does not itself usually become an

invasive cancer, women with this condition have a higher risk of developing an invasive breast cancer in the same breast, or in the opposite breast.

Infiltrating (or invasive) lobular carcinoma (ILC): ILC is similar to IDC, in that it has the potential metastasize elsewhere in the body. About 10% to 15% of invasive breast
5 cancers are invasive lobular carcinomas. ILC can be more difficult to detect by mammogram than IDC.

Inflammatory breast cancer: This rare type of invasive breast cancer accounts for about 1% of all breast cancers and is extremely aggressive. Multiple skin symptoms associated with this cancer are caused by cancer cells blocking lymph vessels or channels in
10 the skin over the breast.

Medullary carcinoma: This special type of infiltrating breast cancer has a relatively well defined, distinct boundary between tumor tissue and normal tissue. It accounts for about 5% of breast cancers. The prognosis for this kind of breast cancer is better than for other types of invasive breast cancer.

15 Mucinous carcinoma: This rare type of invasive breast cancer originates from mucus-producing cells. The prognosis for mucinous carcinoma is better than for the more common types of invasive breast cancer.

Paget's disease of the nipple: This type of breast cancer starts in the ducts and spreads to the skin of the nipple and the areola. It is a rare type of breast cancer, occurring in only
20 1% of all cases. Paget's disease can be associated with in situ carcinoma, or with infiltrating breast carcinoma. If no lump can be felt in the breast tissue, and the biopsy shows DCIS but no invasive cancer, the prognosis is excellent.

Phyllodes tumor: This very rare type of breast tumor forms from the stroma of the breast, in contrast to carcinomas which develop in the ducts or lobules. Phyllodes (also
25 spelled phylloides) tumors are usually benign, but are malignant on rare occasions. Nevertheless, malignant phyllodes tumors are very rare and less than 10 women per year in the US die of this disease. Benign phyllodes tumors are successfully treated by removing the mass and a narrow margin of normal breast tissue.

Tubular carcinoma: Accounting for about 2% of all breast cancers, tubular
30 carcinomas are a special type of infiltrating breast carcinoma. They have a better prognosis than usual infiltrating ductal or lobular carcinomas.

High-quality mammography combined with clinical breast exam remains the only screening method clearly tied to reduction in breast cancer mortality. Lower dose x-rays, digitized computer rather than film images, and the use of computer programs to assist diagnosis, are almost ready for widespread dissemination. Other technologies also are being developed, including magnetic resonance imaging and ultrasound. In addition, a very low radiation exposure technique, positron emission tomography has the potential for detecting early breast cancer.

It is also possible to differentiate between non-cancerous breast tissue and malignant breast tissue by analyzing differential gene expression between tissues. In addition, there may be several possible alterations that lead to the various possible types of breast cancer. The different types of breast tumors (*e.g.*, invasive vs. non-invasive, ductal vs. axillary lymph node) can be differentiable from one another by the identification of the differences in genes expressed by different types of breast tumor tissues (Porter-Jordan *et al.*, *Hematol Oncol Clin North Am* (1994) 8:73). Breast cancer can thus be generally diagnosed by detection of expression of a gene or genes associated with breast tumors. Where enough information is available about the differential gene expression between various types of breast tumor tissues, the specific type of breast tumor can also be diagnosed.

For example, increased estrogen receptor (ER) expression in normal breast epithileum, while not itself indicative of malignant tissue, is a known risk marker for development of breast cancer. Khan SA *et al.*, *Cancer Res* (1994) 54:993. Malignant breast cancer is often divided into two groups, ER-positive and ER-negative, based on the estrogen receptor status of the tissue. The ER status represents different survival length and response to hormone therapy, and is thought to represent either: 1) an indicator of different stages of the disease, or 2) an indicator that allows differentiation between two similar but distinct diseases. K. Zhu *et al.*, *Med. Hypoth.* (1997) 49:69. A number of other genes are known to vary expression between either different stages of cancer or different types of similar breast cancer.

Similarly, the expression of polynucleotides of the invention can be used in the diagnosis and management of breast cancer. The differential expression of a polynucleotide in human breast tumor tissue can be used as a diagnostic marker for human breast cancer. The polynucleotides of the invention that would be especially useful for this purpose are

those that exhibit differential expression between breast cancer tissue with a high metastatic potential and a low metastatic potential, *i.e.* SEQ ID NOS: 9, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 114, 123, 144, 172, 178, 214, 219, 223, 258, 317, and 379. Detection of breast cancer can be determined using expression levels of any of these sequences alone or in combination.

- 5 Determination of the aggressive nature and/or the metastatic potential of a breast cancer can also be determined by comparing levels of one or more polynucleotides of the invention and comparing levels of another sequence known to vary in cancerous tissue, *e.g.* ER expression. In addition, development of breast cancer can be detected by examining the ratio of SEQ ID NO: to the levels of steroid hormones (*e.g.*, testosterone or estrogen) or to other hormones
- 10 (*e.g.*, growth hormone, insulin). Thus expression of specific marker polynucleotides can be used to discriminate between normal and cancerous breast tissue, to discriminate between breast cancers with different cells of origin, to discriminate between breast cancers with different potential metastatic rates, etc.

- Diagnosis of breast cancer can also involve comparing the expression of a
- 15 polynucleotide of the invention with the expression of other sequences in non-malignant breast tissue samples in comparison to one or more forms of the diseased tissue. A comparison of expression of one or more polynucleotides of the invention between the samples provides information on relative levels of these polynucleotides as well as the ratio of these polynucleotides to the expression of other sequences in the tissue of interest
- 20 compared to normal.

- This risk of breast cancer is elevated significantly by the presence of an inherited risk for breast cancer, such as a mutation in BRCA-1 or BRCA-2. New diagnostic tools are being developed to address the needs of higher risk patients to complement mammography and physical examinations for early detection of breast cancer, particularly among younger
- 25 women. The presence of antigen or expression markers in nipple aspirate fluid (NAF) samples collected from one or both breasts can be useful for useful for risk assessment or early cancer detection. Breast cytology and biomarkers obtained by random fine needle aspiration have been used to identify hyperplasia with atypia and overexpression of p53 and EGFR. The polynucleotides of the invention can be used in multivariate analysis with
- 30 expression studies with genes such as p53 and EGFR as risk predictors and as surrogate endpoint biomarkers for breast cancer.

As well as being used for diagnosis and risk assessment, the expression of certain genes can also correlated to prognosis of a disease state. The expression of particular gene have been used as prognostic indicators for breast cancer including increased expression of *c-erbB-2*, pS2, ER, progesterone receptor, epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR), *neu*,
5 *myc*, *bcl-2*, *int2*, cytosolic tyrosine kinase, cyclin E, *prad-1*, *hst*, uPA, PAI-1, PAI-2, cathepsin D, as well as the presence of a number of cancer-specific antigens, e.g. CEA, CA M26, CA M29 and CA 15.3. Davis, *Br. J. Biomed Sci.* (1996) 53:157. Poor prognosis has also been linked to a decrease in expression of certain genes, such as *p53*, *Rb*, *nm23*. The expression of the polynucleotides of the invention can be of prognostic value for determining
10 the metastatic potential of a malignant breast cancer, as this molecules are differentially expressed between high and low metastatic potential tissues tumors. The levels of these polynucleotides in patients with malignant breast cancer can compared to normal tissue, malignant tissue with a known high potential metastatic level, and malignant tissue with a known lower level of metastatic potential to provide a prognosis for a particular patient.
15 Such a prognosis is predictive of the extent and nature of the cancer. The determined prognosis is useful in determining the prognosis of a patient with breast cancer, both for initial treatment of the disease and for longer-term monitoring of the same patient. If samples are taken from the same individual over a period of time, differences in polynucleotide expression that are specific to that patient can be identified and closely
20 watched.

Colon Cancer. Colorectal cancer is one of the most common neoplasms in humans and perhaps the most frequent form of hereditary neoplasia. Prevention and early detection are key factors in controlling and curing colorectal cancer. Indeed, colorectal cancer is the second most preventable cancer, after lung cancer. Colorectal cancer begins as polyps,
25 which are small, benign growths of cells that form on the inner lining of the colon. Over a period of several years, some of these polyps accumulate additional mutations and become cancerous. About 20 percent of all cases of colon cancer are thought to be related to heredity. Currently, multiple familial colorectal cancer disorders have been identified, which are summarized as follows:

30 Familial adenomatous polyposis (FAP): This condition results in a person having hundreds or even thousands of polyps in the colon and rectum that usually first appear during

the teenage years. Cancer nearly always develops in one or more of these polyps between the ages of 30 and 50.

5 Gardner's syndrome: Like FAP, Gardner's syndrome results in polyps and colorectal cancers that develop at a young age. It can also cause benign tumors of the skin, soft connective tissue and bones.

10 Hereditary nonpolyposis colon cancer (HNPCC): People with this condition tend to develop colorectal cancer at a young age, without first having many polyps. HNPCC has an autosomal dominant pattern of inheritance with variable but high penetrance estimated to be about 90%. HNPCC underlies 0.5%-10% of all cases of colorectal cancer. An understanding of the mechanisms behind the development of HNPCC is emerging, and genetic presymptomatic testing, now being conducted in research settings, soon will be available on a widespread basis for individuals identified at risk for this disease.

15 Familial colorectal cancer in Ashkenazi Jews: Recent research has found an inherited tendency to developing colorectal cancer among some Jews of Eastern European descent. Like people with FAP, Gardner's syndrome, and HNPCC, their increased risk is due to an inherited mutation present in about 6% of American Jews.

20 Several tests are currently used to screen for colorectal cancer, including digital rectal examination, fecal occult blood test, sigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy, virtual colonoscopy and MRI. Each of these tests identifies potential colorectal cancer lesions, or a risk of development of these lesions, at a fairly gross morphological level.

25 The sequential alteration of a number of genes is associated with malignant adenocarcinoma, including the genes DCC, p53, ras, and FAP. For a review, see *e.g.* Fearon ER, *et al.*, *Cell* (1990) 61(5):759; Hamilton SR *et al.*, *Cancer* (1993) 72:957; Bodmer W, *et al.*, *Nat Genet.* (1994) 4(3):217; Fearon ER, *Ann N Y Acad Sci.* (1995) 768:101. Molecular genetic alterations are thus promising as potential diagnostic and prognostic indicators in colorectal carcinoma and molecular genetics of colorectal carcinoma since it is possible to differentiate between different types of colorectal neoplasias using molecular markers. Colorectal cancer can thus be generally diagnosed by detection of expression of a gene or genes associated with colorectal tumors.

30 Similarly, the expression of polynucleotides of the invention can be used in the diagnosis, prognosis and management of colorectal cancer. The differential expression of a

polynucleotide in hyperplasia can be used as a diagnostic marker for colon cancer. The polynucleotides of the invention that would be especially useful for this purpose are those that exhibit differential expression between malignant metastatic colon cancer and normal patient tissue, *i.e.* SEQ ID NOS: 52, 119, 172, 288. Detection of malignant colon cancer can be determined using expression levels of any of these sequences alone or in combination with the levels of expression.

Determination of the aggressive nature and/or the metastatic potential of a colon cancer can also be determined by comparing levels of one or more polynucleotides of the invention and comparing total levels of another sequence known to vary in cancerous tissue, *e.g.* p53 expression. In addition, development of colon cancer can be detected by examining the ratio of any of the polynucleotides of the invention to the levels of oncogenes (*e.g.* ras) or tumor suppressor genes (*e.g.* FAP or p53). Thus expression of specific marker polynucleotides can be used to discriminate between normal and cancerous breast tissue, to discriminate between breast cancers with different cells of origin, to discriminate between breast cancers with different potential metastatic rates, etc.

G. Use of Polynucleotides to Screen for Peptide Analogs and Antagonists

Polypeptides encoded by the instant polynucleotides and corresponding full length genes can be used to screen peptide libraries to identify binding partners, such as receptors, from among the encoded polypeptides.

A library of peptides can be synthesized following the methods disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,010,175 ('175), and in WO 91/17823. As described below in brief, one prepares a mixture of peptides, which is then screened to identify the peptides exhibiting the desired signal transduction and receptor binding activity. In the '175 method, a suitable peptide synthesis support (*e.g.*, a resin) is coupled to a mixture of appropriately protected, activated amino acids. The concentration of each amino acid in the reaction mixture is balanced or adjusted in inverse proportion to its coupling reaction rate so that the product is an equimolar mixture of amino acids coupled to the starting resin. The bound amino acids are then deprotected, and reacted with another balanced amino acid mixture to form an equimolar mixture of all possible dipeptides. This process is repeated until a mixture of peptides of the desired length (*e.g.*, hexamers) is formed. Note that one need not include all amino acids in each step: one can include only one or two amino acids in some steps (*e.g.*, where it is

known that a particular amino acid is essential in a given position), thus reducing the complexity of the mixture. After the synthesis of the peptide library is completed, the mixture of peptides is screened for binding to the selected polypeptide. The peptides are then tested for their ability to inhibit or enhance activity. Peptides exhibiting the desired activity are then isolated and sequenced.

The method described in WO 91/17823 is similar. However, instead of reacting the synthesis resin with a mixture of activated amino acids, the resin is divided into twenty equal portions (or into a number of portions corresponding to the number of different amino acids to be added in that step), and each amino acid is coupled individually to its portion of resin.

The resin portions are then combined, mixed, and again divided into a number of equal portions for reaction with the second amino acid. In this manner, each reaction can be easily driven to completion. Additionally, one can maintain separate "subpools" by treating portions in parallel, rather than combining all resins at each step. This simplifies the process of determining which peptides are responsible for any observed receptor binding or signal transduction activity.

In such cases, the subpools containing, *e.g.*, 1-2,000 candidates each are exposed to one or more polypeptides of the invention. Each subpool that produces a positive result is then resynthesized as a group of smaller subpools (sub-subpools) containing, *e.g.*, 20-100 candidates, and reassayed. Positive sub-subpools can be resynthesized as individual compounds, and assayed finally to determine the peptides that exhibit a high binding constant. These peptides can be tested for their ability to inhibit or enhance the native activity. The methods described in WO 91/7823 and U.S. Patent No. 5,194,392 (herein incorporated by reference) enable the preparation of such pools and subpools by automated techniques in parallel, such that all synthesis and resynthesis can be performed in a matter of days.

Peptide agonists or antagonists are screened using any available method, such as signal transduction, antibody binding, receptor binding, mitogenic assays, chemotaxis assays, etc. The methods described herein are presently preferred. The assay conditions ideally should resemble the conditions under which the native activity is exhibited *in vivo*, that is, under physiologic pH, temperature, and ionic strength. Suitable agonists or antagonists will exhibit strong inhibition or enhancement of the native activity at

concentrations that do not cause toxic side effects in the subject. Agonists or antagonists that compete for binding to the native polypeptide can require concentrations equal to or greater than the native concentration, while inhibitors capable of binding irreversibly to the polypeptide can be added in concentrations on the order of the native concentration.

5 The end results of such screening and experimentation will be at least one novel polypeptide binding partner, such as a receptor, encoded by a gene or a cDNA corresponding to a polynucleotide of the invention, and at least one peptide agonist or antagonist of the novel binding partner. Such agonists and antagonists can be used to modulate, enhance, or inhibit receptor function in cells to which the receptor is native, or in cells that possess the
10 receptor as a result of genetic engineering. Further, if the novel receptor shares biologically important characteristics with a known receptor, information about agonist/antagonist binding can facilitate development of improved agonists/antagonists of the known receptor.

H. Pharmaceutical Compositions and Therapeutic Uses

Pharmaceutical compositions can comprise polypeptides, antibodies, or
15 polynucleotides of the claimed invention. The pharmaceutical compositions will comprise a therapeutically effective amount of either polypeptides, antibodies, or polynucleotides of the claimed invention.

The term "therapeutically effective amount" as used herein refers to an amount of a therapeutic agent to treat, ameliorate, or prevent a desired disease or condition, or to exhibit a
20 detectable therapeutic or preventative effect. The effect can be detected by, for example, chemical markers or antigen levels. Therapeutic effects also include reduction in physical symptoms, such as decreased body temperature. The precise effective amount for a subject will depend upon the subject's size and health, the nature and extent of the condition, and the therapeutics or combination of therapeutics selected for administration. Thus, it is not useful
25 to specify an exact effective amount in advance. However, the effective amount for a given situation is determined by routine experimentation and is within the judgment of the clinician. For purposes of the present invention, an effective dose will generally be from about 0.01 mg/kg to 50 mg/kg or 0.05 mg/kg to about 10 mg/kg of the DNA constructs in the individual to which it is administered.

30 A pharmaceutical composition can also contain a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. The term "pharmaceutically acceptable carrier" refers to a carrier for administration of a

therapeutic agent, such as antibodies or a polypeptide, genes, and other therapeutic agents.

The term refers to any pharmaceutical carrier that does not itself induce the production of antibodies harmful to the individual receiving the composition, and which can be administered without undue toxicity. Suitable carriers can be large, slowly metabolized

5 macromolecules such as proteins, polysaccharides, polylactic acids, polyglycolic acids, polymeric amino acids, amino acid copolymers, and inactive virus particles. Such carriers are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts can be used therein, for example, mineral acid salts such as hydrochlorides, hydrobromides, phosphates, sulfates, and the like; and the salts of
10 organic acids such as acetates, propionates, malonates, benzoates, and the like. A thorough discussion of pharmaceutically acceptable excipients is available in *Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences* (Mack Pub. Co., N.J. 1991).

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers in therapeutic compositions can include liquids such as water, saline, glycerol and ethanol. Auxiliary substances, such as wetting or
15 emulsifying agents, pH buffering substances, and the like, can also be present in such vehicles. Typically, the therapeutic compositions are prepared as injectables, either as liquid solutions or suspensions; solid forms suitable for solution in, or suspension in, liquid vehicles prior to injection can also be prepared. Liposomes are included within the definition of a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20 Delivery Methods. Once formulated, the compositions of the invention can be (1) administered directly to the subject (*e.g.*, as polynucleotide or polypeptides); (2) delivered *ex vivo*, to cells derived from the subject (*e.g.*, as in *ex vivo* gene therapy); or (3) delivered *in vitro* for expression of recombinant proteins (*e.g.*, polynucleotides). Direct delivery of the compositions will generally be accomplished by injection, either
25 subcutaneously, intraperitoneally, intravenously or intramuscularly, or delivered to the interstitial space of a tissue. The compositions can also be administered into a tumor or lesion. Other modes of administration include oral and pulmonary administration, suppositories, and transdermal applications, needles, and gene guns or hyposprays. Dosage treatment can be a single dose schedule or a multiple dose schedule.

30 Methods for the *ex vivo* delivery and reimplantation of transformed cells into a subject are known in the art and described in *e.g.*, International Publication No. WO

93/14778. Examples of cells useful in ex vivo applications include, for example, stem cells, particularly hematopoietic, lymph cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, or tumor cells. Generally, delivery of nucleic acids for both ex vivo and in vitro applications can be accomplished by, for example, dextran-mediated transfection, calcium phosphate
5 precipitation, polybrene mediated transfection, protoplast fusion, electroporation, encapsulation of the polynucleotide(s) in liposomes, and direct microinjection of the DNA into nuclei, all well known in the art.

Once a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide of the invention has been found to correlate with a proliferative disorder, such as neoplasia, dysplasia, and hyperplasia, the
10 disorder can be amenable to treatment by administration of a therapeutic agent based on the provided polynucleotide or corresponding polypeptide.

Preparation of antisense polynucleotides is discussed above. Neoplasias that are treated with the antisense composition include, but are not limited to, cervical cancers, melanomas, colorectal adenocarcinomas, Wilms' tumor, retinoblastoma, sarcomas,
15 myosarcomas, lung carcinomas, leukemias, such as chronic myelogenous leukemia, promyelocytic leukemia, monocytic leukemia, and myeloid leukemia, and lymphomas, such as histiocytic lymphoma. Proliferative disorders that are treated with the therapeutic composition include disorders such as anhydric hereditary ectodermal dysplasia, congenital alveolar dysplasia, epithelial dysplasia of the cervix, fibrous dysplasia of bone, and
20 mammary dysplasia. Hyperplasias, for example, endometrial, adrenal, breast, prostate, or thyroid hyperplasias or pseudoepitheliomatous hyperplasia of the skin, are treated with antisense therapeutic compositions based upon a polynucleotide of the invention. Even in disorders in which mutations in the corresponding gene are not implicated, downregulation or inhibition of expression of a gene corresponding to a polynucleotide of the invention can
25 have therapeutic application. For example, decreasing gene expression can help to suppress tumors in which enhanced expression of the gene is implicated.

Both the dose of the antisense composition and the means of administration are determined based on the specific qualities of the therapeutic composition, the condition, age, and weight of the patient, the progression of the disease, and other relevant factors.
30 Administration of the therapeutic antisense agents of the invention includes local or systemic administration, including injection, oral administration, particle gun or catheterized

administration, and topical administration. Preferably, the therapeutic antisense composition contains an expression construct comprising a promoter and a polynucleotide segment of at least 12, 22, 25, 30, or 35 contiguous nucleotides of the antisense strand of a polynucleotide disclosed herein. Within the expression construct, the polynucleotide segment is located downstream from the promoter, and transcription of the polynucleotide segment initiates at the promoter.

Various methods are used to administer the therapeutic composition directly to a specific site in the body. For example, a small metastatic lesion is located and the therapeutic composition injected several times in several different locations within the body of tumor. Alternatively, arteries which serve a tumor are identified, and the therapeutic composition injected into such an artery, in order to deliver the composition directly into the tumor. A tumor that has a necrotic center is aspirated and the composition injected directly into the now empty center of the tumor. The antisense composition is directly administered to the surface of the tumor, for example, by topical application of the composition. X-ray imaging is used to assist in certain of the above delivery methods.

Receptor-mediated targeted delivery of therapeutic compositions containing an antisense polynucleotide, subgenomic polynucleotides, or antibodies to specific tissues is also used. Receptor-mediated DNA delivery techniques are described in, for example, Findeis *et al.*, *Trends Biotechnol.* (1993) 11:202; Chiou *et al.*, *Gene Therapeutics: Methods And Applications Of Direct Gene Transfer* (J.A. Wolff, ed.) (1994); Wu *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1988) 263:621; Wu *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1994) 269:542; Zenke *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA)* (1990) 87:3655; Wu *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1991) 266:338. Preferably, receptor-mediated targeted delivery of therapeutic compositions containing antibodies of the invention is used to deliver the antibodies to specific tissue.

Therapeutic compositions containing antisense subgenomic polynucleotides are administered in a range of about 100 ng to about 200 mg of DNA for local administration in a gene therapy protocol. Concentration ranges of about 500 ng to about 50 mg, about 1 μ g to about 2 mg, about 5 μ g to about 500 μ g, and about 20 μ g to about 100 μ g of DNA can also be used during a gene therapy protocol. Factors such as method of action and efficacy of transformation and expression are considerations which will affect the dosage required for ultimate efficacy of the antisense subgenomic polynucleotides. Where greater expression is

desired over a larger area of tissue, larger amounts of antisense subgenomic polynucleotides or the same amounts readministered in a successive protocol of administrations, or several administrations to different adjacent or close tissue portions of, for example, a tumor site, may be required to effect a positive therapeutic outcome. In all cases, routine experimentation in clinical trials will determine specific ranges for optimal therapeutic effect. A more complete description of gene therapy vectors, especially retroviral vectors, is contained in U.S. Serial No. 08/869,309, which is expressly incorporated herein, and in section G below.

For polynucleotide-related genes encoding polypeptides or proteins with anti-inflammatory activity, suitable use, doses, and administration are described in U.S. Patent No. 5,654,173. Therapeutic agents also include antibodies to proteins and polypeptides encoded by the polynucleotides of the invention and related genes, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,654,173.

I. Gene Therapy

The therapeutic polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention can be utilized in gene delivery vehicles. The gene delivery vehicle can be of viral or non-viral origin (see generally, Jolly, *Cancer Gene Therapy* (1994) 1:51; Kimura, *Human Gene Therapy* (1994) 5:845; Connelly, *Human Gene Therapy* (1995) 1:185; and Kaplitt, *Nature Genetics* (1994) 6:148). Gene therapy vehicles for delivery of constructs including a coding sequence of a therapeutic of the invention can be administered either locally or systemically. These constructs can utilize viral or non-viral vector approaches. Expression of such coding sequences can be induced using endogenous mammalian or heterologous promoters. Expression of the coding sequence can be either constitutive or regulated.

The present invention can employ recombinant retroviruses which are constructed to carry or express a selected nucleic acid molecule of interest. Retrovirus vectors that can be employed include those described in EP 0 415 731; WO 90/07936; WO 94/03622; WO 93/25698; WO 93/25234; U.S. Patent No. 5, 219,740; WO 93/11230; WO 93/10218; Vile and Hart, *Cancer Res.* (1993) 53:3860; Vile *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* (1993) 53:962; Ram *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* (1993) 53:83; Takamiya *et al.*, *J. Neurosci. Res.* (1992) 33:493; Baba *et al.*, *J. Neurosurg.* (1993) 79:729; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB Patent No. 2,200,651; and EP 0 345 242. Preferred recombinant retroviruses include those described in WO 91/02805.

Packaging cell lines suitable for use with the above-described retroviral vector constructs can be readily prepared (see, *e.g.*, WO 95/30763 and WO 92/05266), and used to create producer cell lines (also termed vector cell lines) for the production of recombinant vector particles. Within particularly preferred embodiments of the invention, packaging cell lines are made from human (such as HT1080 cells) or mink parent cell lines, thereby allowing production of recombinant retroviruses that can survive inactivation in human serum.

The present invention also employs alphavirus-based vectors that can function as gene delivery vehicles. Such vectors can be constructed from a wide variety of alphaviruses, including, for example, Sindbis virus vectors, Semliki forest virus (ATCC VR-67; ATCC VR-1247), Ross River virus (ATCC VR-373; ATCC VR-1246) and Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus (ATCC VR-923; ATCC VR-1250; ATCC VR 1249; ATCC VR-532). Representative examples of such vector systems include those described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,091,309; 5,217,879; and 5,185,440; WO 92/10578; WO 94/21792; WO 95/27069; WO 95/27044; and WO 95/07994. Gene delivery vehicles of the present invention can also employ parvovirus such as adeno-associated virus (AAV) vectors. Representative examples include the AAV vectors disclosed by Srivastava in WO 93/09239, Samulski *et al.*, *J. Virol.* (1989) 63:3822; Mendelson *et al.*, *Virol.* (1988) 166:154; and Flotte *et al.*, *PNAS* (1993) 90:10613.

Representative examples of adenoviral vectors include those described by Berkner, *Biotechniques* (1988) 6:616; Rosenfeld *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 252:431; WO 93/19191; Kolls *et al.*, *PNAS* (1994) 91:215; Kass-Eisler *et al.*, *PNAS* (1993) 90:11498; Guzman *et al.*, *Circulation* (1993) 88:2838; Guzman *et al.*, *Cir. Res.* (1993) 73:1202; Zabner *et al.*, *Cell* (1993) 75:207; Li *et al.*, *Hum. Gene Ther.* (1993) 4:403; Cailaud *et al.*, *Eur. J. Neurosci.* (1993) 5:1287; Vincent *et al.*, *Nat. Genet.* (1993) 5:130; Jaffe *et al.*, *Nat. Genet.* (1992) 1:372; and Levrero *et al.*, *Gene* (1991) 101:195. Exemplary adenoviral gene therapy vectors employable in this invention also include those described in WO 94/12649, WO 93/03769; WO 93/19191; WO 94/28938; WO 95/11984 and WO 95/00655. Administration of DNA linked to killed adenovirus as described in Curiel, *Hum. Gene Ther.* (1992) 3:147 can be employed.

Other gene delivery vehicles and methods can be employed, including polycationic condensed DNA linked or unlinked to killed adenovirus alone, for example Curiel, *Hum. Gene Ther.* (1992) 3:147; ligand linked DNA, for example see Wu, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1989) 264:16985; eukaryotic cell delivery vehicles cells, for example see U.S. Pat. No. 5,814,482; 5 WO 95/07994; WO 96/17072; WO 95/30763; and WO 97/42338; deposition of photopolymerized hydrogel materials; hand-held gene transfer particle gun, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,149,655; ionizing radiation as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,206,152 and in WO92/11033; nucleic charge neutralization or fusion with cell membranes. Additional approaches are described in Philip, *Mol. Cell Biol.* (1994) 14:2411, and in Woffendin, *Proc.* 10 *Natl. Acad. Sci.* (1994) 91:1581.

Naked DNA can also be employed. Exemplary naked DNA introduction methods are described in WO 90/11092 and U.S. Patent No. 5,580,859. Uptake efficiency can be improved using biodegradable latex beads. DNA coated latex beads are efficiently transported into cells after endocytosis initiation by the beads. The method can be improved 15 further by treatment of the beads to increase hydrophobicity and thereby facilitate disruption of the endosome and release of the DNA into the cytoplasm. Liposomes that can act as gene delivery vehicles are described in U.S. Patent No. 5,422,120; WO 95/13796; WO 94/23697; WO 91/14445; and EP 0524968.

Further non-viral delivery suitable for use includes mechanical delivery systems such 20 as the approach described in Woffendin *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1994) 91(24):11581. Moreover, the coding sequence and the product of expression of such can be delivered through deposition of photopolymerized hydrogel materials. Other conventional methods for gene delivery that can be used for delivery of the coding sequence include, for example, use of hand-held gene transfer particle gun, as described in U.S. Patent No. 25 5,149,655; use of ionizing radiation for activating transferred gene, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,206,152 and WO 92/11033.

The present invention will now be illustrated by reference to the following examples which set forth particularly advantageous embodiments. However, it should be noted that these embodiments are illustrative and are not to be construed as restricting the invention in 30 any way.

EXAMPLES

The present invention is now illustrated by reference to the following examples which set forth particularly advantageous embodiments. However, these embodiments are illustrative and are not meant to be construed as restricting the invention in any way.

5

Example 1: Source of Biological Materials and Overview of Novel Polynucleotides Expressed by the Biological Materials

Human colon cancer cell line Km12L4-A (Morika, W. A. K. et al., *Cancer Research* (1988) 48:6863) was used to construct a cDNA library from mRNA isolated from the cells.

- 10 As described in the above overview, a total of 4,693 sequences expressed by the Km12L4-A cell line were isolated and analyzed; most sequences were about 275-300 nucleotides in length. The KM12L4-A cell line is derived from the KM12C cell line. The KM12C cell line, which is poorly metastatic (low metastatic) was established in culture from a Dukes' stage B₂ surgical specimen (Morikawa *et al. Cancer Res.* (1988) 48:6863). The KML4-A is
15 a highly metastatic subline derived from KM12C (Yeatman *et al. Nucl. Acids. Res.* (1995) 23:4007; Bao-Ling *et al. Proc. Annu. Meet. Am. Assoc. Cancer. Res.* (1995) 21:3269). The KM12C and KM12C-derived cell lines (e.g., KM12L4, KM12L4-A, etc.) are well-recognized in the art as a model cell line for the study of colon cancer (see, e.g., Moriakawa *et al., supra*; Radinsky *et al. Clin. Cancer Res.* (1995) 1:19; Yeatman *et al., (1995) supra*;
20 Yeatman *et al. Clin. Exp. Metastasis* (1996) 14:246).

- The sequences were first masked to eliminate low complexity sequences using the XBLAST masking program (Claverie "Effective Large-Scale Sequence Similarity Searches," In: Computer Methods for Macromolecular Sequence Analysis, Doolittle, ed., *Meth. Enzymol.* 266:212-227 Academic Press, NY, NY (1996); see particularly Claverie, in "Automated
25 DNA Sequencing and Analysis Techniques" Adams *et al.*, eds., Chap. 36, p. 267 Academic Press, San Diego, 1994 and Claverie *et al. Comput. Chem.* (1993) 17:191). Generally, masking does not influence the final search results, except to eliminate of relative little interest due to their low complexity, and to eliminate multiple "hits" based on similarity to repetitive regions common to multiple sequences, e.g., Alu repeats. Masking resulted in the
30 elimination of 43 sequences. The remaining sequences were then used in a BLASTN vs. Genbank search with search parameters of greater than 70% overlap, 99% identity, and a p value of less than 1×10^{-40} , which search resulted in the discarding of 1,432 sequences. Sequences from this search also were discarded if the inclusive parameters were met, but the sequence was ribosomal or vector-derived.

The resulting sequences from the previous search were classified into three groups (1, 2 and 3 below) and searched in a BLASTX vs. NRP (non-redundant proteins) database search: (1) unknown (no hits in the Genbank search), (2) weak similarity (greater than 45% identity and p value of less than 1×10^{-5}), and (3) high similarity (greater than 60% overlap, greater than 80% identity, and p value less than 1×10^{-5}). This search resulted in discard of 98 sequences as having greater than 70% overlap, greater than 99% identity, and p value of less than 1×10^{-40} .

The remaining sequences were classified as unknown (no hits), weak similarity, and high similarity (parameters as above). Two searches were performed on these sequences.

First, a BLAST vs. EST database search resulted in discard of 1771 sequences (sequences with greater than 99% overlap, greater than 99% similarity and a p value of less than 1×10^{-40} ; sequences with a p value of less than 1×10^{-65} when compared to a database sequence of human origin were also excluded). Second, a BLASTN vs. Patent GeneSeq database resulted in discard of 15 sequences (greater than 99% identity; p value less than 1×10^{-40} ; greater than 99% overlap).

The remaining sequences were subjected to screening using other rules and redundancies in the dataset. Sequences with a p value of less than 1×10^{-111} in relation to a database sequence of human origin were specifically excluded. The final result provided the 404 sequences listed in the accompanying Sequence Listing. The Sequence Listing is arranged beginning with sequences with no similarity to any sequence in a database searched, and ending with sequences with the greatest similarity. Each identified polynucleotide represents sequence from at least a partial mRNA transcript. Polynucleotides that were determined to be novel were assigned a sequence identification number.

The novel polynucleotides and were assigned sequence identification numbers SEQ ID NOS: 1-404. The DNA sequences corresponding to the novel polynucleotides are provided in the Sequence Listing. The majority of the sequences are presented in the Sequence Listing in the 5' to 3' direction. A small number, 25, are listed in the Sequence Listing in the 5' to 3' direction but the sequence as written is actually 3' to 5'. These sequences are readily identified with the designation "AR" in the Sequence Name in Table 1 (inserted before the claims). The sequences correctly listed in the 5' to 3' direction in the Sequence Listing are designated "AF." The Sequence Listing filed herewith therefore contains 25 sequences listed in the reverse order, namely SEQ ID NOS:47, 97, 137, 171, 173, 179, 182, 194, 200, 202, 213, 227, 258, 264, 275, 302, 313, 324, 329, 330, 331, 338, 358, 379, and 404.

Because the provided polynucleotides represent partial mRNA transcripts, two or more polynucleotides of the invention may represent different regions of the same mRNA transcript and the same gene. Thus, if two or more SEQ ID NOS: are identified as belonging to the same clone, then either sequence can be used to obtain the full-length mRNA or gene.

5 In order to confirm the sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-404, inserts of the clones corresponding to these polynucleotides were re-sequenced. These "validation" sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS:405-800. These validation sequences were often longer than the original polynucleotide sequences. They validate, and thus often provide additional sequence information. Validation sequences can be correlated with the original sequences
10 they validate by identifying those sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-404 and the validation sequences of SEQ ID NOS:405-800 that share the same clone name in Table 1.

Example 2: Results of Public Database Search to Identify Function of Gene Products

SEQ ID NOS:1-404, as well as the validation sequences SEQ ID NOS:405-800, were
15 translated in all three reading frames to determine the best alignment with the individual sequences. These amino acid sequences and nucleotide sequences are referred, generally, as query sequences, which are aligned with the individual sequences. Query and individual sequences were aligned using the BLAST programs, available over the world wide web at <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/BLAST/>. Again the sequences were masked to various extents
20 to prevent searching of repetitive sequences or poly-A sequences, using the XBLAST program for masking low complexity as described above in Example 1.

Table 2 (inserted before the claims) shows the results of the alignments. Table 2 refers to each sequence by its SEQ ID NO:, the accession numbers and descriptions of nearest neighbors from the Genbank and Non-Redundant Protein searches, and the p values
25 of the search results. Table 1 identifies each SEQ ID NO: by SEQ name, clone ID, and cluster. As discussed above, a single cluster includes polynucleotides representing the same gene or gene family, and generally represents sequences encoding the same gene product.

For each of SEQ ID NOS:1-800, the best alignment to a protein or DNA sequence is included in Table 2. The activity of the polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NOS:1-800 is the
30 same or similar to the nearest neighbor reported in Table 2. The accession number of the nearest neighbor is reported, providing a reference to the activities exhibited by the nearest neighbor. The search program and database used for the alignment also are indicated as well as a calculation of the p value.

Full length sequences or fragments of the polynucleotide sequences of the nearest neighbors can be used as probes and primers to identify and isolate the full length sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1-800. The nearest neighbors can indicate a tissue or cell type to be used to construct a library for the full-length sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-800.

- 5 SEQ ID NOS:1-800 and the translations thereof may be human homologs of known genes of other species or novel allelic variants of known human genes. In such cases, these new human sequences are suitable as diagnostics or therapeutics. As diagnostics, the human sequences SEQ ID NOS:1-800 exhibit greater specificity in detecting and differentiating human cell lines and types than homologs of other species. The human polypeptides encoded by SEQ ID NOS:1-800 are likely to be less immunogenic when administered to humans than homologs from other species. Further, on administration to humans, the polypeptides encoded by SEQ ID NOS:1-800 can show greater specificity or can be better regulated by other human proteins than are homologs from other species.

15 Example 3: Members of Protein Families

- After conducting a profile search as described in the specification above, several of the polynucleotides of the invention were found to encode polypeptides having characteristics of a polypeptide belonging to a known protein families (and thus represent new members of these protein families) and/or comprising a known functional domain (Table 3). Thus the invention encompasses fragments, fusions, and variants of such polynucleotides that retain biological activity associated with the protein family and/or functional domain identified herein.

Table 3 Polynucleotides encoding gene products of a protein family or having a known functional domain(s).

SEQ ID NO:	Biological Activity (Profile hit)	Start	Stop	Dir
24	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	1218	578	rev
41	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	1086	413	rev
101	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	1206	544	rev
157	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	721	33	rev
341	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	1253	613	rev
395	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	530	10	for
395	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	696	17	for
395	4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins	471	39	rev
24	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1301	491	rev
41	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1309	10	rev
101	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1330	296	rev
157	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1173	249	rev
291	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1400	269	rev

Table 3 Polynucleotides encoding gene products of a protein family or having a known functional domain(s).

SEQ ID NO:	Biological Activity (Profile hit)	Start	Stop	Dir
291	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	712	130	for
305	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	926	4	for
305	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	753	55	rev
315	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1058	270	rev
341	7 transmembrane receptor (Secretin family)	1265	534	rev
116	Ank repeat	141	218	for
251	Ank repeat	290	207	for
251	Ank repeat	467	387	for
63	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	543	60	for
116	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	802	313	for
134	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	525	57	rev
136	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	712	163	for
151	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	719	73	for
151	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	386	13	for
384	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	664	140	for
404	ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities	704	52	for
374	Basic region plus leucine zipper transcription factors	298	146	for
97	Bromodomain (conserved sequence found in human, Drosophila and yeast proteins.)	230	63	for
136	EF-hand	121	207	for
242	EF-hand	238	155	for
379	EF-hand	212	126	for
308	Eukaryotic aspartyl proteases	1300	461	rev
213	GATA family of transcription factors	720	377	for
367	G-protein alpha subunit	971	467	rev
188	Phorbol esters/diacylglycerol binding	91	177	for
251	Phorbol esters/diacylglycerol binding	133	219	for
202	protein kinase	482	1	rev
202	protein kinase	970	1	rev
315	protein kinase	739	158	for
315	protein kinase	1023	197	for
367	protein kinase	1046	285	rev
397	protein kinase	511	6	for
256	Protein phosphatase 2C	13	90	for
256	Protein phosphatase 2C	163	86	for
382	Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase	261	2	for
306	SH3 Domain	141	296	for
386	SH3 Domain	359	209	for
169	Trypsin	764	164	rev
188	WD domain, G-beta repeats	480	382	for
188	WD domain, G-beta repeats	206	117	for
335	WD domain, G-beta repeats	3	92	for
23	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	1151	335	rev
291	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	779	89	rev
291	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	1347	382	rev
324	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	1180	499	rev
330	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	1180	499	rev
341	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	1399	560	rev

Table 3 Polynucleotides encoding gene products of a protein family or having a known functional domain(s).

SEQ ID NO:	Biological Activity (Profile hit)	Start	Stop	Dir
353	wnt family of developmental signaling proteins	880	49	rev
188	WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins	431	354	for
379	WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins	12	89	for
395	WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins	153	76	for
395	WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins	156	64	for
61	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	254	192	for
306	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	428	367	for
386	Zinc finger, C2H2 type	191	253	for
322	Zinc finger, CCHC class	553	503	for
306	Zinc-binding metalloprotease domain	101	60	rev
395	Zinc-binding metalloprotease domain	28	69	rev

Start and stop indicate the position within the individual sequences that align with the query sequence having the indicated SEQ ID NO. The direction (Dir) indicates the orientation of the query sequence with respect to the individual sequence, where forward (for) indicates that the alignment is in the same direction (left to right) as the sequence provided in the Sequence Listing and reverse (rev) indicates that the alignment is with a sequence complementary to the sequence provided in the Sequence Listing.

Some polynucleotides exhibited multiple profile hits because, for example, the particular sequence contains overlapping profile regions, and/or the sequence contains two different functional domains. These profile hits are described in more detail below.

a) Four Transmembrane Integral Membrane Proteins. SEQ ID NOS: 24, 41, 101, 157, 341, and 395 correspond to a sequence encoding a polypeptide that is a member of the 4 transmembrane segments integral membrane protein family (transmembrane 4 family). The transmembrane 4 family of proteins includes a number of evolutionarily-related eukaryotic cell surface antigens (Levy *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.*, (1991) 266:14597; Tomlinson *et al.*, *Eur. J. Immunol.* (1993) 23:136; Barclay *et al.* The leucocyte antigen factbooks. (1993) Academic Press, London/San Diego). The proteins belonging to this family include: 1) Mammalian antigen CD9 (MIC3), which is involved in platelet activation and aggregation; 2) Mammalian leukocyte antigen CD37, expressed on B lymphocytes; 3) Mammalian leukocyte antigen CD53 (OX-44), which is implicated in growth regulation in hematopoietic cells; 4) Mammalian lysosomal membrane protein CD63 (melanoma-associated antigen ME491; antigen AD1); 5) Mammalian antigen CD81 (cell surface protein TAPA-1), which is implicated in regulation of lymphoma cell growth; 6) Mammalian antigen CD82 (protein

R2; antigen C33; Kangai 1 (KAI1)), which associates with CD4 or CD8 and delivers costimulatory signals for the TCR/CD3 pathway; 7) Mammalian antigen CD151 (SFA-1; platelet-endothelial tetraspan antigen 3 (PETA-3)); 8) Mammalian cell surface glycoprotein A15 (TALLA-1; MXS1); 9) Mammalian novel antigen 2 (NAG-2); 10) Human tumor-associated antigen CO-029; 11) *Schistosoma mansoni* and *japonicum* 23 Kd surface antigen (SM23 / SJ23).

The members of the 4 transmembrane family share several characteristics. First, they all are apparently type III membrane proteins, which are integral membrane proteins containing an N-terminal membrane-anchoring domain which is not cleaved during biosynthesis and which functions both as a translocation signal and as a membrane anchor. The family members also contain three additional transmembrane regions, at least seven conserved cysteines residues, and are of approximately the same size (218 to 284 residues). These proteins are collectively know as the "transmembrane 4 superfamily" (TM4) because they span plasma membrane four times. A schematic diagram of the domain structure of these proteins is as follows:

```

+--+-----+-----+--+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| | TMa | Extra | TM2| Cyt | TM3 | Extracellular      | TM4 | Cyt|
+--+-----+-----+---C---C---+-----CC---C---C---+---C---+

```

where Cyt is the cytoplasmic domain, TMa is the transmembrane anchor; TM2 to TM4 represents transmembrane regions 2 to 4, 'C' are conserved cysteines, and '*' indicates the position of the consensus pattern. The consensus pattern spans a conserved region including two cysteines located in a short cytoplasmic loop between two transmembrane domains:
Consensus pattern: G-x(3)-[LIVMF]-x(2)-[GSA]-[LIVMF](2)-G-C-x-[GA]-[STA]- x(2)-[EG]-x(2)-[CWN]-[LIVM](2).

b) Seven Transmembrane Integral Membrane Proteins. SEQ ID NOS: 24, 41, 101, 157, 291, 305, 315, and 341 correspond to a sequence encoding a polypeptide that is a member of the seven transmembrane receptor family. G-protein coupled receptors (Strosberg, *Eur. J. Biochem.* (1991) 196:1; Kerlavage, *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* (1991) 1:394; and Probst *et al.*, *DNA Cell Biol.* (1992) 11:1; and Savarese *et al.*, *Biochem. J.* (1992) 293:1) (also called R7G) are an extensive group of hormones, neurotransmitters, odorants and light receptors which transduce extracellular signals by interaction with guanine nucleotide-binding (G) proteins. The tertiary structure of these receptors is thought to be highly similar. They have seven hydrophobic regions, each of which most probably spans

the membrane. The N-terminus is located on the extracellular side of the membrane and is often glycosylated, while the C-terminus is cytoplasmic and generally phosphorylated. Three extracellular loops alternate with three intracellular loops to link the seven transmembrane regions. Most, but not all of these receptors, lack a signal peptide. The most conserved parts of these proteins are the transmembrane regions and the first two cytoplasmic loops. A conserved acidic-Arg-aromatic triplet is present in the N-terminal extremity of the second cytoplasmic loop (Attwood *et al.*, *Gene* (1991) 98:153) and could be implicated in the interaction with G proteins.

To detect this widespread family of proteins a pattern is used that contains the conserved triplet and that also spans the major part of the third transmembrane helix. Additional information about the seven transmembrane receptor family, and methods for their identification and use, is found in U.S. Patent No. 5,759,804. Due in part to their expression on the cell surface and other attractive characteristics, seven transmembrane protein family members are of particular interest as drug targets, as surface antigen markers, and as drug delivery targets (*e.g.*, using antibody-drug complexes and/or use of anti-seven transmembrane protein antibodies as therapeutics in their own right).

c) Ank Repeats. SEQ ID NOS: 116 and 251 represent polynucleotides encoding Ank repeat-containing proteins. The ankyrin motif is a 33 amino acid sequence named after the protein ankyrin which has 24 tandem 33-amino-acid motifs. Ank repeats were originally identified in the cell-cycle-control protein cdc10 (Breedon *et al.*, *Nature* (1987) 329:651). Proteins containing ankyrin repeats include ankyrin, myotropin, I-kappaB proteins, cell cycle protein cdc10, the Notch receptor (Matsuno *et al.*, *Development* (1997) 124(21):4265); G9a (or BAT8) of the class III region of the major histocompatibility complex (Biochem J. 290:811-818, 1993), FABP, GABP, 53BP2, Lin12, glp-1, SW14, and SW16. The functions of the ankyrin repeats are compatible with a role in protein-protein interactions (Bork, *Proteins* (1993) 17(4):363; Lambert and Bennet, *Eur. J. Biochem.* (1993) 211:1; Kerr *et al.*, *Current Op. Cell Biol.* (1992) 4:496; Bennet *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1980) 255:6424).

The 90 kD N-terminal domain of ankyrin contains a series of 24 33-amino-acid ank repeats. (Lux *et al.*, *Nature* (1990) 344:36-42, Lambert *et al.*, *PNAS USA* (1990) 87:1730.) The 24 ank repeats form four folded subdomains of 6 repeats each. These four repeat subdomains mediate interactions with at least 7 different families of membrane proteins. Ankyrin contains two separate binding sites for anion exchanger dimers. One site utilizes repeat subdomain two (repeats 7-12) and the other requires both repeat subdomains 3 and 4 (repeats 13-24). Since the anion exchangers exist in dimers, ankyrin binds 4 anion

exchangers at the same time. (Michaely and Bennett, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1995) 270(37):22050)

The repeat motifs are involved in ankyrin interaction with tubulin, spectrin, and other membrane proteins. (Lux *et al.*, *Nature* (1990) 344:36.)

The Rel/NF-kappaB/Dorsal family of transcription factors have activity that is controlled by sequestration in the cytoplasm in association with inhibitory proteins referred to as I-kappaB. (Gilmore, *Cell* (1990) 62:841; Nolan and Baltimore, *Curr Opin Genet Dev.* (1992) 2:211; Baeuerle, *Biochim Biophys Acta* (1991) 1072:63; Schmitz *et al.*, *Trends Cell Biol.* (1991) 1:130.) I-kappaB proteins contain 5 to 8 copies of 33 amino acid ankyrin repeats and certain NF-kappaB/rel proteins are also regulated by cis-acting ankyrin repeat containing domains including p105NF-kappaB which contains a series of ankyrin repeats (Diehl and Hannink, *J. Virol.* (1993) 67(12):7161). The I-kappaBs and Cactus (also containing ankyrin repeats) inhibit activators through differential interactions with the Rel-homology domain. The gene family includes proto-oncogenes, thus broadly implicating I-kappaB in the control of both normal gene expression and the aberrant gene expression that makes cells cancerous. (Nolan and Baltimore, *Curr Opin Genet Dev.* (1992) 2(2):211-220). In the case of rel/NF-kappaB and pp40/I-kappaB β , both the ankyrin repeats and the carboxy-terminal domain are required for inhibiting DNA-binding activity and direct association of pp40/I-kappaB β with rel/NF-kappaB protein. The ankyrin repeats and the carboxy-terminal of pp40/I-kappaB β form a structure that associates with the rel homology domain to inhibit DNA binding activity (Inoue *et al.*, *PNAS USA* (1992) 89:4333).

The 4 ankyrin repeats in the amino terminus of the transcription factor subunit GABP β are required for its interaction with the GABP α subunit to form a functional high affinity DNA-binding protein. These repeats can be crosslinked to DNA when GABP is bound to its target sequence. (Thompson *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 253:762; LaMarco *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 253:789).

Myotrophin, a 12.5 kDa protein having a key role in the initiation of cardiac hypertrophy, comprises ankyrin repeats. The ankyrin repeats are characteristic of a hairpin-like protruding tip followed by a helix-turn-helix motif. The V-shaped helix-turn-helix of the repeats stack sequentially in bundles and are stabilized by compact hydrophobic cores, whereas the protruding tips are less ordered.

d) ATPases Associated with Various Cellular Activities (AAA). SEQ ID NOS: 63, 116, 134, 136, 151, 384, and 404 polynucleotides encoding novel members of the "ATPases Associated with diverse cellular Activities" (AAA) protein family The AAA protein family

is composed of a large number of ATPases that share a conserved region of about 220 amino acids that contains an ATP-binding site (Froehlich *et al.*, *J. Cell Biol.* (1991) 114:443; Erdmann *et al.* *Cell* (1991) 64:499; Peters *et al.*, *EMBO J.* (1990) 9:1757; Kunau *et al.*, *Biochimie* (1993) 75:209-224; Confalonieri *et al.*, *BioEssays* (1995) 17:639;

- 5 <http://yeamob.pci.chemie.uni-tuebingen.de/AAA/Description.html>). The proteins that belong to this family either contain one or two AAA domains.

Proteins containing two AAA domains include: 1) Mammalian and drosophila NSF (N-ethylmaleimide-sensitive fusion protein) and the fungal homolog, SEC18, which are involved in intracellular transport between the endoplasmic reticulum and Golgi, as well as
10 between different Golgi cisternae; 2) Mammalian transitional endoplasmic reticulum ATPase (previously known as p97 or VCP), which is involved in the transfer of membranes from the endoplasmic reticulum to the golgi apparatus. This ATPase forms a ring-shaped homooligomer composed of six subunits. The yeast homolog, CDC48, plays a role in spindle pole proliferation; 3) Yeast protein PAS1 essential for peroxisome assembly and the
15 related protein PAS1 from *Pichia pastoris*; 4) Yeast protein AFG2; 5) *Sulfolobus acidocaldarius* protein SAV and *Halobacterium salinarium* cdcH, which may be part of a transduction pathway connecting light to cell division.

Proteins containing a single AAA domain include: 1) *Escherichia coli* and other bacteria ftsH (or hflB) protein. FtsH is an ATP-dependent zinc metalloprotease that
20 degrades the heat-shock sigma-32 factor, and is an integral membrane protein with a large cytoplasmic C-terminal domain that contain both the AAA and the protease domains; 2) Yeast protein YME1, a protein important for maintaining the integrity of the mitochondrial compartment. YME1 is also a zinc-dependent protease; 3) Yeast protein AFG3 (or YTA10). This protein also contains an AAA domain followed by a zinc-dependent protease domain;
25 4) Subunits from regulatory complex of the 26S proteasome (Hilt *et al.*, *Trends Biochem. Sci.* (1996) 21:96), which is involved in the ATP-dependent degradation of ubiquitinated proteins, which subunits include: a) Mammalian 4 and homologs in other higher eukaryotes, in yeast (gene YTA5) and fission yeast (gene mts2); b) Mammalian 6 (TBP7) and homologs in other higher eukaryotes and in yeast (gene YTA2); c) Mammalian subunit 7 (MSS1) and
30 homologs in other higher eukaryotes and in yeast (gene CIM5 or YTA3); d) Mammalian subunit 8 (P45) and homologs in other higher eukaryotes and in yeast (SUG1 or CIM3 or TBY1) and fission yeast (gene let1); e) Other probable subunits include human TBP1, which influences HIV gene expression by interacting with the virus tat transactivator protein, and yeast YTA1 and YTA6; 5) Yeast protein BCS1, a mitochondrial protein essential for the

expression of the Rieske iron-sulfur protein; 6) Yeast protein MSP1, a protein involved in intramitochondrial sorting of proteins; 7) Yeast protein PAS8, and the corresponding proteins PAS5 from *Pichia pastoris* and PAY4 from *Yarrowia lipolytica*; 8) Mouse protein SKD1 and its fission yeast homolog (SpAC2G11.06); 9) *Caenorhabditis elegans* meiotic spindle formation protein mei-1; 10) Yeast protein SAP1; 11) Yeast protein YTA7; and 12) *Mycobacterium leprae* hypothetical protein A2126A.

In general, the AAA domains in these proteins act as ATP-dependent protein clamps (Confalonieri *et al.* (1995) *BioEssays* 17:639). In addition to the ATP-binding 'A' and 'B' motifs, which are located in the N-terminal half of this domain, there is a highly conserved region located in the central part of the domain which was used in the development of the signature pattern. The consensus pattern is: [LIVMT]-x-[LIVMT]-[LIVMF]-x-[GATMC]-[ST]-[NS]-x(4)-[LIVM]-D-x-A-[LIFA]-x-R.

e) Basic Region Plus Leucine Zipper Transcription Factors. SEQ ID NO:374 correspond to a polynucleotide encoding a novel member of the family of basic region plus leucine zipper transcription factors. The bZIP superfamily (Hurst, *Protein Prof.* (1995) 2:105; and Ellenberger, *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* (1994) 4:12) of eukaryotic DNA-binding transcription factors encompasses proteins that contain a basic region mediating sequence-specific DNA-binding followed by a leucine zipper required for dimerization. Members of the family include transcription factor AP-1, which binds selectively to enhancer elements in the cis control regions of SV40 and metallothionein IIA. AP-1, also known as c-jun, is the cellular homolog of the avian sarcoma virus 17 (ASV17) oncogene v-jun.

Other members of this protein family include jun-B and jun-D, probable transcription factors that are highly similar to jun/AP-1; the fos protein, a proto-oncogene that forms a non-covalent dimer with c-jun; the fos-related proteins fra-1, and fos B; and mammalian cAMP response element (CRE) binding proteins CREB, CREM, ATF-1, ATF-3, ATF-4, ATF-5, ATF-6 and LRF-1. The consensus pattern for this protein family is: [KR]-x(1,3)-[RKSAQ]-N-x(2)-[SAQ](2)-x-[RKTAENQ]-x-R-x-[RK].

f) Bromodomain. SEQ ID NO:97 corresponds to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having a bromodomain region (Haynes *et al.*, 1992, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 20:2693-2603, Tamkun *et al.*, 1992, *Cell* 68:561-572, and Tamkun, 1995, *Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev.* 5:473-477), which is a conserved region of about 70 amino acids found in the following proteins: 1) Higher eukaryotes transcription initiation factor TFIID 250 Kd subunit (TBP-associated factor p250) (gene CCG1); P250 is associated with the TFIID TATA-box binding protein and seems essential for progression of the G1 phase of the cell

- cycle. 2) Human RING3, a protein of unknown function encoded in the MHC class II locus;
 3) Mammalian CREB-binding protein (CBP), which mediates cAMP-gene regulation by
 binding specifically to phosphorylated CREB protein; 4) Mammalian homologs of brahma,
 including three brahma-like human: SNF2a(hBRM), SNF2b, and BRG1; 5) Human BS69,
 5 a protein that binds to adenovirus E1A and inhibits E1A transactivation; 6) Human peregrin
 (or Br140).

The bromodomain is thought to be involved in protein-protein interactions and may
 be important for the assembly or activity of multicomponent complexes involved in
 transcriptional activation. The consensus pattern, which spans a major part of the
 10 bromodomain, is: [STANVF]-x(2)-F-x(4)-[DNS]-x(5,7)-[DENQTF]-Y-[HFY]-x(2)-
 [LIVMFY]-x(3)-[LIVM]-x(4)-[LIVM]-x(6,8)-Y-x(12,13)-[LIVM]-x(2)-N-[SACF]-x(2)-
 [FY].

- g) EF-Hand. SEQ ID NOS:136, 242, and 379 correspond to polynucleotides
 encoding a novel protein in the family of EF-hand proteins. Many calcium-binding proteins
 15 belong to the same evolutionary family and share a type of calcium-binding domain known
 as the EF-hand (Kawasaki *et al.*, *Protein. Prof.* (1995) 2:305-490). This type of domain
 consists of a twelve residue loop flanked on both sides by a twelve residue alpha-helical
 domain. In an EF-hand loop the calcium ion is coordinated in a pentagonal bipyramidal
 configuration. The six residues involved in the binding are in positions 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 and 12;
 20 these residues are denoted by X, Y, Z, -Y, -X and -Z. The invariant Glu or Asp at position
 12 provides two oxygens for liganding Ca (bidentate ligand).

Proteins known to contain EF-hand regions include: Calmodulin (Ca=4, except in
 yeast where Ca=3) ("Ca=" indicates approximate number of EF-hand regions);
 diacylglycerol kinase (EC 2.7.1.107) (DGK) (Ca=2); 2) FAD-dependent glycerol-3-
 25 phosphate dehydrogenase (EC 1.1.99.5) from mammals (Ca=1); guanylate cyclase activating
 protein (GCAP) (Ca=3); MIF related proteins 8 (MRP-8 or CFAG) and 14 (MRP-14)
 (Ca=2); myosin regulatory light chains (Ca=1); oncomodulin (Ca=2); osteonectin (basement
 membrane protein BM-40) (SPARC); and proteins that contain an "osteonectin" domain
 (QR1, matrix glycoprotein SC1).

- 30 The consensus pattern includes the complete EF-hand loop as well as the first residue
 which follows the loop and which seem to always be hydrophobic.

Consensus pattern: D-x-[DNS]-{ILVFYW}-[DENSTG]-[DNQGHRK]-{GP}-
 [LIVMC]-[DENQSTAGC]-x(2)-[DE]-[LIVMFYW]

h) Eukaryotic Aspartyl Proteases. SEQ ID NO:308 corresponds to a gene encoding a novel eukaryotic aspartyl protease. Aspartyl proteases, known as acid proteases, (EC 3.4.23.-) are a widely distributed family of proteolytic enzymes (Foltmann B., *Essays Biochem.* (1981) 17:52; Davies D.R., *Annu. Rev. Biophys. Chem.* (1990) 19:189; Rao J.K.M., *et al.*, *Biochemistry* (1991) 30:4663) known to exist in vertebrates, fungi, plants, retroviruses and some plant viruses. Aspartate proteases of eukaryotes are monomeric enzymes which consist of two domains. Each domain contains an active site centered on a catalytic aspartyl residue. The two domains most probably evolved from the duplication of an ancestral gene encoding a primordial domain. Currently known eukaryotic aspartyl proteases include: 1) Vertebrate gastric pepsins A and C (also known as gastricsin); 2) Vertebrate chymosin (rennin), involved in digestion and used for making cheese; 3) Vertebrate lysosomal cathepsins D (EC 3.4.23.5) and E (EC 3.4.23.34); 4) Mammalian renin (EC 3.4.23.15) whose function is to generate angiotensin I from angiotensinogen in the plasma; 5) Fungal proteases such as aspergillopepsin A (EC 3.4.23.18), candidapepsin (EC 3.4.23.24), mucoropepsin (EC 3.4.23.23) (mucor rennin), endothiapepsin (EC 3.4.23.22), polyporopepsin (EC 3.4.23.29), and rhizopuspepsin (EC 3.4.23.21); and 6) Yeast saccharopepsin (EC 3.4.23.25) (proteinase A) (gene PEP4). PEP4 is implicated in posttranslational regulation of vacuolar hydrolases; 7) Yeast barrierpepsin (EC 3.4.23.35) (gene BAR1); a protease that cleaves alpha-factor and thus acts as an antagonist of the mating pheromone; and 8) Fission yeast *sxa1* which is involved in degrading or processing the mating pheromones.

Most retroviruses and some plant viruses, such as badnaviruses, encode for an aspartyl protease which is an homodimer of a chain of about 95 to 125 amino acids. In most retroviruses, the protease is encoded as a segment of a polyprotein which is cleaved during the maturation process of the virus. It is generally part of the pol polyprotein and, more rarely, of the gag polyprotein. Because the sequence around the two aspartates of eukaryotic aspartyl proteases and around the single active site of the viral proteases is conserved, a single signature pattern can be used to identify members of both groups of proteases. The consensus pattern is: [LIVMFGAC]-[LIVMTADN]-[LIVFSA]-D-[ST]-G-[STAV]-[STAPDENQ]-x-[LIVMFSTNC]-x-[LIVMFGTA], where D is the active site residue.

i) GATA Family of Transcription Factors. SEQ ID NO:213 corresponds to a novel member of the GATA family of transcription factors. The GATA family of transcription factors are proteins that bind to DNA sites with the consensus sequence (A/T)GATA(A/G), found within the regulatory region of a number of genes. Proteins currently known to belong

- to this family are: 1) GATA-1 (Trainor, C.D., *et al.*, *Nature* (1990) 343:92) (also known as Eryf1, GF-1 or NF-E1), which binds to the GATA region of globin genes and other genes expressed in erythroid cells. It is a transcriptional activator which probably serves as a general 'switch' factor for erythroid development; 2) GATA-2 (Lee, M.E., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1991) 266:16188), a transcriptional activator which regulates endothelin-1 gene expression in endothelial cells; 3) GATA-3 (Ho, I.-C., *et al.*, *EMBO J.* (1991) 10:1187), a transcriptional activator which binds to the enhancer of the T-cell receptor alpha and delta genes; 4) GATA-4 (Spieth, J., *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1991) 11:4651), a transcriptional activator expressed in endodermally derived tissues and heart; 5) *Drosophila* protein pannier (or DGATAa) (gene pnr) which acts as a repressor of the achaete-scute complex (as-c); 6) *Bombyx mori* BCFI (Drevet, J.R., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1994) 269:10660), which regulates the expression of chorion genes; 7) *Caenorhabditis elegans* elt-1 and elt-2, transcriptional activators of genes containing the GATA region, including vitellogenin genes (Hawkins, M.G., *et al.*, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1995) 270:14666); 8) *Ustilago maydis* urbs1 (Voisard, C.P.O., *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1993) 13:7091), a protein involved in the repression of the biosynthesis of siderophores; 9) Fission yeast protein GAF2.

- All these transcription factors contain a pair of highly similar 'zinc finger' type domains with the consensus sequence C-x2-C-x17-C-x2-C. Some other proteins contain a single zinc finger motif highly related to those of the GATA transcription factors. These proteins are: 1) *Drosophila* box A-binding factor (ABF) (also known as protein serpent (gene srp)) which may function as a transcriptional activator protein and may play a key role in the organogenesis of the fat body; 2) *Emericella nidulans* are (Arst, H.N., Jr., *et al.*, *Trends Genet.* (1989) 5:291) a transcriptional activator which mediates nitrogen metabolite repression; 3) *Neurospora crassa* nit-2 (Fu, Y.-H., *et al.*, *Mol. Cell. Biol.* (1990) 10:1056), a transcriptional activator which turns on the expression of genes coding for enzymes required for the use of a variety of secondary nitrogen sources, during conditions of nitrogen limitation; 4) *Neurospora crassa* white collar proteins 1 and 2 (WC-1 and WC-2), which control expression of light-regulated genes; 5) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* DAL81 (or UGA43), a negative nitrogen regulatory protein; 6) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* GLN3, a positive nitrogen regulatory protein; 7) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* GAT1; 8) *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* GZF3.

The consensus pattern for the GATA family is: C-x-[DN]-C-x(4,5)-[ST]-x(2)-W-[HR]-[RK]-x(3)-[GN]-x(3,4)-C-N-[AS]-C, where the four C's are zinc ligands.

j) G-Protein Alpha Subunit. SEQ ID NO:367 corresponds to a gene encoding a novel polypeptide of the G-protein alpha subunit family. Guanine nucleotide binding proteins (G-proteins) are a family of membrane-associated proteins that couple extracellularly-activated integral-membrane receptors to intracellular effectors, such as ion channels and enzymes that vary the concentration of second messenger molecules. G-proteins are composed of 3 subunits (alpha, beta and gamma) which, in the resting state, associate as a trimer at the inner face of the plasma membrane. The alpha subunit has a molecule of guanosine diphosphate (GDP) bound to it. Stimulation of the G-protein by an activated receptor leads to its exchange for GTP (guanosine triphosphate). This results in the separation of the alpha from the beta and gamma subunits, which always remain tightly associated as a dimer. Both the alpha and beta-gamma subunits are then able to interact with effectors, either individually or in a cooperative manner. The intrinsic GTPase activity of the alpha subunit hydrolyses the bound GTP to GDP. This returns the alpha subunit to its inactive conformation and allows it to reassociate with the beta-gamma subunit, thus restoring the system to its resting state.

G-protein alpha subunits are 350-400 amino acids in length and have molecular weights in the range 40-45 kDa. Seventeen distinct types of alpha subunit have been identified in mammals. These fall into 4 main groups on the basis of both sequence similarity and function: alpha-s, alpha-q, alpha-i and alpha-12 (Simon *et al.*, *Science* (1993) 252:802). Many alpha subunits are substrates for ADP-ribosylation by cholera or pertussis toxins. They are often N-terminally acylated, usually with myristate and/or palmitoylate, and these fatty acid modifications are probably important for membrane association and high-affinity interactions with other proteins. The atomic structure of the alpha subunit of the G-protein involved in mammalian vision, transducin, has been elucidated in both GTP- and GDB-bound forms, and shows considerable similarity in both primary and tertiary structure in the nucleotide-binding regions to other guanine nucleotide binding proteins, such as p21-ras and EF-Tu.

k) Phorbol Esters/Diacylglycerol Binding. SEQ ID NO:188 and 251 represent polynucleotides encoding a protein belonging to the family including phorbol esters/diacylglycerol binding proteins. Diacylglycerol (DAG) is an important second messenger. Phorbol esters (PE) are analogues of DAG and potent tumor promoters that cause a variety of physiological changes when administered to both cells and tissues. DAG activates a family of serine/threonine protein kinases, collectively known as protein kinase C (PKC) (Azzi *et al.*, *Eur. J. Biochem.* (1992) 208:547). Phorbol esters can directly stimulate PKC. The N-terminal region of PKC, known as C1, has been shown (Ono *et al.*, *Proc. Natl.*

Acad. Sci. USA (1989) 86:4868) to bind PE and DAG in a phospholipid and zinc-dependent fashion. The C1 region contains one or two copies (depending on the isozyme of PKC) of a cysteine-rich domain about 50 amino-acid residues long and essential for DAG/PE-binding. Such a domain has also been found in, for example, the following proteins.

5 (1) Diacylglycerol kinase (EC 2.7.1.107) (DGK) (Sakane *et al.*, *Nature* (1990) 344:345), the enzyme that converts DAG into phosphatidate. It contains two copies of the DAG/PE-binding domain in its N-terminal section. At least five different forms of DGK are known in mammals; and

(2) N-chimaerin, a brain specific protein which shows sequence similarities with the
10 BCR protein at its C-terminal part and contains a single copy of the DAG/PE-binding domain at its N-terminal part. It has been shown (Ahmed *et al.*, *Biochem. J.* (1990) 272:767, and Ahmed *et al.*, *Biochem. J.* (1991) 280:233) to be able to bind phorbol esters.

The DAG/PE-binding domain binds two zinc ions; the ligands of these metal ions are probably the six cysteines and two histidines that are conserved in this domain. The
15 signature pattern completely spans the DAG/PE domain. The consensus pattern is: H-x-[LIVMFYW]-x(8,11)-C-x(2)-C-x(3)-[LIVMFC]-x(5,10)-C-x(2)-C-x(4)-[HD]-x(2)-C-x(5,9)-C. All the C and H are probably involved in binding zinc.

1) Protein Kinase. SEQ ID NOS:202, 315, 367, and 397 represent polynucleotides encoding protein kinases. Protein kinases catalyze phosphorylation of proteins in a variety of
20 pathways, and are implicated in cancer. Eukaryotic protein kinases (Hanks S.K., *et al.*, *FASEB J.* (1995) 9:576; Hunter T., *Meth. Enzymol.* (1991) 200:3; Hanks S.K., *et al.*, *Meth. Enzymol.* (1991) 200:38; Hanks S.K., *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* (1991) 1:369; Hanks S.K., *et al.*, *Science* (1988) 241:42) are enzymes that belong to a very extensive family of proteins which share a conserved catalytic core common to both serine/threonine and tyrosine protein
25 kinases. There are a number of conserved regions in the catalytic domain of protein kinases. Two of the conserved regions are the basis for the signature pattern in the protein kinase profile. The first region, which is located in the N-terminal extremity of the catalytic domain, is a glycine-rich stretch of residues in the vicinity of a lysine residue, which has been shown to be involved in ATP binding. The second region, which is located in the
30 central part of the catalytic domain, contains a conserved aspartic acid residue which is important for the catalytic activity of the enzyme (Knighton D.R., *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 253:407). The protein kinase profile includes two signature patterns for this second region: one specific for serine/threonine kinases and the other for tyrosine kinases. A third profile is

based on the alignment in (Hanks S.K., *et al.*, *FASEB J.* (1995) 9:576) and covers the entire catalytic domain. The consensus patterns are as follows:

- 1) Consensus pattern: [LIV]-G-{P}-G-{P}-[FYWMGSTNH]-[SGA]-{PW}-
[LIVCAT]-{PD}-x-[GSTACLIVMFY]-x(5,18)-[LIVMFYWCSTAR]-[AIVP]-
5 [LIVMFAGCKR]-K, where K binds ATP. The majority of known protein kinases are detected by this pattern. Proteins kinases that are not detected by this consensus include viral kinases, which are quite divergent in this region and are completely missed by this pattern.
- 2) Consensus pattern: [LIVMFYC]-x-[HY]-x-D-[LIVMFY]-K-x(2)-N-
10 [LIVMFYCT](3), where D is an active site residue. This consensus sequence identifies most serine/threonine-specific protein kinases with only 10 exceptions. Half of the exceptions are viral kinases, while the other exceptions include Epstein-Barr virus BGLF4 and *Drosophila* ninaC, which have Ser and Arg, respectively, instead of the conserved Lys. These latter two protein kinases are detected by the tyrosine kinase specific pattern described below.
- 15 3) Consensus pattern: [LIVMFYC]-x-[HY]-x-D-[LIVMFY]-[RSTAC]-x(2)-N-[LIVMFYC], where D is an active site residue. All tyrosine-specific protein kinases are detected by this consensus pattern, with the exception of human ERBB3 and mouse blk. This pattern also detects most bacterial aminoglycoside phosphotransferases (Benner S., *Nature* (1987) 329:21; Kirby R., *J. Mol. Evol.* (1992) 30:489) and herpesviruses ganciclovir
20 kinases (Littler E., *et al.*, *Nature* (1992) 358:160), which are structurally and evolutionary related to protein kinases.

The protein kinase profile also detects receptor guanylate cyclases and 2-5A-dependent ribonucleases. Sequence similarities between these two families and the eukaryotic protein kinase family have been noticed previously. The profile also detects
25 *Arabidopsis thaliana* kinase-like protein TMKL1 which seems to have lost its catalytic activity.

If a protein analyzed includes the two of the above protein kinase signatures, the probability of it being a protein kinase is close to 100%. Eukaryotic-type protein kinases have also been found in prokaryotes such as *Myxococcus xanthus* (Munoz-Dorado J., *et al.*,
30 *Cell* (1991) 67:995) and *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis*. The patterns shown above has been updated since their publication in (Bairoch A., *et al.*, *Nature* (1988) 331:22).

m) Protein Phosphatase 2C, SEQ ID NO:256 corresponds to a polynucleotide encoding a novel protein phosphatase 2C (PP2C), which is one of the four major classes of mammalian serine/threonine specific protein phosphatases. PP2C (Wenk *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.*

(1992) 297:135) is a monomeric enzyme of about 42 Kd which shows broad substrate specificity and is dependent on divalent cations (mainly manganese and magnesium) for its activity. Three isozymes are currently known in mammals: PP2C-alpha, -beta and -gamma.

n) Protein Tyrosine Phosphatase. SEQ ID NO:382 represents a polynucleotide encoding a protein tyrosine kinase. Tyrosine specific protein phosphatases (EC 3.1.3.48) (PTPase) (Fischer *et al.*, *Science* (1991) 253:401; Charbonneau *et al.*, *Annu. Rev. Cell Biol.* (1992) 8:463; Trowbridge, *J. Biol. Chem.* (1991) 266:23517; Tonks *et al.*, *Trends Biochem. Sci.* (1989) 14:497; and Hunter, *Cell* (1989) 58:1013) catalyze the removal of a phosphate group attached to a tyrosine residue. These enzymes are very important in the control of cell growth, proliferation, differentiation and transformation. Multiple forms of PTPase have been characterized and can be classified into two categories: soluble PTPases and transmembrane receptor proteins that contain PTPase domain(s).

Soluble PTPases include PTPN3 (H1) and PTPN4 (MEG), enzymes that contain an N-terminal band 4.1-like domain and could act at junctions between the membrane and cytoskeleton; PTPN6 (PTP-1C; HCP; SHP) and PTPN11 (PTP-2C; SH-PTP3; Syp), enzymes that contain two copies of the SH2 domain at its N-terminal extremity.

Dual specificity PTPases include DUSP1 (PTPN10; MAP kinase phosphatase-1; MKP-1) which dephosphorylates MAP kinase on both Thr-183 and Tyr-185; and DUSP2 (PAC-1), a nuclear enzyme that dephosphorylates MAP kinases ERK1 and ERK2 on both Thr and Tyr residues.

Structurally, all known receptor PTPases are made up of a variable length extracellular domain, followed by a transmembrane region and a C-terminal catalytic cytoplasmic domain. Some of the receptor PTPases contain fibronectin type III (FN-III) repeats, immunoglobulin-like domains, MAM domains or carbonic anhydrase-like domains in their extracellular region. The cytoplasmic region generally contains two copies of the PTPase domain. The first seems to have enzymatic activity, while the second is inactive but seems to affect substrate specificity of the first. In these domains, the catalytic cysteine is generally conserved but some other, presumably important, residues are not.

PTPase domains consist of about 300 amino acids. There are two conserved cysteines and the second one has been shown to be absolutely required for activity. Furthermore, a number of conserved residues in its immediate vicinity have also been shown to be important. The consensus pattern for PTPases is: [LIVMF]-H-C-x(2)-G-x(3)-[STC]-[STAGP]-x-[LIVMFY]; C is the active site residue.

o) SH3 Domain. SEQ ID NO:306 and 386 represent polynucleotides encoding SH3 domain proteins. The Src homology 3 (SH3) domain is a small protein domain of about 60 amino acid residues first identified as a conserved sequence in the non-catalytic part of several cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinases (e.g. Src, Abl, Lck) (Mayer *et al.*, *Nature* (1988) 332:272). The domain has also been found in a variety of intracellular or membrane-associated proteins (Musacchio *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1992) 307:55; Pawson *et al.*, *Curr. Biol.* (1993) 3:434; Mayer *et al.*, *Trends Cell Biol.* (1993) 3:8; and Pawson *et al.*, *Nature* (1995) 373:573).

The SH3 domain has a characteristic fold that consists of five or six beta-strands arranged as two tightly packed anti-parallel beta sheets. The linker regions may contain short helices (Kuriyan *et al.*, *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* (1993) 3:828). It is believed that SH3 domain-containing proteins mediate assembly of specific protein complexes via binding to proline-rich peptides (Morton *et al.*, *Curr. Biol.* (1994) 4:615). In general, SH3 domains are found as single copies in a given protein, but there is a significant number of proteins with two SH3 domains and a few with 3 or 4 copies.

SH3 domains have been identified in, for example, protein tyrosine kinases, such as the Src, Abl, Bkt, Csk and ZAP70 families of kinases; mammalian phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C-gamma-1 and -2; mammalian phosphatidyl inositol 3-kinase regulatory p85 subunit; mammalian Ras GTPase-activating protein (GAP); mammalian Vav oncoprotein, a guanine nucleotide exchange factor of the CDC24 family; *Drosophila* lethal(1)discs large-1 tumor suppressor protein (gene Dlg1); mammalian tight junction protein ZO-1; vertebrate erythrocyte membrane protein p55; *Caenorhabditis elegans* protein lin-2; rat protein CASK; and mammalian synaptic proteins SAP90/PSD-95, CHAPSYN-110/PSD-93, SAP97/DLG1 and SAP102. Novel SH3-domain containing polypeptides will facilitate elucidation of the role of such proteins in important biological pathways, such as ras activation.

p) Trypsin. SEQ ID NO:169 corresponds to a novel serine protease of the trypsin family. The catalytic activity of the serine proteases from the trypsin family is provided by a charge relay system involving an aspartic acid residue hydrogen-bonded to a histidine, which itself is hydrogen-bonded to a serine. The sequences in the vicinity of the active site serine and histidine residues are well conserved in this family of proteases (Brenner S., *Nature* (1988) 334:528). Proteases known to belong to the trypsin family include: 1) Acrosin; 2) Blood coagulation factors VII, IX, X, XI and XII, thrombin, plasminogen, and protein C; 3) Cathepsin G; 4) Chymotrypsins; 5) Complement components C1r, C1s, C2, and complement

factors B, D and I; 6) Complement-activating component of RA-reactive factor; 7) Cytotoxic cell proteases (granzymes A to H); 8) Duodenase I; 9) Elastases 1, 2, 3A, 3B (protease E), leukocyte (medullasin); 10) Enterokinase (EC 3.4.21.9) (enteropeptidase); 11) Hepatocyte growth factor activator; 12) Hepsin; 13) Glandular (tissue) kallikreins (including EGF-binding protein types A, B, and C, NGF-gamma chain, gamma-renin, prostate specific antigen (PSA) and tonin); 14) Plasma kallikrein; 15) Mast cell proteases (MCP) 1 (chymase) to 8; 16) Myeloblastin (proteinase 3) (Wegener's autoantigen); 17) Plasminogen activators (urokinase-type, and tissue-type); 18) Trypsins I, II, III, and IV; 19) Trypsases; 20) Snake venom proteases such as ancrod, batroxobin, cerastobin, flavoxobin, and protein C activator; 21) Collagenase from common cattle grub and collagenolytic protease from Atlantic sand fiddler crab; 22) Apolipoprotein(a); 23) Blood fluke cercarial protease; 24) Drosophila trypsin like proteases: alpha, easter, snake-locus; 25) Drosophila protease stubble (gene sb); and 26) Major mite fecal allergen Der p III. All the above proteins belong to family S1 in the classification of peptidases (Rawlings N.D., *et al.*, *Meth. Enzymol.* (1994) 244:19; <http://www.expasy.ch/cgi-bin/lists?peptidas.txt>) and originate from eukaryotic species. It should be noted that bacterial proteases that belong to family S2A are similar enough in the regions of the active site residues that they can be picked up by the same patterns.

The consensus patterns for this trypsin protein family are: 1) [LIVM]-[ST]-A-[STAG]-H-C, where H is the active site residue. All sequences known to belong to this class detected by the pattern, except for complement components C1r and C1s, pig plasminogen, bovine protein C, rodent urokinase, ancrod, gyroxin and two insect trypsins; 2) [DNSTAGC]-[GSTAPIMVQH]-x(2)-G-[DE]-S-G-[GS]-[SAPHV]-[LIVMFYWH]-[LIVMFYSTANQH], where S is the active site residue. All sequences known to belong to this family are detected by the above consensus sequences, except for 18 different proteases which have lost the first conserved glycine. If a protein includes both the serine and the histidine active site signatures, the probability of it being a trypsin family serine protease is 100%.

q) WD Domain, G-Beta Repeats. SEQ ID NOS:188 and 335 represent novel members of the WD domain/G-beta repeat family. Beta-transducin (G-beta) is one of the three subunits (alpha, beta, and gamma) of the guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) which act as intermediaries in the transduction of signals generated by transmembrane receptors (Gilman, *Annu. Rev. Biochem.* (1987) 56:615). The alpha subunit binds to and hydrolyzes GTP; the functions of the beta and gamma subunits are less clear but

they seem to be required for the replacement of GDP by GTP as well as for membrane anchoring and receptor recognition.

In higher eukaryotes, G-beta exists as a small multigene family of highly conserved proteins of about 340 amino acid residues. Structurally, G-beta consists of eight tandem repeats of about 40 residues, each containing a central Trp-Asp motif (this type of repeat is sometimes called a WD-40 repeat). Such a repetitive segment has been shown to exist in a number of other proteins including: human LIS1, a neuronal protein involved in type-1 lissencephaly; and mammalian coatamer beta' subunit (beta'-COP), a component of a cytosolic protein complex that reversibly associates with Golgi membranes to form vesicles that mediate biosynthetic protein transport.

The consensus pattern for the WD domain/G-Beta repeat family is: [LIVMSTAC]-[LIVMFYWSTAGC]-[LIMSTAG]-[LIVMSTAGC]-x(2)-[DN]-x(2)-[LIVMWSTAC]-x-[LIVMFSTAG]-W-[DEN]-[LIVMFSTAGCN].

r) wnt Family of Developmental Signaling Proteins. SEQ ID NO: 23, 291, 324, 330, 341, and 353 correspond to novel members of the wnt family of developmental signaling proteins. Wnt-1 (previously known as int-1), the seminal member of this family, (Nusse R., *Trends Genet.* (1988) 4:291) is a proto-oncogene induced by the integration of the mouse mammary tumor virus. It is thought to play a role in intercellular communication and seems to be a signalling molecule important in the development of the central nervous system (CNS). The sequence of wnt-1 is highly conserved in mammals, fish, and amphibians. Wnt-1 was found to be a member of a large family of related proteins (Nusse R., *et al.*, *Cell* (1992) 69:1073; McMahon A.P., *Trends Genet.* (1992) 8:1; Moon R.T., *BioEssays* (1993) 15:91) that are all thought to be developmental regulators. These proteins are known as wnt-2 (also known as irp), wnt-3, -3A, -4, -5A, -5B, -6, -7A, -7B, -8, -8B, -9 and -10. At least four members of this family are present in *Drosophila*; one of them, wingless (wg), is implicated in segmentation polarity. All these proteins share the following features characteristics of secretory proteins: a signal peptide, several potential N-glycosylation sites and 22 conserved cysteines that are probably involved in disulfide bonds. The Wnt proteins seem to adhere to the plasma membrane of the secreting cells and are therefore likely to signal over only few cell diameters. The consensus pattern, which is based upon a highly conserved region including three cysteines, is as follows: C-K-C-H-G-[LIVMT]-S-G-X-C. All sequences known to belong to this family are detected by the provided consensus pattern.

s) Ww/rsp5/WWP Domain-Containing Proteins. SEQ ID NOS:188, 379, and 395 represent polynucleotides encoding a polypeptide in the family of WW/rsp5/WWP domain-

WO 99/33982

containing proteins. The WW domain (Bork *et al.*, *Trends Biochem. Sci.* (1994) 19:531; Andre *et al.*, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* (1994) 205:1201; Hofmann *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1995) 358:153; and Sudol *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1995) 369:67), also known as rsp5 or WWP), was originally discovered as a short conserved region in a number of unrelated proteins, among them dystrophin, the gene responsible for Duchenne muscular dystrophy. The domain, which spans about 35 residues, is repeated up to 4 times in some proteins. It has been shown (Chen *et al.*, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1995) 92:7819) to bind proteins with particular proline-motifs, [AP]-P-P-[AP]-Y, and thus resembles somewhat SH3 domains. It appears to contain beta-strands grouped around four conserved aromatic positions, generally Trp. The name WW or WWP derives from the presence of these Trp as well as that of a conserved Pro. It is frequently associated with other domains typical for proteins in signal transduction processes.

Proteins containing the WW domain include:

1. Dystrophin, a multidomain cytoskeletal protein. Its longest alternatively spliced form consists of an N-terminal actin-binding domain, followed by 24 spectrin-like repeats, a cysteine-rich calcium-binding domain and a C-terminal globular domain. Dystrophins form tetramers and is thought to have multiple functions including involvement in membrane stability, transduction of contractile forces to the extracellular environment and organization of membrane specialization. Mutations in the dystrophin gene lead to muscular dystrophy of Duchenne or Becker type. Dystrophin contains one WW domain C-terminal of the spectrin-repeats.
2. Vertebrate YAP protein, which is a substrate of an unknown serine kinase. It binds to the SH3 domain of the Yes oncoprotein via a proline-rich region. This protein appears in alternatively spliced isoforms, containing either one or two WW domains.
3. IQGAP, which is a human GTPase activating protein acting on ras. It contains an N-terminal domain similar to fly muscle mp20 protein and a C-terminal ras GTPase activator domain.

For the sensitive detection of WW domains, the profile spans the whole homology region as well as a pattern. The consensus for this family is: W-x(9,11)-[VFY]-[FYW]-x(6,7)-[GSTNE]-[GSTQCR]-[FYW]-x(2)-P.

t) Zinc Finger, C2H2 Type. SEQ ID NO:61, 306, and 386 correspond to polynucleotides encoding novel members of the of the C2H2 type zinc finger protein family. Zinc finger domains (Klug *et al.*, *Trends Biochem. Sci.* (1987) 12:464; Evans *et al.*, *Cell* (1988) 52:1; Payre *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1988) 234:245; Miller *et al.*, *EMBO J.* (1985) 4:1609;

and Berg, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1988) 85:99) are nucleic acid-binding protein structures first identified in the *Xenopus* transcription factor TFIIIA. These domains have since been found in numerous nucleic acid-binding proteins. A zinc finger domain is composed of 25 to 30 amino acid residues. Two cysteine or histidine residues are positioned at both extremities of the domain, which are involved in the tetrahedral coordination of a zinc atom. It has been proposed that such a domain interacts with about five nucleotides.

Many classes of zinc fingers are characterized according to the number and positions of the histidine and cysteine residues involved in the zinc atom coordination. In the first class to be characterized, called C2H2, the first pair of zinc coordinating residues are cysteines, while the second pair are histidines. A number of experimental reports have demonstrated the zinc-dependent DNA or RNA binding property of some members of this class.

Mammalian proteins having a C2H2 zipper include (number in parenthesis indicates number of zinc finger regions in the protein): basoonuclin (6), BCL-6/LAZ-3 (6), erythroid krueppel-like transcription factor (3), transcription factors Sp1 (3), Sp2 (3), Sp3 (3) and Sp4 (3), transcriptional repressor YY1 (4), Wilms' tumor protein (4), EGR1/Krox24 (3), EGR2/Krox20 (3), EGR3/Pilot (3), EGR4/AT133 (4), Evi-1 (10), GLI1 (5), GLI2 (4+), GLI3 (3+), HIV-EP1/ZNF40 (4), HIV-EP2 (2), KR1 (9+), KR2 (9), KR3 (15+), KR4 (14+), KR5 (11+), HF.12 (6+), REX-1 (4), Zfx (13), Zfy (13), Zfp-35 (18), ZNF7 (15), ZNF8 (7), ZNF35 (10), ZNF42/MZF-1 (13), ZNF43 (22), ZNF46/Kup (2), ZNF76 (7), ZNF91 (36), ZNF133 (3).

In addition to the conserved zinc ligand residues, it has been shown that a number of other positions are also important for the structural integrity of the C2H2 zinc fingers. (Rosenfeld *et al.*, *J. Biomol. Struct. Dyn.* (1993) 11:557) The best conserved position is found four residues after the second cysteine; it is generally an aromatic or aliphatic residue.

The consensus pattern for C2H2 zinc fingers is: C-x(2,4)-C-x(3)-[LIVMFYWC]-x(8)-H-x(3,5)-H. The two C's and two H's are zinc ligands.

u) Zinc Finger, CCHC Class. SEQ ID NO:322 corresponds to a polynucleotide encoding a novel member of the zinc finger CCHC family. The CCHC zinc finger protein family to date has been mostly composed of retroviral gag proteins (nucleocapsid). The prototype structure of this family is from HIV. The family also contains members involved in eukaryotic gene regulation, such as *C. elegans* GLH-1. The consensus sequence of this family is based upon the common structure of an 18-residue zinc finger.

v) Zinc-Binding Metalloprotease Domain. SEQ ID NO:306 and 395 represent polynucleotides encoding novel members of the zinc-binding metalloprotease domain protein family. The majority of zinc-dependent metalloproteases (with the notable exception of the carboxypeptidases) share a common pattern of primary structure (Jongeneel *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1989) 242:211; Murphy *et al.*, *FEBS Lett.* (1991) 289:4; and Bode *et al.*, *Zoology* (1996) 99:237) in the part of their sequence involved in the binding of zinc, and can be grouped together as a superfamily, known as the metzincins, on the basis of this sequence similarity. Examples of these proteins include: 1) Angiotensin-converting enzyme (EC 3.4.15.1) (dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase I) (ACE), the enzyme responsible for hydrolyzing angiotensin I to angiotensin II. 2) Mammalian extracellular matrix metalloproteinases (known as matrixins) (Woessner, *FASEB J.* (1991) 5:2145): MMP-1 (EC 3.4.24.7) (interstitial collagenase), MMP-2 (EC 3.4.24.24) (72 Kd gelatinase), MMP-9 (EC 3.4.24.35) (92 Kd gelatinase), MMP-7 (EC 3.4.24.23) (matrylisin), MMP-8 (EC 3.4.24.34) (neutrophil collagenase), MMP-3 (EC 3.4.24.17) (stromelysin-1), MMP-10 (EC 3.4.24.22) (stromelysin-2), and MMP-11 (stromelysin-3), MMP-12 (EC 3.4.24.65) (macrophage metalloelastase). 3) Endothelin-converting enzyme 1 (EC 3.4.24.71) (ECE-1), which processes the precursor of endothelin to release the active peptide.

A signature pattern which includes the two histidine and the glutamic acid residues is sufficient to detect this superfamily of proteins, having the consensus pattern: [GSTALIVN]-x(2)-H-E-[LIVMFYW]-{DEHRKP}-H-x-[LIVMFYWGSPQ]. The two H's are zinc ligands, and E is the active site residue.

Example 4: Differential Expression of Polynucleotides of the Invention : Description of Libraries and Detection of Differential Expression

The relative expression levels of the polynucleotides of the invention was assessed in several libraries prepared from various sources, including cell lines and patient tissue samples. Table 4 provides a summary of these libraries, including the shortened library name (used hereafter), the mRNA source used to prepared the cDNA library, the "nickname" of the library that is used in the tables below (in quotes), and the approximate number of clones in the library.

Table 4 Description of cDNA Libraries

Library (lib #)	Description	Number of Clones in this Clustering
1	Km12 L4 Human Colon Cell Line, High Metastatic Potential (derived from Km12C) "High Colon"	307133
2	Km12C Human Colon Cell Line, Low Metastatic Potential "Low Colon"	284755
3	MDA-MB-231 Human Breast Cancer Cell Line, High Metastatic Potential; micro-metastases in lung "High Breast"	326937
4	MCF7 Human Breast Cancer Cell, Non Metastatic "Low Breast"	318979
8	MV-522 Human Lung Cancer Cell Line, High Metastatic Potential "High Lung"	223620
9	UCP-3 Human Lung Cancer Cell Line, Low Metastatic Potential "Low Lung"	312503
12	Human microvascular endothelial cells (HMEC) – Untreated PCR (OligodT) cDNA library	41938
13	Human microvascular endothelial cells (HMEC) – bFGF treated PCR (OligodT) cDNA library	42100
14	Human microvascular endothelial cells (HMEC) – VEGF treated PCR (OligodT) cDNA library	42825
15	Normal Colon – UC#2 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "Normal Colon Tumor Tissue"	34285
16	Colon Tumor – UC#2 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "Normal Colon Tumor Tissue"	35625
17	Liver Metastasis from Colon Tumor of UC#2 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "High Colon Metastasis Tissue"	36984
18	Normal Colon – UC#3 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "Normal Colon Tumor Tissue"	36216
19	Colon Tumor – UC#3 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "High Colon Tumor Tissue"	41388
20	Liver Metastasis from Colon Tumor of UC#3 Patient PCR (OligodT) cDNA library "High Colon Metastasis Tissue"	30956

The KM12L4 and KM12C cell lines are described in Example 1 above. The MDA-MB-231 cell line was originally isolated from pleural effusions (Cailleau, *J. Natl. Cancer Inst.* (1974) 53:661), is of high metastatic potential, and forms poorly differentiated adenocarcinoma grade II in nude mice consistent with breast carcinoma. The MCF7 cell line was derived from a pleural effusion of a breast adenocarcinoma and is non-metastatic. The MV-522 cell line is derived from a human lung carcinoma and is of high metastatic potential. The UCP-3 cell line is a low metastatic human lung carcinoma cell line; the MV-522 is a high metastatic variant of UCP-3. These cell lines are well-recognized in the art as models for the study of human breast and lung cancer (see, e.g., Chandrasekaran *et al.*, *Cancer Res.* (1979) 39:870 (MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7); Gastpar *et al.*, *J Med Chem* (1998) 41:4965 (MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7); Ranson *et al.*, *Br J Cancer* (1998) 77:1586 (MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7); Kuang *et al.*, *Nucleic Acids Res* (1998) 26:1116 (MDA-MB-231 and MCF-7); Varki *et al.*, *Int J Cancer* (1987) 40:46 (UCP-3); Varki *et al.*, *Tumour Biol.* (1990) 11:327; (MV-522 and UCP-3); Varki *et al.*, *Anticancer Res.* (1990) 10:637; (MV-522); Kelner *et al.*, *Anticancer Res* (1995) 15:867 (MV-522); and Zhang *et al.*, *Anticancer Drugs* (1997) 8:696 (MV522)). The samples of libraries 15-20 are derived from two different patients (UC#2, and UC#3).

Each of the libraries is composed of a collection of cDNA clones that in turn are representative of the mRNAs expressed in the indicated mRNA source. In order to facilitate the analysis of the millions of sequences in each library, the sequences were assigned to clusters. The concept of "cluster of clones" is derived from a sorting/grouping of cDNA clones based on their hybridization pattern to a panel of roughly 300 7bp oligonucleotide probes (see Drmanac *et al.*, *Genomics* (1996) 37(1):29). Random cDNA clones from a tissue library are hybridized at moderate stringency to 300 7bp oligonucleotides. Each oligonucleotide has some measure of specific hybridization to that specific clone. The combination of 300 of these measures of hybridization for 300 probes equals the "hybridization signature" for a specific clone. Clones with similar sequence will have similar hybridization signatures. By developing a sorting/grouping algorithm to analyze these signatures, groups of clones in a library can be identified and brought together computationally. These groups of clones are termed "clusters". Depending on the stringency of the selection in the algorithm (similar to the stringency of hybridization in a classic library cDNA screening protocol), the "purity" of each cluster can be controlled. For example, artifacts of clustering may occur in computational clustering just as artifacts can occur in "wet-lab" screening of a cDNA library with 400 bp cDNA fragments, at even the

highest stringency. The stringency used in the implementation of cluster herein provides groups of clones that are in general from the same cDNA or closely related cDNAs. Closely related clones can be a result of different length clones of the same cDNA, closely related clones from highly related gene families, or splice variants of the same cDNA.

5 Differential expression for a selected cluster was assessed by first determining the number of cDNA clones corresponding to the selected cluster in the first library (Clones in 1st), and the determining the number of cDNA clones corresponding to the selected cluster in the second library (Clones in 2nd). Differential expression of the selected cluster in the first library relative to the second library is expressed as a "ratio" of percent expression between
10 the two libraries. In general, the "ratio" is calculated by: 1) calculating the percent expression of the selected cluster in the first library by dividing the number of clones corresponding to a selected cluster in the first library by the total number of clones analyzed from the first library; 2) calculating the percent expression of the selected cluster in the second library by dividing the number of clones corresponding to a selected cluster in a
15 second library by the total number of clones analyzed from the second library; 3) dividing the calculated percent expression from the first library by the calculated percent expression from the second library. If the "number of clones" corresponding to a selected cluster in a library is zero, the value is set at 1 to aid in calculation. The formula used in calculating the ratio takes into account the "depth" of each of the libraries being compared, *i.e.*, the total
20 number of clones analyzed in each library.

In general, a polynucleotide is said to be significantly differentially expressed between two samples when the ratio value is greater than at least about 2, preferably greater than at least about 3, more preferably greater than at least about 5, where the ratio value is calculated using the method described above. The significance of differential expression is
25 determined using a z score test (Zar, Biostatistical Analysis, Prentice Hall, Inc., USA, "Differences between Proportions," pp 296-298 (1974).

Tables 5 to 7 (inserted before the claims) show the number of clones in each of the above libraries that were analyzed for differential expression. Examples of differentially expressed polynucleotides of particular interest are described in more detail below.

30
Example 5: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed in High Metastatic Potential Breast Cancer Cells Versus Low Metastatic Breast Cancer Cells

A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high metastatic potential breast cancer tissue and low

WO 99/33982

metastatic breast cancer cells. Expression of these sequences in breast cancer can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information. For example, sequences that are highly expressed in the high metastatic potential cells can be indicative of increased expression of genes or regulatory sequences involved in the metastatic process. A patient sample displaying an increased level of one or more of these polynucleotides may thus warrant more aggressive treatment. In another example, sequences that display higher expression in the low metastatic potential cells can be associated with genes or regulatory sequences that inhibit metastasis, and thus the expression of these polynucleotides in a sample may warrant a more positive prognosis than the gross pathology would suggest.

10 The differential expression of these polynucleotides can be used as a diagnostic marker, a prognostic marker, for risk assessment, patient treatment and the like. These polynucleotide sequences can also be used in combination with other known molecular and/or biochemical markers.

15 The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high metastatic potential breast cancer cells and low metastatic potential breast cancer cells.

Table 8. Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High metastatic potential breast cancer vs. low metastatic breast cancer cells

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
9	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	2623	31	4	7.561356
42	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	307	196	75	2.549721
52	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	19	1364	525	2.534854
62	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	2623	31	4	7.561356
65	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	5749	9	0	8.780930
66	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	6455	6	0	5.853953
68	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	6455	6	0	5.853953
114	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	2030	32	4	7.805271
123	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	3389	13	2	6.341782
144	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	4623	12	2	5.853953
172	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	102	278	116	2.338217
178	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	3681	10	1	9.756589
214	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	3900	8	1	7.805271
219	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	3389	13	2	6.341782
223	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	1399	19	7	2.648217
258	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	4837	10	0	9.756589
317	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	1577	25	3	8.130490
379	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	260	27	2	13.17139
4	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	3706	22	4	5.637215
39	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	4016	6	0	6.149690
74	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	6268	18	3	6.149690
81	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	40392	8	1	8.199586
130	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	13183	7	0	7.174638
157	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	5417	9	0	9.224535
162	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	9685	7	0	7.174638
183	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	7337	16	3	5.466391
202	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	6124	9	1	9.224535
298	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	1037	22	4	5.637215
338	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	689	36	17	2.170478
384	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	697	72	30	2.459876
386	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	4568	9	0	9.224535
388	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	5622	13	2	6.662164

5 Example 6: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed in High Metastatic Potential Lung Cancer Cells Versus Low Metastatic Lung Cancer Cells

10 A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high metastatic potential lung cancer tissue and low metastatic lung cancer cells. Expression of these sequences in lung cancer tissue can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information. For example, sequences that are highly expressed in the high metastatic potential cells are associated can be indicative of increased expression of genes or regulatory sequences involved in the metastatic process. A patient sample displaying an increased level of one or more of these

WO 99/33982

polynucleotides may thus warrant more aggressive treatment. In another example, sequences that display higher expression in the low metastatic potential cells can be associated with genes or regulatory sequences that inhibit metastasis, and thus the expression of these polynucleotides in a sample may warrant a more positive prognosis than the gross pathology would suggest.

The differential expression of these polynucleotides can be used as a diagnostic marker, a prognostic marker, for risk assessment, patient treatment and the like. These polynucleotide sequences can also be used in combination with other known molecular and/or biochemical markers.

The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high metastatic potential lung cancer cells and low metastatic potential lung cancer cells:

Table 9 Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High metastatic potential lung cancer vs. low metastatic lung cancer cells

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
400	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib 9)	14929	23	16	2.008868
9	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	2623	6	1	8.384840
34	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	5832	5	0	6.987366
42	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	307	79	27	4.088903
62	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	2623	6	1	8.384840
74	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	6268	5	0	6.987366
106	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	10717	8	0	11.17978
119	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	8	1355	122	15.52111
361	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	1120	5	0	6.987366
369	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	2790	6	0	8.384840
371	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	8847	6	1	8.384840
379	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	260	15	0	20.96210
395	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	13538	9	1	12.57726
135	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	36313	30	1	21.46731
154	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	5345	27	6	3.220097
160	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	4386	21	3	5.009039
260	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	4141	27	4	4.830145
308	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	15855	213	12	12.70149
323	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	5257	25	5	3.577885
349	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	2797	14	1	10.01807
381	Low Lung > High Lung (Lib9 > Lib8)	2428	19	2	6.797982

Example 7: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed in High Metastatic Potential Colon Cancer Cells Versus Low Metastatic Colon Cancer Cells

A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high metastatic potential colon cancer tissue and low

metastatic colon cancer cells. Expression of these sequences in colon cancer tissue can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information. For example, sequences that are highly expressed in the high metastatic potential cells can be indicative of increased expression of genes or regulatory sequences involved in the metastatic process. A patient sample displaying an increased level of one or more of these polynucleotides may thus warrant more aggressive treatment. In another example, sequences that display higher expression in the low metastatic potential cells can be associated with genes or regulatory sequences that inhibit metastasis, and thus the expression of these polynucleotides in a sample may warrant a more positive prognosis than the gross pathology would suggest.

The differential expression of these polynucleotides can be used as a diagnostic marker, a prognostic marker, for risk assessment, patient treatment and the like. These polynucleotide sequences can also be used in combination with other known molecular and/or biochemical markers.

The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high metastatic potential colon cancer cells and low metastatic potential colon cancer cells:

Table 11: Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High metastatic potential colon cancer vs. low metastatic colon cancer cells

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
1	High Colon > Low Colon (Lib1 > Lib2)	6660	7	0	6.489973
176	High Colon > Low Colon (Lib1 > Lib2)	3765	19	6	2.935940
241	High Colon > Low Colon (Lib1 > Lib2)	4275	11	2	5.099264
362	High Colon > Low Colon (Lib1 > Lib2)	6420	8	0	7.417112
374	High Colon > Low Colon (Lib1 > Lib2)	6420	8	0	7.417112
39	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	4016	14	5	3.020043
97	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	945	21	9	2.516702
134	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	2464	19	5	4.098630
317	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	1577	40	12	3.595289
357	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	4309	13	4	3.505407

Example 8: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed at Higher Levels in High Metastatic Potential Colon Cancer Patient Tissue Versus Normal Patient Tissue

A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high metastatic potential colon cancer tissue and normal tissue. Expression of these sequences in colon cancer tissue can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information. For example, sequences that are highly expressed in the high metastatic potential cells are associated can be

indicative of increased expression of genes or regulatory sequences involved in the advanced disease state which involves processes such as angiogenesis, dedifferentiation, cell replication, and metastasis. A patient sample displaying an increased level of one or more of these polynucleotides may thus warrant more aggressive treatment.

- 5 The differential expression of these polynucleotides can be used as a diagnostic marker, a prognostic marker, for risk assessment, patient treatment and the like. These polynucleotide sequences can also be used in combination with other known molecular and/or biochemical markers.

- 10 The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high metastatic potential colon cancer cells and normal colon cells:

Table 11: Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High metastatic potential colon tissue vs. normal colon tissue

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
52	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Colon Tissue of UC#3 (Lib20 > Lib18)	19	10	0	11.69918
52	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Tissue in UC#2 (Lib17 > Lib15)	19	13	2	6.025646
172	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Tissue in UC#2 (Lib17 > Lib15)	102	65	22	2.738930

- 15 Example 9: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed at Higher Levels in High Colon Tumor Potential Patient Tissue Versus Metastasized Colon Cancer Patient Tissue

- 20 A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high tumor potential colon cancer tissue and cells derived from high metastatic potential colon cancer cells. Expression of these sequences in colon cancer tissue can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information associated with the transformation of precancerous tissue to malignant tissue. This information can be useful in the prevention of achieving the advanced malignant state in these tissues, and can be important in risk assessment for a patient.

- 25 The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high tumor potential colon cancer tissue and cells derived from high metastatic potential colon cancer cells:

Table 12: Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High tumor potential colon tissue vs. metastatic colon tissue

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
52	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)	19	69	10	5.160829
119	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)	8	14	1	10.47124
172	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)	102	43	10	3.216168

5 **Example 10:** Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed at Higher Levels in High Tumor Potential Colon Cancer Patient Tissue Versus Normal Patient Tissue

A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cells derived from high tumor potential colon cancer tissue and normal tissue. Expression of these sequences in colon cancer tissue can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information associated with the prevention of achieving the malignant state in these tissues, and can be important in risk assessment for a patient. For example, sequences that are highly expressed in the potential colon cancer cells are associated with or can be indicative of increased expression of genes or regulatory sequences involved in early tumor progression. A patient sample displaying an increased level of one or more of these polynucleotides may thus warrant closer attention or more frequent screening procedures to catch the malignant state as early as possible.

The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides with differential expression between high metastatic potential colon cancer cells and normal colon cells:

20 **Table 13:** Differentially expressed polynucleotides: High tumor potential colon tissue vs. normal colon tissue

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
52	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#2 (Lib16 > Lib15)	19	13	2	6.255508
288	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#2 (Lib16 > Lib15)	1267	7	0	6.125253
52	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	19	69	0	60.37750
119	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	8	14	1	12.25050
172	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	102	43	7	5.375222

Example 11: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed Across Multiple Libraries

A number of polynucleotide sequences have been identified that are differentially expressed between cancerous cells and normal cells across all three tissue types tested (*i.e.*, breast, colon, and lung). Expression of these sequences in a tissue or any origin can be valuable in determining diagnostic, prognostic and/or treatment information associated with the prevention of achieving the malignant state in these tissues, and can be important in risk assessment for a patient. These polynucleotides can also serve as non-tissue specific markers of, for example, risk of metastasis of a tumor. The following table summarizes identified polynucleotides that were differentially expressed but without tissue type-specificity in the breast, colon, and lung libraries tested.

Table 14: Polynucleotides Differentially Expressed Across Multiple Library Comparisons

SEQ ID NO.	Differential Expression	Cluster ID	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	Ratio
9	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	2623	31	4	7.561356
	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	2623	6	1	8.384840
39	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	4016	6	0	6.149690
	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	4016	14	5	3.020043
42	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	307	196	75	2.549721
	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	307	79	27	4.088903
52	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	19	1364	525	2.534854
	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Colon Tissue of UC#3 (Lib20 > Lib18)	19	10	0	11.69918
	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Tissue in UC#2 (Lib17 > Lib15)	19	13	2	6.025646
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)	19	69	10	5.160829
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#2 (Lib16 > Lib15)	19	13	2	6.255508
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	19	69	0	60.37750
62	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	2623	31	4	7.561356
	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	2623	6	1	8.384840
74	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	6268	5	0	6.987366
	Low Breast > High Breast (Lib4 > Lib3)	6268	18	3	6.149690
119	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)	8	14	1	10.47124
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	8	14	1	12.25050
	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	8	1355	122	15.52111
	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	102	278	116	2.338217
172	High Colon Metastasis Tissue > Normal Tissue in UC#2 (Lib17 > Lib15)	102	65	22	2.738930
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Metastasis	102	43	10	3.216168

	Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib20)				
	High Colon Tumor Tissue > Normal Tissue of UC#3 (Lib19 > Lib18)	102	43	7	5.375222
317	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	1577	25	3	8.130490
	Low Colon > High Colon (Lib2 > Lib1)	1577	40	12	3.595289
379	High Breast > Low Breast (Lib3 > Lib4)	260	27	2	13.17139
	High Lung > Low Lung (Lib8 > Lib9)	260	15	0	20.96210

Example 12: Polynucleotides Exhibiting Colon-Specific Expression

The cDNA libraries described herein were also analyzed to identify those polynucleotides that were specifically expressed in colon cells or tissue, *i.e.*, the polynucleotides were identified in libraries prepared from colon cell lines or tissue, but not in libraries of breast or lung origin. The polynucleotides that were expressed in a colon cell line and/or in colon tissue, but were present in the breast or lung cDNA libraries described herein, are shown in Table 15.

10 **Table 15 Polynucleotides specifically expressed in colon cells.**

SEQ ID NO.	Cluster	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	SEQ ID NO.	Cluster	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library
5	36535	2	0	229	39648	2	0
13	27250	2	0	231	85064	1	0
19	16283	3	0	234	39391	2	0
24	16918	4	0	236	39498	2	0
26	40108	2	0	242	22113	3	0
32	32663	1	1	247	19255	2	0
43	39833	2	0	252	22814	3	0
47	18957	3	0	253	39563	2	0
48	39508	2	0	254	39420	2	0
56	7005	8	2	257	39412	2	0
58	18957	3	0	261	38085	2	0
59	18957	3	0	265	40054	1	0
60	16283	3	0	266	39423	2	0
64	13238	4	1	267	39453	2	0
70	39442	2	0	270	78091	1	0
71	17036	4	0	276	39168	2	0
73	7005	8	2	277	39458	2	0
83	11476	6	0	278	14391	3	1
86	39425	2	0	279	39195	2	0
94	21847	2	1	282	12977	5	0
100	16731	3	1	284	14391	3	1
101	12439	4	0	290	16347	4	0
113	17055	4	0	293	39478	2	0
120	67907	1	0	294	39392	2	0
121	12081	4	0	297	39180	2	0
124	39174	2	0	299	6867	7	3

WO 99/33982				PCT/US98/27610			
SEQ ID NO.	Cluster	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library	SEQ ID NO.	Cluster	Clones in 1 st Library	Clones in 2 nd Library
126	8210	2	6	301	41633	1	1
128	40455	2	0	302	23218	3	0
139	22195	3	0	303	39380	2	0
143	86859	1	0	309	84328	1	0
150	8672	4	4	314	14367	3	0
153	16977	4	0	320	39886	2	0
156	17036	4	0	324	9061	5	2
159	40044	2	0	327	16653	3	1
161	40044	2	0	328	16985	4	0
163	22155	3	0	329	12977	5	0
166	15066	4	0	330	9061	5	2
170	11465	5	0	333	16392	3	0
176	3765	19	6	342	39486	2	0
181	86110	1	0	344	6874	6	3
182	39648	2	0	345	6874	6	3
185	17076	4	0	353	11494	4	0
186	22794	2	0	354	17062	3	0
187	39171	2	0	355	16245	4	0
194	40455	2	0	356	83103	1	0
199	16317	3	0	358	13072	4	1
210	39186	2	0	366	14364	1	0
211	40122	2	0	368	84182	1	0
218	26295	2	0	372	56020	1	0
222	4665	5	9	389	7514	5	3
226	82498	1	0	391	7570	5	3
227	35702	2	0	393	23210	3	0

In addition to the above, SEQ ID NOS:159 and 161 were each present in one clone in each of Lib16 (Normal Colon Tumor Tissue), and SEQ ID NOS:344 and 345 were each present in one clone in Lib17 (High Colon Metastasis Tissue). No clones corresponding to the colon-specific polynucleotides in the table above were present in any of Libraries 3, 4, 8, or 9. The polynucleotide provided above can be used as markers of cells of colon origin, and find particular use in reference arrays, as described above.

Example 13: Identification of Contiguous Sequences Having a Polynucleotide of the
Invention

The novel polynucleotides were used to screen publicly available and proprietary databases to determine if any of the polynucleotides of SEQ ID NOS:1-404 would facilitate identification of a contiguous sequence, *e.g.*, the polynucleotides would provide sequence that would result in 5' extension of another DNA sequence, resulting in production of a longer contiguous sequence composed of the provided polynucleotide and the other DNA sequence(s). Contigging was performed using the AssemblyLign program with the following

parameters: 1) Overlap: Minimum Overlap Length: 30; % Stringency: 50; Minimum Repeat Length: 30; Alignment: gap creation penalty: 1.00, gap extension penalty: 1.00; 2) Consensus: % Base designation threshold: 80.

Using these parameters, 44 polynucleotides provided contiged sequences. These
5 contiged sequences are provided as SEQ ID NOS:801-844. The contiged sequences can be correlated with the sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-404 upon which the contiged sequences are based by identifying those sequences of SEQ ID NOS:1-404 and the contiged sequences of SEQ ID NOS:801-844 that share the same clone name in Table 1. It should be noted that of these 44 sequences that provided a contiged sequence, the following members of that group
10 of 44 did not contig using the overlap settings indicated in parentheses (Stringency/Overlap): SEQ ID NO:804 (30%/10); SEQ ID NO:810 (20%/20); SEQ ID NO:812 (30%/10); SEQ ID NO:814 (40%/20); SEQ ID NO:816 (30%/10); SEQ ID NO:832 (30%/10); SEQ ID NO:840 (20%/20); SEQ ID NO:841 (40%/20). To generalize, the indicated polynucleotides did not contig using a minimum 20% stringency, 10 overlap. There was a corresponding increase in
15 the number of degenerate codons in these sequences.

The contiged sequences (SEQ ID NO:801-844) thus represent longer sequences that encompass a polynucleotide sequence of the invention. The contiged sequences were then translated in all three reading frames to determine the best alignment with individual sequences using the BLAST programs as described above for SEQ ID NOS:1-404 and the
20 validation sequences SEQ ID NOS:405-800. Again the sequences were masked using the XBLAST profram for masking low complexity as described above in Example 1 (Table 2). Several of the contiged sequences were found to encode polypeptides having characteristics of a polypeptide belonging to a known protein families (and thus represent new members of these protein families) and/or comprising a known functional domain (Table 16). Thus the
25 invention encompasses fragments, fusions, and variants of such polynucleotides that retain biological activity associated with the protein family and/or functional domain identified herein.

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Name	Profile	Start (Stop)	Score
809	Contig_RTA00000177AF.n.18.3. Seq_THC123051	ATPases	778 (1612)	6040
824	Contig_RTA00000187AF.g.24.1. Seq_THC168636	homeobox	531 (707)	12080
824	Contig_RTA00000187AF.g.24.1. Seq_THC168636	MAP kinase kinase	769 (1494)	5784
833	Contig_RTA00000190AF.j.4.1. Seq_THC228776	protein kinase	170 (1010)	5027
833	Contig_RTA00000190AF.j.4.1. Seq_THC228776	protein kinase	170 (1010)	5027

5 The profiles for the ATPases (AAA) and protein kinase families are described above
in Example 2. The homeobox and MAP kinase kinase protein families are described further
below.

A schematic representation of the homeobox domain is shown below. The helix-turn-helix region is shown by the symbols 'H' (for helix), and 't' (for turn).

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXHHHHHtttHHHHHHHXXXXXXXXX
1 60

The pattern detects homeobox sequences 24 residues long and spans positions 34 to 57 of the homeobox domain. The consensus pattern is as follows: [LIVMFYVG]-[ASLVR]-x(2)-[LIVMSTACN]-x-[LIVM]-x(4)-[LIV]-[RKNQUESTAIY]-[LIVFSTNKH]-W-[FYVC]-x-[NDQTAH]-x(5)-[RKNAIMW].

5 MAP kinase kinase (MAPKK). MAP kinases (MAPK) are involved in signal transduction, and are important in cell cycle and cell growth controls. The MAP kinase kinases (MAPKK) are dual-specificity protein kinases which phosphorylate and activate MAP kinases. MAPKK homologues have been found in yeast, invertebrates, amphibians, and mammals. Moreover, the MAPKK/MAPK phosphorylation switch constitutes a basic
10 module activated in distinct pathways in yeast and in vertebrates. MAPKK regulation studies have led to the discovery of at least four MAPKK convergent pathways in higher organisms. One of these is similar to the yeast pheromone response pathway which includes the *ste11* protein kinase. Two other pathways require the activation of either one or both of the serine/threonine kinase-encoded oncogenes *c-Raf-1* and *c-Mos*. Additionally, several
15 studies suggest a possible effect of the cell cycle control regulator cyclin-dependent kinase 1 (*cdc2*) on MAPKK activity. Finally, MAPKKs are apparently essential transducers through which signals must pass before reaching the nucleus. For review, see, *e.g.*, *Biologique Mol Cell* (1993) 79:193-207; Nishida *et al.*, *Trends Biochem Sci* (1993) 18:128-31; Ruderman *Curr Opin Cell Biol* (1993) 5:207-13; Dhanasekaran *et al.*, *Oncogene* (1998) 17:1447-55;
20 Kiefer *et al.*, *Biochem Soc Trans* (1997) 25:491-8; and Hill, *Cell Signal* (1996) 8:533-44.

Those skilled in the art will recognize, or be able to ascertain, using not more than routine experimentation, many equivalents to the specific embodiments of the invention described herein. Such specific embodiments and equivalents are intended to be encompassed by the following claims.

25 All publications and patent applications cited in this specification are herein incorporated by reference as if each individual publication or patent application were specifically and individually indicated to be incorporated by reference. The citation of any publication is for its disclosure prior to the filing date and should not be construed as an admission that the present invention is not entitled to antedate such publication by virtue of
30 prior invention.

Although the foregoing invention has been described in some detail by way of illustration and example for purposes of clarity of understanding, it is readily apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art in light of the teachings of this invention that certain changes and modifications may be made thereto without departing from the spirit or scope of the appended claims.

Deposit Information:

The following materials were deposited with the American Type Culture Collection:
CMCC = (Chiron Master Culture Collection)

Cell Lines Deposited with ATCC

Cell Line	Deposit Date	ATCC Accession No.	CMCC Accession No.
KM12L4-A	March 19, 1998	CRL-12496	11606
Km12C	May 15, 1998	CRL-12533	11611
MDA-MB-231	May 15, 1998	CRL-12532	10583
MCF-7	October 9, 1998	CRL-12584	10377

cDNA Library ES1 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001395A:C03	4016	79.A1.sp6:130016.Seq
M00001395A:C03	4016	RTA00000118A.c.4.1
M00001449A:D12	3681	RTA00000131A.g.15.2
M00001449A:D12	3681	79.E1.sp6:130064.Seq
M00001452A:D08	1120	79.C2.sp6:130041.Seq
M00001452A:D08	1120	RTA00000118A.p.15.3
M00001513A:B06	4568	79.D4.sp6:130055.Seq
M00001513A:B06	4568	RTA00000122A.d.15.3
M00001517A:B07	4313	79.F4.sp6:130079.Seq
M00001517A:B07	4313	RTA00000122A.n.3.1
M00001533A:C11	2428	RTA00000123A.l.21.1
M00001533A:C11	2428	79.A5.sp6:130020.Seq
M00001533A:C11	2428	RTA00000123A.l.21.1.Seq_THC205063
M00001542A:A09	22113	79.F5.sp6:130080.Seq
M00001542A:A09	22113	RTA00000125A.c.7.1

cDNA Library ES2 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001343C:F10	2790	80.E1.sp6:130256.Seq
M00001343C:F10	2790	RTA00000177AF.e.2.1.Seq_THC229461
M00001343C:F10	2790	RTA00000177AF.e.2.1
M00001343D:H07	23255	100.C1.sp6:131446.Seq
M00001343D:H07	23255	RTA00000177AF.e.14.3.Seq_THC228776
M00001343D:H07	23255	80.F1.sp6:130268.Seq
M00001343D:H07	23255	RTA00000177AF.e.14.3
M00001345A:E01	6420	172.E1.sp6:133925.Seq
M00001345A:E01	6420	RTA00000177AF.f.10.3
M00001345A:E01	6420	RTA00000177AF.f.10.3.Seq_THC226443
M00001345A:E01	6420	80.G1.sp6:130280.Seq
M00001347A:B10	13576	80.D2.sp6:130245.Seq
M00001347A:B10	13576	100.E1.sp6:131470.Seq
M00001347A:B10	13576	RTA00000177AF.g.16.1
M00001353A:G12	8078	80.E3.sp6:130258.Seq
M00001353A:G12	8078	RTA00000177AR.l.13.1
M00001353A:G12	8078	172.C3.sp6:133903.Seq
M00001353D:D10	14929	RTA00000177AF.m.1.2
M00001353D:D10	14929	80.F3.sp6:130270.Seq
M00001353D:D10	14929	172.D3.sp6:133915.Seq
M00001361A:A05	4141	80.B4.sp6:130223.Seq
M00001361A:A05	4141	RTA00000177AF.p.20.3
M00001362B:D10	5622	80.D4.sp6:130247.Seq
M00001362B:D10	5622	RTA00000178AF.a.11.1

WO 99/33982

cDNA Library ES3 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001362C:H11	945	RTA00000178AR.a.20.1
M00001362C:H11	945	100.E4.sp6:131473.Seq
M00001362C:H11	945	80.E4.sp6:130259.Seq
M00001362C:H11	945	180.C2.sp6:135940.Seq
M00001376B:G06	17732	RTA00000178AR.i.2.2
M00001376B:G06	17732	80.B5.sp6:130224.Seq
M00001387A:C05	2464	80.D6.sp6:130249.Seq
M00001387A:C05	2464	RTA00000178AF.n.18.1
M00001412B:B10	8551	RTA00000179AF.p.21.1
M00001412B:B10	8551	80.G7.sp6:130286.Seq
M00001415A:H06	13538	80.B8.sp6:130227.Seq
M00001415A:H06	13538	RTA00000180AF.a.24.1
M00001416B:H11	8847	80.C8.sp6:130239.Seq
M00001416B:H11	8847	RTA00000180AF.b.16.1
M00001429D:D07	40392	RTA00000180AF.j.8.1
M00001429D:D07	40392	80.H9.sp6:130300.Seq
M00001448D:H01	36313	80.A11.sp6:130218.Seq
M00001448D:H01	36313	RTA00000181AF.e.23.1

cDNA Library ES4 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001463C:B11	19	RTA00000182AF.b.7.1
M00001463C:B11	19	89.D1.sp6:130703.Seq
M00001470A:B10	1037	89.F2.sp6:130728.Seq
M00001470A:B10	1037	RTA00000121A.f.8.1
M00001497A:G02	2623	89.F3.sp6:130729.Seq
M00001497A:G02	2623	RTA00000183AF.a.6.1
M00001500A:E11	2623	RTA00000183AF.b.14.1
M00001500A:E11	2623	89.A4.sp6:130670.Seq
M00001501D:C02	9685	RTA00000183AF.c.11.1.Seq_THC109544
M00001501D:C02	9685	RTA00000183AF.c.11.1
M00001501D:C02	9685	89.C4.sp6:130694.Seq
M00001504C:H06	6974	89.F4.sp6:130730.Seq
M00001504C:H06	6974	RTA00000183AF.d.9.1
M00001504C:H06	6974	RTA00000183AF.d.9.1.Seq_THC223129
M00001504D:G06	6420	173.F5.SP6:134133.Seq
M00001504D:G06	6420	89.G4.sp6:130742.Seq
M00001504D:G06	6420	RTA00000183AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC226443
M00001504D:G06	6420	RTA00000183AF.d.11.1
M00001528A:C04	35555	89.B6.sp6:130684.Seq
M00001528A:C04	7337	RTA00000123A.b.17.1
M00001528A:C04	35555	184.A5.sp6:135530.Seq

cDNA Library ES5 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001537B:G07	3389	RTA00000183AF.m.19.1
M00001537B:G07	3389	89.A8.sp6:130674.Seq
M00001541A:D02	3765	89.C8.sp6:130698.Seq
M00001541A:D02	3765	RTA00000135A.d.1.1
M00001544B:B07	6974	89.A9.sp6:130675.Seq
M00001544B:B07	6974	RTA00000184AF.a.15.1
M00001546A:G11	1267	89.D9.sp6:130711.Seq
M00001546A:G11	1267	RTA00000125A.o.5.1
M00001549B:F06	4193	89.G9.sp6:130747.Seq
M00001549B:F06	4193	RTA00000184AF.e.13.1
M00001556A:F11	1577	173.C9.SP6:134101.Seq
M00001556A:F11	1577	89.F11.sp6:130737.Seq
M00001556A:F11	1577	RTA00000184AF.i.23.1
M00001556B:C08	4386	RTA00000184AF.j.4.1
M00001556B:C08	4386	89.H11.sp6:130761.Seq

cDNA Library ES6 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001563B:F06	102	RTA00000184AF.o.5.1
M00001563B:F06	102	90.B1.sp6:130871.Seq
M00001571C:H06	5749	90.E1.sp6:130907.Seq
M00001571C:H06	5749	RTA00000185AF.a.19.1
M00001594B:H04	260	90.D2.sp6:130896.Seq
M00001594B:H04	260	RTA00000185AR.i.12.2
M00001597C:H02	4837	90.E2.sp6:130908.Seq
M00001597C:H02	4837	RTA00000185AR.k.3.2
M00001624C:F01	4309	90.C4.sp6:130886.Seq
M00001624C:F01	4309	RTA00000186AF.e.22.1
M00001679A:A06	6660	90.F6.sp6:130924.Seq
M00001679A:A06	6660	122.B5.sp6:132089.Seq
M00001679A:A06	6660	RTA00000187AF.h.15.1
M00003759B:B09	697	90.G8.sp6:130938.Seq
M00003759B:B09	697	RTA00000188AF.d.6.1
M00003759B:B09	697	RTA00000188AF.d.6.1.Seq_THC178884
M00003844C:B11	6539	176.D9.sp6:134556.Seq
M00003844C:B11	6539	RTA00000189AF.d.22.1
M00003844C:B11	6539	90.B10.sp6:130880.Seq
M00003857A:G10	3389	90.A11.sp6:130869.Seq
M00003857A:G10	3389	RTA00000189AF.g.3.1

WO 99/33982

cDNA Library ES7 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00003914C:F05	3900	99.E1.sp6:131278.Seq
M00003914C:F05	3900	RTA00000190AF.g.13.1
M00003922A:E06	23255	RTA00000190AF.j.4.1
M00003922A:E06	23255	99.F1.sp6:131290.Seq
M00003922A:E06	23255	RTA00000190AF.j.4.1.Seq_THC228776
M00003983A:A05	9105	99.C3.sp6:131256.Seq
M00003983A:A05	9105	RTA00000191AF.a.21.2
M00004028D:A06	6124	RTA00000191AR.e.2.3
M00004028D:A06	6124	99.D3.sp6:131268.Seq
M00004031A:A12	9061	RTA00000191AR.e.11.2
M00004031A:A12	9061	RTA00000191AR.e.11.3
M00004087D:A01	6880	RTA00000191AF.m.20.1
M00004087D:A01	6880	99.A5.sp6:131234.Seq
M00004108A:E06	4937	99.E5.sp6:131282.Seq
M00004108A:E06	4937	RTA00000191AF.p.21.1
M00004114C:F11	13183	123.D5.sp6:132305.Seq
M00004114C:F11	13183	RTA00000192AF.a.24.1
M00004114C:F11	13183	99.G5.sp6:131306.Seq

cDNA Library ES8 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00004146C:C11	5257	99.B6.sp6:131247.Seq
M00004146C:C11	5257	177.F5.sp6:134768.Seq
M00004146C:C11	5257	RTA00000192AF.f.3.1
M00004146C:C11	5257	RTA00000192AF.f.3.1.Seq_THC213833
M00004157C:A09	6455	RTA00000192AF.g.23.1
M00004157C:A09	6455	99.D6.sp6:131271.Seq
M00004157C:A09	6455	123.E7.sp6:132319.Seq
M00004172C:D08	11494	RTA00000192AF.j.6.1
M00004172C:D08	11494	99.G6.sp6:131307.Seq
M00004172C:D08	11494	177.E6.sp6:134757.Seq
M00004229B:F08	6455	RTA00000193AF.b.9.1
M00004229B:F08	6455	99.C8.sp6:131261.Seq

cDNA Library ES9 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001466A:E07	4275	RTA00000120A.j.14.1
M00001531A:H11		89.F6.sp6:130732.Seq
M00001531A:H11		RTA00000123A.g.19.1
M00001551A:B10	6268	79.G9.sp6:130096.Seq
M00001551A:B10	6268	184.C12.sp6:135561.Seq
M00001551A:B10	6268	RTA00000126A.o.23.1
M00001552A:B12	307	RTA00000136A.o.4.2
M00001552A:B12	307	79.C7.sp6:130046.Seq
M00001556A:H01	15855	RTA00000184AF.j.1.1
M00001586C:C05	4623	RTA00000185AF.f.4.1
M00001604A:B10	1399	79.G8.sp6:130095.Seq
M00001604A:B10	1399	RTA00000129A.o.10.1
M00003879B:C11	5345	RTA00000189AF.l.19.1
M00003879B:C11	5345	90.B12.sp6:130882.Seq

cDNA Library ES10 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001358C:C06		RTA00000177AF.o.4.3
M00001388D:G05	5832	80.F6.sp6:130273.Seq
M00001388D:G05	5832	RTA00000178AF.o.23.1
M00001394A:F01	6583	RTA00000179AF.d.13.1
M00001394A:F01	6583	172.B8.sp6:133896.Seq
M00001394A:F01	6583	80.H6.sp6:130297.Seq
M00001429A:H04	2797	RTA00000180AF.i.19.1
M00001447A:G03	10717	RTA00000181AF.d.10.1
M00001448D:C09	8	80.H10.sp6:130301.Seq
M00001448D:C09	8	RTA00000181AF.e.17.1
M00001448D:C09	8	100.B11.sp6:131444.Seq
M00001454D:G03	689	RTA00000181AR.l.22.1

cDNA Library ES11 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00003975A:G11	12439	RTA00000190AF.o.24.1
M00003978B:G05	5693	RTA00000190AF.p.17.2.Seq_THC173318
M00003978B:G05	5693	RTA00000190AF.p.17.2
M00004059A:D06	5417	RTA00000191AF.h.19.1
M00004068B:A01	3706	99.C4.sp6:131257.Seq
M00004068B:A01	3706	RTA00000191AF.i.17.2
M00004205D:F06		99.E7.sp6:131284.Seq
M00004205D:F06		177.G7.sp6:134782.Seq
M00004205D:F06		RTA00000192AF.o.11.1
M00004212B:C07	2379	RTA00000192AF.p.8.1
M00004223A:G10	16918	RTA00000193AF.a.16.1

cDNA Library ES12 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00004223B:D09	7899	RTA00000193AF.a.17.1
M00004249D:G12		RTA00000193AF.c.22.1
M00004251C:G07		RTA00000193AF.d.2.1
M00004372A:A03	2030	RTA00000193AF.m.20.1

WO 99/33982
cDNA Library ES13 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001340B:A06	17062	80.A1.sp6:130208.Seq
M00001340B:A06	17062	RTA00000177AF.b.8.4
M00001340D:F10	11589	80.B1.sp6:130220.Seq
M00001340D:F10	11589	RTA00000177AF.b.17.4
M00001341A:E12	4443	80.C1.sp6:130232.Seq
M00001341A:E12	4443	RTA00000177AF.b.20.4
M00001342B:E06	39805	80.D1.sp6:130244.Seq
M00001342B:E06	39805	RTA00000177AF.c.21.3
M00001346A:F09	5007	RTA00000177AF.g.2.1
M00001346A:F09	5007	80.H1.sp6:130292.Seq
M00001346D:G06	5779	RTA00000177AF.g.14.3
M00001346D:G06	5779	RTA00000177AF.g.14.1
M00001348B:B04	16927	80.E2.sp6:130257.Seq
M00001348B:B04	16927	RTA00000177AF.h.9.3
M00001348B:G06	16985	RTA00000177AF.h.10.1
M00001348B:G06	16985	80.F2.sp6:130269.Seq
M00001349B:B08	3584	RTA00000177AF.h.20.1
M00001349B:B08	3584	80.G2.sp6:130281.Seq
M00001350A:H01	7187	100.C2.sp6:131447.Seq
M00001350A:H01	7187	80.A3.sp6:130210.Seq
M00001350A:H01	7187	RTA00000177AF.i.8.2
M00001352A:E02	16245	RTA00000177AF.k.9.3
M00001352A:E02	16245	172.D2.sp6:133914.Seq
M00001352A:E02	16245	80.D3.sp6:130246.Seq
M00001355B:G10	14391	RTA00000177AF.m.17.3
M00001355B:G10	14391	80.G3.sp6:130282.Seq
M00001355B:G10	14391	172.H3.sp6:133963.Seq
M00001355B:G10	14391	100.E3.sp6:131472.Seq
M00001361D:F08	2379	80.C4.sp6:130235.Seq
M00001361D:F08	2379	RTA00000178AF.a.6.1
M00001365C:C10	40132	RTA00000178AF.c.7.1
M00001365C:C10	40132	80.F4.sp6:130271.Seq
M00001368D:E03		80.G4.sp6:130283.Seq
M00001368D:E03		RTA00000178AF.d.20.1
M00001370A:C09	6867	80.H4.sp6:130295.Seq
M00001370A:C09	6867	RTA00000178AF.e.12.1
M00001371C:E09	7172	100.A5.sp6:131426.Seq
M00001371C:E09	7172	RTA00000178AF.f.9.1
M00001371C:E09	7172	80.A5.sp6:130212.Seq
M00001378B:B02	39833	80.C5.sp6:130236.Seq
M00001378B:B02	39833	RTA00000178AF.i.23.1
M00001379A:A05	1334	80.D5.sp6:130248.Seq
M00001379A:A05	1334	RTA00000178AF.j.7.1
M00001380D:B09	39886	RTA00000178AF.j.24.1
M00001380D:B09	39886	80.E5.sp6:130260.Seq
M00001381D:E06		80.F5.sp6:130272.Seq
M00001381D:E06		RTA00000178AF.k.16.1
M00001382C:A02	22979	80.G5.sp6:130284.Seq
M00001382C:A02	22979	RTA00000178AF.k.22.1
M00001384B:A11		80.B6.sp6:130225.Seq
M00001384B:A11		RTA00000178AF.m.13.1
M00001386C:B12	5178	80.C6.sp6:130237.Seq

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001386C:B12	5178	RTA00000178AF.n.10.1
M00001387B:G03	7587	80.E6.sp6:130261.Seq
M00001387B:G03	7587	RTA00000178AF.n.24.1
M00001389A:C08	16269	RTA00000178AF.p.1.1
M00001389A:C08	16269	80.G6.sp6:130285.Seq
M00001396A:C03	4009	172.D8.sp6:133920.Seq
M00001396A:C03	4009	80.A7.sp6:130214.Seq
M00001396A:C03	4009	RTA00000179AF.e.20.1
M00001400B:H06		172.B9.sp6:133897.Seq
M00001400B:H06		80.B7.sp6:130226.Seq
M00001400B:H06		RTA00000179AF.j.13.1
M00001400B:H06		RTA00000179AF.j.13.1.Seq_THC105720
M00001402A:E08	39563	80.C7.sp6:130238.Seq
M00001402A:E08	39563	RTA00000179AF.k.20.1
M00001407B:D11	5556	RTA00000179AF.n.10.1
M00001407B:D11	5556	80.D7.sp6:130250.Seq
M00001410A:D07	7005	180.H5.sp6:136003.Seq
M00001410A:D07	7005	RTA00000179AF.o.22.1
M00001410A:D07	7005	80.F7.sp6:130274.Seq
M00001414A:B01		RTA00000180AF.a.9.1
M00001414A:B01		80.H7.sp6:130298.Seq
M00001414C:A07		80.A8.sp6:130215.Seq
M00001414C:A07		RTA00000180AF.a.11.1
M00001416A:H01	7674	79.C1.sp6:130040.Seq
M00001416A:H01	7674	RTA00000118A.g.9.1
M00001417A:E02	36393	RTA00000180AF.c.2.1
M00001417A:E02	36393	80.D8.sp6:130251.Seq
M00001423B:E07	15066	RTA00000180AF.e.24.1
M00001423B:E07	15066	80.H8.sp6:130299.Seq
M00001424B:G09	10470	80.A9.sp6:130216.Seq
M00001424B:G09	10470	RTA00000180AF.f.18.1
M00001425B:H08	22195	RTA00000180AF.g.7.1
M00001425B:H08	22195	80.B9.sp6:130228.Seq
M00001426B:D12		RTA00000180AF.g.22.1
M00001426B:D12		80.C9.sp6:130240.Seq
M00001426D:C08	4261	80.D9.sp6:130252.Seq
M00001426D:C08	4261	RTA00000180AF.h.5.1
M00001428A:H10	84182	100.G9.sp6:131502.Seq
M00001428A:H10	84182	RTA00000180AF.h.19.1
M00001428A:H10	84182	80.E9.sp6:130264.Seq
M00001449A:A12	5857	80.B11.sp6:130230.Seq
M00001449A:A12	5857	RTA00000118A.g.14.1
M00001449A:B12	41633	80.C11.sp6:130242.Seq
M00001449A:B12	41633	RTA00000118A.g.16.1
M00001449A:G10	36535	RTA00000181AF.f.5.1
M00001449A:G10	36535	80.D11.sp6:130254.Seq
M00001449A:G10	36535	100.D11.sp6:131468.Seq
M00001449C:D06	86110	RTA00000181AF.f.12.1
M00001449C:D06	86110	80.E11.sp6:130266.Seq
M00001450A:A02	39304	RTA00000118A.j.21.1.Seq_THC151859
M00001450A:A02	39304	RTA00000118A.j.21.1
M00001450A:A02	39304	79.F1.sp6:130076.Seq

cDNA Library ES13 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001450A:A02	39304	180.G9.sp6:135995.Seq
M00001450A:A11	32663	80.F11.sp6:130278.Seq
M00001450A:A11	32663	RTA00000118A.l.8.1
M00001450A:B12	82498	100.F11.sp6:131492.Seq
M00001450A:B12	82498	RTA00000118A.m.10.1
M00001450A:B12	82498	79.G1.sp6:130088.Seq
M00001450A:D08	27250	80.G11.sp6:130290.Seq
M00001450A:D08	27250	180.B10.sp6:135936.Seq
M00001450A:D08	27250	RTA00000181AF.g.10.1
M00001452A:B04	84328	RTA00000118A.p.10.1
M00001452A:B04	84328	79.A2.sp6:130017.Seq
M00001452A:B12	86859	RTA00000118A.p.8.1
M00001452A:B12	86859	79.B2.sp6:130029.Seq
M00001452A:F05	85064	RTA00000131A.m.23.1
M00001452A:F05	85064	79.D2.sp6:130053.Seq
M00001452C:B06	16970	80.H11.sp6:130302.Seq
M00001452C:B06	16970	100.C12.sp6:131457.Seq
M00001452C:B06	16970	RTA00000181AR.i.18.2
M00001453A:E11	16130	80.A12.sp6:130219.Seq
M00001453A:E11	16130	100.D12.sp6:131469.Seq
M00001453A:E11	16130	RTA00000119A.c.13.1
M00001453C:F06	16653	80.B12.sp6:130231.Seq
M00001453C:F06	16653	RTA00000181AF.k.5.3
M00001454A:A09	83103	RTA00000119A.e.24.2
M00001454A:A09	83103	79.G2.sp6:130089.Seq
M00001454B:C12	7005	121.D1.sp6:131917.Seq
M00001454B:C12	7005	RTA00000181AF.k.24.1
M00001454B:C12	7005	80.C12.sp6:130243.Seq
M00001455B:E12	13072	80.F12.sp6:130279.Seq
M00001455B:E12	13072	RTA00000181AR.m.5.2
M00001460A:F06	2448	89.A1.sp6:130667.Seq
M00001460A:F06	2448	RTA00000119A.j.21.1
M00001461A:D06	1531	89.C1.sp6:130691.Seq
M00001461A:D06	1531	RTA00000119A.o.3.1
M00001465A:B11	10145	79.F3.sp6:130078.Seq
M00001465A:B11	10145	RTA00000120A.g.12.1
M00001467A:B07	38759	89.F1.sp6:130727.Seq
M00001467A:B07	38759	RTA00000120A.m.12.3
M00001467A:D04	39508	RTA00000120A.o.2.1
M00001467A:D04	39508	89.G1.sp6:130739.Seq
M00001467A:E10	39442	89.A2.sp6:130668.Seq
M00001467A:E10	39442	RTA00000120A.o.21.1
M00001468A:F05	7589	RTA00000120A.p.23.1
M00001468A:F05	7589	89.B2.sp6:130680.Seq
M00001469A:A01		RTA00000121A.c.10.1
M00001469A:A01		89.C2.sp6:130692.Seq
M00001469A:C10	12081	89.D2.sp6:130704.Seq
M00001469A:C10	12081	RTA00000133A.d.14.2
M00001469A:H12	19105	89.E2.sp6:130716.Seq
M00001469A:H12	19105	RTA00000133A.e.15.1
M00001470A:C04	39425	89.G2.sp6:130740.Seq
M00001470A:C04	39425	RTA00000133A.f.1.1

cDNA Library ES13 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001471A:B01	39478	89.H2.sp6:130752.Seq
M00001471A:B01	39478	RTA00000133A.i.5.1
M00001487B:H06		RTA00000182AF.l.15.1
M00001487B:H06		89.B3.sp6:130681.Seq
M00001488B:F12		RTA00000182AF.l.20.1
M00001488B:F12		89.C3.sp6:130693.Seq
M00001494D:F06	7206	RTA00000182AF.o.15.1
M00001494D:F06	7206	89.E3.sp6:130717.Seq
M00001499B:A11	10539	RTA00000183AF.a.24.1
M00001499B:A11	10539	89.G3.sp6:130741.Seq
M00001499B:A11	10539	173.B5.SP6:134085.Seq
M00001500A:C05	5336	RTA00000183AF.b.13.1
M00001500A:C05	5336	89.H3.sp6:130753.Seq
M00001504A:E01		RTA00000183AF.c.24.1
M00001504A:E01		89.D4.sp6:130706.Seq
M00001504A:E01		RTA00000183AF.c.24.1.Seq_THC125912
M00001504C:A07	10185	RTA00000183AF.d.5.1
M00001504C:A07	10185	89.E4.sp6:130718.Seq
M00001505C:C05		89.H4.sp6:130754.Seq
M00001505C:C05		RTA00000183AF.e.1.1
M00001506D:A09		89.A5.sp6:130671.Seq
M00001506D:A09		RTA00000183AF.e.23.1
M00001506D:A09		121.G6.sp6:131958.Seq
M00001507A:H05	39168	RTA00000121A.l.10.1
M00001507A:H05	39168	89.B5.sp6:130683.Seq
M00001535A:F10	39423	79.C5.sp6:130044.Seq
M00001535A:F10	39423	RTA00000134A.k.22.1
M00001541A:H03	39174	79.E5.sp6:130068.Seq
M00001541A:H03	39174	RTA00000124A.n.13.1
M00001544A:G02	19829	79.H5.sp6:130104.Seq
M00001544A:G02	19829	RTA00000125A.h.24.4
M00001545A:D08	13864	RTA00000125A.m.9.1
M00001545A:D08	13864	79.B6.sp6:130033.Seq
M00001551A:F05	39180	RTA00000126A.n.8.2
M00001551A:F05	39180	79.A7.sp6:130022.Seq
M00001552A:D11	39458	RTA00000126A.p.15.2
M00001552A:D11	39458	79.D7.sp6:130058.Seq
M00001557A:F03	39490	RTA00000128A.b.4.1

WO 99/33982

cDNA Library ES14 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001511A:H06	39412	RTA00000133A.k.17.1
M00001511A:H06	39412	89.C5.sp6:130695.Seq
M00001512A:A09	39186	89.D5.sp6:130707.Seq
M00001512A:A09	39186	RTA00000121A.p.15.1
M00001512D:G09	3956	89.E5.sp6:130719.Seq
M00001512D:G09	3956	173.H5.SP6:134157.Seq
M00001512D:G09	3956	RTA00000183AF.g.3.1
M00001513B:G03		RTA00000183AF.g.9.1
M00001513B:G03		89.F5.sp6:130731.Seq
M00001513B:G03		RTA00000183AF.g.9.1.Seq_THC198280
M00001513C:E08	14364	RTA00000183AF.g.12.1
M00001513C:E08	14364	89.G5.sp6:130743.Seq
M00001514C:D11	40044	RTA00000183AF.g.22.1
M00001514C:D11	40044	RTA00000183AF.g.22.1.Seq_THC232899
M00001514C:D11	40044	89.H5.sp6:130755.Seq
M00001518C:B11	8952	89.A6.sp6:130672.Seq
M00001518C:B11	8952	RTA00000183AF.h.15.1
M00001528B:H04	8358	89.D6.sp6:130708.Seq
M00001528B:H04	8358	RTA00000183AF.i.5.1
M00001531A:D01	38085	RTA00000123A.e.15.1
M00001531A:D01	38085	89.E6.sp6:130720.Seq
M00001534A:C04	16921	RTA00000183AF.k.6.1
M00001534A:C04	16921	89.H6.sp6:130756.Seq
M00001534A:D09	5097	RTA00000134A.k.1.1
M00001534A:D09	5097	RTA00000134A.k.1.1.Seq_THC215869
M00001534C:A01	4119	RTA00000183AF.k.16.1
M00001534C:A01	4119	89.C7.sp6:130697.Seq
M00001535A:C06	20212	89.E7.sp6:130721.Seq
M00001535A:C06	20212	RTA00000134A.l.22.1.Seq_THC128232
M00001535A:C06	20212	RTA00000134A.l.22.1
M00001536A:B07	2696	RTA00000134A.m.13.1
M00001536A:B07	2696	89.F7.sp6:130733.Seq
M00001537A:F12	39420	89.H7.sp6:130757.Seq
M00001537A:F12	39420	RTA00000134A.o.23.1
M00001540A:D06	8286	89.B8.sp6:130686.Seq
M00001540A:D06	8286	RTA00000183AF.o.1.1
M00001542A:E06	39453	89.E8.sp6:130722.Seq
M00001542A:E06	39453	RTA00000135A.g.11.1
M00001544A:E06		RTA00000184AF.a.8.1
M00001544A:E06		173.G7.SP6:134147.Seq
M00001544A:E06		89.H8.sp6:130758.Seq
M00001545A:B02		89.B9.sp6:130687.Seq
M00001545A:B02		RTA00000135A.l.2.2
M00001548A:E10	5892	89.E9.sp6:130723.Seq
M00001548A:E10	5892	RTA00000184AF.d.11.1
M00001548A:E10	5892	RTA00000184AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC161896
M00001549C:E06	16347	89.H9.sp6:130759.Seq
M00001549C:E06	16347	RTA00000184AF.e.15.1
M00001550A:A03	7239	89.A10.sp6:130676.Seq
M00001550A:A03	7239	RTA00000126A.m.4.2
M00001550A:G01	5175	RTA00000184AF.f.3.1
M00001550A:G01	5175	89.B10.sp6:130688.Seq

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001551A:G06	22390	RTA00000136A.j.13.1
M00001551A:G06	22390	89.C10.sp6:130700.Seq
M00001551C:G09	3266	RTA00000184AR.g.1.1
M00001551C:G09	3266	89.D10.sp6:130712.Seq
M00001553A:H06	8298	RTA00000127A.d.19.1
M00001553A:H06	8298	89.G10.sp6:130748.Seq
M00001553B:F12	4573	89.H10.sp6:130760.Seq
M00001553B:F12	4573	RTA00000184AF.h.9.1
M00001555A:B02	39539	RTA00000127A.i.21.1
M00001555A:B02	39539	89.B11.sp6:130689.Seq
M00001555A:C01	39195	89.C11.sp6:130701.Seq
M00001555A:C01	39195	RTA00000137A.c.16.1
M00001555D:G10	4561	RTA00000184AF.i.21.1
M00001555D:G10	4561	89.D11.sp6:130713.Seq
M00001556A:C09	9244	89.E11.sp6:130725.Seq
M00001556A:C09	9244	RTA00000127A.l.3.1
M00001556B:G02	11294	RTA00000184AF.j.6.1
M00001556B:G02	11294	89.A12.sp6:130678.Seq
M00001557B:H10	5192	173.E9.SP6:134125.Seq
M00001557B:H10	5192	RTA00000184AF.k.2.1
M00001557B:H10	5192	89.D12.sp6:130714.Seq
M00001557D:D09	8761	RTA00000184AF.k.12.1
M00001557D:D09	8761	89.E12.sp6:130726.Seq
M00001558B:H11	7514	RTA00000184AF.k.21.1
M00001558B:H11	7514	89.G12.sp6:130750.Seq
M00001559B:F01		89.H12.sp6:130762.Seq
M00001559B:F01		RTA00000184AF.l.11.1
M00001560D:F10	6558	90.A1.sp6:130859.Seq
M00001560D:F10	6558	RTA00000184AF.m.21.1
M00001566B:D11		RTA00000184AF.p.3.1
M00001566B:D11		90.D1.sp6:130895.Seq
M00001583D:A10	6293	RTA00000185AF.e.11.1
M00001583D:A10	6293	90.A2.sp6:130860.Seq
M00001590B:F03		RTA00000185AF.g.11.1
M00001590B:F03		90.C2.sp6:130884.Seq
M00001597D:C05	10470	RTA00000185AF.k.6.1
M00001597D:C05	10470	90.F2.sp6:130920.Seq
M00001598A:G03	16999	90.G2.sp6:130932.Seq
M00001598A:G03	16999	RTA00000185AF.k.9.1
M00001601A:D08	22794	RTA00000138A.b.5.1
M00001601A:D08	22794	90.H2.sp6:130944.Seq
M00001607A:E11	11465	RTA00000185AF.m.19.1
M00001607A:E11	11465	90.A3.sp6:130861.Seq
M00001608A:B03	7802	RTA00000185AF.n.5.1
M00001608A:B03	7802	90.B3.sp6:130873.Seq
M00001608B:E03	22155	RTA00000185AF.n.9.1
M00001608B:E03	22155	90.C3.sp6:130885.Seq
M00001608D:A11		RTA00000185AF.n.12.1
M00001608D:A11		90.D3.sp6:130897.Seq
M00001614C:F10	13157	RTA00000186AF.a.6.1
M00001614C:F10	13157	90.E3.sp6:130909.Seq
M00001617C:E02	17004	RTA00000186AF.b.21.1

WO 99/33982

cDNA Library ES14 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001617C:E02	17004	90.F3.sp6:130921.Seq
M00001619C:F12	40314	90.G3.sp6:130933.Seq
M00001619C:F12	40314	RTA00000186AF.c.15.1
M00001621C:C08	40044	RTA00000186AF.d.1.1
M00001621C:C08	40044	RTA00000186AF.d.1.1.Seq_THC232899
M00001621C:C08	40044	90.H3.sp6:130945.Seq
M00001621C:C08	40044	122.E1.sp6:132121.Seq
M00001623D:F10	13913	RTA00000186AF.e.6.1
M00001623D:F10	13913	90.A4.sp6:130862.Seq
M00001632D:H07		RTA00000186AF.h.14.1.Seq_THC112525
M00001632D:H07		RTA00000186AF.h.14.1
M00001632D:H07		90.E4.sp6:130910.Seq
M00001632D:H07		176.A3.sp6:134514.Seq
M00001644C:B07	39171	RTA00000186AF.l.7.1
M00001644C:B07	39171	90.F4.sp6:130922.Seq
M00001644C:B07	39171	217.A12.sp6:139369.Seq
M00001645A:C12	19267	RTA00000186AF.l.12.1.Seq_THC178183
M00001645A:C12	19267	176.G3.sp6:134586.Seq
M00001645A:C12	19267	RTA00000186AF.l.12.1
M00001645A:C12	19267	90.G4.sp6:130934.Seq
M00001648C:A01	4665	90.H4.sp6:130946.Seq
M00001648C:A01	4665	RTA00000186AF.m.3.1
M00001657D:C03	23201	RTA00000187AF.a.14.1
M00001657D:C03	23201	90.B5.sp6:130875.Seq
M00001657D:F08	76760	90.C5.sp6:130887.Seq
M00001657D:F08	76760	RTA00000187AF.a.15.1
M00001662C:A09	23218	RTA00000187AR.c.5.2
M00001662C:A09	23218	90.D5.sp6:130899.Seq
M00001663A:E04	35702	90.E5.sp6:130911.Seq
M00001663A:E04	35702	RTA00000187AR.c.15.2
M00001669B:F02	6468	90.F5.sp6:130923.Seq
M00001669B:F02	6468	RTA00000187AF.d.15.1
M00001670C:H02	14367	90.G5.sp6:130935.Seq
M00001670C:H02	14367	RTA00000187AF.e.8.1
M00001673C:H02	7015	90.H5.sp6:130947.Seq
M00001673C:H02	7015	RTA00000187AF.f.18.1
M00001675A:C09	8773	RTA00000187AF.f.24.1
M00001675A:C09	8773	90.A6.sp6:130864.Seq
M00001675A:C09	8773	RTA00000187AF.f.24.1.Seq_THC220002
M00001676B:F05	11460	RTA00000187AF.g.12.1
M00001676B:F05	11460	90.B6.sp6:130876.Seq
M00001676B:F05	11460	219.F2.sp6:139035.Seq
M00001677D:A07	7570	90.D6.sp6:130900.Seq
M00001677D:A07	7570	RTA00000187AF.g.24.1
M00001677D:A07	7570	RTA00000187AF.g.24.1.Seq_THC168636
M00001678D:F12	4416	90.E6.sp6:130912.Seq
M00001678D:F12	4416	RTA00000187AF.h.13.1
M00001679A:F10	26875	RTA00000187AF.i.1.1
M00001679A:F10	26875	90.A7.sp6:130865.Seq
M00001679B:F01	6298	90.B7.sp6:130877.Seq
M00001679B:F01	6298	RTA00000187AR.i.10.2
M00001680D:F08	10539	90.F7.sp6:130925.Seq

cDNA Library ES14 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001680D:F08	10539	219.F6.sp6:139039.Seq
M00001680D:F08	10539	RTA00000187AF.l.7.1
M00001682C:B12	17055	90.G7.sp6:130937.Seq
M00001682C:B12	17055	RTA00000187AF.m.3.1
M00001682C:B12	17055	176.D6.sp6:134553.Seq
M00001688C:F09	5382	90.A8.sp6:130866.Seq
M00001688C:F09	5382	RTA00000187AF.m.23.2
M00001693C:G01	4393	RTA00000187AF.n.17.1
M00001693C:G01	4393	90.B8.sp6:130878.Seq
M00001716D:H05	67252	RTA00000187AF.o.6.1
M00001716D:H05	67252	90.C8.sp6:130890.Seq
M00003741D:C09	40108	90.D8.sp6:130902.Seq
M00003741D:C09	40108	RTA00000187AF.o.24.1
M00003747D:C05	11476	RTA00000187AF.p.19.1
M00003747D:C05	11476	90.E8.sp6:130914.Seq
M00003747D:C05	11476	RTA00000187AF.p.19.1.Seq_THC108482
M00003754C:E09	11476	219.H8.sp6:139065.Seq
M00003754C:E09		90.F8.sp6:130926.Seq
M00003761D:A09		RTA00000188AF.b.12.1
M00003761D:A09		RTA00000188AF.d.11.1
M00003761D:A09		90.H8.sp6:130950.Seq
M00003762C:B08	17076	RTA00000188AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC212094
M00003762C:B08	17076	RTA00000188AF.d.21.1.Seq_THC208760
M00003762C:B08	17076	90.A9.sp6:130867.Seq
M00003763A:F06	3108	RTA00000188AF.d.21.1
M00003763A:F06	3108	RTA00000188AF.d.24.1
M00003774C:A03	67907	90.B9.sp6:130879.Seq
M00003774C:A03	67907	RTA00000188AF.g.11.1.Seq_THC123222
M00003774C:A03	67907	RTA00000188AF.g.11.1
M00003784D:D12		90.C9.sp6:130891.Seq
M00003784D:D12		RTA00000188AF.i.8.1
M00003839A:D08	7798	90.D9.sp6:130903.Seq
M00003839A:D08	7798	RTA00000189AF.c.18.1
M00003851B:D08		90.A10.sp6:130868.Seq
M00003851B:D08		90.D10.sp6:130904.Seq
M00003851B:D10	13595	RTA00000189AF.f.7.1
M00003851B:D10	13595	90.E10.sp6:130916.Seq
M00003853A:D04	5619	RTA00000189AF.f.8.1
M00003853A:D04	5619	90.F10.sp6:130928.Seq
M00003853A:F12	10515	RTA00000189AF.f.17.1
M00003853A:F12	10515	90.G10.sp6:130940.Seq
M00003856B:C02	4622	RTA00000189AF.f.18.1
M00003856B:C02	4622	90.H10.sp6:130952.Seq
M00003857A:H03	4718	RTA00000189AF.g.1.1
M00003857A:H03	4718	90.B11.sp6:130881.Seq
M00003857A:H03	4718	RTA00000189AF.g.5.1.Seq_THC196102
		RTA00000189AF.g.5.1

WO 99/33982

cDNA Library ES15 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00003867A:D10		90.C11.sp6:130893.Seq
M00003867A:D10		RTA00000189AF.h.17.1
M00003871C:E02	4573	RTA00000189AF.j.12.1
M00003875C:G07	8479	90.G11.sp6:130941.Seq
M00003875C:G07	8479	RTA00000189AF.j.22.1
M00003875D:D11		90.H11.sp6:130953.Seq
M00003875D:D11		RTA00000189AF.j.23.1
M00003876D:E12	7798	90.A12.sp6:130870.Seq
M00003876D:E12	7798	RTA00000189AF.k.12.1
M00003906C:E10	9285	90.H12.sp6:130954.Seq
M00003906C:E10	9285	RTA00000190AF.d.7.1
M00003907D:A09	39809	99.A1.sp6:131230.Seq
M00003907D:A09	39809	RTA00000190AF.e.3.1.Seq_THC150217
M00003907D:A09	39809	RTA00000190AF.e.3.1
M00003907D:H04	16317	99.B1.sp6:131242.Seq
M00003907D:H04	16317	RTA00000190AF.e.6.1
M00003909D:C03	8672	RTA00000190AF.f.11.1
M00003909D:C03	8672	99.C1.sp6:131254.Seq
M00003968B:F06	24488	RTA00000190AF.n.16.1
M00003968B:F06	24488	99.C2.sp6:131255.Seq
M00003970C:B09	40122	RTA00000190AF.n.23.1
M00003970C:B09	40122	RTA00000190AF.n.23.1.Seq_THC109227
M00003970C:B09	40122	99.D2.sp6:131267.Seq
M00003974D:E07	23210	RTA00000190AF.o.20.1
M00003974D:E07	23210	RTA00000190AF.o.20.1.Seq_THC207240
M00003974D:E07	23210	99.E2.sp6:131279.Seq
M00003974D:H02	23358	RTA00000190AF.o.21.1.Seq_THC207240
M00003974D:H02	23358	RTA00000190AF.o.21.1
M00003974D:H02	23358	99.F2.sp6:131291.Seq
M00003981A:E10	3430	99.A3.sp6:131232.Seq
M00003981A:E10	3430	RTA00000191AF.a.9.1
M00003982C:C02	2433	RTA00000191AF.a.15.2
M00003982C:C02	2433	99.B3.sp6:131244.Seq
M00003982C:C02	2433	RTA00000191AF.a.15.2.Seq_THC79498
M00004028D:C05	40073	RTA00000191AF.e.3.1
M00004028D:C05	40073	99.E3.sp6:131280.Seq
M00004035C:A07	37285	99.H3.sp6:131316.Seq
M00004035C:A07	37285	RTA00000191AF.f.11.1
M00004035D:B06	17036	RTA00000191AF.f.13.1
M00004035D:B06	17036	99.A4.sp6:131233.Seq
M00004072A:C03		RTA00000191AF.j.9.1
M00004072A:C03		99.D4.sp6:131269.Seq
M00004081C:D10	15069	99.F4.sp6:131293.Seq
M00004081C:D10	15069	RTA00000191AF.l.6.1
M00004086D:G06	9285	99.H4.sp6:131317.Seq
M00004086D:G06	9285	RTA00000191AF.m.18.1
M00004105C:A04	7221	99.D5.sp6:131270.Seq
M00004105C:A04	7221	RTA00000191AF.p.9.1
M00004171D:B03	4908	RTA00000192AF.j.2.1
M00004171D:B03	4908	99.F6.sp6:131295.Seq
M00004185C:C03	11443	RTA00000192AF.l.13.2
M00004185C:C03	11443	123.A8.sp6:132272.Seq

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00004185C:C03	11443	99.A7.sp6:131236.Seq
M00004191D:B11		RTA00000192AF.m.12.1
M00004191D:B11		99.B7.sp6:131248.Seq
M00004191D:B11		123.C8.sp6:132296.Seq
M00004197D:H01	8210	99.C7.sp6:131260.Seq
M00004197D:H01	8210	123.E8.sp6:132320.Seq
M00004197D:H01	8210	RTA00000192AF.n.13.1
M00004203B:C12	14311	99.D7.sp6:131272.Seq
M00004203B:C12	14311	RTA00000192AF.o.2.1
M00004214C:H05	11451	177.D8.sp6:134747.Seq
M00004214C:H05	11451	RTA00000192AF.p.17.1
M00004223D:E04	12971	RTA00000193AF.a.20.1
M00004223D:E04	12971	99.B8.sp6:131249.Seq
M00004269D:D06	4905	99.H8.sp6:131321.Seq
M00004269D:D06	4905	RTA00000193AF.e.14.1
M00004295D:F12	16921	99.D9.sp6:131274.Seq
M00004295D:F12	16921	RTA00000193AF.h.15.1
M00004296C:H07	13046	99.E9.sp6:131286.Seq
M00004296C:H07	13046	RTA00000193AF.h.19.1
M00004307C:A06	9457	RTA00000193AF.i.14.2
M00004307C:A06	9457	99.F9.sp6:131298.Seq
M00004307C:A06	9457	123.D11.sp6:132311.Seq
M00004312A:G03	26295	RTA00000193AF.i.24.2
M00004312A:G03	26295	99.G9.sp6:131310.Seq
M00004312A:G03	26295	RTA00000193AF.i.24.2.Seq_THC197345
M00004318C:D10	21847	RTA00000193AF.j.9.1
M00004318C:D10	21847	99.H9.sp6:131322.Seq
M00004359B:G02		RTA00000193AF.m.5.1.Seq_THC173318
M00004359B:G02		RTA00000193AF.m.5.1
M00004505D:F08		RTA00000194AF.b.19.1
M00004505D:F08		99.H10.sp6:131323.Seq
M00004692A:H08		99.B11.sp6:131252.Seq
M00004692A:H08		RTA00000194AF.c.24.1
M00004692A:H08		377.F4.sp6:141957.Seq
M00005180C:G03		RTA00000194AF.f.4.1

WO 99/33982
cDNA Library ES16 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001346D:E03	6806	RTA00000177AF.g.13.3
M00001350A:B08		80.H2.sp6:130293.Seq
M00001350A:B08		RTA00000177AF.i.6.2
M00001357D:D11	4059	RTA00000177AF.n.18.3.Seq_THC123051
M00001357D:D11	4059	RTA00000177AF.n.18.3
M00001409C:D12	9577	RTA00000179AF.o.17.1
M00001409C:D12	9577	80.E7.sp6:130262.Seq
M00001418B:F03	9952	RTA00000180AF.c.20.1
M00001418B:F03	9952	RTA00000180AF.c.20.1.Seq_THC162284
M00001418B:F03	9952	80.E8.sp6:130263.Seq
M00001418D:B06	8526	RTA00000180AF.d.1.1
M00001421C:F01	9577	RTA00000180AF.d.23.1
M00001421C:F01	9577	80.G8.sp6:130287.Seq
M00001429B:A11	4635	RTA00000180AF.i.20.1
M00001432C:F06		RTA00000180AF.k.24.1
M00001439C:F08	40054	RTA00000180AF.p.10.1
M00001442C:D07	16731	RTA00000181AF.a.20.1
M00001442C:D07	16731	80.C10.sp6:130241.Seq
M00001443B:F01		80.D10.sp6:130253.Seq
M00001443B:F01		RTA00000181AF.b.7.1
M00001445A:F05	13532	80.E10.sp6:130265.Seq
M00001445A:F05	13532	RTA00000181AF.c.4.1
M00001446A:F05	7801	RTA00000181AF.c.21.1
M00001455A:E09	13238	RTA00000181AF.m.4.1
M00001455A:E09	13238	RTA00000181AF.m.4.1.Seq_THC140691
M00001460A:F12	39498	RTA00000119A.j.20.1
M00001481D:A05	7985	RTA00000182AR.j.2.1
M00001490B:C04	18699	RTA00000182AF.m.16.1
M00001490B:C04	18699	89.D3.sp6:130705.Seq
M00001500C:E04	9443	89.B4.sp6:130682.Seq
M00001500C:E04	9443	RTA00000183AF.c.1.1
M00001532B:A06	3990	89.G6.sp6:130744.Seq
M00001532B:A06	3990	RTA00000183AF.j.11.1
M00001534A:F09	5321	89.B7.sp6:130685.Seq
M00001534A:F09	5321	RTA00000183AF.k.8.1
M00001535A:B01	7665	RTA00000134A.l.19.1
M00001536A:C08	39392	89.G7.sp6:130745.Seq
M00001536A:C08	39392	RTA00000134A.m.16.1
M00001541A:F07	22085	RTA00000135A.e.5.2
M00001542B:B01		RTA00000183AF.p.4.1
M00001542B:B01		89.F8.sp6:130734.Seq
M00001544A:E03	12170	RTA00000125A.h.18.4
M00001545A:C03	19255	RTA00000135A.m.18.1
M00001545A:C03	19255	184.B10.sp6:135547.Seq
M00001545A:C03	19255	89.C9.sp6:130699.Seq
M00001548A:H09	1058	RTA00000126A.e.20.3.Seq_THC217534
M00001548A:H09	1058	RTA00000126A.e.20.3
M00001548A:H09	1058	79.F6.sp6:130081.Seq
M00001549A:B02	4015	RTA00000136A.e.12.1
M00001549A:B02	4015	79.G6.sp6:130093.Seq
M00001549A:D08	10944	RTA00000126A.h.17.2
M00001552B:D04	5708	RTA00000184AF.g.12.1

cDNA Library ES16 - ATCC#

Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00001552B:D04	5708	89.E10.sp6:130724.Seq
M00001552D:A01		89.F10.sp6:130736.Seq
M00001552D:A01		RTA00000184AF.g.22.1
M00001553D:D10	22814	RTA00000184AF.h.14.1
M00001553D:D10	22814	89.A11.sp6:130677.Seq
M00001558A:H05		RTA00000128A.c.20.1
M00001558A:H05		89.F12.sp6:130738.Seq
M00001561A:C05	39486	RTA00000128A.m.22.2
M00001561A:C05	39486	79.B8.sp6:130035.Seq
M00001564A:B12	5053	RTA00000184AF.o.12.1
M00001578B:E04	23001	RTA00000185AF.c.24.1
M00001579D:C03	6539	90.G1.sp6:130931.Seq
M00001579D:C03	6539	173.A12.SP6:134080.Seq
M00001579D:C03	6539	RTA00000185AF.d.11.1
M00001582D:F05		RTA00000185AF.d.24.1
M00001587A:B11	39380	RTA00000129A.e.24.1
M00001587A:B11	39380	79.E8.sp6:130071.Seq
M00001604A:F05	39391	RTA00000138A.c.3.1
M00001604A:F05	39391	79.A9.sp6:130024.Seq
M00001624A:B06	3277	RTA00000138A.l.5.1
M00001624A:B06	3277	217.E1.sp6:139406.Seq
M00001624A:B06	3277	90.B4.sp6:130874.Seq
M00001630B:H09	5214	90.D4.sp6:130898.Seq
M00001630B:H09	5214	122.C2.sp6:132098.Seq
M00001630B:H09	5214	RTA00000186AF.g.11.1
M00001651A:H01		RTA00000186AF.n.7.1
M00001651A:H01		90.A5.sp6:130863.Seq
M00001677C:E10	14627	RTA00000187AF.g.23.1
M00001679C:F01	78091	90.C7.sp6:130889.Seq
M00001679C:F01	78091	RTA00000187AF.j.6.1
M00001679C:F01	78091	176.G5.sp6:134588.Seq
M00001686A:E06	4622	RTA00000187AF.m.15.2
M00003796C:D05	5619	RTA00000188AF.l.9.1.Seq_THC167845
M00003796C:D05	5619	RTA00000188AF.l.9.1
M00003826B:A06	11350	RTA00000189AF.a.24.2
M00003826B:A06	11350	90.F9.sp6:130927.Seq
M00003833A:E05	21877	RTA00000189AF.b.21.1
M00003837D:A01	7899	90.H9.sp6:130951.Seq
M00003837D:A01	7899	RTA00000189AF.c.10.1
M00003846B:D06	6874	RTA00000189AF.e.9.1
M00003846B:D06	6874	90.C10.sp6:130892.Seq
M00003879B:D10	31587	RTA00000189AF.l.20.1
M00003879B:D10	31587	90.C12.sp6:130894.Seq
M00003879D:A02	14507	90.D12.sp6:130906.Seq
M00003879D:A02	14507	RTA00000189AR.l.23.2
M00003891C:H09		90.G12.sp6:130942.Seq
M00003891C:H09		RTA00000189AF.p.8.1
M00003912B:D01	12532	99.D1.sp6:131266.Seq
M00003912B:D01	12532	RTA00000190AF.g.2.1
M00004072B:B05	17036	RTA00000191AF.j.10.1
M00004081C:D12	14391	RTA00000191AF.l.7.1
M00004111D:A08	6874	RTA00000192AF.a.14.1

WO 99/33982
cDNA Library ES16 - ATCC#
Deposit Date - December 22, 1998

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Sequence Name
M00004111D:A08	6874	99.F5.sp6:131294.Seq
M00004121B:G01		177.H4.sp6:134791.Seq
M00004121B:G01		99.H5.sp6:131318.Seq
M00004121B:G01		RTA00000192AF.c.2.1
M00004138B:H02	13272	99.A6.sp6:131235.Seq
M00004138B:H02	13272	RTA00000192AF.e.3.1
M00004151D:B08	16977	RTA00000192AF.g.3.1
M00004169C:C12	5319	99.E6.sp6:131283.Seq
M00004169C:C12	5319	RTA00000192AF.i.12.1
M00004169C:C12	5319	123.F7.sp6:132331.Seq
M00004183C:D07	16392	RTA00000192AF.l.1.1
M00004183C:D07	16392	RTA00000192AF.l.1.1.Seq_THC202071
M00004230B:C07	7212	RTA00000193AF.b.14.1
M00004230B:C07	7212	99.D8.sp6:131273.Seq
M00004249D:F10		RTA00000193AF.c.21.1.Seq_THC222602
M00004249D:F10		RTA00000193AF.c.21.1
M00004275C:C11	16914	99.A9.sp6:131238.Seq
M00004275C:C11	16914	RTA00000193AF.f.5.1
M00004283B:A04	14286	RTA00000193AF.f.22.1
M00004285B:E08	56020	RTA00000193AF.g.2.1
M00004327B:H04		RTA00000193AF.j.20.1
M00004377C:F05	2102	RTA00000193AF.n.7.1
M00004384C:D02		RTA00000193AF.n.15.1
M00004384C:D02		RTA00000193AF.n.15.1.Seq_THC215687
M00004461A:B08		RTA00000194AR.a.10.2
M00004461A:B09		RTA00000194AF.a.11.1
M00004691D:A05		RTA00000194AF.c.23.1
M00004896A:C07		RTA00000194AF.d.13.1

The above material has been deposited with the American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, Maryland, under the accession number indicated. This deposit will be maintained under the terms of the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit of Microorganisms for purposes of Patent Procedure. The deposit will be maintained for a period of 30 years following issuance of this patent, or for the enforceable life of the patent, whichever is greater. Upon issuance of the patent, the deposit will be available to the public from the ATCC without restriction.

This deposit is provided merely as convenience to those of skill in the art, and is not an admission that a deposit is required under 35 U.S.C. §112. The sequence of the polynucleotides contained within the deposited material, as well as the amino acid sequence of the polypeptides encoded thereby, are incorporated herein by reference and are controlling in the event of any conflict with the written description of sequences herein. A license may

be required to make, use, or sell the deposited material, and no such license is granted hereby.

Retrieval of Individual Clones from Deposit of Pooled Clones

5 Where the ATCC deposit is composed of a pool of cDNA clones, the deposit was prepared by first transfecting each of the clones into separate bacterial cells. The clones were then deposited as a pool of equal mixtures in the composite deposit. Particular clones can be obtained from the composite deposit using methods well known in the art. For example, a bacterial cell containing a particular clone can be identified by isolating single
10 colonies, and identifying colonies containing the specific clone through standard colony hybridization techniques, using an oligonucleotide probe or probes designed to specifically hybridize to a sequence of the clone insert (*e.g.*, a probe based upon unmasked sequence of the encoded polynucleotide having the indicated SEQ ID NO). The probe should be designed to have a T_m of approximately 80°C (assuming 2°C for each A or T and 4°C for
15 each G or C). Positive colonies can then be picked, grown in culture, and the recombinant clone isolated. Alternatively, probes designed in this manner can be used to PCR to isolate a nucleic acid molecule from the pooled clones according to methods well known in the art, *e.g.*, by purifying the cDNA from the deposited culture pool, and using the probes in PCR reactions to produce an amplified product having the corresponding desired polynucleotide
20 sequence.

Table 1. Sequence identification numbers, cluster ID, sequence name, and clone name

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
1	4635	RTA00000180AF.i.20.1	M00001429B:A11
2		RTA00000185AF.n.12.1	M00001608D:A11
3	4622	RTA00000187AF.m.15.2	M00001686A:E06
4	3706	RTA00000191AF.i.17.2	M00004068B:A01
5	36535	RTA00000181AF.f.5.1	M00001449A:G10
6	3990	RTA00000183AF.j.11.1	M00001532B:A06
7	5319	RTA00000192AF.i.12.1	M00004169C:C12
8	36393	RTA00000180AF.c.2.1	M00001417A:E02
9	2623	RTA00000183AF.a.6.1	M00001497A:G02
10	7587	RTA00000178AF.n.24.1	M00001387B:G03
11	7065	RTA00000137A.g.6.1	M00001557A:D02
12	10539	RTA00000187AF.l.7.1	M00001680D:F08
13	27250	RTA00000181AF.g.10.1	M00001450A:D08
14	5556	RTA00000179AF.n.10.1	M00001407B:D11
15		RTA00000192AF.m.12.1	M00004191D:B11
16	8761	RTA00000184AF.k.12.1	M00001557D:D09
17	4622	RTA00000189AF.g.1.1	M00003856B:C02
18	11460	RTA00000187AF.g.12.1	M00001676B:F05
19	16283	RTA00000120A.o.20.1	M00001467A:D08
20	3430	RTA00000191AF.a.9.1	M00003981A:E10
21	7065	RTA00000184AF.j.21.1	M00001557A:D02
22		RTA00000182AF.l.20.1	M00001488B:F12
23		RTA00000123A.g.19.1	M00001531A:H11
24	16918	RTA00000193AF.a.16.1	M00004223A:G10
25	16914	RTA00000193AF.f.5.1	M00004275C:C11
26	40108	RTA00000187AF.o.24.1	M00003741D:C09
27	14286	RTA00000193AF.f.22.1	M00004283B:A04
28	17004	RTA00000186AF.b.21.1	M00001617C:E02
29		RTA00000180AF.g.22.1	M00001426B:D12
30	13272	RTA00000192AF.e.3.1	M00004138B:H02
31		RTA00000194AF.f.4.1	M00005180C:G03
32	32663	RTA00000118A.l.8.1	M00001450A:A11
33		RTA00000180AF.a.9.1	M00001414A:B01
34	5832	RTA00000178AF.o.23.1	M00001388D:G05
35	7801	RTA00000181AF.c.21.1	M00001446A:F05
36	76760	RTA00000187AF.a.15.1	M00001657D:F08
37	40132	RTA00000178AF.c.7.1	M00001365C:C10
38		RTA00000183AF.e.1.1	M00001505C:C05
39	4016	RTA00000118A.c.4.1	M00001395A:C03
40	5382	RTA00000187AF.m.23.2	M00001688C:F09

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
41	5693	RTA00000190AF.p.17.2	M00003978B:G05
42	307	RTA00000136A.o.4.2	M00001552A:B12
43	39833	RTA00000178AF.i.23.1	M00001378B:B02
44		RTA00000193AF.m.5.1	M00004359B:G02
45	5325	RTA00000191AF.o.6.1	M00004093D:B12
46	5325	RTA00000191AF.o.6.2	M00004093D:B12
47	18957	RTA00000190AR.m.9.1	M00003958A:H02
48	39508	RTA00000120A.o.2.1	M00001467A:D04
49	22390	RTA00000136A.j.13.1	M00001551A:G06
50	12170	RTA00000125A.h.18.4	M00001544A:E03
51	4393	RTA00000187AF.n.17.1	M00001693C:G01
52	19	RTA00000182AF.b.7.1	M00001463C:B11
53		RTA00000193AF.c.21.1	M00004249D:F10
54	7899	RTA00000189AF.c.10.1	M00003837D:A01
55	40073	RTA00000191AF.e.3.1	M00004028D:C05
56	7005	RTA00000179AF.o.22.1	M00001410A:D07
57		RTA00000187AF.h.22.1	M00001679A:F06
58	18957	RTA00000190AF.m.9.2	M00003958A:H02
59	18957	RTA00000183AF.h.23.1	M00001528A:F09
60	16283	RTA00000182AF.c.22.1	M00001467A:D08
61	6974	RTA00000183AF.d.9.1	M00001504C:H06
62	2623	RTA00000183AF.b.14.1	M00001500A:E11
63	9105	RTA00000191AF.a.21.2	M00003983A:A05
64	13238	RTA00000181AF.m.4.1	M00001455A:E09
65	5749	RTA00000185AF.a.19.1	M00001571C:H06
66	6455	RTA00000193AF.b.9.1	M00004229B:F08
67	23001	RTA00000185AF.c.24.1	M00001578B:E04
68	6455	RTA00000192AF.g.23.1	M00004157C:A09
69	13595	RTA00000189AF.f.8.1	M00003851B:D10
70	39442	RTA00000120A.o.21.1	M00001467A:E10
71	17036	RTA00000191AF.f.13.1	M00004035D:B06
72		RTA00000183AF.g.9.1	M00001513B:G03
73	7005	RTA00000181AF.k.24.1	M00001454B:C12
74	6268	RTA00000126A.o.23.1	M00001551A:B10
75	16130	RTA00000119A.c.13.1	M00001453A:E11
76	23201	RTA00000187AF.a.14.1	M00001657D:C03
77	5321	RTA00000183AF.k.8.1	M00001534A:F09
78	13157	RTA00000186AF.a.6.1	M00001614C:F10
79	2102	RTA00000193AF.n.7.1	M00004377C:F05
80	1058	RTA00000126A.e.20.3	M00001548A:H09
81	40392	RTA00000180AF.j.8.1	M00001429D:D07
82		RTA00000183AF.e.23.1	M00001506D:A09
83	11476	RTA00000187AF.p.19.1	M00003747D:C05

WO 99/33982			Clone Name
SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	
84	3584	RTA00000177AF.h.20.1	M00001349B:B08
85	10470	RTA00000180AF.f.18.1	M00001424B:G09
86	39425	RTA00000133A.f.1.1	M00001470A:C04
87	5175	RTA00000184AF.f.3.1	M00001550A:G01
88	13576	RTA00000189AF.o.13.1	M00003885C:A02
89	7665	RTA00000134A.l.19.1	M00001535A:B01
90	16927	RTA00000177AF.h.9.3	M00001348B:B04
91	6660	RTA00000187AF.h.15.1	M00001679A:A06
92	2433	RTA00000191AF.a.15.2	M00003982C:C02
93	5097	RTA00000134A.k.1.1	M00001534A:D09
94	21847	RTA00000193AF.j.9.1	M00004318C:D10
95	3277	RTA00000138A.l.5.1	M00001624A:B06
96	5708	RTA00000184AF.g.12.1	M00001552B:D04
97	945	RTA00000178AR.a.20.1	M00001362C:H11
98	16269	RTA00000178AF.p.1.1	M00001389A:C08
99		RTA00000183AF.c.24.1	M00001504A:E01
100	16731	RTA00000181AF.a.20.1	M00001442C:D07
101	12439	RTA00000190AF.o.24.1	M00003975A:G11
102	3162	RTA00000177AF.j.12.3	M00001351B:A08
103		RTA00000194AF.b.19.1	M00004505D:F08
104		RTA00000193AF.n.15.1	M00004384C:D02
105		RTA00000186AF.n.7.1	M00001651A:H01
106	10717	RTA00000181AF.d.10.1	M00001447A:G03
107	4573	RTA00000189AF.j.12.1	M00003871C:E02
108		RTA00000186AF.h.14.1	M00001632D:H07
109	11443	RTA00000192AF.l.13.2	M00004185C:C03
110	5892	RTA00000184AF.d.11.1	M00001548A:E10
111	3162	RTA00000177AF.j.12.1	M00001351B:A08
112	10470	RTA00000185AF.k.6.1	M00001597D:C05
113	17055	RTA00000187AF.m.3.1	M00001682C:B12
114	2030	RTA00000193AF.m.20.1	M00004372A:A03
115	6558	RTA00000184AF.m.21.1	M00001560D:F10
116	23255	RTA00000190AF.j.4.1	M00003922A:E06
117	9577	RTA00000179AF.o.17.1	M00001409C:D12
118		RTA00000180AF.a.11.1	M00001414C:A07
119	8	RTA00000181AF.e.17.1	M00001448D:C09
120	67907	RTA00000188AF.g.11.1	M00003774C:A03
121	12081	RTA00000133A.d.14.2	M00001469A:C10
122	2448	RTA00000119A.j.21.1	M00001460A:F06
123	3389	RTA00000189AF.g.3.1	M00003857A:G10
124	39174	RTA00000124A.n.13.1	M00001541A:H03
125	24488	RTA00000190AF.n.16.1	M00003968B:F06
126	8210	RTA00000192AF.n.13.1	M00004197D:H01

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
127		RTA00000135A.l.2.2	M00001545A:B02
128	40455	RTA00000190AF.m.10.2	M00003958C:G10
129	9577	RTA00000180AF.d.23.1	M00001421C:F01
130	13183	RTA00000192AF.a.24.1	M00004114C:F11
131	5214	RTA00000186AF.g.11.1	M00001630B:H09
132	67252	RTA00000187AF.o.6.1	M00001716D:H05
133	3108	RTA00000188AF.d.24.1	M00003763A:F06
134	2464	RTA00000178AF.n.18.1	M00001387A:C05
135	36313	RTA00000181AF.e.23.1	M00001448D:H01
136	23255	RTA00000177AF.e.14.3	M00001343D:H07
137	7985	RTA00000182AR.j.2.1	M00001481D:A05
138	8286	RTA00000183AF.o.1.1	M00001540A:D06
139	22195	RTA00000180AF.g.7.1	M00001425B:H08
140	4573	RTA00000184AF.h.9.1	M00001553B:F12
141	26875	RTA00000187AF.i.1.1	M00001679A:F10
142	7187	RTA00000177AF.i.8.2	M00001350A:H01
143	86859	RTA00000118A.p.8.1	M00001452A:B12
144	4623	RTA00000185AF.f.4.1	M00001586C:C05
145		RTA00000121A.c.10.1	M00001469A:A01
146	10185	RTA00000183AF.d.5.1	M00001504C:A07
147		RTA00000183AF.p.4.1	M00001542B:B01
148	15069	RTA00000191AF.l.6.1	M00004081C:D10
149	39304	RTA00000118A.j.21.1	M00001450A:A02
150	8672	RTA00000190AF.f.11.1	M00003909D:C03
151	13576	RTA00000177AF.g.16.1	M00001347A:B10
152	6293	RTA00000185AF.e.11.1	M00001583D:A10
153	16977	RTA00000192AF.g.3.1	M00004151D:B08
154	5345	RTA00000189AF.l.19.1	M00003879B:C11
155	4905	RTA00000193AF.e.14.1	M00004269D:D06
156	17036	RTA00000191AF.j.10.1	M00004072B:B05
157	5417	RTA00000191AF.h.19.1	M00004059A:D06
158	7172	RTA00000178AF.f.9.1	M00001371C:E09
159	40044	RTA00000186AF.d.1.1	M00001621C:C08
160	4386	RTA00000184AF.j.4.1	M00001556B:C08
161	40044	RTA00000183AF.g.22.1	M00001514C:D11
162	9685	RTA00000183AF.c.11.1	M00001501D:C02
163	22155	RTA00000185AF.n.9.1	M00001608B:E03
164	10515	RTA00000189AF.f.18.1	M00003853A:F12
165	6539	RTA00000185AF.d.11.1	M00001579D:C03
166	15066	RTA00000180AF.e.24.1	M00001423B:E07
167	4261	RTA00000180AF.h.5.1	M00001426D:C08
168	13864	RTA00000125A.m.9.1	M00001545A:D08
169	6539	RTA00000189AF.d.22.1	M00003844C:B11

WO 99/33982			
SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
170	11465	RTA00000185AF.m.19.1	M00001607A:E11
171	3266	RTA00000184AR.g.1.1	M00001551C:G09
172	102	RTA00000184AF.o.5.1	M00001563B:F06
173	16970	RTA00000181AR.i.18.2	M00001452C:B06
174	12971	RTA00000193AF.a.20.1	M00004223D:E04
175	5007	RTA00000177AF.g.2.1	M00001346A:F09
176	3765	RTA00000135A.d.1.1	M00001541A:D02
177	11294	RTA00000184AF.j.6.1	M00001556B:G02
178	3681	RTA00000131A.g.15.2	M00001449A:D12
179	9283	RTA00000181AR.m.21.2	M00001455D:F09
180	18699	RTA00000182AF.m.16.1	M00001490B:C04
181	86110	RTA00000181AF.f.12.1	M00001449C:D06
182	39648	RTA00000178AR.l.8.2	M00001383A:C03
183	7337	RTA00000123A.b.17.1	M00001528A:C04
184	1334	RTA00000178AF.j.7.1	M00001379A:A05
185	17076	RTA00000188AF.d.21.1	M00003762C:B08
186	22794	RTA00000138A.b.5.1	M00001601A:D08
187	39171	RTA00000186AF.l.7.1	M00001644C:B07
188	8551	RTA00000179AF.p.21.1	M00001412B:B10
189	5857	RTA00000118A.g.14.1	M00001449A:A12
190	9443	RTA00000183AF.c.1.1	M00001500C:E04
191	9457	RTA00000193AF.i.14.2	M00004307C:A06
192	7206	RTA00000182AF.o.15.1	M00001494D:F06
193	22979	RTA00000178AF.k.22.1	M00001382C:A02
194	40455	RTA00000190AR.m.10.1	M00003958C:G10
195	7221	RTA00000191AF.p.9.1	M00004105C:A04
196		RTA00000191AF.j.9.1	M00004072A:C03
197	7239	RTA00000126A.m.4.2	M00001550A:A03
198	31587	RTA00000189AF.l.20.1	M00003879B:D10
199	16317	RTA00000190AF.e.6.1	M00003907D:H04
200	13576	RTA00000189AR.o.13.1	M00003885C:A02
201	5779	RTA00000177AF.g.14.3	M00001346D:G06
202	6124	RTA00000191AR.e.2.3	M00004028D:A06
203	9952	RTA00000180AF.c.20.1	M00001418B:F03
204		RTA00000188AF.i.8.1	M00003784D:D12
205	5779	RTA00000177AF.g.14.1	M00001346D:G06
206	39490	RTA00000128A.b.4.1	M00001557A:F03
207	4416	RTA00000187AF.h.13.1	M00001678D:F12
208	4009	RTA00000179AF.e.20.1	M00001396A:C03
209	5336	RTA00000183AF.b.13.1	M00001500A:C05
210	39186	RTA00000121A.p.15.1	M00001512A:A09
211	40122	RTA00000190AF.n.23.1	M00003970C:B09
212	12532	RTA00000190AF.g.2.1	M00003912B:D01

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
213	8078	RTA00000177AR.l.13.1	M00001353A:G12
214	3900	RTA00000190AF.g.13.1	M00003914C:F05
215	7589	RTA00000120A.p.23.1	M00001468A:F05
216	8298	RTA00000127A.d.19.1	M00001553A:H06
217	4443	RTA00000177AF.b.20.4	M00001341A:E12
218	26295	RTA00000193AF.i.24.2	M00004312A:G03
219	3389	RTA00000183AF.m.19.1	M00001537B:G07
220	7015	RTA00000187AF.f.18.1	M00001673C:H02
221	8526	RTA00000180AF.d.1.1	M00001418D:B06
222	4665	RTA00000186AF.m.3.1	M00001648C:A01
223	1399	RTA00000129A.o.10.1	M00001604A:B10
224	9244	RTA00000127A.l.3.1	M00001556A:C09
225		RTA00000179AF.j.13.1	M00001400B:H06
226	82498	RTA00000118A.m.10.1	M00001450A:B12
227	35702	RTA00000187AR.c.15.2	M00001663A:E04
228	38759	RTA00000120A.m.12.3	M00001467A:B07
229	39648	RTA00000178AF.l.8.1	M00001383A:C03
230	19105	RTA00000133A.e.15.1	M00001469A:H12
231	85064	RTA00000131A.m.23.1	M00001452A:F05
232	9285	RTA00000191AF.m.18.1	M00004086D:G06
233	9285	RTA00000190AF.d.7.1	M00003906C:E10
234	39391	RTA00000138A.c.3.1	M00001604A:F05
235		RTA00000178AF.d.20.1	M00001368D:E03
236	39498	RTA00000119A.j.20.1	M00001460A:F12
237	7798	RTA00000189AF.k.12.1	M00003876D:E12
238	7798	RTA00000189AF.c.18.1	M00003839A:D08
239	19829	RTA00000125A.h.24.4	M00001544A:G02
240		RTA00000188AF.d.11.1	M00003761D:A09
241	4275	RTA00000120A.j.14.1	M00001466A:E07
242	22113	RTA00000125A.c.7.1	M00001542A:A09
243	40314	RTA00000186AF.c.15.1	M00001619C:F12
244	10944	RTA00000126A.h.17.2	M00001549A:D08
245	39809	RTA00000190AF.e.3.1	M00003907D:A09
246	22085	RTA00000135A.e.5.2	M00001541A:F07
247	19255	RTA00000135A.m.18.1	M00001545A:C03
248	14311	RTA00000192AF.o.2.1	M00004203B:C12
249	8479	RTA00000189AF.j.22.1	M00003875C:G07
250		RTA00000189AF.j.23.1	M00003875D:D11
251	4193	RTA00000184AF.e.13.1	M00001549B:F06
252	22814	RTA00000184AF.h.14.1	M00001553D:D10
253	39563	RTA00000179AF.k.20.1	M00001402A:E08
254	39420	RTA00000134A.o.23.1	M00001537A:F12
255	11589	RTA00000177AF.b.17.4	M00001340D:F10

WO 99/33982			
SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
256	4937	RTA00000191AF.p.21.1	M00004108A:E06
257	39412	RTA00000133A.k.17.1	M00001511A:H06
258	4837	RTA00000185AR.k.3.2	M00001597C:H02
259	13046	RTA00000193AF.h.19.1	M00004296C:H07
260	4141	RTA00000177AF.p.20.3	M00001361A:A05
261	38085	RTA00000123A.e.15.1	M00001531A:D01
262		RTA00000189AF.p.8.1	M00003891C:H09
263	11451	RTA00000192AF.p.17.1	M00004214C:H05
264	14507	RTA00000189AR.l.23.2	M00003879D:A02
265	40054	RTA00000180AF.p.10.1	M00001439C:F08
266	39423	RTA00000134A.k.22.1	M00001535A:F10
267	39453	RTA00000135A.g.11.1	M00001542A:E06
268	10751	RTA00000187AF.k.7.1	M00001679D:D03
269	10751	RTA00000187AF.k.6.1	M00001679D:D03
270	78091	RTA00000187AF.j.6.1	M00001679C:F01
271	39539	RTA00000127A.i.21.1	M00001555A:B02
272		RTA00000182AF.l.15.1	M00001487B:H06
273		RTA00000194AF.d.13.1	M00004896A:C07
274		RTA00000128A.c.20.1	M00001558A:H05
275	9283	RTA00000181AR.m.22.2	M00001455D:F09
276	39168	RTA00000121A.l.10.1	M00001507A:H05
277	39458	RTA00000126A.p.15.2	M00001552A:D11
278	14391	RTA00000177AF.m.17.3	M00001355B:G10
279	39195	RTA00000137A.c.16.1	M00001555A:C01
280	7212	RTA00000193AF.b.14.1	M00004230B:C07
281	4015	RTA00000136A.e.12.1	M00001549A:B02
282	12977	RTA00000189AF.j.19.1	M00003875B:F04
283		RTA00000178AF.m.13.1	M00001384B:A11
284	14391	RTA00000191AF.l.7.1	M00004081C:D12
285		RTA00000194AF.c.23.1	M00004691D:A05
286		RTA00000181AF.b.7.1	M00001443B:F01
287	8358	RTA00000183AF.i.5.1	M00001528B:H04
288	1267	RTA00000125A.o.5.1	M00001546A:G11
289		RTA00000189AF.f.7.1	M00003851B:D08
290	16347	RTA00000184AF.e.15.1	M00001549C:E06
291	7899	RTA00000193AF.a.17.1	M00004223B:D09
292	2379	RTA00000178AF.a.6.1	M00001361D:F08
293	39478	RTA00000133A.i.5.1	M00001471A:B01
294	39392	RTA00000134A.m.16.1	M00001536A:C08
295	5053	RTA00000184AF.o.12.1	M00001564A:B12
296	16999	RTA00000185AF.k.9.1	M00001598A:G03
297	39180	RTA00000126A.n.8.2	M00001551A:F05
298	1037	RTA00000121A.f.8.1	M00001470A:B10

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
299	6867	RTA00000178AF.e.12.1	M00001370A:C09
300	10539	RTA00000183AF.a.24.1	M00001499B:A11
301	41633	RTA00000118A.g.16.1	M00001449A:B12
302	23218	RTA00000187AR.c.5.2	M00001662C:A09
303	39380	RTA00000129A.e.24.1	M00001587A:B11
304		RTA00000185AF.d.24.1	M00001582D:F05
305		RTA00000177AF.o.4.3	M00001358C:C06
306	6974	RTA00000184AF.a.15.1	M00001544B:B07
307		RTA00000185AF.g.11.1	M00001590B:F03
308	15855	RTA00000184AF.j.1.1	M00001556A:H01
309	84328	RTA00000118A.p.10.1	M00001452A:B04
310	10145	RTA00000120A.g.12.1	M00001465A:B11
311	39805	RTA00000177AF.c.21.3	M00001342B:E06
312		RTA00000187AF.h.23.1	M00001679A:F06
313	6298	RTA00000187AR.i.10.2	M00001679B:F01
314	14367	RTA00000187AF.e.8.1	M00001670C:H02
315		RTA00000193AF.c.22.1	M00004249D:G12
316	16921	RTA00000183AF.k.6.1	M00001534A:C04
317	1577	RTA00000184AF.i.23.1	M00001556A:F11
318	8773	RTA00000187AF.f.24.1	M00001675A:C09
319		RTA00000194AF.a.11.1	M00004461A:B09
320	39886	RTA00000178AF.j.24.1	M00001380D:B09
321	13532	RTA00000181AF.c.4.1	M00001445A:F05
322		RTA00000193AF.d.2.1	M00004251C:G07
323	5257	RTA00000192AF.f.3.1	M00004146C:C11
324	9061	RTA00000191AR.e.11.2	M00004031A:A12
325	19267	RTA00000186AF.l.12.1	M00001645A:C12
326	20212	RTA00000134A.l.22.1	M00001535A:C06
327	16653	RTA00000181AF.k.5.3	M00001453C:F06
328	16985	RTA00000177AF.h.10.1	M00001348B:G06
329	12977	RTA00000189AR.j.19.1	M00003875B:F04
330	9061	RTA00000191AR.e.11.3	M00004031A:A12
331		RTA00000194AR.a.10.2	M00004461A:B08
332	6468	RTA00000187AF.d.15.1	M00001669B:F02
333	16392	RTA00000192AF.l.1.1	M00004183C:D07
334	14627	RTA00000187AF.g.23.1	M00001677C:E10
335	6583	RTA00000179AF.d.13.1	M00001394A:F01
336	6806	RTA00000177AF.g.13.3	M00001346D:E03
337	9635	RTA00000137A.e.23.4	M00001557A:F01
338	689	RTA00000181AR.l.22.1	M00001454D:G03
339	4119	RTA00000183AF.k.16.1	M00001534C:A01
340	8952	RTA00000183AF.h.15.1	M00001518C:B11
341	2379	RTA00000192AF.p.8.1	M00004212B:C07

WO 99/33982
SEQ ID NO: Cluster ID

Sequence Name

PCT/US98/27610
Clone Name

342	39486	RTA00000128A.m.22.2
343	21877	RTA00000189AF.b.21.1
344	6874	RTA00000192AF.a.14.1
345	6874	RTA00000189AF.e.9.1
346	37285	RTA00000191AF.f.11.1
347		RTA00000193AF.j.20.1
348	7674	RTA00000118A.g.9.1
349	2797	RTA00000180AF.i.19.1
350		RTA00000184AF.g.22.1
351	7802	RTA00000185AF.n.5.1
352	16921	RTA00000193AF.h.15.1
353	11494	RTA00000192AF.j.6.1
354	17062	RTA00000177AF.b.8.4
355	16245	RTA00000177AF.k.9.3
356	83103	RTA00000119A.e.24.2
357	4309	RTA00000186AF.e.22.1
358	13072	RTA00000181AR.m.5.2
359	4059	RTA00000177AF.n.18.3
360	5178	RTA00000178AF.n.10.1
361	1120	RTA00000118A.p.15.3
362	6420	RTA00000183AF.d.11.1
363	13913	RTA00000186AF.e.6.1
364		RTA00000192AF.c.2.1
365	3956	RTA00000183AF.g.3.1
366	14364	RTA00000183AF.g.12.1
367	6880	RTA00000191AF.m.20.1
368	84182	RTA00000180AF.h.19.1
369	2790	RTA00000177AF.e.2.1
370	4561	RTA00000184AF.i.21.1
371	8847	RTA00000180AF.b.16.1
372	56020	RTA00000193AF.g.2.1
373	1531	RTA00000119A.o.3.1
374	6420	RTA00000177AF.f.10.3
375		RTA00000188AF.b.12.1
376		RTA00000180AF.k.24.1
377		RTA00000184AF.a.8.1
378	2696	RTA00000134A.m.13.1
379	260	RTA00000185AR.i.12.2
380	11350	RTA00000189AF.a.24.2
381	2428	RTA00000123A.l.21.1
382	4313	RTA00000122A.n.3.1
383		RTA00000184AF.p.3.1
384	697	RTA00000188AF.d.6.1

M00001561A:C05
M00003833A:E05
M00004111D:A08
M00003846B:D06
M00004035C:A07
M00004327B:H04
M00001416A:H01
M00001429A:H04
M00001552D:A01
M00001608A:B03
M00004295D:F12
M00004172C:D08
M00001340B:A06
M00001352A:E02
M00001454A:A09
M00001624C:F01
M00001455B:E12
M00001357D:D11
M00001386C:B12
M00001452A:D08
M00001504D:G06
M00001623D:F10
M00004121B:G01
M00001512D:G09
M00001513C:E08
M00004087D:A01
M00001428A:H10
M00001343C:F10
M00001555D:G10
M00001416B:H11
M00004285B:E08
M00001461A:D06
M00001345A:E01
M00003754C:E09
M00001432C:F06
M00001544A:E06
M00001536A:B07
M00001594B:H04
M00003826B:A06
M00001533A:C11
M00001517A:B07
M00001566B:D11
M00003759B:B09

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
385	5619	RTA00000188AF.i.9.1	M00003796C:D05
386	4568	RTA00000122A.d.15.3	M00001513A:B06
387		RTA00000177AF.i.6.2	M00001350A:B08
388	5622	RTA00000178AF.a.11.1	M00001362B:D10
389	7514	RTA00000184AF.k.21.1	M00001558B:H11
390	5619	RTA00000189AF.f.17.1	M00003853A:D04
391	7570	RTA00000187AF.g.24.1	M00001677D:A07
392	23358	RTA00000190AF.o.21.1	M00003974D:H02
393	23210	RTA00000190AF.o.20.1	M00003974D:E07
394	5192	RTA00000184AF.k.2.1	M00001557B:H10
395	13538	RTA00000180AF.a.24.1	M00001415A:H06
396		RTA00000189AF.h.17.1	M00003867A:D10
397		RTA00000192AF.o.11.1	M00004205D:F06
398		RTA00000184AF.l.11.1	M00001559B:F01
399	4718	RTA00000189AF.g.5.1	M00003857A:H03
400	14929	RTA00000177AF.m.1.2	M00001353D:D10
401	4908	RTA00000192AF.j.2.1	M00004171D:B03
402		RTA00000178AF.k.16.1	M00001381D:E06
403		RTA00000194AF.c.24.1	M00004692A:H08
404	17732	RTA00000178AR.i.2.2	M00001376B:G06
405	17062	80.A1.sp6:130208.Seq	M00001340B:A06
406	11589	80.B1.sp6:130220.Seq	M00001340D:F10
407	4443	80.C1.sp6:130232.Seq	M00001341A:E12
408	39805	80.D1.sp6:130244.Seq	M00001342B:E06
409	2790	80.E1.sp6:130256.Seq	M00001343C:F10
410	23255	80.F1.sp6:130268.Seq	M00001343D:H07
411	6420	80.G1.sp6:130280.Seq	M00001345A:E01
412	5007	80.H1.sp6:130292.Seq	M00001346A:F09
413	13576	80.D2.sp6:130245.Seq	M00001347A:B10
414	16927	80.E2.sp6:130257.Seq	M00001348B:B04
415	16985	80.F2.sp6:130269.Seq	M00001348B:G06
416	3584	80.G2.sp6:130281.Seq	M00001349B:B08
417		80.H2.sp6:130293.Seq	M00001350A:B08
418	7187	80.A3.sp6:130210.Seq	M00001350A:H01
419	16245	80.D3.sp6:130246.Seq	M00001352A:E02
420	8078	80.E3.sp6:130258.Seq	M00001353A:G12
421	14929	80.F3.sp6:130270.Seq	M00001353D:D10
422	14391	80.G3.sp6:130282.Seq	M00001355B:G10
423	4141	80.B4.sp6:130223.Seq	M00001361A:A05
424	2379	80.C4.sp6:130235.Seq	M00001361D:F08
425	5622	80.D4.sp6:130247.Seq	M00001362B:D10
426	945	80.E4.sp6:130259.Seq	M00001362C:H11
427	40132	80.F4.sp6:130271.Seq	M00001365C:C10

WO 99/33982
SEQ ID NO: Cluster ID

Sequence Name

PCT/US98/27610
Clone Name

428		80.G4.sp6:130283.Seq	M00001368D:E03
429	6867	80.H4.sp6:130295.Seq	M00001370A:C09
430	7172	80.A5.sp6:130212.Seq	M00001371C:E09
431	17732	80.B5.sp6:130224.Seq	M00001376B:G06
432	39833	80.C5.sp6:130236.Seq	M00001378B:B02
433	1334	80.D5.sp6:130248.Seq	M00001379A:A05
434	39886	80.E5.sp6:130260.Seq	M00001380D:B09
435		80.F5.sp6:130272.Seq	M00001381D:E06
436	22979	80.G5.sp6:130284.Seq	M00001382C:A02
437	39648	80.H5.sp6:130296.Seq	M00001383A:C03
438		80.B6.sp6:130225.Seq	M00001384B:A11
439	5178	80.C6.sp6:130237.Seq	M00001386C:B12
440	2464	80.D6.sp6:130249.Seq	M00001387A:C05
441	7587	80.E6.sp6:130261.Seq	M00001387B:G03
442	5832	80.F6.sp6:130273.Seq	M00001388D:G05
443	16269	80.G6.sp6:130285.Seq	M00001389A:C08
444	6583	80.H6.sp6:130297.Seq	M00001394A:F01
445	4009	80.A7.sp6:130214.Seq	M00001396A:C03
446		80.B7.sp6:130226.Seq	M00001400B:H06
447	39563	80.C7.sp6:130238.Seq	M00001402A:E08
448	5556	80.D7.sp6:130250.Seq	M00001407B:D11
449	9577	80.E7.sp6:130262.Seq	M00001409C:D12
450	7005	80.F7.sp6:130274.Seq	M00001410A:D07
451	8551	80.G7.sp6:130286.Seq	M00001412B:B10
452		80.H7.sp6:130298.Seq	M00001414A:B01
453		80.A8.sp6:130215.Seq	M00001414C:A07
454	13538	80.B8.sp6:130227.Seq	M00001415A:H06
455	8847	80.C8.sp6:130239.Seq	M00001416B:H11
456	36393	80.D8.sp6:130251.Seq	M00001417A:E02
457	9952	80.E8.sp6:130263.Seq	M00001418B:F03
458	9577	80.G8.sp6:130287.Seq	M00001421C:F01
459	15066	80.H8.sp6:130299.Seq	M00001423B:E07
460	10470	80.A9.sp6:130216.Seq	M00001424B:G09
461	22195	80.B9.sp6:130228.Seq	M00001425B:H08
462		80.C9.sp6:130240.Seq	M00001426B:D12
463	4261	80.D9.sp6:130252.Seq	M00001426D:C08
464	84182	80.E9.sp6:130264.Seq	M00001428A:H10
465	40392	80.H9.sp6:130300.Seq	M00001429D:D07
466	16731	80.C10.sp6:130241.Seq	M00001442C:D07
467		80.D10.sp6:130253.Seq	M00001443B:F01
468	13532	80.E10.sp6:130265.Seq	M00001445A:F05
469	8	80.H10.sp6:130301.Seq	M00001448D:C09
470	36313	80.A11.sp6:130218.Seq	M00001448D:H01

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
471	5857	80.B11.sp6:130230.Seq	M00001449A:A12
472	41633	80.C11.sp6:130242.Seq	M00001449A:B12
473	36535	80.D11.sp6:130254.Seq	M00001449A:G10
474	86110	80.E11.sp6:130266.Seq	M00001449C:D06
475	32663	80.F11.sp6:130278.Seq	M00001450A:A11
476	27250	80.G11.sp6:130290.Seq	M00001450A:D08
477	16970	80.H11.sp6:130302.Seq	M00001452C:B06
478	16130	80.A12.sp6:130219.Seq	M00001453A:E11
479	16653	80.B12.sp6:130231.Seq	M00001453C:F06
480	7005	80.C12.sp6:130243.Seq	M00001454B:C12
481	13072	80.F12.sp6:130279.Seq	M00001455B:E12
482	9283	80.G12.sp6:130291.Seq	M00001455D:F09
483	23255	100.C1.sp6:131446.Seq	M00001343D:H07
484	13576	100.E1.sp6:131470.Seq	M00001347A:B10
485	7187	100.C2.sp6:131447.Seq	M00001350A:H01
486	14391	100.E3.sp6:131472.Seq	M00001355B:G10
487	945	100.E4.sp6:131473.Seq	M00001362C:H11
488	7172	100.A5.sp6:131426.Seq	M00001371C:E09
489	39648	100.A6.sp6:131427.Seq	M00001383A:C03
490	84182	100.G9.sp6:131502.Seq	M00001428A:H10
491	8	100.B11.sp6:131444.Seq	M00001448D:C09
492	36535	100.D11.sp6:131468.Seq	M00001449A:G10
493	82498	100.F11.sp6:131492.Seq	M00001450A:B12
494	16970	100.C12.sp6:131457.Seq	M00001452C:B06
495	16130	100.D12.sp6:131469.Seq	M00001453A:E11
496	7005	121.D1.sp6:131917.Seq	M00001454B:C12
497		121.G6.sp6:131958.Seq	M00001506D:A09
498	18957	121.F7.sp6:131947.Seq	M00001528A:F09
499	40044	122.E1.sp6:132121.Seq	M00001621C:C08
500	5214	122.C2.sp6:132098.Seq	M00001630B:H09
501	6660	122.B5.sp6:132089.Seq	M00001679A:A06
502	13183	123.D5.sp6:132305.Seq	M00004114C:F11
503	6455	123.E7.sp6:132319.Seq	M00004157C:A09
504	5319	123.F7.sp6:132331.Seq	M00004169C:C12
505	11443	123.A8.sp6:132272.Seq	M00004185C:C03
506		123.C8.sp6:132296.Seq	M00004191D:B11
507	8210	123.E8.sp6:132320.Seq	M00004197D:H01
508	9457	123.D11.sp6:132311.Seq	M00004307C:A06
509	6420	172.E1.sp6:133925.Seq	M00001345A:E01
510	16245	172.D2.sp6:133914.Seq	M00001352A:E02
511	8078	172.C3.sp6:133903.Seq	M00001353A:G12
512	14929	172.D3.sp6:133915.Seq	M00001353D:D10
513	14391	172.H3.sp6:133963.Seq	M00001355B:G10

WO 99/33982			
SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
514	6583	172.B8.sp6:133896.Seq	M00001394A:F01
515	4009	172.D8.sp6:133920.Seq	M00001396A:C03
516		172.B9.sp6:133897.Seq	M00001400B:H06
517		176.A3.sp6:134514.Seq	M00001632D:H07
518	19267	176.G3.sp6:134586.Seq	M00001645A:C12
519	78091	176.G5.sp6:134588.Seq	M00001679C:F01
520	17055	176.D6.sp6:134553.Seq	M00001682C:B12
521	6539	176.D9.sp6:134556.Seq	M00003844C:B11
522		177.H4.sp6:134791.Seq	M00004121B:G01
523	5257	177.F5.sp6:134768.Seq	M00004146C:C11
524	11494	177.E6.sp6:134757.Seq	M00004172C:D08
525		177.G7.sp6:134782.Seq	M00004205D:F06
526	11451	177.D8.sp6:134747.Seq	M00004214C:H05
527	9283	173.D2.SP6:134106.Seq	M00001455D:F09
528	16283	173.F3.SP6:134131.Seq	M00001467A:D08
529	10539	173.B5.SP6:134085.Seq	M00001499B:A11
530	6420	173.F5.SP6:134133.Seq	M00001504D:G06
531	3956	173.H5.SP6:134157.Seq	M00001512D:G09
532		173.G7.SP6:134147.Seq	M00001544A:E06
533	1577	173.C9.SP6:134101.Seq	M00001556A:F11
534	9635	173.D9.SP6:134113.Seq	M00001557A:F01
535	5192	173.E9.SP6:134125.Seq	M00001557B:H10
536	6539	173.A12.SP6:134080.Seq	M00001579D:C03
537	945	180.C2.sp6:135940.Seq	M00001362C:H11
538	7005	180.H5.sp6:136003.Seq	M00001410A:D07
539	39304	180.G9.sp6:135995.Seq	M00001450A:A02
540	27250	180.B10.sp6:135936.Seq	M00001450A:D08
541	35555	184.A5.sp6:135530.Seq	M00001528A:C04
542	19255	184.B10.sp6:135547.Seq	M00001545A:C03
543	6268	184.C12.sp6:135561.Seq	M00001551A:B10
544	3277	217.E1.sp6:139406.Seq	M00001624A:B06
545	39171	217.A12.sp6:139369.Seq	M00001644C:B07
546	11460	219.F2.sp6:139035.Seq	M00001676B:F05
547	10539	219.F6.sp6:139039.Seq	M00001680D:F08
548	11476	219.H8.sp6:139065.Seq	M00003747D:C05
549	4016	79.A1.sp6:130016.Seq	M00001395A:C03
550	7674	79.C1.sp6:130040.Seq	M00001416A:H01
551	3681	79.E1.sp6:130064.Seq	M00001449A:D12
552	39304	79.F1.sp6:130076.Seq	M00001450A:A02
553	82498	79.G1.sp6:130088.Seq	M00001450A:B12
554	84328	79.A2.sp6:130017.Seq	M00001452A:B04
555	86859	79.B2.sp6:130029.Seq	M00001452A:B12
556	1120	79.C2.sp6:130041.Seq	M00001452A:D08

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
557	85064	79.D2.sp6:130053.Seq	M00001452A:F05
558	83103	79.G2.sp6:130089.Seq	M00001454A:A09
559	10145	79.F3.sp6:130078.Seq	M00001465A:B11
560	16283	79.H3.sp6:130102.Seq	M00001467A:D08
561	4568	79.D4.sp6:130055.Seq	M00001513A:B06
562	4313	79.F4.sp6:130079.Seq	M00001517A:B07
563	2428	79.A5.sp6:130020.Seq	M00001533A:C11
564	39423	79.C5.sp6:130044.Seq	M00001535A:F10
565	39174	79.E5.sp6:130068.Seq	M00001541A:H03
566	22113	79.F5.sp6:130080.Seq	M00001542A:A09
567	19829	79.H5.sp6:130104.Seq	M00001544A:G02
568	13864	79.B6.sp6:130033.Seq	M00001545A:D08
569	1058	79.F6.sp6:130081.Seq	M00001548A:H09
570	4015	79.G6.sp6:130093.Seq	M00001549A:B02
571	39180	79.A7.sp6:130022.Seq	M00001551A:F05
572	307	79.C7.sp6:130046.Seq	M00001552A:B12
573	39458	79.D7.sp6:130058.Seq	M00001552A:D11
574	39490	79.G7.sp6:130094.Seq	M00001557A:F03
575	39486	79.B8.sp6:130035.Seq	M00001561A:C05
576	39380	79.E8.sp6:130071.Seq	M00001587A:B11
577	1399	79.G8.sp6:130095.Seq	M00001604A:B10
578	39391	79.A9.sp6:130024.Seq	M00001604A:F05
579	6268	79.G9.sp6:130096.Seq	M00001551A:B10
580		377.F4.sp6:141957.Seq	M00004692A:H08
581	2448	89.A1.sp6:130667.Seq	M00001460A:F06
582	1531	89.C1.sp6:130691.Seq	M00001461A:D06
583	19	89.D1.sp6:130703.Seq	M00001463C:B11
584	38759	89.F1.sp6:130727.Seq	M00001467A:B07
585	39508	89.G1.sp6:130739.Seq	M00001467A:D04
586	16283	89.H1.sp6:130751.Seq	M00001467A:D08
587	39442	89.A2.sp6:130668.Seq	M00001467A:E10
588	7589	89.B2.sp6:130680.Seq	M00001468A:F05
589		89.C2.sp6:130692.Seq	M00001469A:A01
590	12081	89.D2.sp6:130704.Seq	M00001469A:C10
591	19105	89.E2.sp6:130716.Seq	M00001469A:H12
592	1037	89.F2.sp6:130728.Seq	M00001470A:B10
593	39425	89.G2.sp6:130740.Seq	M00001470A:C04
594	39478	89.H2.sp6:130752.Seq	M00001471A:B01
595		89.B3.sp6:130681.Seq	M00001487B:H06
596		89.C3.sp6:130693.Seq	M00001488B:F12
597	18699	89.D3.sp6:130705.Seq	M00001490B:C04
598	7206	89.E3.sp6:130717.Seq	M00001494D:F06
599	2623	89.F3.sp6:130729.Seq	M00001497A:G02

WO 99/33982

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
600	10539	89.G3.sp6:130741.Seq	M00001499B:A11
601	5336	89.H3.sp6:130753.Seq	M00001500A:C05
602	2623	89.A4.sp6:130670.Seq	M00001500A:E11
603	9443	89.B4.sp6:130682.Seq	M00001500C:E04
604	9685	89.C4.sp6:130694.Seq	M00001501D:C02
605		89.D4.sp6:130706.Seq	M00001504A:E01
606	10185	89.E4.sp6:130718.Seq	M00001504C:A07
607	6974	89.F4.sp6:130730.Seq	M00001504C:H06
608	6420	89.G4.sp6:130742.Seq	M00001504D:G06
609		89.H4.sp6:130754.Seq	M00001505C:C05
610		89.A5.sp6:130671.Seq	M00001506D:A09
611	39168	89.B5.sp6:130683.Seq	M00001507A:H05
612	39412	89.C5.sp6:130695.Seq	M00001511A:H06
613	39186	89.D5.sp6:130707.Seq	M00001512A:A09
614	3956	89.E5.sp6:130719.Seq	M00001512D:G09
615		89.F5.sp6:130731.Seq	M00001513B:G03
616	14364	89.G5.sp6:130743.Seq	M00001513C:E08
617	40044	89.H5.sp6:130755.Seq	M00001514C:D11
618	8952	89.A6.sp6:130672.Seq	M00001518C:B11
619	35555	89.B6.sp6:130684.Seq	M00001528A:C04
620	18957	89.C6.sp6:130696.Seq	M00001528A:F09
621	8358	89.D6.sp6:130708.Seq	M00001528B:H04
622	38085	89.E6.sp6:130720.Seq	M00001531A:D01
623		89.F6.sp6:130732.Seq	M00001531A:H11
624	3990	89.G6.sp6:130744.Seq	M00001532B:A06
625	16921	89.H6.sp6:130756.Seq	M00001534A:C04
626	5321	89.B7.sp6:130685.Seq	M00001534A:F09
627	4119	89.C7.sp6:130697.Seq	M00001534C:A01
628	20212	89.E7.sp6:130721.Seq	M00001535A:C06
629	2696	89.F7.sp6:130733.Seq	M00001536A:B07
630	39392	89.G7.sp6:130745.Seq	M00001536A:C08
631	39420	89.H7.sp6:130757.Seq	M00001537A:F12
632	3389	89.A8.sp6:130674.Seq	M00001537B:G07
633	8286	89.B8.sp6:130686.Seq	M00001540A:D06
634	3765	89.C8.sp6:130698.Seq	M00001541A:D02
635	39453	89.E8.sp6:130722.Seq	M00001542A:E06
636		89.F8.sp6:130734.Seq	M00001542B:B01
637		89.H8.sp6:130758.Seq	M00001544A:E06
638	6974	89.A9.sp6:130675.Seq	M00001544B:B07
639		89.B9.sp6:130687.Seq	M00001545A:B02
640	19255	89.C9.sp6:130699.Seq	M00001545A:C03
641	1267	89.D9.sp6:130711.Seq	M00001546A:G11
642	5892	89.E9.sp6:130723.Seq	M00001548A:E10

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
643	4193	89.G9.sp6:130747.Seq	M00001549B:F06
644	16347	89.H9.sp6:130759.Seq	M00001549C:E06
645	7239	89.A10.sp6:130676.Seq	M00001550A:A03
646	5175	89.B10.sp6:130688.Seq	M00001550A:G01
647	22390	89.C10.sp6:130700.Seq	M00001551A:G06
648	3266	89.D10.sp6:130712.Seq	M00001551C:G09
649	5708	89.E10.sp6:130724.Seq	M00001552B:D04
650		89.F10.sp6:130736.Seq	M00001552D:A01
651	8298	89.G10.sp6:130748.Seq	M00001553A:H06
652	4573	89.H10.sp6:130760.Seq	M00001553B:F12
653	22814	89.A11.sp6:130677.Seq	M00001553D:D10
654	39539	89.B11.sp6:130689.Seq	M00001555A:B02
655	39195	89.C11.sp6:130701.Seq	M00001555A:C01
656	4561	89.D11.sp6:130713.Seq	M00001555D:G10
657	9244	89.E11.sp6:130725.Seq	M00001556A:C09
658	1577	89.F11.sp6:130737.Seq	M00001556A:F11
659	4386	89.H11.sp6:130761.Seq	M00001556B:C08
660	11294	89.A12.sp6:130678.Seq	M00001556B:G02
661	5192	89.D12.sp6:130714.Seq	M00001557B:H10
662	8761	89.E12.sp6:130726.Seq	M00001557D:D09
663		89.F12.sp6:130738.Seq	M00001558A:H05
664	7514	89.G12.sp6:130750.Seq	M00001558B:H11
665		89.H12.sp6:130762.Seq	M00001559B:F01
666	6558	90.A1.sp6:130859.Seq	M00001560D:F10
667	102	90.B1.sp6:130871.Seq	M00001563B:F06
668		90.D1.sp6:130895.Seq	M00001566B:D11
669	5749	90.E1.sp6:130907.Seq	M00001571C:H06
670	6539	90.G1.sp6:130931.Seq	M00001579D:C03
671	6293	90.A2.sp6:130860.Seq	M00001583D:A10
672		90.C2.sp6:130884.Seq	M00001590B:F03
673	260	90.D2.sp6:130896.Seq	M00001594B:H04
674	4837	90.E2.sp6:130908.Seq	M00001597C:H02
675	10470	90.F2.sp6:130920.Seq	M00001597D:C05
676	16999	90.G2.sp6:130932.Seq	M00001598A:G03
677	22794	90.H2.sp6:130944.Seq	M00001601A:D08
678	11465	90.A3.sp6:130861.Seq	M00001607A:E11
679	7802	90.B3.sp6:130873.Seq	M00001608A:B03
680	22155	90.C3.sp6:130885.Seq	M00001608B:E03
681		90.D3.sp6:130897.Seq	M00001608D:A11
682	13157	90.E3.sp6:130909.Seq	M00001614C:F10
683	17004	90.F3.sp6:130921.Seq	M00001617C:E02
684	40314	90.G3.sp6:130933.Seq	M00001619C:F12
685	40044	90.H3.sp6:130945.Seq	M00001621C:C08

WO 99/33982

PCT/US98/27610

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
686	13913	90.A4.sp6:130862.Seq	M00001623D:F10
687	3277	90.B4.sp6:130874.Seq	M00001624A:B06
688	4309	90.C4.sp6:130886.Seq	M00001624C:F01
689	5214	90.D4.sp6:130898.Seq	M00001630B:H09
690		90.E4.sp6:130910.Seq	M00001632D:H07
691	39171	90.F4.sp6:130922.Seq	M00001644C:B07
692	19267	90.G4.sp6:130934.Seq	M00001645A:C12
693	4665	90.H4.sp6:130946.Seq	M00001648C:A01
694		90.A5.sp6:130863.Seq	M00001651A:H01
695	23201	90.B5.sp6:130875.Seq	M00001657D:C03
696	76760	90.C5.sp6:130887.Seq	M00001657D:F08
697	23218	90.D5.sp6:130899.Seq	M00001662C:A09
698	35702	90.E5.sp6:130911.Seq	M00001663A:E04
699	6468	90.F5.sp6:130923.Seq	M00001669B:F02
700	14367	90.G5.sp6:130935.Seq	M00001670C:H02
701	7015	90.H5.sp6:130947.Seq	M00001673C:H02
702	8773	90.A6.sp6:130864.Seq	M00001675A:C09
703	11460	90.B6.sp6:130876.Seq	M00001676B:F05
704	7570	90.D6.sp6:130900.Seq	M00001677D:A07
705	4416	90.E6.sp6:130912.Seq	M00001678D:F12
706	6660	90.F6.sp6:130924.Seq	M00001679A:A06
707		90.H6.sp6:130948.Seq	M00001679A:F06
708	26875	90.A7.sp6:130865.Seq	M00001679A:F10
709	6298	90.B7.sp6:130877.Seq	M00001679B:F01
710	78091	90.C7.sp6:130889.Seq	M00001679C:F01
711	10751	90.D7.sp6:130901.Seq	M00001679D:D03
712	10539	90.F7.sp6:130925.Seq	M00001680D:F08
713	17055	90.G7.sp6:130937.Seq	M00001682C:B12
714	5382	90.A8.sp6:130866.Seq	M00001688C:F09
715	4393	90.B8.sp6:130878.Seq	M00001693C:G01
716	67252	90.C8.sp6:130890.Seq	M00001716D:H05
717	40108	90.D8.sp6:130902.Seq	M00003741D:C09
718	11476	90.E8.sp6:130914.Seq	M00003747D:C05
719		90.F8.sp6:130926.Seq	M00003754C:E09
720	697	90.G8.sp6:130938.Seq	M00003759B:B09
721		90.H8.sp6:130950.Seq	M00003761D:A09
722	17076	90.A9.sp6:130867.Seq	M00003762C:B08
723	3108	90.B9.sp6:130879.Seq	M00003763A:F06
724	67907	90.C9.sp6:130891.Seq	M00003774C:A03
725		90.D9.sp6:130903.Seq	M00003784D:D12
726	11350	90.F9.sp6:130927.Seq	M00003826B:A06
727	7899	90.H9.sp6:130951.Seq	M00003837D:A01
728	7798	90.A10.sp6:130868.Seq	M00003839A:D08

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
729	6539	90.B10.sp6:130880.Seq	M00003844C:B11
730	6874	90.C10.sp6:130892.Seq	M00003846B:D06
731		90.D10.sp6:130904.Seq	M00003851B:D08
732	13595	90.E10.sp6:130916.Seq	M00003851B:D10
733	5619	90.F10.sp6:130928.Seq	M00003853A:D04
734	10515	90.G10.sp6:130940.Seq	M00003853A:F12
735	4622	90.H10.sp6:130952.Seq	M00003856B:C02
736	3389	90.A11.sp6:130869.Seq	M00003857A:G10
737	4718	90.B11.sp6:130881.Seq	M00003857A:H03
738		90.C11.sp6:130893.Seq	M00003867A:D10
739	12977	90.F11.sp6:130929.Seq	M00003875B:F04
740	8479	90.G11.sp6:130941.Seq	M00003875C:G07
741		90.H11.sp6:130953.Seq	M00003875D:D11
742	7798	90.A12.sp6:130870.Seq	M00003876D:E12
743	5345	90.B12.sp6:130882.Seq	M00003879B:C11
744	31587	90.C12.sp6:130894.Seq	M00003879B:D10
745	14507	90.D12.sp6:130906.Seq	M00003879D:A02
746	13576	90.F12.sp6:130930.Seq	M00003885C:A02
747		90.G12.sp6:130942.Seq	M00003891C:H09
748	9285	90.H12.sp6:130954.Seq	M00003906C:E10
749	39809	99.A1.sp6:131230.Seq	M00003907D:A09
750	16317	99.B1.sp6:131242.Seq	M00003907D:H04
751	8672	99.C1.sp6:131254.Seq	M00003909D:C03
752	12532	99.D1.sp6:131266.Seq	M00003912B:D01
753	3900	99.E1.sp6:131278.Seq	M00003914C:F05
754	23255	99.F1.sp6:131290.Seq	M00003922A:E06
755	24488	99.C2.sp6:131255.Seq	M00003968B:F06
756	40122	99.D2.sp6:131267.Seq	M00003970C:B09
757	23210	99.E2.sp6:131279.Seq	M00003974D:E07
758	23358	99.F2.sp6:131291.Seq	M00003974D:H02
759	3430	99.A3.sp6:131232.Seq	M00003981A:E10
760	2433	99.B3.sp6:131244.Seq	M00003982C:C02
761	9105	99.C3.sp6:131256.Seq	M00003983A:A05
762	6124	99.D3.sp6:131268.Seq	M00004028D:A06
763	40073	99.E3.sp6:131280.Seq	M00004028D:C05
764	37285	99.H3.sp6:131316.Seq	M00004035C:A07
765	17036	99.A4.sp6:131233.Seq	M00004035D:B06
766	3706	99.C4.sp6:131257.Seq	M00004068B:A01
767		99.D4.sp6:131269.Seq	M00004072A:C03
768	15069	99.F4.sp6:131293.Seq	M00004081C:D10
769	9285	99.H4.sp6:131317.Seq	M00004086D:G06
770	6880	99.A5.sp6:131234.Seq	M00004087D:A01
771	5325	99.C5.sp6:131258.Seq	M00004093D:B12

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
772	7221	99.D5.sp6:131270.Seq	M00004105C:A04
773	4937	99.E5.sp6:131282.Seq	M00004108A:E06
774	6874	99.F5.sp6:131294.Seq	M00004111D:A08
775	13183	99.G5.sp6:131306.Seq	M00004114C:F11
776		99.H5.sp6:131318.Seq	M00004121B:G01
777	13272	99.A6.sp6:131235.Seq	M00004138B:H02
778	5257	99.B6.sp6:131247.Seq	M00004146C:C11
779	6455	99.D6.sp6:131271.Seq	M00004157C:A09
780	5319	99.E6.sp6:131283.Seq	M00004169C:C12
781	4908	99.F6.sp6:131295.Seq	M00004171D:B03
782	11494	99.G6.sp6:131307.Seq	M00004172C:D08
783	11443	99.A7.sp6:131236.Seq	M00004185C:C03
784		99.B7.sp6:131248.Seq	M00004191D:B11
785	8210	99.C7.sp6:131260.Seq	M00004197D:H01
786	14311	99.D7.sp6:131272.Seq	M00004203B:C12
787		99.E7.sp6:131284.Seq	M00004205D:F06
788	12971	99.B8.sp6:131249.Seq	M00004223D:E04
789	6455	99.C8.sp6:131261.Seq	M00004229B:F08
790	7212	99.D8.sp6:131273.Seq	M00004230B:C07
791	4905	99.H8.sp6:131321.Seq	M00004269D:D06
792	16914	99.A9.sp6:131238.Seq	M00004275C:C11
793	16921	99.D9.sp6:131274.Seq	M00004295D:F12
794	13046	99.E9.sp6:131286.Seq	M00004296C:H07
795	9457	99.F9.sp6:131298.Seq	M00004307C:A06
796	26295	99.G9.sp6:131310.Seq	M00004312A:G03
797	21847	99.H9.sp6:131322.Seq	M00004318C:D10
798		99.H10.sp6:131323.Seq	M00004505D:F08
799		99.B11.sp6:131252.Seq	M00004692A:H08
800		99.D11.sp6:131276.Seq	M00005180C:G03
801	39304	RTA00000118A.j.21.1.Seq_THC151859	
802	2428	RTA00000123A.l.21.1.Seq_THC205063	
803	1058	RTA00000126A.e.20.3.Seq_THC217534	
804	5097	RTA00000134A.k.1.1.Seq_THC215869	
805	20212	RTA00000134A.l.22.1.Seq_THC128232	
806	23255	RTA00000177AF.e.14.3.Seq_THC228776	
807	2790	RTA00000177AF.e.2.1.Seq_THC229461	
808	6420	RTA00000177AF.f.10.3.Seq_THC226443	
809	4059	RTA00000177AF.n.18.3.Seq_THC123051	
810		RTA00000179AF.j.13.1.Seq_THC105720	
811	9952	RTA00000180AF.c.20.1.Seq_THC162284	
812	13238	RTA00000181AF.m.4.1.Seq_THC140691	
813	9685	RTA00000183AF.c.11.1.Seq_THC109544	
814		RTA00000183AF.c.24.1.Seq_THC125912	

SEQ ID NO:	Cluster ID	Sequence Name	Clone Name
815	6420	RTA00000183AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC226443	
816	6974	RTA00000183AF.d.9.1.Seq_THC223129	
817	40044	RTA00000183AF.g.22.1.Seq_THC232899	
818		RTA00000183AF.g.9.1.Seq_THC198280	
819	5892	RTA00000184AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC161896	
820	40044	RTA00000186AF.d.1.1.Seq_THC232899	
821		RTA00000186AF.h.14.1.Seq_THC112525	
822	19267	RTA00000186AF.l.12.1.Seq_THC178183	
823	8773	RTA00000187AF.f.24.1.Seq_THC220002	
824	7570	RTA00000187AF.g.24.1.Seq_THC168636	
825	11476	RTA00000187AF.p.19.1.Seq_THC108482	
826		RTA00000188AF.d.11.1.Seq_THC212094	
827	17076	RTA00000188AF.d.21.1.Seq_THC208760	
828	697	RTA00000188AF.d.6.1.Seq_THC178884	
829	67907	RTA00000188AF.g.11.1.Seq_THC123222	
830	5619	RTA00000188AF.l.9.1.Seq_THC167845	
831	4718	RTA00000189AF.g.5.1.Seq_THC196102	
832	39809	RTA00000190AF.e.3.1.Seq_THC150217	
833	23255	RTA00000190AF.j.4.1.Seq_THC228776	
834	40122	RTA00000190AF.n.23.1.Seq_THC109227	
835	23210	RTA00000190AF.o.20.1.Seq_THC207240	
836	23358	RTA00000190AF.o.21.1.Seq_THC207240	
837	5693	RTA00000190AF.p.17.2.Seq_THC173318	
838	2433	RTA00000191AF.a.15.2.Seq_THC79498	
839	5257	RTA00000192AF.f.3.1.Seq_THC213833	
840	16392	RTA00000192AF.l.1.1.Seq_THC202071	
841		RTA00000193AF.c.21.1.Seq_THC222602	
842	26295	RTA00000193AF.i.24.2.Seq_THC197345	
843		RTA00000193AF.m.5.1.Seq_THC173318	
844		RTA00000193AF.n.15.1.Seq_THC215687	

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
3	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
4	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	BAR3_CHITE	BALBIANI RING PROTEIN 3 PRECURSOR>PIR2:S08167 Balbiani ring 3 protein - midge (Chironomus tentans)>GP:CTBR3_1 C;tentans balbiani ring 3 (BR3) gene	1
5	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CYAA_PODAN	ADENYLATE CYCLASE (EC 4.6.1.1) (ATP PYROPHOSPHATE-LYASE) (ADENYLYL CYCLASE)>PIR2:JC4747 adenylate cyclase (EC 4.6.1.1) - Podospora anserina>GP:PANADCY_1 Podospora anserina adenyl cyclase gene, exons 1-4	1
6	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	VP03_HSVSA	PROBABLE MEMBRANE ANTIGEN 3 (TEGUMENT PROTEIN)>PIR2:C36806 hypothetical protein ORF3 - saimiriine herpesvirus 1 (strain 11)>GP:HSGEND_3 Herpesvirus saimiri complete genome DNA; ORF 03; similarity to ORF 75 and EBV BNRF1	0.97

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
7	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	ATFCA2_18	Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, ESSA I contig fragment No; 2; Hydroxyproline-rich glycoprotein homolog; Similarity to hydroxyproline-rich glycoprotein precursor-common tobacco	0.93
8	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	DHAL_ASPN G	ALDEHYDE DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.2.1.3) (ALDDH)>GP:ASNA LDAA_1 Aspergillus niger aldehyde dehydrogenase (aldA) gene, complete cds	0.9
9	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	NCU50264_1	Neurospora crassa two-component histidine kinase (nik-1) gene, 5' region and partial cds	0.86
10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	NEUG_BOVI N	NEUROGRANIN (P17) (B-50 IMMUNOREACTIVE C-KINASE SUBSTRATE) (BICKS) (FRAGMENT)>PIR2: A39034 neurogranin - bovine (fragment)	0.82
11	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HUMBYSTIN _1	Homo sapiens bystin mRNA, complete cds	0.81
12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	BTBMP1_1	Bos taurus BMP1 gene, partial sequence; Bone morphogenetic protein 1	0.69
13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	TCCYSPROT _1	T;congolense mRNA for (prepro) cysteine proteinase	0.56
14	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	P60_LISIV	PROTEIN P60 PRECURSOR (INVASION-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN)>GP:LISIA PRELB_1 Listeria	0.15

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					ivanovii extracellular protein homologue (iap) gene, complete cds	
15	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HEX_ADE31	HEXON PROTEIN (LATE PROTEIN 2) (FRAGMENT)>PIR2: S37217 hexon protein - human adenovirus 31 (fragment)>GP:HSAT3 1H_1 H;sapiens adenovirus type 31 hexon gene; Hexon protein; Internal fragment containing hypervariable regions	0.15
16	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HSU77493_1	Human Notch2 mRNA, partial cds; Transmembrane protein; hN	0.13
17	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CYB_PARTE	CYTOCHROME B (EC 1.10.2.2)>PIR2:S07743 cytochrome b - Paramecium tetraurelia mitochondrion (SGC6)>GP:MIPAGE N_19 Paramecium aurelia mitochondrial complete genome; Apocytochrome b (AA 1-391)	0.078
18	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HUMERB27_1	Human c-erbB-2 gene, exon 7; C-erb-2 protein	0.054
19	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	DMTRXIII_2	D;melanogaster DNA for trxl and trxl genes; Trithorax protein trxl; Trithorax; putative>GP:DMTTHO RAX_2 D;melanogaster DNA for (putative) trithorax protein; Predicted trithorax protein	0.047

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
20	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CELB0281_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid B0281; Similar to reverse transcriptases	0.043
21	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	MOTY_VIBP A	SODIUM-TYPE FLAGELLAR PROTEIN MOTY PRECURSOR>GP:VP U06949_4 Vibrio parahaemolyticus BB22 RNase T (rnt) gene and flagellar motor component (motY) gene, complete cds	0.041
22	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	A56263	beta-galactosidase (EC 3.2.1.23) isozyme 12 - Arthrobacter sp. (strain B7)>GP:ASU17417_1 Arthrobacter sp; beta-galactosidase gene, complete cds	0.04
23	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	GSA_PSEAE	GLUTAMATE-1-SEMIALDEHYDE 2,1-AMINOMUTASE (EC 5.4.3.8) (GSA) (GLUTAMATE-1-SEMIALDEHYDE AMINOTRANSFERASE) (GSA-AT)>PIR2:S57898 glutamate 1-semialdehyde 2,1-aminomutase - Pseudomonas aeruginosa>GP:PAHE ML_1 P;aeruginosa hemL gene; Glutamate 1-sem	0.038
24	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	S16323	hypothetical protein - Arabidopsis thaliana>GP:ATHB1_1 A;thaliana homeobox gene Athb-1 mRNA; Open reading frame	0.035

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
25	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	IRS1_RAT	INSULIN RECEPTOR SUBSTRATE-1>PIR2:S16948 hypothetical protein IRS-1 - rat>GP:RNIRS1IRM_1 R;Norvegicus IRS-1 mRNA for insulin-receptor; During insulin stimulation, undergoes tyrosine phosphorylation and binds phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase	0.027
26	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CEM02G9_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M02G9; M02G9;1; Similar to keratin like protein; . cDNA EST yk308g11;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk208e11;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk208e11;3 comes	0.0088
27	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	S75490_3	competence region: iga=IgA protease, comA=transformation competence [Neisseria gonorrhoeae, MS11, Genomic, 3 genes, 2664 nt]	0.0041
28	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	EXTN_TOBA C	EXTENSIN PRECURSOR (CELL WALL HYDROXYPROLINE-RICH GLYCOPROTEIN)>PI R2:S06733 hydroxyproline-rich glycoprotein precursor - common tobacco>GP:NTEXT_1 Tobacco HRGPnt3 gene for extensin; Extensin (AA 1-620)	0.0025

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
29	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HPCEGS_1	Hepatitis C virus complete genome sequence; Polyprotein	0.0014
30	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HHVBC_4	Human hepatitis virus (genotype C, HMA) preS1, preS2, S, C, X, antigens, core antigen, X protein and polymerase	0.00093
31	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HSLTGFBP4_1	Homo sapiens mRNA for latent transforming growth factor-beta binding protein-4; Latent TGF-beta binding protein-4	0.00061
32	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	S74909	transposase - Synechocystis sp. (PCC 6803)>GP:D90909_10 8 Synechocystis sp; PCC6803 complete genome, 11/27, 1311235- 1430418; Transposase; ORF_ID:slr2062	0.00051
33	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	GRN_MOUS E	GRANULINS PRECURSOR (ACROGRANIN)>GP: MUSAP_1 Mouse gene for acrogranin precursor, complete cds	0.00022
34	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CA21_MOUS E	PROCOLLAGEN ALPHA 2(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR>PIR2:A 43291 collagen alpha 2(I) chain precursor - mouse>GP:MMCOL1 A2_1 Mouse COL1A2 mRNA for pro-alpha-2(I) collagen	0.00016
35	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	MMMHC29N 7_2	Mus musculus major histocompatibility locus class III region:butyrophilin-like protein gene, partial cds; Notch4, PBX2, RAGE, lysophatidic acid acyl transferase-	8.00E-05

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					alpha, palmitoyl-	
36	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	NFH_RAT	NEUROFILAMENT TRIPLET H PROTEIN (200 KD NEUROFILAMENT PROTEIN) (NF-H) (FRAGMENT)	2.40E-05
37	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HUMVWFM_1	Human von Willebrand factor mRNA, 3' end; Von Willebrand factor prepropeptide	1.70E-05
38	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CGHU2E	collagen alpha 2(XI) chain - human (fragment)	2.00E-06
39	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	A61183	hypothetical protein (sdsB region) - Pseudomonas sp.	4.90E-08
40	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	YM8L_YEAS_T	HYPOTHETICAL 71.1 KD PROTEIN IN DSK2-CAT8 INTERGENIC REGION>PIR2:S5458 5 hypothetical protein YMR278w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SC802 1X_4 S;cerevisiae chromosome XIII cosmid 8021; Unknown; YM8021;04, unknown, len: 622, CAI: 0;16,	1.50E-09
41	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	MTCY210_31	Mycobacterium tuberculosis cosmid Y210; Unknown; MTCY210;31, unknown, len: 299 aa, slight similarity to carboxykinases	3.10E-10

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
42	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	CEC01G10_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C01G10, complete sequence; C01G10;8; CDNA EST CEMSC45R comes from this gene>GP:CEC01G10_5 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C01G10; C01G10;8; CDNA EST CEMSC45R comes from this gene	2.30E-12
43	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	HSU15779_1	Human p70 (ST5) mRNA, alternatively spliced, complete cds; Differentially expressed; alternatively spliced	9.50E-14
44	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	MTCY210_31	Mycobacterium tuberculosis cosmid Y210; Unknown; MTCY210;31, unknown, len: 299 aa, slight similarity to carboxykinases	1.70E-17
45	U61403	Dictyostelium discoideum PrLA (prLA) mRNA, partial cds.	1	U93472_1	Danio rerio PPARB gene, partial cds; Nuclear receptor C domain	0.95
46	Z92832	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone F31D4; HTGS phase 1.	1	U93472_1	Danio rerio PPARB gene, partial cds; Nuclear receptor C domain	0.94
47	L36557	Oryza sativa (clone pRG3) repetitive element.	1	HSU61262_1	Human neogenin mRNA, complete cds	0.89

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
48	AF005898	Homo sapiens Na,K-ATPase beta-3 subunit pseudogene, complete sequence.	1	LRP1_CHICK	LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (LRP) (ALPHA-2-MACROGLOBULIN RECEPTOR) (A2MR)>PIR2:A53102 LDL receptor-related protein / alpha-2-macroglobulin receptor precursor - chicken>GP:GGLRPA 2MR_1 G;gallus mRNA for LRP/alp	0.85
49	U18795	Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome V cosmids 9669, 8334, 8199, and lambda clone 1160.	1	NKC1_SQUA C	BUMETANIDE-SENSITIVE SODIUM-(POTASSIUM)-CHLORIDE COTRANSPORTER 2 (NA-K-CL SYMPORTER)>PIR2: A53491 bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransporter - spiny dogfish>GP:SANKCC 1_1 Squalus acanthias bumetanide-sensitive Na-K-Cl cotransport protein (NKCC	0.73
50	AC002523	Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 54 unordered pieces.	1	BXEN_CLOB O	BOTULINUM NEUROTOXIN TYPE E, NONTOXIC COMPONENT>GP:C LOENT120_1 C;botulinum gene for nontoxic component of progenitor toxin, complete cds	0.71

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
51	AC002345	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Genomic sequence from Human 17; HTGS phase 1, 10 unordered pieces.	1	P3K2_DICDI	PHOSPHATIDYLINO SITOR 3-KINASE 2 (EC 2.7.1.137) (PI3-KINASE) (PTDINS-3-KINASE) (PI3K)>GP:DDU23477_1 Dictyostelium discoideum phosphatidylinositol-4,5-diphosphate 3-kinase (PIK2) mRNA, complete cds	0.58
52	X14253	Human mRNA for crypto protein.	1	I55651	noradrenaline transporter - bovine>GP:BTU09198_1 Bos taurus noradrenaline transporter mRNA, complete cds	0.55
53	U23516	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid B0416.	1	I69024	MHC sex-limited protein - mouse (fragment)>GP:MUSM HC4AD_1 Mouse class III H2-Slp sex-limited protein gene, exons 1, 2 and 3; MHC sex-limited protein	0.47
54	AB006698	Arabidopsis thaliana genomic DNA, chromosome 5, P1 clone: MCL19.	1	S81293_1	L1 {insertion sequence, provirus} [human papillomavirus type 6b HPV6b, KP4, Genomic Mutant, 121 nt]; Authors note this reading frame results from a 454 bp deletion and resulting	0.25
55	K03458	Human immunodeficiency virus type 1, isolate Zaire 6, vif, tat, rev, env, nef genes and 3' LTR.	1	S13383	hydroxyproline-rich glycoprotein - sorghum	0.24

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
56	B26794	T1O16TR TAMU Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone T1O16.	1	RK34_PORP U	CHLOROPLAST 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L34>PIR2:S73111 ribosomal protein L34 - red alga (Porphyra purpurea) chloroplast>GP:PPU38 804_4 Porphyra purpurea chloroplast genome, complete sequence; 50S ribosomal protein L34	0.021
57	Z98950	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 507115; HTGS phase 1.	1	D41132	collagen-related protein 4 - Hydra magnipapillata (fragment)>PIR2:S219 32 mini-collagen - Hydra sp.>GP:HSNCOL4_1 Hydra N-COL 4 mRNA for mini-collagen; No start codon	0.02
58	U57057	Human WD protein IR10 mRNA, complete cds.	1	DMU15602_1	Drosophila melanogaster (zeste-white 4) mRNA, complete cds; Similar to C; elegans B0464;4 gene product, Swiss-Prot Accession Number Q03562	0.019
59	U57057	Human WD protein IR10 mRNA, complete cds.	1	CR2_MOUSE	COMPLEMENT RECEPTOR TYPE 2 PRECURSOR (CR2) (COMPLEMENT C3D RECEPTOR)>PIR2:A4 3526 complement C3d/Epstein-Barr virus receptor 2 precursor - mouse>GP:MUSCR2A A_1 Murine complement receptor type 2 (CR2) mRNA, complete cds; Complement receptor type	0.0074

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
60	B65337	CIT-HSP-2021H21.TF CIT-HSP Homo sapiens genomic clone 2021H21.	1	A38096	perlecan precursor - human>GP:HUMHSP G2B_1 Human heparan sulfate proteoglycan (HSPG2) mRNA, complete cds	0.0051
61	U84722	Human vascular endothelial cadherin mRNA, complete cds.	1	HSTAFII13_1	H;sapiens mRNA for TAFII135; Subunit of RNA polymerase II transcription factor TFIID	0.0012
62	L41493	Avian rotavirus (strain turkey 1) genomic segment 4 outer capsid protein (VP8*) gene.	1	Y328_MYCP N	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN MG328 HOMOLOG>PIR2:S73 693 MG328 homolog P01_orf1033 - Mycoplasma pneumoniae (ATCC 29342) (SGC3)>GP:MPAE000 035_2 Mycoplasma pneumoniae from bases 442306 to 452472 (section 35 of 63) of the complete genome; MG328 homolog,	0.00015
63	D63139	Aeromonas sp. gene for chitinase, complete and partial cds.	1	MTCY16B7_3	Mycobacterium tuberculosis cosmid SCY16B7; Unknown; MTCY16B7;03, initiation factor, len: 900, similar at C-terminal half to eg IF2_BACSU P17889 initiation factor if-2 (716 aa), fasta	6.30E-05

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
64	J04974	Human alpha-2 type XI collagen mRNA (COL11A2).	1	GDF6_BOVIN	GROWTH/DIFFERENTIATION FACTOR GDF-6 PRECURSOR (CARTILAGE-DERIVED MORPHOGENETIC PROTEIN 2) (CDMP-2) (FRAGMENT)>PIR2: B55452 cartilage-derived morphogenetic protein 2 precursor - bovine (fragment)>GP:BTU13661_1 Bos taurus cartilage-derived morph	1.00E-05
65	AC002394	Homo sapiens Chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987-SKA-211C6 ~complete genomic sequence, complete sequence.	1	CELC14F11_6	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C14F11; Similar to aspartate aminotransferase; coded for by C; elegans cDNA CEMSF95FB; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk41e4;3; coded for by C; elegans	4.60E-06
66	AB002312	Human mRNA for KIAA0314 gene, partial cds.	1	NAT1_YEAST	N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1 (EC 2.3.1.88) (AMINO-TERMINAL, ALPHA- AMINO, ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1)	1.00E-09
67	AC003085	Human BAC clone RG094H21 from 7q21-q22, complete sequence.	1	DP19_CAEEL	DPY-19 PROTEIN>PIR2:S44629 f22b7.10 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans>GP:CELF22B7_9 C;aenorhabditis elegans (Bristol N2) cosmid F22B7; Putative	4.20E-11
68	X55026	P.anserina complete mitochondrial genome.	1	NAT1_YEAST	N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1 (EC 2.3.1.88) (AMINO-TERMINAL, ALPHA- AMINO, ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1)	8.40E-12

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					ASE 1)	
69	Z95399	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone Y39B6; HTGS phase 1.	1	CER06B9_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R06B9, complete sequence; R06B9;b; Protein predicted using Genefinder; preliminary prediction	1.50E-24
70	AC002339	Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC T11A07 genomic sequence, complete sequence.	0.99	POLG_BVDV S	GENOME POLYPROTEIN>PIR1:A44217 genome polyprotein - bovine viral diarrhea virus (strain SD-1)>GP:BVDPOLYPR O_1 Bovine viral diarrhea virus polyprotein RNA, complete cds; Putative	1
71	Y08559	B.subtilis urease operon and downstream DNA.	0.99	LRP_CAEL	LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN PRECURSOR (LRP)>PIR2:A47437 LDL-receptor-related protein - Caenorhabditis elegans>GP:CEF29D1 1_2 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F29D11, complete sequence; F29D11;1; Protein predicted using Genefi	1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
72	U67548	Methanococcus jannaschii from bases 986219 to 996377 (section 90 of 150) of the complete genome.	0.99	YB60_YEAS T	HYPOTHETICAL 16.3 KD PROTEIN IN DUR1,2-NGR1 INTERGENIC REGION>PIR2:S4608 4 probable membrane protein YBR210w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SCYB R210W_1 S;cerevisiae chromosome II reading frame ORF YBR210w	1
73	U51645	Plasmodium falciparum cytidine triphosphate synthetase gene, complete cds.	0.99	HPSVRPL_1	Sin Nombre virus (NM H10) RNA L segment encoding RNA polymerase (L protein), complete cds; Viral RNA polymerase (L protein); Putative>GP:HPSVRP LA_1 Sin Nombre virus (NM R11) RNA L segment encoding RNA polymerase (L protein), complete cds; Vir	0.99
74	Z49889	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T06H11, complete sequence.	0.99	MUSHDPRO B_1	Mouse alternatively spliced HD protein mRNA, complete cds	0.021
75	Z69374	Human DNA sequence from cosmid L174G8, Huntington's Disease Region, chromosome 4p16.3 contains a pair of ESTs.	0.99	NCPR_YEAS T	NADPH-CYTOCHROME P450 REDUCTASE (EC 1.6.2.4) (CPR)	0.017

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
76	Z35847	S.cerevisiae chromosome II reading frame ORF YBL086c.	0.99	CYPA_CAEE L	PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE 10 (EC 5.2.1.8) (PPIASE) (ROTAMASE) (CYCLOPHILIN-10)>GP:CELB0252_4 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid B0252; Similar to peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase (PPIASE) (CYCLOPHILIN)>GP:CEU34954_1 Caenorhabditis el	0.0044
77	L35330	Rattus norvegicus glutathione S-transferase Yb3 subunit gene, complete cds.	0.99	CELR148_1	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R148; Contains similarity to drosophila DNA-binding protein K10 (NID:g8148); coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk118e11;5; coded for by C; elegans cDNA	0.0032
78	Y00324	Chicken vitellogenin gene 3' flanking region.	0.99	A56922	transcription factor shn - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)	0.0023
79	M32659	D.melanogaster Shab11 protein mRNA, complete cds.	0.99	OMU25146_1	Oncorhynchus mykiss recombination activating protein 2 gene, partial cds	0.0017
80	Z69880	H.sapiens SERCA3 gene (partial).	0.99	M84D_DRO ME	MALE SPECIFIC SPERM PROTEIN MST84DD>PIR2:S25775 testis-specific protein Mst84Dd - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)>GP:DM MST84D_4 D;melanogaster Mst84Da, Mst84Db, Mst84Dc and Mst84Dd genes for put; sperm protein	0.0011

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
81	M99166	Escherichia coli Trp repressor binding protein (wrbA) gene, complete cds.	0.99	MTU88962_1	Mycobacterium tuberculosis unknown protein gene, partial cds	6.50E-07
82	X99257	R.norvegicus mRNA for lamin C2.	0.99	MIU68729_1	Meloidogyne incognita cuticle preprocollagen (col-2) mRNA, complete cds; Putative	1.60E-09
83	AC002432	Human BAC clone RG317G18 from 7q31, complete sequence.	0.98	1FMDC	Foot and mouth disease virus type c-s8c1, chain C - foot and mouth disease virus type c-s8c1 expressed in hamster kidney cells	0.14
84	Z34799	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F34D10, complete sequence.	0.98	MMU57368_1	Mus musculus EGF repeat transmembrane protein mRNA, complete cds; Notch like repeats; notch 2	0.0028
85	B15207	344E15.TV CIT978SKA1 Homo sapiens genomic clone A-344E15.	0.98	POLG_HCVJ_6	GENOME POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: CAPSID PROTEIN C (CORE PROTEIN); MATRIX PROTEIN (ENVELOPE PROTEIN M); MAJOR ENVELOPE PROTEIN E; NONSTRUCTURAL PROTEINS NS1, NS2, NS4A AND NS4B; HELICASE (NS3); RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE (EC 2.7.7.48) (NS5))>PI	0.00083

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
86	AC002412	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human Chromosome X; HTGS phase 1, 2 unordered pieces.	0.98	KDG1_ARAT H	DIACYLGLYCEROL KINASE 1 (EC 2.7.1.107) (DIGLYCERIDE KINASE) (DGK 1) (DAG KINASE 1)>PIR2:S71467 diacylglycerol kinase (EC 2.7.1.107) ATDGK1 - Arabidopsis thaliana>GP:ATHATD GK1_1 Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for diacylglycerol kinase, complete c	0.00024
87	X57010	Human COL2A1 gene for collagen II alpha 1 chain, exons E2-E15.	0.98	D80005_1	Human mRNA for KIAA0183 gene, partial cds	5.90E-10
88	M83093	Neurospora crassa cAMP-dependent protein kinase (cot-1) gene, complete cds.	0.98	YA53_SCHP O	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I>GP:SPAC13A11_3 S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c13A11; Unknown; SPAC13A11;03, unknown, len: 210	3.00E-22
89	U96271	Helicobacter pylori heat shock protein 70 (hsp70) gene, complete cds.	0.97	SLMEN6_1	S;latifolia mRNA for Men-6 protein>GP:SLMEN6_1 S;latifolia mRNA for Men-6 protein	0.43
90	U49944	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C39E6.	0.97	RON_HUMA N	MACROPHAGE STIMULATING PROTEIN RECEPTOR PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112)>PIR2:I3818 5 protein-tyrosine kinase (EC 2.7.1.112), receptor type ron - human>GP:HSRON_1 H;sapiens RON mRNA for tyrosine kinase; Putative	0.034

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
91	Y09255	B.cereus dnaI gene, partial.	0.97	CELT05C1_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T05C1; Coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk30f6;3; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk34f10;3	0.00043
92	AC002413	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human Chromosome X; HTGS phase 1, 2 unordered pieces.	0.96	CELC44E4_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C44E4; Weak similarity to the drosophila hyperplastic disc protein (GB:L14644); coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk49h6;5; coded for by C; elegans cDNA	1
93	U41625	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K03A1.	0.96	HMGC_HUMAN	HIGH MOBILITY GROUP PROTEIN HMGI-C>PIR2:JC2232 high mobility group I-C phosphoprotein - human>GP:HSHMGIC G5_1 Human high-mobility group phosphoprotein isoform I-C (HMGIC) gene, exon 5>GP:HSHMGICP_1 H;sapiens mRNA for HMGI-C protein>GP:HSHMGIC	1
94	Z82202	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 34P24; HTGS phase 1.	0.96	YTH3_CAEE_L	HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II>GP:CEC14A4_3 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C14A4, complete sequence; C14A4;3; Weak similarity with a B; Flavum translocation protein (Swiss Prot accession number P38376)	0.73

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
95	AL008734	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 324M8; HTGS phase 1.	0.96	S25299	extensin precursor (clone Tom L-4) - tomato>GP:TOMEXT ENB_1 L;esculentum extensin (class II) gene, complete cds	0.0004
96	L15388	Human G protein-coupled receptor kinase (GRK5) mRNA, complete cds.	0.96	HUMCOL7A1 X_1	Homo sapiens (clones: CW52-2, CW27-6, CW15-2, CW26-5, 11-67) collagen type VII intergenic region and (COL7A1) gene, complete cds	4.60E-06
97	X97384	A.thaliana atran3 gene.	0.95	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
98	M62505	Human C5a anaphylatoxin receptor mRNA, complete cds.	0.95	RIPB_BRYDI	RIBOSOME-INACTIVATING PROTEIN BRYODIN (RRNA N-GLYCOSIDASE) (EC 3.2.2.22) (FRAGMENT)>PIR2: S16491 rRNA N-glycosidase (EC 3.2.2.22) bryodin - red bryony (fragment)	0.83
99	D28778	Cucumber mosaic virus RNA 1 for 1a, complete sequence.	0.95	POLS_RUBV M	STRUCTURAL POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: NUCLEOCAPSID PROTEIN C; MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEINS E1 AND E2)>PIR1:GNWVR3 structural polyprotein - rubella virus (strain M33)>GP:TORUB24S_1 Rubella virus 24S subgenomic mRNA for structural proteins E1, E2 and C;	0.00037
100	AF016202	Homo sapiens immunoglobulin heavy chain CDR3 gene,	0.93	HSU79716_1	Human reelin (RELN) mRNA, complete cds	1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		partial cds.				
101	Z68303	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK809, complete sequence.	0.93	HS5HT4SAR_1	H;sapiens mRNA for serotonin 4SA receptor (5-HT4SA-R)	0.87
102	X03049	E. coli DNA sequene 5' to origin of replication oriC.	0.93	S37594	mucin - human (fragment)	0.0019
103	M32659	D.melanogaster Shab11 protein mRNA, complete cds.	0.93	S38480	nonstructural protein - rubella virus>GP:RVM33NP_1 Rubella virus M33 RNA for a nonstructural protein; Nonstructural protein genes	2.30E-06
104	D88687	Human mRNA for KM-102-derived reductase-like factor, complete cds.	0.93	BAT3_HUMAN	LARGE PROLINE-RICH PROTEIN BAT3 (HLA-B-ASSOCIATED TRANSCRIPT 3)>PIR2:A35098 MHC class III histocompatibility antigen HLA-B-associated transcript 3 - human>GP:HUMBAT3A_1 Human HLA-B-associated transcript 3 (BAT3) mRNA, complete cds>GP:HUMBAT3	8.70E-07
105	D16847	Mouse mRNA for stromal cell derived protein-1, complete cds.	0.93	S52796	prpL2 protein - human (fragment)>GP:HSPRP L2_1 H;sapiens mRNA for PRPL-2 protein	3.20E-08

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
106	D90915	Synechocystis sp. PCC6803 complete genome, 17/27, 2137259-2267259.	0.92	YEK9_YEAS T	HYPOTHETICAL 53.9 KD PROTEIN IN AFG3-SEB2 INTERGENIC REGION>PIR2:S5047 7 hypothetical protein YER019w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SCE95 37_20 Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome V cosmid 9537, 9581, 9495, 9867, and lambda clone 5898	5.90E-05
107	AJ001101	Mus musculus mRNA for gC1qBP gene.	0.92	DMU58282_1	Drosophila melanogaster Bowl (bowl) mRNA, complete cds; Transcription factor; C2H2 zinc finger protein; zinc fingers have extensive sequence similarity to Drosophila odd-skipped	3.50E-05
108	X57108	Human gene for cerebroside sulfate activator protein, exons 10-14.	0.92	S69032	hypothetical protein YPR144c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:YSCP9 659_17 Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome XVI cosmid 9659; Ypr144cp; Weak similarity near C-terminus to RNA Polymerase beta subunit (Swiss Prot; accession number P11213)	4.30E-21

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
109	D14635	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA for EMB-5.	0.91	YM13_YEAS T	PUTATIVE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE YMR128W>PIR2:S53 058 probable membrane protein YMR128w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SC955 3_4 S;cerevisiae chromosome XIII cosmid 9553; Unknown; YM9553;04, probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase, len:	0.69
110	B55500	CIT-HSP-387J2.TFB CIT-HSP Homo sapiens genomic clone 387J2.	0.91	U97553_79	Murine herpesvirus 68 strain WUMS, complete genome; Unknown	0.00016
111	X03049	E. coli DNA sequene 5' to origin of replication oriC.	0.9	POL_MLVAV	POL POLYPROTEIN (PROTEASE (EC 3.4.23.-); REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); RIBONUCLEASE H (EC 3.1.26.4))>PIR1:GNM VGV pol polyprotein - AKV murine leukemia virus	0.0019
112	U91327	Human chromosome 12p15 BAC clone CIT987SK-99D8 complete sequence.	0.89	JC5568	serine protease (EC 3.4.-.-) h1 - Serratia marcescens	1
113	X13295	Rat mRNA for alpha-2u globulin-related protein.	0.89	MNGPOLY_1	Mengo virus polyprotein genome, complete cds withe repeats	1
114	Z78415	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C17G1, complete sequence.	0.89	AB000121_1	Mouse mRNA for TBPIP, complete cds; TBP1 interacting protein	0.39

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
115	AC002308	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human Chromosome 22q11 BAC Clone 1000e4; HTGS phase 1, 26 unordered pieces.	0.88	YLK2_CAEE_L	HYPOTHETICAL 122.7 KD PROTEIN D1044.2 IN CHROMOSOME III>GP:CELD1044_4 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D1044	0.0037
116	AC002073	Human PAC clone DJ515N1 from 22q11.2-q22, complete sequence.	0.88	S28499	probable finger protein - rat>GP:RNZFP_1 R;norvegicus mRNA for putative zinc finger protein	1.10E-31
117	Z83848	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 57A13; HTGS phase 1.	0.87	NDL_DROME	SERINE PROTEASE NUDEL PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.-)>PIR2:A57096 nudel protein precursor - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)>GP:DM U29153_1 Drosophila melanogaster nudel (ndl) mRNA, complete cds; Serine protease; Soma dependent gene required matern	1
118	U23449	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K06A1.	0.87	AF023268_3	Homo sapiens clk2 kinase (CLK2), propin1, cotel, glucocerebrosidase (GBA), and metaxin genes, complete cds; metaxin pseudogene and glucocerebrosidase pseudogene; and thrombospondin3 (THBS3)	0.21
119	Z68181	H.vulgaris mRNA for elongation factor EF1-alpha.	0.87	RABCY450C_1	Rabbit cytochrome P-450 gene, clone pP-450PBc3, 3' end	0.14

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
120	AC000033	Homo sapiens chromosome 9, complete sequence.	0.87	VWF_CANF_A	VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR PRECURSOR>GP:DO GVWG_1 Canis familiaris von Willebrand factor mRNA, complete cds	0.036
121	U23449	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K06A1.	0.86	S48988_1	CRP-1=cystatin-related protein [rats, Wistar albino, mRNA Partial, 213 nt]; Cystatin-related protein; Method: conceptual translation supplied by author; This sequence comes from Fig;	0.64
122	Z89651	F.rubripes GSS sequence, clone 090I24cD5.	0.86	CPU65981_1	Cryptosporidium parvum P-ATPase gene (CppA-E1) gene, complete cds; Putative calcium-ATPase	0.6
123	Z94055	Human DNA sequence from PAC 24M15 on chromosome 1. Contains tenascin-R (restrictin), EST.	0.86	GLTB_SYNY_3	FERREDOXIN-DEPENDENT GLUTAMATE SYNTHASE 1 (EC 1.4.7.1) (FD-GOGAT)>PIR2:S6022 8 glutamate synthase (ferredoxin) (EC 1.4.7.1) gltB - Synechocystis sp. (PCC 6803)>GP:D90902_66 Synechocystis sp; PCC6803 complete genome, 4/27, 402290-524345; Gluta	0.03
124	Z49250	Human DNA sequence from cosmid HW2, Huntington's Disease Region, chromosome 4p16.3.	0.86	TRSCAPSID_1	Tobacco ringspot virus capsid protein gene, complete cds	3.00E-06

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
125	Z92855	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone Y48C3; HTGS phase 1.	0.84	AE000809_8	Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum from bases 161632 to 172569 (section 15 of 148) of the complete genome; Aspartyl-tRNA synthetase; Function Code:10;07 - Metabolism of	1
126	AC002340	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Arabidopsis thaliana 'TAMU' BAC 'T11J7' genomic sequence near marker 'm283'; HTGS phase 1, 2 unordered pieces.	0.83	CET01E8_3	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T01E8, complete sequence; T01E8;3; Similar to 1-phosphatidylinositol-4,5-bisphosphate phosphodiesterase; cDNA EST CEESG02F comes from this gene;	0.86
127	AL008716	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 206C7; HTGS phase 1.	0.83	HIVU51189_5	HIV-1 clone 93th253 from Thailand, complete genome; Tat protein	0.86
128	AC002340	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Arabidopsis thaliana 'TAMU' BAC 'T11J7' genomic sequence near marker 'm283'; HTGS phase 1, 2 unordered pieces.	0.83	S60257	meltrin alpha - mouse>GP:MUSMAB_1 Mouse mRNA for meltrin alpha, complete cds	0.0013

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
129	Z83848	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 57A13; HTGS phase 1.	0.82	ARO1_PNEC A	PENTAFUNCTIONAL AROM POLYPEPTIDE (CONTAINS: 3-DEHYDROQUINATE SYNTHASE (EC 4.6.1.3), 3-DEHYDROQUINATE DEHYDRATASE (EC 4.2.1.10) (3-DEHYDROQUINASE), SHIKIMATE 5-DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.1.1.25), SHIKIMATE KINASE (EC 2.7.1.71), AND EPSP SYNTHASE (E	0.0098
130	AF029308	Homo sapiens chromosome 9 duplication of the T cell receptor beta locus and trypsinogen gene families.	0.8	CELZK84_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK84; Final exon in repeat region; similar to long tandem repeat region of sialidase (SP:TCNA_TRYCR, P23253) and neurofilament H protein; coded for by C; elegans	2.00E-08
131	AC002458	Human BAC clone RG098M04 from 7q21-q22, complete sequence.	0.78	IGF2_PIG	INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR II PRECURSOR (IGF-II)>GP:SSIGF2_1 S;scrofa mRNA IGF2 for insulin-like-growth factor 2; Insulin-like-growth factor 2 preproprotein	0.44
132	Z83843	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 368A4; HTGS phase 1.	0.78	PAR51A_1	P;tetraurelia 51A surface protein gene, complete cds	0.0014

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
133	X03021	Human gene for granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF).	0.78	CEF57B1_3	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F57B1, complete sequence; F57B1;3; Protein predicted using Genefinder; similar to collagen	2.20E-05
134	Z74825	S.cerevisiae chromosome XV reading frame ORF YOL083w.	0.77	SYLM_SCHP O	PUTATIVE LEUCYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 6.1.1.4) (LEUCINE--TRNA LIGASE)>PIR2:S6248 6 hypothetical protein SPAC4G8.09 - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)>GP:SPAC4G8_9 S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c4G8; Unknown; SPAC	0.96
135	Z74825	S.cerevisiae chromosome XV reading frame ORF YOL083w.	0.77	RNU59809_1	Rattus norvegicus mannose 6-phosphate/insulin-like growth factor II receptor (M6P/IGF2r) mRNA, complete cds; Also termed IGF-II/Man 6-P receptor, MPR, CI-MPR	0.01
136	U80445	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C50F2.	0.76	S28499	probable finger protein - rat>GP:RNZFP_1 R;norvegicus mRNA for putative zinc finger protein	1.10E-31
137	Z78545	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M03B6, complete sequence.	0.75	RRU73586_1	Rattus norvegicus Fanconi anemia group C mRNA, complete cds; Fanconi anemia group C protein; Similar to human FAC protein, GenBank Accession Numbers X66893 and X66894	0.023

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
138	Z97630	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 466N1; HTGS phase 1.	0.74	HSMSHREC A_1	H;sapiens mRNA for MSH receptor; Author-given protein sequence is in conflict with the conceptual translation	0.036
139	AF007269	Arabidopsis thaliana BAC IG002N01.	0.71	HSU95090_1	Homo sapiens chromosome 19 cosmid F19541, complete sequence; F19541_1; Hypothetical (partial) protein similar to proline oxidase	0.16
140	AC002393	Mouse BAC284H12 Chromosome 6, complete sequence.	0.7	RNLTP2_1	Rattus norvegicus mRNA for LTBP-2 like protein; Latent TGF-beta binding protein-2 like protein	4.40E-05
141	B15232	344G8.TV CIT978SKA1 Homo sapiens genomic clone A-344G08.	0.67	DMSEVL2_2	Drosophila melanogaster sevenless mRNA; Put; sevenless protein (AA 1 - 2510)	0.41
142	D13748	Human mRNA for eukaryotic initiation factor 4A1.	0.66	MMU53563_1	Mus musculus Brg1 mRNA, partial cds; N-terminal region of the protein	0.00016
143	S45791	band 3-related protein=renal anion exchanger AE2 homolog [rabbits, New Zealand White, ileal epithelial cells, mRNA, 3964 nt].	0.66	POLS_RUBV R	STRUCTURAL POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: NUCLEOCAPSID PROTEIN C; MEMBRANE GLYCOPROTEINS E1 AND E2)>PIR1:GNWVRA structural polyprotein - rubella virus (strain RA27/3 vaccine)>GP:RUBCE2 1_1 Rubella virus RA27/3 RNA for capsid, E2 and E1 proteins; Poly	5.60E-05
144	M22462	Chicken protein p54 (ets-1)	0.66	HSHP8PROT _1	H;sapiens mRNA for HP8 protein; HP8	2.00E-06

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		mRNA, complete cds.			peptide	
145	U27999	Human clone pDEL52A11 HLA-C region cosmid 52 genomic survey sequence.	0.65	CA18_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(VIII) CHAIN PRECURSOR (ENDOTHELIAL COLLAGEN)>PIR2:S15435 collagen alpha 1(VIII) chain precursor - human>GP:HSCOL8A1_1 Human COL8A1 mRNA for alpha 1(VIII) collagen	5.70E-06
146	M54787	N.crassa mating type a-1 protein (mt a-1) gene, exons 1-3.	0.64	I50717	vacuolar H ⁺ -ATPase A subunit - chicken (fragment)>GP:GGU22078_1 Gallus gallus vacuolar H ⁺ -ATPase A subunit gene, partial cds	0.0046
147	AC002094	Genomic sequence from Human 17, complete sequence.	0.63	PVPVA1_1	P;vivax pval gene	0.1
148	U32701	Haemophilus influenzae from bases 165345 to 176101 (section 16 of 163) of the complete genome.	0.63	FABG_HAEI	3-OXOACYL-[ACYL-CARRIER PROTEIN] REDUCTASE (EC 1.1.1.100) (3-KETOACYL-ACYL CARRIER PROTEIN REDUCTASE)>PIR2:D64051 3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase (EC 1.1.1.100) - Haemophilus influenzae (strain Rd KW20)>GP:HIU32701_7 Haemophilus	2.00E-12
149	Z37159	T.brucei serum resistance associated (SRA) mRNA for VSG-like protein.	0.61	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
150	AF027865	Mus musculus Major Histocompatibility Locus class II region.	0.61	A56514	chromokinesin - chicken>GP:GGU18309_1 Gallus gallus chromokinesin mRNA, complete cds	0.045
151	U40938	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D1009.	0.61	YA53_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I>GP:SPAC13A11_3 S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c13A11; Unknown; SPAC13A11;03, unknown, len: 210	1.90E-24
152	I16670	Sequence 1 from patent US 5476781.	0.59	CELF21F8_7	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F21F8; Similar to eukaryotic aspartyl proteases	0.39
153	Z84468	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 299D3; HTGS phase 1.	0.59	CLG1_YEAST	CYCLIN-LIKE PROTEIN CLG1>PIR2:S37607 cyclin-like protein YGL215w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SCYG L215W_1 S;cerevisiae chromosome VII reading frame ORF YGL215w>GP:YSCC LG1CPR_1 Saccharomyces cerevisiae cyclin-like protein (CLG1) gene	0.0015
154	U00054	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K07E12.	0.57	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
155	M21207	Synthetic SV40 T antigen mutant pseudogene, 3' end.	0.57	1CJL2	cathepsin L (EC 3.4.22.15) mutant (F(78P)L, C25S, T110A, E176G, D178G), fragment 2 - human	0.43

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
156	AF020282	Dictyostelium discoideum DG2033 gene, partial cds.	0.56	AC002125_4	Homo sapiens DNA from chromosome 19-cosmid F25965, genomic sequence, complete sequence; F25965_5; Hypothetical 35;3 kDa protein similar to GTPase-activating proteins and orf3 from	0.6
157	M86352	Stigmatella aurantiaca reverse transcriptase (163 RT) gene, complete cds.	0.56	AC002398_4	Human DNA from chromosome 19-specific cosmid F25965, genomic sequence, complete sequence; F25965_3; Hypothetical 96 kDa human protein similar to alpha chimaerin; Hypothetical protein>GP:AC002398_4 Human DNA from chromosome 19-specific cosmi	4.50E-06
158	AC003101	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone HRPC41C23; HTGS phase 1, 33 unordered pieces.	0.54	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
159	B12117	F5L15-T7 IGF Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone F5L15.	0.54	CEF32H2_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F32H2, complete sequence; F32H2;5; Similarity to Chicken fatty acid synthase (SW:P12276); cDNA EST yk16c2;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk113h6;5 comes	1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
160	AE000664	Mus musculus TCR beta locus from bases 250554 to 501917 (section 2 of 3) of the complete sequence.	0.54	CET01G9_6	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T01G9, complete sequence; T01G9;4; CDNA EST yk29b7;5 comes from this gene	0.84
161	B12117	F5L15-T7 IGF Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone F5L15.	0.54	A39718	nicotinic acetylcholine receptor alpha chain - marbled electric ray (fragments)	0.27
162	Z71261	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F21C3, complete sequence.	0.5	KDGE_DROME	EYE-SPECIFIC DIACYLGLYCEROL KINASE (EC 2.7.1.107) (RETINAL DEGENERATION A PROTEIN) (DIGLYCERIDE KINASE) (DGK)>GP:DRODAG K_1 Fruit fly mRNA for diacylglycerol kinase, complete cds	4.60E-05
163	M61831	Human S-adenosylhomocysteine hydrolase (AHCY) mRNA, complete cds.	0.49	P2C2_ARATH	PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2C (EC 3.1.3.16) (PP2C)>PIR2:S55457 phosphoprotein phosphatase (EC 3.1.3.16) 2C - Arabidopsis thaliana>GP:ATHPP2 CA_1 Arabidopsis thaliana mRNA for protein phosphatase 2C	5.60E-08
164	U42608	Glycine max clathrin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds.	0.48	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
165	Z93042	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 6B17; HTGS phase 1.	0.47	PYRD_BACS U	DIHYDROOROTATE DEHYDROGENASE (EC 1.3.3.1) (DIHYDROOROTATE OXIDASE) (DHODEHASE)>PIR1:H39845 dihydroorotate oxidase (EC 1.3.3.1) - Bacillus subtilis>GPN:BSUB0009_25 Bacillus subtilis complete genome (section 9 of 21): from 1598421 to 1807200;	0.002
166	AC000044	Human Chromosome 22q13 Cosmid Clone p76e10, complete sequence.	0.47	MATK_MAR PO	PROBABLE INTRON MATURASE>PIR2:A05034 hypothetical protein 370i - liverwort (Marchantia polymorpha) chloroplast>GP:CHMPXX_21 Liverwort Marchantia polymorpha chloroplast genome DNA; ORF370i	0.0011
167	X51508	Rabbit mRNA for aminopeptidase N (partial).	0.47	S45361	LRR47 protein - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)>GP:DM LRR47_1 D;melanogaster mRNA for LRR47	5.30E-07
168	Z67035	H.sapiens DNA segment containing (CA) repeat; clone AFM323yfl; single read.	0.45	JQ2246	22.5K cathepsin D inhibitor protein precursor - potato>GP:POTCATH D_1 Potato cathepsin D inhibitor protein mRNA, complete cds	0.79
169	Z93042	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 6B17; HTGS phase 1.	0.44	SMU31768_1	Schistosoma mansoni elastase gene, 3045 bp clone, complete cds	0.0022

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
170	L11172	Plasmodium falciparum RNA polymerase I gene, complete cds.	0.43	HUMPKD1G08_1	Homo sapiens polycystic kidney disease (PKD1) gene, exons 43-46; Polycystic kidney disease 1 protein	1
171	Z95889	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 211A9; HTGS phase 1.	0.43	A09811_1	R;norvegicus mRNA for BRL-3A binding protein; Author-given protein sequence is in conflict with the conceptual translation	0.00083
172	U32772	Haemophilus influenzae from bases 954819 to 966363 (section 87 of 163) of the complete genome.	0.43	YPT2_CAEE_L	HYPOTHETICAL 21.6 KD PROTEIN F37A4.2 IN CHROMOSOME III>PIR2:S44639 F37A4.2 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans>GP:CELF37A4_8 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F37A4	2.50E-28
173	Z99281	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid Y57G11C, complete sequence.	0.42	PTU19464_1	Paramecium tetraurelia outer arm dynein beta heavy chain gene, complete cds	1
174	X04571	Human mRNA for kidney epidermal growth factor (EGF) precursor.	0.42	YEK9_YEAS_T	HYPOTHETICAL 53.9 KD PROTEIN IN AFG3-SEB2 INTERGENIC REGION>PIR2:S50477 hypothetical protein YER019w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SCE9537_20 Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome V cosmids 9537, 9581, 9495, 9867, and lambda clone 5898	0.99

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
175	U32772	Haemophilus influenzae from bases 954819 to 966363 (section 87 of 163) of the complete genome.	0.41	YPT2_CAEE L	HYPOTHETICAL 21.6 KD PROTEIN F37A4.2 IN CHROMOSOME III>PIR2:S44639 F37A4.2 protein - Caenorhabditis elegans>GP:CELF37A4_8 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F37A4	7.80E-21
176	AC002053	Human Chromosome 9p22 Cosmid Clone 92f5, complete sequence.	0.4	HSU33837_1	Human glycoprotein receptor gp330 precursor, mRNA, complete cds	1
177	U88309	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T23B3.	0.4	DROMTTGN C_1	Drosophila melanogaster mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase subunit I (COI) gene, 5' end, Trp-, Cys-, and Tyr-tRNA genes, NADH dehydrogenase subunit 2 (ND2) gene, 3' end	0.99
178	M34025	Human fetal Ig heavy chain variable region (clone M44) mRNA, partial cds.	0.39	DNA2_YEAS T	DNA REPLICATION HELICASE DNA2>PIR2:S48904 probable purine nucleotide-binding protein YHR164c - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GPN:YSC H9986_3 Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome VIII cosmid 9986; Dna2p: DNA replication helicase; YHR164C>GP:	1
179	AC002395	Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 127 unordered pieces.	0.39	VV_MUMPE	NONSTRUCTURAL PROTEIN V (NONSTRUCTURAL PROTEIN NS1)	0.11

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
180	AC003101	*** . SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone HRPC41C23; HTGS phase 1, 33 unordered pieces.	0.39	YLK2_CAEE_L	HYPOTHETICAL 122.7 KD PROTEIN D1044.2 IN CHROMOSOME III>GP:CELD1044_4 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D1044	0.0001
181	Z54335	Human DNA sequence from cosmid L17A9, Huntington's Disease Region, chromosome 4p16.3. Contains VNTR and a CpG island.	0.39	HUMNFAT3_A_1	Homo sapiens NF-AT3 mRNA, complete cds	1.60E-06
182	U95743	Homo sapiens chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987-SK65D3, complete sequence.	0.38	CEZC434_6	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZC434, complete sequence; ZC434;6; CDNA EST CEESO02F comes from this gene; cDNA EST CEES60F comes from this gene	0.18
183	AC001229	Sequence of BAC F5114 from Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome 1, complete sequence.	0.34	HSOCAM_1	H;sapiens mRNA for immunoglobulin-like domain-containing 1 protein	0.051
184	X01703	Human gene for alpha-tubulin (b alpha 1).	0.33	NTC3_MOUS_E	NEUROGENIC LOCUS NOTCH 3 PROTEIN>PIR2:S453 06 notch 3 protein - mouse>GP:MMNOTC_1 M;musculus mRNA for Notch 3	0.012

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
185	Z82189	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 170A21; HTGS phase 1.	0.31	LG106_3	Lemna gibba negatively light-regulated mRNA (Lg106); Second longest ORF (2)	0.27
186	Z98051	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 501A4; HTGS phase 1.	0.3	S34960	NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) (EC 1.6.5.3) chain 5 - Crithidia oncopelti mitochondrion (SGC6)>GP:MICO CN NR_3 Crithidia oncopelti mitochondrial ND4, ND5, COI, 12S ribosomal RNA genes for NADH dehydrogenase subunit 4/5, cytochrome oxidase subun	0.25
187	Z98749	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 449O17; HTGS phase 1.	0.3	SCKC_LEIQ H	CHARYBDOTOXIN (CHTX) (CHTX-LQ1)>PIR2:A60963 charybdotoxin 1 - scorpion (Leiurus quinquestriatus)>3D:2 CRD Charybdotoxin (nmr, 12 structures) - scorpion (Leiurus quinquestriatus)	0.12
188	X96763	C.albicans CDC4 gene.	0.29	CECC4_1	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid CC4, complete sequence; CC4;a; Protein predicted using Genefinder; preliminary prediction	1.30E-17

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
189	U38804	Porphyra purpurea chloroplast genome, complete sequence.	0.28	HIVHCDR3C_1	Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 heavy-chain complementarity-determining region 3 mRNA (clone 11), partial cds; Heavy-chain complementarity-determining region 3 (CDR3) from HIV gp120->GP:HIVHCDR3I_1 Human immunodeficiency virus type 1 he	1
190	U20657	Human ubiquitin protease (Unph) proto-oncogene mRNA, complete cds.	0.28	HSU20657_1	Human ubiquitin protease (Unph) proto-oncogene mRNA, complete cds	5.60E-12
191	AC002037	Human Chromosome 11 Overlapping Cosmids cSRL72g7 and cSRL140b8, complete sequence.	0.27	VRP1_YEAS_T	VERPROLIN>GP:SC VERPRL_1 S;cerevisiae (A364) gene for verprolin	2.00E-11
192	U58748	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK180.	0.27	EXLP_TOBA_C	PISTIL-SECIFIC EXTENSIN-LIKE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (PELP)>PIR2:JQ1696 pistil extensin-like protein precursor (clone pMG15) - common tobacco>GP:NTPMG15_1 N;tabacum mRNA for pistil extensin like protein	4.10E-12
193	Z68013	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid W02H3, complete sequence.	0.26	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
194	AF017042	Dictyostelium discoideum LTR-retrotransposon Skipper, partial genomic sequence, 5' end.	0.26	SPBC31F10_1 4	S;pombe chromosome II cosmid c31F10; Hypothetical protein; SPBC31F10;14c, unknown, len:1586aa, some similarity eg; to YJR140C, YJ9H_YEAST, P47171, involved in cell cycle regulation	1
195	B03174	cSRL-16e2-u cSRL flow sorted Chromosome 11 specific cosmid Homo sapiens genomic clone cSRL-16e2.	0.26	CELC30E1_7	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C30E1	0.38
196	X70810	E.gracilis chloroplast complete genome.	0.25	CEK10H10_8	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K10H10, complete sequence; K10H10;k; Protein predicted using Genefinder; preliminary prediction	0.98
197	U80024	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C18B10.	0.25	MMAF001794_1	Mus musculus Treacher Collins Syndrome protein (Tcof1) mRNA, complete cds; Putative nucleolar phosphoprotein; similar to Homo sapiens Treacher Collins syndrome TCOF1 protein encoded>GP:MMAF001794_1 Mus musculus Treacher Collins Syndrome p	0.017

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
198	AC000591	Drosophila melanogaster (subclone 9_g3 from P1 DS01486 (D32)) DNA sequence, complete sequence.	0.25	YHGE_ECOL I	HYPOTHETICAL 64.6 KD PROTEIN IN MRCA-PCKA INTERGENIC REGION (F574)>PIR2:E65135 hypothetical 64.6 kD protein in mrcA-pckA intergenic region - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)>GP:ECAE000415_7 Escherichia coli, mrcA, yrfE, yrfF, yrfG, yrfH, yrfI	0.00068
199	AC000591	Drosophila melanogaster (subclone 9_g3 from P1 DS01486 (D32)) DNA sequence, complete sequence.	0.25	YHGE_ECOL I	HYPOTHETICAL 64.6 KD PROTEIN IN MRCA-PCKA INTERGENIC REGION (F574)>PIR2:E65135 hypothetical 64.6 kD protein in mrcA-pckA intergenic region - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)>GP:ECAE000415_7 Escherichia coli, mrcA, yrfE, yrfF, yrfG, yrfH, yrfI	0.00068
200	Z99571	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 388N15; HTGS phase 1.	0.24	YA53_SCHP O	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I>GP:SPAC13A11_3 S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c13A11; Unknown; SPAC13A11;03, unknown, len: 210	0.017
201	U00672	Human interleukin-10 receptor mRNA, complete cds.	0.24	TFDP00900	- Polypeptides entry for factor Oct-2.5	1.00E-05

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
202	AC003061	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Mouse Chromosome 6 BAC clone b245c12; HTGS phase 2, 8 ordered pieces.	0.23	CG1_HUMAN	CG1 PROTEIN>GP:HSU46 023_1 Human Xq28 mRNA, complete cds; Orf	0.00078
203	AF009420	Homo sapiens microsatellite sequence in the HNF3a gene.	0.22	PN0675	collagen alpha 1(XVIII) chain - mouse (fragment)>GP:MUSC OLLAG_1 Mouse mRNA for collagen, partial cds	0.00072
204	B18861	F20C18-Sp6 IGF Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone F20C18.	0.22	TFDP00659	- Polypeptides entry for factor PR	0.0003
205	U00672	Human interleukin-10 receptor mRNA, complete cds.	0.22	TFDP00900	- Polypeptides entry for factor Oct-2.5	1.00E-05
206	X52105	Dictyostelium discoideum SP60 gene for spore coat protein.	0.18	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
207	L07628	Saccharopolyspor a erythraea insertion sequence IS1136, copy B, 3' end.	0.17	D88764_1	Rana catesbeiana mRNA for alpha 2 type I collagen, complete cds	0.00021
208	Z49631	S.cerevisiae chromosome X reading frame ORF YJR131w.	0.16	YSCDAL1A_1	Saccharomyces cerevisiae alantoinase (DAL1) gene, complete cds	1
209	Z87893	F.rubripes GSS sequence, clone 043C17aB8.	0.16	CELC27A12_8	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C27A12; Partial CDS; this gene begins in the neighboring clone; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk127f1;3; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk127f1;5	1.30E-07

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
210	U92852	Rhoiptelea chiliantha maturase (matK) gene, chloroplast gene encoding chloroplast protein, complete cds.	0.15	SEU40259_5	Staphylococcus epidermidis trimethoprim resistance plasmid pSK639; Orf53	0.95
211	X62620	B.mori Abd-A gene homeobox.	0.15	ATAP22_36	Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, ESSA I AP2 contig fragment No; 2; Hypothetical protein; Similarity to NADH dehydrogenase, Chondrus crispus; MNOS:S59107	0.75
212	J02079	epstein-barr virus simple repeat array (ir3).	0.15	A38346	ultra-high-sulfur keratin 1 - mouse>GP:MUSSE1_1 Mouse serine 1 ultra high sulfur protein gene, complete cds; Putative	7.50E-05
213	M35027	Vaccinia virus, complete genome.	0.14	MTF1_FUSN_U	MODIFICATION METHYLASE FNUDI (EC 2.1.1.73) (CYTOSINE-SPECIFIC METHYLTRANSFERASE FNUDI) (M.FNUDI)	0.87
214	AC003058	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Arabidopsis thaliana 'IGF' BAC 'F27F23' genomic sequence near marker 'CIC06E08'; HTGS phase 1, 8 unordered pieces.	0.14	HEXA_DICDI	BETA-HEXOSAMINIDASE ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR (EC 3.2.1.52) (N-ACETYL-BETA-GLUCOSAMINIDASE) (BETA-N-ACETYLHEXOSAMINIDASE)>PIR2:A30766 beta-N-acetylhexosaminidase (EC 3.2.1.52) A precursor - slime mold (Dictyostelium	0.006

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					discoideum)>GP:DDIN AGA_1 D;d	
215	AC001229	Sequence of BAC F5I14 from Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome 1, complete sequence.	0.13	A49281	pol protein - simian T-cell lymphotropic virus type 1, STL V-1 (isolate Bab34) (fragment)>GP:STVB ABPOLA_1 Simian T-cell leukemia virus PCR derived (pol) gene, partial sequence BAB34POL; Bases 4779-4918 EMBL ATK numbering system; BAB34POL	0.77
216	U46067	Capra hircus beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete cds.	0.12	S70663	lectin heavy chain, N-acetylgalactosamine-specific - Entamoeba histolytica (fragment)>GP:EHU33 443_1 Entamoeba histolytica GalNAc lectin heavy subunit (hgl4) gene, partial cds; N-acetylgalactosamine adherence lectin heavy subunit	0.8
217	AC000380	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human Chromosome 3 pac pDJ70i11; HTGS phase 1, 2 unordered pieces.	0.12	ATFCA8_19	Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, ESSA I contig fragment No; 8; Unnamed protein product	0.64

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
218	X61207	A.brasilense hisB, H, A, F and E genes for imidazole glycerolphosphate dehydratase, glutamine amidotransferase, phosphorybosilformimino-5-amino-phosphorybosil-4-imidazolecarboxamide isomerase, cyclase and phosphorybosil-AMP-cyclohydrolase.	0.12	OCCLO2_1	O;circumcincta colost-2 gene; Cuticular collagen	0.0074
219	AF014259	HIV-1 Patient 1088 from Edinburgh, MA-p17 (gag) gene, partial cds.	0.11	DMU88570_1	Drosophila melanogaster CREB-binding protein homolog mRNA, complete cds; CBP	1
220	AC000636	Drosophila melanogaster (subclone 2_c11 from P1 DS07660 (D44)) DNA sequence, complete sequence.	0.11	A64829	hypothetical protein in dmsC 3' region - Escherichia coli (strain K-12)>GP:ECAE000192_1 Escherichia coli, ycaD, ycaK, pflA, pflB, focA genes from bases 944908 to 955952 (section 82 of 400) of the complete genome; Hypothetical protein in dmsC	0.051
221	AC002428	Human BAC clone GS039E22 from 5q31, complete sequence.	0.11	HSNMYC2_1	Human N-myc gene exon 2; Put; N-myc protein (aa 1-263) (953 is 1st base in codon)	0.00014
222	L40949	Homo sapiens (clone AT7-5eu) opioid-receptor-like protein mRNA, 5' end.	0.11	CEUNC93_2	C.elegans unc-93 gene; Protein 2	1.20E-13

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
223	AL008636	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 722E9; HTGS phase 1.	0.1	XELCOL2A1 A_1	Xenopus laevis alpha-1 collagen type II' mRNA, complete cds; Alpha-1 type II' collagen	2.60E-06
224	D86993	Human (lambda) DNA for immunoglobulin light chain.	0.1	CELM02B7_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M02B7	1.80E-09
225	AC002539	Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone 195o20, complete sequence.	0.098	MTCY7D11_17	Mycobacterium tuberculosis cosmid Y7D11; Unknown; MTCY07D11;17c; unknown, len: 186 aa, FASTA best: Q10390 Y009_MYCTU hypothetical 31;0 KD protein MTCY190;09C (299 aa) opt: 355 z-score: 316;8	0.026
226	M88165	Human inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor light chain (ITI) gene, exon 1.	0.096	A54161	ryanodine-binding protein alpha form - bullfrog>GP:D21070_1 Rana catesbeiana mRNA for bullfrog skeletal muscle calcium release channel (ryanodine receptor) alpha isoform(RyR1), complete cds; Ryanodine receptor alpha isoform	1
227	Z92851	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone Y39G8; HTGS phase 1.	0.082	CYA7_BOVIN	ADENYLATE CYCLASE, TYPE VII (EC 4.6.1.1) (ATP PYROPHOSPHATE-LYASE) (ADENYL CYCLASE)	0.3

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
228	L00638	Arabidopsis thaliana ubiquitin conjugating enzyme exons 2-4.	0.072	NUCM_TRY_BB	NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE 49 KD SUBUNIT HOMOLOG (EC 1.6.5.3) (NADH DEHYDROGENASE SUBUNIT 7 HOMOLOG)>PIR2:A35693 NADH dehydrogenase (EC 1.6.99.3) chain 7 - Trypanosoma brucei mitochondrion (SGC6)	0.24
229	U49169	Dictyostelium discoideum V-ATPase A subunit (vatA) mRNA, complete cds.	0.071	MMU65594_1	Mus musculus Brca2 mRNA, complete cds; Similar to human breast cancer susceptibility gene BRCA2; Allele: wild type; putative tumor suppressor	1
230	AF001549	Homo sapiens chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987SK-270G1 complete sequence.	0.07	PM22_HUMAN	PERIPHERAL MYELIN PROTEIN 22 (PMP-22)>PIR2:JN0503 peripheral myelin protein 22 - human>GP:HUMGAS3X_1 Human peripheral myelin protein 22 (GAS3) mRNA, complete cds>GP:HUMPMP22_1 Human peripheral myelin protein 22 mRNA, complete cds>GP:HUMPMP22	0.0078
231	L36829	Mus musculus alphaA-crystallin-binding protein I (AlphaA-CRYBP1) gene, complete cds.	0.066	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
232	AC000159	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human BAC Clone 11q13;	0.058	CEZK863_1	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK863, complete sequence; ZK863;2; Similar to collagen	1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		HTGS phase 1, 10 unordered pieces.				
233	AC000159	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human BAC Clone 11q13; HTGS phase 1, 10 unordered pieces.	0.058	CAC2_HAEC O	CUTICLE COLLAGEN 2C (FRAGMENT)>GP:H AECOL2C_1 H;contortus collagen 2C mRNA, 3'end	1.20E-08
234	Z23908	H. sapiens (D5S630) DNA segment containing (CA) repeat; clone AFM268zd9; single read.	0.057	VEU34999_1	Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus nonstructural and structural polyprotein genes, complete cds; Nonstructural polyprotein; Internal stop codon, readthrough occurs 5% of the time	0.0002
235	B21875	T3E8-Sp6 TAMU Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone T3E8.	0.055	YRR2_CAEE L	HYPOTHETICAL 91.1 KD PROTEIN R144.2 IN CHROMOSOME III>GP:CELR144_7 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R144; Coded for by C; elegans cDNA CEESP84R; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk23c4;5; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk44f9;5; coded for by C; eleg	0.68
236	Z98303	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 140H19; HTGS phase 1.	0.048	AC002330_3	Arabidopsis thaliana BAC T10P11, complete sequence; Putative zinc-finger protein; C2H2 Zn-finger signature from position 80 to 100 [CEICKNGFQRDQNL QLHRRGH]	0.99

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
237	D49911	Thermus thermophilus UvrA gene, complete cds.	0.044	APP1_MOUSE	AMYLOID-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (APLP)>PIR2:A46362 amyloid precursor-like protein - mouse>GP:MUSAPLP_1 Mouse amyloid precursor-like protein mRNA, complete cds	8.90E-06
238	D49911	Thermus thermophilus UvrA gene, complete cds.	0.044	MMCOL18A1_2	Mus musculus alpha-1(XVIII) collagen (COL18A1) gene, exons 40-43, complete cds	1.60E-06
239	X78119	P.amygdalus, Batsch (Texas) prul mRNA.	0.042	CA44_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 4(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR>PIR1:CGHU1B collagen alpha 4(IV) chain precursor - human>GP:HSCOL4A4_1 H;sapiens mRNA for collagen type IV alpha 4 chain; Type IV collagen alpha 4 chain	2.00E-06
240	U72877	Rana catesbeiana L-epinephrine transporter mRNA, complete cds.	0.041	YRR6_MYCAA	HYPOTHETICAL 33.0 KD PROTEIN IN LICA 3'REGION (ORF R6)>PIR2:S42125 hypothetical protein 3 - Mycoplasma capricolum (SGC3)>GP:MYCRP MH_6 M; capricolum rpmH, mpA and licA gene; Orf R6	0.0008
241	L39891	Homo sapiens polycystic kidney disease-associated protein (PKD1) gene, complete cds.	0.04	MUC2_HUMAN	MUCIN 2 (INTESTINAL MUCIN 2) (FRAGMENTS)	5.90E-05
242	L40390	Candida glabrata ERG3 gene, complete cds.	0.039	G01763	atrophin-1 - human>GP:HSU23851_1 Human atrophin-1 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-07

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
243	B28113	T2L16TRB TAMU Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone T2L16.	0.038	CELZK1248_14	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZK1248	1.60E-18
244	AC000030	00175, complete sequence.	0.033	ATFCA8_40	Arabidopsis thaliana DNA chromosome 4, ESSA I contig fragment No; 8; Glycerol-3-phosphate permease homolog; Similarity to glycerol-3-phosphate permease - Haemophilus influenzae	0.63
245	B10738	F13G15-Sp6 IGF Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone F13G15.	0.032	D87521_1	Mus musculus DNA-PKcs mRNA, complete cds	0.21
246	AF024503	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F31F4.	0.03	I38344	titin - human	1
247	Z49888	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F47A4, complete sequence.	0.027	KSU52064_1	Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpes-like virus ORF73 homolog gene, complete cds; Herpesvirus saimiri ORF73 homolog>GP:KSU756 98_78 Kaposi's sarcoma-associated herpesvirus long unique region, 80 putative ORF's and kaposin gene, complete cds; OR	3.40E-10
248	Z83822	Human DNA sequence from PAC 306D1 on chromosome X contains ESTs.	0.025	GRSB_BACB_R	GRAMICIDIN S SYNTHETASE II (GRAMICIDIN S BIOSYNTHESIS GRSB PROTEIN) (EC 6.-.-.)	1
249	Z94161	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone N102C10; HTGS	0.025	S16323	hypothetical protein - Arabidopsis thaliana>GP:ATHB1_1 A;thaliana homeobox gene Athb-1 mRNA; Open reading frame	0.0079

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		phase 1.				
250	AC002094	Genomic sequence from Human 17, complete sequence.	0.021	S57447	HPBR11-7 protein - human>GP:HSHPBR11 4_1 H;sapiens HPBR11-4 mRNA>GP:HSHPBR11 7_1 H;sapiens HPBR11-7 gene	8.20E-08
251	D79994	Human mRNA for KIAA0172 gene, partial cds.	0.021	CER10H10_1	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid R10H10, complete sequence; R11A8;7; Protein predicted using Genefinder; Similarity to Mouse ankyrin (PIR Acc; No; S37771); cDNA EST CEESX25F comes from this gene;	7.00E-16
252	Z97635	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 438L4; HTGS phase 1.	0.017	CELW05H7_4	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid W05H7	0.24
253	X84996	X.laevis mRNA for selenocysteine tRNA acting factor (Staf).	0.017	JN0786	integrin beta-4 chain precursor - mouse	0.088
254	AC002543	Human BAC clone RG300C03 from 7q31.2, complete sequence.	0.013	MZLMTCYT BT_1	Mendozellus isis mitochondrial NADH dehydrogenase, and cytochrome b genes, 3' end, and transfer RNA-Ser gene; This codes for the last 43 amino acids of NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 followed	0.044

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
255	U10401	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T20B12.	0.012	MMMHC29N7_2	Mus musculus major histocompatibility locus class III region:butyrophilin-like protein gene, partial cds; Notch4, PBX2, RAGE, lysophatidic acid acyl transferase-alpha, palmitoyl-	0.069
256	L14593	Saccharomyces cerevisiae protein phosphatase (PTC1) gene, complete cds.	0.011	D86995_1	Human (gene 1) DNA for phosphatase 2C motif, partial cds	2.20E-14
257	U62317	Chromosome 22q13 BAC Clone CIT987SK-384D8 complete sequence.	0.0093	P2Y8_XENLA	P2Y PURINOCEPTOR 8 (P2Y8)>GP:XLP2Y8_1 X;laevis mRNA for P2Y8 nucleotide receptor	0.89
258	D29655	Pig mRNA for UMP-CMP kinase, complete cds.	0.0075	AF004858_1	Mus musculus platelet activating factor receptor mRNA, partial cds; PAF-receptor	1
259	AF002992	Homo sapiens cosmid from Xq28, complete sequence.	0.0054	FBN1_BOVIN	FIBRILLIN 1 PRECURSOR>PIR2:A55567 fibrillin I - bovine>GP:BOVXAA AA_1 Bos taurus mRNA, complete cds; Putative	0.0004
260	B20752	T19M2-T7 TAMU Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone T19M2.	0.0043	HSV1IEP_1	Feline herpesvirus type 1 gene for immediate early protein, complete cds; Feline herpesvirus type 1 immediate early protein	3.90E-05

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
261	AB006699	Arabidopsis thaliana genomic DNA, chromosome 5, P1 clone: MDJ22.	0.0037	YHV5_YEAS T	HYPOTHETICAL 143.6 KD PROTEIN IN SPO16-REC104 INTERGENIC REGION>PIR2:S4675 4 hypothetical protein YHR155w - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GPN:YSC H9666_15 Saccharomyces cerevisiae chromosome VIII cosmid 9666; Yhr155wp; Similar to Sip3p (Snf	0.077
262	Z99128	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 422H11; HTGS phase 1.	0.0032	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	0.0087
263	B21848	T2D2-Sp6 TAMU Arabidopsis thaliana genomic clone T2D2.	0.0031	B31794	mdm-1 protein (clone c103) - mouse	1.00E-05
264	L33853	Human germline immunoglobulin kappa chain variable region (Vk-IV subgroup) for anti-B-amyloid autoantibodies in Alzheimer's disease.	0.0027	B45550	cytochrome b homolog - Plasmodium yoelii	0.99
265	B36863	HS-1042-A1-F01-MR.abi CIT Human Genomic Sperm Library C Homo sapiens genomic clone Plate=CT 824 Col=1 Row=K.	0.0027	YQK4_CAEE L	HYPOTHETICAL 64.3 KD PROTEIN C56G2.4 IN CHROMOSOME III>GP:CELC56G2_2 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C56G2	0.81

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
266	AC003041	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone HCIT307A16; HTGS phase 1, 10 unordered pieces.	0.0024	GLB4_LAMS P	GIANT HEMOGLOBIN AIV CHAIN (FRAGMENT)>PIR2: S01810 hemoglobin AIV - tube worm (Lamellibrachia sp.) (fragment)	0.94
267	AC002315	Mouse BAC-146N21 Chromosome X contains iduronate-2-sulfatase gene; complete sequence.	0.0022	MG42_TARM A	STRY-RELATED PROTEIN MG42 (FRAGMENT)>PIR3:I 51369 Sry-related sequence - Tarentola mauritanica (fragment)>GP:TELM G42DNA_1 Gecko MG42 gene, partial cds; Sry-related sequence	0.99
268	AF016674	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C03H5.	0.0015	SCYJL204C_1	S;cerevisiae chromosome X reading frame ORF YJL204c	1
269	AF016674	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C03H5.	0.0015	CEM199_3	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M199, complete sequence; M199;e; Protein predicted using Genefinder; preliminary prediction	0.97
270	AF016674	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C03H5.	0.0015	CEM199_3	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid M199, complete sequence; M199;e; Protein predicted using Genefinder; preliminary prediction	0.97
271	Z54199	L.esculentum DNA Ailsa craig encoding 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid oxidase.	0.0015	CELF20A1_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F20A1; Coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk9g1;3; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk9g1;5; coded for by C; elegans cDNA CEESU55F;	0.11

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					weak similarity to putative	
272	Z99943	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 313L4; HTGS phase 1.	0.0014	CEK08F8_5	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid K08F8, complete sequence; K08F8;5b	0.93
273	S81083	beta - ADD=adducin beta subunit 63 kda isoform/membrane skeleton protein, beta - ADD=adducin beta subunit 63 kda isoform/membrane skeleton protein {alternatively spliced, exon 10 to 13 region} [human, Genomic, 1851 nt, segment 3 of 3].	0.0013	MTCY277_7	Mycobacterium tuberculosis cosmid Y277; Unknown; MTCY277;07c, unknown, len: 302	0.0001
274	Z82174	Human DNA sequence from cosmid B20F6 on chromosome 22q11.2-qter.	0.001	FBLA_HUMAN	FIBULIN-1, ISOFORM A PRECURSOR>GP:HS FIBUA_1 H;sapiens mRNA for fibulin-1 A	0.00063
275	Z82215	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 68O2; HTGS phase 1.	0.00079	BFR1_SCHPO	BREFELDIN A RESISTANCE PROTEIN>PIR2:S522 39 hba2 protein - fission yeast (Schizosaccharomyces pombe)>GP:SPHBA2 GEN_1 S;pombe hba2 gene	0.15

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
276	U28153	Caenorhabditis elegans UNC-76 (unc-76) gene, complete cds.	0.00071	CX2_HEMHA	CYTOTOXIN 2 (TOXIN 12A)	0.32
277	Z82204	Human DNA sequence from clone J362G171.	0.00054	DMU34925_2	Drosophila melanogaster DNA repair protein (mei-41) gene, complete cds, and TH1 gene, partial cds	0.045
278	AC002530	Human BAC clone RG341D10 from 7p15-p21, complete sequence.	0.00053	CELT28F2_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T28F2; Weak similarity to HSP90	0.037
279	U91322	Human chromosome 16p13 BAC clone CIT987SK-276F8 complete sequence.	0.00051	CEW08D2_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid W08D2, complete sequence; W08D2;3; Protein predicted using Genefinder>GP:CEW08D2_2 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid W08D2; W08D2;3; Protein predicted using Genefinder	0.26
280	D16986	Human HepG2 partial cDNA, clone hmd2b09m5.	0.00037	POLG_PPVN A	GENOME POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: N-TERMINAL PROTEIN; HELPER COMPONENT PROTEINASE (EC 3.4.22.-) (HC-PRO); 42-50 KD PROTEIN; CYTOPLASMIC INCLUSION PROTEIN (CI); 6 KD PROTEIN; NUCLEAR INCLUSION PROTEIN A (NI-A) (EC 3.4.22.-) (49K PROTEINASE) (49	0.48
281	U91318	Human chromosome 16p13 BAC clone CIT987SK-962B4 complete	0.00031	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		sequence.				
282	M93406	Human dispersed Alu repeats and dispersed L1 repeat.	0.0003	VG8_SPV4	GENE 8 PROTEIN>PIR1:G8BP SV gene 8 protein - spiroplasma virus 4 (SGC3)	0.23
283	AC002398	Human DNA from chromosome 19-specific cosmid F25965, genomic sequence, complete sequence.	0.00021	HMCA_DROME	HOMEOTIC CAUDAL PROTEIN>PIR2:A263 57 homeotic protein Cad - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster)>GP:DR OCADA2_1 D;melanogaster caudal gene (cad) encoding a maternal and zygotic transcript, exon 2; Caudal protein>TFD:TFDP001 59 - Polypeptides en	0.021
284	AC002530	Human BAC clone RG341D10 from 7p15-p21, complete sequence.	0.0002	PL0009	complement C3d/Epstein-Barr virus receptor precursor - human	0.7
285	X01871	Yeast mitochondrial ori(o) repeat unit of petite mutant 5 (petite strain s-10/7/2).	0.00015	RVZMTCYT BT_1	Reventazonia sp; mitochondrial NADH dehydrogenase, and cytochrome b genes, 3' end, and transfer RNA-Ser gene; This codes for the last 43 amino acids of NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 followed	0.73
286	U89984	Acanthamoeba castellanii transformation-sensitive protein homolog mRNA, complete cds.	0.00015	ACU89984_1	Acanthamoeba castellanii transformation-sensitive protein homolog mRNA, complete cds; Similar to human transformation-	4.20E-13

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					sensitive protein: SwissProt Accession Number P31948	
287	AC002365	Homo sapiens chromosome X clone U177G4, U152H5, U168D5, 174A6, U172D6, and U186B3 from Xp22, complete sequence.	0.00011	S10340	DNA-directed RNA polymerase (EC 2.7.7.6) - yeast (<i>Kluyveromyces marxianus</i> var. <i>lactis</i>)	0.00062
288	AC002390	Human DNA from overlapping chromosome 19-specific cosmid R30072 and R28588, genomic sequence, complete sequence.	9.90E-05	D86603_1	Mouse mRNA for Bach protein 1, complete cds; Bach1	1
289	AC002980	Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 34 unordered pieces.	9.20E-05	TRBKPCYB_1	<i>Trypanosoma brucei</i> kinetoplast apocytochrome b gene, complete cds	0.52
290	M99412	Human interleukin-8 receptor (IL8RB) gene, complete cds.	4.50E-05	S28832	microtubule-associated protein H1 (clone KS3.1) - longfin squid (fragment)	0.88
291	AC000120	Human BAC clone RG161K23 from 7q21, complete sequence.	4.00E-05	SXSCRBA_1	<i>Sxylosus</i> scrB and scrR genes; Sucrose repressor	0.99

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
292	AC003037	Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 66 unordered pieces.	3.40E-05	S13569	hypothetical protein 5 - Lactococcus lactis subsp. lactis insertion sequence 1076>GP:LLTLE_1 Lactococcus lactis DNA for the transposon-like element on the lactose plasmid; ORF5 (AA 1 - 43)	0.018
293	Z81512	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F25C8, complete sequence.	2.40E-05	MUSDBPRC_1	Mus musculus DNA-binding protein Rc mRNA, complete cds; DNA binding protein Rc	1
294	B16681	343C3.TVB CIT978SKA1 Homo sapiens genomic clone A-343C03.	1.10E-05	COPP_YEAS_T	COATOMER BETA' SUBUNIT (BETA'-COAT PROTEIN) (BETA'-COP)>PIR2:B55123 coatomer complex beta' chain - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GPN:SCY GL137W_1 S;cerevisiae chromosome VII reading frame ORF YGL137w>GP:SCU11 237_1 Saccharomyces cerevisiae	0.081
295	Z16523	H. sapiens (D9S158) DNA segment containing (CA) repeat; clone AFM073yb11; single read.	1.00E-05	MMSEMF_1	M;musculus mRNA for semaphorin F; Smaphorin F	0.78
296	Z49704	S.cerevisiae chromosome XIII cosmid 8021.	5.60E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
297	AC003071	Human BAC clone BK085E05 from 22q12.1-qter, complete sequence.	3.00E-06	HSRCAER_1	H;sapiens mRNA for red cell anion exchanger (EPB3, AE1, Band 3) 3' non-coding region	0.21

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
298	U20428	Human SNC19 mRNA sequence.	1.40E-06	HUMMUC2A_1	Human mucin-2 gene, partial cds	4.40E-06
299	U51903	Human RasGAP-related protein (IQGAP2) mRNA, complete cds.	6.60E-07	IQGA_HUMAN	RAS GTPASE-ACTIVATING-LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1 (P195)>PIR2:A54854 Ras GTPase activating-related protein - human>GP:HUMIQGA_1 Homo sapiens ras GTPase-activating-like protein (IQGAP1) mRNA, complete cds; Amino acid feature: IQ calmodulin-binding do	1.60E-14
300	AL000805	F.rubripes GSS sequence, clone 021G08aA1.	4.70E-07	MT13_MYTED	METALLOTHIONEIN 10-III (MT-10-III)>PIR2:S39418 metallothionein 10-III - blue mussel	2.20E-10
301	AC003016	Human BAC clone RG134C19 from 8q21, complete sequence.	4.30E-07	SPC57A10_5	S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c57A10; Unknown; SPAC57A10;05;c, unknown, len:606aa, similar to A; nidulans Q00659, sulfur metabolite repression control, (678aa), fasta scores, opt:1355,	0.00041
302	AC003089	Human BAC clone RG180F08A, complete sequence.	3.80E-07	HPBPRECK_1	Hepatitis B virus type 11 precore protein (pre-C region, C) gene, 5' end	0.41
303	AC002074	Human BAC clone GS056H18 from 7q31-q32, complete sequence.	2.40E-07	A47021_1	Sequence 23 from Patent WO9527787; Unnamed protein product; Author-given protein sequence is in conflict with the conceptual translation>GP:A51260_1 Sequence 23 from Patent WO9614416; Unnamed protein product; Author-given	0.0016

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					protein sequence is i	
304	U04980	Rattus norvegicus fetal troponin T 3 (fetal TnT3) mRNA, partial cds.	2.20E-07	HUMFSHD_1	Human facioscapulohumeral muscular dystrophy (FSHD) gene region, D4Z4 tandem repeat unit; ORF	3.30E-08
305	U68704	Human chromosome 21q22.3 P1-clone 3804 subclone 4-52.	2.00E-07	HHV6AGNM_96	Human herpesvirus-6 (HHV-6) U1102, variant A, complete virion genome; U88; Cys repeats; this loci is open in all six reading frames, part of IE-A	2.70E-05
306	U51583	Rattus norvegicus zinc finger homeodomain enhancer-binding protein-1 (Zfhep-1) mRNA, partial cds.	8.70E-08	AF005370_67	Alcelaphine herpesvirus 1 L-DNA, complete sequence; Putative immediate early protein; ORF73; similar to H; saimiri and KSHV ORF73	6.10E-07
307	M80206	Mus domesticus poliovirus receptor homolog (MPH) mRNA, complete cds.	8.10E-08	I53960	PRR2 alpha - human	1.70E-28
308	M60854	Human ribosomal protein S16 mRNA, complete cds.	5.70E-08	OLVPOL_1	Caprine arthritis encephalitis virus (isolate OVLV-N1) pol protein gene, 3' end of cds; Nt 2497-2695 from CAEV Co	0.27
309	U82828	Homo sapiens ataxia telangiectasia (ATM) gene, complete cds.	1.50E-08	C40201	artifact-warning sequence (translated ALU class C) - human	0.00044

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
310	Z83836	Human DNA sequence from PAC 111J24 on chromosome 22q12-qter contains ESTs.	1.40E-08	HSU64473_1	Human rheumatoid arthritis synovium immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region mRNA, partial cds>GP:HSU64498_1 Human rheumatoid arthritis synovium immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region mRNA, partial cds	0.34
311	Z50029	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid ZC504, complete sequence.	1.40E-08	MMU88984_1	Mus musculus NIK mRNA, complete cds	1.70E-50
312	AC002351	Homo sapiens; HTGS phase 1, 17 unordered pieces.	1.20E-08	D41132	collagen-related protein 4 - Hydra magnipapillata (fragment)>PIR2:S219 32 mini-collagen - Hydra sp.>GP:HSNCOL4_1 Hydra N-COL 4 mRNA for mini-collagen; No start codon	0.02
313	B65763	CIT-HSP-2023A12.TR CIT-HSP Homo sapiens genomic clone 2023A12.	3.60E-09	S18106	type II site-specific deoxyribonuclease (EC 3.1.21.4) AbriI - Azospirillum brasilense	0.045
314	Z93021	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 516C23; HTGS phase 1.	2.00E-09	AB001684_134	Chlorella vulgaris C-27 chloroplast DNA, complete sequence; RNA polymerase gamma subunit	0.6
315	D88035	Rat mRNA for glycoprotein specific UDP-glucuronyltransferase, complete cds.	1.50E-09	D88035_1	Rat mRNA for glycoprotein specific UDP-glucuronyltransferase, complete cds	1.00E-33

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
316	U85193	Human nuclear factor I-B2 (NFIB2) mRNA, complete cds.	1.30E-10	VGF1_IBVB	F1 PROTEIN>PIR1:VFIH B1 F1 protein - avian infectious bronchitis virus (strain Beaudette)>GP:IBACG B_1 Avian infectious bronchitis virus pol protein, spike protein, small virion-associated protein, membrane protein, and nucleocapsid protein gen	1
317	B04719	cSRL-42G12-u cSRL flow sorted Chromosome 11 specific cosmid Homo sapiens genomic clone cSRL-42G12.	7.90E-11	JC5238	galactosylceramide-like protein, GCP - human	0.31
318	M73506	Mouse Tcp-10c (t allele) gene.	2.80E-11	A39487	T-complex protein 10a (allele 129) - mouse	4.10E-16
319	U71148	Human Xq28 cosmids U225B5 and U236A12, complete sequence.	1.20E-11	A56547	sex-peptide precursor - Drosophila suzukii	0.4
320	Z95116	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 57G9; HTGS phase 1.	9.90E-13	ALU2_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY SB WARNING ENTRY !!!!	0.0017
321	M64795	Rat MHC class I antigen gene (RT1-u haplotype), complete cds.	1.70E-14	STC_DROME	SHUTTLE CRAFT PROTEIN>GP:DMU0 9306_1 Drosophila melanogaster shuttle craft protein (stc) mRNA, complete cds; C-terminal 222 amino acids encode a novel single- stranded DNA binding domain	1.40E-13

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
322	Y09036	H.sapiens NTRK1 gene, exon 17.	4.20E-15	AF010403_1	Homo sapiens ALR mRNA, complete cds; Alternatively spliced; similarity to ALL-1 and Drosophila trithorax	1
323	U12523	Rattus norvegicus ultraviolet B radiation-activated UV98 mRNA, partial sequence.	2.90E-15	SPBC30D10_4	S.pombe chromosome II cosmid c30D10; Hypothetical protein; SPBC30D10;04, unknown, len:148aa	2.40E-09
324	Z98755	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 76C18; HTGS phase 1.	2.20E-15	RPON_HAL MA	DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE SUBUNIT N (EC 2.7.7.6)>PIR2:D41715 DNA-directed RNA polymerase II chain RPB10 homolog - Haloarcula marismortui>GP:HAL HMAENOA_4 H;marismortui tRNA-Leu, HL29, HmaL13, HmaS9, OrfMMV, OrfMNA, 2-phosphoglycerate dehydr	0.019
325	M86917	Human oxysterol-binding protein (OSBP) mRNA, complete cds.	1.60E-15	CEF14H8_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F14H8, complete sequence; F14H8;1; Similarity to Human oxysterol-binding protein (SW:OXYB_HUMAN)	2.10E-18
326	AC001231	Genomic sequence from Human 17, complete sequence.	1.30E-15	AC002397_3	Mouse BAC284H12 Chromosome 6, complete sequence; DRPLA	0.0016
327	AL008626	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 1114G22; HTGS phase 1.	5.30E-16	TAU48227_1	Triticum aestivum soluble starch synthase mRNA, partial cds	5.90E-05

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
328	L04483	Human ribosomal protein S21 (RPS21) mRNA, complete cds.	7.60E-17	RS21_HUMAN	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S21>PIR2:S34108 ribosomal protein S21 - human>GP:SSZ84015_1 S;scrofa mRNA; expressed sequence tag (3'; clone c11g10); 40S ribosomal protein S21; Similar to human 40S ribosomal protein S21>GP:HUMRPS21X_1 Human ribosomal	1.40E-09
329	AB001899	Homo sapiens PACE4 gene, exon 2.	6.70E-17	LRP1_HUMAN	LOW-DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN RECEPTOR-RELATED PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (LRP) (ALPHA-2-MACROGLOBULIN RECEPTOR) (A2MR) (APOLIPOPROTEIN E RECEPTOR) (APOER)>PIR2:S0239 2 LDL receptor-related protein precursor - human>GP:HSLDLRR L_1 Human mRNA for LDL-recept	1
330	Z98755	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 76C18; HTGS phase 1.	4.40E-17	U97553_59	Murine herpesvirus 68 strain WUMS, complete genome; Ribonucleotide reductase large	0.06
331	AF017187	Homo sapiens LTR HERV-K repetitive element fragment ltr_19_9a sequence.	3.90E-18	D84255_1	Ovophis okinavensis mitochondrial DNA for NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1, partial cds, Ile-tRNA, Pro-tRNA, Phe-tRNA, Gln-tRNA, Met-tRNA and control region (D-loop region); This cds	0.007

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
332	B36252	HS-1038-A2-G01-MR.abi CIT Human Genomic Sperm Library C Homo sapiens genomic clone Plate=CT 820 Col=2 Row=M.	3.10E-18	PGBM_MOUSE	BASEMENT MEMBRANE-SPECIFIC HEPARAN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (HSPG) (PERLECAN) (PLC)>PIR2:S18252 heparan sulfate proteoglycan - mouse>GP:MUSPERP A_1 Mouse perlecan mRNA, complete cds	0.00015
333	D78255	Mouse mRNA for PAP-1, complete cds.	2.70E-18	MUSPAP1_1	Mouse mRNA for PAP-1, complete cds	3.50E-18
334	AC003046	Human Xp22 PACs RPC11-263P4 and RPC11-164K3 complete sequence.	1.40E-18	CEC34F6_1	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C34F6; C34F6;1; CDNA EST yk46b12;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk44c4;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk46b12;3 comes from this gene	0.0015
335	AC003002	Human DNA from overlapping chromosome 19-specific cosmids R29515 and R28253, genomic sequence, complete sequence.	1.40E-18	MUSZFP0_1	Mouse mRNA for zinc finger protein, partial sequence	1.30E-19
336	Y15054	Rattus norvegicus mRNA for 70 kDa tumor specific antigen, partial.	3.40E-19	HS4U2IR2_1	Epstein-Barr virus (AG876 isolate) U2-IR2 domain encoding nuclear protein EBNA2, complete cds; Nuclear antigen 2	2.00E-06
337	Z97876	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 295C6; HTGS	1.30E-19	AF003535_1	Homo sapiens L1 element ORF2-like protein gene, partial cds	7.00E-05

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		phase 1.				
338	M97159	Mouse (clone pIL2) B1 dispersed repeat unit.	1.10E-19	A26882	pIL2 hypothetical protein - rat (fragment)>GP:RATT DR_1 Rat growth and transformation-dependent mRNA, 3' end; Growth and transformation dependent protein	0.2
339	U30817	Bos taurus very-long-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase mRNA, nuclear gene encoding mitochondrial protein, complete cds.	4.70E-20	ACDV_RAT	ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE, VERY-LONG-CHAIN SPECIFIC PRECURSOR (EC 1.3.99.-) (VLCAD)>PIR2:A548 72 acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (EC 1.3.99.-) very-long-chain-specific precursor - rat>GP:RATVLCAD_1 Rat mRNA for very-long-chain Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, compl	8.10E-25
340	Y11535	H.sapiens mRNA for SHOXb protein.	2.80E-20	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	0.00027
341	AL008730	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 487J7; HTGS phase 1.	7.10E-21	C40201	artifact-warning sequence (translated ALU class C) - human	0.001
342	U96629	Human chromosome 8 BAC clone CIT987SK-2A8 complete sequence.	5.30E-23	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	3.80E-10

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
343	U95743	Homo sapiens chromosome 16 BAC clone CIT987-SK65D3, complete sequence.	2.10E-24	UROM_HUMAN	UROMODULIN PRECURSOR (TAMM-HORSFALL URINARY GLYCOPROTEIN) (THP)>PIR2:A30452 uromodulin precursor - human>GP:HUMUMOD_1 Human uromodulin (Tamm-Horsfall glycoprotein) mRNA, complete cds; Uromodulin precursor	1
344	U15972	Mus musculus homeobox (Hoxa7) gene, complete cds.	4.00E-25	S20790	extensin - almond>GP:PAEXTS_1 P;amygdalus mRNA for extensin	0.34
345	U15972	Mus musculus homeobox (Hoxa7) gene, complete cds.	4.00E-25	CA24_CAEE L	COLLAGEN ALPHA 2(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR>GP:CECOLA2IV_2 C;elegans a2(IV) collagen gene; Alternatively spliced transcript	0.1
346	Z66242	H.sapiens CpG island DNA genomic MseI fragment, clone 84a4, reverse read cpg84a4.rt1a.	4.80E-26	CEC35A5_8	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C35A5, complete sequence; C35A5;8; CDNA EST yk31f6;5 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk38h1;3 comes from this gene; cDNA EST yk38h1;5 comes from this gene;	7.70E-19
347	L25331	Rattus norvegicus lysyl hydroxylase mRNA, complete cds.	3.90E-26	LYSH_CHICK	PROCOLLAGEN-LYSINE,2-OXOGLUTARATE 5-DIOXYGENASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.14.11.4) (LYSYL HYDROXYLASE)>PIR2:A23742 procollagen-lysine 5-dioxygenase (EC 1.14.11.4) precursor - chicken>GP:CHKLYH_1 Chicken lysyl	1.10E-43

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					hydroxylase mRNA, complete cds	
348	L81569	Drosophila melanogaster (subclone 2_d7 from P1 DS04260 (D68)) DNA sequence, complete sequence.	3.30E-26	CEL52B9_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C52B9; Coded for by C; elegans cDNA cm11d6; weakly similar to S; cervisiae PTM1 precursor (SP:P32857)	8.40E-29
349	U78082	Human RNA polymerase transcriptional regulation mediator (h-MED6) mRNA, complete cds.	2.30E-26	HSU78082_1	Human RNA polymerase transcriptional regulation mediator (h-MED6) mRNA, complete cds; H-Med6p	1.50E-16
350	U43381	Human Down Syndrome region of chromosome 21 DNA.	2.10E-28	HSMRNAEB_1	H;sapiens genomic DNA, integration site for Epstein-Barr virus; Hypothetical protein	0.18
351	D50416	Mouse mRNA for AREC3, complete cds.	2.50E-29	A29947	prostaglandin-endoperoxide synthase (EC 1.14.99.1) precursor - sheep>GP:SHPCOXA_1 Sheep prostaglandin endoperoxide synthetase (cyclooxygenase), complete cds; Cyclooxygenase precursor (EC 1;14;99;1)	0.81

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
352	U85193	Human nuclear factor I-B2 (NFIB2) mRNA, complete cds.	2.20E-29	CFU30222_1	Crithidia fasciculata fully edited ATPase subunit 6 (MURF4) mRNA, partial cds; Cryptogene	0.53
353	Z92826	Caenorhabditis elegans DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone C18D11; HTGS phase 1.	1.10E-30	SPAC1B3_5	S;pombe chromosome I cosmid c1B3; Hypothetical protein; SPAC1B3;05, probable transcriptional regulator, len:630aa, similar eg; to YIL038C, NOT3_YEAST, P06102, general negative regulator,	3.20E-35
354	L09604	Homo sapiens differentiation-dependent A4 protein mRNA, complete cds.	3.70E-32	PVU72769_1	Phaseolus vulgaris PvPRP-12 (Pvprp1-12) mRNA, partial cds; Similar to cell wall proline rich protein>GP:PVU72769_1 Phaseolus vulgaris PvPRP-12 (Pvprp1-12) mRNA, partial cds; Similar to cell wall proline rich protein	0.00049
355	B42455	HS-1055-B2-G03-MR.abi CIT Human Genomic Sperm Library C Homo sapiens genomic clone Plate=CT 777 Col=6 Row=N.	1.30E-32	CELT05H4_8	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid T05H4; Similar to the beta transducin family; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk156e11;3; coded for by C; elegans cDNA yk14c8;3; coded for by C; elegans cDNA	6.90E-14
356	AF001905	Homo sapiens cosmids E079, B0920 and A8 from Xq25 X-linked lymphoproliferative disease gene candidate region, complete sequence.	1.80E-33	I38344	titin - human	1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
357	E03743	DNA sequence including male hormone dependent gene derived from hamster frankorgan.	1.10E-34	CELC03A7_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C03A7; Weak similarity to serotonin receptors	0.59
358	U31199	Human laminin gamma2 chain gene (LAMC2), exon 22 and flanking sequences.	1.20E-35	B44018	laminin B2t chain - human>GP:HSLAMB2 TB_1 H;sapiens mRNA for laminin	1.20E-14
359	D14678	Human mRNA for kinesin-related protein, partial cds.	2.00E-36	D49544_1	Mouse mRNA for KIFC1, complete cds	1.20E-23
360	AB000425	Porcine DNA for endopeptidase 24.16, exon 16 and complete cds.	8.20E-38	POL4_DROM E	RETROVIRUS-RELATED POLYPROTEIN (PROTEASE (EC 3.4.23.-); REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); ENDONUCLEASE) (TRANSPOSON 412)>PIR1:GNFF42 retrovirus-related pol polyprotein - fruit fly (Drosophila melanogaster) transposon 412>GP:DMRT412G_4	0.65
361	U39875	Rattus norvegicus EF-hand Ca2+-binding protein p22 mRNA, complete cds.	8.80E-42	I56333	apolipoprotein B - rat (fragment)>GP:RATA POLPB_1 Rattus norvegicus (clone rb9E) apolipoprotein B apoB mRNA, 3' end	0.23

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
362	L09647	Rattus norvegicus hepatocyte nuclear factor 3a (HNF-3 beta) mRNA, complete cds.	6.60E-42	HN3B_RAT	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)>GP:RATHNF3B_1 Rattus norvegicus hepatocyte nuclear factor 3a (HNF-3 beta) mRNA, complete cds>TFD:TFDP01611 - Polypeptides entry for factor HNF-3 (beta)	8.10E-25
363	D25538	Human mRNA for KIAA0037 gene, complete cds.	4.10E-43	CELC34D4_1 2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid C34D4	0.018
364	Z56764	H.sapiens CpG island DNA genomic MseI fragment, clone 13f7, reverse read cpg13f7.rt1a.	1.40E-43	S75263	hypothetical protein - Synechocystis sp. (PCC 6803)>GP:D90904_29 Synechocystis sp; PCC6803 complete genome, 6/27, 630555-781448; Hypothetical protein; ORF_ID:sll0983	0.0028
365	AC002636	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Drosophila melanogaster (subclone 2_g4 from P1 DS03323 (D127)) DNA sequence; HTGS phase 2.	8.40E-44	DMU95760_1	Drosophila melanogaster strawberry notch (sno) mRNA, complete cds; Notch pathway component; nuclear protein	3.40E-51
366	J05499	Rattus norvegicus L-glutamine amidohydrolase mRNA, complete cds.	8.00E-44	GLSL_RAT	GLUTAMINASE, LIVER ISOFORM PRECURSOR (EC 3.5.1.2) (GLS)>GP:RATGAH_1 Rattus norvegicus L-glutamine amidohydrolase mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-29

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
367	U95760	Drosophila melanogaster strawberry notch (sno) mRNA, complete cds.	5.00E-45	DMU95760_1	Drosophila melanogaster strawberry notch (sno) mRNA, complete cds; Notch pathway component; nuclear protein	4.80E-45
368	L10106	Mus musculus protein tyrosine phosphate mRNA, complete cds.	4.10E-45	PTPK_HUMAN	PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE KAPPA PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.3.48) (R-PTP-KAPPA)>GP:HSPTK AP_1 H;sapiens mRNA for phosphotyrosine phosphatase kappa; Human phosphotyrosine phosphatase kappa	4.70E-16
369	D17218	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd3g02m3.	9.40E-47	MMU53563_1	Mus musculus Brg1 mRNA, partial cds; N-terminal region of the protein	0.00012
370	U78310	Homo sapiens pescadillo mRNA, complete cds.	8.10E-48	HSU78310_1	Homo sapiens pescadillo mRNA, complete cds	1.10E-21
371	AC000399	Genomic sequence from Mouse 9, complete sequence.	7.40E-48	KIP2_YEAST	KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIP2>PIR1:C42640 kinesin-related protein KIP2 - yeast (Saccharomyces cerevisiae)>GP:SCKIP 2XVI_2 S;cerevisiae PEP4 and KIP2 genes encoding PEP4 proteinase (partial) and kinesin-related protein KIP2>GP:SCLACHX VI_17 S;cerev	0.14
372	AC002327	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Genomic sequence from Mouse 7; HTGS phase 1, 3	1.40E-48	CHKC1A205_1	Chicken alpha-2 type-1 collagen; amino acids - 16 to 3; Precollagen alpha-2	0.024

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		unordered pieces.				
373	X67016	H.sapiens mRNA for amphiglycan.	9.00E-49	CED2085_2	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D2085, complete sequence; D2085;1; Similar to glutamine-dependent carbamoyl-phosphate synthase, aspartate carbamoyltransferase, dihydroorotase; cDNA EST cm16f3>GP:CED2085_2 Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid D2085; D	0.14
374	L10409	Mouse fork head related protein (HNF-3beta) mRNA, complete cds.	1.50E-49	MMU04197_1	Mus musculus HNF3 beta transcription factor (HNF3b) mRNA, partial cds; Sequence of this partial cDNA begins in the first third of the conserved HNF3/forkhead DNA binding domain	1.20E-30
375	U01139	Mus musculus B6D2F1 clone 2C11B mRNA.	1.20E-49	SPBC3D5_14	S;pombe chromosome II cosmid c3D5; Unknown; SPBC3D5;14c, unknown; partial; serine rich, len:309aa, similar eg; to YNL283C, YN23_YEAST, P53832, hypothetical 52;3 kd protein, (503aa),	0.00091
376	Z82170	Human DNA sequence from PAC 326L13 containing brain-4 mRNA ESTs and polymorphic CA repeat.	9.00E-50	BSU55043_3	Bacillus subtilis plasmid pPOD2000 Rep, RapAB, RapA, ParA, ParB, and ParC genes, complete cds; ORF3	0.025

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
377	Z99289	Human DNA sequence *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from clone 142L7; HTGS phase 1.	7.70E-50	A64431	hypothetical protein MJ1050 - Methanococcus jannaschii>GP: MJU67 548_2 Methanococcus jannaschii from bases 986219 to 996377 (section 90 of 150) of the complete genome; M; jannaschii predicted coding region MJ1050; Identified by GeneMark; putativ	5.60E-05
378	X98260	H.sapiens mRNA for M-phase phosphoprotein, mpp11.	6.20E-50	ZRF1_MOUSE	ZUOTIN RELATED FACTOR>GP:MMU53 208_1 Mus musculus zuotin related factor (ZRF1) mRNA, complete cds; Similar to DnaJ encoded by GenBank Accession Number L16953	3.90E-30
379	M18981	Human prolactin receptor-associated protein (PRA) gene, complete cds.	9.00E-52	S106_HUMAN	CALCYCLIN (PROLACTIN RECEPTOR ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (PRA) (GROWTH FACTOR-INDUCIBLE PROTEIN 2A9) (S100 CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN A6)>PIR1:BCHUY calcyclin - human>GP:HUMCAC Y_1 Human calcyclin gene, complete cds>GP:HUMCACYA _1 Human prolactin recept	8.80E-24
380	AB006622	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0284 gene, partial cds.	1.60E-53	S33015	hypothetical protein - human herpesvirus 4	0.00088

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
381	U53225	Human sorting nexin 1 (SNX1) mRNA, complete cds.	1.80E-55	G02522	sorting nexin 1 - human>GP:HSU53225_1 Human sorting nexin 1 (SNX1) mRNA, complete cds	9.20E-50
382	Z92844	Human DNA sequence from PAC 435C23 on chromosome X. Contains ESTs.	6.50E-56	D14487_1	Lentinus edodes Le;MFB1 mRNA, complete cds	1
383	D87450	Human mRNA for KIAA0261 gene, partial cds.	4.30E-56	D87450_1	Human mRNA for KIAA0261 gene, partial cds; Similar to D;melanogaster parallel sister chromatids protein	4.30E-30
384	AC002301	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human chromosome +16p11.2 BAC clone CIT987SK-A-328A3; HTGS phase 2, 1 ordered pieces.	9.80E-57	S62328	kinesin-like DNA binding protein KID - human>GP:HUMKID_1 Human mRNA for Kid (kinesin-like DNA binding protein), complete cds	2.60E-27
385	L29766	Homo sapiens epoxide hydrolase (EPHX) gene, complete cds.	7.30E-57	HSBCTCF4_1	Homo sapiens mRNA for hTCF-4	2.30E-05
386	U58884	Mus musculus SH3-containing protein SH3P7 mRNA, complete cds. similar to Human Drebrin.	3.30E-58	MMU58884_1	Mus musculus SH3-containing protein SH3P7 mRNA, complete cds; similar to Human Drebrin; SH3-containing protein; similar to human drebrin	6.00E-43
387	Y15054	Rattus norvegicus mRNA for 70 kDa tumor specific antigen, partial.	9.50E-59	RNY15054_1	Rattus norvegicus mRNA for 70 kDa tumor specific antigen, partial; 70 kD tumor-specific antigen	4.70E-45

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
388	AC000406	*** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** Human Chromosome 11 overlapping pacs pDJ235k10 and pDJ239b22; HTGS phase 1, 17 unordered pieces.	7.40E-59	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
389	L42612	Homo sapiens keratin 6 isoform K6f (KRT6F) mRNA, complete cds.	3.60E-59	KRHUEA	keratin, type II cytoskeletal - human (fragment)>GP:HSKE RA_1 Human messenger fragment encoding cytoskeletal keratin (type II); mRNA from cultured epidermal cells from human foreskin>GP:HUMKE R56K_1 Human 56k cytoskeletal type II keratin mRNA	7.60E-30
390	L29766	Homo sapiens epoxide hydrolase (EPHX) gene, complete cds.	2.70E-60	EGR2_HUMAN	EARLY GROWTH RESPONSE PROTEIN 2 (EGR-2) (KROX-20 PROTEIN) (AT591)>GP:HUMEG R2A_1 Human early growth response 2 protein (EGR2) mRNA, complete cds>TFD:TFDP00485 - Polypeptides entry for factor Egr-2	7.80E-06
391	L08758	Mus musculus homeobox protein (Hox A10) gene, 5' end of cds.	1.40E-60	PAALGYGE N_1	P;aeruginosa algY gene; Alginate lyase	0.00031
392	I29058	Sequence 3 from patent US 5576423.	4.20E-61	JC5106	stromal cell-derived factor 2 - human>GP:D50645_1 Human mRNA for SDF2, complete cds; Stroma cell-derived	1.50E-32

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					factor-2	
393	I29058	Sequence 3 from patent US 5576423.	4.20E-61	JC5106	stromal cell-derived factor 2 - human>GP:D50645_1 Human mRNA for SDF2, complete cds; Stroma cell-derived factor-2	1.50E-32
394	U46067	Capra hircus beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete cds.	1.90E-62	CHU46067_1	Capra hircus beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete cds	2.70E-39
395	U40747	Mus musculus formin binding protein 11 mRNA, partial cds.	6.90E-63	S64713	formin binding protein 11 - mouse (fragment)>GP:MMU40747_1 Mus musculus formin binding protein 11 mRNA, partial cds; FBP 11; Formin binding protein 11; tandem WWP/WW domains separated by 15 amino acid linker	3.00E-46
396	M36164	Human glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase mRNA, 3' flank.	1.10E-63	BHT1UL_12	Bovine herpesvirus type 1 UL22-35 genes; UL26;5>GP:BHU31809_2 Bovine herpesvirus 1 maturational proteinase (UL26) gene, complete cds, and scaffold protein (UL26;5) gene, complete cds	0.003
397	Y09036	H.sapiens NTRK1 gene, exon 17.	7.30E-65	MMU39060_1	Mus musculus glucocorticoid receptor interacting protein 1 (GRIP1) mRNA, complete cds; Hormone-dependent interaction with hormone binding domains of steroid receptors;	0.0054

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
					transactivation	
398	U17901	Rattus norvegicus phospholipase A-2-activating protein (plap) mRNA, complete cds.	2.70E-70	JC4239	phospholipase A2-activating protein - rat	8.40E-17
399	D12646	Mouse kif4 mRNA for microtubule-based motor protein KIF4, complete cds.	1.70E-74	KIF4_MOUSE	KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF4>PIR2:A54803 microtubule-associated motor KIF4 - mouse>GP:MUSKIF4_1 Mouse kif4 mRNA for microtubule-based motor protein KIF4, complete cds; ATP-binding site: base980-1037, motor domain: base732-1781, alpha-helical co	1.10E-44
400	AF007860	Xenopus laevis xl-Mago mRNA, complete cds.	4.60E-75	AF007862_1	Mus musculus mm-Mago mRNA, complete cds; Similar to Drosophila melanogaster Mago protein	6.50E-68
401	I45565	Sequence 15 from patent US 5637463.	2.30E-82	RNU57391_1	Rattus norvegicus FceRI gamma-chain interacting protein SH2- B (SH2-B) mRNA, complete cds; Putative FceRI gamma ITAM interacting protein; SH2 domain-containing protein B; Method: conceptual	9.90E-42

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
402	U29156	Mus musculus eps15R mRNA, complete cds.	1.00E-85	MMU29156_1	Mus musculus eps15R mRNA, complete cds; Involved in signaling by the epidermal growth factor receptor; Method: conceptual translation supplied by author	4.90E-62
403	U70139	Mus musculus putative CCR4 protein mRNA, partial cds.	1.00E-85	MMU70139_1	Mus musculus putative CCR4 protein mRNA, partial cds; Similar to yeast transcription factor CCR4; transcriptional readthrough occurs with transcription being initiated at the IAP and continues	7.20E-66
404	U82626	Rattus norvegicus basement membrane-associated chondroitin proteoglycan Bamacan mRNA, complete cds.	7.60E-96	RNU82626_1	Rattus norvegicus basement membrane-associated chondroitin proteoglycan Bamacan mRNA, complete cds; Chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan; CSPG	8.20E-58

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
405	L09604	Homo sapiens differentiation-dependent A4 protein mRNA, complete cds.	2.00E-35	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
406	AB000516	Homo sapiens mRNA for DSIF p160, complete cds	0.41	POLG_TUMVQ	GENOME POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: N-TERMINAL PROTEIN; HELPER COMPONENT PROTEINASE (EC 3.4.22.-) (HC-PRO); 42-50 KD PROTEIN; CYTOPLASMIC INCLUSION PROTEIN (CI); 6 KD PROTEIN; VPG PROTEIN; NUCLEAR INCLUSION PROTEIN A (NI-A)	2.9
407	Z94753	Human DNA sequence from PAC 465G10 on chromosome X contains Menkes Disease (ATP7A) putative Cu ⁺⁺ -transporting P-type ATPase exons 22, 23 and STS	0.004	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
408	AB011123	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0551 protein, partial cds	0	MI15_CAEEL	Q23356 caenorhabditis elegans. serine/threonine-protein kinase mig-15 (ec 2.7.1.-). 11/98	2.00E-51
409	D17218	Human HepG2 3' region Mbol cDNA, clone hmd3g02m3	e-123	NARG_BACSU	NITRATE REDUCTASE ALPHA CHAIN (EC 1.7.99.4)	9.9
410	M95098	Bos taurus lysozyme gene (cow 2), complete cds	1.1	HAIR_MOUSE	HAIRLESS PROTEIN	8.00E-10

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
411	Z60048	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 187a9, reverse read cpg187a9.rt1a.	4.00E-54	HN3B_MOUSE	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)	4.00E-21
412	Z48975	P.magnus gene for protein urPAB	0.014	YPT2_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 21.6 KD PROTEIN F37A4.2 IN CHROMOSOME III	2.00E-12
413	AJ001296	Notophthalmus viridescens mRNA for cytokeratin 8	0.37	YA53_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I	5.00E-21
414	J03831	Xenopus laevis (clone pXEC1.3) C protein mRNA, complete cds.	0.37	PDR5_YEAST	SUPPRESSOR OF TOXICITY OF SPORIDESMIN	3.3
415	AB007157	Homo sapiens gene for ribosomal protein S21, partial cds	e-142	RS21_HUMAN	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S21	0.002
416	X86340	H.sapiens C7 gene, exon 13	3.3	STC_DROME	SHUTTLE CRAFT PROTEIN	4.3
417	U12404	Human Csa-19 mRNA, complete cds.	0	R10A_PIG	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L10A (CSA-19) (FRAGMENT)	9.00E-57
418	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
419	M80198	Human FKBP-12 pseudogene, clone lambda-512, 5' flank and complete cds.	5.00E-14	RCO1_NEUCR	TRANSCRIPTIONAL REPRESSOR RCO-1	0.008
420	AF052573	Homo sapiens DNA polymerase eta (POLH) mRNA, complete cds	0	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
421	AF035940	Homo sapiens MAGOH mRNA, complete cds	e-131	MGN_DROME	MAGO NASHI PROTEIN	4.00E-39
422	AF054994	Homo sapiens clone 23832 mRNA sequence	0.12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
423	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	6.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
424	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-07	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
425	D43952	Mouse gene for reticulocalbin, exon1 and promoter region	0.36	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
426	X68553	C.elegans repetitive DNA sequence	0.4	TCB1_RABIT	T-CELL RECEPTOR BETA CHAIN PRECURSOR (ANA 11)	0.11
427	M83314	Tomato phenylalanine ammonia lyase (pal) gene, complete cds and promoter region.	3.3	SMB2_HUMAN	DNA-BINDING PROTEIN SMUBP-2 (GLIAL FACTOR-1) (GF-1)	0.65
428	AF070636	Homo sapiens clone 24686 mRNA sequence	5.00E-23	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
429	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	IQGA_HUMAN	RAS GTPASE-ACTIVATING-LIKE PROTEIN IQGAP1 (P195)	2.00E-06
430	AF068627	Mus musculus DNA cytosine-5 methyltransferase 3B2 (Dnmt3b) mRNA, alternatively spliced, complete cds	5.00E-04	LOX1_LENCU	LIPOXYGENASE (EC 1.13.11.12)	9.9
431	AF020043	Homo sapiens chromosome-associated polypeptide	0	YJH4_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 141.3 KD PROTEIN IN SCP160-MRPL8 INTERGENIC REGION	4.00E-16
432	K00046	ross river virus 26s subgenomic rna and junction region.	0.12	CUL2_HUMAN	CULLIN HOMOLOG 2 (CUL-2)	7.4

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
433	AF005664	Homo sapiens properdin (PFC) gene, complete cds	0.005	UL88_HCMVA	PROTEIN UL88	5.8
434	Z70705	H.sapiens mRNA (fetal brain cDNA com5)	2.00E-05	PH87_YEAST	INORGANIC PHOSPHATE TRANSPORTER PHO87	1.5
435	U29156	Mus musculus eps15R mRNA, complete cds.	e-125	EP15_HUMAN	EPIDERMAL GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR SUBSTRATE SUBSTRATE 15 (PROTEIN EPS15) (AF-1P PROTEIN)	1.00E-13
436	AE000750	Aquifex aeolicus section 82 of 109 of the complete genome	0.37	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
437	U49169	Dictyostelium discoideum V-ATPase A subunit (vata) mRNA, complete cds	0.12	VCAP_HSV6U	MAJOR CAPSID PROTEIN (MCP)	5.6
438	AF032871	Homo sapiens uncoupling protein 3 (UCP3) gene, exon 1 and partial exon 2	0.13	WEE1_SCHPO	MITOSIS INHIBITOR PROTEIN KINASE WEE1 (EC 2.7.1.-)	3.7
439	AB000425	Porcine DNA for endopeptidase 24.16, exon 16 and complete cds	4.00E-32	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
440	U51037	Mus musculus 11-zinc-finger transcription factor	0.04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
441	AF032456	Homo sapiens ubiquitin conjugating enzyme G2	e-110	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
442	AF009288	Homo sapiens clone HEB8 Cri-du-chat region mRNA	2.00E-14	LMG1_HUMAN	LAMININ GAMMA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR (LAMININ B2 CHAIN)	8.1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
443	AF024578	Homo sapiens type-1 protein phosphatase skeletal muscle glycogen targeting subunit (PPP1R3) gene, exon 4, and complete cds	1.1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
444	M24486	Human prolyl 4-hydroxylase alpha subunit mRNA, complete cds, clone PA-11.	0	DACHA	<NONE>	4.00E-58
445	X96400	P.tetraulera alpha-51D gene	0.37	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
446	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
447	X84996	X.laevis mRNA for selenocysteine tRNA acting factor (Staf)	0.12	POL_MLVRD	POL POLYPROTEIN (PROTEASE (EC 3.4.23.-); REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE (EC 2.7.7.49); RIBONUCLEASE H (EC 3.1.26.4))	2.00E-08
448	AF019980	Dictyostelium discoideum ZipA (zipA) gene, partial cds	3.4	HMDL_BRAFL	HOMEBOX PROTEIN DLL HOMOLOG	0.23
449	X78424	D.carota (Queen Anne's Lace) Inv*Dc2 gene, 3432bp	0.38	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
450	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
451	X89886	P.patens mRNA for 5-aminolevulinate dehydratase	1.1	CKR6_HUMAN	C-C CHEMOKINE RECEPTOR TYPE 6 (C-C CKR-6) (CCR6)	9.9
452	U67471	Methanococcus jannaschii section 13 of 150 of the complete genome	0.12	YR72_ECOLI	HYPOTHETICAL 53.2 KD PROTEIN (ORF2) (RETRON EC67)	5.8
453	AF060246	Mus musculus strain C57BL/6 zinc finger protein 106 (Zfp106) mRNA, H3a-a allele, complete cds	1.00E-62	YOJ8_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 51.6 KD PROTEIN ZK353.8 IN CHROMOSOME III	1.7

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
454	U70667	Human Fas-ligand associated factor 1 mRNA, partial cds	0	YKB2_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 69.1 KD PROTEIN IN PUT3-CCE1 INTERGENIC REGION	3.00E-09
455	M95858	Bos taurus recoverin mRNA, complete cds.	0.35	GIDA_MYCGE	GLUCOSE INHIBITED DIVISION PROTEIN A	1.4
456	U67594	Methanococcus jannaschii section 136 of 150 of the complete genome	0.36	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
457	X06747	Human hnRNP core protein A1	3.00E-31	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
458	Z65575	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 47c5, reverse read cpg47c5.rt1a.	1.3	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
459	X88893	C.jacchus intron 4 of visual pigment gene	5.00E-15	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
460	M57426	Maize stripe virus RNA 3 nonstructural protein	0.33	DSC2_MOUSE	DESMOCOLLIN 2A/2B PRECURSOR (EPITHELIAL TYPE 2 DESMOCOLLIN)	6.5
461	X01638	Yeast TEF1 gene for elongation factor EF-1 alpha	1.1	PPOL_DROME	POLY (ADP-RIBOSE) POLYMERASE (EC 2.4.2.30) (PARP)	3.5
462	M60064	S.typhimurium glutamate 1-semialdehyde aminotransferase (hemL) gene, complete cds.	1.1	EPB4_MOUSE	EPHRIN TYPE-B RECEPTOR 4 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) KINASE 2) (TYROSINE KINASE MYK- 1)	2.5
463	X51508	Rabbit mRNA for aminopeptidase N (partial)	0.36	ACHG_XENLA	ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR PROTEIN, GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR	1.5
464	L10106	Mus musculus protein tyrosine phosphate mRNA, complete cds.	2.00E-58	VG13_BPML5	GENE 13 PROTEIN (GP13)	2.5

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
465	M77235	Human cardiac tetrodotoxin-insensitive voltage-dependent sodium channel alpha subunit (HH1) mRNA, complete cds.	3.8	ZPBOC1	<NONE>	6.9
466	M58330	C.maltosa autonomously replicating sequence.	0.004	EPB4_MOUSE	EPHRIN TYPE-B RECEPTOR 4 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112) KINASE 2) (TYROSINE KINASE MYK- 1)	2.4
467	X51508	Rabbit mRNA for aminopeptidase N (partial)	0.35	ACHG_XENLA	ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR PROTEIN, GAMMA CHAIN PRECURSOR	2.4
468	L10106	Mus musculus protein tyrosine phosphate mRNA, complete cds.	7.00E-59	VGLI_PRVRI	GLYCOPROTEIN GP63 PRECURSOR	4.3
469	U65939	Azotobacter vinelandii GTPase (ftsA) gene, partial cds, and ATP binding protein (ftsZ) gene, complete cds	1.1	TRUA_BACSP	Q45557 bacillus sp. (strain ksm-64). trna pseudouridine synthase a (ec 4.2.1.70) (pseudouridylate synthase i) (pseudouridine synthase i) (uracil hydrolyase). 11/98	0.001
470	U51037	Mus musculus 11-zinc-finger transcription factor	0.041	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
471	M32685	Human platelet glycoprotein IIIa, exon 14.	3.6	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
472	U82691	Phrynocephalus raddei CAS 179770 NADH dehydrogenase subunit 1 (ND1), partial cds, tRNA-Gln, tRNA-Ile and tRNA-Met, NADH dehydrogenase subunit 2 tRNA-Cys and tRNA-Tyr and c...	1.1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
473	D85430	Mouse Muir i mRNA, exon	0.12	EPA5_CHICK	EPHRIN TYPE-A RECEPTOR 5 PRECURSOR (EC 2.7.1.112)	2.5
474	U20661	Dictyostelium discoideum unknown internal repeat protein gene, complete cds, and unknown orf1, orf2 and orf3 genes, partial cds	0.36	YHL1_EBV	HYPOTHETICAL BHLF1 PROTEIN	4.00E-04
475	X56537	Human novel homeobox mRNA for a DNA binding protein	0.04	FA5_HUMAN	COAGULATION FACTOR V PRECURSOR (ACTIVATED PROTEIN C COFACTOR)	9.5
476	U32843	Haemophilus influenzae Rd section 158 of 163 of the complete genome	5	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
477	U67554	Methanococcus jannaschii section 96 of 150 of the complete genome	0.36	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
478	AB004244	Narke japonica mRNA for Nj-synaphin 1b, complete cds	1.1	NIA1_ORYSA	NITRATE REDUCTASE 1 (EC 1.6.6.1) (NR1)	1.00E-07
479	AF075079	Homo sapiens full length insert cDNA YQ80A08	1.00E-12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
480	AE000723	Aquifex aeolicus section 55 of 109 of the complete genome	1	YKK0_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 67.5 KD PROTEIN IN APE1/LAP4-CWP1 INTERGENIC REGION	9.1
481	X73902	H.sapiens mRNA for nicein B2 chain	0	LMG2_HUMAN	LAMININ GAMMA-2 CHAIN PRECURSOR	3.00E-93
482	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	P53_CRIGR	CELLULAR TUMOR ANTIGEN P53	5.7
483	AL010240	Plasmodium falciparum DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from contig 4-64, complete sequence	1.2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
484	U49919	Arabidopsis thaliana lupeol synthase mRNA, complete cds	0.54	YA53_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I	6.00E-10
485	AF077618	Homo sapiens p73 gene, exon 3	0.39	MYOD_MOUSE	MYOBLAST DETERMINATION PROTEIN 1	2.1
486	AF054994	Homo sapiens clone 23832 mRNA sequence	0.13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
487	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
488	AF068627	Mus musculus DNA cytosine-5 methyltransferase 3B2 (Dnmt3b) mRNA, alternatively spliced, complete cds	5.00E-04	ACE2_YEAST	METALLOTHIONE IN EXPRESSION ACTIVATOR	1.5
489	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-07	RINI_PIG	RIBONUCLEASE INHIBITOR	0.19

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
490	L77886	Human protein tyrosine phosphatase mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-21	VS48_TBRVS	SATELLITE RNA 48 KD PROTEIN	1.6
491	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	5.00E-04	CRP3_LIMPO	C-REACTIVE PROTEIN 3.3 PRECURSOR	3.5
492	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-08	EPA5_CHICK	EPHRIN TYPE-A RECEPTOR 5 PRECURSOR (FC 2.7.1.112)	2.7
493	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-09	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
494	U28153	Caenorhabditis elegans UNC-76 (unc-76) gene, complete cds.	0.37	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
495	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	0.37	NCPR_YEAST	NADPH-CYTOCHROME P450 REDUCTASE (EC 1.6.2.4) (CPR)	7.00E-05
496	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.013	YMB3_CAEEL	PROBABLE INTEGRIN ALPHA CHAIN F54G8.3 PRECURSOR	3.3
497	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-07	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
498	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
499	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-07	VGLY_LYCVW	GLYCOPROTEIN POLYPROTEIN PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: GLYCOPROTEINS G1 AND G2)	3.2

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
500	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	8.00E-06	HR78_DROME	NUCLEAR HORMONE RECEPTOR HR78 (DHR78) (NUCLEAR RECEPTOR XR78E/F)	2.5
501	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-10	MYSH_BOVIN	MYOSIN I HEAVY CHAIN-LIKE PROTEIN (MIHC) (BRUSH BORDER MYOSIN I) (BBMI)	4.00E-04
502	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-04	BAL_HUMAN	BILE-SALT-ACTIVATED LIPASE PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.3) (EC 3.1.1.13) (BAL) (BILE-SALT-STIMULATED LIPASE) (BSSL) (ESTERASE) (PANCREATIC LYSOPHOSPHOLIPASE)	2.6
503	AF080399	Drosophila melanogaster mitotic checkpoint control protein kinase BUB1 (Bub1) mRNA, complete cds	1.1	NAT1_YEAST	N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1 (EC 2.3.1.88)	2.00E-23
504	U59706	Gallus gallus alternatively spliced AMPA glutamate receptor, isoform GluR2 flop, (GluR2) mRNA, partial cds.	0.014	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
505	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
506	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	2.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
507	AF100661	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid H20E11	0.38	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
508	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-11	CA1A_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(X) CHAIN PRECURSOR	0.024
509	U47322	Cloning vector DNA, complete sequence.	2.00E-38	COA1_SV40	COAT PROTEIN VP1	6.2
510	AF031924	Homo sapiens homeobox transcription factor barx2	e-156	CCMA_HAEIN	HEME EXPORTER PROTEIN A (CYTOCHROME C-TYPE BIOGENESIS ATP-BINDING PROTEIN CCMA)	3.5
511	AF010484	Homo sapiens ICI YAC 91A12, right end sequence	3.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
512	Z63829	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 90h2, forward read cpg90h2.fl1a.	5.00E-22	NFIR_MESAU	NUCLEAR FACTOR 1 CLONE PNF1/RED1 (NF-1) (CCAAT-BOX BINDING TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR) (CTF) (TGGCA-BINDING PROTEIN)	2.4
513	Z35094	H.sapiens mRNA for SURF-2	5.00E-97	SUR2_HUMAN	SURFEIT LOCUS PROTEIN 2	1.00E-46
514	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
515	D38417	Mouse mRNA for arylhydrocarbon receptor, complete cds	e-154	TEGU_EBV	LARGE TEGUMENT PROTEIN	3.4
516	L10911	Homo sapiens splicing factor (CC1.4) mRNA, complete cds.	e-117	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
517	X17093	Human HLA-F gene for human leukocyte antigen F	0.009	YEN1_SCHPO	O13695 schizosaccharomyces pombe (fission yeast). hypothetical 52.9 kd serine-rich protein c11g7.01 in chromosome i. 11/98	5.4
518	AB017026	Mus musculus mRNA for oxysterol-binding protein, complete cds	0	OXYB_HUMAN	OXYSTEROL-BINDING PROTEIN	1.00E-40
519	X55038	Mouse mCENP-B gene for centromere autoantigen B	0.001	YNW7_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 68.8 KD PROTEIN IN URE2-SSU72 INTERGENIC REGION	3.00E-04
520	AB018323	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0780 protein, partial cds	3.00E-41	LBR_CHICK	LAMIN B RECEPTOR	2.3
521	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-10	CA25_HUMAN	PROCOLLAGEN ALPHA 2(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR	0.002
522	X03558	Human mRNA for elongation factor 1 alpha subunit	0	EF11_HUMAN	ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1 (EF-1-ALPHA-1)	e-110
523	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-11	YMT8_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 36.4 KD PROTEIN IN NUP116-FAR3 INTERGENIC REGION	8.00E-07
524	AB014591	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0691 protein, complete cds	0	NOT2_YEAST	GENERAL NEGATIVE REGULATOR OF TRANSCRIPTION SUBUNIT 2	8.00E-05
525	AB019488	Homo sapiens DNA for TRKA, exon 17 and complete cds	0	TRKA_HUMAN	HIGH AFFINITY NERVE GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR PRECURSOR PROTEIN (P140-TRKA)	2.00E-27

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
526	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	5.00E-15	CNG4_BOVIN	240K PROTEIN OF ROD PHOTORECEPTOR CNG-CHANNEL CYCLIC-NUCLEOTIDE-GATED CATION CHANNEL 4 (CNG CHANNEL 4) MODULATORY SUBUNIT))	0.018
527	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-06	HMZ1_DROME	ZERKNUELLT PROTEIN 1 (ZEN-1)	0.88
528	J03750	Mouse single stranded DNA binding protein p9 mRNA, complete cds.	e-135	P15_HUMAN	ACTIVATED RNA POLYMERASE II TRANSCRIPTIONAL COACTIVATOR P15 (PC4) (P14)	3.00E-21
529	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-12	RS5_DROME	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN S5	0.42
530	Z57610	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 187a10, reverse read cpg187a10.rt1a.	8.00E-61	HN3B_MOUSE	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)	4.00E-15
531	U95760	Drosophila melanogaster strawberry notch (sno) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-60	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
532	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	4.00E-11	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
533	U50535	Human BRCA2 region, mRNA sequence CG006	4.00E-12	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	1.1
534	X92841	H.sapiens MICA gene	1.00E-55	LIN1_HUMAN	LINE-1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE HOMOLOG	6.00E-09

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
535	U60337	Homo sapiens beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete cds	0	NODC_BRAEL	N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.4.1.-)	1.4
536	M21731	Human lipocortin-V mRNA, complete cds.	e-169	ANX5_HUMAN	ANNEXIN V (LIPOCORTIN V) (ENDONEXIN II) (CALPHOBINDIN I) (CBP-I) (PLACENTAL ANTICOAGULANT PROTEIN I) (PAP-I) ANTICOAGULANT -ALPHA) (VAC-ALPHA) (ANCHORIN CII)	1.00E-05
537	Y08013	S.salar DNA segment containing GT repeat	0.006	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
538	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
539	M98502	Mus musculus protein encoding twelve zinc finger proteins (pMLZ-4) mRNA, complete cds.	2.00E-17	DYNA_CHICK	DYNACTIN, 117 KD ISOFORM	7.4
540	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-05	HXA3_HAEIN	HEME:HEMOPEXIN-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR	2.6
541	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-13	AMO_KLEAE	AMINE OXIDASE PRECURSOR (EC 1.4.3.6) (MONAMINE OXIDASE) (TYRAMINE OXIDASE)	1.5
542	AF083322	Homo sapiens centriole associated protein CEP110 mRNA, complete cds	e-133	CA34_HUMAN	PROCOLLAGEN ALPHA 3(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR	1.5
543	J03746	Human glutathione S-transferase mRNA, complete cds.	e-170	GTMI_HUMAN	GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE, MICROSOMAL (EC 2.5.1.18)	5.00E-39

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
544	U67522	Methanococcus jannaschii section 64 of 150 of the complete genome	0.37	A1AA_HUMAN	ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR	4.3
545	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-07	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
546	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
547	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
548	D87001	Human (lambda) DNA for immunoglobulin light chain	0.35	VAL3_TYLCU	AL3 PROTEIN (C3 PROTEIN)	3.2
549	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-08	TEGU_HSV11	LARGE TEGUMENT PROTEIN (VIRION PROTEIN UL36)	0.004
550	D16991	Human HepG2 partial cDNA, clone hmd2d01m5	8.00E-09	PTM1_YEAST	PROTEIN PTM1 PRECURSOR	0.033
551	M34025	Human fetal Ig heavy chain variable region	3.2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
552	M98502	Mus musculus protein encoding twelve zinc finger proteins (pMLZ-4) mRNA, complete cds.	5.00E-14	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
553	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.002	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
554	Z78730	H.sapiens flow-sorted chromosome 6 HindIII fragment, SC6pA15C3	3.00E-20	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	5.00E-06
555	U74496	Human chromosome 4q35 subtelomeric sequence	8.00E-08	ICP4_VZVD	TRANS-ACTING TRANSCRIPTIONAL PROTEIN ICP4	0.39

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
556	U39875	Rattus norvegicus EF-hand Ca ²⁺ -binding protein p22 mRNA, complete cds.	2.00E-56	YHFK_ECOLI	HYPOTHETICAL 79.5 KD PROTEIN IN CRP-ARGD INTERGENIC REGION (O696)	9.8
557	U65416	Human MHC class I molecule (MICB) gene, complete cds	0.12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
558	AG000037	Homo sapiens genomic DNA, 21q region, clone: 9H11A22	5.00E-25	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
559	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	5.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
560	AB007918	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0449 protein, partial cds	0.015	VGLE_HSV11	GLYCOPROTEIN E PRECURSOR	2.2
561	U58884	Mus musculus SH3-containing protein SH3P7 mRNA, complete cds. similar to Human Drebrin	1.00E-73	YCV2_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 13.8 KD PROTEIN IN PWP2-SUP61 INTERGENIC REGION	2.6
562	AB007878	Homo sapiens KIAA0418 mRNA, complete cds	e-110	GLU2_MAIZE	GLUTELIN 2 PRECURSOR (ZEIN-GAMMA) (27 KD ZEIN)	0.72
563	AF065482	Homo sapiens sorting nexin 2 (SNX2) mRNA, complete cds	0	YJD6_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 49.0 KD PROTEIN IN NSP1-KAR2 INTERGENIC REGION	1.4
564	U27873	Stealth virus 1 clone 3B11 T7	0.002	SYN1_HUMAN	SYNAPSINS IA AND IB (BRAIN PROTEIN 4.1)	1.6
565	L38951	Homo sapiens importin beta subunit mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-68	VP2_BRD	STRUCTURAL CORE PROTEIN VP2	1.1
566	AF007155	Homo sapiens clone 23763 unknown mRNA, partial cds	e-165	YOHI_AZOVI	HYPOTHETICAL 33.2 KD PROTEIN IN IBPB 5'REGION	7.5

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
567	Z56295	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 10c2, forward read cpg10c2.ft1a .	0.12	A1AB_CANFA	ALPHA-1B ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR (FRAGMENT)	0.85
568	Z83792	G.gallus microsatellite DNA (LEI0222)	0.12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
569	U11820	Feline immunodeficiency virus USIL2489_7B gag polyprotein (gag) gene, complete cds, polymerase polyprotein (pol) gene, partial cds, vif protein (vif), complete cds, and envelope glycoprotein (env), complete cds, complete g...	1.1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
570	M18065	Mouse 18S and 28S ribosomal DNA, 5' hypervariable (Vr) region, clone M1.	6.00E-04	CC40_YEAST	CELL DIVISION CONTROL PROTEIN 40	3.7
571	AF053645	Homo sapiens cellular apoptosis susceptibility protein (CSE1) gene, exons 3 through 10	2.00E-07	YMQ4_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 25.8 KD PROTEIN K02D10.4 IN CHROMOSOME III	4.3
572	X04588	Human 2.5 kb mRNA for cytoskeletal tropomyosin TM30(nm)	0	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
573	AC001159	Homo sapiens (subclone 1_h9 from PAC H92) DNA sequence	5.00E-04	XYND_CELFI	ENDO-1,4-BETA-XYLANASE D PRECURSOR (EC 3.2.1.8)	7.3
574	Z60625	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 2c10, forward read cpg2c10.ft1aa .	4.00E-13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
575	AF070640	Homo sapiens clone 24781	e-164	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		mRNA sequence				
576	Y11306	Homo sapiens mRNA for hTCF-4	2.00E-48	TCF1_HUMAN	T-CELL-SPECIFIC TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 1 (TCF-1)	2.00E-15
577	X65279	pWE15 cosmid vector DNA	7.00E-69	OCLN_POTTR	Q28793 potorous tridactylus (potoroo). occludin. 11/98	0.71
578	M10296	Mouse DNA with homology to EBV IR3 repeat, segment 1, clone Mu2.	0.001	LMB1_HYDAT	LAMININ BETA-1 CHAIN PRECURSOR (FRAGMENTS)	1.9
579	X53744	Canine mRNA for 68kDA subunit of signal recognition particle (SRP68)	e-162	SR68_CANFA	SIGNAL RECOGNITION PARTICLE 68 KD PROTEIN (SRP68)	5.00E-16
580	AF086438	Homo sapiens full length insert cDNA clone ZD80G11	2.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
581	U15140	Mycobacterium bovis ribosomal proteins IF-1 complete cds, and S4 (rpsD) gene, partial cds	1.3	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
582	D13292	Human mRNA for ryudocan core protein	e-166	RSP4_ARATH	40S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN SA (P40) (LAMININ RECEPTOR HOMOLOG)	1.4
583	S71022	neoplasm-related C140 product [human, thyroid carcinoma cells, mRNA, 670 nt]	9.00E-30	RL6_HUMAN	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L6 (TAX-RESPONSIVE ENHANCER ELEMENT BINDING PROTEIN 107) (TAXREB107)	5.6
584	L20934	Anopheles gambiae complete mitochondrial genome	0.014	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
585	Z49269	H.sapiens gene for chemokine HCC-1.	1.1	AMY1_DICTH	ALPHA-AMYLASE 1 (EC 3.2.1.1) (1,4-ALPHA-D-GLUCAN GLUCANOHYDROLASE)	2.5

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
586	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	2.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
587	AF029893	Homo sapiens i-beta-1,3-N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase mRNA, complete cds	0.13	HEMO_PIG	HEMOPEXIN PRECURSOR (HYALURONIDASE) (EC 3.2.1.35)	3.5
588	J05109	T.thermophila calcium-binding 25 kDa (TCBP 25) protein gene, complete cds.	0.014	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
589	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	6.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
590	AF060246	Mus musculus strain C57BL/6 zinc finger protein 106 (Zfp106) mRNA, H3a-a allele, complete cds	1.00E-83	SCRB_PEDPE	SUCROSE-6-PHOSPHATE HYDROLASE (EC 3.2.1.26) (SUCRASE)	10
591	Y11966	B.aphidicola (host T.suberi) plasmid pBTs1 genes leuA, hspA, repA2, repA1, leuB, leuC, leuD, leuA	0.37	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
592	U20428	Human SNC19 mRNA sequence	1.00E-64	YY22_MYCTU	HYPOTHETICAL 30.8 KD PROTEIN CY49.22	0.29
593	AF043084	Lycopersicon esculentum ethylene receptor homolog (ETR1) mRNA, complete cds	0.37	KNIR_DROME	ZYGOTIC GAP PROTEIN KNIRPS	9.9
594	X65279	pWE15 cosmid vector DNA	5.00E-66	COA1_SV40	COAT PROTEIN VP1	0.001
595	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial	0.041	UL88_HSV7J	PROTEIN U59	5.8

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		cds				
596	M91452	Sus scrofa ryanodine receptor (RYR1) gene, complete cds.	3.2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
597	U77327	Human Ki-1/57 intracellular antigen mRNA, partial cds	e-158	GAT1_CHICK	ERYTHROID TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR (GATA-1) (ERYF1)	1.2
598	U77327	Human Ki-1/57 intracellular antigen mRNA, partial cds	0	RPB7_ARATH	DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE II 19 KD POLYPEPTIDE (EC 2.7.7.6) (RNA POLYMERASE II SUBUNIT 5)	6.2
599	Y16964	Saccharomyces sp. mitochondrial DNA for OLI1 gene, strain CID1	0.37	NMD5_YEAST	NONSENSE-MEDIATED MRNA DECAY PROTEIN 5	1.9
600	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
601	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	8.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
602	AF091046	Brugia pahangi nuclear hormone receptor (bhr-1) gene, partial cds	1.1	INVO_PONPY	INVOLUCRIN	0.23
603	M87339	Human replication factor C, 37-kDa subunit mRNA, complete cds	0	AC12_HUMAN	ACTIVATOR 1 37 KD SUBUNIT (REPLICATION FACTOR C 37 KD SUBUNIT) (A1 37 KD SUBUNIT) (RF-C 37 KD SUBUNIT) (RFC37)	1.00E-38
604	D28116	Human genes for collagen type IV alpha 5 and 6, exon 1 and exon	0.39	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		1'				
605	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
606	AE001149	Borrelia burgdorferi (section 35 of 70) of the complete genome	0.13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
607	X14168	Human pLC46 with DNA replication origin	6.00E-16	Z136_HUMAN	ZINC FINGER PROTEIN 136	0.31
608	Z57610	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 187a10, reverse read cpg187a10.r1a.	7.00E-90	HN3B_RAT	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)	1.00E-19
609	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.043	PGCV_MOUSE	VERSICAN CORE PROTEIN PRECURSOR (LARGE FIBROBLAST PROTEOGLYCAN) (CHONDROITIN SULFATE PROTEOGLYCAN CORE PROTEIN 2) (PG-M)	3.5
610	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-07	CA11_CHICK	PROCOLLAGEN ALPHA 1(I) CHAIN PRECURSOR	0.4
611	AB007956	Homo sapiens mRNA, chromosome 1 specific transcript KIAA0487	e-106	RRPB_CVMA5	RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE (EC 2.7.7.48) (ORF1B)	9.7
612	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.005	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
613	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-05	UL52_EBV	HELICASE/PRIMA SE COMPLEX PROTEIN (PROBABLE DNA REPLICATION PROTEIN BSLF1)	5.9
614	U95760	Drosophila melanogaster strawberry notch (sno) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-71	POLG_PVYHU	GENOME POLYPROTEIN (CONTAINS: N-TERMINAL PROTEIN; HELPER COMPONENT PROTEINASE (EC 3.4.22.-) (HC-PRO); 42-50 KD PROTEIN; CYTOPLASMIC INCLUSION PROTEIN (CI); 6 KD PROTEIN; NUCLEAR INCLUSION PROTEIN A (NI- A) (EC 3.4.22.-) (49K PROTEINASE) (49	4.3
615	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-09	VP3_ROTPO	INNER CORE PROTEIN VP3	7.7
616	J05499	Rattus norvegicus L-glutamine amidohydrolase mRNA, complete cds	e-143	GLSL_RAT	GLUTAMINASE, LIVER ISOFORM PRECURSOR (EC 3.5.1.2) (GLS)	7.00E-67
617	M19262	Rat clathrin light chain (LCB3) mRNA, complete cds.	0.37	Y642_METJA	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN MJ0642	5.8
618	M21191	Human aldolase pseudogene mRNA, complete cds.	1.00E-32	LIN1_NYCCO	LINE-1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE HOMOLOG	6.00E-17
619	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-11	NUCM_BOVIN	NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE 49 KD SUBUNIT (EC 1.6.5.3) (EC 1.6.99.3) (COMPLEX I-49KD) (CI-49KD)	0.044

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
620	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.005	HEMZ_RHOCA	FERROCHELATASE (EC 4.99.1.1) (PROTOHEME FERRO-LYASE)	4.4
621	AF041428	Homo sapiens ribosomal protein s4 X isoform gene, complete cds	0.002	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
622	X07158	Chironomus thummi DNA for Cla repetitive element	0.13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
623	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
624	AF100470	Rattus norvegicus ribosome attached membrane protein 4 (RAMP4) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-53	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
625	U85193	Human nuclear factor I-B2 (NFIB2) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-38	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
626	M13452	Human lamin A mRNA, 3'end.	6.00E-16	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
627	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	0.014	ACDV_RAT	ACYL-COA DEHYDROGENASE, VERY-LONG-CHAIN SPECIFIC PRECURSOR (EC 1.3.99.-) (VLCAD)	4.00E-20
628	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
629	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
630	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
631	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
632	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-05	YS83_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 86.9 KD PROTEIN ZK945.3 IN CHROMOSOME II	0.65
633	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-09	NRP_MOUSE	NEUROPILIN PRECURSOR (A5 PROTEIN)	2.7
634	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	2.00E-05	Y4JN_RHISN	HYPOTHETICAL 16.3 KD PROTEIN Y4JN	5.9
635	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-05	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
636	X64707	H.sapiens BBC1 mRNA	e-179	RL13_HUMAN	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L13 (BREAST BASIC CONSERVED PROTEIN 1)	5.00E-40
637	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
638	X14168	Human pLC46 with DNA replication origin	5.00E-14	SP3_HUMAN	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SP3 (SPR-2) (FRAGMENT)	0.19
639	X90999	H.sapiens mRNA for Glyoxalase II	9.00E-20	GLO2_HUMAN	HYDROXYACYLG LUTATHIONE HYDROLASE (EC 3.1.2.6)	0.007
640	AF083322	Homo sapiens centriole associated protein CEP110 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-51	KIF4_MOUSE	KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF4	0.005

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
641	Z12002	M.musculus Pvt-1 mRNA.	0.36	CP5F_CANTR	CYTOCHROME P450 L1A6 (ALKANE-INDUCIBLE) (EC 1.14.14.1) (P450-ALK3)	5.6
642	M10206	R.sphaeroides reaction center L subunit (complete cds) and M subunit (5' end) genes.	1.1	YGR1_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 34.8 KD PROTEIN IN SUT1-RCK1 INTERGENIC REGION	0.006
643	K02668	E. coli ddl gene encoding D-alanine:D-alanine ligase and ftsQ and ftsA genes, complete cds, and ftsZ gene, 5' end.	3.3	ANKB_HUMAN	ANKYRIN, BRAIN VARIANT 1 (ANKYRIN B) (ANKYRIN, NONERYTHROID)	7.00E-07
644	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
645	X53616	C.domesticus calnexin (pp90) mRNA	1.1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
646	X57010	Human COL2A1 gene for collagen II alpha 1 chain, exons E2-E15	3.3	PRIO_PIG	MAJOR PRION PROTEIN PRECURSOR (PRP)	1.9
647	U95097	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 43 mRNA, partial cds	1.1	UL07_HSV2H	PROTEIN UL7	7.3
648	X52956	Human CAMII-psi3 calmodulin retropseudogene	0.37	PRTP_EBV	PROBABLE PROCESSING AND TRANSPORT PROTEIN	7.5
649	M93425	Human protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP-PEST) mRNA, complete cds.	0	PTNC_HUMAN	PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE G1 (EC 3.1.3.48) (PTPG1)	e-107
650	L47615	Mus musculus DNA-binding protein (Fli-1) gene, 5' end of cds.	0.13	YA53_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I	2.00E-07
651	U60337	Homo sapiens beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete	0	GIL1_ENTHI	GALACTOSE-INHIBITABLE LECTIN 170 KD	0.22

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		cds			SUBUNIT	
652	U08813	Oryctolagus cuniculus Na ⁺ /glucose cotransporter-related protein mRNA, complete cds.	1.00E-22	NAG1_HUMAN	SODIUM/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 1 (NA(+)/GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER 1) (HIGH AFFINITY SODIUM-GLUCOSE COTRANSPORTER)	0.1
653	Y00282	Human mRNA for ribophorin II	2.00E-78	RIB2_HUMAN	DOLICHYL-DIPHOSPHOOLIGOSACCHARIDE--PROTEIN GLYCOSYLTRANSFERASE 63 KD SUBUNIT PRECURSOR (EC 2.4.1.119) (RIBOPHORIN II)	5.00E-19
654	D10051	Human gene for 92-kDa type IV collagenase, 5'-flanking region	0.014	TAGB_DICDI	PRESTALK-SPECIFIC PROTEIN TAGB PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.-)	7.6
655	M29930	Human insulin receptor (allele 2) gene, exons 14, 15, 16 and 17.	8.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
656	U78310	Homo sapiens pescadillo mRNA, complete cds	0	YG2S_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 69.9 KD PROTEIN IN MIC1-SRB5 INTERGENIC REGION	0.002
657	X68792	S.coelicolor A3(2) promoter sequence pth270	3.2	YBS0_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 27.0 KD PROTEIN IN VAL1-HSP26 INTERGENIC REGION	0.073
658	U50535	Human BRCA2 region, mRNA sequence CG006	4.00E-12	ALU1_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY J WARNING ENTRY !!!!	1.2

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
659	U15522	Sus scrofa clone pvg1a Ig heavy chain variable VDJ region mRNA, partial cds.	3.2	Z165_HUMAN	ZINC FINGER PROTEIN 165	3.2
660	M20918	C.thummi piger haemoglobin (Hb) gene DNA, complete cds.	0.12	YT25_CAEL	HYPOTHETICAL 59.9 KD PROTEIN B0304.5 IN CHROMOSOME II	0.033
661	U60337	Homo sapiens beta-mannosidase mRNA, complete cds	0	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
662	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.001	ENV_MLVFP	ENV POLYPROTEIN PRECURSOR (CONTAINS: KNOB PROTEIN GP70; SPIKE PROTEIN P15E; R PROTEIN)	3.3
663	M97287	Human MAR/SAR DNA binding protein (SATB1) mRNA, complete cds. > :: gb I58691 I58691 Sequence 1 from patent US 5652340	0	SAT1_HUMAN	DNA-BINDING PROTEIN SATB1 (SPECIAL AT-RICH SEQUENCE BINDING PROTEIN 1)	2.00E-20
664	L42612	Homo sapiens keratin 6 isoform K6f (KRT6F) mRNA, complete cds	e-168	K2C4_BOVIN	KERATIN, TYPE II CYTOSKELETAL 59 KD, COMPONENT IV	4.00E-10
665	U17901	Rattus norvegicus phospholipase A-2-activating protein (plap) mRNA, complete cds.	e-152	PLAP_MOUSE	PHOSPHOLIPASE A-2-ACTIVATING PROTEIN (PLAP)	4.00E-13
666	M73047	Homo sapiens tripeptidyl peptidase II mRNA, complete cds.	0	MERT_STRLI	MERCURIC TRANSPORT PROTEIN (MERCURY ION TRANSPORT PROTEIN)	4.4

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
667	U09954	Human ribosomal protein L9 gene, 5' region and complete cds.	0	RL9_HUMAN	60S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L9	2.00E-11
668	X98330	H.sapiens mRNA for ryanodine receptor 2	1.1	HS74_MOUSE	HEAT SHOCK 70 KD PROTEIN AGP-2	0.034
669	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	0.002	RPC2_DROME	DNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE III 128 KD POLYPEPTIDE	1.1
670	AF069250	Homo sapiens okadaic acid-inducible phosphoprotein (OA48-18) mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-80	LEGB_PEA	LEGUMIN B (FRAGMENT)	0.011
671	Z71419	S.cerevisiae chromosome XIV reading frame ORF YNL143c	1.1	FOCD_ECOLI	OUTER MEMBRANE USHER PROTEIN FOCD PRECURSOR	9.7
672	AF044965	Homo sapiens polio virus related protein 2 gene, alpha isoform, exon 6 and partial cds	e-167	PVR_MOUSE	POLIOVIRUS RECEPTOR HOMOLOG PRECURSOR	1.00E-12
673	X65319	Cloning vector pCAT-Enhancer	2.00E-80	S106_HUMAN	CALCYCLIN (PROLACTIN RECEPTOR ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) CALCIUM-BINDING PROTEIN A6)	3.00E-15
674	D29655	Pig mRNA for UMP-CMP kinase, complete cds	e-103	V319_ASFB7	J319 PROTEIN	4.3
675	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-08	VEGR_RAT	VASCULAR ENDOTHELIAL GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTOR 1 PRECURSOR RECEPTOR FLT) (FLT-1)	3.3

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
676	D90217	S. cerevisiae gene for YmL33, mitochondrial ribosomal proteins of large subunit	2.00E-07	MALY_ECOLI	MALY PROTEIN (EC 2.6.1.-)	5.6
677	AF038952	Homo sapiens cofactor A protein mRNA, complete cds	e-160	TICA_MOUSE	TCPI-CHAPERONIN COFACTOR A	4.00E-19
678	Z96950	Gorilla gorilla DNA sequence orthologous to the human Xp:Yp telomere-junction region	5.00E-14	YHBZ_ECOLI	HYPOTHETICAL 43.3 KD GTP-BINDING PROTEIN IN DACB-RPMA INTERGENIC REGION (F390)	3.3
679	D50418	Mouse mRNA for AREC3, partial cds	2.00E-79	CYGX_RAT	OLFACTORY GUANYLYL CYCLASE GC-D PRECURSOR (EC 4.6.1.2)	1.1
680	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	8.00E-08	P2C2_SCHPO	PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2C HOMOLOG 2 (EC 3.1.3.16)	1.00E-04
681	AL010280	Plasmodium falciparum DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from contig 4-106, complete sequence	0.12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
682	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	5.00E-04	VSM2_TRYBB	VARIANT SURFACE GLYCOPROTEIN MITAT 1.2 PRECURSOR (VSG 221)	4.3
683	U00238	Homo sapiens glutamine PRPP amidotransferase (GPAT) mRNA, complete cds	0	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
684	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.005	PRPR_SALTY	PROPIONATE CATABOLISM OPERON REGULATORY PROTEIN	1.5

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
685	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-07	YAND_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 30.4 KD PROTEIN C3H1.13 IN CHROMOSOME I	0.38
686	D25538	Human mRNA for KIAA0037 gene, complete cds	0	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
687	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-07	A1AA_RAT	ALPHA-1A ADRENERGIC RECEPTOR (RA42)	4.4
688	L26956	Mesocricetus auratus stearyl-CoA desaturase sequence including male hormone dependent gene derived from hamster frankorgan	4.00E-33	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
689	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
690	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-09	YO93_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 58.5 KD PROTEIN T20B12.3 IN CHROMOSOME III	2.00E-08
691	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-09	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
692	AB017026	Mus musculus mRNA for oxysterol-binding protein, complete cds	0	OXYB_RABIT	OXYSTEROL-BINDING PROTEIN	1.00E-34
693	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	6.00E-04	UFO2_MAIZE	FLAVONOL 3-O-GLUCOSYLTRANSFERASE (EC 2.4.1.91)	3.1

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
694	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	5.00E-04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
695	U34954	Caenorhabditis elegans cyclophilin isoform 10	5.00E-24	CYP_A_CAEEL	PEPTIDYL-PROLYL CIS-TRANS ISOMERASE 10 (EC 5.2.1.8)	2.00E-29
696	AB011167	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0595 protein, partial cds	0	RFX5_HUMAN	BINDING REGULATORY FACTOR	2.1
697	U03886	Human GS2 mRNA, complete cds.	2.00E-28	SKD1_MOUSE	SKD1 PROTEIN	4.00E-17
698	AF086275	Homo sapiens full length insert cDNA clone ZD45C02	3.00E-41	SPT7_YEAST	TRANSCRIPTIONAL ACTIVATOR SPT7	0.82
699	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	CA1E_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(XV) CHAIN PRECURSOR	1.1
700	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	4.00E-11	E434_ADECC	Q65962 canine adenovirus type 1 (strain cll). early e4 31 kd protein. 11/98	4.4
701	L17340	Drosophila melanogaster germline transcription factor gene, complete cds.	3.3	CISY_TETTH	CITRATE SYNTHASE, MITOCHONDRIAL PRECURSOR (EC 4.1.3.7) (14 NM FILAMENT-FORMING PROTEIN)	9.7
702	X58170	M.musculus mRNA for t-Complex Tcp-10a gene	2.00E-45	PME2_LYCES	PECTINESTERASE 2 PRECURSOR (EC 3.1.1.11) (PECTIN METHYLESTERASE) (PE 2)	7.4
703	Z96207	H.sapiens telomeric DNA sequence, clone 12PTEL049, read 12PTELOO049.se	8.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
		q				
704	X58430	Human Hox1.8 gene	e-146	HXAA_HUMAN	HOMEODOMAIN PROTEIN HOX-A10 (HOX-1H) (HOX-1.8) (PL)	4.00E-05
705	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-06	YN39_SYNP7	HYPOTHETICAL 9.2 KD PROTEIN IN CYST-CYSR INTERGENIC REGION (ORF 81)	0.89
706	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-11	MYSH_BOVIN	MYOSIN I HEAVY CHAIN-LIKE PROTEIN (MIHC) (BRUSH BORDER MYOSIN I) (BBMI)	0.001
707	M19961	Human cytochrome c oxidase subunit Vb (coxVb) mRNA, complete cds.	e-123	OTHU5B	<NONE>	3.00E-30
708	X68380	M.musculus gene for cathepsin D, exon 3	5.00E-04	42_MOUSE	ERYTHROCYTE MEMBRANE PROTEIN BAND 4.2 (P4.2) (PALLIDIN)	9.9
709	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-11	TCPA_DROME	T-COMPLEX PROTEIN 1, ALPHA SUBUNIT (TCP-1-ALPHA)	4.3
710	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
711	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	4.00E-12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
712	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.002	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
713	AB018323	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0780 protein, partial cds	3.00E-41	LBR_CHICK	LAMIN B RECEPTOR	3.4
714	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	6.00E-06	YM8L_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 71.1 KD PROTEIN IN DSK2-CAT8 INTERGENIC REGION	3.00E-08
715	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	4.00E-13	PSC_DROME	POSTERIOR SEX COMBS PROTEIN	0.6
716	L28101	Homo sapiens kallistatin (PI4) gene, exons 1-4, complete cds	7.00E-07	IRKX_RAT	INWARD RECTIFIER POTASSIUM CHANNEL BIR9 (KIR5.1)	5.4
717	AC001038	Homo sapiens (subclone 2_h2 from P1 H49) DNA sequence	8.00E-09	MGMT_YEAST	METHYLATED-DNA--PROTEIN-CYSTEINE METHYLTRANSFERASE	0.48
718	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-11	YWDE_BACSU	HYPOTHETICAL 19.9 KD PROTEIN IN SACA-UNG INTERGENIC REGION PRECURSOR	1.8
719	U01139	Mus musculus B6D2F1 clone 2C11B mRNA.	e-110	GSC_DROME	HOMEODOMAIN PROTEIN GOOSECOID	7.2
720	AB017430	Homo sapiens mRNA for kinesin-like DNA binding protein, complete cds	0	YBAV_ECOLI	HYPOTHETICAL 12.7 KD PROTEIN IN HUPB-COF INTERGENIC REGION	0.17
721	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	0.001	CPCF_SYNP2	PHYCOCYANOBILIN LYASE BETA SUBUNIT (EC 4.1.1.1)	2.4
722	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-10	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
723	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.04	YKK7_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 54.9 KD PROTEIN C02F5.7 IN CHROMOSOME III	0.057
724	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	8.00E-08	H5_CAIMO	HISTONE H5	0.39
725	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-09	DED1_YEAST	PUTATIVE ATP-DEPENDENT RNA HELICASE DED1	0.5
726	J04617	Human elongation factor EF-1-alpha gene, complete cds. > :: dbj E02629 E02629 DNA of human polypeptide chain elongation factor-1 alpha	5.00E-36	ALU7_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY SQ WARNING ENTRY !!!!	0.84
727	X54859	Porcine TNF-alpha and TNF-beta genes for tumour necrosis factors alpha and beta, respectively.	3.3	Z165_HUMAN	ZINC FINGER PROTEIN 165	5.6
728	D49911	Thermus thermophilus UvrA gene, complete cds	0.014	CC48_CAPAN	CELL DIVISION CYCLE PROTEIN 48 HOMOLOG	9.9
729	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	2.00E-06	CA25_HUMAN	PROCOLLAGEN ALPHA 2(V) CHAIN PRECURSOR	0.011
730	D15057	Human mRNA for DAD-1, complete cds	0	DAD1_HUMAN	DEFENDER AGAINST CELL DEATH 1 (DAD-1)	8.00E-16
731	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	6.00E-06	ANFD_RHOCA	NITROGENASE IRON-IRON PROTEIN ALPHA CHAIN (EC 1.18.6.1) (NITROGENASE COMPONENT I) (DINITROGENASE	9.6

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
)	
732	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	7.00E-07	EFTU_CHLVI	ELONGATION FACTOR TU (EFTU)	2.5
733	AB018335	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0792 protein, complete cds	0	TRYM_RAT	MAST CELL TRYPTASE PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.59)	5.6
734	X98743	H.sapiens mRNA for RNA helicase (Myc-regulated dead box protein)	0.04	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
735	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	2.00E-07	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
736	Z49314	S.cerevisiae chromosome X reading frame ORF YJL039c	3.2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
737	D12646	Mouse kif4 mRNA for microtubule-based motor protein KIF4, complete cds	0	KIF4_MOUSE	KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF4	2.00E-76
738	J04038	Human glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase	2.00E-47	SDC1_HUMAN	SYNDECAN-1 PRECURSOR (SYND1) (CD138)	3.5
739	AF010238	Homo sapiens von Hippel-Lindau tumor suppressor	1.00E-09	LIN1_HUMAN	LINE-1 REVERSE TRANSCRIPTASE HOMOLOG	0.001
740	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-06	YQJX_BACSU	HYPOTHETICAL 13.2 KD PROTEIN IN GLNQ-ANSR INTERGENIC REGION	9.9

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
741	L21186	Human lysyl oxidase-like protein mRNA, complete cds.	e-145	OXRTL	<NONE>	1.00E-34
742	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-05	CC48_SOYBN	CELL DIVISION CYCLE PROTEIN 48 HOMOLOG (VALOSIN CONTAINING PROTEIN HOMOLOG) (VCP)	7.6
743	AF009203	Homo sapiens YAC clone 377A1 unknown mRNA, 3'untranslated region	3.3	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
744	Z74894	S.cerevisiae chromosome XV reading frame ORF YOL152w	0.12	CD14_RABIT	Q28680 oryctolagus cuniculus (rabbit). monocyte differentiation antigen cd14 precursor. 11/98	1.9
745	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-10	KIN3_YEAST	SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE KIN3 (EC 2.7.1.-)	2.5
746	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-05	YA53_SCHPO	HYPOTHETICAL 24.2 KD PROTEIN C13A11.03 IN CHROMOSOME I	7.00E-17
747	S61044	ALDH3=aldehyde dehydrogenase isozyme 3 [human, stomach, mRNA Partial, 1362 nt]	0	DHAP_HUMAN	ALDEHYDE DEHYDROGENASE, DIMERIC NADP-PREFERRING (EC 1.2.1.5) (CLASS 3)	2.00E-71
748	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-08	CA1E_CHICK	COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(XIV) CHAIN PRECURSOR (UNDULIN)	0.36
749	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
750	L14815	Entamoeba histolytica HM-1:IMSS galactose-specific adhesin 170kD subunit (hgl3) gene, complete cds.	0.12	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
751	X63785	T.thermophila gene for snRNA U2-2	1.1	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
752	M83756	Mytilus edulis mitochondrial NADH dehydrogenase subunit 5 (ND5) gene, 3' end; NADH dehydrogenase subunit 6 (ND6) gene, complete cds; and cytochrome b (cyt b), 5' end.	0.042	DSC1_HUMAN	DESMOCOLLIN 1A/1B PRECURSOR (DESMOSOMAL GLYCOPROTEIN 2/3) (DG2 / DG3)	2.6
753	AB001066	Brown trout microsatellite DNA sequence	0.38	IMB3_HUMAN	IMPORTIN BETA-3 SUBUNIT (KARYOPHERIN BETA-3 SUBUNIT)	1.2
754	AF064787	Lotus japonicus rac GTPase activating protein 1 mRNA, complete cds	0.51	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
755	U20608	Dictyostelium discoideum unknown spore germination-specific protein-like protein, orf1, orf2 and orf3 genes, complete cds	0.043	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
756	M77812	Rabbit myosin heavy chain mRNA, complete cds.	1.2	RBL1_HUMAN	RETINOBLASTOM A-LIKE PROTEIN 1 (107 KD RETINOBLASTOM A-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN) (PRB1) (P107)	4.9

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
757	X63789	T.thermophila genes for snRNA U5-1, snRNA U5-2	0.058	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
758	D50646	Mouse mRNA for SDF2, complete cds	2.00E-27	PMT3_YEAST	DOLICHYL-PHOSPHATE-MANNOSE--PROTEIN MANNOSYLTRANSFERASE 3 (EC 2.4.1.109)	0.002
759	L81583	Homo sapiens (subclone 3_g2 from P1 H11) DNA sequence	3.00E-19	ALU5_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY SC WARNING ENTRY !!!!	0.86
760	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-06	SYFA_YEAST	PHENYLALANYL-TRNA SYNTHETASE ALPHA CHAIN CYTOPLASMIC	5.7
761	AF000370	Homo sapiens polymorphic CA dinucleotide repeat flanking region	6.00E-89	APP1_MOUSE	AMYLOID-LIKE PROTEIN 1 PRECURSOR (APLP)	5.7
762	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.002	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
763	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-06	PSF_HUMAN	PTB-ASSOCIATED SPLICING FACTOR (PSF)	0.72
764	AB018288	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0745 protein, partial cds	0	TC2A_CAEBR	TRANSPOSABLE ELEMENT TCB2 TRANSPOSASE	1.5
765	AF020282	Dictyostelium discoideum DG2033 gene, partial cds	0.38	PMT2_YEAST	DOLICHYL-PHOSPHATE-MANNOSE--PROTEIN MANNOSYLTRANSFERASE 2 (EC 2.4.1.109)	0.18

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
766	AF017357	Oryza sativa low molecular early light-inducible protein mRNA, complete cds	0.38	RGS3_HUMAN	REGULATOR OF G-PROTEIN SIGNALLING 3 (RGS3) (RGP3)	0.23
767	U67599	Methanococcus jannaschii section 141 of 150 of the complete genome	0.13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
768	X74178	B.taurus microsatellite DNA INRA153	0.13	FAG1_SYNY3	P73574 synechocystis sp. (strain pcc 6803). 3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier protein] reductase 1 (ec 1.1.1.100) (3-ketoacyl-acyl carrier protein reductase 1). 11/98	5.00E-16
769	AF041858	Mus musculus synaptojanin 2 isoform delta mRNA, partial cds	0.043	CA44_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 4(IV) CHAIN PRECURSOR	0.24
770	J01404	Drosophila melanogaster mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase subunits, ATPase6, 7 tRNAs (Trp, Cys, Tyr, Leu(UUR), Lys, Asp, Gly) genes, and unidentified reading frames A6l, 2 and 3.	0.021	NU1M_CITLA	NADH-UBIQUINONE OXIDOREDUCTASE CHAIN 1 (EC 1.6.5.3)	7.2
771	AL022317	Human DNA sequence from clone 140L1 on chromosome 22q13.1-13.31, complete sequence [Homo sapiens]	3.00E-41	ALU7_HUMAN	!!!! ALU SUBFAMILY SQ WARNING ENTRY !!!!	4.00E-08
772	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-09	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
773	AF095927	Rattus norvegicus protein phosphatase 2C mRNA, complete cds	0	P2C_PARTE	PROTEIN PHOSPHATASE 2C (EC 3.1.3.16) (PP2C)	1.00E-16
774	X87212	H.sapiens mRNA for cathepsin C	0	CATC_HUMAN	DIPEPTIDYL-PEPTIDASE I PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.14.1)	2.00E-46
775	X05283	Drosophila melanogaster PKCG7 gene exons 7-14 for protein kinase C	4.5	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
776	X03558	Human mRNA for elongation factor 1 alpha subunit	0	EF11_HUMAN	ELONGATION FACTOR 1-ALPHA 1 (EF-1-ALPHA-1)	1.00E-83
777	X06960	Aspergillus nidulans mitochondrial DNA for cytochrome oxidase subunit 3, tRNA-Tyr	0.23	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
778	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	3.00E-09	YMT8_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 36.4 KD PROTEIN IN NUP116-FAR3 INTERGENIC REGION	5.00E-07
779	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-07	NAT1_YEAST	N-TERMINAL ACETYLTRANSFERASE 1 (EC 2.3.1.88)	5.00E-23
780	U59706	Gallus gallus alternatively spliced AMPA glutamate receptor, isoform GluR2 flop, (GluR2) mRNA, partial cds.	0.014	PPOL_SARPE	POLY (ADP-RIBOSE) POLYMERASE (EC 2.4.2.30) (PARP)	0.021
781	U57391	Rattus norvegicus FceRI gamma-chain interacting protein SH2-B (SH2-B) mRNA, complete cds	1.00E-84	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
782	AB014591	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0691 protein, complete cds	7.00E-57	SSGP_VOLCA	SULFATED SURFACE GLYCOPROTEIN 185 (SSG 185)	5.3
783	AJ008065	Chrysolina bankii 16S rRNA gene, mitotype B2	0.043	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
784	AF067212	Caenorhabditis elegans cosmid F37F2	0.005	MEK1_RAT	MAPK/ERK KINASE KINASE 1 (EC 2.7.1.-) (MEK KINASE 1)	4.5
785	U95094	Xenopus laevis XL-INCENP (XL-INCENP) mRNA, complete cds	0.042	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
786	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	9.00E-09	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
787	Y13401	Homo sapiens CD3 delta gene, enhancer sequence	8.00E-08	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
788	AE001038	Archaeoglobus fulgidus section 69 of 172 of the complete genome	0.13	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
789	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	2.00E-06	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
790	AF041463	Manihot esculenta elongation factor 1-alpha	1.4	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
791	U95102	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 90 mRNA, complete cds	0.002	HXA3_HAEIN	HEME:HEMOPEXIN-BINDING PROTEIN PRECURSOR	2.7
792	Z12112	pWE15A cosmid vector DNA	3.00E-29	PKWA_THECU	PUTATIVE SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE PKWA (EC 2.7.1.-)	2.00E-04

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
793	U85193	Human nuclear factor I-B2 (NFIB2) mRNA, complete cds	4.00E-44	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
794	U89331	Human pseudoautosomal homeodomain-containing protein (PHOG) mRNA, complete cds	7.00E-06	NRL_HUMAN	NEURAL RETINA-SPECIFIC LEUCINE ZIPPER PROTEIN (NRL)	6.3
795	AF055666	Mus musculus kinesin light chain 2 (Klc2) mRNA, complete cds	0.52	PSPD_BOVIN	PULMONARY SURFACTANT-ASSOCIATED PROTEIN D PRECURSOR	0.33
796	L13321	Homo sapiens iduronate-2-sulfatase (IDS) gene, exon 1, incomplete 5' end.	0.14	YRP2_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 84.4 KD PROTEIN IN RPC2/RET1 3'REGION	0.27
797	AL010270	Plasmodium falciparum DNA *** SEQUENCING IN PROGRESS *** from contig 4-96, complete sequence	0.37	YTH3_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 75.5 KD PROTEIN C14A4.3 IN CHROMOSOME II	2
798	U95098	Xenopus laevis mitotic phosphoprotein 44 mRNA, partial cds	0.015	IMB3_HUMAN	IMPORTIN BETA-3 SUBUNIT (KARYOPHERIN BETA-3 SUBUNIT)	0.063
799	U70139	Mus musculus putative CCR4 protein mRNA, partial cds	0	CCR4_YEAST	GLUCOSE-REPRESSIBLE ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE TRANSCRIPTIONAL EFFECTOR (CARBON CATABOLITE REPRESSOR PROTEIN 4)	5.00E-11
800	L26507	Mouse myocyte nuclear factor (MNF) mRNA, complete cds.	3.00E-41	MNF_MOUSE	MYOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR (MNF)	4.00E-18

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
801	U20527	Mus musculus chemokine KC gene, 5' region.	0	GRO_MOUSE	GROWTH REGULATED PROTEIN PRECURSOR (PLATELET-DERIVED GROWTH FACTOR-INDUCIBLE PROTEIN KC) (SECRETORY PROTEIN N51)	1.00E-28
802	AF065482	Homo sapiens sorting nexin 2 (SNX2) mRNA, complete cds	0	MYSA_DROME	MYOSIN HEAVY CHAIN, MUSCLE	0.089
803	U05823	Mus musculus pericentrin mRNA, complete cds.	1.00E-94	M84D_DROME	MALE SPECIFIC SPERM PROTEIN MST84DD	0.099
804	U67468	Methanococcus jannaschii section 10 of 150 of the complete genome	0.4	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
805	U14178	Human type II IL-1 receptor gene, exon 1B	1.00E-19	AMPH_HUMAN	AMPHIPHYSIN	2.9
806	L40411	Homo sapiens thyroid receptor interactor	0	TRI8_HUMAN	THYROID RECEPTOR INTERACTING PROTEIN 8 (TRIP8)	4.00E-86
807	D17218	Human HepG2 3' region MboI cDNA, clone hmd3g02m3	e-136	CA1A_HUMAN	COLLAGEN ALPHA 1(X) CHAIN PRECURSOR	3.00E-04
808	Z57610	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 187a10, reverse read cpg187a10.rtl.a.	e-102	HN3B_MOUSE	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)	1.00E-24
809	D14678	Human mRNA for kinesin-related protein, partial cds	0	NCD_DROME	CLARET SEGREGATIONAL PROTEIN	1.00E-70

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
810	X56317	Xiphophorus maculatus Xmrk(proto-oncogene) gene for receptor tyrosine kinase.	0.49	WN1B_MOUSE	WNT-10B PROTEIN PRECURSOR (WNT-12)	7.2
811	M36200	Human synaptobrevin 1 (SYB1) gene, exon 5.	0.2	VE2_HPV14	REGULATORY PROTEIN E2	3.1
812	M18157	Human glandular kallikrein gene, complete cds.	1.5	EKLF_MOUSE	ERYTHROID KRUEPPEL-LIKE TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR (EKLF)	1.1
813	D25215	Human mRNA for KIAA0032 gene, complete cds	1.9	YXIS_SACER	HYPOTHETICAL 28.9 KD PROTEIN IN XIS 5'REGION (ORF1)	1.3
814	M96628	Human gene sequence, 5' end.	2.00E-06	AGRI_DISOM	AGRIN (FRAGMENT)	9.5
815	Z57610	H.sapiens CpG DNA, clone 187a10, reverse read cpg187a10.rt1a.	e-102	HN3B_MOUSE	HEPATOCYTE NUCLEAR FACTOR 3-BETA (HNF-3B)	1.00E-19
816	X14168	Human pLC46 with DNA replication origin	5.00E-16	ZN44_HUMAN	ZINC FINGER PROTEIN 44 (ZINC FINGER PROTEIN KOX7)	1.6
817	M19262	Rat clathrin light chain (LCB3) mRNA, complete cds.	0.28	LMA_DROME	LAMININ ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR	4.7
818	AF058055	Mus musculus monocarboxylate transporter 1	0.2	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
819	AB014570	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0670 protein, partial cds	0.16	YGR1_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 34.8 KD PROTEIN IN SUT1-RCK1 INTERGENIC REGION	4.00E-06
820	M19262	Rat clathrin light chain (LCB3) mRNA, complete cds.	0.27	LMA_DROME	LAMININ ALPHA CHAIN PRECURSOR	4.5

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
821	Z54367	H.sapiens gene for plectin	0.29	YO93_CAEEL	HYPOTHETICAL 58.5 KD PROTEIN T20B12.3 IN CHROMOSOME III	1.00E-14
822	AB017026	Mus musculus mRNA for oxysterol-binding protein, complete cds	0	OXYB_HUMAN	OXYSTEROL-BINDING PROTEIN	2.00E-49
823	X58170	M.musculus mRNA for t-Complex Tcp-10a gene	1.00E-20	UL52_HSV11	DNA HELICASE/PRIMASE COMPLEX PROTEIN (DNA REPLICATION PROTEIN UL52)	5.3
824	X58430	Human Hox1.8 gene	0	HXAA_HUMAN	HOMEBOX PROTEIN HOX-A10 (HOX-1H) (HOX-1.8) (PL)	1.00E-44
825	X53754	Porcine sarcoplasmic/endoplasmic-reticulum Ca(2+) pump gene 2 3'-end region	1.3	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
826	AB005786	Arabidopsis thaliana tRNA-Glu gene	0.46	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
827	AB012130	Homo sapiens SBC2 mRNA for sodium bicarbonate cotransporter2, complete cds	1.9	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
828	AB017430	Homo sapiens mRNA for kinesin-like DNA binding protein, complete cds	0	YBAV_ECOLI	HYPOTHETICAL 12.7 KD PROTEIN IN HUPB-COF INTERGENIC REGION	0.063
829	AB007886	Homo sapiens KIAA0426 mRNA, complete cds	0.042	YDF3_SCHPO	PROBABLE EUKARYOTIC INITIATION FACTOR C17C9.03	0.52
830	AB018335	Homo sapiens mRNA for KIAA0792 protein, complete cds	e-172	UROT_BOVIN	TISSUE PLASMINOGEN ACTIVATOR PRECURSOR (EC 3.4.21.68)	0.86

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
831	D12646	Mouse kif4 mRNA for microtubule-based motor protein KIF4, complete cds	0	KIF4_MOUSE	KINESIN-LIKE PROTEIN KIF4	9.00E-96
832	U38376	Rattus norvegicus cytosolic phospholipase A2 mRNA, complete cds	0.048	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
833	L40411	Homo sapiens thyroid receptor interactor	0	TRI8_HUMAN	THYROID RECEPTOR INTERACTING PROTEIN 8 (TRIP8)	4.00E-86
834	U08110	Mus musculus RNA1 homolog (Fug1) mRNA, complete cds.	8.00E-04	YNW7_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 68.8 KD PROTEIN IN URE2-SSU72 INTERGENIC REGION	0.02
835	D50646	Mouse mRNA for SDF2, complete cds	1.00E-40	YB64_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 57.2 KD PROTEIN IN MET8-HPC2 INTERGENIC REGION	4.9
836	D50646	Mouse mRNA for SDF2, complete cds	1.00E-40	YB64_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 57.2 KD PROTEIN IN MET8-HPC2 INTERGENIC REGION	4.9
837	U67459	Methanococcus jannaschii section 1 of 150 of the complete genome	5.00E-05	GCS1_HUMAN	MANNOSYL-OLIGOSACCHARIDE GLUCOSIDASE (EC 3.2.1.106)	9.2
838	U18657	Haemophilus influenzae LeuA (leuA) gene, partial cds, DprA (dprA+), orf272 and orf193 genes, complete cds, and PfkA (pfkA) gene, partial cds.	0.01	STE6_YEAST	MATING FACTOR A SECRETION PROTEIN STE6 (MULTIPLE DRUG RESISTANCE PROTEIN HOMOLOG) (P-GLYCOPROTEIN)	7

Table 2

SEQ ID	Nearest Neighbor (BlastN vs. Genbank)			Nearest Neighbor (BlastX vs. Non-Redundant Proteins)		
	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE	ACCESSION	DESCRIPTION	P VALUE
839	U12523	Rattus norvegicus ultraviolet B radiation-activated UV98 mRNA, partial sequence.	1.00E-10	YMT8_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 36.4 KD PROTEIN IN NUP116-FAR3 INTERGENIC REGION	2.00E-06
840	D78255	Mouse mRNA for PAP-1, complete cds	e-175	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
841	D17263	Human HepG2 3' region Mbol cDNA, clone hmd5f07m3	1.00E-58	<NONE>	<NONE>	<NONE>
842	AF006751	Homo sapiens ES/130 mRNA, complete cds	0.061	YRP2_YEAST	HYPOTHETICAL 84.4 KD PROTEIN IN RPC2/RET1 3'REGION	2.00E-07
843	U67459	Methanococcus jannaschii section 1 of 150 of the complete genome	6.00E-05	YC14_METJA	HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN MJ1214	8.1
844	D88689	Mus musculus mRNA for flt-1, complete cds	0.084	ICP0_HSV2H	TRANS-ACTING TRANSCRIPTIONAL PROTEIN ICP0 (VMW118 PROTEIN)	0.014

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001340B:A06	17062	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001340D:F10	11589	2	2	1	3	3	8
M00001341A:E12	4443	10	6	2	6	3	11
M00001342B:E06	39805	2	0	0	0	1	0
M00001343C:F10	2790	7	15	13	14	6	0
M00001343D:H07	23255	3	0	1	1	0	0
M00001345A:E01	6420	8	0	2	0	1	0
M00001346A:F09	5007	4	8	3	6	2	6
M00001346D:E03	6806	5	2	1	2	0	3
M00001346D:G06	5779	5	4	3	4	0	0
M00001346D:G06	5779	5	4	3	4	0	0
M00001347A:B10	13576	5	0	0	0	12	11
M00001348B:B04	16927	4	0	0	2	0	0
M00001348B:G06	16985	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001349B:B08	3584	5	11	5	0	0	2
M00001350A:H01	7187	5	3	1	0	1	0
M00001351B:A08	3162	10	14	1	6	6	5
M00001351B:A08	3162	10	14	1	6	6	5
M00001352A:E02	16245	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001353A:G12	8078	4	3	1	0	1	0
M00001353D:D10	14929	4	0	0	1	23	16
M00001355B:G10	14391	3	1	0	0	0	0
M00001357D:D11	4059	8	6	8	16	0	1
M00001361A:A05	4141	5	2	10	16	4	27
M00001361D:F08	2379	26	13	4	2	2	3
M00001362B:D10	5622	7	4	2	13	1	2
M00001362C:H11	945	9	21	2	1	0	0
M00001365C:C10	40132	2	0	0	0	3	0
M00001370A:C09	6867	7	3	0	0	0	0
M00001371C:E09	7172	3	5	1	2	0	1
M00001376B:G06	17732	1	3	5	0	1	4
M00001378B:B02	39833	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001379A:A05	1334	27	38	35	28	3	0
M00001380D:B09	39886	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001382C:A02	22979	2	1	0	0	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001386C:B12	5178	5	5	4	2	5	2
M00001387A:C05	2464	5	19	25	16	1	0
M00001387B:G03	7587	6	2	1	0	0	0
M00001388D:G05	5832	10	3	0	1	5	0
M00001389A:C08	16269	3	0	0	0	1	1
M00001394A:F01	6583	2	7	3	2	0	0
M00001395A:C03	4016	5	14	0	6	0	0
M00001396A:C03	4009	6	4	13	5	4	10
M00001402A:E08	39563	2	0	0	0	0	0

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001407B:D11	5556	8	1	5	0	2	0
M00001409C:D12	9577	5	2	0	1	11	12
M00001410A:D07	7005	8	2	0	0	0	0
M00001412B:B10	8551	4	4	0	3	0	0
M00001415A:H06	13538	5	0	0	0	9	1
M00001416A:H01	7674	5	2	0	5	0	0
M00001416B:H11	8847	4	1	3	0	6	1
M00001417A:E02	36393	2	0	0	1	0	0
M00001418B:F03	9952	4	2	1	1	0	0
M00001418D:B06	8526	3	2	1	5	1	0
M00001421C:F01	9577	5	2	0	1	11	12
M00001423B:E07	15066	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001424B:G09	10470	5	1	0	2	0	1
M00001425B:H08	22195	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001426D:C08	4261	4	9	7	9	12	15
M00001428A:H10	84182	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001429A:H04	2797	15	11	18	16	1	14
M00001429B:A11	4635	7	9	2	0	0	0
M00001429D:D07	40392	2	0	1	8	12	16
M00001439C:F08	40054	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001442C:D07	16731	3	1	0	0	0	0
M00001445A:F05	13532	3	2	1	0	1	2
M00001446A:F05	7801	5	2	4	6	1	0
M00001447A:G03	10717	7	2	0	5	8	0
M00001448D:C09	8	1850	2127	1703	3133	1355	122
M00001448D:H01	36313	2	0	0	0	1	30
M00001449A:A12	5857	6	2	3	4	0	0
M00001449A:B12	41633	1	1	0	0	0	0
M00001449A:D12	3681	12	5	10	1	2	5
M00001449A:G10	36535	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001449C:D06	86110	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:A02	39304	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:A11	32663	1	1	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:B12	82498	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:D08	27250	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:B04	84328	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:B12	86859	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:D08	1120	44	41	5	11	5	0
M00001452A:F05	85064	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452C:B06	16970	4	0	0	0	3	4
M00001453A:E11	16130	3	1	0	0	0	1
M00001453C:F06	16653	3	1	0	0	0	0
M00001454A:A09	83103	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001454B:C12	7005	8	2	0	0	0	0
M00001454D:G03	689	58	95	17	36	66	95
M00001455A:E09	13238	4	1	0	0	0	0
M00001455B:E12	13072	4	1	0	0	0	0
M00001455D:F09	9283	4	1	0	1	0	1

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001455D:F09	9283	4	1	0	1	0	1
M00001460A:F06	2448	23	22	2	3	3	1
M00001460A:F12	39498	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001461A:D06	1531	20	23	32	17	14	14
M00001463C:B11	19	1415	1203	1364	525	479	774
M00001465A:B11	10145	2	0	2	0	0	0
M00001466A:E07	4275	11	2	5	0	4	2
M00001467A:B07	38759	2	0	0	0	1	1
M00001467A:D04	39508	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:E10	39442	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001468A:F05	7589	6	2	1	1	1	0
M00001469A:C10	12081	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001469A:H12	19105	2	0	2	0	1	0
M00001470A:B10	1037	53	48	4	22	0	0
M00001470A:C04	39425	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001471A:B01	39478	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001481D:A05	7985	3	1	4	0	1	0
M00001490B:C04	18699	2	1	0	0	0	3
M00001494D:F06	7206	4	3	3	1	2	0
M00001497A:G02	2623	12	4	31	4	6	1
M00001499B:A11	10539	2	1	1	0	1	0
M00001500A:C05	5336	9	2	4	8	3	15
M00001500A:E11	2623	12	4	31	4	6	1
M00001500C:E04	9443	4	2	1	1	0	0
M00001501D:C02	9685	3	2	0	7	2	3
M00001504C:A07	10185	5	1	0	0	2	4
M00001504C:H06	6974	7	3	0	1	0	0
M00001504D:G06	6420	8	0	2	0	1	0
M00001507A:H05	39168	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001511A:H06	39412	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001512A:A09	39186	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001512D:G09	3956	9	9	5	2	0	0
M00001513A:B06	4568	10	4	0	9	2	0
M00001513C:E08	14364	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001514C:D11	40044	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001517A:B07	4313	13	6	1	0	1	0
M00001518C:B11	8952	3	4	0	4	2	0
M00001528A:C04	7337	4	4	3	16	12	21
M00001528A:F09	18957	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001528B:H04	8358	3	3	2	0	0	0
M00001531A:D01	38085	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001532B:A06	3990	6	12	4	1	3	1
M00001533A:C11	2428	14	14	13	9	2	19
M00001534A:C04	16921	4	0	0	1	2	1
M00001534A:D09	5097	6	5	1	1	3	2
M00001534A:F09	5321	11	7	1	5	10	26

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001534C:A01	4119	9	4	2	2	5	3
M00001535A:B01	7665	3	1	5	0	0	0
M00001535A:C06	20212	2	0	1	1	0	0
M00001535A:F10	39423	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001536A:B07	2696	23	11	9	18	10	21
M00001536A:C08	39392	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001537A:F12	39420	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001537B:G07	3389	4	11	13	2	0	0
M00001540A:D06	8286	6	1	0	3	4	0
M00001541A:D02	3765	19	6	0	0	0	0
M00001541A:F07	22085	3	0	0	0	0	1
M00001541A:H03	39174	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001542A:A09	22113	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001542A:E06	39453	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001544A:E03	12170	2	1	2	0	0	0
M00001544A:G02	19829	2	0	1	0	0	0
M00001544B:B07	6974	7	3	0	1	0	0
M00001545A:C03	19255	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001545A:D08	13864	3	0	2	1	2	4
M00001546A:G11	1267	43	55	5	0	0	0
M00001548A:E10	5892	5	1	4	4	1	3
M00001548A:H09	1058	40	44	37	47	39	59
M00001549A:B02	4015	10	5	8	15	2	0
M00001549A:D08	10944	3	0	3	1	0	7
M00001549B:F06	4193	12	7	2	2	0	1
M00001549C:E06	16347	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001550A:A03	7239	5	2	1	0	2	0
M00001550A:G01	5175	8	1	3	2	0	0
M00001551A:B10	6268	6	4	3	18	5	0
M00001551A:F05	39180	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001551A:G06	22390	2	1	0	0	0	1
M00001551C:G09	3266	12	14	0	1	0	6
M00001552A:B12	307	73	60	196	75	79	27
M00001552A:D11	39458	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001552B:D04	5708	5	4	4	3	1	4
M00001553A:H06	8298	4	3	1	3	0	0
M00001553B:F12	4573	5	7	2	5	0	1
M00001553D:D10	22814	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001555A:B02	39539	2	0	0	0	1	0
M00001555A:C01	39195	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001555D:G10	4561	8	4	4	8	0	0
M00001556A:C09	9244	2	0	3	2	10	17
M00001556A:F11	1577	12	40	25	3	4	0
M00001556A:H01	15855	2	1	1	2	12	213
M00001556B:C08	4386	7	8	3	1	3	21
M00001556B:G02	11294	4	0	2	0	0	1
M00001557A:D02	7065	5	3	2	1	0	0
M00001557A:D02	7065	5	3	2	1	0	0

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001557A:F01	9635	3	0	2	1	0	0
M00001557A:F03	39490	2	0	0	0	1	0
M00001557B:H10	5192	8	5	0	5	0	0
M00001557D:D09	8761	3	4	0	1	0	1
M00001558B:H11	7514	5	3	0	0	0	0
M00001560D:F10	6558	4	3	4	0	0	5
M00001561A:C05	39486	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001563B:F06	102	289	233	278	116	123	184
M00001564A:B12	5053	11	4	2	2	1	1
M00001571C:H06	5749	4	1	9	0	0	0
M00001578B:E04	23001	2	1	0	2	0	0
M00001579D:C03	6539	8	3	0	0	0	1
M00001583D:A10	6293	3	5	2	6	0	0
M00001586C:C05	4623	3	4	12	2	1	1
M00001587A:B11	39380	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001594B:H04	260	189	188	27	2	15	0
M00001597C:H02	4837	6	2	10	0	3	1
M00001597D:C05	10470	5	1	0	2	0	1
M00001598A:G03	16999	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001601A:D08	22794	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001604A:B10	1399	49	27	19	7	10	23
M00001604A:F05	39391	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001607A:E11	11465	5	0	0	0	0	0
M00001608A:B03	7802	5	4	0	1	0	0
M00001608B:E03	22155	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001614C:F10	13157	4	1	0	3	1	0
M00001617C:E02	17004	4	0	1	0	1	0
M00001619C:F12	40314	2	0	0	0	1	0
M00001621C:C08	40044	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001623D:F10	13913	2	1	2	0	0	1
M00001624A:B06	3277	10	11	8	3	5	1
M00001624C:F01	4309	4	13	3	10	0	0
M00001630B:H09	5214	10	2	2	2	4	3
M00001644C:B07	39171	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001645A:C12	19267	2	0	0	0	0	1
M00001648C:A01	4665	5	9	0	0	0	0
M00001657D:C03	23201	3	0	0	0	3	0
M00001657D:F08	76760	1	0	2	2	0	5
M00001662C:A09	23218	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001663A:E04	35702	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00001669B:F02	6468	4	3	3	8	1	0
M00001670C:H02	14367	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00001673C:H02	7015	6	3	1	2	1	1
M00001675A:C09	8773	4	1	4	4	4	6
M00001676B:F05	11460	4	2	0	0	0	0
M00001677C:E10	14627	1	2	1	0	1	0
M00001677D:A07	7570	5	3	0	0	0	0
M00001678D:F12	4416	9	5	2	6	1	3

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00001679A:A06	6660	7	0	4	2	1	0
M00001679A:F10	26875	1	0	0	0	1	0
M00001679B:F01	6298	2	4	5	3	1	0
M00001679C:F01	78091	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679D:D03	10751	3	2	0	1	0	1
M00001679D:D03	10751	3	2	0	1	0	1
M00001680D:F08	10539	2	1	1	0	1	0
M00001682C:B12	17055	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00001686A:E06	4622	7	6	4	2	3	0
M00001688C:F09	5382	6	2	6	2	0	3
M00001693C:G01	4393	10	6	2	4	1	1
M00001716D:H05	67252	1	0	0	1	0	0
M00003741D:C09	40108	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00003747D:C05	11476	6	0	0	0	0	0
M00003759B:B09	697	76	52	30	72	21	30
M00003762C:B08	17076	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00003763A:F06	3108	14	11	7	5	0	1
M00003774C:A03	67907	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00003796C:D05	5619	3	5	3	3	0	4
M00003826B:A06	11350	3	3	0	0	1	0
M00003833A:E05	21877	2	1	0	0	0	1
M00003837D:A01	7899	5	4	0	2	1	0
M00003839A:D08	7798	5	2	2	0	0	1
M00003844C:B11	6539	8	3	0	0	0	1
M00003846B:D06	6874	6	3	0	0	0	0
M00003851B:D10	13595	4	0	1	0	0	1
M00003853A:D04	5619	3	5	3	3	0	4
M00003853A:F12	10515	5	1	0	1	1	2
M00003856B:C02	4622	7	6	4	2	3	0
M00003857A:G10	3389	4	11	13	2	0	0
M00003857A:H03	4718	4	5	5	2	4	6
M00003871C:E02	4573	5	7	2	5	0	1
M00003875B:F04	12977	5	0	0	0	0	0
M00003875B:F04	12977	5	0	0	0	0	0
M00003875C:G07	8479	4	3	1	1	2	4
M00003876D:E12	7798	5	2	2	0	0	1
M00003879B:C11	5345	7	1	7	4	6	27
M00003879B:D10	31587	1	1	0	0	1	0
M00003879D:A02	14507	3	1	0	0	3	1
M00003885C:A02	13576	5	0	0	0	12	11
M00003885C:A02	13576	5	0	0	0	12	11
M00003906C:E10	9285	4	3	0	0	1	2
M00003907D:A09	39809	1	0	0	0	2	1
M00003907D:H04	16317	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00003909D:C03	8672	4	4	0	0	0	0
M00003912B:D01	12532	4	1	0	1	0	1
M00003914C:F05	3900	9	6	8	1	7	13
M00003922A:E06	23255	3	0	1	1	0	0

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00003958A:H02	18957	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958A:H02	18957	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00003968B:F06	24488	2	0	1	4	0	0
M00003970C:B09	40122	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00003974D:E07	23210	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00003974D:H02	23358	3	0	0	0	1	0
M00003975A:G11	12439	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00003978B:G05	5693	7	4	1	3	1	1
M00003981A:E10	3430	9	10	7	3	0	0
M00003982C:C02	2433	10	13	21	18	8	8
M00003983A:A05	9105	5	1	1	1	0	0
M00004028D:A06	6124	4	8	1	9	1	0
M00004028D:C05	40073	2	0	1	0	0	1
M00004031A:A12	9061	5	2	0	0	0	0
M00004031A:A12	9061	5	2	0	0	0	0
M00004035C:A07	37285	2	0	0	1	0	1
M00004035D:B06	17036	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00004059A:D06	5417	10	4	0	9	2	0
M00004068B:A01	3706	7	14	4	22	1	0
M00004072B:B05	17036	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00004081C:D10	15069	3	0	0	1	0	0
M00004081C:D12	14391	3	1	0	0	0	0
M00004086D:G06	9285	4	3	0	0	1	2
M00004087D:A01	6880	2	6	1	1	0	0
M00004093D:B12	5325	5	5	2	0	2	1
M00004093D:B12	5325	5	5	2	0	2	1
M00004105C:A04	7221	5	2	2	2	0	0
M00004108A:E06	4937	4	9	3	1	3	1
M00004111D:A08	6874	6	3	0	0	0	0
M00004114C:F11	13183	2	3	0	7	0	1
M00004138B:H02	13272	3	2	0	3	0	0
M00004146C:C11	5257	2	8	5	5	5	25
M00004151D:B08	16977	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00004157C:A09	6455	3	1	6	0	0	0
M00004169C:C12	5319	6	2	8	2	2	3
M00004171D:B03	4908	6	7	2	2	2	0
M00004172C:D08	11494	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00004183C:D07	16392	3	0	0	0	0	0
M00004185C:C03	11443	5	1	0	0	0	0
M00004197D:H01	8210	2	6	0	0	0	0
M00004203B:C12	14311	4	0	0	0	1	2
M00004212B:C07	2379	26	13	4	2	2	3
M00004214C:H05	11451	3	2	1	2	1	1
M00004223A:G10	16918	4	0	0	0	0	0
M00004223B:D09	7899	5	4	0	2	1	0
M00004223D:E04	12971	4	0	0	0	1	0

Table 5 All Differential Data for Libs 1-4 and 8-9

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib1	Clones in Lib2	Clones in Lib3	Clones in Lib4	Clones in Lib8	Clones in Lib9
M00004229B:F08	6455	3	1	6	0	0	0
M00004230B:C07	7212	3	5	2	1	3	0
M00004269D:D06	4905	7	6	3	1	3	1
M00004275C:C11	16914	3	0	0	1	0	0
M00004283B:A04	14286	3	1	0	1	1	1
M00004285B:E08	56020	1	0	0	0	0	0
M00004295D:F12	16921	4	0	0	1	2	1
M00004296C:H07	13046	4	1	0	1	0	0
M00004307C:A06	9457	2	0	5	0	3	0
M00004312A:G03	26295	2	0	0	0	0	0
M00004318C:D10	21847	2	1	0	0	0	0
M00004372A:A03	2030	13	10	32	4	0	0
M00004377C:F05	2102	12	20	23	21	6	5

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001340B:A06	17062	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001340D:F10	11589	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001341A:E12	4443	0	0	0	1	0	0
M00001342B:E06	39805	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001343C:F10	2790	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001343D:H07	23255	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001345A:E01	6420	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001346A:F09	5007	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001346D:E03	6806	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001346D:G06	5779	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001346D:G06	5779	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001347A:B10	13576	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001348B:B04	16927	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001348B:G06	16985	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001349B:B08	3584	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001350A:H01	7187	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001351B:A08	3162	0	1	0	0	1	0
M00001351B:A08	3162	0	1	0	0	1	0
M00001352A:E02	16245	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001353A:G12	8078	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001353D:D10	14929	0	3	1	0	5	0
M00001355B:G10	14391	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001357D:D11	4059	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001361A:A05	4141	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001361D:F08	2379	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001362B:D10	5622	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001362C:H11	945	0	0	0	0	0	1
M00001365C:C10	40132	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001370A:C09	6867	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001371C:E09	7172	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001376B:G06	17732	0	0	0	0	0	1
M00001378B:B02	39833	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001379A:A05	1334	0	0	0	0	0	1
M00001380D:B09	39886	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001382C:A02	22979	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001386C:B12	5178	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001387A:C05	2464	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001387B:G03	7587	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001388D:G05	5832	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001389A:C08	16269	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00001394A:F01	6583	1	4	1	0	0	0
M00001395A:C03	4016	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001396A:C03	4009	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001402A:E08	39563	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001407B:D11	5556	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001409C:D12	9577	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001410A:D07	7005	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001412B:B10	8551	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001415A:H06	13538	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001416A:H01	7674	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001416B:H11	8847	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001417A:E02	36393	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001418B:F03	9952	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001418D:B06	8526	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001421C:F01	9577	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001423B:E07	15066	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001424B:G09	10470	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001425B:H08	22195	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001426D:C08	4261	0	0	1	0	0	1
M00001428A:H10	84182	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001429A:H04	2797	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001429B:A11	4635	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001429D:D07	40392	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001439C:F08	40054	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001442C:D07	16731	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001445A:F05	13532	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001446A:F05	7801	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001447A:G03	10717	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001448D:C09	8	1	6	6	1	14	1
M00001448D:H01	36313	0	3	0	0	3	0
M00001449A:A12	5857	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001449A:B12	41633	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001449A:D12	3681	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001449A:G10	36535	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001449C:D06	86110	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:A02	39304	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:A11	32663	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:B12	82498	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001450A:D08	27250	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:B04	84328	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:B12	86859	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:D08	1120	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452A:F05	85064	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001452C:B06	16970	0	0	2	0	1	0
M00001453A:E11	16130	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001453C:F06	16653	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001454A:A09	83103	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001454B:C12	7005	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001454D:G03	689	0	2	2	0	4	2
M00001455A:E09	13238	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001455B:E12	13072	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001455D:F09	9283	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001455D:F09	9283	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001460A:F06	2448	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001460A:F12	39498	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001461A:D06	1531	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001463C:B11	19	2	13	13	0	69	10
M00001465A:B11	10145	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001466A:E07	4275	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:B07	38759	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:D04	39508	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001467A:E10	39442	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001468A:F05	7589	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001469A:C10	12081	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001469A:H12	19105	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001470A:B10	1037	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001470A:C04	39425	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001471A:B01	39478	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001481D:A05	7985	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001490B:C04	18699	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001494D:F06	7206	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001497A:G02	2623	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001499B:A11	10539	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001500A:C05	5336	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001500A:E11	2623	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001500C:E04	9443	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001501D:C02	9685	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001504C:A07	10185	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001504C:H06	6974	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001504D:G06	6420	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001507A:H05	39168	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001511A:H06	39412	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001512A:A09	39186	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001512D:G09	3956	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00001513A:B06	4568	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001513C:E08	14364	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001514C:D11	40044	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00001517A:B07	4313	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001518C:B11	8952	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001528A:C04	7337	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001528A:F09	18957	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001528B:H04	8358	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001531A:D01	38085	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001532B:A06	3990	1	1	0	0	0	0
M00001533A:C11	2428	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00001534A:C04	16921	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001534A:D09	5097	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001534A:F09	5321	0	1	0	0	2	0
M00001534C:A01	4119	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001535A:B01	7665	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001535A:C06	20212	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001535A:F10	39423	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001536A:B07	2696	0	0	0	0	3	0
M00001536A:C08	39392	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001537A:F12	39420	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001537B:G07	3389	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001540A:D06	8286	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001541A:D02	3765	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001541A:F07	22085	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001541A:H03	39174	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001542A:A09	22113	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001542A:E06	39453	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001544A:E03	12170	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001544A:G02	19829	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001544B:B07	6974	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001545A:C03	19255	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001545A:D08	13864	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001546A:G11	1267	1	0	0	0	7	0
M00001548A:E10	5892	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001548A:H09	1058	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00001549A:B02	4015	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001549A:D08	10944	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001549B:F06	4193	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001549C:E06	16347	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001550A:A03	7239	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001550A:G01	5175	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001551A:B10	6268	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001551A:F05	39180	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001551A:G06	22390	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001551C:G09	3266	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00001552A:B12	307	0	0	0	0	3	0
M00001552A:D11	39458	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001552B:D04	5708	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00001553A:H06	8298	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001553B:F12	4573	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001553D:D10	22814	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001555A:B02	39539	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001555A:C01	39195	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001555D:G10	4561	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001556A:C09	9244	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001556A:F11	1577	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001556A:H01	15855	3	5	5	0	3	1
M00001556B:C08	4386	1	2	0	0	0	0
M00001556B:G02	11294	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557A:D02	7065	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557A:D02	7065	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557A:F01	9635	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557A:F03	39490	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557B:H10	5192	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001557D:D09	8761	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001558B:H11	7514	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001560D:F10	6558	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001561A:C05	39486	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001563B:F06	102	22	38	65	7	43	10
M00001564A:B12	5053	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00001571C:H06	5749	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001578B:E04	23001	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001579D:C03	6539	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001583D:A10	6293	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001586C:C05	4623	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00001587A:B11	39380	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001594B:H04	260	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00001597C:H02	4837	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001597D:C05	10470	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001598A:G03	16999	1	1	1	0	0	0
M00001601A:D08	22794	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001604A:B10	1399	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001604A:F05	39391	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001607A:E11	11465	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001608A:B03	7802	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001608B:E03	22155	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001614C:F10	13157	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001617C:E02	17004	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00001619C:F12	40314	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001621C:C08	40044	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00001623D:F10	13913	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001624A:B06	3277	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001624C:F01	4309	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001630B:H09	5214	1	0	0	1	1	0
M00001644C:B07	39171	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001645A:C12	19267	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00001648C:A01	4665	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001657D:C03	23201	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001657D:F08	76760	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001662C:A09	23218	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001663A:E04	35702	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001669B:F02	6468	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001670C:H02	14367	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001673C:H02	7015	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001675A:C09	8773	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001676B:F05	11460	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001677C:E10	14627	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00001677D:A07	7570	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001678D:F12	4416	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679A:A06	6660	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679A:F10	26875	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679B:F01	6298	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679C:F01	78091	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679D:D03	10751	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001679D:D03	10751	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00001680D:F08	10539	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001682C:B12	17055	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001686A:E06	4622	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001688C:F09	5382	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001693C:G01	4393	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00001716D:H05	67252	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003741D:C09	40108	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003747D:C05	11476	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003759B:B09	697	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00003762C:B08	17076	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003763A:F06	3108	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003774C:A03	67907	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003796C:D05	5619	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003826B:A06	11350	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003833A:E05	21877	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003837D:A01	7899	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003839A:D08	7798	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003844C:B11	6539	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003846B:D06	6874	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00003851B:D10	13595	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003853A:D04	5619	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003853A:F12	10515	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003856B:C02	4622	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003857A:G10	3389	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003857A:H03	4718	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003871C:E02	4573	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003875B:F04	12977	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003875B:F04	12977	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003875C:G07	8479	0	0	0	0	0	1
M00003876D:E12	7798	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003879B:C11	5345	0	0	0	2	0	1
M00003879B:D10	31587	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003879D:A02	14507	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003885C:A02	13576	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003885C:A02	13576	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003906C:E10	9285	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003907D:A09	39809	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003907D:H04	16317	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003909D:C03	8672	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003912B:D01	12532	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003914C:F05	3900	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00003922A:E06	23255	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958A:H02	18957	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958A:H02	18957	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003968B:F06	24488	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003970C:B09	40122	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003974D:E07	23210	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00003974D:H02	23358	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003975A:G11	12439	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003978B:G05	5693	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003981A:E10	3430	0	0	0	0	1	0
M00003982C:C02	2433	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00003983A:A05	9105	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004028D:A06	6124	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004028D:C05	40073	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004031A:A12	9061	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004031A:A12	9061	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004035C:A07	37285	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004035D:B06	17036	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004059A:D06	5417	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004068B:A01	3706	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004072B:B05	17036	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004081C:D10	15069	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004081C:D12	14391	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004086D:G06	9285	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004087D:A01	6880	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004093D:B12	5325	1	1	0	1	0	1
M00004093D:B12	5325	1	1	0	1	0	1
M00004105C:A04	7221	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004108A:E06	4937	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004111D:A08	6874	0	0	1	0	0	0
M00004114C:F11	13183	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004138B:H02	13272	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004146C:C11	5257	0	1	0	0	0	0
M00004151D:B08	16977	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004157C:A09	6455	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004169C:C12	5319	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004171D:B03	4908	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004172C:D08	11494	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004183C:D07	16392	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004185C:C03	11443	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004197D:H01	8210	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004203B:C12	14311	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004212B:C07	2379	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004214C:H05	11451	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004223A:G10	16918	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004223B:D09	7899	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004223D:E04	12971	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004229B:F08	6455	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004230B:C07	7212	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004269D:D06	4905	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004275C:C11	16914	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004283B:A04	14286	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004285B:E08	56020	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004295D:F12	16921	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004296C:H07	13046	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 6 All Differential Data for Libs 15-20

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib15	Clones in Lib16b	Clones in Lib17	Clones in Lib18	Clones in Lib19	Clones in Lib20
M00004307C:A06	9457	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004312A:G03	26295	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004318C:D10	21847	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004372A:A03	2030	0	0	0	0	0	0
M00004377C:F05	2102	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001340B:A06	17062	0	0	0
M00001340D:F10	11589	0	0	0
M00001341A:E12	4443	4	2	0
M00001342B:E06	39805	0	0	0
M00001343C:F10	2790	0	0	0
M00001343D:H07	23255	0	0	0
M00001345A:E01	6420	0	0	0
M00001346A:F09	5007	0	0	0
M00001346D:E03	6806	0	1	1
M00001346D:G06	5779	0	0	0
M00001346D:G06	5779	0	0	0
M00001347A:B10	13576	0	0	0
M00001348B:B04	16927	0	0	0
M00001348B:G06	16985	0	0	0
M00001349B:B08	3584	0	0	0
M00001350A:H01	7187	0	0	0
M00001351B:A08	3162	0	0	1
M00001351B:A08	3162	0	0	1
M00001352A:E02	16245	0	0	0
M00001353A:G12	8078	0	0	0
M00001353D:D10	14929	0	1	0
M00001355B:G10	14391	0	0	0
M00001357D:D11	4059	0	0	0
M00001361A:A05	4141	1	2	1
M00001361D:F08	2379	0	0	0
M00001362B:D10	5622	0	2	1
M00001362C:H11	945	0	0	0
M00001365C:C10	40132	0	0	0
M00001370A:C09	6867	0	0	0
M00001371C:E09	7172	0	0	1
M00001376B:G06	17732	2	0	0
M00001378B:B02	39833	0	0	0
M00001379A:A05	1334	0	0	0
M00001380D:B09	39886	0	0	0
M00001382C:A02	22979	1	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	0	0	0
M00001383A:C03	39648	0	0	0
M00001386C:B12	5178	0	0	0
M00001387A:C05	2464	0	0	0
M00001387B:G03	7587	0	0	0
M00001388D:G05	5832	0	0	0
M00001389A:C08	16269	2	0	0
M00001394A:F01	6583	0	0	0
M00001395A:C03	4016	0	0	0
M00001396A:C03	4009	2	0	0
M00001402A:E08	39563	0	0	0
M00001407B:D11	5556	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001409C:D12	9577	0	0	0
M00001410A:D07	7005	0	0	0
M00001412B:B10	8551	0	0	0
M00001415A:H06	13538	0	0	0
M00001416A:H01	7674	0	0	0
M00001416B:H11	8847	1	0	0
M00001417A:E02	36393	0	0	0
M00001418B:F03	9952	0	0	0
M00001418D:B06	8526	0	0	0
M00001421C:F01	9577	0	0	0
M00001423B:E07	15066	0	0	0
M00001424B:G09	10470	0	0	0
M00001425B:H08	22195	0	0	0
M00001426D:C08	4261	0	0	0
M00001428A:H10	84182	0	0	0
M00001429A:H04	2797	0	0	0
M00001429B:A11	4635	0	0	0
M00001429D:D07	40392	0	0	0
M00001439C:F08	40054	0	0	0
M00001442C:D07	16731	0	0	0
M00001445A:F05	13532	0	0	0
M00001446A:F05	7801	0	1	0
M00001447A:G03	10717	0	0	0
M00001448D:C09	8	7	6	9
M00001448D:H01	36313	1	0	0
M00001449A:A12	5857	0	0	0
M00001449A:B12	41633	0	0	0
M00001449A:D12	3681	1	0	0
M00001449A:G10	36535	0	0	0
M00001449C:D06	86110	0	0	0
M00001450A:A02	39304	0	1	0
M00001450A:A11	32663	0	0	0
M00001450A:B12	82498	0	0	0
M00001450A:D08	27250	0	0	0
M00001452A:B04	84328	0	0	0
M00001452A:B12	86859	0	0	0
M00001452A:D08	1120	0	0	0
M00001452A:F05	85064	0	0	0
M00001452C:B06	16970	1	0	0
M00001453A:E11	16130	0	0	0
M00001453C:F06	16653	0	0	0
M00001454A:A09	83103	0	0	0
M00001454B:C12	7005	0	0	0
M00001454D:G03	689	0	0	1
M00001455A:E09	13238	0	0	0
M00001455B:E12	13072	0	0	0
M00001455D:F09	9283	0	0	0
M00001455D:F09	9283	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001460A:F06	2448	0	0	0
M00001460A:F12	39498	0	0	0
M00001461A:D06	1531	0	0	1
M00001463C:B11	19	17	32	31
M00001465A:B11	10145	0	0	0
M00001466A:E07	4275	0	0	0
M00001467A:B07	38759	0	0	0
M00001467A:D04	39508	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	0	0	0
M00001467A:D08	16283	0	0	0
M00001467A:E10	39442	0	0	0
M00001468A:F05	7589	0	0	0
M00001469A:C10	12081	0	0	0
M00001469A:H12	19105	0	0	0
M00001470A:B10	1037	0	0	0
M00001470A:C04	39425	0	0	0
M00001471A:B01	39478	0	0	0
M00001481D:A05	7985	0	0	0
M00001490B:C04	18699	0	0	0
M00001494D:F06	7206	0	0	0
M00001497A:G02	2623	1	0	0
M00001499B:A11	10539	0	1	0
M00001500A:C05	5336	0	0	0
M00001500A:E11	2623	1	0	0
M00001500C:E04	9443	0	0	0
M00001501D:C02	9685	0	0	0
M00001504C:A07	10185	0	0	0
M00001504C:H06	6974	0	0	0
M00001504D:G06	6420	0	0	0
M00001507A:H05	39168	0	0	0
M00001511A:H06	39412	0	0	0
M00001512A:A09	39186	0	0	0
M00001512D:G09	3956	0	0	0
M00001513A:B06	4568	0	0	0
M00001513C:E08	14364	0	0	0
M00001514C:D11	40044	0	0	0
M00001517A:B07	4313	0	0	0
M00001518C:B11	8952	0	0	0
M00001528A:C04	7337	1	2	2
M00001528A:F09	18957	0	0	0
M00001528B:H04	8358	0	0	0
M00001531A:D01	38085	0	0	0
M00001532B:A06	3990	0	0	0
M00001533A:C11	2428	0	0	0
M00001534A:C04	16921	0	0	0
M00001534A:D09	5097	0	0	0
M00001534A:F09	5321	4	7	6
M00001534C:A01	4119	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001535A:B01	7665	0	2	4
M00001535A:C06	20212	0	0	0
M00001535A:F10	39423	0	0	0
M00001536A:B07	2696	0	0	0
M00001536A:C08	39392	0	0	0
M00001537A:F12	39420	0	0	0
M00001537B:G07	3389	0	0	0
M00001540A:D06	8286	0	0	0
M00001541A:D02	3765	0	0	0
M00001541A:F07	22085	0	0	0
M00001541A:H03	39174	0	0	0
M00001542A:A09	22113	0	0	0
M00001542A:E06	39453	0	0	0
M00001544A:E03	12170	0	0	0
M00001544A:G02	19829	0	0	0
M00001544B:B07	6974	0	0	0
M00001545A:C03	19255	0	0	0
M00001545A:D08	13864	0	0	0
M00001546A:G11	1267	0	0	0
M00001548A:E10	5892	0	1	0
M00001548A:H09	1058	1	3	0
M00001549A:B02	4015	0	1	0
M00001549A:D08	10944	1	0	0
M00001549B:F06	4193	0	0	0
M00001549C:E06	16347	0	0	0
M00001550A:A03	7239	0	1	0
M00001550A:G01	5175	1	0	0
M00001551A:B10	6268	0	0	1
M00001551A:F05	39180	0	0	0
M00001551A:G06	22390	0	0	1
M00001551C:G09	3266	0	0	0
M00001552A:B12	307	6	11	4
M00001552A:D11	39458	0	0	0
M00001552B:D04	5708	0	0	0
M00001553A:H06	8298	0	0	0
M00001553B:F12	4573	0	0	0
M00001553D:D10	22814	0	0	0
M00001555A:B02	39539	0	0	0
M00001555A:C01	39195	0	0	0
M00001555D:G10	4561	0	0	0
M00001556A:C09	9244	0	1	0
M00001556A:F11	1577	0	0	2
M00001556A:H01	15855	1	1	0
M00001556B:C08	4386	3	0	1
M00001556B:G02	11294	0	0	0
M00001557A:D02	7065	0	0	0
M00001557A:D02	7065	0	0	0
M00001557A:F01	9635	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001557A:F03	39490	0	0	0
M00001557B:H10	5192	0	0	0
M00001557D:D09	8761	0	0	0
M00001558B:H11	7514	0	0	0
M00001560D:F10	6558	0	0	0
M00001561A:C05	39486	0	0	0
M00001563B:F06	102	2	1	2
M00001564A:B12	5053	0	0	0
M00001571C:H06	5749	0	0	0
M00001578B:E04	23001	0	0	0
M00001579D:C03	6539	0	0	0
M00001583D:A10	6293	0	0	0
M00001586C:C05	4623	0	0	0
M00001587A:B11	39380	0	0	0
M00001594B:H04	260	1	0	0
M00001597C:H02	4837	1	0	0
M00001597D:C05	10470	0	0	0
M00001598A:G03	16999	4	2	6
M00001601A:D08	22794	0	0	0
M00001604A:B10	1399	6	3	3
M00001604A:F05	39391	0	0	0
M00001607A:E11	11465	0	0	0
M00001608A:B03	7802	0	0	0
M00001608B:E03	22155	0	0	0
M00001614C:F10	13157	0	0	0
M00001617C:E02	17004	0	0	0
M00001619C:F12	40314	0	0	0
M00001621C:C08	40044	0	0	0
M00001623D:F10	13913	0	0	0
M00001624A:B06	3277	0	0	0
M00001624C:F01	4309	0	0	0
M00001630B:H09	5214	0	1	2
M00001644C:B07	39171	0	0	0
M00001645A:C12	19267	0	0	0
M00001648C:A01	4665	0	0	0
M00001657D:C03	23201	0	0	0
M00001657D:F08	76760	0	0	0
M00001662C:A09	23218	0	0	0
M00001663A:E04	35702	0	0	0
M00001669B:F02	6468	0	0	0
M00001670C:H02	14367	0	0	0
M00001673C:H02	7015	0	0	0
M00001675A:C09	8773	0	0	0
M00001676B:F05	11460	2	0	0
M00001677C:E10	14627	0	0	0
M00001677D:A07	7570	0	0	0
M00001678D:F12	4416	1	2	0
M00001679A:A06	6660	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00001679A:F10	26875	0	0	0
M00001679B:F01	6298	0	0	0
M00001679C:F01	78091	0	0	0
M00001679D:D03	10751	0	0	0
M00001679D:D03	10751	0	0	0
M00001680D:F08	10539	0	1	0
M00001682C:B12	17055	0	0	0
M00001686A:E06	4622	0	0	0
M00001688C:F09	5382	0	0	0
M00001693C:G01	4393	0	0	0
M00001716D:H05	67252	0	0	0
M00003741D:C09	40108	0	0	0
M00003747D:C05	11476	0	0	0
M00003759B:B09	697	0	0	0
M00003762C:B08	17076	0	0	0
M00003763A:F06	3108	0	0	0
M00003774C:A03	67907	0	0	0
M00003796C:D05	5619	0	1	0
M00003826B:A06	11350	0	0	0
M00003833A:E05	21877	0	0	0
M00003837D:A01	7899	0	0	0
M00003839A:D08	7798	0	0	0
M00003844C:B11	6539	0	0	0
M00003846B:D06	6874	0	0	0
M00003851B:D10	13595	0	0	0
M00003853A:D04	5619	0	1	0
M00003853A:F12	10515	0	0	1
M00003856B:C02	4622	0	0	0
M00003857A:G10	3389	0	0	0
M00003857A:H03	4718	0	0	0
M00003871C:E02	4573	0	0	0
M00003875B:F04	12977	0	0	0
M00003875B:F04	12977	0	0	0
M00003875C:G07	8479	1	0	0
M00003876D:E12	7798	0	0	0
M00003879B:C11	5345	4	8	3
M00003879B:D10	31587	0	0	0
M00003879D:A02	14507	0	0	0
M00003885C:A02	13576	0	0	0
M00003885C:A02	13576	0	0	0
M00003906C:E10	9285	0	0	0
M00003907D:A09	39809	0	0	0
M00003907D:H04	16317	0	0	0
M00003909D:C03	8672	0	0	0
M00003912B:D01	12532	0	0	0
M00003914C:F05	3900	0	1	0
M00003922A:E06	23255	0	0	0
M00003958A:H02	18957	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00003958A:H02	18957	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	0	0	0
M00003958C:G10	40455	0	0	0
M00003968B:F06	24488	0	0	0
M00003970C:B09	40122	0	0	0
M00003974D:E07	23210	0	0	0
M00003974D:H02	23358	0	0	0
M00003975A:G11	12439	0	0	0
M00003978B:G05	5693	0	0	0
M00003981A:E10	3430	0	0	0
M00003982C:C02	2433	2	4	0
M00003983A:A05	9105	0	0	0
M00004028D:A06	6124	0	0	0
M00004028D:C05	40073	0	1	0
M00004031A:A12	9061	0	0	0
M00004031A:A12	9061	0	0	0
M00004035C:A07	37285	0	0	0
M00004035D:B06	17036	0	0	0
M00004059A:D06	5417	0	0	0
M00004068B:A01	3706	0	0	0
M00004072B:B05	17036	0	0	0
M00004081C:D10	15069	0	0	0
M00004081C:D12	14391	0	0	0
M00004086D:G06	9285	0	0	0
M00004087D:A01	6880	0	0	0
M00004093D:B12	5325	0	0	0
M00004093D:B12	5325	0	0	0
M00004105C:A04	7221	0	0	0
M00004108A:E06	4937	0	0	0
M00004111D:A08	6874	0	0	0
M00004114C:F11	13183	0	0	0
M00004138B:H02	13272	0	0	0
M00004146C:C11	5257	0	0	1
M00004151D:B08	16977	0	0	0
M00004157C:A09	6455	0	0	0
M00004169C:C12	5319	0	0	0
M00004171D:B03	4908	0	0	0
M00004172C:D08	11494	0	0	0
M00004183C:D07	16392	0	0	0
M00004185C:C03	11443	2	0	0
M00004197D:H01	8210	0	0	0
M00004203B:C12	14311	0	0	0
M00004212B:C07	2379	0	0	0
M00004214C:H05	11451	0	0	0
M00004223A:G10	16918	0	0	0
M00004223B:D09	7899	0	0	0
M00004223D:E04	12971	0	0	0
M00004229B:F08	6455	0	0	0

Table 7 All Differential Data for Libs 12-14

Clone Name	Cluster ID	Clones in Lib12	Clones in Lib13	Clones in Lib14
M00004230B:C07	7212	0	0	1
M00004269D:D06	4905	0	0	0
M00004275C:C11	16914	0	0	0
M00004283B:A04	14286	0	0	0
M00004285B:E08	56020	0	0	0
M00004295D:F12	16921	0	0	0
M00004296C:H07	13046	0	0	0
M00004307C:A06	9457	1	0	0
M00004312A:G03	26295	0	0	0
M00004318C:D10	21847	0	0	0
M00004372A:A03	2030	0	0	0
M00004377C:F05	2102	0	0	0

We Claim:

1. A library of polynucleotides, the library comprising the sequence information of at least one of SEQ ID NOS:1-844.

5

2. The library of claim 1, wherein the library is provided on a nucleic acid array.

3. The library of claim 1, wherein the library is provided in a computer-readable format.

10

4. The library of claim 1, wherein the library comprises a differentially expressed polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS:9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 74, 119, 172, 317, and 379.

15

5. The library of claim 1, wherein the library comprises a polynucleotide differentially expressed in a human breast cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 74, 81, 114, 123, 144, 130, 157, 162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214, 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338, 379, 384, 386, and 388.

20

6. The library of claim 1, wherein the library comprises a polynucleotide differentially expressed in a human colon cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, and 374.

25

7. The library of claim 1, wherein the library comprises a polynucleotide differentially expressed in a human lung cancer cell, where the polynucleotide comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400.

30

8. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a nucleotide sequence having at least 90% sequence identity to an identifying sequence of SEQ ID NOS:1-844 or a degenerate variant thereof.

9. An isolated polynucleotide according to claim 8, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence encoding a polypeptide of a protein family selected from the group consisting of: 4 transmembrane segments integral membrane proteins, 7 transmembrane
5 receptors, ATPases associated with various cellular activities (AAA), eukaryotic aspartyl proteases, GATA family of transcription factors, G-protein alpha subunit, phorbol esters/diacylglycerol binding proteins, protein kinase, protein phosphatase 2C, protein tyrosine phosphatase, trypsin, wnt family of developmental signaling proteins, and WW/rsp5/WWP domain containing proteins.

10

10. The polynucleotide of claim 9, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS: 24, 41, 101, 157, 291, 305, 315, 341, 63, 116, 134, 136, 151, 384, 404, 308, 213, 367, 188, 251, 202, 315, 367, 397, 256, 382, 169, 23, 291, 324, 330, 341, 353, 188, 379, and 395.

15

11. The polynucleotide of claim 8, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence encoding a polypeptide having a functional domain selected from the group consisting of: Ank repeat, basic region plus leucine zipper transcription factors, bromodomain, EF-hand, SH3 domain, WD domain/G-beta repeats, zinc finger (C2H2 type),
20 zinc finger (CCHC class), and zinc-binding metalloprotease domain.

20

12. The polynucleotide of claim 11, wherein the polynucleotide comprises a sequence of one of SEQ ID NOS: 116, 251, 374, 97, 136, 242, 379, 306, 386, 18, 335, 61, 306, 386, 322, 306, and 395.

25

13. A recombinant host cell containing the polynucleotide of claim 8.

14. An isolated polypeptide encoded by the polynucleotide of claim 8.

30

15. An antibody that specifically binds a polypeptide of claim 14.

16. A vector comprising the polynucleotide of claim 8.

17. A polynucleotide comprising the nucleotide sequence of an insert contained in a clone deposited as ATCC accession number xx, xx, xx, xx, xx, xx, xx, xx, or xx.

18. A method of detecting differentially expressed genes correlated with a cancerous
5 state of a mammalian cell, the method comprising the step of:

detecting at least one differentially expressed gene product in a test sample derived from a cell suspected of being cancerous, where the gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68,
74, 81, 114, 123, 144, 130, 157, 162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214, 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338,
10 379, 384, 386, 388, 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, 374, 9, 34, 42,
62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349, 361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400;

wherein detection of the differentially expressed gene product is correlated with a cancerous state of the cell from which the test sample was derived.

19. The method of claim 18, wherein said detecting step is by hybridization of the
15 test sample to a reference array, wherein the reference array comprises an identifying sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1-844.

20. The method of claim 18, wherein the cell is a breast tissue derived cell, and the
20 differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 4, 9, 39, 42, 52, 62, 65, 66, 68, 74, 81, 114, 123, 144, 130, 157,
162, 172, 178, 183, 202, 214, 219, 223, 258, 298, 317, 338, 379, 384, 386, and 388.

21. The method of claim 18, wherein the cell is a colon tissue derived cell, and the
25 differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 1, 39, 52, 97, 119, 134, 172, 176, 241, 288, 317, 357, 362, and
374.

22. The method of claim 18, wherein the cell is a lung tissue derived cell, and the
30 differentially expressed gene product is encoded by a gene corresponding to a sequence of at least one of SEQ ID NOS: 9, 34, 42, 62, 74, 106, 119, 135, 154, 160, 260, 308, 323, 349,
361, 369, 371, 379, 395, 381, and 400.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Lewis T. Williams
Jaime Escobedo
Michael A. Innis
Pablo Dominiguez Garcia
Julie Sudduth-Klinger
Christoph Reinhard
Klause Giese
Filippo Randazzo
Giulia C. Kennedy
David Pot
Altaf Kassan
George Lamson
Radoje Drmanac
Radomir Crkvenjakov
Mark Dickson
Snezana Drmanac
Ivan Labat
Dena Leshkowitz
David Kita
Veronica Garcia
William Lee Jones
Birjit Stache-Crain

<120> Novel Human Genes and Gene Expression
Products I

<130> 2300-1480P

<140> 09/

<141> 1998-12-21

<150> 60/068,755

<151> 1997-12-23

<150> 60/080,664

<151> 1998-04-03

<150> 60/105,234

<151> 1998-10-21

<160> 844

<170> FastSEQ for Windows Version 3.0

<210> 1

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 1

tctcccctga	gctgcaggcc	tgcataatcca	gtaggtctac	tggacatctg	tactgggtgt	60
tgnggaggaa	cctctggctt	gtcattaag	tctactgat	tttactatc	ccctgaattt	120
ccccacttat	ttttgtcttt	cactatcgca	ggccttagaa	gaggtctacc	tgccctcagt	180
cttacctagt	ccagtctacc	ccctggagtt	agaatggcca	tctgaagtg	aaaagtaatg	240
tcacattact	cccttcagtg	atttcttgta	gaagtgccaa	tccctgaatg	ccaccaagat	300

<210> 2

<211> 299

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 2

cccagctgct	caggaggtg	aggcaggaga	attgcttgaa	cccaagaggc	ggaggttggtg	60
gtgagccgag	attgcacctt	tgtactccag	cctgggcaac	gagcaaaaaa	ctctgtctca	120
aacaaaaaga	agaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaann	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnttnttct	180
ggcgncnagt	cccaaantcn	taccttgtaa	gacctttann	tnnctgngg	tnttntnna	240
cncttanata	nnntnttttn	ctatcaanta	tagggagant	tttctttng	gggcaactt	299

<210> 3

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 3

atagattcg	aacnnggaca	agacgagtat	ggaataatat	cccactnnnt	ttacaatact	60
ganattatgc	ngngatagng	cttgttccat	tcnaccagcg	aatnatgcat	tnacnncaca	120
cnngagttac	tatccaaaca	cacgttttca	cgntacctga	ngctggtnga	naattatgcg	180
accatgaggc	tttccangat	ntttctannt	ancagacngn	gnacaatgnt	gaanaagcng	240
tacacaccgc	nctngncnnc	cnnactgan	cangtnacnn	ngctcactgn	ngcctcttct	300

<210> 4

<211> 287

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 4

aaancngcac	gangccacgt	ncgnnnngnt	nttactnnnc	natngccnnc	tcantggcng	60
ncagctagac	gcctaacagc	cgangancca	ncctntntgt	gancngtcn	tgacngnnag	120
cntgccggtc	ttgtctnttt	tgtctaccnn	gagganannn	ntntgggaca	tcccagactg	180
agtgaggaga	tctgcnctg	cnctgtact	tggttacanc	ncacacgang	actntncctt	240
ggactanana	cactagccta	anattcngca	ctacctantc	ctctggc		287

<210> 5

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 5

gtccttttga	accaccccaa	agaactcaac	atggcaaagc	aaatggtaaa	agcttcccga	60
ctgttctact	ttgggtccgc	gcgaagccca	ctcacgtgtg	atctgtgttg	cccctgggag	120

gcccggggcg accggaaaag ggctctctca agttctgaaa agagaatctg ccaccagatc 180
 gaatttcgac ccctgagctt gttcggacgt atgggccaaa ttcagattaa ggtgggcacc 240
 caacccgaga tgtcaggaaa ggccttctgc agagaaaatg tccccccacc cgccatctgc 300

<210> 6
 <211> 284
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 6
 tntccccctt gacgccttan tgccctnncg ctacnngtcc nttaggcett atcccatcgn 60
 centcgtttn gcattctgcc nnagantgac tttncnatca tgcntnatnn gtnnttacna 120
 ggggctnngg tgaattntta caccctgcna ntccatanca cantgcctg cnagctncac 180
 cctcntgaat aaatgcaata aantttcngt tgatcttata caccttatgc ncctantta 240
 atcagccctn tnttacnana tcnanttatg cnggtattaa aaca 284

<210> 7
 <211> 277
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 7
 gtgctgcaga caacacacct tcctgatgga ggtgtccggc tgatggagaa gtctgtgggc 60
 ttgtaaatca tctttgatgt taaccaggcc gacgctgtgg ccacattccg aaagattaac 120
 cctgtcaaac cctannnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnngatttg atnagcctgt nccanacctc 180
 tgcagcctcn ancggtngtn ntaccatagt ggggatgacc ctctgatact ttgncctggg 240
 ngancatgnt gacanntgct tctacagctt nngggac 277

<210> 8
 <211> 292
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 8
 cttgggaggc tgagtcagga gaattgcttg agcccaggag atggaggttg cagtgcagcca 60
 agatcatgcc actgcactcc agactgggca acagaggag actccgtctc aaaaactaaa 120
 aaaaaaata catttagtat agcggggggg gggcgggaga aataatgtta tttcctatgc 180
 aaatgacggn nnnnnnnnnn cccatggtaa atgtnaatat actgcgtctn ttttgggana 240
 gccttttant aaangagtct tanatgaatc tctanntnat gantttaact tg 292

<210> 9
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 9
 ccagggttagc tgctgaatca aagcttcaaa cagaagttaa agaaggaaaa gaaacttcaa 60
 gcaaattgga aaaagaaact tgtaagaaat cacaccctat tctatatgtg tcttctaaat 120
 ctactccaga gaccagtgcc cctcaacagt aaagactttt ctttaataag agtacgggtgc 180
 cacttgccctc aaaagttact atgggtgctta agattgtctt gatctgacat atatcacctt 240
 ctgggttatt tactcattgt gccaggacct ggcattttca tgtgcctttg accaagtgtt 300

<210> 10
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 10
 aggagggcga gcttgcaagt agctgagatc gcgccactgc actccagcct gggcaacaga 60
 gtgagactct gtctcaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnaa nctcgtnttn 120
 gnaaggaaan ggggnaangg accggtntta tncctatgtn gtntttgcag gcaaangaaa 180
 nggaccntt tttgtaaaaa aaagtctttt gnncaantaa acgggggtntg ngggtncagg 240
 ccctggnggg gcncncantt gcctggnggc ttntgnnaaa tcggnaaagg gaggaaaggc 300

<210> 11
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 11
 cgtctgtaat cccagctgct tgggaggctg aggcaggaga atcacttgaa ccctggaggt 60
 ggcggtttca gtgagcacag atcatgccac tgcactccag cctgggcaac aaaacgagac 120
 ttcgtctcaa aaaaaaaaaa nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nncgggttct cccaaattnt 180
 tttnaggggn ccatggnaaa ctgnttnacn tttgtttngg naacccttg cccnaagncg 240
 cananaggct gtnnttnncc ttgttnccaa ggntgaggan caaaaagtac cctntgtttt 300

<210> 12
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 12
 caaagatggc cgtattacta aaggatgaata accagcgcgg ggggcacgtg gagtcactgg 60
 aacatttgtg caatgctggt ggggaatgtca acccgtgcgg ccctctggaa taagcctggc 120
 agctcctcca agagttaccg tgtgaccag caattccact cctagctcca cccacaggaa 180
 ttgaaagcaa agacgcaaac agatgcctgt gcaccaaagt tcacggcagc atccttcgcc 240
 atagtggcag catccgtcgt cacagcggca tcatccttca tcatagcggc agcatccgtc 300

<210> 13
 <211> 278
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 13
 cctgcagcca ctaatgcatt gtgtatgata aaaaaaactc tggatatgaca cattttctgt 60
 gatcattgtt aattagtac atagtaacat ctgtagcagc tggttagtaa acctcatgtg 120
 ggggaggtgt gggaggtttt nncgnnnnnn nngcnnnnn annccccggn nngnnngaag 180
 ctgnnnnttn naannngcnn nnnannatga naannncenn ngactggnnn nangaggcct 240
 anccntgnt ttananaaac nnncnnnagn ntctctca 278

<210> 14
 <211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 14

gtgtcttcat cttaccagat ggaacctaa aaattaaatt ctccagaaga aactgctttt	60
cagacaccaa aatctagcca gatgcctcgg ccttcagtgc caccattagt taaaacatca	120
ctgtttttctt caaaattatc tacacctgat gttgtgagcc catttgggac cccatttggc	180
tctagtgtaa tgaatcggat ggctggaatt tttgatgtaa acacctgcta tgggtcaccg	240
caaagtcctc agctaataag aagggggcca agattgtgga catcagcttc tgatcagcaa	300

<210> 15

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 15

gttatattaa attattcttt gtttttcttt ttcttttaaat aaagcctgca agttactaaa	60
ttgtagtttc ataaattctg tagtaaagta tcatcttggc agtgtgcca aggtgaaaat	120
gatgctttct ctaacagaga aattcttagt gactccagtc gtagaaaaac gtctttacaa	180
cctgaataag attgaagaat tgtgaacata ccatggccta ttggatgaat catttgccgt	240
aggctaaatc agactgtagg gtttgcatg gatttatgga gtatgtgggt atagaaatca	300

<210> 16

<211> 276

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 16

gtttcattta agaagaatga gctagataaa tgtgctcttc tggttacccc accctgacag	60
agtgcatttt tacacggcta gcaggggttg agactgcagc ctggcctnnn nnnnnnnnnn	120
ngnnnnnnngc nnacttnact tccngaanc actataattg gnanaenttn ctaannngtn	180
atctngccga cctggnagat anactcnnga taaaanccnn tgcagaaaagc gcccttccat	240
gtcangcnch tnaganacnn nentaccncc tangna	276

<210> 17

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 17

ggtgcccac accacacca gctaactttt gtatttttag tagagacggg gtttcaccat	60
gttggccagg ctggtcttga actcctgacc tcgtgatccg cccgccttgg ccccgcaaag	120
tgctgggatt acaagcatga gccagcgcc tggctgtatc tttcatttta cccaagtcac	180
tttaccceaag taagtaatta ggggaaagcc tgagtcttgt accacctgtt catttgggga	240
actgtgggaa acggagccaa cggacctaa tgccctttga cagtgaagtt cataccattt	300

<210> 18

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 18

ctcagctgag gcaattaaac tggaaaagaa atagattgaa aagatactac agaagaagca	60
gtacagaagt tgggggactg aaggagaggg agccactgca ggtgctagct gcttaagggg	120
ataccagtcc ttttacagat ataatagata cagcttctga ggtggagggg gataggagtg	180
tgtagagaaa ttgcagttca gaactggagc atgcagttag gcaagaggca tcccatgtga	240
agatgtcaag caagtactgg aaaatgctga act	273

<210> 19

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 19

gggtcctggt gggagttcca tccagcagtg agtgcatttt ttccccagag cagttaaggg	60
tcttattaaa agccaccact ttgctgaggg ctgtacaggg cttgggggtt tggggaagag	120
aaataaggca ggcacttgct ccttcaggga gggacttgct cctcactggg aggtttgggg	180
ttgaccttgg ctccagcaga gatacccagc ctggcgtgga aggggcaggt ctgagcttac	240
gcttgactgc agggcaagct gcaggcctct tctgccttcc cctgcattca ccaaggacag	300

<210> 20

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 20

atggcatgca ctgacctctt cttggagccc agaactttat agagttgcct accagggtta	60
ctgtaatgga atttatgatc ttaagaaatt actagttgta ttatttatcc tatgattcat	120
tcattcaata agcttttact gcataaactt tacatccagc actgtagtta agtaccctaaa	180
attgaataga aataatggct tttgaaaatc gcacaaagca ggccaggcac ggtggctcac	240
gcctgtaatc ccagcatttt gggaggccga ggcaggcgga tcacgaggtc aagagatcca	300

<210> 21

<211> 293

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 21

cgtctgtaat cccagctgct tgggaggctg aggcaggaga atcacttgaa ccctggaggt	60
ggcgggttgca gtgagcacag atcatgccac tgcactccag cctgggcaac aaaacgagac	120
ttcgtctcaa aaaaaaaaaa nnnnnnnnnn nnnnccttng gncgggttnt cccaaattnt	180
tttgaggngn ccatggncaa ctgcttnanc tttgttttgg caaccccntg cccnaagtcg	240
catatagget gtncttcacc ttgtttccaa ggctgnggaa canaaagtaa cct	293

<210> 22

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 22

ctggctctga acacctgacc tcaggatgac cattcgtctt ggcctctcga agtgctggga	60
ttccaggcgt gagccactgc ggccagcaca tttccacttt tagatcctac tccataccac	120

aggtttcatt taagaagaaa gagctagata aatgtgctct tctgggttacc ccaccctgac 180
 agagtgcatt ttacacggc tagcaggggt tgagactgca gcctggcctg ccagccattg 240
 gaggtgttta aggaaggga gataatgtga ctctttgcgg ggtgccatct gcttaccat 300

<210> 23
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 23
 gaaccaaaga cgtgtatgga gtgttctctt gtccttatcg acttgctctg ctcccagctt 60
 tccaagcgac cggatctgag tgatgcttct agaacatttg ggtgttggg ggttcccaat 120
 agtagaaagg gtcccatc ctgctcagca ccgcacctct ctaccccc acagacacac 180
 atgcagacac acacatgcag acaacacgca gacacacaca tgcaggcact cacatgcagg 240
 cccatgcaca cacacgtgca cacacatgca gagacatgca gacacgcagg cacacatgca 300

<210> 24
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 24
 cctcccacaa cacgtgggaa ttcaagatga gatttggttg gggacacagc caacccatat 60
 caccatgcc tggatgccct tctcatgctt gggttctgtc atctgcacca ggccttctgc 120
 tgcccgctctg tcttaccac caggactctg actctccacg ctggggccacc tctcttctcc 180
 aacactgcta tggattgaat gtttatgtta tcccaaatt tgcattgttc aatcccaatc 240
 tccaatgcc tagtattagg aggtgggggc ctttgggagg tgatttggtc atgaagggtg 300

<210> 25
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 25
 ggaaaatgaa atctgactat ctgctagttg ccaaaacca gaaacattcc tgtgtaatgg 60
 ttagttggga aagaaggcag cacttgaaaa aatttaccag gttcctcact gggagatgtg 120
 ggaagggcg tgggacgcac gcggtcactc cctctcagcc cccacattt ctagaacaca 180
 ctgtagctgt gcctctacag actcccgctg cctggcctcc acagatcctg ctcagattca 240
 ccagtaggca aagcttgcc ctattagctt tttctctcca tggctctgtg ggaatgtgcg 300

<210> 26
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 26
 ctgcagtgag attctctgca atgactggcc tcagcaaggg ggcagcttag gaccctgaca 60
 tcccaggtca ctaagccaca taggataagt aatgggtgga cagaagcggg aaaggagaag 120
 ggcagggcac atgtttaaaa cttgaacttt ctgaggctaa gactggaaaa ggaatggttt 180
 cagctgatat atttggatac cagttgacta ttttaggaa aaaaacacaa atggctttta 240

aacatcacag tgtgatacag tctaactcag aattagagac aggcaaaaca gaactccatc 300

<210> 27

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 27

gtactgcttc	tgtggctctt	cacagacctc	acggatgtga	ccggagatga	gtgccgatga	60
ccacgtttta	aaggagaaag	agagctcctg	gtggggccct	cggggtggtc	tcaggtccca	120
tttgagctct	gcaacagtga	cgcgcagccc	ggtccggagc	gtggtgagct	ttgtttgcct	180
tctgggtcag	ctttcgctgt	gtctcctgtg	tgtgttagaa	tccagagccc	agaggaagtg	240
caagcgggtc	ctccgccaac	ggggagagcc	tcttcgcggc	gctgttggcg	acagcacgct	300

<210> 28

<211> 298

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 28

aangnaannn	ngggngttg	antcnacctn	ngaaccgtgt	anaaacccat	ggaaacagct	60
antaganntt	gggcagganc	agagngaggc	caagntacgg	gggaggcnag	gagcngagan	120
tggggnnnnn	nnangnnaan	tnnngaaggg	gnngannga	gggggggana	naagggggga	180
ngagggcgaa	ngncaggann	nagaaaannn	ggggacgana	ngngaacag	ggnnnaaacg	240
gaannnnnga	gnnnnnanag	atgncgggca	gnncngngn	aggnganann	ngagacgg	298

<210> 29

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 29

cctcagcccc	acaccagctc	tatttcaggg	gtgagagtca	gagagcactg	caatatgtgc	60
ttcatgggat	ttcgattcga	agatcctaga	ccagggagac	actgtgagcc	agggatacaa	120
caaaatacta	ggtaagtcac	tgacagaccg	cctccctgca	gtttgggaaa	gaagctgggt	180
ttgtggagaa	tcagagcatc	ttgacatgac	tgctgaccta	aagatccctg	gcattggcca	240
gggatcctgt	ggaacctctt	ctagttcagg	ggtgtgagca	ttagactgcc	agttgtctag	300

<210> 30

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 30

gtttgtttcc	ccgagatgtg	aacttgctga	aggaaaacag	tgtaaagagg	aaggccatac	60
agagaactgt	cagctcttca	ggatgtgaag	gcaagaggaa	tgaagacaag	gaagcagtga	120
gcatgtttgt	taactgccct	gcctactaca	gtgtgtctgc	tcccaaggct	gagctactga	180
acaaaatcaa	agagatgcc	nnnnnnnnnn	nntgaggaag	aggaacaggc	anatgtcaat	240
gaaaagaagg	ctgatctcat	tggaagtctc	accacaagc	tggagaccct	ccaggaggcg	300

<210> 31

<211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 31
 tttaaactga gctccaaatg acgttcaaac acccctctcg ggtagagttt tcatgggtgga 60
 acggttgccg ccaccaaaca gaagcttatg tttttggcac agaaggcctg ggccattttc 120
 atggacacct ggctggacct cggtggaagt gaactccgta ggttggtgcg ttcactgcag 180
 caoctacat gataccgtcc cctctcatgg aacggagcct ccccatgca gccccactc 240
 aaatggagtt ttaaaggctg ggttcaggtt acgggggcgt ttctcaccgt ctgaatgcgg 300

<210> 32
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 32
 gtgaaacaga aagtggagat gctttccttg acctgaagaa gcctcctgcc tccaaatgcc 60
 cccatcgcta tacaaaagaa gaactcttgg atataaaaga actcccccat tccaaacaga 120
 ggctttcatg cctttctgaa aaatatgaca gtgatgggtg ctgggaccct gagaagtggc 180
 atgcctctct ctaccagct tcagggcgga gtcaccaggt ggaaagtctg aagaaagagt 240
 tggatacaga ccggccttcc ctggtgcgca ggatagtaga tccacgagag cgtgtgaaag 300

<210> 33
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 33
 gtctgattga agctgttcag gtttatcatg caaatcctcg cctctggcta cggtggctg 60
 aatgctgcat tgctgccaat aaggggactt ctgaacaaga aactaaaggc cttcccagca 120
 aaaaaggaat tgtacagtct attgttggtc aaggctatca tcgtaaaata gttttggcat 180
 cacagtctat acagaatact gtttataatg atgggcagtc ttcggccatt cctgtagcca 240
 gtatggagtt tgcagccata tgtctcagaa atgccttggt gctgctacct gaagaacagc 300

<210> 34
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 34
 tgacagagct gttcagcgta caccagatcg atgagctggc caagtgcaca tcagacactg 60
 tgttcctgga gaagaccagt aagatctcgg accttatcag cagcatcacg caggactacc 120
 acctggatga gcaggatgct gagggccgcc tggtagcgcg catcattegc attattacc 180
 gaaagagccg tgctcgccca cagacctcgg agggtcggtc aactcgggct gctgccccaa 240
 ccgctgctgc ccctgacagt ggccatgaga ccatgggtggg ctgaggtctc agccaggatg 300

<210> 35
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 35
 cttttttaag caaagcagtt tctagttaat gtagcatctt ggactttggg gcgtcattct 60
 taagcttggt gtgcccggta accatgggcc tcttgctctg attaaccctt ccttcaatgg 120
 gcttcttcac ccagacacca aggtatgaga tggccctgcc aagtgtcggc ctctcctggt 180
 aaacaaaaac attctaaagc cattgttctt gcttcatgga caagaggcag ccggagagag 240
 tgccaggggtg ccctgggtctg agctggcatc cccatgtctt ctgtgtccga gggcagcatg 300

<210> 36
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 36
 gctggccaaa gccaaatctc ctaagtccac cgcccaggag ggaaccctga agcctgaagg 60
 agttacggag gccaaacatc cagctgcagt tcgcctccaa gaaggggtcc atggccctag 120
 tcgagtccat gtgggtctctg gggaccatga ctattgtgtc cggagcagga ccccccaaa 180
 aaagatgctt gccctagtca ttccagaggt gggctcccga tggaatgtca agcgccatca 240
 ggacatcacc atcaaacctg tcttgtcctt gggcccagct gcccttcgcc ccatgcatag 300

<210> 37
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 37
 gtccaaggac aacttcgaga catttctttt tgccaccgta tctaacaggg agcaggaaga 60
 tctctgccga ggaattgtcc agctctgctt caatgagcaa agccaacagc tgctagcaga 120
 ggtccagccc tctgactctt tcctcatggt agagacaact gcatactttg aggcctacag 180
 gcacgtcctg gaaggactcc aggaggtcca ggaggaagat gttcccttcc agaggaatat 240
 cgtggagtgt aactctcatg tgaaggagcc aagggtacttg ctaatggggg gcagatatga 300

<210> 38
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 38
 catccaggga gaacctcggg gctgggacac ctccctggccc tcaccctggg tcatgtttac 60
 agtcctcagt gccccacacc ggtggccccc tgaggacacc tccaccctga ccttgatttt 120
 cccaaacgct gcctcttggt gacagactca gccaaaacc ccttccttct gtctctggag 180
 acccttgagc ttggggaaat atggaggggt gtgtgtctgc aatcaaggcc tctgcagctc 240
 acggctggcc cgggtgggctg ggacttccgt atgaattnta aatacttagg gttcattttt 300

<210> 39
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 39
 gggaaggagc gggcgtgagg ccagctgagg catggtgacc cctgggaagg agcgggcgtg 60
 aggccagctg aggcattggc acccctggga aggagcgggc gtgaggccag ctgaggcatg 120

gtgacccctg ggaaggagcg ggcgtgaggg cagctgaggg atggtgaccc ctgggtacgg 180
 gggacttggg ggccgcacct tggtttgccc agggcccctc ctgcaccacg ggccacatgc 240
 ggaggacggc gtgggatagg ctccctgggt ccacagcttc tgcccgtgta tggggaaccc 300

<210> 40
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 40
 ccaaaagctt gtggcaaatt tgaaatttct gccattaggg accttacaac tggctatgat 60
 gatagccaac ctgataaaaa agctgttctt cccactagta aaagcagcca aatgatcacc 120
 ttcacctttg ctaatggagg cgtggccacc atgcgcacca gtgggacaga gcccaaatc 180
 aagtactatg cagagctgtg tgccccacct gggaacagtg atcctgagca gctgaagaag 240
 gaactgaatg aactggtcag tgctattgaa gaacattttt tccagccaca gaagtacaat 300

<210> 41
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 41
 aaaaggtccc ctttctggga aagaccgagt gaagaaaggt ggatcctaca tgtgccatag 60
 gtcttattgt tacaggtatc gctgtgctgc tcggagccag aacacacctg atagctctgc 120
 ttcgaatctg ggattccgct gtgcagccga ccgcctgccc actatggact gacaaccaag 180
 gaaagtcttc cccagtccaa ggagcagtcg tgtctgacct acattgggct tttctcagaa 240
 ctttgaacga tcccatgcaa agaattccca ccctgaggtg ggttacatac ctgcccgaatg 300

<210> 42
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 42
 ttctaagtca ggagtacagt acaaaggaca tgtggagatc cccaatttgt ctgatgaaaa 60
 cagcgtggat gaagtggaga ttagtgtgag ccttgccaaa gatgagcctg acacaaatct 120
 cgtggcctta atgaaggaag aaggggtgaa acttctaaga gaagcaatgg gaatttacat 180
 cagcaccctc aaaacagagt tcaccagggt catgatctta cctacaatga atggagagtc 240
 agtagacca gtggggcagc cagcactgaa aactgaggag cgcaaggcta agcctgctcc 300

<210> 43
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 43
 gccaccgaag cttcaggatg acatcttaga ctctcttgggt caggggatca atgagttaaa 60
 gactgcagaa caaatcaacg agcatgtttc agggcccttt gtgcagttct ttgtcaagat 120
 tgtgggcat tatgtcttct atatcaagcg ggaagcaaat gggcaaggcc acttccaaga 180
 aagatccttc tgtaaggctc tgacctcaa gaccaaccgc cgattttgtga agaagtttgt 240
 gaagacacag ctcttctcac ttttcatcca ggaagccgag aagagcaaga atcctcctgc 300

<210> 44
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 44
 ggcttataca acatagtggg gaacgcatgg gaatggactt cagactgggtg gactgttcat 60
 cattctgttg aagaaacgct taacccaaaa ggccccctt ctgggaaaga ccgagtgaag 120
 aaagggtgat cctacatgtg ccataggtct tattgttaca ggtatcgctg tgctgctcgg 180
 agccagaaca cacctgatag ctctgcttcg aatctgggat tccgctgtgc agccgaccgg 240
 ctgcccacta tggactgaca accaaggaaa gtcttcccca gtccaaggag cagccgtgtc 300

<210> 45
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 45
 gtggaagaaa attttttgcg gcttctgggtt cccagaaaaag ggagccattt taacagacac 60
 atctgtcaaa agaaatgact tgtcgattat ttctggctaa tttttcttta tagcagagtt 120
 tctcacacct ggcgagctgt ggcattgctt taaacagagt tcatttccag taccctccat 180
 cagtgcaccc tgctttaaga aaatgaactt atgcaaatac acatccacag cgtcggtaaa 240
 ttaaggggtg atcaccaagt ttcataatat tttcccttta taaaaggatt tggtggccag 300

<210> 46
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 46
 gtggaagaaa attttttgcg gcttctgggtt cccagaaaaag ggagccattt tangngacac 60
 atctgtcaaa agaaatgact tgtcgattat ttctggctaa tttttcttta tagcagagtt 120
 tctcacacct ggcgagctgt ggcattgctt taaacagagt tcatttccag taccctccat 180
 cagtgcaccc tgctttaaga aaatgaactt atgcaaatac acatccacag cgtcggtaaa 240
 ttaaggggtg atcaccaagt ttcataatat tttcccttta taaaaggatt tggtggccag 300

<210> 47
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 47
 acacagataa ttttaataca atgtgaaaaa gtgtatgggt gtgtagaaga ggggttctta 60
 gagtttcttg agagaatgat tctgagctcg gttttgacaa aagaggagct gctgaggcta 120
 aaagtggatg aaaagggcct tataattaaa agaaacaaga caggactcag aggtgtgaaa 180
 caaatattat gcatggtgaa ttacaatgag ttgggggtat tctgtagccc taaagtacaa 240
 ggtataaaga gacagaaaat gatcctggaa tatagacaga ggatacttca tctctcatga 300

<210> 48
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 48

gatggaacat	gagtggaagt	gggcagtctt	tttctttccc	tatcagctga	gtgaatgaag	60
atntagaggg	cagcagagtc	atgacatgga	tgacgttggg	tctctggatg	gctaaatgga	120
agacccgccc	cccaacgcca	ctctaccccc	ctgctttgaa	ctatgctttg	agaaatgagc	180
ttatgagacc	actgagactt	gggggctgtt	tgttcagcag	ttcacctaca	cttattagga	240
aaggttgact	tcttgtaact	acgcctttcc	ttaaatcatc	ttttgtataa	ttctcagaag	300

<210> 49

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 49

ccctccccgg	cttcccccg	agtgggtcac	cacactgttt	tttatcatca	tggaatcat	60
ttcattgact	gtcacatgtg	gtttgctggg	ggcttccac	tggaagag	aagctacaaa	120
atatgctcga	tgatagcat	tactggaac	cactatgaga	agattatagg	aaaaacacca	180
agactagagg	actctgggtt	ccttttatgc	aaagtcaact	cttctgggtc	acagttaccc	240
agcaacaaaa	ataaagagag	gaccaggacg	atgccagcac	cccgtttate	ctgagtgaac	300

<210> 50

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 50

ctcctgtctc	agcctcctgg	gtagctggga	ctacaggtgc	atgccaccat	gcctggctaa	60
cttttgtatt	tttagtacag	acagggtttc	accacattgg	tcaggctggg	ctcgaactcc	120
taacctcagg	tgatccacct	gccttggcct	cccaaagtgc	tgagattaca	ggcgtgagcc	180
accgcgcctg	gcctgattgg	ttttttaaca	tgatttttct	ctaagcttaa	ataccacaag	240
gccaaagaga	aatggtcata	atttaaacca	ttattatatt	ggtgagggtat	ccctagctat	300

<210> 51

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 51

ggaggctaga	ctcaagctgt	ctggagagtg	tgaaacaaaa	gtgtgtgaag	agttgtaact	60
gtgtgactga	gcttgatggc	caagttgaaa	atcttcattt	ggatctgtgc	tgcttgctg	120
gtaaccagga	agaccttagt	aaggactctc	taggtcctac	caaataagc	aaaattgaag	180
gagctggtac	cagtatctca	gagcctccgt	ctcctatcag	tccgtatgct	tcagaaagct	240
gtggaacgct	acctcttctt	ttgagacctt	gtggagaagg	gtctgaaatg	gtaggcaaa	300

<210> 52

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 52
 atatggtata gttggaaata ggttattgtg agttatttgt agtcatgtct ttaatggccc 60
 ttgcatgggtg tctaacttct gcaataaatg atctgccagt cctagtgtct ggctttatgc 120
 aatttgtttt cctttgtgga tgaagtggga gtaagacttg ttgctgtgag gattagatga 180
 agtggctagg atatggacac actttacttg aattggaaaa caagccatgt atccctaatac 240
 tgcaaaatgt ggcattgtcac acgtgtaatc tctgagggtt agtttttgct caagattgca 300

<210> 53
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 53
 aagaagctct gcttgggtact actattatga acaacattgt tatttggaat ttaaaaaactg 60
 gtcaactcct gaaaaagatg cacattgatg attcctacca agcttcagtc tgtcacaaag 120
 cctattctga aatggggctt ctctttattg tcttgagtca tccctgtgcc aaagagagt 180
 agtcgttgcg aagccctgtg tttcagctca ttgtgattaa ccctaagacg actctcagcg 240
 tgggtgtgat gctgtactgt ctctctccag ggcaggctgg cagggttctg gaagggtgacg 300

<210> 54
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 54
 ccaagatgcc aatttccatg aagtcttgat ttatatatat gtacacatgt tatgcacata 60
 catgtttgtt ttctaacagt ttttttttaa gcttttgaga taattttaga cttacagaag 120
 agttgtaaaa gtagtagagt tcttgatatac tctgcaccca ccttgccctt atgttaacat 180
 cttacgtaac aatagaacat ttgtcaaaat taagaaatta accttgatat aataactaact 240
 aaagtagaaa gtttaaaaag tagagatttt agtcttttca ctaatgtcct tttactgttc 300

<210> 55
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 55
 gggagggacc cttgggggca ggttgtgggt agccagttgc agtctgtggc ctccctcaga 60
 ggtttggagt cgggcgtggc atgctgctgt tggcctcttt ccgagggagt gccatccact 120
 ccctgtccca ccgctgtccg cggtgaggac agtgagggca gtgctacgtg gtggggaggt 180
 gtgtgagaag ccacggaagg gcttcacagg gcagatgcca aggccagtgg gccccggaca 240
 gagtcaggct ccctgggcgg ccttgtgtct tgggtggccct gatcatcctg ccaatgcaaa 300

<210> 56
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 56
 ctttgetctc tccattccaa gttgttctct gttctagaaa gcagatgtag tagacatcta 60
 ctgtttttgc ctaaacagaa tccctttttc ctttttttgc taaaagtact catccctaata 120

attacattgt tctggaagga ctgaaaataa cagaactcag caccatgac ggaccgggac 180
aatcagatta ttccattcct cagcaaacgg agatcgatcc gaaaagtga aatatgagct 240
cttctttggg gttggcatat ggaccctgag agaaagaact ttaatttttt ctcttgagct 300

<210> 57
<211> 276
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 57
cctccctgga tgtgcagaca tggaggagga cagaaggccc agctcagtgg cccccgtcc 60
ccacccccca cgccgaaca gcaggggcag agccagnnnn nnntcgaagt gtgtccnngt 120
tgtcttttga nccttgtnnt ggngccttgc ctanatgtat ntnntntnnn tntntnatt 180
tnnnnnntnn ntnnttntct ntnntaaat tgnntnaaan ttntntann ttntnnatt 240
nnnannnnnn ntantgtntt gnattgntat nnatca 276

<210> 58
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 58
ctgtaagtct ctttcttgcc catcaccaca tccctagtag tgggtatcag tctggccact 60
tggtctttctg gtttgcccca atgtggtcta ttcttgatgc agctaccaa gtaatgtttt 120
aaaaccatta taccaagtta ctatccttgt caaaaccccc agtaactgcc aatctcactt 180
agaataaaat ccggactcct gtgaagcaca gcataaactg gccactgcct atgcagcaac 240
ctcatcttta ccgtttctctg ccttgctcac tcccttcag cgcggttatt ctctctgatg 300

<210> 59
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 59
gaccaggtga gaccagctca agagtcatg ttctttgtca tctngtgtg agctctctgt 60
aagtctcttt cttgcccac accacatccc tagtactggg tatcagctctg gccacttggc 120
tttctgggtt gcccaatgt ggtctattct tgatgcagct accaaagtaa tgttttaaaa 180
ccattatacc aagttactat ccttgtaaaa acccccagta actgccaatc tcacttagaa 240
taaaatccgg actcctgtga agcacagcat aaactggcca ctgcctatgc agcaacctca 300

<210> 60
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 60
gggtcctggt gggagttcca tccagcagt agtgcathtt ttccccagag cagggttaagg 60
gtcttattaa aagccaccac tttgctgagg cctgtacagg ccttgggggt ttggggaaga 120
gaaataaggc aggcacttgt cccttcaggg agggacttgt ccctcactgg gaggtttggg 180
gttgaccttg gctccagcag agataccag cctggcgtgg aaggggcagg tctgagctta 240
cgcttgactg cagggaagc tgcaggctc ttctgccttc ccctgcattc accaaggaca 300

<210> 61
 <211> 292
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 61
 caaggccccga ggtgccatcc cctctgggaa gcagaagcct ggnggcaccc agagtgggta 60
 ctgtngnggt aaagngntca cctctcaca gcaccaccag cggcgagaca gacccacca 120
 ccatcttccc ctgcaaggag tngggcaaag tcttcttcaa gatcaaaagc cgaaatgcac 180
 acatgaaaac tcacaggcag caggaggaac aacagaggcn aaaggctcag aaggcggtt 240
 tngcagctga gatggcagcc acgattgaga ggactacggg gcccggtggg gc 292

<210> 62
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 62
 agcaaatcaa gatcttcagg tacagttgga ccaggcactc cagcaagcct tggatcccaa 60
 tagtaaaggc aactctttgt ttgcagaggt ggaagatcga agggcagcaa tggaaactca 120
 gcttatcagt atgaaagtca agtatcagtc actaaagaag caaaatgtat ttaacagaga 180
 acagatgcac agaatgaagt taaaaattgc cacgttgcta cagatgaaag ggtctcaaac 240
 tgaatttgag cagcaggaac ggttgcttgc catgttggag cataataatg gtgaaataaa 300

<210> 63
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 63
 caggcctgga cttcgcccc aggcctagga ccgcgagggg tggaaacctg ctactgcccc 60
 aacagggact ccaatcaatc ggagttctcc ccttgccgga gctgcccttc accttgggg 120
 cccgagacag tcataaggga tggacttagt tttcttgca ggaagaaagg ggacagccgt 180
 gtttcttaag gatgctgagg gcatggggcc aggaccaggg gagaggcaca gtccttctc 240
 gagcagcctc tcaccactgc cacaaggctc cctaattgctg gtctctgctc cactccccgg 300

<210> 64
 <211> 294
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 64
 gctgcatctg caatgaggat gccaccctac gctgcgctgg ctgcatggg gacctcttct 60
 gtgcccgtctg cttccggtgg gtgcaggtgg aatgttctgt gcgagagctc aagggtgccc 120
 tggatccctg acttgatctc cttgttcca cagagagggc catgatgcct ttgagcttaa 180
 agagcaccag acatctgctt actctctctc acgtgcaggc caagagcact gaagacaccc 240
 tggctctccc ggaagggcag tcccacaggc agcggcacc atttctgggc cccg 294

<210> 65
 <211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 65

aattgatgag ccttattaac tatcttttca ttatgagaca aaggttctga ttatgcctac	60
tggttgaaat tttttaatct agtcaagaag gaaaatttga tgaggaagga aggaatggat	120
atcttcagaa gggcttcgcc taagctggaa catggataga ttccattcta acataaagat	180
ctttaagttc aaatatagat gagttgactg gtagatttgg tggtagttgc tttctcggga	240
tataagaagc aaaatcaact gctacaagta aagaggggat ggggaagggtg ttgcacattt	300

<210> 66

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 66

agcagatttg tgataaactt gctgtagaag aaaccaaagg ggaacttctg ttgcaactat	60
gtcgttttga agatgctgca gatgtttata gaggattgca agagagaaat cctgaaaact	120
gggcctatta caaaggcttg gaaaaagcac tcaagccagc taatatgtta gaacggctaa	180
aaatttatga ggaagccttg actaaatata ccaggggact ggtgccaaga aggctgccgt	240
taaacttttt atctggtgag aagttttaaag aatgttttga taagttccta aggatgaatt	300

<210> 67

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 67

tgttcttgta gtgtttgttg ctattgtag aaagattatt agtgatatgt ggggtgtctt	60
anctaaacaa cagacacatg taagaaaaca ccagtttgat catggagagc tggtttacca	120
tgcattgcaa ttgtagcat atacagccct tggattttta attatgagac taaaactctt	180
cttgacacca cacatgtgtg ttatggcatc actgatctgc tcaagacagc tatttggtg	240
gctcttttgc aaagtacatc ctggtgctat tgagtttgct atattagcag caatgtcaat	300

<210> 68

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 68

agacaaagaa aagggtggcaa tcatagaaga gttagtagta gggtatgaaa cctctctaaa	60
aagctgccgg ttatttaacc ccaatgatga tggaaaggag gaaccaccaa ccacattact	120
ttgggtccag tactacttgg cacaacatta tgacaaaatt ggtcagccat ctattgcttt	180
ggagtacata aatactgcta ttgaaagtac acctacatta atagaactct ttctcgtgaa	240
agctaaaatc tataagcatg ctggaaatat taaagaagct gcaagggtgga tggatgaggc	300

<210> 69

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 69
aattcnacac gaggtggccc ataagtttta ccttttaaac atccggctgc ctgtgaatga 60
gaagaataaa atcaatgtgg gaattgggga gataaaggat atccggttgg tggggatcca 120
ccacaatgga ggcttcacca aggcgtgggt tgccatgaag acctttctta cgcccagcat 180
cttcatcatt atgggtgtgg attggaggag gatcaccatg atgtcccagc ccccagtgct 240
tctggaaaaa gtcactcttg cccttgggat ttccatgacc tttatcaata tcccagtagg 300

<210> 70
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 70
cccaaggcaa gctgttaaca aaatcaacct gggccaatca tcaaagggtt ggacctaaagg 60
ttgctatact caatagaaca agcattttta ataaatttct cgtaagtgtg tgctttcttt 120
atgtgggtggg tgtggcttta aagagcacia aaccacaaca aatcaaagag tagctcgggc 180
ttgtcttttg ctttatggct gagggtttga aggatgattc atggacttgt gaatgccagc 240
cccagtcctcg gcttaggtct atctgccaat accaccaggg ccaacaaatt cacgcaacaa 300

<210> 71
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 71
ggaaatgcaa gtcaaaacag ctttgtaggt ctcagagttt gcttttaaga agtagtacia 60
gaaggaatag ttatatcaat acaccagtgg ctgaaattat catgaaacca aatgttggac 120
aaggcagcac aagtgtgcaa acagctatgg aaagtgaact cggagagtct agtgccacaa 180
tcaataaaag actctgcaa agtacaatag aactttcaga aaattcttta cttccagctt 240
cttctatggt gactggcaca caaagcttgc tgcaacctca tttagagagg gttgccatcg 300

<210> 72
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 72
ggattctttc actgagcaca aagagttggt ggggcttttag catctgactg attttggtac 60
gggggttgatt ctgaccatag gaagtatgca atgtgaatca ctatttacag agaaacctac 120
aacagatgct tgatgttgta gaaactggga catatagata ccaagcaaaa ttataagaaa 180
cctataaggt gttcaatacg cttgtgtttc caaaattcac tgtacatgat cagtttggtg 240
ttctgtgacc acagttttta actgaaggaa ccagttgtaa cagtctcaat tttaactaaa 300

<210> 73
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 73
ataacacaca tcacagtatg ctctcagaaa tttctttatt tgaacctat accaatatct 60
gttgatcaat gaccattttt gctcagcatg gagaaacagt gccctgcatg aagggtagtg 120

agaataaaaa ggatcttacc acctttatca tgaggggtggc tttgctctct ccattccaag 180
 ttgttctctg ttctagaaag cagatgtagt agacatctac tgtttttgcc taaacagaat 240
 ccttttttcc tttttttggt aaaagtactc atccctaata ttacattggt ctggaaggac 300

<210> 74

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 74

cagagtcaac atggagcatc tcactgtgaa atgatccatg gattgaagga tatggtaaaa 60
 tgtttatagg ttactttgaa agtaaaatat actatgtctt ggttttgagg atattggata 120
 caaaactctc ttcttttagg gctactgaga cttgattcct gatcatcaga aatttcacca 180
 gaaacaactt gcttccaata taccgaattc tatatgaaga attcatggag agtgtactgg 240
 cactgnnnnn nnnnnnngan ncntgctgct ncgaanntnt nntatttact gannntgaat 300

<210> 75

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 75

caagagagag tgatagaatt ggcagtgaaa tatacgaacc accctcctgc cctctggggt 60
 cacaatacgt gtacacttga ctgtgaagtg gctgtgagag tgggtggaga gttcttcttt 120
 gaccctcagc ctgcggatgc ctctagaaac ctctgttga ttgcaggagg agtcggaatt 180
 aaccctctgc tttccatcct gcggcacgca gcagatctcc tcagagagca ggcaaacaaa 240
 agaaatggat atgagatagg aacaataaaa ctattctaca gtgcaaaaaa taccagcgaa 300

<210> 76

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 76

gctagacgaa gtggtgaagc ccaaggactt atttttgagc tcgctgtaag actgagaaat 60
 cacgtactcc ttctgaaac cactaagagg aaaaatgtct gtgacactgc atacagatgt 120
 aggtgatatt aaaattgaag tcttctgtga gaggacaccc agaacatgtg agatggagtc 180
 tcgctgtgtc cccagggctg gagtacaatg gcgcgatctc ggctcactgc aacctccgcc 240
 tactgggttc aagcaagtct tctgcctcag cctcccagaga actgcaagag gaggcaactg 300

<210> 77

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 77

agagactttt gtttgtgttt aattagggct atgagagatt tcagggtgaga agttaaactt 60
 gagacagaga gcaagtaagc tgctcccttt aactgttttt ctttgggtct tagtcacca 120
 gttgcacact ggcattttct tgctgcaagc ttttttaaat ttctgaactc aaggcagtgg 180
 cagaagatgt cagtcacctc tgataactgg aaaaatgggt ctcttggggc ctggcactgg 240

ttctccatgg cctcagccac aggggtcccct tggaccccct ctcttcacct cagatcccag 300

<210> 78
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 78
 caggagcaat caattcctgt cgaagtgaat accatgcagc ttttaacagt atgatgatgg 60
 aacgcatgac cacagatatc aatgcactga agcggcagta ctctcgaatt aaaaagaagc 120
 aacagcagca gggttcacag gtgtacatca gggcagacaa agggccagtg accagcattc 180
 tcccgtctca ggtaaacagt tctccagtta taaaccacct tcttttagga aagaagatga 240
 aaatgactaa cagagctgcc aagaatgctg tcatccacat ccttggtcac acaggaggga 300

<210> 79
 <211> 278
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 79
 gtgctgcaga ggaagacagc ctgtcaggat actgacgagg aggaggaaga ggaagatgat 60
 gatcaggctg aatacgacgc catgttgctg gagcacgctg gagaggccat ccctgcccctg 120
 gcagccgctg ctggggggaga ctcccttggc ccattctttg ccgggttccct gccattattg 180
 gtgtgcaaga caaacacagg ctgcacagtg gcagagaagt cctttgcagt ggggaccttg 240
 gcagagacta ttcagggcct ggggtgctgct cagcccag 278

<210> 80
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 80
 ggaacttctg agtaattggt atcatttcct agtgactcgg ctcttgact ccaatcccac 60
 agtaaaaccc attgatctgc actactatgc ccagtccagc ctggacctgt ttctgggagg 120
 tgagagcagc ccagaacccc tggacaacat cttgttgga gcctttgagt ttgacatcca 180
 tcaagtaatc aaagagtgca gcatcgccct gagcaactgg tggtttggtg cccacctgac 240
 agacctgctg gaccttgca agctcctcca gtcacacaac ctctatttcg gttccaacat 300

<210> 81
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 81
 acctgtaccg cctggccact ggctgtcacc ggcgtgatga gctgccggtg ttngaacgca 60
 acctatgctg gactctcccg gcagactgcc tggatatggt cgccatgcag gaagccgccc 120
 agcaacctct cggcacacac gacttcagcg ccttccagtc cgctggcagc ccggtgccga 180
 gccccgtgcg aacgctgcgc cgggtctccg tttccccagg ccaagccagc cccttggtca 240
 cccccgagga gagcaggaag ctgcggttct ggaacctgga gtttgagagc cagtctttcc 300

<210> 82

<211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 82

cccagctgga cctggtggcc ctttcctagt gcctctgctg ggggaggaga acctgggtcc	60
acgtggaggc taggaggtct caggtgctgc cctggcagca ccagagtgtg ggccggggccc	120
gagtgtctgc ccctcgccc tcaggggtggg gcacttagca ccagaaggg accaaaagca	180
gggcatggcg gtgcagagga gtttgggagg tgtaaacagc cccatgcacg tggaggagga	240
gctggctttc agccccagac cccacgctag cactttccac gctgcttgcc cgctgttgat	300

<210> 83
 <211> 272
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 83

tctagatatl gcccaatcgc tgcccacagt gcacatacct ttccaccagt cacatgtgag	60
agggcagatt ttccaaatgc tcataccac ttggcactgt gtggactata attttggcca	120
gttaggaaat ggcatctcat tgttttcatc ttaatttgcg tcagcctgat tactcattga	180
aacttgtgag gttgagaaac ttttcttaag cttattggcc attcaagttt cctcctttat	240
gaaatggttg ttcattgcat ttgctcattt tt	272

<210> 84
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 84

cccactgccc ccggtcaaca aaccacttt tatgacagtt ttcttccgca gcttggtctct	60
taaattttac tggcaggtgt atggttgttg gagggttcct agtgagttgg gggacctggc	120
aatagagctg cttggttggg ggaagtgaag ctggccttagt accagcagct gatctcttcc	180
acgtgctgct gctttttttt ccactctgat actaaaccag agaaagctgc aggtggataa	240
agaagctgtg gctgtttttt gcttttgggt ggcaatgaga aagagtcaca gtgtgggtta	300

<210> 85
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 85

ctgggagcca ccaacatagc agattaccat gtgaagttgc cactgctgca tctcctgaaa	60
cctggctgat gggagaggtc tcattttgtg tctgagaatg tccaggttgt ctgcagacca	120
cagcactgat ttcccattag cagttattat ttcttggcca tttcttctg aaggttttgt	180
ggttaaactc cctgtcctca atattttatc agcagtaggg ctgtcattct tctggttacc	240
aacctctaca ttatgaagta aggttcaacc cttctgcttt tctcaggccc ccaaaacggt	300

<210> 86
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 86
 agaacattgg tgtgtgagtg ttttttgatg gtgcaggacc cggaggtgct ttccttgcca 60
 agaatagaaa catccagaat gtcctcccc atccccaat cccagacagc aattatgtca 120
 gccctgtaag gcattgcctg ctcttgaccc tttggcccat ctttttattt ttaaaaaatt 180
 cccatgtcac agatgccctg tctatgcaga ggggtggcgtg ggatgggtga ccactaagtt 240
 taggctgggtg aagggtggtg gcccttctga ggccctgata gaactttcca ggagttcatg 300

<210> 87
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 87
 ctccaaggaa aatccacctc gcagcttgta aatctacagc ctgattacat caaccccaga 60
 gccgtgcagc tgggctccct tctcgtccgc ggccctacca ctctggtttt agtcaacagc 120
 gcatgtggct tcccctggaa gacgagtgat ttcattgccct ggaatgtatt tgacgggaag 180
 ctttttcatc agaagtactt gcaatctgaa aagggttatg ctgtggaggt tcttttagaa 240
 caaaatagat ctcggtcac caaattccac aacctgaagg cagtcgtctg caaggcctgc 300

<210> 88
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 88
 ctgaaacaaa agatgtattt caattaaaag acttggagaa gattgctccc aaagagaaa 60
 gcattactgc tatgtcagta aaagaagtcc ttcaaagctt agttgatgat ggtatgggtg 120
 actgtgagag gatcggaact tctaattatt attgggcttt tccaagtaaa gctcttcatg 180
 caaggaaaca taagttggag gttctggaat ctcagttgtc tgaggggaagt caaaagcatg 240
 caagcctaca gaaaagcatt gagaaagcta aaattggccg atgtgaaacg gaagagcgaa 300

<210> 89
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 89
 ggggacatgt gtccctcagc tcagcagagg ctgtggtaca acatggctct tgggtgaagac 60
 ctgcacccct ggaacctccc accatcgtca caactgtagt ctcatttgca gtggagaaaa 120
 gaacccgatg tcccacagcc agatatacac ccagctccat gccagccctt catgtttacc 180
 ttttgctttg ttaattacat gtcagactcc tagagggcct ccagactaat aggaagcatt 240
 tctgtaacca acctgccacc cactgattca gaaatggaaa tcacattcca caatctatgg 300

<210> 90
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 90
 ctcatacaga aagtcagatc acaaagagt ccaagaaaaa tgcgaccag ctagaccatt 60

tgatcccagg	cttagcacac	gattgcatgg	catccccctt	agccacttca	accactgcag	120
acatccagga	agctggactc	tctcctcagt	ccctccagac	ttctggccac	cacagaatga	180
aaaccccatt	ttcaactgag	ctatccttgc	tccagcctga	tactccagac	tgtgctggag	240
atagtcatac	cccactggct	ttttccttca	ccgaggactt	ggaaagttct	tgtttgctag	300

<210> 91

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 91

aatgcaaaag	gctgcagttc	tcattcaggc	tactttcagg	atgcacagaa	catatatattac	60
atttcagact	tggaaacatg	cttcaattct	aattcagcaa	cattatcgaa	catatagagc	120
tgcaaaattg	caaagagaaa	attatatcag	acaatggcat	tctgctgtgg	ttattcaggc	180
tgcataataa	ggaatgaaag	caagacaact	tttaagggaa	aaacacaaaag	cttctattgt	240
aatacaaggc	acctacagaa	tgtataggca	gtattgtttc	taccaaagc	ttcagtgggc	300

<210> 92

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 92

aagatatgca	gagatatcc	aggatctttt	agctttgggtg	cggtctcctg	gagacagtgt	60
tattcgccaa	cagtgtgttg	aatatgtcac	atccattttg	cagtctctct	gtgatcagga	120
cattgcactt	atcttaccac	gctcttctga	aggttctatt	tctgaactgg	agcagctctc	180
caattctcta	ccaaataaag	aattgatgac	ctcaatctgt	gactgtctgt	tggetacgct	240
agctaactct	gagagcagtt	acaactgttt	actgacatgt	gtcagaacaa	tgatgtttct	300

<210> 93

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 93

cgattcgcca	gttctccatt	ctgagagtca	atcacgttcc	tgataggttg	tcattgattt	60
ttttcttctg	tggttttaac	cttctaaaca	tctccaggcc	actttcttag	cctttttcta	120
ggtactaaaa	agaggtccta	cccacacctg	cctcacactt	ctcctttcca	aggctgcctg	180
agtttgagg	ggcttggtg	tgtgtgaaca	agggccctgc	attgtctagg	cctgcagttc	240
ccaggcttgg	gttcactttc	accatgcatt	ggcaaaacta	gaaaagtaag	cttgtgacaa	300

<210> 94

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 94

tttgtgcctg	agcaccaca	atttcaggat	ttagactgtg	tggcacctca	gctttcctct	60
ggatgtaacc	actccttgg	gagagagggg	actcctcacc	aatcccattt	gacaaaaggct	120
aggcaatctt	cattctgctt	ggcttttagtc	attcttgtca	ttgggctgca	gaagaaaaac	180
aactttgctg	ggtgatccca	ctgccttgat	ttcacctcgg	agcgaggctg	ggccatgtcc	240

aagtcttatg aggtcaccct gactagaaaa aattgaactc acctacaaat agtctgaaag 300

<210> 95
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 95
gtgagtcoga gcatcagtgg cttctggagc agaccagcca cgtggaagag aagccttaca 60
gagatgggtc ggcagagccc tgctgatggc tgggccttgt ggcagccac tctgtgtgag 120
caggggtgtg ggcataata cttcaaagac cagagccctg cactgggaga gtgtccttg 180
cccaggctgg gaatcacctt tcgaggccct tcagactctg gcggggcttg ctgtggcctc 240
cctccagcta gtggtgtggc tgagcagact ccagggccag ggccagttcc cttctccct 300

<210> 96
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 96
acaactccag acataattaa agactggccc aggaggaaga gggcgggtggg ctgtggcgcc 60
ggctcctctt ccgggagggg cgaggtcggg gcagaccttc ctgggagcct gtcactgctt 120
gagacagagg gcaaggacca cggccttgaa ctcagcatcc acaggacgcc catcttggag 180
gattttgagc tcgaggaggt gtgccagctc ccagaccagt cgcctcccag gaacagcatg 240
cctaaggccg aggaagcctc ttcttgggga cagtttgggt tgagttccag gaagagagtc 300

<210> 97
<211> 286
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 97
gtccaggggc cangtttttaa tttnttttta aaaagcttta ggtcttgccg ggacgggtggt 60
tcacncnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnagg cctaggcggg tggatcacia ggtcagcagt 120
tcaagaccag cctgaccagc atggtgagac cctgtctcta ctggaaatac aaaaaaattg 180
gctgggcgag gtggcaggca cctgtggtcc cagctacctg ggaggctgag gcgggagagt 240
ctcttgaaac tggaaggcag aggttgcggt gagccgagat tgcgcc 286

<210> 98
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 98
caccattttt attttgatgc ttacactcat ttattctgtt tttgtaaac agtttcggga 60
atttaaaaat ccttccagtt aatagagctt ttgttattat attataattt tgtaaaccac 120
ctttgttttt ccacttttaa agccacaggg tcgactcatg gatgatacct ctattgctgc 180
tgcattgatg tcaagaccgg cccttggttg ttgttacaga gatgttgggc agagctatgc 240
aggtgtttca ttgtgaactc tagctttgat catggtaaaa agttaaccct ttctattttt 300

<210> 99

<211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 99

agcctcgcc	gggcccgcct	gtggctccca	ttttcctttc	agcgggacaa	aggggacttg	60
ttaccaggcc	attttctgga	tggcctgtga	gatctctgcc	cctccaagac	cctccaagtc	120
tgagcctgac	ccacagctgg	gacactgaat	tcagccctgg	gaaccatggg	ggctttctatc	180
tggcaccagg	ctgcagcctc	cccaatccca	gccactttg	ctgtgtctct	ggcgggctgt	240
cctccttggt	gggagctgtc	ctgcacactg	taggatgctt	aaaggatatcc	ctggcctcca	300

<210> 100
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 100

tccaaccctg	gcgatgtcac	cagcatgggtg	gctcagggtta	gagctctctg	aggacccagc	60
atagagcact	ggtgccaggg	accaaactga	gacccaccca	ccgtcatcaa	cacttacata	120
ccataaagg	cttcagagt	ccttgccct	agacctccct	tcattctttg	tagagatgga	180
atctaagaat	gaaacatctc	cactcagtcc	tgcaaata	gaagttcttg	agataccttt	240
ttttggtaga	tacttgtgct	ggtattctga	gagtcacttt	actctgatgg	tttgcaagat	300

<210> 101
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 101

gtgtttcttc	tacctcccct	gcacaacatt	gtttatatgc	cccctaaaat	gtaacttctt	60
tagattctgt	tgttacgtgc	aacactgtat	atctctccat	agcactta	cagagtttgt	120
aattaggcat	ctttttgtgt	gattatttgg	taaatgtcca	tatcccctac	tagcctataa	180
gctccatgac	ttctaggtac	cctgtctgac	tacgtgtatc	actggttcta	ccgcctaaca	240
ttgcctagca	cattcattgc	ttcacaggca	tctgaatatg	ggtttataaa	atacattgct	300

<210> 102
 <211> 270
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 102

cctggccctg	ctgcccctcc	tgaatctcgt	atgatgggtca	cagtccgggtg	gccgtggggg	60
tgctctgcct	tccctgggtcc	ccactgccc	tatctgtgga	ctgccccttc	caaagacccc	120
tggaggaggt	gtnnnnnnnn	nnnttnntgn	nccactacc	ntgcactgaa	ctggccntgt	180
tacancaann	actgmncccn	nttgttatna	cacctntnac	aaacacctgc	tgctgtacat	240
gncnctactt	taaggactnn	anacctgtgc				270

<210> 103
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 103
 gctggagcac gctggagagg ccatccctgc cctggcagcc gcggctgggg gagactcctt 60
 tgccccattc tttgccggtt tcctgccatt attggtgtgc aagacaaaac agggctgcac 120
 agtggcagag aagtcctttg cagtggggac cttggcagag actattcagg gcctgggtgc 180
 tgccctcagcc cagtttgtgt ctcggctgct ccctgtgctg ttgagcaccg cccaagaggg 240
 agaccccag gtgcgaagca atgccatctt cgggatgggc gtgctggcag agcatggggg 300

<210> 104
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 104
 ctgcgctctc ttcactgcac attgcaatgc atttgcgatt cccatttctc tgctaggagc 60
 cagcctgggt ggcgctgctc ccagagccgt gggteccaga ccttgcttc cttttgttcc 120
 tgtccgttta tcaggacacg ggccccacct gtcacgtgcc cgaggccacc caagcccagc 180
 ctgcggggcg ttcactgc ctggatgcc gcttgagttc tgcgcacgca ggattcagtg 240
 tggggacggc ccctgccgga taggcctagc cctggcccag gtggtgagcg gtttgcaagt 300

<210> 105
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 105
 gggcactgtg gggctctccc cgctctcct gccttgtttg cccctcagcg tgccaggcag 60
 actgggggca ggacagccgg aagctgagac caaggctcct cacagaaggg cccaggaagt 120
 ccccgccctt gggacagcct cctccgtagc ccctgcacgg caccagttcc ccgagggacg 180
 cagcagggcg cctcccgag cgcccggtgg tctgcacagc ccagcccagc ccaaggcccc 240
 caggagctgg gactctgcta caccagtgta aatgctgtgt cccttctccc ccgtgcccct 300

<210> 106
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 106
 gctcaacgcc tatgtgaccc atctccatgc cgaatacaat cgacagaagg acatctacct 60
 agcacatcgt gtggcccaag cttgggaatt ggcccagttc atccaccaca catccaagaa 120
 ggcagacgtg gttctgttgt gtggagacct caacatgcac ccagaagacc tgggctgctg 180
 cctgctgaag gagtggacag ggcttcatga tgcttatctt gaaactcggg acttcaaggg 240
 ctctgaggaa ggcaacacaa tgggtaccaa gaactgctac gtcagccagc aggagctgaa 300

<210> 107
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 107
 tgtgagtttc ctatctgttc cagactagta tcgccaatct ctcccagctc tcttctttcc 60
 tccctggcct ttgtcctgca ggaggtagca tcacctcttg gcattttgta catgctttta 120

aacaattgga ggagctgccc aggagtttt atggcctcct ggttggtgtgc cttcacaccc 180
gcctacagcc ccacctcacc atcaagcgct gagccaatgc ggggtgtggct ggccttgagt 240
tcctgagtca gctccttgcc agggccagag ctggtaacag cggggcagca ggggtgggtag 300

<210> 108

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 108

aggttgctca cctgaaggag cacaggaggg ttttccaggg catgtggctc aggttctctca 60
agcacaagct gccctcagc ctctacaaga aggtgctgct gattgtgcat gacgccatcc 120
tgccgcagct ggcgcagccc acgctcatga tcgacttctt caccgcgcc tgcgacctcg 180
ggggggccct cagcctcttg gccttgaacg ggctgttcat cttgattcac aaacacaacc 240
tggagtaccc tgacttctac cggaagctct acggcctctt ggacccctct gtctttcacg 300

<210> 109

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 109

cacaaggaga agaaagttaa ttaacattga aagatgagaa gacatcttgg aagaacttga 60
attgggcctt ggaagaagaa cagccattca aatagataga attgtggtag caaaggcata 120
gaggtaggaa agtatagatc tccagggaca gtagtcatgg ggttggggca ctgttggaat 180
ttaaggttgg aaggatatat tggagccctt tgaatacggg aacaaggcac accttgggca 240
gtggagagtt atcagagtgt ttgaaaagga gggttattga gtaaataaat agactggtac 300

<210> 110

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 110

gacacccag atgcagccac caccagcaga agcgatcagc tgaccccaaca agggcacgtg 60
gctgtggccg tgggctcagg tggcagctat ggagccgagg atgaggtgga ggaggagagt 120
gacaaggccg cgctcctgca ggagcagcag cagcagcagc agccgggatt ctggaccttc 180
agctactatc agagcttctt tgacgtggac acctcacagg tcctggaccg gatcaaaggc 240
tcaactgctgc cccggcctgg ccacaacttt gtgcggcacc atctgcggaa tcggccggat 300

<210> 111

<211> 271

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 111

cctggccctg ctgcccctcc tgaatctcgt atgatggtca cagtcgggtg gccgtggggg 60
tgctctgcct tccctgggcc ccaactgccca tatctgtgga ctgccccttc caaagacccc 120
tggtgggggt ggggnnttcc ttctannccn ntacnctatg tggttaatnn ncntantnct 180
ttantantat ttncantgn tnnatnatn ntnnanana nncntnctta nnnacattat 240
tttanntang ngatnntacc ttnntgnaan g 271

<210> 112
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 112
 gttccctcac cttattcctc caagttcccc cttgggaacc tctgagatta acttgataag 60
 ctccctgggc aagctcttta tcctaagatt cctcagttag ccttatagag ttgctgtag 120
 aattacattt gttcatgatg tcaagtgtct ggtatgtagc taatgcttat tgaacacata 180
 gtaatttatt gaataattgt catgatcact ggatgagata tagccactgt ggaggtaggc 240
 acaccagggt ttttagaggct tgggatcttg caacaggatt ttcctcttgc ctctccaaac 300

<210> 113
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 113
 cccacatgta ccagggttag tttgaagatg gatcccagat agcaatgaag agagaggaca 60
 tctacacttt agatgaagag ttaccaaga gagtgaagc tcgattttcc acagcctctg 120
 acatgcatg tgaagacacg ttttatggag cagacattat ccaaggggag agaaagagac 180
 aaagagtgt gagctccagg tttagaatg aatatgtggc cgaccctgta taccgcactt 240
 ttttgaagag ctctttccag aagaagtgcc agaagagaca gtagtctgca tacatcgctg 300

<210> 114
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 114
 acagttagt taaaggatct gaatggcata gacttaactc ctgtgcaaga tactcctgtg 60
 gcttcaagaa aagaagatac atatgtacat tttaatgtgg acattgagct ccagaagcat 120
 gttgaaaaat taaccaaagg tgcagctatc ttctttgaat tcaaacta caagcctaaa 180
 aaaaggttta ccagcaccaa gtgttttctt ttcattggaga tggatgaaat taaacctggg 240
 ccaattgtaa tagaactata cacgaaaccc actgacttta aaagaaagaa attgcaatta 300

<210> 115
 <211> 288
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 115
 gtgatctgcc tgccttggtc tcccaaagtg ctgggaatac aggcattgagc caccgcactc 60
 ggccaggagc tagttttatc agcatcctgc tccactgcct tcctctagtg cagcctggaa 120
 gacatggcag cgggttagctc ctggggctga gccagaagca tcaactgcagt gaaagtctct 180
 gcttacctgt ctggctcagc ttgggcaagg gctgggccat atgtgctcag ggacgtgctt 240
 ctcttgtaag gcaggaggat anaanaggac cannaanggn gggagctg 288

<210> 116
 <211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 116

tcaattagta	acatctgaaa	aaacagcttt	gtcctgggtg	aaaaaggatg	ccaaaattgc	60
ctggaaaaga	gcagtgagag	gagtccggga	gatgtgtgat	gcatgtgaag	caacattgtt	120
taacattcac	tgggtctgcc	aaaaatgtgg	atttgtggtc	tgcttagatt	gttacaaggc	180
aaaggaaagg	aagagttcta	gagataaaga	actatatgct	tggatgaagt	gtgtgaaggg	240
acagcctcat	gatacacaac	atttaatgcc	aacccaaatt	atacctggtt	ctgttttgac	300

<210> 117

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 117

gcactttcca	gaattctctc	atatttgtgg	gctgggatca	agcctgcagc	ttgaggaaaag	60
cacaaggaaa	ggaaagaaga	tctgggtgaa	agctcagggt	gcagcggact	ctgactccac	120
tgaggaaactg	cctcagaagc	tgcgatcaca	actttggctg	aagcccctgc	ctcactctag	180
ggcacctgac	ctggcctctt	gcctaaacca	caaggctaag	ggctatagac	aatgggtttcc	240
ttaggaacag	taaaccagtt	tttctaggga	tggcccttgg	ctgggggatg	acagtgtggg	300

<210> 118

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 118

agaacgttct	caggttgacc	agctgctgaa	tatttcttta	agggaggaag	aacttagtaa	60
gtcattgcag	tgcatggata	acaatcttct	gcaagcccg	gcagcccttc	agacagctta	120
tgtggaagtt	cagaggctac	ttatgctcaa	gcagcagata	actatggaga	tgagtgcact	180
gaggacccat	agaatacaga	ttctacaggg	attacaagaa	acatatgaac	cttctgagca	240
cccaggtttg	gcatagaaat	ggtacccctt	gttcaaaatg	aacaagaagc	cttagatttg	300

<210> 119

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 119

gaacaaagaa	ggaatgtctt	cctcatgttt	gggtctatag	aagacgttaa	agaaaacttc	60
cagaaagtgg	gtttgaggca	tgagccacca	cgctggcca	aaggatttaa	tgaattaatg	120
gatgtacagt	gctggggctg	gtattctagg	gcctgcattg	agactcacat	tttgccatca	180
aaagcctttt	aagaggtgga	ggttgcggtg	agctgacatg	gtgccactgc	actccggcct	240
gagtgacaga	gtgagactct	gtctcacaaa	aaaaataatg	ccctttaaat	aatgaataat	300

<210> 120

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 120

cctcagcctt	ctaaaaagct	ggggctacac	ccagctgaag	aaattgtaac	taaagataga	60
ttgttttaaag	caaagcaaga	aacttctgaa	gaaatggaac	aaagtggaga	agcctcagga	120
aagcccaaca	gagagtgtgc	accccagatt	ccttgtagta	ctcctattgc	tactgaaagg	180
acagttgcac	atttgaacac	tctgaaggac	cgtcaccag	gtgatttggtg	ggcccgcag	240
cacatctcat	cccttggaat	atgctgcagg	aga			273

<210> 121

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 121

agaacgttct	caggttgacc	agctgctgaa	tattttcttta	agggaggaag	aacttagtaa	60
gtcattgcag	tgcatggata	acaatcttct	gcaagcccgt	gcagcccttc	agacagctta	120
tgtggaagtt	cagaggctac	ttatgctcaa	gcagcagata	actatggaga	tgagtgcact	180
gaggacccat	agaatacaga	ttctacaggg	attacaagaa	acatatgaac	cttctgagca	240
cccaggtttg	gcatagaaat	ggtacccctt	gttcaaaatg	aacaagaagc	cttagatttg	300

<210> 122

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 122

gttgcaagca	gccttggaat	agtaactctt	ctcatttggt	tgggatctgg	ccaccaagtt	60
ccagaatgat	acacggatca	gtgcagaagt	tcatacaggct	ctcggacctt	agggctgttg	120
gagaaggctt	cagcagcaga	actgatgggtg	aaggctcgtg	ttctccatcc	tcaactttct	180
ttgcttcgat	catacacaag	aatacatttg	gaagggcaaa	aaaatgaaca	ctgtcgttca	240
ttgcagccgt	gttttgtgac	acagatgcac	agtctgctgt	gaagaccttc	tctcaagtgg	300

<210> 123

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 123

gtgatttcag	cttccaaact	ggtatacatt	ccaaactgat	agtacattgc	catctccagg	60
aagacttgac	ggctttggga	ttttgtttta	acttttataa	taaggatcct	aagactgttg	120
cctttaaata	gcaaagcagc	ctacctggag	gctaagtctg	ggcagtgggc	tggcccttgg	180
tgtgagcatt	agaccagcca	cagtgcctga	ttggtatagc	cttatgtgct	ttcctacaaa	240
atggaattgg	aggccggggc	cagtggctca	cgctgtaat	cccagcactt	tgggaggcca	300

<210> 124

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 124

catgctggcc	agcatccctg	cctgtgcaag	ctctggatga	gctgtgagcc	cctgccaccc	60
acacccccac	tccctgccag	cctggcctca	gggcctctga	tccatgtgca	ctggagagga	120

gatgactgac agggccactg gggcatttcc acgttaacag cagctgccac tggcaaaaga 180
 agtgactcgc caatggaggc atctcagatg tgggcccagg agtctgggga gctactttga 240
 acagggctat ccattcattg tcccacaaa ggctatggag cccacccacc atgtgctgga 300

<210> 125

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 125

ggtaaattgg ttgaattatt gtattgaagc ttgagctgta gctaaaagta atttaggttt 60
 cccctaagat gttattatgt tagggacata acacttttgg gaggttggtg tgggagatgg 120
 ttgatttagg ttttcaaaag ctagaaataa aatttacatg ccttagattt cataaaattc 180
 tgctctaatt ggggtggaagg tgctgtatct aacttgtgtt cctcctaagg ttatgtccta 240
 ataactattc ttttaggagt atacttctac tttatagaag gttgcttttc tttttaattt 300

<210> 126

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 126

tgaagaggag atcgggtgacc tgggctcctt atgtgcctga aagagtttga gtttcctggt 60
 aactccaaat caacagtatt ttcaacaaga aatgtgcaat tgaaatcaag tgctgtttta 120
 gtgcagctag gatttccaca ggaagacact tgcagtgaac agagttatgg agcagcaaaa 180
 acacagatct atttggaaaa agagaaaaca tatgcgttgt attttgcttc aattataaaa 240
 taccatcctc tcaaagggtg ttctaaatta caaaggactt tgatttctag gtagattctg 300

<210> 127

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 127

ggtgattccc atgctgaaca gtttgatctc ctgccagagt gtcggggccac aaactgggca 60
 gcacatcagg atcacctggg ggccttcaaa aatcaaaaat ccacccccag gccatgccct 120
 ggacccactg caccaggaca agaaatccac cccaggcctc tccccagacc cactgcacca 180
 ggacaagaaa tccacccccca ggccacgccc cagacccact gccctaggat gtgggggtgg 240
 gaaccagggtg gtgctttgta aagacgtgca ggtggtaacc ccaggccccc acgctcggaa 300

<210> 128

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 128

tgagctggga gaaggggaga aagtttgtga agaggagatc ggtgacctgg gctccttatg 60
 tgctgaaag agtttgagtt tcctgttaac tccaaatcaa cagtattttc aacaagaaat 120
 gtgcaattga aatcaagtgc tgtttaagtg cagctaggat ttccacagga agacacttgc 180
 agtgaacaga gttatggagc agcaaaaaca cagatctatt tggaaaaaga gaaaacatat 240
 gcgttgattt ttgcttcaat tataaaatac catcctctca aagggtggttc taaattacaa 300

<210> 129
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 129
 ggaaagcaca aggaagaggaa agaagatctg gtggaaagct caggtggcag cggactctga 60
 ctccactgag gaactgcctc agaagctgcg atcacaactt tggctgaagc ccctgcctca 120
 ctctagggca cctgacctgg cctcttgctt aaaccacaag gctaagggct atagacaatg 180
 gtttccttag gaacagtaaa ccagtttttc tagggatggc ccttggctgg gggatnnnnn 240
 nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnaggaagat accatttctt gacgg 285

<210> 130
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 130
 ccggacgcag gccctcggggc aggagcatct ggcagagtgg ggggcgtggc aggcaccctc 60
 ctttgcaggg cgaggtgggg cctctgcagc catcctggac aggccggggg ggcggcagct 120
 ttgcccacgt ggaagcgggg tgggtctcac ttgcgtgggt gccctggcc ccactctgcc 180
 tgctgcggcc tggggagcag gcgctgggtg gtggttctgc ctgcttgctg ctcgttcccc 240
 gggcatgcgt gggcagcggg gggcatgcgt gggcagcagg gggccgtggg cagcgggggc 300

<210> 131
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 131
 gatctctata ctagtgaaca gtgccagttc cacacttttg acttagaact gttctctagt 60
 tattgtaaca cagaatactg tcaatcccta atttacttaa tgttacttat tggaagtggg 120
 gctgatgaaa tacgcacagg agggaaatct actgtgttta ggcacaggca gccccagtgt 180
 ataaggagat catattccaa aaggttgtca gttggttgtt tgcaacctgg aatgtatttt 240
 ccttttagaga ccaggttatc catggttggtt agggccctag agcagctgga aaagatgac 300

<210> 132
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 132
 ctcccatgga ggtggtggga atggcaccga gaagtttgat gacagttatc taatggacta 60
 gaggttggca aactttctgt aaatggccag gtagtaaata gttctgcttt tgaaggcata 120
 tggctctctg cacctactcg aggctgaaag cagctataga caatacataa atgaatgagc 180
 gtgagtgtgt tccaataaga aaaaaacatg gctgtttgct tcggccccag ggttgtagct 240
 taccagtctt gtaacagatc acagtttgct cttttggtca caaatacttg aaccctccc 300

<210> 133
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 133

atgctatgcc	aaagcctgct	gccagctcca	tagcctggac	ctacagcact	gcatggtgga	60
gtccacagct	gtggtgagct	tcttggagga	ggcagggtcc	cgaatgcgca	agttgtggct	120
gacctacagc	tcccagacga	cagccatcct	gggcgcactg	ctgggcagct	gctgccccca	180
gctccagggtc	ctggagggtga	gcaccggcat	caaccgtaat	agcattcccc	ttcagctgcc	240
tgtccagggtc	ntgcaaaaag	gctgccctc				269

<210> 134

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 134

gatggatgag	actggttctg	agttcatcaa	gaggaccatc	ttgaaaatcc	ccatgaatga	60
actgacaaca	atcctgaagg	cctgggattt	tttgtctgaa	aatcaactgc	agactgtaaa	120
tttccgacag	agaaaggaat	ctgtagttca	gcacttgatc	catctgtgtg	aggaaaagcg	180
tgcaagtatc	agtgatgctg	ccctgttaga	catcatttat	atgcaatttc	atcagcacca	240
gaaagtttgg	gatgtttttc	agatgagtaa	aggaccaggt	gaagatgttg	acctttttga	300

<210> 135

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 135

ggcgagcggg	aacagctctt	gaggagttag	actgcaggag	atgtgggccc	tgccaaagag	60
atggatgaga	ctgttgctga	gttcatcaag	aggaccatct	tgaaaatccc	catgaatgaa	120
ctgacaacaa	tcctgaaggc	ctgggatttt	ttgtctgaaa	atcaactgca	gactgtaaat	180
ttccgacaga	gaaaggaatc	tgtagttcag	cacttgatcc	atctgtgtga	ggaaaagcgt	240
gcaagtatca	gtgatgctgc	cctgttagac	atcatttata	tgcaatttca	tcagcaccag	300

<210> 136

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 136

gacttctaaa	tatatcttgg	atataatagg	tgataagttc	tgtcaattag	taacatctga	60
aaaaacagct	ttgtcctggg	tgaaaaagga	tgccaaaatt	gcctggaaaa	gagcagttag	120
aggagtccgg	gagatgtgtg	atgcatgtga	agcaacattg	tttaacattc	actgggtctg	180
ccaaaaatgt	ggatttgtgg	tctgcttaga	ttgttacaag	gcaaaggaaa	ggaagagttc	240
tagagataaa	gaactatatg	cttggatgaa	gtgtgtgaag	ggacagcctc	atgatacaaa	300

<210> 137

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 137

ttgacaaatt	gctggaacac	acttattgtg	gtttaccgg	ttttaattat	gtcagagatt	60
gcatcatcct	tatgcttggt	tacatctata	atcttctatg	aaatgggtgg	accaaggggc	120
gccaacagc	ttttatcccc	attcttagag	catattcttt	attataatga	ttatccaaca	180
tatttcttta	attttaatac	aaaaaatata	tcattttaatt	tttgttacat	atgaacattc	240
attttttaaat	gtcagcctc	aagtgcaggc	atttttgagt	ggcctgatta	catattcctc	300

<210> 138

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 138

ggaaggggag	ggttggtgag	tcccagacct	taaaaatata	aggttaagag	ggaccccaaa	60
gcaaaaaatt	ccaacccttt	tcctcccagt	cattgaaaca	ccaaaactat	tataccggag	120
ggtgtaatat	ttttgtgccc	cagttgtggg	aggccagtag	tggcctccca	agatgcccac	180
gtcctaatacc	caggaacctg	tcaaaattac	cttgtatggc	caaaggggct	ttgcagatgt	240
aatgaagtta	aggatctttc	gccaggaaga	ttatcccagc	ttgttcagga	gggcttgatg	300

<210> 139

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 139

gacatcattt	tcttattcta	gtaagagaaa	gtacacagat	tcaactttag	agaggacttt	60
tttttttctg	gagctaaatc	aaggaaggat	tatcacgtgg	cctcccttga	atataatttt	120
gaagctgtga	acagtaccat	cagtaacatt	ttatggacag	ctctgatggg	ttttatacca	180
cggcactctt	cttacctttg	ggggaagcta	tctggagtta	tgactgatgt	gtaaagtggg	240
ttactgttag	aatcctgggt	tgctaggatt	ctgggagagt	cactttcagg	aagttacctg	300

<210> 140

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 140

gctgcccagg	cagttttatg	gcctcctggg	tgtgtgcctt	cacaccggcc	tacagcccca	60
cctcaccatc	aagcgctgag	ccaatgcggg	tgtggctggc	cctgagttcc	tgagtcagct	120
ccttgccagg	gccagagctg	gtaacagcgg	ggcagcaggg	tgggtagcct	ctaccagcca	180
gggcagtccc	tgaggggcca	gcaggggggc	tgactgccta	gtgggtcaac	ctcctgaacc	240
caccactccc	cagcgatgct	accagaacc	ccaacggcat	gaatcctgca	cagtgccggg	300

<210> 141

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 141

cccaaaactta	tcgggggtgc	cagaggcaga	gtagacaagc	cttagtggcc	gccattttgtt	60
gaatatctac	tgtgcgcca	gcagtgcgtc	acaactttat	gaagtaggta	ttattatcat	120
ccccatttta	caggtgaaga	aactgagtct	ctgagagacc	aacttttcca	aggtcacaca	180

gaggtgggat ccagcccact tccgtctgac cccaagcccc tgctgttaac ccttgcccca 240
 ttgtggggag gttccggccc actctggagt tctctggtct gcgtcagtcc tcaggagaag 300

<210> 142

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 142

gaaaggtggc gcgcttctca cggctgagtt gctgocctg cagacggaag ctccccacag 60
 gcagagctgc ttggatgtgt gagtcatgaa gccagagaag ccccgctcca tgagcagtga 120
 ctccccaggc cctgtgacct cctcctgtc ttgcagctcc tctggcacc agtccccagg 180
 gctctcctgt tggtagttcc tgcttttctt cttggaaatt cctcgtggac ctcgagatct 240
 ttaccctaaa atagttctgt tgaatttcac cctggcaatg taaattgata gcttatcttc 300

<210> 143

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 143

cttggccttg cttctctgag aaaacttttg tcacacctcc agagccaggg tgggtgcctc 60
 cctggaggag ggggctttcc tggttggtgg cacagcagga gtccaggctt tgtaccgtgg 120
 acaccatggg ctatggcaac accttcctca ccacacctcc atgaggacct cgggagagag 180
 tggacatgaa accctttgtg ctctgaagca ttcaacagaa gctttctggt tctgtgccta 240
 tttctttggc acttgagcgt gtttgcaggt tcattacaca catgatgaaa gctctggccc 300

<210> 144

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 144

cctgactgag tgccctgacgg tggacccctt cagtgccagc gtctgaaggc agctgtaccc 60
 taagcacctg tcacagtcca gccttctgct ggagcacttg ctcagctcct gggagcagat 120
 tccaagaag gtacagaagt ctttgcaaga aaccattcag tccctcaagc ttaccaacca 180
 ggagctgctg aggaagggtg gcagtaacaa ccaggatgtc gtcacctgtg acatggcctg 240
 caagggcctg ttgcagcagg ttcagggtcc tcggctgccc tggacgcggc tcctcctggt 300

<210> 145

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 145

gccagagcct agaggagaga tcaaagaccc tggccgaagt gaagcccatt ctgcaagcaa 60
 ctgggttccc atggcatgtg gtggccttag aggaggtgtt cagcctgcca ccgtcgggtg 120
 tttggtgctc tgcccaggag ctgggtggat ccgagggggc ctacaaggcg gccgtggaca 180
 gtttctcca gcagcagcat gtgctggggg cgggggggtg tcttggnccg actcaagggg 240
 annnnnnnnn nnnncnaacc cccgctggac cccngaanc tggcaagacc ngctgcccct 300

<210> 146
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 146
 tgactttgta cctgggtccaa gctgttgggg aattgctgct gttgaccag gcaggagtct 60
 gactagagaa caaactaagg ttgctgcaac aaacaaggac ctcttccaag aagggctccc 120
 aggctggcg cagtgactca tgcctgtgat ccagcactt gggaggccga ggcgggtgga 180
 tcatttgagg ccaggagtgc gagaccagct tggccaacat gatgagacc cgtctctatt 240
 aaaatacaa aaattagcca ggcgtggtgg cgcctgtagt ccagctact caggaggttg 300

<210> 147
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 147
 ggnaangcna nngnaggaga nagagaagna ncagtnnagn cccangaaac ccnntgaaac 60
 ccttagaagn cagaggagng aaaggangaa aaanangggn ggangagaac nnannnnnggn 120
 caaannaagg angannnta ggngngaaaa anaanaacaa anggggaaaa ngggaaaaaa 180
 ggcganaaag gnaanannag nanaaggngg aananannnn annagaaagg ncaanaaaaag 240
 aagnacaaag aaaaangana anaagnaann annanannga cagagacaag aagga 295

<210> 148
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 148
 cgctgtgctt gagaccaacc tgacgggtac cttctacatg tgcaaagcag ttacagctc 60
 ctggatgaaa gagcatggag gatctatcgt caatatcatt gtccctacta aagctggatt 120
 tccattagct gtgcattctg gagctgcaag agcagggtgtt tacaacctca ccaaactctt 180
 agctttggaa tgggctgca gtggaatacg gatcaattgt gttgcccctg gagttattta 240
 ttcccagact gctgtggaga actatggttc ctggggacaa agcttctttg aaggggtcttt 300

<210> 149
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 149
 agtgtcagtt ttctaatct cagtccaggt aggaattaag aaatatctca agtgttgatg 60
 ctatccaagc atgttggggg ggaaggggat tgggtgccag aaaatgggac tggagtggag 120
 aatatctttt cttttgagag taccctcagt ttatttctac tgtgctttat tgctactgtt 180
 ctttattgtg aatgttgtaa ctttttaaaa atgttttgcc atagcttttt aggacttggt 240
 gttaaaggag ccagtgggtc ctctgggtgg gtactataat gagttattgt gaccacagc 300

<210> 150
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 150

tgtagacttt atgtcagttc tgtgtagact ttatgtcagt ttttgtcatt atttgaaaat	60
ctattctgac aacttttttaa ttccctttgat cttataagtt aaagctgtaa caactgaaat	120
tgcatggatc aagtaagcat agttttatcc agggagaaaa ataaaaggaa gccatagaat	180
tgctctggtc aaaaccaagc acaccatagc ctttaactgaa tatttaggaa atctgcctaa	240
tctgcttata tttggtgttt gttttttgac tgttgggctt tgggaagatg ttatttatga	300

<210> 151

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 151

gcggggcccg ccagcggaag cccctgcgcc cgcgccatgt caaagaaaaa aggactgagt	60
gcagaagaaa agagaactcq catgatggaa atattttctg aaacaaaaga tgtatttcaa	120
ttaaaagact tggagaagat tgctcccaa gagaaaggca ttactgctat gtcagtaaaa	180
gaagtccttc aaagcttagt tgatgatggt atggttgact gtgagaggat cggaacttct	240
aattattatt gggcttttcc aagtaaagct cttcatgcaa ggaaacataa gttggagggt	300

<210> 152

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 152

gatattcaca cagtatgtat tatattaacc atatcacact taagttatta aattcagact	60
atgtgtaact tattgttata gggcctgccg tatggcttag gatatttgag taatcatata	120
tttaaagtaa aaactttggg ctgggcacag tggctcacac ctgtaatccc agcacttggg	180
gaagctgagg tgggcagatc agttgaggtc aggagttcta gaccagcctg gtcaacatgg	240
cgaaacccca tctctactaa aaatacaaaa attagctggg cgtggtggca cacacctgta	300

<210> 153

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 153

cagagaccag ctttctccag aggctgtcac tgcaggagcc gtgggcctgg gaagacttgg	60
aagcggcctc tctcaactgg tttctgtctc cgtggagctg gaactgcctg cacttgacct	120
cagagggagg cacagtccac ccagatccac ctttccagca agacccccag tggctgcccc	180
gcctgggagc acctctttgc ttttcacacc aaacaaaaac tggcgagagc ccttcctagc	240
caccagtgat cccaagcat ccagtacaga accaggcatc gagctagctc cctgcacggc	300

<210> 154

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 154

cttgacctct	gtacttttaa	gaaatcacta	accaaatttt	caaagtttcc	ttttaaatgc	60
gttttagctag	aaatctatgt	atztatccct	ttcctatttt	gcattcttct	cccactattt	120
ttaaaaactc	atttacagta	gaaaccattc	ttctttctcc	caacagtatc	ctttgccaaag	180
accatgagaa	cagtatggga	gcatgttggt	ggtcaggggt	tcagaatacg	cgatgatgtca	240
ctgagaatgt	ttgctcacag	tcaataattg	tctttgtgga	tgtgataatt	ttggagatac	300

<210> 155

<211> 81

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 155

gatcattggt	aattagtgac	atagtaacat	ctgtagcagc	tggttagtaa	acctcatgtg	60
ggggaggtgt	gggaggtttt	a				81

<210> 156

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 156

ggcagcacia	gtgtgcaaac	agctatggaa	agtgaactcg	gagagtctag	tgccacaatc	60
aataaaagac	tctgcaaaag	tacaatagaa	ctttcagaaa	attctttact	tccagcttct	120
tctatgttga	ctggcacaca	aagcttgctg	caacctcatt	tagagagggg	tgccatcgat	180
gctctacagt	tatgttgttt	gttacttccc	ccaccaaate	gtagaaagct	tcaactttta	240
atgcgtatga	tttcccgaat	gagtcaaaaat	gttgatatgc	ccaaacttca	tgatgcaatg	300

<210> 157

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 157

ctgggtgagga	gtctttgcca	gagcgaggag	cagcgggttac	tggaaacaggt	gcatggcgaa	60
gaggagcggg	cccaccagag	catcctgaca	cagcgggtgc	actggggcga	ggcgctgcag	120
aaacttgaca	ccatccgcac	tggcctgggtg	ggcatgctta	ctcacctgga	tgacctccag	180
ctgattcaga	aggagcaaga	gattttcgag	aggaccgaag	aagcagaggg	cattttggat	240
ccccaggagt	cggaaatggt	aaactttaat	gagaagtgca	ctcggagccc	actactgacc	300

<210> 158

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 158

cgacagctct	ccaataactca	ggttaatgct	gaaaaatcat	ccaagacagt	tattgcaaga	60
gtttaatttt	tgaaaactgg	ctactgctct	gtgtttacag	acgtgtgcag	ttgtaggcat	120
gtagctacag	gacattttta	agggcccagg	atcgtttttt	cccagggcaa	gcagaagaga	180
aaatgttgta	tatgtctttt	acccggcaca	ttccccttgc	ctaaatacaa	gggctggagt	240
ctgcacggga	cctattagag	tattttccac	aatgatgatg	atttcagcag	ggatgacgtc	300

<210> 159
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 159
 agtaccacaga gttgcgagga gttttttaac tgatttagcc aggtggcaat catgagtga 60
 tggatgaaga aaggcccctt agaattggca gattacattt acaaagaggt ccgagtga 120
 gccagtgaaga agaattgagta taaaggatgg gttttaacta cagaccaggt ctctgccaat 180
 attgtccttg tgaacttcct tgaagatggc agcatgtctg tgaccggaat tatgggacat 240
 gctgtgcaga ctgttgaaac tatgaatgaa ggggaccata gagtggagga gaagctgatg 300

<210> 160
 <211> 294
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 160
 ctttgagcta ggataaaaat tgggtaaagg acatttgctt acctgcaaat gaatcactgt 60
 ggaaatgtga tcttcccata tcatcaagaa acttggtttt tggatgaata ctgggagaat 120
 aaaatgagaa ctctggagtg agctaaattg atcccaatta agtttttctg cttagcagac 180
 agaaggtata attttttgac accctttccc acctggtgcc tatgctaggc ttgttctgat 240
 aacatccctc actnactnga tnttcacatn gnncttnenc tgangtccca tttt 294

<210> 161
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 161
 ctctctcaaa gcatgggtgc tgagtaccca gaggttgcgag gaggtttttta actgatttag 60
 ccagggtggca atcatgagtg aatggatgaa gaaaggcccc ttagaatggc aagattacat 120
 ttacaaagag gtccgagtga cagccagtga gaagaatgag tataaaggat gggttttaac 180
 tacagaccca gtctctgcca atattgtcct tgtgaacttc cttgaagatg gcagcatgtc 240
 tgtgaccgga attatgggac atgctgtgca gactgttgaa actatgaatg aaggggacca 300

<210> 162
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 162
 gccccgtgtg gggagacgga cagcaccctc ctcatctggc aggtgccctt gatgctatag 60
 cgctctccct ctccctcag agggcacagc tgcaggcctg accaaggcca cgcccggtc 120
 tcgtgctcta ggacctgcac gggacttggt gatgggcctg gactctccag aaactacttg 180
 ggccagagca aaggaaaacc tcttgtttta aaaaaatttt tttcagagtg ttttggggag 240
 gaggtttagg gcttggggag agggaggaca catctggagg aaatggcctt ctttttaaaa 300

<210> 163
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 163

gaccggctgg	gcctacaaaa	agatcgagct	ggaggatctc	aggtttcttc	tggtctgtgg	60
ggagggcaaa	aaggctcggg	tgatggccac	cattgggggtg	acccgaggct	tgggagacca	120
cagccttaag	gtctgcagtt	ccacctgcc	catcaagccc	tttctctcct	gcttccctga	180
ggtacgagtg	tatgacctga	cacaatatga	gcaactgcca	gatgatgtgc	tagtccctggg	240
aacagatggc	ctgtgggatg	tcactactga	ctgtgaggta	tctgccactg	tggacagggt	300

<210> 164

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 164

aaaatttata	ngtaatgaca	aatgacttat	cagtgttcat	catctgaaag	ctaagtgggt	60
cgttcaatca	ctttttcaaa	gttgatagta	gattgcatgg	tttcatgttt	cctcatattg	120
gtttattaat	tctatttaat	caaggaaaaat	aacttcagat	tccataaaagt	ttcagtttat	180
tttttagttta	ctactaggtg	agatagcaca	ttacatactt	ttactatcaa	atattatatt	240
agcagcttcc	catagtacca	aatgatttga	ttccctactc	tcatttttta	aagcatataa	300

<210> 165

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 165

ctggactctg	agtcgtcttg	gtcccaggag	ccagtagtga	aggcaacagt	ctgcccacct	60
gtggacacca	gacctggga	gctcctggtt	agcaagtga	atctctggga	tgtcagtga	120
gctggttgaa	gaccagaggt	aaactgcaga	ggtcaccacc	cccaccatgt	cccagggtgat	180
gtccagccca	ctgctggcag	gaggccatgc	tgtcagcttg	gcgccttggtg	atgagcccag	240
gaggaccctg	caccagcac	ccagccccag	cctgccaccc	cagtgttctt	actacaccac	300

<210> 166

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 166

cttctgttga	ttggtttgtt	taaagtacct	aagtactacc	ctttgactcc	ctacaaaag	60
ttcttttggt	ttttaacaaa	cttttatttg	tgacttactt	tcttgagaag	tggttcttaat	120
gaattgcata	aaatagtgg	agcagcttat	ttcttaagta	ctttattatt	tgtgctttac	180
catttcaggt	tcttatcttt	aacccttatt	tactcagttt	tccatctgaa	tgatccctatc	240
tctaaattaa	ggatttaata	aatgctgcaa	attgtccact	ttgcaaattg	tccaaaagct	300

<210> 167

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 167

gcgagatgaa	gctacactgt	gaggtggagg	tgatcagccg	gcacttgccc	gccttggggc	60
ttaggaaccg	gggcaagggc	gtccgagccg	tgttgagcct	ctgtcagcag	acttccagga	120
gtcagccgcc	ggtccgagcc	ttcctgctca	tctccaccct	gaaggacaag	cgcgggaccc	180
gctatgagct	aaggggagaac	attgagcaat	tcttcaccaa	atttgtagat	gaggggaaag	240
ccactgttcg	gttaaaggag	cctcctgtgg	atatctgtct	aagtaaggat	tccatatggc	300

<210> 168

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 168

gtctgggag	cctacgcttt	ccggataaaa	atggcagaat	gaaagaatta	tgagtgggac	60
tagagaatag	gaaagacatg	aaccaacgcc	caaaatgaga	aagaaggaca	tataaagaaa	120
aagacaaata	caagtgaata	aaatatacta	atggattaac	gtccctgtcg	agtgcatttt	180
tctgactatg	gaaatgatat	tagacaaaaa	gcaacttcaa	gtgggtttct	tatttgagtt	240
caaaatgggt	cataacgcag	catagataac	ttgaaacatg	aacagcgcat	ttggcccagg	300

<210> 169

<211> 296

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 169

gagatctctg	ggatgtcagt	gaggctgggt	gaagaccaga	ggtaaactgc	ggaggtcacc	60
accctcacca	tgtcccaggt	gatgtccagc	ccactgctgg	caggaggcca	tgctgtcagc	120
ttggcgccct	gtgatgagcc	caggaggacc	ctgcaccagc	caccagccc	cagcctgcc	180
ccccagtgtt	cttactacac	cacggaaggc	tggggagccc	aagccctgat	ggccccgtgc	240
cctncattgg	gnccccctgg	tanttcancn	agncccnag	gtngagncca	aagcca	296

<210> 170

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 170

gggtgttgga	gcagattgta	gttgatccac	agcaaagagc	atcaccaaag	ccattccagg	60
aggaactaga	tccaccactt	cctctgctgg	gcattgctcca	aaaatgggtg	tggcttccag	120
agaggactcc	aaaagaaagc	acaaaaacta	gacagtggga	gggcataccc	aaaagccctg	180
agtttctgaa	aaaatattga	aagtttctat	ggtgaaatag	gaagttaatg	tgcttaggaa	240
gaaaaaagtg	gtaatgattc	aaggaaacat	aatcacacac	ggttttagtt	ttaatggaca	300

<210> 171

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 171

atggaggcac	cagcaggtag	tggcccctgt	aagcagggcc	agagtcggga	caaagagcag	60
gagtgaagca	gccaaagagc	agaggaccag	gctggagcca	gtgggcacgc	aggagcctgc	120
ctgggaaaaa	ccggggggca	aggctggcat	gggaatgaac	acctgctggt	gacacctctc	180

tgagcttcag ttcccttaac tagaaaaata gaacaggccc ggtgcggtgg ctcatacctg 240
taatcccagc actttgggag gctgaggcgg gtggatcatg aggtcaggag atcaagacca 300

<210> 172
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 172
ggcggaggag cagaagctca agctggagcg gctcatgaag aacccggaca aagcagttcc 60
aattccagag aaaatgagtg aatgggcacc tcgacctccc ccagaatttg tccgagatgt 120
catgggttca agtgctgggg ccggcagtg agagttccac gtgtacagac atctgcgccg 180
gagagaatat cagcgacagg actacatgga tgccatggct gagaagcaaa aattggatgc 240
agagtttcag aaaagactgg aaaagaataa aattgctgca gaggagcaga ccgcaaagcg 300

<210> 173
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 173
gtctttccca ttcacttctc tagaaagctg ccaagacaga ggcagaaaga aatggatgat 60
agttctgtca agcacacttc tgttctctta gaacttagaa gtgtttctaa gagaacagaa 120
gtaataagag aaacagttac gtgtggaatt caacatcttt ggttggaacg cattggcttt 180
ttttttcttg ttttgataga aatggaatta agcaaaagta gtttttgtct tttctgttgt 240
cttcaaattt caggccatct atttttaatt taatcccgtt caagtacttg attgttatac 300

<210> 174
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 174
attattttcca aagcagccta cagtagaaaa tagtcattat ggcagcagct tctgatgttt 60
ttgtttggta ggttttctga tttcaatata tagaatcata ttcataagat atcttctttt 120
aacgaattgc acaaagtacc catttaaaat ttacatgcac agttcattgc cacctttctt 180
aggcctatgc atagttaata aggttataat ctactcaaca tggaaaatgg agcctatttg 240
caaacacaca agtaattaaa gtaccaattc tctcttagtt tcttttttta tagttggttt 300

<210> 175
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 175
tgganactct ttantatgga aggtgaattt cctgtcaaca tagtccagga caaagcagtt 60
ccaattccag agaaaatgag tgaatgggca cctcgacctc ccccgagaatt tgtccgagat 120
gtcatgggtt caagtgctgg ggccggcagt ggagagttcc acgtgtacag acatctgcgc 180
cggagagaat atcagcgaca ggactacatg gatgccatgg ctgagaagca aaaattggat 240
gcagagtttc agaaaagact ggaaaagaat aaaattgctg cagaggagca gaccgcaaag 300

<210> 176
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 176
 tataaaacttt attttattct cttctgggggt agagttacat gacaagaaat tgaattaatt 60
 caataaaaatt ttagttcggg ttgcttaggt ttttactgct cccattcttg cttttactaa 120
 tttatccaag attagatgtg attactatct aataataatt tagtcctcac acttacaac 180
 cacttacaat accagcatgc ttctatcact gtaattctat tcaattctca ggcccatgag 240
 gcatgccagc cagacgacca gacagcattt atagagaggg cactcaatac cagccacaaa 300

<210> 177
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 177
 gactggagaa gtcagaagta gaaaagcaga ttgctaggag agacaggatg acagatttttg 60
 gtcagaaaaat gggatatttg agtttaaagt atcaaataca gaatagttcc agatgttcag 120
 agatccagca tgggattagg tactgaaatg gattagaact aaaagtcact agaatttaga 180
 aattgagaac catgagagtg gatgcaatga cttgttgctt gattgaaaaa taaattaata 240
 ataataaagg accatgagac tagcctgtta tagggggtat ctccatgann nttgttttcc 300

<210> 178
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 178
 tctctggtgtc aaacactata aacctttgac cagctgagct gtgactgctg tcacatatct 60
 gagtcctgtg tgcacagtaa tatcctgggt caggtaaaat ccagggtcttc aagttttaag 120
 gattttttga agaattcggg cttctttaag acgatccatg cccaaatcca caagcttggt 180
 gacagtggat tacagtttgt gtggcaaagt ccaagttggt acaactgtgt taaaaaaaaa 240
 tcttatctgc atgtattgtt aacttagaga ccatgagatc tatttatcag gaccaggaag 300

<210> 179
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 179
 ctcatgacctg taatcccagc actttgggaa gcagaggtgg caggatcatt ccagcccagg 60
 agttcaagac cagcctgggc aacacagtga gtgagaccct gtctctatct aagaaaaaat 120
 aattaagaaa ttttattaaa aaagaagaat caggaaacca agtccaaccc aactaaacct 180
 caaatgaacc agcccctaac acagatgagg ggatttggga ctgataagct ctgtgctgtg 240
 tccatggccc gtcatttatc aaggctgcag ctttgtaa atgtgctatt ttatgttgtg 300

<210> 180
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 180

gtgatctgcc	tgccttggtc	tcccaaagt	ctgggaatac	aggcatgagc	caccgcactc	60
ggccaggagc	tagttttatc	agcatcctgc	tccactgcct	tcctctagtg	cagcctggaa	120
gacatggcag	cgggtagctc	ctggggctga	gccagaagca	tcactgcagt	gaaagtctct	180
gcttacctgt	ctggctcagc	ttgggcaagg	gctgggccat	atgtgctcag	ggacgtgctt	240
ctcttgtaag	gcaggaggat	agaagaggac	caagaaggga	gggagctgcc	ctgtggtgca	300

<210> 181

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 181

cccatgccgg	gatcttccca	caccgcctct	cacagatcca	gccccagccc	cttgcctccc	60
aggccatctc	tcagcagcac	ctgcaggatg	cgggcacccg	ggagtggagc	cctcagaacg	120
catccatgtc	ggagtctctc	tccatcccag	cttccctgaa	cgacgcggct	ttggctcaga	180
tgaacagtga	ggtgcagctc	ctgactgaaa	aggccctgat	ggagcttggg	ggtgggaagc	240
cgttccgca	cccccgggcg	tggttcgtct	ccttggtatg	caggtccaac	gtcacgtta	300

<210> 182

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 182

tttgagctgt	tgtcagaaac	aaataataaa	gccccaaaag	attaactagt	tgaaaaaact	60
ggcaaaatct	gtatacgtgg	aaattttacca	ggacagagac	tgaagaataa	agaaaatgag	120
tttcattgcc	agatcatgaa	atccaaagaa	actttaaaga	agatgagttg	tgtaaagtga	180
actgaaggga	gggaagagct	gccttcgcct	gggacaaaaga	aaacatgtgt	atacacatgg	240
gtcaagcagt	gctggtctgt	ggctgcctgt	ccagaggaat	ggaaatatcc	cttgtcttta	300

<210> 183

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 183

cggacccatc	ggagcgtaac	ctggatctcc	gcaggcctgg	cggaggccgg	ccacctggag	60
gggcattgct	tggttcgcgt	ggtagcagag	gagcttgaga	atgttcgcat	cttaccacat	120
acagttcttt	acatggctga	ttcagaaact	ttcattagtc	tggaagagtg	tcgtggccat	180
aagagagcaa	ggaaaagaac	tagtatggaa	acagcacttg	cccttgagaa	gctattcccc	240
aaacaatgcc	aagtccttgg	gattgtgacc	ccaggaattg	tagtgactcc	aatgggatca	300

<210> 184

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 184

ctgttttgc	gatgaggaaa	ctgaggtaca	gaattccttag	ggaacttacc	caaaatggct	60
tttctgcact	ctgccctttg	gtattgtccc	atgtgaattg	tttaaaactt	atgtgtatag	120
tggcatgagt	aggtgatttc	agaaacagaa	ctcacttttg	ttgtttggtc	ttaaaattag	180
gaacttttct	tcatctgggc	ttcatttccc	tgcaccttcc	cagctttcta	gtcatgcaag	240
ccacatgtct	ccacgtgagg	ggttcattgg	aaagcagcca	cagagccacc	ccctggctgg	300

<210> 185

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 185

attatagaga	ttaatctcct	ttgctcgaag	tctattttaa	tattagtcac	atctaaaaca	60
tactttttaca	gcaacatcta	gactgggtgt	tgaccaaaca	actgggcatc	atagctgaca	120
cataaaatta	accatcacaa	ccatgttcta	ggcactgttc	ctcactgcct	gagaagacac	180
cgttatgttt	attagggttt	ttgagtttta	tccacagctt	ttgggttatct	gcaaccatgt	240
ctcccacctt	taacatagtt					260

<210> 186

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 186

gataaaactct	tcagtgcga	atattagaaa	aagttagtta	tacatttgag	gaaaactata	60
aaagtaccaa	taatgagtag	gaaatcactt	ctgcagtatt	tttggagcat	tttccttaag	120
catgacataa	aagccaaagg	tcacaagga	aaaaactgat	agatttgtct	gtgatattga	180
gagatgtatg	cacatataca	tacaacagtc	atagtaagac	accgttagac	aaaagggtgat	240
gtatgaaaaa	gaggcaaaac	aacaagaaga	aaagattgaa	aaaatgagag	ctgaagacgg	300

<210> 187

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 187

aaaaagtaaa	gcttttcatg	agcacaaatc	ccttgcattg	tttgatgtta	ctgatattcg	60
taaaatgaat	attttttggt	ttgttttggt	ttattttttt	gagacaagtc	ttgctttggt	120
gccaggctg	gagtgcattg	gcatgatctt	ggctcactgc	aacccttgcc	ttgcgagttc	180
aagtgattct	tctgcctcag	cctcctgagt	agctgggatt	acaggcgctc	accaccacac	240
ccagctaatt	tctgtatttt	tagtagacac	agggttttac	catgttggcc	angctggtct	300

<210> 188

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 188

gagcattcct	cctttgttaa	cgaagcaaca	tttacacaag	atggacatta	cattattagt	60
gcatgctctg	atggcactgt	aaagatctgg	aatatgaaga	ccacagaatg	ttcaaatacc	120
tttaaatccc	tgggcagcac	cgcagggaca	gatattaccg	tcaacagtgt	gattctactt	180

cctaaaaacc ctgagcactt tgtggtgtgc aacagatcaa acacggtggt catcatgaac 240
atgcaggggc agattgtcag aagcttcagt tctggtaaaa gagaaggagg ggactttgtt 300

<210> 189
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 189
ctaatatcca gaatctacaa agaactcaac aagaaaaaaa ccaacccac aagcgggcaa 60
aggacatgaa cagacatttc ccaaaagaag acatacaagc aacctaaaat aatctaaaat 120
aatttttaaa aagaaaaaat gcttgacaga gttttgatag tacttagtaa aaagttatat 180
ctagtggcct tttgtttgtt tgtttttgtt ttgtttttaa gaaatagtct ctgtttccca 240
agctggagta cagtggcgca atcttggtc actgcaacct cgaactcctg ggctcaagcg 300

<210> 190
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 190
aaccactatg gaggcatgat tgggtggccac tacactgcct gtgcacgcct gcccaatgat 60
cgtagcagtc agcgcagtga cgtgggctgg cgcttggttg atgacagcac agtgacaacg 120
gtagacgaga gccaggttgt gacgcgttat gcctatgtac tcttctaccg ccggcggaac 180
tctcctgtgg agaggccccc cagggcaggt cactctgagc accaccaga cctaggccct 240
gcagctgagg ctgctgccag ccagggaacta ggccctggcc agggccccga ggtggcccca 300

<210> 191
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 191
gcggcgctga ccgggccggc cccacacccg ctcttcctct tctttgccgc ggactccctt 60
tctgcctcc aagacctggg gtctcccact gtgagcccag ctgtcccaca ggcagtcacc 120
atggacctag actcaccttc cccttgctc tatgaacctc tgctggggcc agccctgtc 180
ccagctcccg acctgcactt cctgctggac tcaggcctcc agctccctgc ccagcgagcg 240
gcctcagcca ccgctcccc tttcttcggg gccctgctgt caggcagctt tgcagaagcc 300

<210> 192
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 192
gacagaccgt tgagaggacg tggaggcccg agagggggta tgcgcggcag aggcagaggt 60
ggccctggga acagagtttt tgacgctttt gaccagagag gaaagcgaga atttgaaaga 120
tatggtggga atgacaaaat agcagtcaga actgaagaca acatgggtgg atgtggagtt 180
cgaacctggg gatcgggtaa agataccagt gatgtggagc caactgcacc gatggaggaa 240
cccacagtgg tggaggagtc ccagggcacc ccggaagagg agtctccagc caaagttcct 300

<210> 193
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 193
 ctcaagaaag gagaagtttt tttgtatgaa attggaggaa atattgggga acgctgcctt 60
 gatgatgaca cttacatgaa ggatttatat cagcttaacc caaatgctga gtgggttata 120
 aagtcaaagc cattgtagaa gacttaacaa gctgcagata accatgtgga cttctgtcat 180
 aattcttgct gagtcaagag tgtaaataaa agaaatggca ggactcatat tattcagttg 240
 tacccaagta tttaaaaatg actctcttaa gccttaaaaa gtcatagatt tgtgctgctg 300

<210> 194
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 194
 cagaagctta gtcataatttc aaaatgatca aatatcaaga aaaattctga gctgcataac 60
 ttgtataaag taatttttcag tgattttttt catgggttatg ataaaagaac tggattagca 120
 gaaactttta ccctgaatca agatttaatt tttctttgag ctcatcttaa ggatatcgga 180
 acatagggag caaacgatgg tgtggctgcc tcagtgttg atttttaacg gttttgaaga 240
 gaatagttac atttcttctc ctagtaagaa ctaataaata cattaacaga aatgaattcc 300

<210> 195
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 195
 ctctactaaa aatacaaaaa ttagctgggc gtgggtggcac acacctgtaa tcccagttac 60
 ttgggaggct gaggcacaag aatcgcttga acccgggagg cggagggttg agttagccaa 120
 gatcgccctg ctgcactcca gcctgggcaa cagagggaga ctctgtctcc aaaaacaaaa 180
 acaaaaaactg ttagtgaagg ttccctggga cttttgatat tttaaaaatt gatcttatga 240
 ctaagtagat aaattcattg ccataatgag gctagctccc agataaacag cgtattttct 300

<210> 196
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 196
 tggatactga caatgggtggc aggcatttca agccttttaa attagtactt tttgtcgtct 60
 tgcttattaa aattttgtta atttttagcaa agaccaattg ttgtgataaa ctgggtgtttt 120
 ttggatgctt caagcacacg ttaaccaatt ttttaattcc ccttttgggtt cctcccattg 180
 ttctaaaata ggactttcat attattaaaa cctcaaaaga tgatccaccc aggatgaaca 240
 aagatcacca aggggaaaga aaacattttt tatctttaca gaaaacatgt taagattata 300

<210> 197
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 197

atccagatgg	gatacctcta	aacacgaaaa	gaaagaagat	tccattagtg	aatttttaag	60
tttggctaga	tcaaaagccg	agccaccta	acaacagtcc	agccccttag	taaacaaaga	120
ggaagagcat	gcaccagaat	catccgcaa	tcagacagtc	aacaaagatg	tggaacgcaca	180
ggctgaagga	gaagggagcc	gcccattccat	ggactttatc	agggccatct	ttgccagttc	240
ctcagatgaa	aagtcctcat	cctccgagga	tgagcaaggt	gacagtgaag	atgatcaggc	300

<210> 198

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 198

gcaacatttg	tctacaactc	tactgtaaaa	ttggaaatgc	ttttccacag	aaaaacctct	60
caaaatgctg	aatgcaaaaag	ttgggatcac	agaaacattg	tgccattttt	tggtctgctg	120
gaaactgtat	ttttacaagg	taatccctgt	tttcaatata	gttcctgtct	tgccactggc	180
ggttttcttg	tagcattttt	ctagttctga	gattgctact	acccaaagta	ttcattttctt	240
tcttactggg	gtgtcctctg	tcttcacagc	ctgcttctgg	attgtagggt	ttttcctttc	300

<210> 199

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 199

gcaacatttg	tctacaactc	tactgtaaaa	ttggaaatgc	ttttccacag	aaaaacctct	60
caaaatgctg	aatgcaaaaag	ttgggatcac	agaaacattg	tgccattttt	tggtctgctg	120
gaaactgtat	ttttacaagg	taatccctgt	tttcaatata	gttcctgtct	tgccactggc	180
ggttttcttg	tagcattttt	ctagttctga	gattgctact	acccaaagta	ttcattttctt	240
tcttactggg	gtgtcctctg	tcttcacagc	ctgcttctgg	attgtagggt	ttttcctttc	300

<210> 200

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 200

agtagaaaaa	tacaaagact	gtgatccgca	agttgtggaa	gaaatacgcc	aagcaaataa	60
agtagccaaa	gaagctgcta	acagatggac	tgataacata	ttcgcaataa	aatcttgggc	120
caaaagaaaa	tttgggtttg	aagaaaataa	aattgataga	acttttggaa	ttccagaaga	180
ctttgactac	atagactaaa	atattccatg	gtgggtgaagg	atgtacaagc	ttgtgaatat	240
gtaaatttta	aactattatc	taactaagtg	tactgaattg	tcgtttgcc	tgtaactgtg	300

<210> 201

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 201

ttctactttg ggtccgcgcg aagcccactc acgtgtgac	tgtgttgccc ctctcggtgg	60
tcccaggcga tccagccatg cccctgccc ctctgcccag	atgcttcagg ggcccggctt	120
ttcaggcttg cctcaccag cggccgtcag ccgacactca	gggatgtagc taacaccact	180
ccgccagtgc tttcagtagg aagagctgag gctgcctggg	aggcccgggg cgaccggaaa	240
agggtctct caagttctga aaagagaatc tgccaccaga	tcgaatttcg acccctgagc	300

<210> 202

<211> 281

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 202

ggccatggga cagttgcaac agcagttaaa tggactgtca	gtcagtgaag gtcattgattc	60
tgaagatatt ttgagcaaaa gtaacctgaa cccagatgcc	aaggagttaa ttccaggaga	120
gaagtactga gccgagaaa ctttgaggaa gacttgctcg	tccccacatc tggggatagt	180
aatgcccaaa atggtggagc tgaagagggg gatggggcgg	gcgaggggtg cacagcgga	240
aggggagtgg tgggtctcag atactgtgac tctgagtaac	t	291

<210> 203

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 203

gcccctcagcc acccccatcc ctgccccttc tgagactcac	agcaccctt tccttctct	60
cctccccact cctccctcag cccctcattc tccttgggaa	tctgcagagg gctctgggac	120
tactgcccg atgtgaaatc caggcgtcag ctgtttcta	ggcaagggca ggaaagtgg	180
ctccagccct tgctccactc atgcctgggg gcctggggct	gagtggatc cctacctggc	240
ctccccctgg cctctgggcc tccagcgtg ggtttgtcga	gtgagagaga gagaggagct	300

<210> 204

<211> 269

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 204

gcggactctc aggacgaaaa gagccaaacc tttttgggaa	aatcagagga agtaactgga	60
aagcaagaag atcatggtat aaaggagaaa ggggtccag	tcagcgggca ggaggcgaaa	120
gagccagaga gttgggatgg gggcaggctg ggggcattgg	gaagagcgag gagcagggaa	180
gaggagaatg agcatcatgg gccttcaatg cccgctctga	tagccctga ggactctcct	240
cactgtgacc tgtttcagga gcctcatat		269

<210> 205

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 205

ttctactttg ggtccgcgcg aagcccactc acgtgtgac	tgtgttgccc ctctcggtgg	60
tcccaggcga tccagccatg cccctgccc ctctgcccag	atgcttcagg ggcccggctt	120
ttcaggcttg cctcaccag cggccgtcag ccgacactca	gggatgtagc taacaccact	180

ccgccagtgc tttcagtagg aagagctgag gctgcctggg aggcccgggg cgaccggaaa 240
 agggctctct caagttctga aaagagaatc tgccaccaga tcgaatttcg acccctgagc 300

<210> 206
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 206
 gggattacag gcatgaccca ccgcgcccag cctgtaattt cttatacttg gtattttgta 60
 cttggattat gcttctgata cgctataatt atttatgtac atgttatttt tcttcaatag 120
 actgtgaact cttcgaatgt aggactccta gagctagata ctcaattatt ttttattaaa 180
 ttgaatgact tgaaactaca gatcctttat ttaaacctcc caaatttctg ctttatctag 240
 gcaactcttt aaattctttg atctcatgta gattccaaag gctgaaataa ttgagatttt 300

<210> 207
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 207
 tcctgaagct cgggggggctg caggctcctga ggaccctggg gcaggagaag ggcacggagg 60
 tgctcgccgt gcgcgtgggc acactgctct acgacctggg cacggagaag atgttcgccg 120
 aggaggaggc tgagctgacc caggagatgt cccagagaa gctgcagcag tatcgccagg 180
 tacacctcct gccaggcctg tgggaacagg gctggtgcga gatcacggcc cacctcctgg 240
 cgctgcccga gcatgatgcc cgtgagaagg tgctgcagac actgggcgtc ctctgacca 300

<210> 208
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 208
 attccaaagg tttcaaagaa cttggtcata aatatgataa tgagaagaca aagtatttat 60
 attaaaacag tttagtagcc ttcagttttg tgaaaatagt tttcagcaca gaaactgact 120
 tcttttagaca aagttttaac caatgatggg gtttgcttct aggatataca ctttaaaaga 180
 actcactgtc ccagtgggtg tcattgatgg cttttagtaa attggagctg cttaatcata 240
 ttgatatacta atttctttta accacaatga attgtcctta attaccaaca gtgaagcact 300

<210> 209
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 209
 gagacagcag ccccagggg atgaagctga tgccagagtc agacccgagg aggaagagga 60
 gccactgatg gagatgcggc tccgggatgc gcctcagcac ttctatgcag cactgctgca 120
 gctgggcctc aagtacctct ttatccttgg tattcagatt ctggcctgtg ccttggcagc 180
 ctccatcctt cgcaggcatc tcatgggtctg gaaagtgttt gcccctaagt tcatatttga 240
 ggctgtgggc ttcattgtga gcagcgtggg acttctcctg ggcatagctt tggatgatgag 300

<210> 210
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 210
 gtaacgtgac acgtatttta cttcttttag taggcggaca cactttctta aagtggtaat 60
 acgtcatggc cctgctataa ggtagtagtt ctagaagact gtttatctaa taattcagac 120
 taaagctatt tatattgctg tgacaccacg tggaaaactt ttataattcc atcttatttc 180
 tgatgtatat gttttatttt ctctgccttc ataagaacta aaaaccaaag ttatttacgt 240
 gaaaacaaga tttttgtttg agttcattta cttgagatat gtttaaaaaa tccaccttct 300

<210> 211
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 211
 gtccgtcagc tggtagcttt cattcgtaaa agagataaaa gagtgcaggc gcatcgaaaa 60
 cttgtggaag aacagaatgc agagaaggcg aggaaagccg aagagatgag gcggcagcag 120
 aagctaaagc aggccaaact ggtggagcag tacagagaac agagctggat gactatggcc 180
 aatttggaga aagagctcca ggagatggag gcacggtagc agaaggagtt tggagatgga 240
 tcggatgaaa atgaaatgga agaacatgaa ctcaaagatg aggaggatgg taaagacagt 300

<210> 212
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 212
 gcctgctgct tcattgccgc ggcgtcctgc tccacgtctc tgtgctgctg ggccctgcac 60
 tgtcggccct gctgcgagcc cacacgcccc tccacatggc tgccctcctc ctgcttccct 120
 ggctcatggt gctcacaggc agagtgtctc tggcacagtt tgccctggcc ttcgtgacgg 180
 acacgtgcgt ggcgggtgcg ctgctgtgcg gggctgggct gctcttccat gggatgctgc 240
 tgctgcgggg ccagaccaca tgggagtggg ctcggggcca gcactcctat gacctgggtc 300

<210> 213
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 213
 ggtaggttg gtagttagga atgaatattc atgaaatggt tcttattgct tttccttccc 60
 taattcatat aatgaatgta tttggaatac ttacatatta taaaataaac tatacctctt 120
 caagaggtat cctgttctgt aagatcagat gtttttattg cagggtcaata taatactgcc 180
 agagacagaa aataccccct tatcagtcctc ttagtgccctc tttctgtttg tggcatgggt 240
 agaaaacca tgctgaaaag attgtacttt gtgatcccaa tcagagggag gagctaattc 300

<210> 214
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 214

ggaaagggcc	ctaaaagaga	tgaacaatac	ccgtatcatg	tggaatgaat	tagaaaccct	60
tgctcagagcc	catatcaaca	actcagagaa	acatcaaaga	gtcttggaat	gtctgatggc	120
atgcaggagc	aaacccccag	aagaggaaga	acgaaagaaa	cgaggaagaa	agagggaaga	180
caaagaggac	aagtcagaga	aagcagtga	agattatgaa	caggaaaagt	cttggaaga	240
ctcagagaga	ttaaaaggaa	tcttagaacg	tggaaaagaa	gaattggctg	aagctgagat	300

<210> 215

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 215

atacttttta	aacctttttt	ggcagctcag	atggtgtaaa	ttttaaatt	ttgtataggt	60
atctcataac	aaaaatatgt	atctcttttt	tggtatttta	tcttgaaaac	ggtacatatt	120
ttagtatttg	tgcagaaaaa	caagtcctaa	agtatttggt	tttatttgta	ccatccactt	180
gtgccttact	gtatcctgtg	tcatgtccaa	tcagttgtaa	acaatggcat	ctttgaacag	240
tgtgatgaga	ataggaatgt	ggtgttttaa	agcagtggtg	cattttaatc	agtaatctac	300

<210> 216

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 216

gcagatatatt	actgaaggaa	tctaggttgt	atcttcagtg	gacaatggga	ataaagcatt	60
tctaaagcac	cgactggaga	ggaaggcaac	agagacaagg	agagaagccg	agagacatgt	120
ctgcgtgctg	ccacgcatct	gagcgattgc	tctgtgaaga	gttgtaacct	gaacattttc	180
aggggaggct	gtttaccag	gcaatgtcct	caaacaagcc	tggtccgggg	agtccctggaa	240
tctgtgccag	gactgtgttt	ttagcccttc	acctctcagc	tttagcagga	catgaaccag	300

<210> 217

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 217

cccccatctt	cactggttat	tccacttatt	taaaatgtcc	agaataagca	aatctccata	60
tagaggaagt	agattagtgg	ttgcttcggg	atgggaggaa	tggaagatt	gaggtctttc	120
ttttgcagtg	ataaaaatgt	cctaaaattg	actgtagcga	tggtcacaca	actctgaata	180
tgcttaagac	cattgaatta	cacactttac	gttggtgaat	tgtatggtat	gtaaattata	240
gttcaataac	atagttacaa	aagataatca	aaagcatgaa	agcactgttg	atgtggtttg	300

<210> 218

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 218

acggcctggt	ggagcagctg	tacgacctca	ccctggagta	cctgcacagc	caggcacact	60
gcatcggctt	cccggagctg	gtgctgctg	tggctcctgca	gctgaagtcg	ttcctccggg	120
agtgcaaggt	ggccaactac	tgccggcagg	tgacgagct	gcttgggaag	gttcaggaga	180
actcggcata	catctgcagc	cgccgccaga	gggtttcctt	cggcgtctct	gagcagcagg	240
cagtgggaagc	ctgggagaag	ctgacccggg	aagaggggac	acccttgacc	ttgtactaca	300

<210> 219

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 219

caactagaga	agattggaca	gcaggtcgac	agagaacctg	gagatgtagc	tactccacca	60
cggaagagaa	agaagatagt	gggtgaagcc	ccagcaaagg	aaatggagaa	ggtagaggag	120
atgccacata	aaccacagaa	agatgaagat	ctgacacagg	attatgaaga	atggaaaaga	180
aaaatttttg	aaaatgctgc	cagtgtctca	aaggctacag	cagagtgtat	tcagcttcca	240
aactggtata	cattccaaac	tgatagtaca	ttgccatctc	caggaagact	tgaagggttt	300

<210> 220

<211> 260

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 220

ggtaagtcag	gtgattgaat	cccggaaagg	ttcattgtct	tcaagctcac	aatactatatt	60
tgggacaaac	agttgtctag	tgtttgact	catgaaccct	gattcttgag	ggtaggtatt	120
tactgctttt	gtgatttgg	ttcaacatat	atagtctttt	ctccggagtt	accttaggtc	180
agtggccagt	gtttcagccc	ctggaaaggg	catgggctgc	cactgaggtt	ggtcacaggc	240
ctctcagctc	atggtgggag					260

<210> 221

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 221

gggttccatc	ccttccaccc	aggaaatgga	ggcacgactt	gcagcgttgc	agggcagagt	60
tctaccttct	caaaccccc	agccggcaca	tcacacaccg	gacaccagga	cccaagccca	120
gcagacacag	gatctgctaa	cgcagctggc	agctgaggtg	gctatcgatg	aaagctggaa	180
aggaggaggc	ccagtgaccc	tccaggacta	tcgcctccca	gacagtgatg	acgacgagga	240
tgaggagaca	gccatccaaa	gagtcctgca	gcagctcact	gaagaagctg	ccctgatgatg	300

<210> 222

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 222

gcggtgaccc	acgtgtcctg	catgattgcc	ctactgctgt	ggagacctcg	tgctgaccat	60
ctggcagtgt	tcttcgtatt	ctctggcctg	tggggcgtgg	cagatgccgt	ctggcagaca	120
caaaacaatg	ctctctacgg	cgttctgttt	gagaagagca	aggaagctgc	cttcgccaat	180

taccgcctgt	gggaggecct	gggcttcgtc	attgccttcg	ggtacagcac	gtttttgtgc	240
gtgcacgtca	agctctacat	tctgctgggg	gtcctgagcc	tgaccatggt	ggccgtatgg	300

<210> 223
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 223						
gccccctctg	gacctgagc	tccctgctct	agacagtgat	ggtgattcag	atgatggcga	60
agatggtcga	ggtgatgaga	aacggaaaaa	taaaggcact	tgggacagct	cctctggcaa	120
tgtatctgaa	gggggaaagc	cctcctgaca	gccaggagga	ctctttccag	ggaagacaga	180
aatcaaaaaga	caaagctgcc	actccaagaa	aagatgggtcc	caaacgttct	gtactgtcca	240
agtcagttcc	tgggtacaag	ccaaagggtca	ttccaaatgc	tatatgtgga	atttgtctga	300

<210> 224
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 224						
ctgcggccgc	aggagctgtg	gcgggtttcc	taatcctgcg	aatatgggta	gtgcttcggt	60
ccatggacgt	tacgccccgg	gagtctctca	gtatcttggt	agtggctgag	tccggtgggc	120
ataccactga	gacctgagg	ctgcttgga	gcttgacca	tgctactca	cctagacatt	180
atgtcattgc	tgacactgat	gaaatgagtg	ccaataaaat	aaattctttt	gaactatgat	240
cgagctgata	gagaccctag	taacatgtat	accaaatact	acattcaccg	aattccaaga	300

<210> 225
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 225						
gccccgctcc	atgagcagtg	actccccagc	tctcctggc	accagtcccc	agggctctcc	60
tggtggtagt	tctgtctttt	cttcttgga	attcctcgtg	gacctcgaga	tctttaccct	120
aaaatagttc	tggtgaattt	cacctggga	atgtaaattg	atagcttatc	ttcacagatg	180
ccagacaatg	gacaactcac	catcagtcct	ctgctcacct	gagacaaatg	catgtctgat	240
tgcttcctct	gccctattgt	ttatgtgaaa	atgcagattc	actgagccag	actaaggcat	300

<210> 226
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 226						
tatataacaa	cttttgcttt	caaagtggg	tgggactaga	acacacaatg	gaaggatgga	60
gtcaggagac	ctggattctt	gtgcccgtc	tggcttttac	agtctgccta	actctatgca	120
gtcacttctc	gccagcctgt	ttccttacct	acaagaggga	gagacactcc	ctggccagcc	180
tagttctcag	ggtgaacgaa	aggtcattat	cactgcatcc	tctagtcatt	tgcttcttcg	240
ctaattaaca	catcttgagc	acctgcgatg	ttccaggaac	aggagatggc	agcgtgcaag	300

<210> 227
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 227
 ttgctgaaat gggcacttct gctgtgatgc tagtgttgat tttgctctca gatgaacaca 60
 atgtctcata ctaaccaaga agcaagaaaa gccccatgca ttcatttttc acttggagtg 120
 acaatgggag aggtcaggaa tcaagttcac tttcaagatc taagggagtc cactatctgt 180
 gcaattgtat ttggcttttt tttgcactgt ttcaatgctg gtaattgaaa ccattttaat 240
 atatttggtt gtattcactt tatatgtcct tccaaaaatg ttgttggtga cataccatgc 300

<210> 228
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 228
 gctatgtatt gtgtcctacc atgaattcac tccatgctag ccacattggc ctgtatggct 60
 attccttgga cacacctagg atgttcttgc ctcttagctt gcctaccttt ctctcatcat 120
 ttgggcctca gcgaggatat catctcctca gagaagcctt ctgtgaccat gctatctaaa 180
 atactccagc acttcagtca ccctttatcc cattactctg ctttttcaga aacattggtg 240
 ctccctgaaa catatttggt tacttgctta gtgtcttttc tcccgcacta ccatgtaagc 300

<210> 229
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 229
 gattttcgaa actcttcagc tacttgccct tttttatctg aaaccatcat accttctgaa 60
 agaaaaaagc atatcttcat tgacataaca gaagtggat ggcccagtct tgatacagat 120
 ggtaccatga tatatatgga gagggtgatt gtgaagataa catctttaga tggatcatgca 180
 tacctctgcc tgcccagatc tcagcatgaa tttacagtac attttttgtg taaagttagc 240
 cagaagtcag actcatctgc agtggtgtca gaaacaaata ataaagcccc aaaagataaa 300

<210> 230
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 230
 acttcttggt tgcctttttt ataaggaaat gttggagagt tacatcattg ctaatgtaga 60
 aatgttaagt ggaaaaatat acagtttggt aaaataaact agattctaca tttatttgtg 120
 ggtttttttc cctcctttt tttccacagc acttttgata tcaagcaagt ggcttccttt 180
 ttgagatatt aaaaaaaaaa agaaaaggaa aaaagtaaata gannnnnnnn nnnnnaaccc 240
 tttctnattn gnattngttt nagnattgng aagttgngtt aaanagtnct agntagaaat 300

<210> 231
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 231

tgattctttt	tgtnntttt	tttgatattg	acaaaagctt	anncnttnen	attaaaaang	60
ccactaatta	gactttttan	ntaaaaaang	taggggggtt	taaaactact	ttcctactac	120
caaaaaatca	naaagtatct	agcttttctaa	atnggggaaag	caagcaatgt	tataaaaaacn	180
ctgaaggaat	ctctttcttc	gggacctttt	gttaaactcg	gttnaagctg	taaaccttat	240
ttaaaataaa	atttaccaca	naacaggaaa	tanaacctgg	ggaanactcn	aaatacnct	300

<210> 232

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 232

ggaagccaag	gcctggagct	gcagggtcccc	cggcatctct	ctctgtccccg	gcagcccagg	60
atggcctggt	gccccacct	gctgcagcag	gagccccaag	gagtgttagc	tgagggtggt	120
tgctgggggtg	gtcctcatgg	acagtgaggt	gtgcaagggt	gcactgaggg	tggtgggagg	180
ggatcacctg	ggttccaggc	catccttgct	gagcatcttt	gagcctgcct	tccggtggga	240
gcagaaaagg	ccagaccctg	ctgagttaga	ggctgctggg	atccactgtt	tccacacagc	300

<210> 233

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 233

gaggaagagg	cctgtctccac	ttgtctggga	acctgggcag	gaggcacaga	ggaagccaag	60
gcctggagct	gcagggtcccc	cggcatctct	ctctgtccccg	gcagcccagg	atggcctggt	120
gccccacct	gctgcagcag	gagccccaag	gagtgttagc	tgagggtggt	tgctgggggtg	180
gtcctcatgg	acagtgaggt	gtgcaagggt	gcactgaggg	tggtgggagg	ggatcacctg	240
ggttccaggc	catccttgct	gagcatcttt	gagcctgcct	tccggtggga	gcagaaaagg	300

<210> 234

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 234

ggaacataat	tagcttactg	atttgatggt	tctgtgtagt	tcctgaaact	cttggtctctt	60
gtttgccttt	ctttaactct	ggctccttct	ccttcttctg	tttgtgtatc	tgtttaattc	120
attgagttag	gaggacaggc	agaactgtgt	ctgccaagga	ccggatgtac	ttctttcctt	180
gctcttggtt	ttttgtcac	ttttatatgt	aaggatttag	tacaaacct	aaggagagaa	240
agtagaggat	cagatcattg	ggacttggtc	tggtttcaag	aaagaattaa	caaattgccc	300

<210> 235

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 235

gttggctcaa gggccaccag aagcatttct ttattattat tatttttttaa cctggacatg	60
cattaaaggg tctattagct ttctttccgt ctgtctcaac agctgagatg gggccgccaa	120
ggagtgcctt ccttttgctc cctcctagct gggagtgcg ggtgggagtg tgtgtgcca	180
ggtgggggtg tctcctggct gggaaggagg gaaaggagg gagagttttg cgggggttg	240
cagtggagag caggctggag aggagatggc taatagctgt ttaatggaaa cctgctgggc	300

<210> 236

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 236

gaatcatcga aggttgagac cgtgtctagt tacatagtta taaataccca tctatgtact	60
gatgccttct aaatgtctat ctccagtatg gtcttttctt ttaagctcta gatccattga	120
caccctcacc atctctaaaa ggcatttcaa actgaacaca tctgatacag aacttttcat	180
ttccttccca actttgcca cgccagcctg ctctctcttc acgctttcca cttagtatat	240
gatcccacta ttcactcagt ctctgaagct taaaacctag gattcatcct tgactactgt	300

<210> 237

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 237

caggacatgg agcagtacct gtccactggc tacctgcaga ttgcagagcg gcgagagccc	60
ataggcagca tgtcatccat ggaagtgaac gtggacatgc tggagcagat ggacctgatg	120
gacatatcgg accaggaggc cctggacgtc ttcctgaact ctggaggaga agagaacact	180
gtgctgtccc ccgccttagg gcctgaatcc agtacctgtc agaattgagat taccctccag	240
gttccaaatc cctcagaatt aagagccaag ccaccttctt cttcctccac ctgcaccgac	300

<210> 238

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 238

cactggctac ctgcagattg cagagcggcg agagcccata ggcagcatgt catccatgga	60
agtgaacgtg gacatgctgg agcagatgga cctgatggac atateggacc aggaggccct	120
ggacgtcttc ctgaactctg gaggagaaga gaacactgtg ctgtcccccg ccttagggcc	180
tgaatccagt acctgtcaga atgagattac cctccagggt ccaaattcct cagaattaag	240
agccaagcca ctttcttctt cctccacctg caccgactcg gccaccggg acatcagtga	300

<210> 239

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 239

atttcctcca gtcctggggc ccattccttga gggccttccc agccagccag caggagaggc	60
aagaactggg ggaacacagg aacctagggg aggaggggag cgctgggcat cctcaggctg	120
gcggccaagg cctgcccctg gaggcactag aggagggcat ctgtctgtgg gagcccagag	180

gctgcagggg ggaggaggag ggaggtatct ggtgtgagcg ttgcccctgc gacatttggg 240
 accacacagg tgggcttctt tattccctga caaagcctct gtttccagct cttccgcctt 300

<210> 240
 <211> 274
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 240
 catgagtgat attttgggtct gggtttctct ttaagatttt agtttgtctg aattaaggaa 60
 aaatgttttt aatatacatt cttattttgt cccaccctct cagaaataag ctggaaatct 120
 taactttttg ggggggtcttt tttgggtgtt taatgggccc agaactgtgg tttaaatttt 180
 tatgtatgta ttttcttttt tgtggagtat aaatttaaaa actggatttg ggacctaaaa 240
 tactctcag gttgatgtat tcatgaaagt tttt 274

<210> 241
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 241
 ctgttgccctg ccaagctcag ggcccattta tcatgcatct tcccatcctt gtctccccca 60
 actgtccctt acctgagtca caatttcgcc aaagccaaag ggattgtcct aagccaatgt 120
 tgatttatca ctcttctgc tcaaaagccc ccaagatcac ctatcaatca cctacttgag 180
 tgcaagcttt gactctgtca cctgacattc aagtccccct ctgcccccat gccagtctta 240
 tccccctccc tacatatgcc ctatgcctca gtttgccctt cctccacttt aaaaagcctc 300

<210> 242
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 242
 ccgctggcta tgtggacgct ggggcagagc caggccggag tcgaatgatc agccaggaag 60
 agtttgccag gcagctacag ctctctgatc ctcagacggg ggctgggtgcc tttggctact 120
 tccagcagga taccaagggt ttgggtggact tccgagatgt ggcccttgca ctacgagctc 180
 tggatggggg caggagcctg gaagagctaa ctctgtggc ctttgaggta atgggggggtg 240
 gcgggtggtg ggggtgctta gtggctatgc tcaccccgct ccaggaggcc tattttggta 300

<210> 243
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 243
 caagatctgg aggaatgcag agaggaactt gatacagatg aatatgaaga aacaaaaaag 60
 gaaactctgg agcaactaag tgaatttaat gattcactaa agaaaattat gtctggaaat 120
 atgacttttg tagatgaact aagtgggaatg cagctggcta ttcaggcagc tatcagccag 180
 gcctttaaaa ccccagaggt catcagattg tttgcaaaga aacaaccagg tcagcttcgg 240
 acaaggttag cagagatgga tagagatctg atggtaggaa agctggaaag agacctgtac 300

<210> 244
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 244
 agtaaat tttt ttatgcatat tttattgcaa taaaaaatga aaacagtttc aatctaggag 60
 gattttggat gcatctatgc cttgagaaat gaatggtttg atgtaaatgc atggtagcaa 120
 gaataaataa ttatgttaat tcatataata tgttatatat agttttaag aaaattctat 180
 cactgtcttc ctatgggtag ggctataatg tccagttctt tcagggatta agagggtagg 240
 gtctgaagtt aatccttggt tgcgtaatg ttattaattt attcaaccaa gacttaattg 300

<210> 245
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 245
 tagacataga aaacatacag taagaatatg gtattataat cttacgggac cactgtcaaa 60
 tacgcgggtct gtctttgaaa agttgtaatg cggcgcatga ctataaatac ctagctgggtt 120
 agcattttaca ttccttgcca gggagtttga aattttatact atagaaataa ctttaggttt 180
 taggtagagt taaagaggta aagcacatgt tgccacaacc caggaaagta tttttaagaa 240
 agattggatt ttcctacctt tagagatcta aaaaaaattt aatataaaaa atcattttgt 300

<210> 246
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 246
 tggaatat ttt gctgtgaagg gagaaagggg gagaaaactc ttctgaggat catttgtctt 60
 ggtagtatag taaaaccaac cagctgaacc tttcaggcta caagagaacc cgggtcggta 120
 atgtcttttt aagaataatt tttaattgct tataacaagc atattttgtg gcatttgaac 180
 tatatttact gctccaatat ccgttatttt ccaaaggatt ttgtatcttt ttgaaaatgt 240
 ttacatcatc agatgatcca cagaattcac tttatgtgag atctcccgag agtttccatc 300

<210> 247
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 247
 gtgttgctca gtgagcagac ccgactccag aaggacatca gtgaatgggc aaatagggtt 60
 gaagactgtc agaaagaaga ggagacaaaa caacaacaac ttcaagtgtc tcagaatgag 120
 attgaagaaa acaagctcaa actagtccaa caagaaatga tgtttcagag actccagaaa 180
 gagagagaaa gtgaagaaaag caaattagaa accagtaaag tgacactgaa ggagcaacag 240
 caccagctgg aaaaggaatt aacagaccag aaaagcaaac tggaccaagt gctctcaaag 300

<210> 248
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 248

gagaggatca	cttgagctta	ggagttcaaa	tccagcctga	gccaacataa	caagactttg	60
tctctaaaca	aaacagttat	tgtttaaaga	atctgaaatc	ttcatcttta	attcaggtag	120
caatgaatcg	agcccaagtt	tgtttgatat	ccagttccaa	gtctggagag	aggcatcttt	180
atcttattaa	agtatcgaga	gacaaaatat	cagacagcaa	tgaccaagag	tcagcaaatt	240
gtgatgcaaa	agggctatca	aaggagggt	ttttacagag	aactaaggaa	gagaaggagg	300

<210> 249

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 249

ctagcctggg	caatatagta	cgaccctgtc	tttactaaaa	atgcaaaaat	taaccacgta	60
tggtggctca	cacctgtagt	cctggctact	gaggaggctg	atgcaggaga	atcatttgaa	120
cccaggaggt	caaggctgca	gtgagctatg	attgcaccac	tgcaatccag	cctggacaac	180
acagtgaac	cctgcctcac	aaaaattata	ttctgatttt	ctgagtccat	gaacacattg	240
tccaaatgga	tttttctagc	tcttccaagt	tacagatagt	tccacgcaca	cacagaactc	300

<210> 250

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 250

aggaaggtgg	aggggcagga	acaggacgga	caggccccgg	gctctggcac	atcctgggga	60
acaagggacc	acaaggacgg	gggcagtctc	cagacttccc	ctgggcgctt	gaccccaggc	120
cttgacgggg	agagagccag	ggcctccctc	aggtctttgt	tcatgctgtt	ttccctgccg	180
tggacaccct	ttcccgtctc	ccgattctct	aaatcctgcc	ccatctccca	gatcttggtc	240
atgtccaagc	ttttccagga	agtcttagca	gctcccacac	cgcagagctc	gagatgtctc	300

<210> 251

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 251

gaaggcagaa	gtgtaaatga	acatacagaa	gaaggagaaa	gcctgctgtg	tttggcttgt	60
tcagcagggt	attatgaatt	agcacaagta	ttgcttgcta	tgcatgctaa	tggtgaagat	120
cgagggaata	aaggagacat	aactcccctg	atggcagctt	ccagtggagg	ttacttagat	180
attgtgaaat	tattacttct	tcatgatgct	gatgtcaact	cccagtctgc	aacaggaaac	240
actgcgctaa	cttatgcatg	tgctggagga	tttggtgaca	ttgttaaagt	gctccttaat	300

<210> 252

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 252

gcactttctct	ctcactggaa	agagaactgt	tctcctttct	ctttcttctg	cctattaagc	60
ctctgctcct	aaactcctca	tgtgtgtctg	tgtcctaaat	tttcctggca	tggcaggaca	120
aaccccggt	atttaccaca	gacaacaaaa	ccgcttcact	atgatgtatg	catgctgcaa	180
aggaagagac	agaatcttgc	tctatcaccc	agctggagtg	cagtggcacc	attgcagctt	240
actgcagcct	caaactcctg	gctcaaggga	tccttcagct	tcagcctcct	ggttaactag	300

<210> 253

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 253

gtctgatgca	ggagaattgc	taaaaccag	gagggagagg	ttacattgag	ccgagattgc	60
gccactgcac	tctagcctgg	gcgacagagc	aagactccgt	ctcgaaagaa	agaaagagaa	120
aggaaattcc	ccagggaagt	acctcggtt	atttcataaa	caggtactga	aggaagcaga	180
ggcatgtgga	ggacttcccc	acctcgtgca	gctatttggg	ccgtggcatc	tgaaatttct	240
tatttcagag	tcacccttt	gatgaccttg	gcagtgaact	gcagtcactc	gttttaggct	300

<210> 254

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 254

atgttacaga	catgaaatat	gaacagaatg	ctaaaagaac	ataaaagaat	aagagctcct	60
taaagattat	aaataaatgg	tgatgttaaa	gtaatagcac	cattggacga	agctagggaa	120
tcaacacttg	acagaaagat	acatattttt	tttatacaaa	ctacatatat	ttgagcaatc	180
aagtagtaga	catagagaat	tttcttttta	tggaagtact	ctaataagta	aagggctgat	240
agaattatat	cagcattttc	tagctcctgg	ggaattatgc	attgggcac	catggctgct	300

<210> 255

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 255

gctgcctgtg	gcatagccac	tgctgtacgt	ttttggttgt	tnttaagaaa	ctcgatgaag	60
aggggtgtca	ttctgggctc	gggggtggtg	ccaatttttc	accagaaagg	gagccacccc	120
ttgcaaccac	ttctgtctcc	gttagcccc	cctctgcct	cctccaagcc	aaagcgtggc	180
ctggcttttg	tcttccatt	tagttttcct	cttttaccct	tccttttgtg	cttaatttat	240
taaaatagtt	gctgtataat	ttattttcat	aaactataaa	aaaatactaa	atggttaaaa	300

<210> 256

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 256

acagtctcgg	gtttcatatt	ttgctgtttt	tgatggacat	ggaggaattc	gagcctcaaa	60
atttgctgca	cagaatttgc	atcaaaactt	aatcagaaaa	tttcctaaag	gagatgtaat	120
cagtgtagag	aaaaccgtga	agagatgcct	tttggaact	ttcaagcata	ctgatgaaga	180

gttccttaaa caagcttcca gccagaagcc tgcctggaaa gatgggtcca ctgccacgtg 240
 tgttctggct gtagacaaca ttctttatat tgccaacctc ggagatagtc gggcaatctt 300

<210> 257
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 257
 atagaactag gcactgattt gtttatattt atcctgctcg agacacatga tgtttcatgt 60
 atctgtggct ttttatagtt taaaataatt tctggaaaag tcatagtcac tatctcttta 120
 accgctccct ctcttccatt ctctttgttc tctcttcttc gaactcctgt tagtcatttg 180
 atcctccata tctctgaata tttttgtatt tcttttatta tttatttctt gtctctgcta 240
 cattttacat tgagtaaaag tgggatgtga cagtgggaaa tcattagtga cttagaaatt 300

<210> 258
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 258
 tactctatta tattgtgcat gctcctgatt tagctgctct tggcatcatt ggtcgcagtg 60
 gaaccttgaa atgcatctgg ctagatttat gctcaaataca ttctcagtta gccttttagt 120
 gcctcttcaa aggttttttt ttgtatgttt tctattctta ataaaagctt aggattaatt 180
 agaaagaatc tgatatggtt atgtttcccc ttgtgtacgc tgacctcatt catacgtttt 240
 tcatagtcca gtggtctaaa cgctttcaag agcccagctc cttgg 285

<210> 259
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 259
 gccttctctg gcctcaccaa ttaggtcaaa tgttccttag aatgtgttgt ggggcagtgt 60
 ctctccctgt gaggacctgt ccagctggac ctccgccttc ctgcgactgt attggtgtct 120
 ttccctctca agcctatgag ctctgcaagg gcagggaccc tgtatgattt tgcctatcgt 180
 atgtcctcca gccccagca cagcgcttgg tgtccagtga gagctcagca aatactttgt 240
 gagttaagga caggcggctg ggtagatgga tcgtctgcct agacagggca gttattcgtc 300

<210> 260
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 260
 gaaaagggag ccgcgcagcg cctacgggag tccggcggca gcagccggta ccggcaacca 60
 cgggcagctc tcagggaatc tccgtcgtga ggccagaggc tccagtcccc gcgagtccag 120
 atgcctgtcc agcctccaag caaagacaca gaagagatgg aagcagaggg tgattctgct 180
 gctgagatga atggggagga ggaagagagt gaggaggagc ggagcggcag ccagacagag 240
 tcagaagagg agagctccga gatggatgat gaggactatg agcgacgccg cagcgagtgt 300

<210> 261
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 261
 ttgtgctttca gtggttggct ttcactgaaa gaaagtgtaa aaaaagtcag aatttatagc 60
 tttcactatg tccaagacta ggactgggtt ataaagattt tcttttgtga aggaaaataa 120
 aagaaaattt gccactactg catttacttt actattgtaa acttaagatt cattccttag 180
 tctttggaat tttgatgtct caaaaccaga tgagtggaa tgctgaattt gcaaaataaa 240
 gctaagaatg cttaactctg cactttaagt tctactctga ccaaattgaa gatgagcaga 300

<210> 262
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 262
 ttttttaaga gataaggtct tgctatgtta tctaggctgg cctaaacttc tgggctgaag 60
 tgatcctctc gtgtagctgg gactacaagc atgtgccacc aatgcctggc ttctcacact 120
 gttttgtaac atagatatgt gaagatgtgt attatagaat tgtttgtaat actgtagtgt 180
 tgtaggcaat gtgactgtct atagggaagt ggacagggtta tttgtggtaa atactcatgg 240
 aaaacgggtca agcagttaaa agcaatcaat tatggtcacc cagcaatgca gataaatctt 300

<210> 263
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 263
 agaacagggg gaagagagga agaggagct gcagggtgcc gaagagaaca gggcggactc 60
 tcaggacgaa aagagtcaaa ctttttggg aaaatcagag gaagtaactg gaaagcaaga 120
 agatcatggt ataaaggaga aaggggtccc agtcagcggg caggaggcga aagagccaga 180
 gagttgggat gggggcaggc tgggggcagt gggaagagcg aggagcaggg aagaggagaa 240
 tgagcatcat gggccttcaa tgcccgtct gatagcccct gaggactctc ctactgtga 300

<210> 264
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 264
 ttaaaggtag ttttagaagg aagtacaaat tggctttcat cttgcaaaca atcgtttttt 60
 acttcattat cttaatttgc tttgtcactc ataaaaagga aaccatacct gagttgtaga 120
 caatgaggaa acacttgagg cttctgctgt gtgttctttt gttattgttg ttattgttgt 180
 tactcagtaa cttgaatatt gtttaatgtg ttgtaagacg tagagtttat ctcaagctgt 240
 taaaaatggt aatgtacaaa tgtgaataga cacttatcta tataatatgg gtaagttttg 300

<210> 265
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 265

caggaaagtc	ttcctagagg	taatttttaa	gctgattgtt	ttagaattag	tagaagcttg	60
ccagatggaa	aagtccaggc	aaagtgtaac	atgaatggga	aaggccacag	tctagaaatg	120
gcagagtgtg	ttcctagttt	gtttgtttgt	ttgtttgtac	ctgccttggt	ccaggaagga	180
tttaatgtgg	tttatattcc	agtcctttta	tgctggaagg	gctgagatga	gactgaaaga	240
tgggcaggaa	gtatatcatc	acaagctttg	tgtttgatgt	taatgtgtat	gatttttata	300

<210> 266

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 266

tgtgccacca	caccagctc	attattatta	ttattattat	tattattttg	agacgaagtt	60
tcactcttat	ccccaggct	ggagtgcatt	ggtgcgatac	tggtcactg	caacctctgc	120
ctcctgggtt	caagcgggtc	tcctgccttg	gcaggcacct	gtagtgtcag	ctactcgaag	180
gctgaggtgg	gagaatcgct	tgaacctggg	ggcgaggat	tgcaatgggtg	tggtctcggc	240
tcactgcact	cgagcctggc	gacagagcaa	gactctgtct	caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaan	300

<210> 267

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 267

atataactct	ggaggtcagg	acataggaga	tattgattca	ggacttgcca	gagtatggtc	60
ttgggggtgtg	ccctgatatt	acaaacaggg	atcttagtgg	ctaggtgatg	aggccatggc	120
aaatgtagat	ggaccaagat	caatttgcct	ttctagatga	ggttttctag	gtgaaatggt	180
tttgaaacta	ttttgtagcc	tagtataatt	tataaaagta	gagagaaact	ataaatataa	240
atttggaagg	ggttagctaa	aaggagaaaa	cagcagaatc	ttcatatata	tagaaatgga	300

<210> 268

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 268

cctacttatt	ggatggtggc	tctttggtgt	catggagatg	gctttactgt	aggtttgtgt	60
gtgttgcat	acttttcatt	gggattgaac	tgagaaataa	caaacaagct	ttaagtggga	120
aattaaaaaa	aagaagtaac	ctatgtagat	ccaaacttaa	aatgtgagaa	attattgaaa	180
tttcattttc	tacaaacttg	aaattagcct	gctaattgta	aagttgtttt	aataatgctg	240
acaaatgtca	gttacgtttg	caaaggagtg	tatggttcta	ggtatttgcc	tactgttacc	300

<210> 269

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 269

```

cctacttatt ggatgttggc tctttggtgt catggagatg gctttactgt aggtttgttg      60
tgttgcatta cttttcattg ggattgaact gagaaataac aaacaagctt taagtgggaa      120
attaaaaaaaa agaagtaacc tatgtagatc caaacttaaa atgtgagaaa ttattgaaat      180
ttcattttct acaaacttga aattagcctg ctaattgtaa agttgtttta ataatgctga      240
caaatgtcag ttacgtttgc aaaggagtgt atggttctag gtatttgcct actgttaacc      300

```

<210> 270

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 270

```

cctacttatt ggatgttggc tctttggtgt catggagatg gctttactgt aggtttgttg      60
tgttgcatta cttttcattg ggattgaact gagaaataac aaacaagctt taagtgggaa      120
attaaaaaaaa agaagtaacc tatgtagatc caaacttaaa atgtgagaaa ttattgaaat      180
ttcattttct acaaacttga aattagcctg ctaattgtaa agttgtttta ataatgctga      240
caaatgtcag ttacgtttgc aaaggagtgt atggttctag gtatttgcct actgttaacc      300

```

<210> 271

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 271

```

ccacatttaa gtgagatatg ggaaggagga gcagattgtt tttgaaggga ggaagagcag      60
ttacttaggg tcaaattaag ttgtaaaatc cccccggga tttgtatgt aagtcaaagt      120
gaattgtatt tggaagaaga actggggagc ccacctctgg tatttttttt atgtccctca      180
tatggacaaa taaacctctg gtattaaatg aattttcttt tgggggattc tataatattcg      240
ggatttcaac caccaacctc tctggttttt cccgctgaaa tgttgggtga tggaatcagg      300

```

<210> 272

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 272

```

gaacgcttcc attttatacc tgtgtctagt tagtttctgc ctatctatcc aagaagcttt      60
tatcaagggt ccaccatgtg ccagccactg aagtagatat aaatacaagg atgtgtaagg      120
tatggatgat ggtatacgaa ctgtcatctt actggatttg tccgctctgt taaagatacg      180
gttccgaaaa ctttttaaa ccttagagag ggctttaagg caatgtagca tcatatatag      240
aggcatcaac ctgttcatat ctttctattt aacagaactg tgcacctggg cacaagggtg      300

```

<210> 273

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 273

```

gaatggcggtg aacccgggag gcagatggtc ttaaagtggg gagacccggg ttacaggcct      60
gactgcatca ctaactcgct gtgtgtccct gggcaagtca gtgcagtgcg gtagcctctc      120
cgtctccgac tgaggagcaa agccctcggc tcaagatcct cacctacttc acagggattt      180

```

gaaatagtgc agtcaacagg aaaagaaaag cgctatagaa atgctcgacg ctatcacttg 240
 gggcccacgt ggaagtatca acgtataaat tggcccaggc agacagaagg atgcagggga 300

<210> 274

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 274

ggaaccagg gctgcagaac cagcccctcc ccaatgagga cccctctgag acgcccctcc 60
 ccatggagaa caccaggagc cacagacccc agaccacagg agcacacagg ggagggcacg 120
 gggcgcccg ggcaggggtg ctgctgcctc gtttatggga tttgctccgc gtctagcaca 180
 ctgctgcctg cagtgtcctc gtcccctgca gtggctactc tgggcctacg ggcctaatac 240
 tggttggcat gaaaatgtcc tgaggctact gtgacaaatt tccacaagct gagtggctta 300

<210> 275

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 275

ctttgggaag cagaggtggc aggatcattc cagcccagga gttcaagacc agcctgggca 60
 acacagtgag tgagaccctg tctctattta agaaaaata attaagaaat tttattaaaa 120
 aagaagaatc aggaaccaa gtccaaccca actaaacctc aaatgaacca gccctaaca 180
 cagatgaggg gatttgggac tgataagctc tgtgctgtgt ccatggcccg tcatttatca 240
 aggctgcagc tttgtaaatg tggctatatt tatgttgtgt atagtttcta tcatttatatt 300

<210> 276

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 276

tttgtatttt tagtagagac agggtttctt catgttggtc aggctggtct caaactccta 60
 acctcgtgat cgcctgcct cgacctccca aagtgtctggg attacaggca tgagccacca 120
 tgcccagcca aagatcattt ttttatatag acttcagccc tttgtaaata ttgtaactgg 180
 ggagtataga gtagaaaaaa agtatagtta aaacatttgt tctacaaatt aacctttaaa 240
 aatataatta ctgctaaaaa tagagtgtct ttacacttaa ggaaaattag tgccattttg 300

<210> 277

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 277

ctcacacagc atgtgtcaga tccatggggg aggagtcggc cagagacttg gtaacagaca 60
 gattgtctga tcccaccct agactctctg attcagttag tttggggtaa ggcgcaagac 120
 tgaatttttc acaagtttcc cagtgggtgt gatacttctg gtccaggaac ttagtgggag 180
 agaacgacta atctagacca tttcacttca cattctgagc ttcttgta ca ctgtcacact 240
 gcatcctttt aacaatgcat tccctatcct attgcaatac tgacatctca tcaatatttt 300

<210> 278
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 278
 ctgacaactt gattgggttc tccttcaggt ttgaagcgcc ctcgagaagt gtctaaagga 60
 gacagttgat agccaaacaa cagtttttga ttcactgact gattatgaaa gaagcagtag 120
 actggtatca agaatcagtc agcaaggagg ccctcaccag acgccagtgc catgttcttg 180
 gacttctcag cctccatatt catgaactaa gtttttggaa tccttaggct tccacgtgtg 240
 gaaagcctga gctaacctac tggaggatga gccatcacct ggagcagatt caggccatcc 300

<210> 279
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 279
 ggtaaaccta tttatataat agaaggatga ttataaacat ttaataaatt atatcaaata 60
 gatattatat attaaatggg cagataatag aaatctgtcc aagcaaaact ctggataatt 120
 tttatgttgc cttatttttt gttttctgtg aactccaaga aaaatgagat accagtttgg 180
 aacagatgta atattgctga tttaacagtt tagggatact cccaagtgc aataattttg 240
 ccaagataca aatttaaagtg gaacctttta tgaagcttca tagtgtgtga agaacttacc 300

<210> 280
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 280
 ataactgctt gcgaagatgt agtttctctt tggaaagcta cacacacgag attatacaca 60
 tcaggcactg gaactatctg taatactgga acctctgcga agtgccagggt ataaagtgtt 120
 tcccactgcc aagcatccag agctttggga aatttggaaa tcagagagat cagggcattg 180
 ttttgttctt ctgatgatga aagtgaagag caagtactac tgaagtctgg aaatataaaa 240
 gctgtgcttg gcctgacaaa gaggaggcta gttagtagca gtgggaccct ttctgatcaa 300

<210> 281
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 281
 caccatcgaa tattttttatt tatttttgaga gacagactct gtcacccagg ctagtcttaa 60
 actgttggtg aatcttaagt gattctccca cctcagcctc ccaaagtgtc gggattacag 120
 gcatgagcca ctacccttgg ctgtgatcaa gtatttagtc tgttggttaa tgtttactaa 180
 atagtctgaa gtagagaaaa tagcacccaa tctaaaataa ggtgaggtct agtcacttat 240
 ttaaactctac attttaagct atagtttact attagtttaa actttaagac aggtaatgtt 300

<210> 282
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 282

gcaaccttcg	cctcctgggt	tcaagtgatt	ctcctccctc	agcatcccaa	gtagctggga	60
ctacaggcac	gtgccaccac	accagctaa	tttttgcatt	tttagtagag	gcagggtttc	120
atcatgttgg	ccaggctggg	ctcaaactcc	tgatctcaag	taatctgccc	actttggcct	180
cccaaagtgc	tggcattaca	ggaatggagc	caccgcgccc	agcctgattt	cttttttttag	240
gtcttgtcag	gaaagatatt	gattcttttg	attcgtgaac	atggtttttg	gtcgtcttta	300

<210> 283

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 283

cccaggtagc	tgagactacc	cacaccttgg	tcccagctac	ttgggaggct	gagggtgggaa	60
aatcactttg	cccaggaatt	caaggccgca	gtgagctatg	attgcaccac	tgactccag	120
gcaacagagt	gagaccctgt	cttaaaaaaa	gaaggggagaa	agtgtcagat	ggtgatgagg	180
tctggggggg	aaatagagaa	tggggatcag	gagtgtggat	ggtgggtattc	cctcaccaag	240
aggtgacatg	tgagcagggg	gctggggagg	gagggtgtga	cccgtgtgga	aatcagggaa	300

<210> 284

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 284

ggtgtcctcc	ccagtgcgcc	gcgatttttg	tgtccaagcc	ccagagtccc	tctgagacca	60
acccccagcc	agcacagact	tctgccttc	ccagctcgga	agcgccctcg	agaagtgtct	120
aaaggagaca	gttgatagcc	aaacaacagt	tttggattca	ctgactgatt	atgaaagaag	180
cagtagactg	gtatcaagaa	tcagtcagg	ttttggaatc	cttaggcttc	cacgtgtgga	240
aagcctgagc	taacctactg	gaggatgagc	catcacctgg	agcagattca	ggccatccta	300

<210> 285

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 285

aattccgttg	ctgtcggggc	gccatgtcat	tctggagaga	gacagagtaa	aacaaagaag	60
gtgatgggta	aagcgagtc	gcctgctata	tattgtctat	ttttggtttt	tcacttacct	120
tttatattta	tgtcttttat	gtacaacagg	attataagta	gcttgagtcc	agtgaatata	180
ccatttcatt	ttgtatcct	tactgcact	tagcttagag	gaaataatca	cagcttatta	240
ttgattaatt	aattaattaa	tagatgaatg	gtgaacacat	gactatcatc	ccaagaaatg	300

<210> 286

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 286

agccaatgag	gcttttgcct	gccagcagtg	gacccaagcc	attcagcttt	acagcaaggc	60
tgtgcagagg	gccctcaca	atgccatgct	ttatggaaac	cgagcagcag	cctacatgaa	120
gcgcaagtgg	gatggtgacc	actatgatgc	cctgagggac	tgctcaagg	ccatctccct	180
aaacccatgc	cacctgaagg	cacactttcg	cctggcccg	tgctctttg	agctcaagta	240
tgtggctgaa	gccctggagt	gcctggacga	cttcaaagg	aaatttccg	agcaggccca	300

<210> 287

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 287

gggtgacaga	gtgaaactcg	tatctccaaa	caaacaaaca	aaaagtcctt	aaacatatgt	60
gaacaaaaat	tttgtgatgg	aaggattcta	gttaatgagt	attgcatcaa	gatttacatc	120
tttcttacta	aggaaaagag	ttaataaaaa	ttgttcttta	ttttacaggc	agttactgag	180
gctcttccca	gatctcagta	aacagccact	cagccttgaa	aatggagtgt	tggtgtttct	240
aaacatatat	ttatgtcatt	tattaagtac	agttcactta	aataacataa	gtagattttc	300

<210> 288

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 288

accactaaca	gcactactt	gactactgat	actttgatca	tggagttagg	gcatgccact	60
tgatagaaat	ttgaagagca	attatatattt	tcaaaaagag	ttttgaataa	tgtaagata	120
gattgcaaca	tgactatcaa	ttcttccctt	cccatcaaag	gagagagtcc	gtttatccag	180
cctttgaatc	ttgattattc	aagtgacttg	cttcacccaa	tgtaacatta	ataagcacia	240
tacaagcaga	ggcttgccaa	gaacttggtt	tgtttcta	gcttagaaga	agaatggtgt	300

<210> 289

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 289

tgctcttate	tgaaattcag	cgatcttcat	gaataagcat	ttctctgatt	gtggnatatg	60
cctttaattt	tatttctaga	gtgacaaatt	tttggttttg	acagtttttt	tctagcttta	120
tagtttcttc	ttggggagag	aatatgtcaa	cctcactcca	tcagtctgaa	gtaaatcttc	180
atctcttaat	tttatctctc	aaaaatatcc	taaggattcc	ctctggagcc	tgataagtaa	240
ttgcagtatc	tggtttctat	ggttgatga	ttcaggattc	caggaataat	agttactttt	300

<210> 290

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 290

ggaaccatga	gaaccgaagc	tagaattgct	attgaattac	tttattttct	cttcccttat	60
tggttagaga	tacatcatta	ctggcctcag	gggtttaccc	aaagaaagg	tatttttgag	120
caaataatgt	gatttcctgg	ctattttggt	gggggcttaa	gatttttttt	tttcaaagtc	180

atcttttagtc actaaaaatt aactgtcgtc ccatctagaa ctatactgtc cagtaccata 240
gcctctagcc gtagttagct atttgtatta agattaatgg aaattttaaa tccagttcct 300

<210> 291

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 291

tatgatttta tttttggcct aatataggaa tgtttaaaaa aggcttttct atgaaaatta 60
gaaatttata cttgaaatta aaagtctaca agggggagga ccttaaagct aagctaccag 120
taagacaatg aataattcag aagagaacac tattctttta ctgactgagt gcccaagatg 180
ccaatttcca tgaagtcttg atttatatat atgtacacat gttatgcaca tacatgtttg 240
ttttctaaca gttattcttt aagcttttga gataatttta gacttacaga agagttggaa 300

<210> 292

<211> 278

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 292

cccagaccta tggagtcaga cagtaggttt gaggccagc aatctatggt ttaacaagcc 60
atccaggtgt ttctgatgca cagtgaattt ggggtaccac tgggtattagg tttgggtatgg 120
caactttttc atcacttggt ttatgtagtt gtctgatcaa ttgtgaaaac ataatgaatg 180
ttggaaatgg aacagtaaaa taacgaaagc caactttttt tttttttttn nnnnnnnnnn 240
nntgnttttn cccccaggnt gnanngcagg gncccaat 278

<210> 293

<211> 297

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 293

ggaaggcagt gggaggagag gaccaagtct caaactccag aagccccacc tccctgagct 60
cagctcctct gccaaagcccc ctccagcgga agtcctcgtc cagagaaggc aacggcgaga 120
aacaatcca acatcctggg ctgctttttc cttccccac tttttaaaag tttgggtgtcc 180
aagtcacttg acaaaaccag accctaacia tgatattttg tgtagaattc tgggatcaaa 240
atataatttc aaaaataata tattttctga catcccccaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 297

<210> 294

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 294

ggaacagttt gagcaaaggc tctcaagtaa taggggtgtct gacttgttca tttttgaaag 60
tagaactaat aggatttctt attggaacgt aggggtgtaag agaaaagagg agtcaaaaag 120
agccacaaga tttttggtct cagcaattag aaggatagaa ttgacattta ctgagatttt 180
tggttttgtt tttgagacgg agtttcgcta ttgttgccca agctggcgtg caatggcgtg 240
atctcggtct agtgcaacct ccacctccca gattcaagcg attctcctgc ctgagcctcc 300

<210> 295
 <211> 299
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 295
 gtaatatattga tgtgattggt gtcgcttgag aaaaaaaggc aacagctgat tctttcaaca 60
 actgtcacag aatggctggg ctgagaacgc tgcccagggc cctgcagctg gcgggagnnn 120
 nnnnnnnnnn nnnnngtgcn tgctgcaaca tntgggtana tngtatecct ccctanagnt 180
 gctacnctt nnatccccct gtnaatatgt tgagntnct tngcnttcnn gntnntccng 240
 ntnnttgaca cntatgnaan ttntntngtc tngctctgct ngatnncttn nangctgcc 299

<210> 296
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 296
 gcagaacctt ttccccctta ctcttgtcta aaagttctgt gtggcacaca gagatgcgac 60
 ctactcaatc tgacttagta aaaccatgct gaaaaatttt ggtctaaaaa ggaccatac 120
 ccagcaccca tgaaataaaa gattcatctg taattgggat tcaaagggat taaattcctt 180
 tggtcatact cataaatagc actaaagtgt tataacattt tcatttacct attttttagtt 240
 ctttcatttt aacttaataa aaatcttggg ttgatattct tttttttttt ttttgggacg 300

<210> 297
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 297
 gctaggatta caggtgtgag ccaccatgcc cagccaetta tctttaaagg attaagttta 60
 tgtttcctac tatgggaaac catcccaccc caaacttgat gaccgcatta tgtgctttta 120
 tagaacatgg cacttctcca ggatagcatt tattctgttt tgtaagtgtg aatgtaatta 180
 cctacacac agcatacaca taatcttcat attctttgcc ttgtcttggt aaggcaaggg 240
 ccatgtctat cttattcgtc attagattcc cacatccaac atagtcttg ggacagcacc 300

<210> 298
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 298
 ccaaactctgc ctagagattg agttcacagt gtatgttctg ggggcgctgg tgcagtcagc 60
 ggtccagtct ccagcctgca ggcgtgcaca ctgggggtgga cgatgggtgg ccccgaggt 120
 gtacacattt ggggtggccc ggcccctata cccagtggt ctctttgatc cagtcgccgaa 180
 acagagggag ccttgtgtac acgcctccaa agtggagctg ggaggtagaa ggggaggaca 240
 ctggtggttc tactgaccca actggggggca aagggttgaa gacacagcct ccccgccag 300

<210> 299
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 299

ctccattgtg	aagatccagg	cattttttccg	agccaggaaa	gcccaagatg	actacaggat	60
attagtgc	gcacccacc	ctcctctcag	tgtggtacgc	agatttgccc	atctcttgaa	120
tcaaagccag	caagacttct	ctgctgctgt	gatctgcaca	ccctccaacc	tgggcaggga	180
ctggggggat	gcagtgtgtg	ttagtgccca	tgtggcattg	tggcactgtt	gcccccatg	240
gcggcatggg	caagatgacc	ttccattagc	ttcaagtctt	gttctcttgt	ctgtggtctg	300

<210> 300

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 300

agcaattcca	ctcctagctc	cacccacagg	aattgaaagc	aaagacgcaa	acagatgcct	60
gtgcacaaaa	gttcacggca	gcatecttcg	ccatagtggc	agcatccgtc	gtcacagcgg	120
catcatcctt	catcatagcg	gcagcatccg	tcgtcacagc	ggcagcatcc	ttcgccacag	180
cggcagcatc	tgctgtcaca	gcggcagcat	ccttcgccaa	agcggcagca	tccttcgtca	240
tagcggcagc	atcctttgcc	atagcggcaa	ggtggaaacc	ctgtccatcc	actgaggcgt	300

<210> 301

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 301

tcacagatat	gaaagtccag	tcagaggggc	tgggcgcgaca	tctgtgcttt	tccctgcagg	60
atTTTTtagga	tcagtgcagc	ggtgtgtatt	tgggaagcatt	tcaaattgtgt	taccatcgtg	120
ttacttccgt	gggcacctgg	tggtatttgt	tggactagtc	aggattctcc	agagcagcag	180
aagcaatggg	atgtgtgtgc	atgtgtttgt	gcagagacag	aaagagagat	tttaaggaac	240
tggcttatgc	agttgtgggg	gctagcaagt	ctgaaatttg	cagggcgggc	cagcaagctg	300

<210> 302

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 302

tcaccaggaa	tacagtgcaca	ttaaaagtgt	gatatggttt	agctgtgccc	ccacccacat	60
ttcaacttga	actgtatcta	tctcccagaa	ttcccacatg	ttgtgggagg	gacccagggg	120
gaggtaactg	aatcatgggg	gctggtcttt	cccgtgctat	tctcgtgatg	gtgaagtctc	180
acgagatctg	atgggtttat	caggggtttc	cacttttggt	tcttcatttt	ctcttgccac	240
cagcatgtaa	gaagtgcctt	tggtctccta	ccatgattct	gaggcctccc	tagccatggg	300

<210> 303

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 303

gccctctcca ttttctgagg aggtgatatt tgggcagatt acaaaactgag gaagcatact	60
ggatagacat caggatgaag agaataggca gttgaaaagt cccagaaaagg ggagtgtgct	120
tagagtgttt gaggaacagc aaggaagcaa gcccttggtg aaacagattg agcaaggtag	180
aaagtggtaa aagatgaagt taaagaggta gctgagagcc agatcatgta aagccttggt	240
aaggactgac ttttatttta agagggttag gaagacattg gtaggttttg actctggctt	300

<210> 304
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 304	
aacaggaata tggaaagaaa ctgagagccg agttagtga aaagtggaaa gcagagagag	60
aggctcggct ggcaagagga gaaaaggaag aggaggagga agaggaggaa gagatcaaca	120
tctatgcagt caccgaggag ggtcggacg aggaaggcag ccaggagaaa ggaggggacg	180
acagccagca gaagttcatt gctcacgtcc ctgttccttc gcagcaagag attgaggagg	240
cactggtgctg aaggaagaaa atggaactcc tccagaagta tgcaagcgag accctgcagg	300

<210> 305
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 305	
aatagtagaa aggggtcccca ttctgtctca gcaccgcacc tctctacccc cccacagaca	60
cacatgcaga cacacacatg cagacaacac gcagacacac acatgcaggc actcacatgc	120
agggccatgc acacacacgt gcacacacat gcagagacat gcagacacgc aggcacacat	180
gcacacatgc aaagacacgc atgcaggcac acgcagacgc acacagagac acacatgcag	240
atacacatgc acacacacat acacacactg gcccctggtt ttctgtggtg tctactgggtg	300

<210> 306
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 306	
cagcaaagac tttatttttg tacagaagat ggtgaagtcc aagacggtgg ctgagtgcgt	60
ggagtactac tacacgtgga aaaagatcat gcggtctggg cggaacaccc ggacacgcct	120
ggcagaaatc atcgacgatt gtgtgacaag tgaagaagaa gaagagttag aggaggagga	180
ggaggaggac ccggaagaag ataggaaatc caaaaagaa gaagggagtg aggtgccgaa	240
gtccccggag ccaccacccg tccccgtcct ggctcccacg gaggggcccgc ccctgcaggc	300

<210> 307
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 307	
gctgcttctg gctgggggggt ccttggcctt catcctgctg aggggtgagga ggaggaggaa	60
gagccctgga ggagcaggag gaggagccag tggcgacggg ggattctacg atccgaaagc	120
tcaggtgttg ggaaatgggg accccgtcct ctggacacca gtagtccctg gtcccatgga	180

accagatggc aaggatgagg aggaggagga ggaggannnn nnnnnnnnna ntggccttnt 240
gtggcctcca ccagcagctn tnnannatga catggagtcc caactgnacg nctccctcat 300

<210> 308
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 308
agttaagagt gtgaacccta gatttgccat ctgaaagtca tgtgtccttc agtgatgcat 60
ttaacctctc tgtgcctcaa atttctccct ctgggggtatg ttaggagtat acaaattaac 120
acatgtaaag tgcttagaat agattggtac tgttaaatat gagctaacgt cacatttgat 180
atTTTTTTaa aaagaaaaaa tcattatgga gtctcagtc tagagattct gattcattaa 240
ttctgcttct cggcaaggag cgatttgctg gtgtagacat tccgggtccg tgtaaagggt 300

<210> 309
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 309
ccaacaccca gttctcactc tgtcatccag gctgggtgtgc agtgggtgcaa tgtgggctta 60
ctgcagcctt gacctccagg acaagtgatc tcccacctca gcctccggaa tagctgggac 120
tacagctcaa caacgccct ctgaaagtag gactcttgga aatgaacctt gttgggagta 180
aagctgaacc ttcacctctc ctttccagga ttctactcca ttcatacggc ctcacactga 240
attaatgggt ctagcagcca catcactttg ttaccecaatt gatctagtag taaagtcttc 300

<210> 310
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 310
aggaaacacc cccttataaa accatcatat caggctgggt gatctgacag agctagacac 60
tgtcaaacaa acaaacaac aaacaaaaaa accccatcac atctcatgag acttatttac 120
tatcatgaga gcagctcagg aaacacccac tcccggtgatt cagttacatc ccactgggtc 180
tgtccacaaa attgtgggag ctacaattca agatgaggtt tgggtgggga cacagccaaa 240
ccctatcacc atgtaaaata atatctaatt tgtagagatt aaagaacaag ataacttaaa 300

<210> 311
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 311
ttntgcagat ctccagcaca agcctctgct agttgatctc acggtagaag aagggtcaaaag 60
attaaagggt atgtttggtt cacacactgg tttccatgta attgatgttg attcaggaaa 120
ctcttatgat atctacatac catctcatat tcagggcaat atcactcctc atgctattgt 180
catcttgctt aaaacagatg gaatggaaat gcntgtttgc tatgaggatg anggggtgna 240
tgtaaaccac tatggccgga taacnaagga tgtggtgctc caatggggag aaatgccccac 300

<210> 312
 <211> 275
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 312
 cctccctgga tgtgcagaca tggaggagga cagaaggccc agctcagtgg ccccgctcc 60
 ccacccccca cgcccgaaca gcaggggcag aggcagnnnn nnnnnntaag nggtgnnaan 120
 tntnnatttn ttctntttt ttttnnttn aaatatnttg nnnntttttn ntantantta 180
 ttatnntntn nttattannn tnttttctnt ntnttacttt gttnttgatt ttanncnttt 240
 natntttttt ttgttcttct nttntatttn atctt 275

<210> 313
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 313
 tcctgtcttc ttgccccaat gttgcatttt ccaagaccac tctggcctgc catgccaccc 60
 attctgtgcc tataaaaaacc ctgagacccc agcgggcaca cacacaagcg gctggacgtc 120
 aagaggaaca cactggcaga agaacacatc gaaagacgct ggcaggccat tgatgggtgga 180
 acgattcgga cgccaaggga aattcggcca aggacagtag gagatcccgg ctgctgagca 240
 gccagactcc agaggaagac taccttccca tgctatcccc cttctggctc ccagccatc 300

<210> 314
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 314
 ataaggggtg ggccttaatt cagtagaatt ggtggcctcc taagcagagg aagagagatt 60
 tttctttctc tctctgccat gtgaagacag tgaggagtgc gccgtctgca agccaagaag 120
 agcccttatc aggaacagac ttggctagca ccttcacgtg ggacctccag cctccagaat 180
 tgcaagaaaa tacatttccg tcgttgaaac caccagctct gtggtatttt gttatggcag 240
 cccaggcaga ctaatacgtg aagcctgctc taaatagata aaataagaaa ttactacaga 300

<210> 315
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 315
 gtctcagtgt ggcctgtggg gctggtgggc ggcctgcgat tcgagggccc tcaggtacag 60
 gacggccggg tagtgggctt ccacacagca tgggagccca gcaggccctt cctgtggat 120
 atggctggat ttgccgtggc cctgcccttg ctgttagata agcccaatgc ccaatttgat 180
 tccaccgctc cccggggcca cctggagagc agtcttctga gccaccttgt ggatcccaag 240
 gacctggagc cacgggctgc caactgcact cgggtactgg tgtggcatac tcggacagag 300

<210> 316
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 316
 gaaatgcctc tatgtagggtg aagtgttctc tctgcatgca acaggaaaaa ttaatataat 60
 attttcccca caaaagaaac acttaacaga ggcaagtgca atttataaat ttatatctaa 120
 aggggaatca tgattataag tcttccagcc cttggactct aaattgaggg gattaaaaag 180
 aatttataat aattttgaac gaatttattt tccccctcagt ttttgagggc attaaaaagg 240
 cattaaatca agacaaatca tgtgcttgag aaaaataaaa ttaatgaaaa cacagcactt 300

<210> 317

<211> 295

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 317
 acactgtccc actccatcac ccaggctgga gtccagtggg gtgatcatag ctgctgcat 60
 cctccagttc ctgggttcaa gccatccctc ctgcctcagc ctccccagta gctggaacta 120
 caggtgtgtg ccatcacacc tggctttaca tttttctgtg gggacttact atgttgccca 180
 ggccggcctc aaactcctga gctcaagtga tctctgcct cagcctccag agtatctggg 240
 attacatatg tcggctaccg tgtctggccg ttcacatctt tggccactat ttgct 295

<210> 318

<211> 261

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 318
 cctgaatata aagaggagga ggaagaccaa gacatacagg gagaaatcag tcactctgat 60
 ggaaagggtg aaaagggtta taagaatggg tgccgtgtta tactgtttcc caatggaact 120
 cgaaaggaag tgagtgcaga tgggaagacc atcactgtca ctttctttaa tggtagcgtg 180
 aagcagggtc tgccgaccca agaannnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnntngccnn aacnnttcac 240
 caaatncccc ggggggggctt g 261

<210> 319

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 319
 gggacctctg cccaagaaag cctgggtatt gaccaagggt tccccccac tgagacagcc 60
 tgagatatgg cctcatggga agggaaagac ctgactgtcc cccagcccga cacctgtaaa 120
 gggtcgggtg tgaggaggaa tagtgaagga gggaggcctc tttgcagtgt agataagagg 180
 aaggcttctg tctcctgctt gtccctggta atggaatgtc tcggtgtaaa gctgaccatt 240
 cccattcggt ctattctgag ataggagaaa accgccctgt ggctggaggt gagatatgct 300

<210> 320

<211> 289

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 320

caccttgcc	ggccaagggg	ctagacctcc	caggctaagc	ctcagattca	gtgcaggaca	60
caagctcatg	ccccgtctt	gccagtgaca	cttgaagcct	cccgaactcc	acagagtgt	120
tcaggacaca	ttttgagtgg	tattttcttt	tcttttttct	ttcttttttt	ttttnnnnnn	180
nnnnntngt	tntgtnnccc	aggetgnann	gcaggggcct	gatntnggt	aantgnaacc	240
ttngcctccn	aggttaaagc	nattttttng	cctaancctc	naaagtacc		289

<210> 321

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 321

gaaagaccga	gatagagaga	gagacagaga	cagagagcga	gaccgtgatc	gggacagaga	60
aagagaacgc	accagagaga	gagagagggg	gcgtgatcac	agtcctacac	caagtgtttt	120
caacagcgat	gaagaacgat	acagatacag	ggaatatgca	gaaagagggt	atgagcgtca	180
cagagcaagt	cgagaaaaag	aagaacgaca	tagagaaaga	cgacacaggg	agaaagagga	240
aaccagacat	aagtcttctc	gaagtaatag	tagacgtcgc	catgaaagtg	aagaaggaga	300

<210> 322

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 322

cgccctttaa	ctgcagttct	gctctatctt	cttttctctc	tctggagctg	agagtcagag	60
ggcccttctc	ctctctcttt	cagcccccaa	cactaagctg	atggattgat	aaatacctca	120
gcccctcgcc	ttctctcaacc	cacctggcaa	gtcttcttag	gatctgatcc	cagttttctg	180
gaagcaatcc	tacccagcc	caagcttccc	aagagtcgag	ccttaatcct	tctcacttct	240
cagtgtcaga	gcagaaatga	atcctggggg	tgactgtgtc	cattcggggt	attagcagct	300

<210> 323

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 323

agattatgag	catgtagaag	atgaaacttt	tcctcctttc	ccacctccag	cctctccaga	60
gagacaagat	ggtgaaggaa	ctgagcctga	tgaagagtca	ggaaatggag	cacctgttcc	120
tgtacctcca	aagagaacag	ttaaaagaaa	tatacccaag	ctggatgctc	agagattaat	180
ttcagagaga	ggacttccag	ccttaaggca	tgtatttgat	aaggcaaaat	tcaaaggtaa	240
aggtcatgag	gctgaagact	tgaagatgct	aatcagacac	atggagcact	gggcacatag	300

<210> 324

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 324

gtctgagaag	tcaaggatcg	gggtgctggc	ctattcagtt	cctggtaagg	gctgtcttcc	60
tggcttgacg	ttgaactact	tcttgctgtg	tcttcacaag	catgccccca	tcctgtgccg	120
ataagaactc	cagaccccaa	actcagctca	tacacacacg	gaagagagaa	gcatctgaac	180

atcaagaaga gaagaagctg ctggacatca gaaactgtga aaggagagga gtttggtga 240
gctccagggg aagactgect gcacattcta tccccctttc agttcccat cctgctgtca 300

<210> 325
<211> 283
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 325
gtccgaagaa aaagactgtg gtggcggaga tgctctctcc aatggcatca agaaacacag 60
aacaagtttg ccttctccta tgttttccag aaatgacttc agtatctgga gcatcctcag 120
aaaatgtatt ggaatggaac tatccaagat cacgatgcca gttatattta atgagcctct 180
gagcttcta cagcgcctaa ctgaatacat ggagcatact tacctcgtcc acaaggccag 240
ttcactctct gatcctgtgg aaaggatgcn ngtgtgtagc tgc 283

<210> 326
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 326
atgacatcct cattatccac actgcaaagc caaccatccc tatgatgggt tcattgtgga 60
tcatgactta gtgggtcaag agtttggaag tggctcagct gggcggttct tctgctccat 120
gtggctgcca gatggtaccc tgctggtggg cagtctggtc tagagggtcc atgatggctt 180
tactcacatg cctggcatct tgacagggac agctggaagg caagggtcag ctgggactgt 240
ccacagagct cctccctgtg gcctttccag catggtggtc tcagggtagc tggacttcct 300

<210> 327
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 327
ggtagactgg ctagggatcc tggacccagg gttccacgta gcaacacctg ctgagttctc 60
tgggttttct tctgcctca tgtagcccag acttgagct gaagaagctg gaaacatgga 120
aacaccaaca gctacagacc aaaaaaagtc ccaacaaagg cctgtcagtc tgccagcctg 180
ttctgtggat ttccaactca agattgcagc atcaactcac acctgaagtt ctggcttccc 240
tacaaaacttt gaacttgcca gtccccacaa tggcataagc caattcctta aaatgaatgt 300

<210> 328
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 328
gtcacaggca ggtttaatgg ccagtttaaa acttatgcta tctgcggggc cattcgtagg 60
atgggtgagt tttccctggg ctttgctcat cacttcggga catcgtaggac tttaccgtgc 120
gcattggagt gtgtgatggt gcctgagtag atctgctggc agagtagttt gagccagctg 180
gactgggctg gccgcctgcc gcttcttgag ggtggaagag ggggtgctctg agaagacact 240
caggcagcag actctgcctc tcaactaagg tgcccccccg acccgcctcc accatagtca 300

<210> 329
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 329

ttttggctcgt ctttaatttg tctcatcagt gcttccatgt gtttttgatg cctttgaact	60
ggtattttta aaatttcaat ttctaattgt tcattataga aacacaattg ggttttatat	120
attggcattg tattttgcaa ctttcctaaa ctactagta attctagtag ctttttttgg	180
tagattctta aggattttct gtgtaaatag tcatgtcatt tgtgaataaa gccatttttt	240
tttccttttc aaattttgtg ccttttattt cttattctta ccatatcaca ttggcaaaga	300

<210> 330
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 330

tcaaggatcg ggggtgctggc ctattcagtt cctggtaagg gctgtcttcc tggcttgacg	60
ttgaactact tcttgctgtg tcttcacaag catgccccca tcctgtgccg ataagaactc	120
cagaccccaa actcagctca tacacacacg gaagagagaa gcatctgaac atcaagaaga	180
gaagaagctg ctggacatca gaaactgtga aaggagagga gtttggctga gctccagggg	240
aagactgcct gcacattcta tccccttttc agttcccat cctgctgtca gccacattta	300

<210> 331
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 331

accgccctgt ggctggaggt gagatatgct ggcagcaata ctgctctggt actccttgct	60
acactgagat gtttgggtaa agagaaacat aaatctagcc tacgtgcaca tctgggcaca	120
gtacctttcc ttgaacttat tcgtgatata gattcctttg ctacatggt tccctgctga	180
ccttcttccc acctgttgcc ctgctacact cccctcgcta agacagtaaa aataatgatc	240
aataaatact gagggaaactc agaggccagc gccgggtgcgg gtccccccca tgctgagcgc	300

<210> 332
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 332

ggaaaaacaa caggtttgag tcctataaag ccataattta actccagtag ctgatgtcag	60
acaagcttgt cctatgtcct atttgagtgg cagcagcgcc agcccagcaa gaaggctggg	120
ggttgtaag gttgtcccca gaccttgctt gcagtgggtg gagaaccag ggggctgcct	180
tgggccctct ggccagaggg aagcgggcag ctctagccct ggagattgtg gtcacattgg	240
ggcttgttta ggattggagg gccaggtcac ctcccagcc accctccctt ctctcctctg	300

<210> 333
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 333

cctcctactc	ccaaacaaat	ctttggggaa	aaaaaaacta	ccaactgtca	gccatggggc	60
tgacggcgct	aagctctggg	gctccgtgca	ctgacgtggg	gccagccaca	gggaggcggg	120
gatcaagtag	cggaggccag	gattttggcc	acctcccg	caagttgcag	ggcagtggcg	180
ccgggagcaa	aagcagcatg	atgcagctca	tgacacgtga	gtccttttat	gaaaaaacct	240
cctcctgggc	ttatcaagga	agatgacact	aagccagaag	actgcatacc	agatgtacca	300

<210> 334

<211> 262

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 334

gccatgcccc	tttgtttact	cattgtctat	ggttgctttc	atgccctcac	agcaaaggcg	60
agtagttgtg	atggatcaaa	tggcccacaa	agcctgaaat	atttactctt	tgacccttta	120
cagaaaaaaa	ccttgttgac	ccctgcttta	gagaatgaga	agccatgcag	ggatcagtga	180
tgccagagga	aggggaaggaa	ctgcttccag	ctattgtgac	aataataata	ataataatat	240
tggtgtcttg	actagaacgt	gt				262

<210> 335

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 335

tctntctctn	ntattnttgn	gtagtnccctc	ntttccttgt	ncnntnntcn	ncntnttgnct	60
tttgccggacc	ctcgattcta	tctcatatga	gtgagaacgc	ttaccagtgc	agcgaatgtg	120
ggaaagccctt	ccgagggcac	tcggactttt	ctaggcatca	gagtcaccac	agcagtgaga	180
ggccttataat	gtgtaatgaa	tgtggaaaag	ccttcagcca	gaactcgagc	cttaaaaaagc	240
accaaaagtc	tcacatgagt	gagaagccct	atgaatgcaa	tgaatgtggg	aaggctttta	300

<210> 336

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 336

gaggacccac	tccccagga	ctcctttgaa	ggcgtggacg	aggacgagtg	ggactagcct	60
gcgccccogt	cacctccacc	tcacctgtgc	tgccacttcc	tagtgcacac	ctcacggctc	120
atcctcaagc	tgggaagatac	ctctctggcc	ccggcacatg	tcacctctgc	actcctgcct	180
tccogtgggc	acttccacat	cctctggggc	tctggcagtt	cccagggact	gttttcacct	240
ctgctgtctc	tggggtcagc	tgtctgtcat	cagctgccc	ctagcatgtg	gccaggggtg	300

<210> 337

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 337

agacaaccca gaaacaaatt catacatcta tgggtgaccac ttttgacaaa ggaatgaaga	60
acatacactg gggaaaagat aatgtcttta ataaatggtg ctgggaaaac tggatatcca	120
tatgcagaag aatgaaacta gacccccatc tcttagcata tacaaaaatc aaaattaatt	180
aaaaagttaa atctaagacc tcaaactatg aaacagctaa aagaaaacat cggggaatct	240
ctccaggaca ttggagtggg caaagatttc ttgtgtaata cctgacaaac aggcaaccaa	300

<210> 338

<211> 292

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 338

tcaataacca tgaagatgca tcctaccacc gtcagggcaa tcattagata gctgatcttc	60
actcgcatct tcatggttat tgagggcaag aaggctgccc aaagacacga gactttaaca	120
agcttgaact tagaaaagaa agctcgtctg aaagaggaag cagctatgaa ggccaaaaca	180
gagtagcaga ggtatccgtg ttggctggat ttgaaaatc caggaattat gttataacgt	240
gcttgtatta aaaaggatgt ggtacgagga tccatttcat aaagtatgat tt	292

<210> 339

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 339

gaaatttgca ctgatggctc agaaggctta cgtcatggag agtatgacct acctcagagc	60
aggggggggt ggaccaacct ggctttcccg actgctccat cgaggcagcc atgggtgaagg	120
tgttcagctc cgaggccgcc tggcagtgtg tgagtgaggc gctgcagatc ctgggggggt	180
tgggctacac aagggaactat ccgtacgagc gcatactgag tgacacccgc atcctcctca	240
tcttcgaggg aaccaatgag attctccgga tgtacatcgc cctgacgggt ctgcagcatg	300

<210> 340

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 340

ctcagngcan cgatcatggc tcagtgcagc ctcaaactct tgggctcaan canagcgggn	60
acctcaacct cctgagtagc taggactata ggcacacagc accatgcccc ggctatTTTT	120
ttatTTTgta gagatggggc ctactatgt tgcccaggct agtcttgaac tcctggcctc	180
aagcaatcct cccacctcgg cctcccaaag tgctgggatt aaaggcgtga gccaccgtac	240
ctggcccttg gtggaatcct tagggTTTTc tattcataca tataaaatca tatcattggc	300

<210> 341

<211> 296

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 341

atccaggtgt ttctgatgca cagtgaatt ggggtaccac tgggtattagg ttgggtatgg	60
caactTTTTc atcacttgtt ttatgtagtt gtctgatcaa ttgtgaaaac ataatgaatg	120
ttggaaatgg aacagtaaaa taacgaaagc caactTTTTc tttttttttt tnnnnnnnnn	180

nnnnnnnnnt tnnccccng ncnngnanngc aggggcccac nntnggntnn ntgnanccnc 240
cncncccggg nttnnccct ttntcnngcc taaccnccc nagnacnngg aactac 296

<210> 342

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 342

ggcacgatca tggtcattg cagcctctaa ctccggggct caagcaatcc tcccacctca 60
gcctaccaag tagctgtgac cacagctgcc cctcaccatg ctaagctaatt ttttttaatt 120
agatagtaca taaacgtccc aaaattagaa gataaaaaga catgagggat ccatttctaatt 180
ttgtgtttgg agtgtaattg tccagctcca ttcttctgca catggatatc cagttttaca 240
caacactgtg aatgtaatga atgccactga atcatatact caaaaatagc taaaatggca 300

<210> 343

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 343

gttttcatca ctacatattc tacacacact gggaagctct gacaacttat tccctgctat 60
tatcaactaa agatcacccct ttctactgct gtctctggag caggagctgg caaactatgg 120
cctgctgtct gtttttgtac agttttactg aaacacagcc atgcccattt gtttactcat 180
tgtctatggt tgctttcatg ccctcacagc aaaggcgagt agttgtgatg gatcaaattg 240
cccacaaagc ctgaaatatt tactctttga ccctttacag aaaaaaacct tgttgacccc 300

<210> 344

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 344

ccccaaacctg cactctaccc acccccatca cctactccag ctcccaactt ttgtggactg 60
agcggccgca gagactgggt cgccttggat tccctctgcc tccgaggacc ccaaaagaca 120
cccccaacctg caggccagcc ggccctgctc tggcgcgctcc aaaatactac ctagcacagg 180
cctctgctcg aggcaccccc aaactaccta tgtatccagc cccagagggc ctccattccc 240
aggaagtccc tatgtatccc aacactggca gacaccagc accaccctcc cagacccgca 300

<210> 345

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 345

cccccatcac ctactccagc tcccaacttt tgtggactga gcggccgcag agactgggctc 60
gccttggatt ccctctgctt ccgaggaccc caaaagacac ccccaacccc aggccagccg 120
ggcctgctct ggcgcgtcca aaatactacc tagcacagge ctctgctcga ggcaccccc 180
aactacctat gtatccagcc ccagagggcc tccattccca ggaagtcctt atgtatccca 240
acactggcag acaccagca ccaccctccc agaccgcgaa gaaagtgaat ctactacta 300

<210> 346
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 346

gtccacgggtg	ctgaacatca	tcattctttga	agactgtagg	aaccagtggg	ctatgtcccg	60
accactactt	ggcttgatat	tgcttaata	aaagtatttt	tctgacctaa	gaaacagtat	120
tgtgaacagc	cagccaccgg	agaagcagca	ggccatgcac	ctgtgttttg	agaacctgat	180
ggaaggcatc	gagcgaaatc	ttcttacgaa	aaacagagac	aggttcaccc	agaacctgtc	240
agcattccgt	cgagaagtca	acgactcaat	gaagaattcc	acttatggcg	tgaatagcaa	300

<210> 347
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 347

gctctgagcc	cagggcaggg	cagggacatg	gccatggacc	tgtgtcggca	ggaccccgag	60
tgtgagttct	acttcagcct	ggacgccgac	gctgtcctca	ccaacctgca	gacctgtcgt	120
atcctcattg	aggagaacag	gaagggtgatc	agaccccatg	ctgtcccggc	acggcaagct	180
gtgggtccaac	ttctggggcg	ccctgagccc	cgatgagtac	tacgcccgt	ccgaggacta	240
cgtggagctg	gtgcagcgga	agcgagtggg	tgtgtggaat	gtaccataca	tctcccaggc	300

<210> 348
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 348

gttctgtggc	tgccatgggc	tgccatgctac	tggagagatc	tcctgagaat	tcaggtttgg	60
attggtgctg	tcattcttct	gggaatgctt	gagaaagctg	tcttctatgc	ggaatttcag	120
aatatccgat	acaaaggaga	atctgtccag	ggtgctttga	tccttgacga	gctgctttca	180
gcagtgaaac	gctcactggc	tcgaacctg	gtcatcatag	tcagtctggg	atatggcatc	240
gtcaagccac	gccttggagt	cactcttcat	aagggtgtag	tagcaggagc	cctctatctt	300

<210> 349
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 349

gtcagctttt	gatgaagcta	tgtcatactg	tcgatatcat	ccttccaaaag	ggnattgggtg	60
gcacttcaaa	gatcatgaag	agcaagataa	agtcagacct	aaagccaaaa	ggaaagaaga	120
accaagctct	attttttcaga	gacaacgtgt	ggatgcttta	cttttagacc	tcagacaaaa	180
atttccaccc	aaattttgtgc	agctaaagcc	tggagaaaaag	cctgttccag	tggatcaaac	240
aaagaaagag	gcagaaccta	taccagaaac	tgtaaaacct	gaggagaagg	agaccacaaa	300

<210> 350
 <211> 270
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 350

ccatgctgnt	aacgggtttc	aaggggactc	ttgaggaant	gccccctaaa	atagaacaca	60
gcaatanggn	gggttctctg	tccccaggnc	cacccacag	tgctntntgg	cactggnaac	120
tctgttangg	agngantgna	nnnnaccant	aannnnnnan	nnatcnacan	nnnnnnnnncn	180
nnnnnncntn	tnnccnannn	ntannctncc	ntannnnnanc	cnnccannan	cactcncnat	240
naacgnnnnn	ttantgagan	nttctcaact				270

<210> 351

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 351

aaatgactcc	ctgcaaaacc	caacccatgc	tgctggctgt	gggatttttg	gtgtaagcct	60
atctatgcac	tctatcagcc	agaatttgcc	atttagctct	tagttaaatc	tagtaaagga	120
cagtctattg	tttaaagaga	aggtgcattt	gttcctcaat	caagcaagag	cacctgtgtt	180
gtactgcttt	atatctcatg	tatatattata	gtaatgaaaa	gactttttta	attgtacacg	240
tttcagtgcc	tttcttgtgt	tatgaaaggc	aggtagatat	tatagccata	ggtaaaaatc	300

<210> 352

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 352

aagaaatgcc	tctatgtagg	tgaagtgttc	tctctgcatg	caacagtaaa	aattaatata	60
atattttccc	cacaaaagaa	acacttaaca	gaggcaagtg	caatttataa	atttataatct	120
aaaggggaat	catgattata	agtccttcag	cccttggact	ctaaattgag	gggattaaaa	180
agaattttaa	ataattttga	acgaatttat	tttccctca	gtttttgagg	gcattaaaaa	240
ggcattaaat	caagacaaat	catgtgcttg	agaaaaataa	aattaatgaa	aacacagcac	300

<210> 353

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 353

cccacactcg	gacactgtgg	aattctacca	gcgcctgtcg	accgagacac	tcttcttcat	60
cttctactat	ctggagggca	ctaaggcaca	gtatctggca	gccaaggccc	taaagaagca	120
gtcatggcga	ttccacacca	agtacatgat	gtggttccag	aggcacgagg	agcccaagac	180
catcactgac	gagtttgagc	agggcaccta	catctacttt	gactacgaga	agtggggcca	240
gcggaagaag	gaaggcttca	cctttgagta	ccgctacctg	gaggaccggg	acctccagtg	300

<210> 354

<211> 299

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 354

gaaggaggac	ctaggcacac	acatatggtg	gccacaccca	ggagggtagt	ggggagttag	60
atttcagagt	ccaggcccta	ggttgggacc	cactccaaat	aatctcctcg	gtgtgggtgg	120
tggttctata	gagggataaa	tgaataataa	acattgttaa	aataacgaa	aaaaaaaaaa	180
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	240
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaacnncn	ncnananaaa	aaaaaaaaaa		299

<210> 355

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 355

actgttcac	ctaagttcca	ctataaacag	gtcatgact	cgggcacaga	cacttcttgc	60
gtgacttttt	cctatgatgg	taatgtcctt	gcctctcgtg	gagggtgacga	ttcattaaaa	120
ttatgggaca	tccgacaatt	taataaacca	cttttttcag	cctcgggtct	ttccaccatg	180
ttcccaatga	ctgactgctg	tttcagtcca	gatgataagc	tcatagtcac	tggtacatct	240
attcaaagag	gatgtggcag	cggcaaaactt	gttttctttg	agcgtaggac	tttccaaagg	300

<210> 356

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 356

ttcagaaaga	aacattttaat	agggacttac	aaacaaatta	atgtctgagt	ctcagggtggc	60
agcaagacaa	gatggtggat	ccccatgcc	ttacctgcta	gactcagggt	ttatatactg	120
tagtggagag	gtgattccga	aggaatgttg	taagacaatt	gaagagcagt	aacatcaaag	180
ttatttgacc	taagggcagg	agttacagta	agtatccact	tttatacaag	aaacaataga	240
taaactggaa	atcttgagc	ccttcctgga	actgggggta	atgagaagtc	aacatgggtg	300

<210> 357

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 357

acaaaacct	cagatggaga	taaaaattac	tactgttatt	caacatgtgt	tccagaacct	60
tattttgggg	agtaaagtca	attgggcaga	ggatcctgcc	cttaaggaaa	ttgttctgca	120
gcttgagaag	aatgttgaca	tgatgtaata	agaattcatt	tctgacatat	tttacatttc	180
tggaatctc	aactcttatt	tgggaatactt	ctgtgcattt	gtctgtccac	cgtaatttta	240
gaaaagcata	tccataacgt	ttacagttgt	agtacagttg	tggttagtta	tttgtagtgg	300

<210> 358

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 358

ggtgattaca	gaagcccaga	aggttgatac	cagagccaag	aacgctgggg	ttacaatcca	60
agacacactc	aacacattag	acggcctcct	gcattctgatg	gaccctgcac	ttgatggacc	120
agctggcacc	accagatca	ataaactggc	ttatttgaat	ttgcggcccc	ccaccaggga	180

actgactcag tgcaagaaga cagcttcgac tccctgtgat ttcattctctg accaatccgc 240
actcctggct cactggcttc cccaacccat gaagttttcc ttaaaaactc tgctcccgaa 300

<210> 359
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 359
atcaggtgtt cctcccatgg caggagggaa gaaaccagc aaacggccag cctgggactt 60
aaagggtcag ttatgtgacc taaatgcaga actaaaacgg tgccgtgaga ggactcaaac 120
gttggacca gagaaccagc agcttcagga ccagctcaga gatgccagc agcaggtcaa 180
ggccctgggg acagagcgca caacactgga ggggcattta gccaaaggta aggccaggc 240
tgagcagggc caacaggagc tgaagaactt gcgtgcttgn gtccctggagc tggaagagcg 300

<210> 360
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 360
tctgtctggg gatttttatt ttaagtgaac ctttggatct atctttaact ctctttattg 60
tgagtggtaa attccaattc tgcagcagat cagtaaaact acagtatttt tctgtggaa 120
atctattcaa taaggaaacc aagacaggat aataaaattt aaaaaaaaaa aactttgaat 180
tcccctgcct aggtcttcca gttgttttcc agcgcatacc tcaggtatga ctttgctagc 240
cggggacaaa attagcacct tccgattctc tagtccaaat gaactttgtg ctaaataaaa 300

<210> 361
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 361
gtagaacaga aaatgagcat ccgatttctt cactaaagga gaccaaactg ttccttgccg 60
tctagtattg aagaactgga acttgaaagt cctccttcta ccaactccac ctccaccccc 120
tcattcccct tctcccaaag tactactgct gttgcatgac aaccccaa atgttctgtc 180
aacacaaacc tgcctttggg gtataaacag ggcattacag aatggtacac cctatatatt 240
tctgttcagt atccattcac tagttcttca tttataaata tcattcttccc cattctgctg 300

<210> 362
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 362
actaccccg ctagggttcc cccatgcctg gcagcttggc catgggcccg gtcacgaaca 60
aaacgggcct ggacgcctcg cccctggccg cagatacctc ctactaccag ggggtgtact 120
cccgcccat tatgaactcc tcttaagaag acgacggctt caggcccgcc taactctggc 180
accccggtac gaggacaagt gagagagcaa gtgggggtcg agactttggg gagacgggtg 240
tgagagagc caaggagaa gaaatccata acacccccc cccaacaccc ccaagacagc 300

<210> 363
 <211> 271
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 363
 ggcaattagc ctgcgttaag ttgccttttt tacacaccaa aacttttttac atgaagggct 60
 ggtttcacat gaatactata ctgaaatctg tgctctcaag atctagcagt gaccagggct 120
 gcccggcggg ggctctcctg gcaagtcagg aaggtnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn 180
 canattantn nctgatcntc tntnangaan nnngantngc tctnttggn nttgtnnnnn 240
 gncntnnnnt naantntttt ntnatgtngc t 271

<210> 364
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 364
 agaggaccct gcagttagg ggtgttactt tgtcgccag gatggcctgg acccccaggt 60
 tcagggattc tcccgcgct gcttcctgag tagctgggac ctccaggctc cgctcgtgc 120
 ccgcaccct gctgtgttta ggcagcaggt ggtgacctca ctctccctg gcctgagctc 180
 tccgtccgc atcccaggcg gaggccctag ggaacacttt gaagctgagc acgggggtgga 240
 ccctccctcc tgagtgaatg gagaatagaa agggagagga tttctgttct gttctgtggg 300

<210> 365
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 365
 gttcttcaaa gccaaccaag acaggcttag cagttttaga gcttcagaac aaattgccaa 60
 aagccagagt tgtttatgct agtgcaactg gtgcttctga accacgcaac atggcctata 120
 tgaaccgtct tggcatatgg ggtgagggtta ctccatttag agaattcagt gattttattc 180
 aagcagtaga acggagagga gttggtgcca tggaaatagt tgctatggat atgaagctta 240
 gaggaatgta cattgctcga caactgagct ttactggagt gaccttcaaa attgaggaag 300

<210> 366
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 366
 gccagtctc accttcccta gtcctcgtgt gtatttttagg agatgcgtgg gtgtggaaca 60
 gctcctgccc tccgggccag gtgtactggg gtctgtgtgt tgtgtttctg cgtgttctcg 120
 gcagaaagt gcatgctgtc ccgcctgggt gatttgcctt ttacactat tgctgaagga 180
 caggaacgaa tccctatcca caagttcacc actgcactaa aggccactgg actgcagaca 240
 tcagatctc ggctccgaga ctgcatgagc gagatgcacc gcgtgggtcca agagtccagt 300

<210> 367
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 367

cattgccaga	gagcgggtttc	agcaagctgc	agatctgatt	gatgctgagc	aacgaatgaa	60
gaagtccatg	tgggggtcagt	tctggctctgc	tcaccagagg	ttcttcaa	acttatgcat	120
agcatccaaa	gttaaaagg	ttgtgcaact	agctcgagag	gaaatcaaga	atggaaaatg	180
tggttgtaatt	ggtctgcagt	ctacaggaga	agctagaaca	ttagaagctt	tggaagaggg	240
cgggggagaa	ttgaatgatt	ttgtttcaac	tgccaaaggt	gtgttgagc	cactcattga	300

<210> 368

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 368

gcccggcccc	gcgacgctgg	cgacgctttc	gcccctgagg	tagtttgccg	accgcgaaga	60
aggaaaaagg	gcggggcgcc	ggctgtcctc	tcaccgtcct	cacccgcga	ggcccggccc	120
gctcctccgt	cgtggatttc	gcggcgatcc	ccccggcagc	tctttgcaa	gctgcttgaa	180
acttctccca	aactcggcat	ggatacgact	gcggcgccgg	cgtgcctgc	ttttgtggcg	240
ctcttgcctc	tctctcctg	gcctctcctg	ggatcgcccc	aaggccagtt	ctccgcaggt	300

<210> 369

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 369

gtgggggtgtg	cctcgtgtgc	gtggattcgt	gtgtgtgtgt	gtgtcttgta	tatgtgtgag	60
cagagtgcac	cattttcaga	ctctactatt	tccgtcaagt	attctgtttg	atttgatca	120
tctcaggatc	ggattctgtt	ttagagtgtt	tctgggccag	gatccggggc	cctgccctcc	180
tctgcacctg	accacactcc	ctactcaggg	ctagtctgtt	cttcccggac	atcttctggt	240
agccgtgcag	gagaggggctg	ggtggggcag	aggccacaga	ggggacctgg	tgtgtcacct	300

<210> 370

<211> 273

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 370

cagaggctgg	ttcagaaaag	gaggaagagg	cccggctggc	agccctggaa	gagcagagga	60
tggaggggaa	gaagcccagg	gtgatggcag	gcaccttgaa	gctggaggat	aagcagcggc	120
tggcccagga	tgaggagagt	gaggcctagc	gcctggccat	tatgatgatg	aagaagctnn	180
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnc	atcatgtccn	ntgcatggct	acctatccca	tatttnatnt	240
ccctnnccgt	gnttcnaatt	ncacattntc	ttt			273

<210> 371

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 371

gatgaggagt gtttaatcat tgatacagaa tgtaaaaata atagtgatgg aaagacagct 60
 gttgtggggt ctaacttaag ttccagacca gctagtccaa attcttcctc aggacaggct 120
 tctgtaggaa accagactaa tactgcttgt agtcctgaag agtcatgtgt tttaaaaaaa 180
 cctatcaaac gagtatataa aaaatttgat ccagttggag agatttttaa aatgcaggat 240
 gagctcttaa agccaatttc cagaaaagta ccagaattgc ccttaaatgaa tttagaaaat 300

<210> 372

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 372

gggccccaat gcagctgccc tctccagata cctggcagcc tcatatatca gccaaagcct 60
 ggctcggcgg caggggcctg ggggaggggc ccccgagcc tcccggggct cctggtcctc 120
 tgctcccacg tcacgggcat ctctgcgccc ccccagccc cagccaccac ctcccgcagc 180
 caggcggctc agctatgcca cgacgggtaa catccacgtg ggcgggggtg ggcggctgcg 240
 gccagccaag gcccaggctc ggttgaacca ccctgctctc ttggcctcca cacaggaatc 300

<210> 373

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 373

accctttctg ccttctgttt gggaccagc tgggtgttctt tggtttgctt tcttcaggct 60
 ctagggctgt gctatccaat acagtaacca catgcggctg tttaaagtta agccaattaa 120
 aatcacataa gattaaaaat tccttcctca gttgcactaa ccacgtttct agaggcgtca 180
 ctgtatgtag ttcatggcta ctgtactgac agcgagagca tgtccatctg ttggacagca 240
 ctattctaga gaactaaact ggcttaacga gtcacagcct cagctgtgct gggacgaccc 300

<210> 374

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 374

tcaaggccta cgaacagggtg atgcactacc cgggctacgg ttcccccatg cctggcagct 60
 tggccatggg cccggtcacg aacaaaacgg gcctggacgc ctgcgccctg gccgcagata 120
 cctcctaata ccagggggtg tactcccgcc ccattatgaa ctctcttaa gaagacgacg 180
 gcttcaggcc cggctaactc tggcaccgac gatcgaggac aagtgagaga gcaagtgggg 240
 gtcgagactt tggggagacg gtgttgacga gacgcaaggg agaagaaatc cataacaccc 300

<210> 375

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 375

cttcagtgc cacaacagga gagaggagaa agaagaaacg ctagtaattc caagcactgg 60
 aattaagttg cttcatcag tgtttgcttc agagtttgag gaagatgttg tgattgttaa 120
 ataaagcagc tccagtttca ggacctcgac tggattttga tcctgacatt gttgcagctc 180

ttgatgatga	ttttgacttt	gatgatccag	ataatctgct	tgaggatgac	tttattcttc	240
aggccaataa	ggcaacagga	gaggaagagg	gaatggatat	acagaaatct	gagaatgaag	300

<210> 376
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 376						
gggagactgg	ggtctatttc	acccctgcag	tctcgaccat	aagagatggc	tacacccagg	60
ggggccagtt	cagagaccca	ctcccagggtg	tgcattctct	ttctcaagga	tggtccttgc	120
tgagaaaaag	aattcagtga	tatttctccc	atttgcttgt	gaaagaagag	aaatgtggct	180
ttgttccacc	tggtccaccg	gcggtcagaa	tttaagggtta	tctctcttgt	ttcctaaaca	240
ttgctgttat	cctgttcttt	tttcaagggtg	ccagatttc	atattgctca	aacacacatg	300

<210> 377
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 377						
gatcagccca	cctcggcctc	acaaaagtgt	gggattacag	gcgtgagcca	ccttgcccag	60
cccacatcat	acagtttgaa	atgaaaacttt	gccacaacca	gcctttgctg	tagcacacac	120
atatatcact	gaacctgttt	gaaataaagt	tttttttctt	tttctcttgg	tattctgggt	180
tctgaagtct	ggtattctgg	tattctgggt	tcaaaagtat	gacttgagag	tggtgctctg	240
gtattctgag	agttgctctg	tattctgggt	tctgaagatt	atttgaaaaa	taactcctac	300

<210> 378
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 378						
tcgctgtgat	ccaaggataa	aaaagttcaa	ggaagaagaa	aaagccaaga	aagaagcaga	60
aaagaaagca	aaagcagaag	ctaaacggaa	ggagcaagaa	gctaaagaaa	aacaaagaca	120
agctgaatta	gaagctgctc	ggtagctaa	ggagaaagaa	gaggaggaag	tcagacagca	180
agcattgctg	gcaaagaagg	aaaaagatat	ccagaaaaaa	gccattaaga	aggaaaggca	240
aaaacttcga	aactcatgca	agacctggaa	tcatttttct	gataatgagg	cagagcgggt	300

<210> 379
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 379						
acactataga	atacaagcta	cttgttcttt	ttgcaggatc	ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	60
cgaggcagct	tcgagccaat	ggtgagctcc	ttctggatca	gctccttcag	ctccttcttg	120
ctcaggatgc	tgaaattgca	aggctgatgg	aagacttgga	ccggaacaag	gaccaggagg	180
tgaacttcca	ggagtatgtc	accttcctgg	gggccttggc	tttgatctac	aatgaagccc	240
tcaagggctg	aaaataaata	gggaagatgg	agacaccctc	tgggggtcct	ctctgagtca	300

<210> 380
 <211> 296
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 380
 acctggacag ggccagctgc tgggggagcg gcactgggga ctggaggctg gaagcgggtg 60
 gtgtgtgtcc cctgtttact tttagctgag ctgggggttg gtgtacgggt tctgttcctc 120
 tgagccctgc ggccacctg atgtttacgt gtgtgtgtga gggggggcnn nnnnnnnnnn 180
 nnnnnnnnnn ngtnatangc ttaacanatg nanagncnac tnactnctga ttntttatnc 240
 atttgtgcat ttnnaactatg cttttncgat cttnctgntg nnatnacngg catgat 296

<210> 381
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 381
 cagaaaagag tatagtaggg atgaccaagg tcaaagtggg taaagaagac tcatcatcca 60
 ctgagtttgt agaaaaacgg agagcagctc ttgaaaggta tcttcaaaga acagtaaaac 120
 atccaacttt actacaggat cctgatttaa ggcagttctt ggaaagtcca gagctgccta 180
 gagcagttaa tacacaggct ctgagtggag caggaatatt gaggatgggtg aacaaggctg 240
 ccgacgctgt caacaaaatg acaatcaaga tgaatgaatc ggatgcatgg tttgaagaaa 300

<210> 382
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
 gccaccggtc tcttcctaata ctgcacagac tattttgggt atttctgggc gggcagttcc 60
 tttgcatgtt tcgggagagg tttgctgatt tggggcttat atgtcaggcc tttggtttgc 120
 gtcttatattt aggggttgtt tgggggcctg ggtggtcggc ctcacatggg aaggggatgg 180
 gtagtggatg gggtttctgt tgtatcttgt gggcgggtga ttttgctttt gtttttgttt 240
 cacattcttc cccctccaca agccaaagtc gtttcatttg gtttccactg tgtggactgt 300

<210> 383
 <211> 273
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383
 gagatttgat attcgagtgc tgggcttagg tctgttgata aatctagtgg agtatagtgc 60
 tcggaatcgg cactgtcttg tcaacatgga aacatcgtgc tcttttgatt cttccatctg 120
 tagtggagaa ggggatgata gtttaaggat aggtggnnnn nnnnnnnngc cngcnttnac 180
 ttnatngcnn ctttttcttg atcnacgncn gnnatncnna nnnngtntata ntaatncnga 240
 anantntttt gnnntgcttt atcaantntt cnt 273

<210> 384
 <211> 259

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384

aagagaagga	cctagagatt	gagaggctta	agacgaagca	aaaagaactg	gaggccaaga	60
tgttgGCCca	gaaggctgag	gaaaaggaga	accattgtcc	cacaatgctc	cggccccctt	120
cacatcgac	agtcacaggg	gcaaagcccc	tgaaaaaggc	tgtggtgatg	cccctacagc	180
taattcagga	gcaggcagca	tccccaaatg	ccgagatcca	catcctgaag	aataaaggcc	240
cgaagagaaa	gctggagtc					259

<210> 385

<211> 296

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385

agagcctgca	agtgacaaag	gaagtgaggg	agaggccac	atgccccac	cgttcacacc	60
ctacgtgcct	cggattctga	acggcttggc	ctcggagagg	acagcactgt	ctccgcagca	120
gcagcagcag	cagacctatg	gtgccatcca	caacatcagc	gggactatcc	ctggacagtg	180
cttggcgcat	agcgccacgg	gcagtgtggc	ttgctgcccc	ccaggaggcc	tgaggctggg	240
tctcactgct	ctgaaaaaga	cccnccaaa	atgggccttg	gggctnnagg	cccttg	296

<210> 386

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386

gaagaggagg	ctgtgtatga	ggaacctcca	gagcaggaga	ccttctacga	gcagcccca	60
ctggtgcagc	agcaaggtgc	tggctctgag	cacattgacc	accacattca	gggccagggg	120
ctcagtgggc	aagggctctg	tgcccgctgc	ctgtacgact	accaggcagc	cgacgacaca	180
gagatctcct	ttgacccga	gaacctcatc	acgggcatcg	aggtgatcga	cgaaggctgg	240
tggcgtggct	atgggcggga	tggccatttt	ggcatgttcc	ctgccaaacta	cgtggagctc	300

<210> 387

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387

ccgcagaggg	cctggaagag	gtgctcacca	cgccagagac	tgtgctcaca	ggccacacgg	60
agaagatctg	ctccctgcgc	ttccaccac	tggcagccaa	tgtgctggcc	tcgtcctcct	120
atgacctcac	tgttcgcac	tgggaccttc	aggctggagc	tgatcggtg	aagctgcagg	180
gccaccaaga	ccagatcttc	agcctggcct	ggagtctga	tgggcagcag	ctggccactg	240
tctgcaagga	tgggcgtgtg	cgggtctaca	ggccccggag	tggccctgag	cccctgcagg	300

<210> 388

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

tggaggtctc	ctttcgcccc	agcccaggtg	gccaagccca	tccctggcctc	agaacatgct	60
gagcacat	ttt ttaggtg	caccttttta	tccaagttac	tagctacaca	tcagtgttta	120
aagagaaaaa	agtgaccttt	catttttttt	tcttgaaact	tgaggaaaca	agatacatac	180
tactgatttt	ttttttctta	aaactaaatg	catgactgca	gagcggtaga	ggtgtatatt	240
tttcatactg	tggggcaaag	tatttgtgct	gctttttgga	gatggactgg	aacgtctggt	300

<210> 389

<211> 293

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

gtcaagctgg	ccctggatgt	ggagatcgcc	acctaccgca	agctgctgga	gggagaggag	60
tgcaggctga	atggcgaagg	cgttggacaa	gtcaacatct	ctgtagtgca	gtccaccgtc	120
tccagtggct	atggcgggtg	cagcgggtgc	ggcannnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnatgaanc	180
agntactcct	atggnnnttag	cnttntanct	atnacctgcn	cnaactannc	tnangtgcta	240
gnncttgccc	caacccctac	ttttgtattt	atattgtgtg	tgcgtgtgtg	cgt	293

<210> 390

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 390

ctcacacctg	ctttggatgc	ttcaagcacc	tcagccctct	gaactacaaa	acagangagc	60
ctgcaagtga	caaagggaagt	gaggcagagg	cccacatgcc	cccaccgttc	acaccctacg	120
tgccctggat	tctgaacggc	ttggcctcgg	agaggacagc	actgtctccg	cagcagcagc	180
agcagcagac	ctatggtgcc	atccacaaca	tcagcgggac	tatccctgga	cagtgtctgg	240
cgcagagcgc	cacgggcagt	gtggctgctg	ccccccagga	ggcctgaggc	tgggtctcac	300

<210> 391

<211> 257

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 391

acccgtccgg	ggccggccaa	tttgcattat	tggaaatgcg	cgctataaac	ccggctgggg	60
ttttgcagcg	attttcttaga	tgtaaaaaat	agatctcaat	agcagcgggc	tgggcacatc	120
ctctcctctc	tccttctctc	tctgcccggg	gctggtttcc	gtctctcggc	tcggggctgg	180
aactccggcc	caacctaggc	gcgcagccgc	cacgagatgg	cgcacttccg	atcaatgtca	240
aagccgccc	ggagccc					257

<210> 392

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 392

gcgcgagcgt	cggctccgcc	tgggcccttg	cggtgcgctg	cgggcaggcg	gtgaggctca	60
cgcattgtgt	tacgggcaag	aacctgcaca	cgcaccactt	cccgtcgccg	ctgtccaaca	120

accaggaggt	gagtgccttt	ggggaagacg	gcgagggcga	cgacctggac	ctatggacag	180
tgcgctgctc	tggacagcac	tgggagcgtg	aggctgctgt	gcgcttccag	catgtgggca	240
cctctgtgtt	cctgtcagtc	acgggtgagc	agtatggaag	cccatccgt	gggcagcatg	300

<210> 393
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393						
gcgcgagcgt	cggctccgcc	tgggcccttg	cggctgcgctg	cgggcaggcg	gtgaggctca	60
cgcatgtgct	tacgggcaag	aacctgcaca	cgcaccactt	cccgtcgccg	ctgtccaaca	120
accaggaggt	gagtgccttt	ggggaagacg	gcgagggcga	cgacctggac	ctatggacag	180
tgcgctgctc	tggacagcac	tgggagcgtg	aggctgctgt	gcgcttccag	catgtgggca	240
cctctgtgtt	cctgtcagtc	acgggtgagc	agtatggaag	cccatccgt	gggcagcatg	300

<210> 394
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 394						
gtccatacat	ggagctccct	ggagcccgtg	tgtctctgtg	tgaactgaacg	ttttgtgatg	60
aaaggaggag	aggctgtctg	cctttatgag	gagccagtgt	ctgaattgct	gaggagatgt	120
gggaattgca	cacgggaaag	ctgtgtggtt	tccttttacc	tttcagctga	ccatgaactc	180
ctgagcccga	ccaactacca	cttctgtgcc	tcaccgaagg	aggccgtggg	gctctgcaag	240
gcgcagatca	ctgccatcat	ctctcacnag	gngaccatat	tggtttttga	cctggagacc	300

<210> 395
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395						
gcaaaatcaa	tgtggactga	acataaatca	cctgatggaa	ggacttacta	ctacaacact	60
gaaaccaaac	agtctacctg	ggagaaacca	gatgatctta	aaacacctgc	tgagcaactc	120
ttatctaaat	gccctggaa	ggaatacaaa	tcagattctg	gaaagcctta	ctattataat	180
tctcaaacia	aagaatctcg	ctgggccaaa	cctaagaac	ttgaggatct	tgaagcaatg	240
atcaaagctg	aagaaagcag	taagcaagaa	gagtgcacca	caacatcaac	agccccagtc	300

<210> 396
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 396						
aagagcacaa	gaggaagaga	gagaccctca	ctgctgggga	gtccctgccca	cactcagtcc	60
cccaccacac	tgaatctccc	ctcctcacag	ttgccatgta	gaccttctga	agagggggagg	120
ggcctaggga	gccgcacctt	gtcatgtacc	atcaataaag	tacctgtgtc	tcaacaaaaa	180
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaacnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnntntnggn	gnctnnnnnc	nnaaanccan	240

ncttnataaaa anccttngnt natttggaac aaccncann taaanngcag ggaaaaaaag 300

<210> 397

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 397

gataaataacc	tcagcccctc	gccttctctca	acccacctgg	caagtcttct	taggatctga	60
tcccagtttt	ctggaagcaa	tcctacccca	gcccaagctt	cccagagtcg	agccttaatc	120
cttctcactt	ctcagtgtca	gagcagaaat	gaatcctggg	gttgactgtg	tccattcggg	180
ttattagcag	ctaagaagcc	cagacgagta	gtgtgagctg	ccttgggagc	ctcagtgagg	240
gcactgggac	tggcctcact	ctcttgcccc	cagcctagtg	ggctttctcc	tctgtctctc	300

<210> 398

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 398

ctgaacccta	aaggaaaagcc	agcaaaccag	ctgcttgctc	tcaggacttt	ttgcaattgt	60
tttgttggcc	aggcaggaca	aaaactcatg	atgtcccaga	gggaatcact	gatgtcccat	120
gcaatagaac	tgaaatcagg	gagcaataag	aacattcaca	ttgctctggc	tacattggcc	180
ctgaactatt	ctgtttgttt	tcataaagac	cataacattg	aagggaagc	ccaatgtttg	240
tcactaatta	gcacaatctt	ggaagtagta	caagacctag	aagccacttt	tagacttctt	300

<210> 399

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 399

gctgacctac	agcagaagct	gctggatgca	gaaagtgaag	acagaccaaa	acaacgctgg	60
gagaatattg	ccaccattct	ggaagccaag	tgtgccctga	aatatttgat	tggagagctg	120
gtctcctcca	aaatacaggt	cagcaaactt	gaaagcagcc	tgaaacagag	caagaccagc	180
tgtgctgaca	tgcataagat	gctgtttgag	gaacgaaatc	attttgccga	gatagagaca	240
gagttacaag	ctgagctggg	cacaatggag	caacagcacc	aagagaaggt	gctgtacctt	300

<210> 400

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400

ggctagcgat	ttctacctgc	gctactacgt	agggcacaag	ggcaagtttg	ggcaccgagt	60
ttctggagtt	cgaatttcgg	ccggacggaa	agcttagata	tgccaacaac	agcaattaca	120
aaaatgatgt	gatgatcaga	aaagaggctt	atgtgcacaa	gagtgtaatg	gaagaactga	180
agagaattat	tgatgacagt	gaaattacaa	aagaagatga	tgctttgtgg	cctccccctg	240
ataggggttg	ccgacaggag	cttgaaattg	taattggaga	tgagcacata	tctttttacca	300

<210> 401

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 401

accccccttca	tggacagatc	ccccacagcc	tggggcagaa	gaggcgtcga	gggcgccaga	60
agtggcgcca	gcagcagccg	cagcagccaa	agagaggcaa	gagaaagaga	aagcgggcgg	120
tggaggggtc	ccggaagagc	tgggtccccgt	ggttgagctg	gtccccgtgg	ttgaattgga	180
agaggccata	gccccaggct	cagaggccca	gggcgctggg	tctggtgggg	acgcgggggt	240
gcccccaatg	gtgcagctgc	agcagtcacc	actaggggggt	gatggagagg	aagggggcca	300

<210> 402

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 402

ggatcctttc	cagacagaag	accccttcaa	atctgaccca	tttaaaggag	ctgaccctt	60
caaaggcgac	ccgttccaga	atgaccctt	tgcagaacag	cagacaactt	caacagatcc	120
atgtggagg	gaccctttca	aagaaagtga	cccattccgt	ggctctgcca	ctgacgactt	180
cttcaagaaa	cagacaaaga	atgaccatt	tacctcgat	ccattcacga	aaaacccttc	240
cttaccttcg	aagctcgacc	cctttgaatc	cagtgatccc	ttttcatcct	ccagtgtctc	300

<210> 403

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 403

aattccgttg	ctgtcggaca	gattgcccta	gtaccacccc	acctatcagg	gttatgcaat	60
ggaacatcct	cgcccaagct	cttgaggaga	gcaaagacaa	ctttgtacag	tgccctgttg	120
aagcactcaa	atgggaagaa	aggaaatgtc	tcctcctgga	agaaatcctg	gcctaccagc	180
ctgatataatt	gtgcctccaa	gagggtggacc	actattttga	caccttccag	ccactcctca	240
gtagactagg	ctatcaaggc	acgttttttc	ccaaaccctg	gtcaccttgt	ctagatgtag	300

<210> 404

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404

agtgggataa	aatgagacga	gccctggaat	ataccattta	caatcaggaa	cttaacgaga	60
ctcgtgccaa	acttgatgag	ctttctgcta	agcgagagac	tagtggagaa	aaatccagac	120
aattaagaga	tgctcagcag	gatgcaagag	ataaaatgga	ggatatcgaa	cgccaagtta	180
gagaattgaa	aacaaaaatt	tcagctatga	aagaagaaaa	agaacagctt	agtgtctgaa	240
gataagagca	gattaagcag	aggactaagt	tggagcttaa	agccaaggat	ttacaagatg	300

<210> 405

<211> 856

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 405

tggtgccngt	tccatattccg	tgctntcgtn	ctncnccagg	ancnangcgt	ntcgaattcg	60
gcacgaggaa	ggaggaccta	ggcacacaca	tatggtggcc	acaccaggga	gggtagtggg	120
gagttagatt	tcagagtcca	ggccctaggt	tgggaccac	tccaaataat	ctcctcggtg	180
tggttggtgg	ttctatagag	ggataaatga	ataataaaca	ttgttaaaat	atacgaaaaa	240
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	anaanaaaaa	300
aaaananaaa	aatnaaaaaa	annanaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aanncccttn	cncctaaaaa	360
nattcngggg	ggntttttcc	tccannccnn	ntntttaata	nnctncttnt	tgnttcttng	420
nctcaccnnt	tcttttggtg	ggcnntaana	naaaatnttn	nttttttttn	ggntanaaat	480
ncnntnnnng	ttttttntnn	ttttttttcn	aaaccctcct	ntntnctc	ncgtntcnaa	540
aaanntnttt	ntccnncnnc	nttnntntnt	nctntttcta	ttttntttc	ttntncaann	600
ttccnangtg	nnnnngngtnt	nntgnggctt	gtttnttttt	ncnnccctngc	gtcatccnnc	660
caataatttc	ttnnnccccc	nannccnntat	ttttntntnc	ctctatntnn	gnngngnnat	720
atnantcccc	tttatntntn	atnantagtc	ntntnttttn	ttntccntng	tnatannatt	780
ttntntcccn	ntntaanttc	ctcannnnat	ttntntnnnc	ncgngntata	tttnangnta	840
nntcnnccgg	gttnct					856

<210> 406

<211> 843

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 406

tnntnnnnnc	gnangctggn	nnnttctncc	cnttttcta	ngttntcta	actanggatn	60
gtcacgaggn	tcccangtag	gcatagcgca	ctgctgtacg	tttttggttg	tttttaagaa	120
actcgatgaa	gaggggtgtc	attctgggct	cgggggtggt	gccaattttt	caccagaaag	180
ggagccaccc	cttgcaacca	cttctgtctc	cgttageccc	ccctctgccc	tcctccaagc	240
caaagcgtgg	cctggctttt	gtcttcccat	ttagttttcc	tcttttacc	ttctttttgt	300
gcttaattta	ttaaaatagt	tgctgtataa	tttattttca	taaaactata	aaaaatacta	360
aatgggttaa	atagacttgc	aggccaatct	taaatggggg	gggaggggtc	tgaggggtgg	420
atggggaaag	ggaaagaggt	tttgatntaa	acaaaacaaa	tgacttttgg	gtgtgtnnng	480
gnatttttnt	ggggatanan	gggggtgggg	nnnnngnann	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	540
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	600
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	660
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	720
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	780
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	840
ncn						843

<210> 407

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407

tgggcngggn	ctantngngg	gctctcgact	tcntacganc	ttccaatggt	tngngggcac	60
gagcccccac	cttactggt	tattccactt	atttaaaatg	tccagaataa	gcaaactctc	120
atatagagga	agtagattag	tggttgcttc	gggatgggag	gaatgggaag	attgaggtct	180
ttcttttgca	gtgataaaaa	tgctctaata	ttgactgtag	cgatgggtcac	acaactctga	240
atatgcttaa	gaccattgaa	ttacacactt	tacgttggtg	aattgtatgg	tatgtaaat	300
atagttcaat	aacatagtta	caaaagataa	tcaaaagcat	gaaagcactg	ttgatgtggg	360

ttggatctgt	gtctccaccg	agtctcatgt	tgaaatgtaa	gccccctggt	gggaggcgat	420
gggattatgg	ggcagagtcc	tcacaaacgg	tttacaccac	ccgctcagtg	ctggtctcct	480
gatattgagt	cctcatcaca	tctggttgct	tcaaagtgtg	tggtgcctcc	cctctatctc	540
cctnctgctc	tggccatata	agatgtgctt	gcttctcttc	gccttctaac	atgattgnaa	600
gtttcctgag	gcctncctag	aacaaaactg	ctgtgctttc	tgnncccatc	tacaggaccc	660
ggagccaatt	naaccccttt	tctttataaa	aaaaaannnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	720
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnt				743

<210> 408

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 408

tgctccgnttc	ttangntgng	ctctngettc	ctaggagtnt	cnaatcgctt	ggtgcagacc	60
tccagcacaa	gcctctgcta	gtngatctca	cggtagaaga	aggtaaaga	ttaaaggtna	120
tttttggttc	acacactggg	ttccatgtaa	tngatgttga	ttcaggaaac	tcttatgata	180
tctacatacc	atctcatatt	cagggcaata	tcactcctca	tgctattgtc	atcttgccca	240
aaacagatgg	aatggaaatg	cttgtttgct	atgaggatga	gggggtgtat	gtaaacacct	300
atggccggat	aactaaggat	gtggtgctcc	aatggggaga	aatggccacg	tctgtggcct	360
acattcattc	caatcagata	atggctgggg	cgagaaagct	attgagatcc	ggcagtgga	420
caggacattt	ggatggagta	ttnatgcata	agcgagctca	aaggttaaag	tttctatgtg	480
aaagaaatga	taaggnattt	tttgcatctc	gtgcgatctg	gaggaagtag	cccaagtgtt	540
tttcatgacc	ctcaacagaa	attccatgat	gaacctggta	accagaagaa	ccccttgcca	600
cttatcttca	tggcggtatt	ctaattttaa	aagaacataa	ctcatgngga	cttatgccca	660
gtctagaggg	agaatcagaa	ggcttgggtg	gaacatatcg	ntttcctttt	tcctttcctt	720
cggccctncc	agnccagtcc	atnttt				746

<210> 409

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 409

ggatccgggt	tccaatgctc	gggcnctoga	gctncctaag	annttgctaa	tgcttgnggg	60
ngtgccctcg	gtgcgtggat	tctgtgtgtg	gtgtgtgtct	ngtatatgtg	tgccgcagagt	120
gcatcatttt	cagactctac	tatttccgtc	aagtttctgt	ttgatttgga	tcatctcagg	180
atcggaattc	gttttagagt	gtttctgggc	caggatccgg	gccccctgcc	tcctctgcac	240
ctgaccacac	tcctactca	gggctagtct	gttcttcccg	gacatcttct	ggtagccgtg	300
caggagaggg	ctgggtgggg	cagagccagg	aggggacctg	gtgtgtcacc	tgcccaccac	360
ctggctcatc	cctcangccc	accctgaccc	tacattacat	aggttacgtc	agcctactgt	420
ggctgttgag	caaagcattt	ctcctttctn	gggcctcatt	gcactagatg	ggcctgtggt	480
cccaaagtag	gtcagtaggt	tggggttgct	gacacccctt	gggtgcaact	ttgggacaag	540
atgaantggc	tctgtcctgt	cactggcctc	tccttgcttg	ggggctatgt	gcacttcaaa	600
accctggcca	agctcaagcc	catgaagnat	tggagaacac	cctggggccc	caagaactgg	660
angcacccgg	ccanttcccc	tgggattcca	nctttgcan	ggtgaaccct	tcttttacc	720
naaactntgt	tccccctgnt	tccacttcca	aaaanaactg	g		761

<210> 410

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 410

gatgccggtt	cctatgatgn	gctctcggtt	tcctaggagt	tccaanactn	ggctngcncg	60
aggncttnta	aatatatctn	ggntttanta	ggtgataagt	nctgtcantt	agtancatct	120
gaaaaancag	ctttgtcctg	ggtgaaaaag	gatgccaaaa	ttgcctggaa	aagagcagtg	180
anaggagtcc	gggagatgtg	tgatgcntgt	gaagcancat	tgtttanctt	tactgggtc	240
tgccaaaaat	gtggatttgt	ggtctgctta	gattgttnca	aggcaaagga	aaggaagagt	300
tctagagata	agaactata	tgcttggatg	aagtgtgtga	agggacagcc	tcatgatcac	360
aaacntttta	tgccaaccca	aattatacct	ggttctgttt	tgacagatct	tctagatgcc	420
atgcacactc	ttagggaaaa	atatggtatt	aaatcccatt	gncattgtct	aacaaacaga	480
atttacaagt	tggaattttt	cctncatgaa	tggtgtatct	caagtttaca	gaatgtctta	540
atcacagtat	aaaattctct	gngcatgcct	gagtctcagc	gccaaaatcc	tcctccgaag	600
tctgagaaaa	atggtggcag	cnnccccana	aagtgatgtt	nggcnccaga	ttaccaggtt	660
aacttctctc	agaatnccag	tcaccactgn	actggntagc	anatcttgcc	gagccaaaaa	720
gccnaagng	ggaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaa				748

<210> 411

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 411

gnangnnngn	ttcntagtgc	ccgtgggagt	cttagatncc	ctaaaaaatt	gntaatgctn	60
ggtcggcacg	agtcaaggcc	tacgaaacag	gtgatgcact	accccggtta	cggttcccc	120
atgcctggca	gctnggccat	gggcccggtc	acgaacaaaa	cgggcctgga	cgctcgccc	180
ntggccgcag	atacctccta	ctaccagggg	gtgtactccc	ggccattat	gaactcctct	240
taagaagacg	acggcttcag	gcccggctaa	ctttggcacc	ccggatcgag	gacaagtgag	300
agagcaagtg	ggggtcgaga	ctttggggag	acggtgttgc	agagacgcaa	gggagaagaa	360
atccataaca	ccccacccc	aacaccccca	agacagcaat	cttcttcacc	cgcttgcaac	420
ccgttcctgc	ccaaacagag	ggccacacag	atacccccag	ttctatataa	ggaggaaacc	480
gggaaaagaa	tataaagtta	aaaaaaaaagc	ctccggtttc	cactactgng	tagacttcct	540
gcttcttcaa	cacctgcaga	ttctgatttt	ttgtgtgttg	gttgttctct	ccattgctgn	600
tggtgcangg	aagtcttact	taaaaaaaaa	aaaattttgn	gagtgactcg	gtgtaaaacc	660
atgttanttt	taacagaacc	nanaagggtt	gncctattgg	ttaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	720
aaacttngng	cctttagaac	tattanngag	nccnatttac	nttaatccan	nct	773

<210> 412

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 412

gnannccgga	ttcntagcgn	tcgtggaagt	gcacgcggtg	ntaacaattt	gctaattgctt	60
ggagttccaa	ttccagagaa	aatgagtga	tggtcacctc	gacctcccc	agaaatttgt	120
ccgagatgtc	atgggttcaa	gtgctggggc	cggcagtgga	gagttccacg	tgtacagaca	180
tctgcgccgg	agagaatatc	agcgacagga	ctacatggat	gccatggctg	agaagcaaaa	240
attggatgca	gagtttcaga	aaagactgga	aaagaataaa	attgctgcag	aggagcagac	300
cgcaaagcgc	cggaagaagc	gccagaagtt	aaaagagaag	aaattactgg	caaagaagat	360
gaaacttgaa	cagaagaaac	aagaaggacc	cggtcagccc	aaggagcagg	ggtccagcag	420
ctctgcggag	gcacctggaa	cagaggagga	ggagggaagt	cccagtttca	ccatggggcg	480

atgacaatgt	ttgccacagc	ctctgcctgg	aacctggctc	gtgctgtgac	cagaagggaa	540
aggcggtgt	ttggctcttt	cttccccgca	aggaccccg	ttaccgctg	gatggagagc	600
aaaggagacc	cccttcgag	cccgtcaca	gtcctgtatt	tggcaagggt	tgggaacctg	660
aaggggcca	tntncttga	cacttanang	cacttgctt	tcagacacca	ttccgngcnt	720
ctggtaaaag	gggacaagaa	aagccttaac	cttggcnnca	tattttgaca	gggg	774

<210> 413

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 413

gnngnnnnnn	tttctaagtc	ttgggnnnnn	ngtcnatgcn	taagagccan	gcggntcgaa	60
ttcggcacga	ggcgggccc	gccagcggaa	gcccctgcgc	ccgcgccatg	tcaaagaaaa	120
aaaggactga	gtgcagaaga	aaagagaact	cgcntgatgg	aaatattttc	tgaacaaaaa	180
gatgtatttc	anttaaaaga	cttggaaga	attgctccca	aagagaaagg	ctttactgct	240
atgtcagtaa	aagaagtcct	tcaaagctta	gttgatgatg	gtatggttga	ctgtgagagg	300
atcggaactt	ctaattatta	ttgggctttt	ccaagtaaag	ctcttcatgc	aaggaaacat	360
aagttggagg	ttctggaatc	tcagttgtct	gagggaagtc	aaaagcatgc	aagcctacag	420
aaaagcattg	agaaagctaa	aattggccga	tgttgaaacg	gaagagcgac	caggcttagc	480
aaaagacttt	cttcacttcg	agaccaaang	ggaacagcta	aaggcagaag	tagaaaaaat	540
ncaaagactg	tgatcccgcg	agttgtngga	agaaatcgcc	aagcaaatna	agtagcccaa	600
ggaactgctt	acagatggac	tgattacata	ttcgcaataa	aatcttnggc	ccaaagaaaa	660
atttnggggt	tgaaggaaaa	ttaaattggg	tngaaccttt	tgggaatttc	cgaaagactt	720
ttgcctnct	ngacttaaaa	tatttccatg	ngggtgaaag	gttgtccaan	ctt	773

<210> 414

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414

gnagnnnnnn	nttctaagtc	ttggggnnnn	nngtcaatnc	ctnngancna	ggcggnctgc	60
tcattccagaa	angtcagatc	ancaaagaag	tccangaaaa	antgcgaccc	agctngaccn	120
tttgatccca	ggcttagcac	acgattgcat	ggcntccctt	ttagccactt	naaccactgc	180
agacntccag	gaagctggac	tctctcctca	gtccntccag	acttctggcc	accacagant	240
gaaaacccca	ttttcaactg	agctatcttt	gtccagcctt	gatactccag	actgtgctgg	300
agatagtcat	acccactggg	ctttttcctt	caccgaggac	ttggaaagtt	cttgtttgct	360
agaccgaaag	gaagaaaaag	gggattctgc	caggaaatgg	gaatggcttc	atgagtctaa	420
gaagactatc	agagtatgga	gaaacacacc	aaactacctg	gggacaaatg	ctgtcagccc	480
ttaggcaaga	ctaaattgga	aagaaagggt	tctgccaag	aaaacaggca	ggccccctgtc	540
ctccttcaaa	catacaggga	atcctggaat	ggagaaaaca	tagaatcagt	gaaacaaacc	600
cgtagtccag	ttctgngttt	tcctgggata	tgaaaagaat	gaccanggac	tnctggagtc	660
aacttttcac	ttgaagaatc	tcaaggccac	cggtcattgg	ccacacactn	gaactccttt	720
ttaagatgta	cccattactg	gaattgggct	taggg			755

<210> 415

<211> 852

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 415

gnagnaannn	ttctaagtct	tgggnnnnnn	ngtcaaacct	tannaacctg	gcntgncgaa	60
ttcggcacga	ggtcacaggc	aggtttantg	gccagtttaa	aacttatgct	ntctgcgggg	120
ccnttcgtag	gatggtgagt	gtttccctgg	gcttttgetca	tcacttcggg	acatcgtagga	180
ctttaccgtg	cgcnttggag	tgtgtgatgg	tgcttgagta	gatctgctgg	cagagtagtt	240
tgagccagct	ggactgggct	ggccgcctgc	cgcttcttga	gggtggaaga	ggggtgctct	300
gagaagacac	tcaggcagca	gactctgcct	ctcactagga	ggtgcccccc	cgaccccggt	360
ccaccatagt	caaggctgca	ggctgccccg	ggagaagtgg	ctcccccttct	tgcgctgtgc	420
ttccattcgc	ttcaccgggg	gganaagacn	ttgggcttgg	ttggcacagc	ntgacccttc	480
tgcccatctt	naaggcagnc	cgggaantgg	gaaaaatatt	tctttaaatg	gtggcctttt	540
nttttttttt	nttttnaaag	gggttgaagt	tccannaatg	natttcccaa	tttccttccc	600
gaattgggnc	ccaaagggcc	ccaatggggc	antcggtcct	ttaaaaagna	acctttttgg	660
acctgggaag	aagaaaatca	cccagattgt	tgggaaatat	tttggncatt	aaaataaant	720
aatggaaaac	ctnaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaactcgag	cccnttaaaa	acttttagtg	780
agtcnnatta	ccnttanatc	canacnttga	tangaanctt	tggataatth	tgggncaaac	840
cnaacttng	at					852

<210> 416

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 416

ggnnnnnnng	tnaaaccttc	cnaannaggc	tnggcgtcac	tgnccecggt	caacaaaccc	60
actttttatga	cagttttctt	ccgcagcttg	gctnttaa	tttactggca	ggtgtatggt	120
tgtttggaggg	ttcctagtga	gttgggggac	ctggcantan	agctgcttgg	ttggaggaag	180
tgaanctggc	ttantaccag	cagctgatct	cttcacagtg	ctgctgcttt	ttttgccact	240
ctgatactaa	accagagaaa	gctgcaggtg	gataaagaag	ctgtggctgt	tttttgtttt	300
tggttggaag	tgagaaagag	tcacagtgtg	gggttaaagg	atctgcagtg	gggccaagga	360
tgccacccca	ccctcagctg	tangcaagct	tgacataaaa	taacccccgt	cagtggagtg	420
ttcgggatgc	agggggcant	atagtgttct	tggactttgt	ccgtcctggg	gcagttttta	480
agttctttat	atttaagtgg	ggtcagtgcc	aagtgtacc	actttcccaa	taaaangaatg	540
ggggacccan	aaggctgggg	tccttggtta	ccttggttatg	aagggttttgn	tntttctctg	600
acaaganttg	ctttggaaag	ancctgtttt	taggggatta	ttttttgnat	accccgatgg	660
gganccaggg	ttctnctcaa	aacccttaca	acccttagga	tcatagggaa	aagggggccn	720
tnttttntctg	ctggcttncc	caacttaaaa	acnt			754

<210> 417

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 417

ngtntatagc	ttntaatgc	ttcntancca	attcggancg	agagaagccn	tgagcagcaa	60
agtctntcgc	gacaccctgt	acgaggcggt	gcgggaagtc	ctgcacggga	nccagcgcaa	120
gcgcgcgaag	ttcctggaaa	cggtggagtt	gcagatcagc	ttgaagaact	ntgatcccca	180
naaggacaag	cgcttttcgg	gcaccgtcag	gcttaagtcc	actccccgcc	ctaagttctc	240
tgtgtgtgtc	ctgggggacc	agcagcactg	tgacgaggtc	aaggccgtgg	atatcccca	300
catggacatc	gaggcgctga	aaaaactcaa	caggaaataa	aactgggtcaa	gaagcttggc	360
caagaagtat	gatgcgtttt	tggcctcaga	gtcttttgat	caagcagatt	ccacgaatcc	420
tcggcccagg	tttaataaag	gcaggaaagt	tccctttcct	gtnacacaca	acgaaacatg	480

gtggccaaag	tggatgangt	gaagtnacac	atcaagttnc	aatgaagaa	ggtgttatgt	540
ctggctgtan	cttgttggtc	acgttgaaga	tgacnngacg	atgaancttg	gggtataaca	600
ttcacctggc	tgtcaacttc	ttgngggtca	attgcntcaa	agaaaaaact	tgggcagaaa	660
tgttcnnggc	cttatnttnt	caagaaccnc	catggggcna	agccccaacg	ccctttnttt	720
aaaggcncat	ttggaattaa	attcntnttt	nccccg			755

<210> 418

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 418

tggggnnntnn	nttctaattgc	tgggatgttc	taaangntgg	gctactcggt	ctttccgcag	60
gancccntcg	attcgaattc	ggcacgagga	aagggtggcg	gcttctcacg	gctgagttgc	120
tgcgcctgca	gacggaagct	ccccacaggc	agagctgctt	ggatgtgtga	gtcatgaagc	180
cagagaagcc	ccgctccatg	agcagtgact	ccccaggccc	tgtgacctcc	ctcctgtctt	240
gcagctcctc	ctggcaccag	tccccagggc	tctcctgttg	gtagtctctg	cttttcttct	300
tggaaattcc	tctgtggacct	cgagatcttt	accctaaaat	agttctgttg	aatttcaccc	360
tggcaatgta	aattgatagc	ttatcttcac	agatgccaga	caatggacaa	ctcaccatca	420
gtcctctgct	cacctgagac	aaatgcatgt	ctgattgctt	cctctgccct	attgnttatg	480
tgaaaatgca	gattcactga	gccagactaa	ggcatcagtg	actgttcttc	tactgcctct	540
cacatggaga	ttgtgtattc	agtgaaggc	tgatcaaaga	cccaaagga	atgcaccagt	600
ttatctctta	tctacctatg	acctgcgagc	tgncaccac	ccccagttgt	tgcgcctttc	660
cagacagaac	cagtgtcatc	ttacacgtat	taattggatg	tcctgngnct	tccttaatat	720
gtatcaaaac	aagctngcct	tgaacacctt	gggcacn			757

<210> 419

<211> 738

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 419

gnnngnecgt	cnaattncgn	ggntctttc	tngccnanna	nnannngcgt	gngngaattc	60
ggcacgagac	tgttcatcct	aagttccact	ataaacaggc	tcatgactcg	ggcacagaca	120
cttcttgctg	gactttttcc	tatgatggta	atgtccttgc	ctctcggtga	ggtgacgatt	180
cattaaaatt	atgggacatc	cgacaattta	ataaacact	tttttcagcc	tcgggtcttc	240
ccaccatgtt	cccaatgact	gactgctgtt	tcagtccaga	tgataagctc	atagtcactg	300
gtacatctat	tcaaagagga	tgtggcagcg	gcaaacttgt	tttctttgag	cgtaggactt	360
tccaaagggt	gtatgaaata	gacatcacag	atgcgagtgt	tgttcgctgc	ctgtggcatc	420
caaagctgaa	ccagatcatg	gttggaactg	gaaatggatt	ggctaaagtc	tattacgacc	480
ccaacaagag	tcagagggga	gcaaaattat	gtgtggttaa	aaccancg	aaggcaaaac	540
aagctgagac	tctactcagg	actacatcat	cacctctcat	gccttgctta	tggtcccgtg	600
agccccgnca	acggagtaca	aaggaaacag	ctggagaagg	acagactgga	tccttgaagt	660
cgcattaacc	tgaacctcct	gtancangcc	cangtcgtgg	tggccgattt	ggaacccacg	720
ggggcactnt	tttttctt					738

<210> 420

<211> 739

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420

gcgntnntat	tagcgtgggc	tcgntctcgc	tcnacncanc	nngngctggn	cgaattcggg	60
acgagaatca	gaggaggctt	cttcacccct	caactccatg	atgaactcct	atatgaagtg	120
gcagaagaag	atgttggtca	ggtagctcag	attgtcaaga	atgaaatgga	aagtgtctgta	180
aaactgtctg	tgaaattgaa	agtgaagtg	aaaataggcg	ccagctgggg	agagctaaag	240
gactttgatg	tgtaactgtg	ctgttgatga	agtcctccca	gggaagcctg	tgcagatgca	300
gtcacctgga	aagaacagag	attccctttc	acctacctca	gcaaaaacaaa	ctttcaagtc	360
ttgatagact	tagcctagta	attttatagt	gagagtttca	aactatatat	caagtgtcta	420
tagcatcaaa	aacttctggg	ggcgtggggg	aaagtagaat	accaagtata	atagttacat	480
tcactttcaa	agagcatcta	tgaatttgcc	ttttgtaact	tactgtggct	ttaaaccatat	540
tcagaacaga	tgcttgaaat	atgcacttag	cactttgggt	ccacatctgt	ctgggtaaac	600
catgaagaaa	atgaagctgc	tgctcaatc	gancccagac	agcagccata	ggcagataaa	660
gatttnggtt	cacccttggg	gggtgggaggc	atcgtgtgtg	cctttttttc	ctctaataatc	720
aattttacag	tccgggaan					739

<210> 421

<211> 727

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 421

gtgatctttn	tgagtggggg	ccntnctngc	tctannan	aggttngng	ggctagcgat	60
ttctacctgc	gctactacgt	agggcacaag	ggcaagtgtg	ggcacgagtt	tctggagttc	120
gaatttcggc	ccggacggaa	agcttagata	tgccaacaac	agcaattaca	aaaatgatgt	180
gatgatcaga	aaagagctta	tgtgcacaag	agtgtaatgg	aagaactgaa	gagaattatt	240
gatgacagt	aaattacaaa	agaagatgat	gctttgtggc	ctcccctgat	agggttggcc	300
gacaggagct	tgaaattgta	attggagatg	agcacatatc	ttttaccaca	tcaaaaatag	360
gttctcttat	tgatgtaaat	caagtcaaag	gatcctgaag	gccttcgagt	attttactat	420
ttgggtacaag	acttgaaatg	tttagttttc	agtcttattg	gattacactt	caagattaaa	480
ccaattttaa	ttgtatgttt	tcaagctggg	tgnatattta	attaaaggga	tgggaagggg	540
ttatttgtca	tttacagtat	tgggggttta	tgaatgtgaa	gcaaccaaaa	aaaatttnaa	600
tgtaaaactg	gaaaatagga	aaattcatta	ncagcttaat	gggtatcctt	acttgatnct	660
ctgggtttgg	aagtccccac	acacattaaa	tctgtaatga	aancnctttt	gggttaaaatt	720
tctctat						727

<210> 422

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

gtntngnnng	nngttnnatt	atatggntcg	nctnnctcna	nnancnangc	ttngngctgac	60
aacttgattg	ggttctcctt	caggtttgaa	gcgccctcna	gaagtgtcta	aaggagacag	120
ttgatagcca	aacaacagtt	ttggattcac	tgactgatta	tgaaagaagc	agtagactgg	180
tatcaagaat	cagtcagcaa	ggaggccctc	accagacgcc	agtgccatgt	tcttggactt	240
ctcagcctcc	atattcatga	actaagtttt	tggaaatcctt	aggcttccac	gtgtggaaag	300
cctgagctaa	cctactggag	gatgagccat	cacctggagc	agattcaggc	catcctagtt	360
gaagcctccc	taggccaagc	aaccgtccaa	ctaccagaca	ttgaccattc	agccttgaac	420
attcagcaca	aagacaaaac	agaccagacc	agaagagtcc	cacagaatag	gggaaactat	480
tcagagaaaa	cttaagccac	taagttttat	ggtgttttgt	tcttgtagcc	agaagcatag	540
gcatactggc	caatacaaac	cgaaatcctt	ctaactgtant	ggaccctttt	caggccagca	600

ttttttccct	tgaaaacctg	ggagccttgt	attccatctt	attagcagaa	gatcactttc	660
accaatgggt	tgggctcttg	atttggaatt	gatgatgtaa	tgagcctnta	ttcnaatgn	720
gacttaatac	ctctgcgaat	tgactggatt	ccn			753

<210> 423
 <211> 844
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 423						
nggnnnntnn	nnnnnatncc	ntgatcgtgt	ntcgttcttt	ctncaggatn	nnntcgtttc	60
gaattcggca	cgaggaaaag	ggagccgcgc	agngcctacg	ggagtnccgc	ggcagcagcc	120
ggtaccggca	accacgggca	gctctcaggg	aatctccgtc	gttgaggcca	naggctccag	180
tccccgcgag	tccagatgcc	tgtccagcct	ccaagcaaag	acacagaaga	gatggaagca	240
gaggtgatt	ctgctgctga	gatgaatggg	gaggaggaag	agagtgagga	ggagcgganc	300
ggcagccaga	cagagtcaga	agaggagagc	tccgagatgg	atgatgagga	ctatgagcga	360
cgccgcancn	agtgtttcag	tnagatgctg	gacctggaga	agcagttctc	ggaagctaaa	420
nggagaagtt	gttcaaggga	acgacttgan	tcanctgccg	gnttgccgct	tgggaaggaaa	480
ntgggggggc	ttgaanaaga	agcccctgga	atnccaccgg	aagccccctt	ttgggggggg	540
gccttgcaaa	ccgggaancc	ctttnaaagg	aatttcngcc	antttcaang	gttggggccaa	600
ggggaatcnt	accnaagggg	ccttctnngc	cttggnatgg	tgaatccang	gnaaattaag	660
gtncccaatt	gntgaancct	tccaanggga	ancccaaacc	agcacccttg	naanaagttg	720
agaaaacttg	cttgcntctt	ntgacacccc	tncnaggggg	aacttcaagg	aaccggttcc	780
tnaggcttgg	aaggaggacc	cccananccc	tggancctaa	attnttaaat	gggtnggacc	840
accn						844

<210> 424
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 424						
ggagnnnngn	ntccnaattn	nntgggnnnn	nnngtcaaan	nctngctact	cgttctttcc	60
gcaggatccc	atgcgattcg	aattcggcac	gagcccagac	ctatggagtc	agacagtagg	120
tttgaggccc	agcaatctat	ggtttaacaa	gccatccagg	tgtttctgat	gcacagtga	180
attgggggtac	cactgggtatt	aggtttggta	tggcaacttt	ttcatcactt	gttttatgta	240
gttgtctgat	caattgtgaa	aacataatga	atgttggaaa	tggaaacagta	aaataacgaa	300
agccaacttt	tttttttttt	tttgagacgg	agtcttgctc	tgtcgcccag	gctggagtgc	360
agtggcgcgga	tctcggtcca	ctgcaagctc	cgccctctgg	gttcacgcca	ttctcctgcc	420
tcagcctccc	gagtagctgg	gactacaggc	gcccgnccac	acgcccggct	aattttttgn	480
attttttagta	gagacggggg	ttcacctgtg	tagccaggat	ggtctcgatc	tcctgacctc	540
gtgatccacc	cgccctnggg	ttccaaagtg	ctgggattac	aggcgtgagc	caccggggccc	600
gggccaaaag	ccaactcttt	atgcctagaa	aatattgtgc	accctatgac	ccaagcccat	660
tgaatttttn	cngggaaatt	tatggtaa	tattgaaatg	gatggtaoct	ttaaaaagtt	720
atttggcaca	ttccccttgg	gttacctttg	gnatgggttg	ccaggggaatt	naaaactttg	780
ggntnaaacc	ttttttann					799

<210> 425
 <211> 750
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 425

gangccggat	tccaattntc	nggctnctct	naaannctgt	ntaatgcttg	gtccgcanga	60
ncccatgcga	ttcgtggagg	tctcctttcg	ccccagccca	ggaggccaag	cccatcctgg	120
cctcagaaca	tgctgagcac	atthttgtagg	gtggcacctt	tttatccaag	ttactagcta	180
cacatcagtg	tttaaagaga	aaaaagtgc	ctttcatttt	tttttcttga	aacttgagga	240
aacaagatac	atactactga	ttttttttt	cttaaaacta	aatgcatgac	tgcagagcgg	300
tagagggtgta	tattttttcat	actgtggggc	aaagtatttg	tgctgctttt	tgagatgga	360
ctggaacgtc	tggtttctgt	ccccggggcc	ggcagctacg	tctattttct	gtagaagggtg	420
ccacagtgcg	acctggagcc	accccttcct	gcctggcgcc	gtttanagct	gggagcccg	480
ggactccggc	ctgtttctac	cttctattca	accactctga	cgtggggaga	caagaagaaa	540
tagaactttt	tgatagtgtg	gtaaaaacat	tggattttga	actatttttag	taaaaggagt	600
taccaacaag	aatgtgnatag	gtgctacttt	gagctagata	aataaaggct	ctttgtgagc	660
ctcctgaaaa	aaaaaaantt	nnnnnnnnnn	atnnnnnnnn	annaaaaaaa	ctggnccttt	720
aaaactttan	gggncgttta	cctanaccct				750

<210> 426

<211> 819

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

gnagnnccgn	ttcttatgat	cgtggctnct	cntctanngg	ttgtgtaatg	ctnggtcnnc	60
angannnnnt	gcganncgaa	ttcggcacga	aggggggttc	ccaatagtag	aaaagggtcc	120
ccattcctgc	tcagcacgcg	acctctctac	ccccccacag	acacacatgc	agacacacac	180
atgcagacaa	cagcgagaca	cacacatgca	ggcactcaca	tgcaggccca	tgacacacaca	240
cgtgcacaca	catgcagaga	catgcagaca	cgcaggcaca	catgcacaca	tgcaaagaca	300
cgcattgcagg	cacacgcaga	cgcacacaga	gacacacatg	cagatcacat	gcacacacac	360
atacacacac	tgccccctgt	ttttctgtgg	tgctactggg	tgccagcaac	tccgtatctn	420
ccaccttcca	ctaaaacctg	ggccttaatt	tctctcccgt	ccccaccct	aaattcctga	480
tggatgaacc	tagagctgtc	ctgtccactc	caggccggac	tgacgtance	tatgggcccc	540
gcagggtccag	ggcccacgtt	ttaattttct	tttnaaaagc	tttaggtctt	ggcngggccg	600
ccggtgggttc	acgccttggg	agttcccagc	atthtttngg	aaggccnaag	gccgggttgg	660
attcacaaag	gtcaagcaag	tttcaaggaa	ccaagccttg	aaccaggcca	ttgggtgagg	720
aaccctgggc	ttnttactng	ggnaaattcc	caaaaaaaaa	ttggccttgg	gccnaagggt	780
gggcaagggc	acccttggtg	gggtccccaa	antttacct			819

<210> 427

<211> 750

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 427

gagnnnngatt	cnaattnctg	ggctnctctc	ttnttatnta	atgctgggtc	cgcangancc	60
nntgcgattc	gaattcggca	cgagggtccaa	ggacaacttc	gagacatttc	tttttgccac	120
cgtatctaac	agggagcagg	aagatctctg	ccgaggaatt	gtccagctct	gcttcaatga	180
gcaaagccaa	cagctgctag	cagagggtcca	gcccctctgac	tctttcctca	tggtagagac	240
aactgcatac	tttgaggcct	acaggcacgt	cctggaagga	ctccaggagg	tccaggagga	300
agatgttccc	ttccagagga	atatcgtgga	gtgtaactct	catgtgaagg	agccaaggta	360
cttgctaattg	gggggcagat	atgactttac	ccccttaata	gagaatcctt	cagccactgg	420
ggaattttcta	agaaatgtcg	agggtttgag	acatcccaga	attaatgtct	tagatcctgg	480
ccagtggccc	tcaaaagaag	ccctgaactg	gatgactcca	gatggaagcc	ttgcagtttg	540

ctctcacaag ggaactggct attattcaag gaccttctgg aacaggcnaa acctatgtgg	600
gtctnaaaaa ttgttcaagc ctttctacca acgagtcttg tttggcaaaa ttaaccttca	660
gaaattccca tcttggttgn gtgtatacta atcatgcttt ggaccanttc tggaangctt	720
ttccattgtc agaaaaccan atttggccgg	750

<210> 428
 <211> 943
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 428	
gnngnccggt ttcctattct cnggcanctc tcttctnctn acctattanc tggactctaa	60
anaaaagnnt gnngcgggtg gctcaagggc caccanaaca tttctttatt attattattt	120
tttaacctgn acatgcntta aagggctctat tacctttctt tccgtctgtc tcaacagctg	180
aaatggggcc nccaaggagt gccttccttt tgcctccctcc tactgggact gacggntggg	240
antgtntggn cccanntggg ggtgtctcct gnetgggaag ganggaaagg gaggcanagt	300
tttgccgggg ttgcanntng acancangct gnanaggana tggctaataa ctgtttaatg	360
gaaacctgct tgggcttgga nggaacttag nctgaatttt cccgacttcc tctgccagtt	420
attgacacan tctctttnta agacangaaa taaactaaac cccaccccaa ggnantnatn	480
ncangcngaa aacnncncat ngcccacatt nccnatccc ntancaccnn ctctntttt	540
nncccaanac tncctccan ntntnccnt ttaccttan ncntntntnt atcccnctaa	600
tnctnannn cntntntnt cennatnctt acnncncnn ntntnncccn nntcttntnn	660
cccaaactn nccnccnnt tennctnaac cntntnnnca nnanacacc tctnatnnc	720
ccannntctn cacnntnnnt ntctccnnt nnncccnnn ntctntnnna nancntntnn	780
nanancnate tnntnccnn cnantnnnt tcanctcacn ctctnnnnnn tntancnat	840
tnnccntenn tnncnntta nnnctntnnn nncnaantnn nnnnanctct ncnncnnt	900
canntnnnt nnnnnccnt cnanaccntn nnnntctatn ccc	943

<210> 429
 <211> 775
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429	
gnangnnnnn nntttctaan tncctggggn nnnngtcann gattnnngcta aagggtngga	60
tcnncgcag naangctgtg gcgctccatt gtgaaagatc caggcatttt tccgagccag	120
gaaaagccca agatgactac aggatattag tgcattgcacc ccaccctcct ctcatgtgtg	180
tacgcagatt tgcccatctc ttgaatcaaa gccagcaaga cttctctgtc gctgtgatct	240
gcacaccctc caacctgggc agggactggg gggatgcagt gtgtgttagt gcccatgtgg	300
cattgtggca ctgttgcccc ccatggcggc atgggcaaga tgacctcca ttagcttcaa	360
gtcttgttct cttgtctgtg gtctgtttaa tatgtgggtc actagggtat ttattctttc	420
tcccatcctt acactctgga tcattgtgca gacttaatca gggttttaac gctttcattn	480
nnnnnnnnnt ttttttgagc tcaaagaaag ttctcatttt ccctattcaa ctaataccca	540
tgccgngttt tttaccttg atttaaaggc acctangtt ggggcaacag attctcactc	600
atgtttaana cctggnatte ancttcataa gaccaaagan ggagctttcc ctttctcttt	660
acccctnagg attctcatcc tttacanntn gactttttcc aggccaattt cccatnnaat	720
ctgenanncc cngccttttg ncccaagctt ttntgntngn ccccccattt acccn	775

<210> 430
 <211> 763
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 430

ngggtgnnnn	nnttttetaat	nctgggggnnc	nntnnnnnnnn	nttttctaata	ncttaggnngc	60
tcgtttctt	tccangcagn	nnngcgtttc	gcgacagctc	tccaatactc	aggttaatgc	120
tgaaaaaatca	tccaagacag	ttattgcaag	agtttaattt	ttgaaaaactg	gctactgctc	180
tgtgttttaca	gacgtgtgca	gttgtaggca	tgtagctaca	ggacattttt	aaggggcccag	240
gatcgttttt	ttccagggca	agcagaagag	aaaatgttgt	atatgtcttt	taccgggcac	300
attccccctg	cctaaatata	agggctggag	tctgcacggg	acctattaga	gtattttcca	360
caatgatgat	gatttcagca	gggatgacgt	catcatcaca	ttcagggcta	ttttttcccc	420
cacaaacca	agggcagggg	ccactcttag	ctaaatccct	ccccgtgact	gcaatagaac	480
cctctgggga	gctcangaag	gggtgtgctg	agttctataa	tataagctgc	catatatttt	540
gtagacaagt	atggctctc	cgtatctcct	cttcctagga	gaggagtgtg	aacaaggagc	600
ttagataaga	cacccttaa	accattccc	ttttccagga	gacctaccct	tcacaggcac	660
aggtccccaa	atgagaagtc	tgctacctca	tttctcatct	ttttactaaa	ctcaaangca	720
ntgacagcag	tcagggacag	acattcattt	cttnatacct	tcc		763

<210> 431

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 431

tggtgttnnn	ntcctaatagc	ttgggnngnnn	ggtnannctt	ctaattactt	tggggctcgt	60
tctntctcna	cnngcnngg	cgttnncaat	tcggcacgag	cttgaagcgc	tggtttttct	120
cgaagcaatc	cttattatat	tgtaaaca	ggaaagatca	accagatggc	aacagcacca	180
gattctcaga	gattaaagct	attaagagaa	gtagctggta	ctagagtgtg	tgacgaacga	240
aaggaagaaa	gcatctcctt	aatgaaagaa	acagagggca	aacgggaaaa	aatcaatgag	300
ttgttaaaat	acattgaaga	gagattacat	actctagagg	aagaaaagga	agaactagct	360
cagtatcaga	agtgggataa	aatgagacga	gccctggaat	ataccattta	caatcaggaa	420
cttaacgaga	ctcgtgccaa	acttgatgag	ctttctgcta	agcgagagac	tagtggagaa	480
aaatccagac	aattaagaga	tgctcancag	gatgcaagag	ataaaatgga	ggatatcgaa	540
cgccaagtta	gagaattgaa	aacaaaaatt	tcagctatga	aagaagaaaa	agaacagctt	600
aatgctgaaa	gacaagaacn	gattaagcag	aggactaant	tggagcttaa	agcccaagat	660
ttacaagatg	aactaccggc	aatagtgaac	aaaggaaacc	gtttttttaa	agaaangccn	720
aanctgcttg	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaactc	ggcctntaan	t		761

<210> 432

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 432

gnngantnng	tcttattatc	gtggngctct	nactnnctct	aaatanaatt	gtgttgnggg	60
aattcggcac	gaggccaccg	aagcttcagg	atgacatctt	agactctctt	ggtcagggga	120
tcaatgagtt	aaagactgca	gaacaaatca	acgagcatgt	ttcaggcccc	tttgtgcagt	180
tctttgtcaa	gattgtgggc	cattatgctt	cctatatcaa	gcgggaagca	aatgggcaag	240
gccacttcca	agaaagatcc	ttctgtaagg	ctctgacctc	caagaccaac	cgccgatttg	300
tgaagaagtt	tgtgaagaca	cagctcttct	cacttttcat	ccaggaagcc	gagaagagca	360
agaatcctcc	tgccaggctat	ttccaacaga	aaatacttga	atatgaggaa	cagaagaaac	420
agaagaaacc	aagggaaaaa	actgtgaaat	aagagctgtg	gtgaataaga	atgactagag	480

ctacacacca	tttctggact	tcagcccttg	ccagtgtggc	aggatcagca	aaactgtcag	540
cttccaaaat	ccatatectc	actctgagtc	ttggatatcca	ggtatttgtt	tcaaactggt	600
gtctgagatt	tggatccctg	gnattggatt	tcttaaggac	ttttggangg	ctcttgacac	660
catgcttcac	agaacttggg	cttcanaagc	ttcanttttt	tgcanagggtg	ccccagggtta	720
ggaaaacagt	tntncttgtt	ttgtannt				748

<210> 433

<211> 769

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 433

gggnaaaagt	ttnnnannng	ggnagnnnng	ntnnaccntt	cctattactt	tgagagctcga	60
actcgcncca	canannnagt	gncntgngct	gtttttgcaga	tgaggaaaac	tgagggtacag	120
aattcttagg	gaacttacct	aaaatggctt	ttctgcactc	tgcccttttg	tattgtccca	180
tgtgaattgt	ttaaaactta	tgtgtatagt	ggcatgagta	ggtgatttca	gaaacagaac	240
tcaacttttgt	tgtttggctt	taaaattagg	aactttttctt	catctggggt	tcatttccct	300
gcaccttccc	agctttctag	tcatgcaagc	cacatgtctc	cacgtgaggg	gttcattgga	360
aagcagccac	agagccaccc	cctggctggg	ttcttcccca	gctctgcttc	ctccttcccc	420
aagtctctgca	gctgctctct	ccatggcaga	accacttctc	cccttactgg	aggggaggtc	480
cactgaacaa	atccaggaga	ggaatcattg	tgttttccac	agaagagaaa	gtacactgga	540
ctttctgtgc	aacctgttac	tacattttca	caganactca	tatttgtgca	ntgtaactca	600
atttgaacc	cagcaaaatt	aggctcccg	gtctccataa	aaggccacca	tgatggtaac	660
cgttggaact	caccttgtgt	ttnggacana	ngctgattgg	attttaccca	tcacacanc	720
cgtgtcttac	attctcnttt	cctgggcttt	ggacccctgn	tanaaaaaan		769

<210> 434

<211> 764

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434

ctanccttcc	taaaannctng	gctactcgnt	ctttctnnan	ganncnmntg	cgatnccaat	60
tcggcagcag	caccttgect	ggccaagggg	ctagacctcc	caggctaagc	ctcagattca	120
gtgcaggaca	caagctcatg	ccccgctctt	gccagtgaca	cttgaagcct	cccgaacttc	180
acagagtgt	tcaggacaca	ttttgagtgg	tattttcttt	tctttttttc	ttcttttttt	240
tttttgagat	ggagtctcgt	tctgttgccc	aggctggagt	gcagtggcct	gatctcggct	300
cactgcaacc	tctgcctccc	aggttcaagc	gattcttctg	cctcagcctc	cagagtagct	360
gggactatag	acatgcacca	ccacgcccgg	ctaattttgt	atttttggtc	gagacggggg	420
tttgccatgt	tagtcangct	ggtcttgaac	tnctgacctc	aagtgatcca	ccactcggcc	480
tccaaagtgt	tgagatgaca	ggcacgagcc	accagcccaa	cctgagtggg	attttcttta	540
gggaccangt	agactttaaa	acgagggtaa	gagaaaaagc	ccagtgggtc	tttctgangg	600
taaataaatt	tctgcccagg	aaacnttncc	aagccccaac	cagcaagcca	acccttaaaa	660
aaaaaatcac	ttcgtgttcc	ccaangggan	ctttnttaaa	gctttggggg	cttccaggna	720
aatcatttc	cagttnnaant	ttggaagaat	tcannagnat	ttnt		764

<210> 435

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435

gnnnnnntttc	taatgtggnn	nngnnngnta	annnttctaaa	ncttgggntc	tcgtttctttc	60
tncagatncc	ntcgattcga	attcggcacg	agggatcctt	tccagacaga	agaccccttc	120
aaatctgacc	catttaaagg	agctgacccc	ttcaaaggcg	acccgttcca	gaatgacccc	180
tttgacagaac	agcagacaac	ttcaacagat	ccatttggag	gggacccttt	caaagaaagt	240
gacccattcc	gtggctctgc	cactgacgac	ttcttcaaga	aacagacaaa	gaatgaccca	300
tttacctcgg	atccattcac	gaaaaaccct	tccttacctt	cgaagctcga	cccctttgaa	360
tccagtgatc	ccttttcatc	ctccagtgtc	tcctcaaaag	gatcagatcc	ccttgggaacc	420
ttagatccct	tcggaagtgg	gtccttcaat	agtgtcgaag	gctttgccga	cttcagccag	480
atgtccaagg	gtgcctgggg	aagagccact	gcgcagtgtt	tctttgggtg	tactccagtg	540
ttgaacanag	agctggtcag	aggcagtgc	tcgcanagag	acattaataa	gggaatcctt	600
tgaatcccta	ancagcanca	gcttttctga	nggggcnat	gatgccagtg	acctnttcan	660
ggnaagtctg	ggacattggg	accaccctgg	ggggaagaac	ttgtgggatg	tggtttttct	720
tttatgaata	aagtactttg	agttggttgn	aatcn			755

<210> 436

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 436

aaggctggnn	nnngnnntgc	nnnncttctnt	attantctgg	gggctcgtnc	tctctcnann	60
nagnnaggcg	ntgngaattc	ggcacgagct	caagaaaagg	agaaagtttt	tttgtatgaa	120
attggaggaa	atattgggga	acgctgcctt	gatgatgaca	cttacctgaa	ggattttatat	180
cagcttaacc	caaatgctga	gtgggttata	aagtcaaaagc	cattgtagaa	gacttaacaa	240
gctgcagata	accatgtgga	cttctgtcat	aattcttgct	gagtcaagag	tgtaaataaa	300
agaaatggca	ggactcatat	tattcagttg	tcccaagtat	ttaaaaatga	ctctcttaag	360
ccttaaaaag	tcatagattt	gtgctgctgc	cagaattata	ttaattatta	ttaatgggat	420
tattagaaaa	aaaattttctg	gagtgcagagt	naagangcct	aattagtttg	tgggcagttt	480
tcatatgctc	tgtgaaatgt	gtccagatgt	gacataagtt	ttttttttta	atatggngga	540
aatgncttct	ctttcccat	cttttctcct	aaaaatcata	tatactggga	atatatgcct	600
ctnttacctc	tattaccctc	ctcacattta	ccctttccca	gttnggtttt	gcttttttnac	660
caaaaagatt	ccaatnccna	ggtattggca	agttntnaaa	accgcccntt	aaacatccct	720
aatttcncag	nattccnnnc	ttgccaaatn	ttngtntcnn			760

<210> 437

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

ggnnnnnngnn	ngntnnncgtt	ccctattant	caggngctcg	ntctntctcn	annnancnng	60
gcgtgtncga	attcggcacg	aggattttcg	aaactcttca	gctacttgcc	ctttttttatc	120
tgaaaccatc	ataccttctg	aaagaaaaaa	gcatactctc	attgacataa	cagaagtggag	180
atggcccagt	cttgatacag	atggtccatg	atatatatgg	agagtggcat	tgtgaagata	240
acatcttttag	atggtcatgc	atacctctgc	ctgcccagat	ctcagcatga	atttacagta	300
cattttttgt	gtaaagttag	ccagaagtca	gactcatctg	cagtgttgct	agaaacaaat	360
aataaagccc	caaaagataa	actagttgaa	aaaactggca	aaatctgtat	acgtggaaat	420
ttaccaggac	agagactgaa	gaataaagaa	aatgagtttc	attgccagat	catgaaatcc	480

aaagaaactt	taaagaagat	gagttgtgta	aatggaactg	aagggagggg	aagaactgcc	540
ttcgccctgg	acaaagcaca	catgtgtata	cacatgggtc	aagcagtgct	ggctctgtggc	600
tgntgtcca	gangaatgga	aatatccttg	gctttagcac	ttcattttca	taataaaatc	660
agcaattntg	tctaaaaaaa	aaaannnana	aaaaactnga	gcctntanaa	ctntagtgag	720
tcgtattacg	tagatncnna	catgataa				748

<210> 438

<211> 823

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

taatccttnn	tattgntcgg	gtactngntc	tntctcnaag	annntntcgt	tncccccagg	60
tagctgagac	taccacacacc	ttgggtcccag	ctacttgagg	ggctgaggtg	ggaaaaatcac	120
tttgcccagg	aattcaaggc	cgcagtgagc	tatgattgca	ccactgcact	ccaggcaaca	180
gagtgagacc	ctgtcttaaa	aaaagaaggg	agaaagtgtc	agatgggtgat	gaggtctggg	240
ggggaaatag	agaatgggga	tcaggagtg	ggatgggtgt	attccctcac	caagaggtga	300
catgttgagc	agggaacttg	ggaggtgagg	gtgtgacccg	tgtggaaatc	agggaaaaagc	360
attncagcct	gagggacagc	caatgcanag	gccgtgaggt	ggccagtgcc	actgagcagt	420
gagcttgagg	tagggggcan	gtgangaggc	tggagagcgg	ggtcagacaa	accaatatgc	480
ttatttaaaa	caaggttggt	ncagcaccct	tgccttaaa	ccttgagcct	gnaanctnga	540
aaaatttggg	cacnttcaaa	agcanggang	gaaacccaaa	gaagattggg	agggaaaaagc	600
ccttncttc	ccttancagg	aaatgaagtt	nccacccttn	aaaacaggnc	caggaccttt	660
ttgggaccct	tttggccttt	tggttcctta	gaatcctctt	ggtngcctnn	gaatnaaaag	720
gnaaaagggg	cctttaaggg	gggatcccat	tntttccaaa	attcaaaggg	ggcctttccct	780
gggcttacc	aaaatttctt	ggncttaant	aaaaaaattt	ntt		823

<210> 439

<211> 767

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 439

gnnnnngntt	ctaattgctgg	nnnnnnnngg	taccctttcc	aaaacctggg	ctctcgntct	60
ttctncangn	agccnngcga	ttcgtctgtc	tgggtgatttt	tattttaagt	gaacctttgg	120
atctatcttt	aactctcttt	attgtgagtc	taaattccaa	ttctgcagca	gatcagtaaa	180
ctcacagtat	ttttcctgtg	gaaatctatt	caataaggaa	accaagacag	gatantaaaa	240
tttaaaaaaa	ancaactttg	aattccccctg	cctaggtctt	ccagttgttt	tccagcgcct	300
acctcaggta	tgacttttgc	agccgggggac	aaaattagca	ccttccgatt	ctctagtcca	360
aatgaacttt	ggctaaataa	aaaattatta	tactacataa	taaagttnc	gatagcagga	420
aatgcaagag	ctaggagatt	cctagattat	atctggccaa	gccaaatacc	ttaaaccatcc	480
acctggaaat	cctctacccc	ctcttctgag	ataatttgcc	cagccctttc	ttcccacaca	540
ctcactcaat	gtcaccocct	tctaataccc	aaaactggtt	ttgtggcctt	ggtagcctat	600
agtagtttct	cacatctttt	cccctanact	tttctgtttt	cagtttcaga	ccaaaaaac	660
tcttcaactt	ttttccagtg	gggtcttcc	taccagtaac	tttaccactt	gnaatcttat	720
ttcattgaaa	aaaccttaaa	tgggntggga	aaaggcttgc	cnncann		767

<210> 440

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

nagnnnnntt	tetaatgctt	ggnnnnnnnn	tenatgcttc	caaaagcngg	gngctcgttc	60
tttctccaag	atncnngcgn	tnegaattcg	gcacgaggat	ggatgagact	gttgcctgagt	120
tcatacaagag	gaccatcttg	aaaatcccca	tgaatgaact	gacaacaatc	ctgaaggcct	180
gggatttttt	gtctgaaaat	caactgcaga	ctgtaaattt	ccgacagaga	aaggaatctg	240
tagttcagca	cttgatccat	ctgtgtgagg	aaaagcgtgc	aagtatcagt	gatgctgccc	300
tgtttagacat	catttatatg	caattcatca	gcaccagaaa	gtttgggatg	tttttcagat	360
gagtaaagga	ccagggtgaag	atgttgacct	ttttgatatg	aaacaattta	aaaatcgttc	420
aagaaaattc	ttcagagagc	attaaaaaat	gtgacagtca	gcttcagaga	aactgaggag	480
aatgcagtct	ggattcgaat	tcctggggaa	cacagtacac	aaagccaaac	cagtacaaac	540
ctcctacgtg	gtgtctactc	ccagactncc	tacgccttca	cgtnctcctn	catgctgang	600
cgcaatacac	cgcttcttgg	gtcangaatt	agaagctact	gggaaaatct	accttccgac	660
agaagagatc	attttagatn	taccgaatga	anaaagcttg	cattagtgc	attgaaaggg	720
aaataaaaaat	tcctacagtc	naaaaaaaaa	at			752

<210> 441

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

gnagccngat	tccaaaacct	gggnnccgat	ccaatgcttn	ccaattactt	gggagctcnn	60
actngcncna	ncaanctngc	cntgccaatt	cggcacgaga	agnaggcgga	gcttgcagtg	120
agctgagatc	gcgccactgc	actccagcct	gggcaacaga	gtgagactct	gtctcaaaaa	180
aaaaaaaaaaa	aatggaacg	cagggcaaga	actcgtnttt	ggaaggagat	gggggaaagg	240
ancggtatta	tacctatgtt	gnatttgcag	gcaaattgaga	tgganccctc	tctgtaaaga	300
agagtcattt	gtgcaagtag	acggggctctg	tgggtgcang	ccctggaggg	gcacacaatt	360
gcctgnangc	ttctgtgana	tcggggagang	gaggagaagc	agtctcttga	caaaataaag	420
tattttttatt	cattngtatt	tattaaatga	aaaaacaatc	ccatgggtgc	ccttgtgtgt	480
ggtggaacct	aatgactgtt	gaaataaagt	ctgngttttc	ccttcaaaaa	aaaaacnccn	540
anaanaaaaa	ctcgagccct	ntaaaacctn	tngngagtcc	gnattacctn	anatcccnga	600
cnttgataag	gatccattga	tnaantttgn	cccaacccca	actnngaagc	ccnngaaaaa	660
aaattgcttt	atttgggaaa	tttgcnaatn	ctttgcttta	ntttgnacce	antttancnt	720
cannnnccaa	gttacnancn	ncaattgcnt	tcatttangg	ttcaagggtc	aaggg	775

<210> 442

<211> 804

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

gagnnngntt	ctataacctg	gnncgatcca	aancttnccct	attaccttgg	atcttnngct	60
atctcnaann	aaaangcttn	cgaattcggc	acgaggccac	ctgcactgag	gtctgggccc	120
ggggacaggg	tgcttttagcc	aggcttgtct	gcgcctcagg	gaagggtgag	cagcccaggg	180
accagatgca	agttggtggg	cccctccacc	cntccnacgc	cactccccag	tgtgctgggt	240
cctaaccagt	cgctcctatg	gagcagtcag	ccttccctctc	ctcctcaggg	cagctctccc	300
acctgctgnt	ccccgcacac	agaacctcat	tgctctgagc	agttgcttat	taccagttg	360
ttgaaaaact	agcatgtgan	ggcggggcgc	ggtggctcac	gcctgtaatc	ccaacgcttt	420
gggangccaa	ngcgggtgga	tcatgangtc	aggagatcaa	gaccatcctg	gcttaacacn	480
gtgaaacctt	gtctctacta	aaaatataaa	aaagtancca	ggcgtgggtg	tggcccctgt	540
agtnccaann	tacttgggaa	gctnangan	gaanaatggc	ntgaacccaa	gaaggaagaa	600

cnttgcantg	aancttaaaa	ttgcgcccac	tggaatttca	aaccttgggc	cnanaanaat	660
tgaagaatcc	cgtcttaaga	aaaaaggaaa	aaanttttnc	nttntnaaag	gcccggccac	720
aantnggctt	taacgccttg	gtaaatnccc	aancactttt	tggggaaggc	ccaaaggcaa	780
ggcenggatt	caatttttna	aggg				804

<210> 443

<211> 786

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 443

gnagccggat	cttattattg	gcnncgnttt	aatgctggct	aatntntcgt	aatncttggg	60
nnccccaann	annnagngg	ggngaattcg	gcacgagcac	cattttttatt	ttgatgctta	120
cactcattta	ttctgttttt	gtaaaacagt	ttcaagaatt	taaaaatcct	tccagttaat	180
agagcttttg	ttattatatt	ataattttgt	aaaccacttt	tgtttttccc	actttaagc	240
cacagggctg	actcatggat	gatacctcta	ttgctgctgc	atgatgttca	agaccggccc	300
ttggctgttg	ttacagagat	gttgggcaga	gctatgcagg	tgtttcattg	ngaactctag	360
ctttgatcat	ggtaaaaagt	taaccctttc	tattttttta	tggaatgttat	accaactatt	420
cagaggactc	atacttcaaa	aatattagga	aaatctgtct	tatagtcttc	taataaatat	480
ctgaaatctc	aagtacgaca	tgaaagaatg	tcagaccatt	gntattgggtg	aaagtcattt	540
gatgaatggn	aaattctatg	aaaagtaagt	ggatttgcatt	ggattaatat	cagggaaaat	600
ttaagccttc	ccaagtgtga	ctgggcacaa	gagagccaga	tgccccaggt	gcctgtgccc	660
ataaagtccc	cgaatcccc	aatgggggtc	nttttcaaaa	acttggncca	gacccggaaa	720
ataaaancat	tcntcataaa	ttcaannngg	gncctcanga	aacacnttcc	cccancaacc	780
cttngg						786

<210> 444

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 444

gnagnccggt	tcnnangcnt	nggctnnatc	caatgctggc	taaagttcna	anantctggca	60
acnccaggan	ncangcgttg	cgaattcggc	acgaggagga	attacaggta	gcaaattatg	120
gagttggagg	acagtatgaa	ccccattttg	actttgcacg	gaaagatgag	ccagatgctt	180
tcaaagagct	ggggacagga	aatagaattg	ctacatggct	gtttnatatg	agtgatgtgt	240
ctgcaggagg	agccactgtt	tttcctgaag	ttggagctag	tgtttggccc	aaaaaaggaa	300
ctgctgtttt	ctggtataat	ctgttgccag	tgggagaagg	agattatagt	acacggcatg	360
cagcctgtcc	agtgtctagt	gcaacaaatg	ggatccaat	aaatggctcc	atgaacgtgg	420
acaagaattc	gaagaccttg	tacgttgtca	gaattggaat	gacaaacagg	cttccctttt	480
tctcctatng	gtgnactctt	atgtgctgat	atnccatttc	ctagtcttaa	ctttcaggag	540
tttacaatng	ctaactctnc	atgatngatt	cantcatgaa	cctcatccat	gttcatctgn	600
ggcaattgct	taccttgggg	gntcttttaa	aaagtaccac	gaaatcatca	tattgcatta	660
aaacccttaa	aagttctggg	gggnatcaca	gaagacaagg	ccnaanttna	aagnggagga	720
attttattat	ttaaaagaac	cttttgggtn	ggatnaaaan			760

<210> 445

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 445

tggtgcegggt	tcttantctg	ngctctcgtc	tctcttctta	tacctgggca	ncncttggcg	60
gccccnaggn	tccangnag	cnngcngng	ncngattcgg	cacgagattc	caaagggttc	120
aaagaacttg	gtcataaata	tgataatgag	aagacaaagt	atztatatta	aaacagttta	180
gtagccttca	gttttgtgaa	aatagttttc	agcacagaaa	ctgacttctt	tagacaaagt	240
tttaaccaat	gatgggtgtt	gcttctagga	tatacacttt	aaaagaactc	actgtcccag	300
tggtgggtcat	tgatggcctt	tagtaaattg	gagctgctta	atcatattga	tatctaattt	360
cttttaacca	caatgaattg	tccttaatta	ccaacagtga	agcactacag	gaggcaactg	420
tggcattgct	tccttaacca	gctcatgggt	tgtgaatgtt	ataaaattgt	cactcagata	480
tatttttttaa	atgtaatgtt	atataagatg	atcatgtgat	gtgtccaaac	tatggtgaaa	540
agtgccagtg	gtagtaactg	tgtaaagttt	ctaattcaca	acnttaattc	ctttaaaatn	600
cacanccttc	tgctctctgna	tttggaagtt	gtcagtncaa	ctcatcaaag	aaaactgcct	660
aatntnaaaa	tcatattntg	ggaataattt	ccctcttttg	tagtctgccc	aagatcctta	720
aagattggat	ttttattact	atttaaacca	gtggattaat	n		761

<210> 446

<211> 770

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 446

tggnnnngnn	ccnaangcng	gggannnggt	ccccgttcca	anactggaan	ncttggcann	60
cgaactcgct	cnannagnaa	ggccgggnga	attcggcacg	aggccccgct	ccatgagcag	120
tgactcccca	gctcctcctg	gcaccagtcc	ccagggtctc	cctggttgga	gttccctgctt	180
ttcttcttgg	aaattcctcg	tggacctcga	gatctttacc	ctaaaatagt	tctgttgaat	240
ttcaccttgg	caatgtaaatt	tgatagctta	tcttcacaga	tgccagacaa	tggacaactc	300
accatcagtc	ctctgtcac	ctgagacaaa	tgcatgtctg	attgcttctt	ctgccctatt	360
ggntatgtga	aaatgcagat	tactgagcc	agactaaggc	atcagtgcag	ggtcctctac	420
ctgcctctca	catggagatt	gggtattcag	tgaagggtcg	atcaaagacc	caaagggaatg	480
caacagttta	tctcttatct	acctatgacc	tgcgantctg	caccaccccc	agntggngcg	540
cctttccaga	cagaaccagt	gtacatctta	cacgtattaa	atngatgtcc	cnggggctcc	600
cnaanangna	tcaaacaagc	ngggcctcga	ccaccttggg	cacatatccc	nanggacatc	660
annctggagg	ctngngncac	tggcattggc	cctnaccctn	ggcaaaataa	accttctaaa	720
attggnaaaaa	aanaaanaaa	aaaaacctng	nnccctntna	naacnntacg		770

<210> 447

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 447

tggtatnntt	tnaangctgg	nngnnnggcn	ccgttccaat	gnctggganc	nttggcaatc	60
gctctttccg	nangatccca	tcgattcggt	ctgatgcagg	agaattgcta	aaaccagga	120
gggagagggt	ncattgagcc	gagattgcgc	cactgcactc	tagcctgggc	gacagagcaa	180
gactccgtct	cgaaagaaa	aaagagaaa	gaaattcccc	agggaagtac	ctcggcttat	240
ttcataaaca	ggtactgaag	gaagcagagg	catgtggagg	acttccccac	ctcgtgcagc	300
tatttggggc	gtggcatctg	aaatttctta	tttcagagtc	accttcttga	tgaccttggc	360
agtgaactgc	agtcattctg	ttaggccttt	ccatggccca	cgtcaatgcc	ggtatttctg	420
tttgttgac	atttgatttc	cttgttgttg	gcatttagaa	ggcccccgct	ttcccagatc	480
acaccacggg	catggaccac	agagattgca	tcttgtgagt	ctgtagaaat	ggtcaaggcc	540
ttgtcctctc	ttaagtccag	agctcangtt	aatgcaaaat	tttnccggnc	atctgtgctg	600

aaatcccttt	ggggaagctc	ctggctgggt	tcctgtaggt	aggacagcta	cacgtnctgc	660
cctttattgg	cttcttttca	tgaagctcct	gccatntacn	aaacatgtct	cccttcttga	720
atcacatctc	tggtattgna	actctanaat	cgccccgg			757

<210> 448
 <211> 770
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 448					60	
gggtgnnnng	tttctaagtc	ttggtnngnc	nggnccnncn	tttctaagtc	tcggaanggc	120
ttggctactc	gntctttctn	cangnagccc	ntcggtncga	attcggcacg	agggtgtctc	180
atcttaccce	gtggaacctc	agaaattaaa	ttctccagaa	gaaactgctt	ttcagacacc	240
aaaatctagc	cagatgcctc	ggccttcagt	gccaccatta	gttaaaacat	cactgttttc	300
ttcaaaatta	tctacacctg	atgttgtagg	cccatttggg	accccatctg	gctctagtgt	360
aatgaatcgg	atggctggaa	tttttgatgt	aaacacctgc	tatgggtcac	cgcaaagtcc	420
tcagctaata	agaagggggc	caagattgtg	gacatcagct	totgatcagc	aaatgactga	480
atcttctaata	ccttctccat	ctacctctat	tagtgctgag	ggtaagacaa	tgagacaacc	540
cagtgtgatt	tattcatgga	ttcagaataa	acgtgaacag	attaagaatt	tcttgtcaaa	600
acgggtgctg	ataatgtatt	ttttcagtaa	gcacccagag	gcctncattc	aggctgtttt	660
ttcagatgcc	caaatgcata	tttgggcatt	agaaaggtct	gtcgcaacta	gtagcagcat	720
cattttacag	aggatagatt	tggagttgtc	cagacgacac	taccagctat	ccttaatact	770
ttgttgacac	ttgcaagang	cagtcngaca	agtactttaa	cttcctcatg		

<210> 449
 <211> 792
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 449					60	
ngagaaangt	ttctaagctc	ggnnnnngna	gntcancctt	tctaagtgtc	taataacttg	120
ganntcgaac	tntcncnaca	cagnnangen	ntgcgaattc	ggcacgaggn	cnnctcnatn	180
atnacttgnt	cncanccgnc	tggcatcnac	ncgnacacac	tacntnagcg	cnttgtagcg	240
caatatncac	ctnnntnaaa	ccnnnagtc	cagggtctctg	ccnnnnnact	gntcaactga	300
cnaacnacnn	netancncaa	cntnnnnnta	ngcncctgnc	tgnetctatg	gcacctnncc	360
tncentcncn	cntnaccnc	tacgctcagg	gctatataca	atgggaacct	tnccaacagt	420
aanccntgga	tctnaggnat	ggcccttgnc	tggcggtatc	cagccttnna	gcntatcagn	480
atcttgagga	agacaccatt	ccgtcccnga	ttntgaccaa	ncnctcggat	gtgnetatgg	540
gctcnattga	ggnacaacaa	ctnnnactgc	nnataggcca	tcctcnnnan	netacacatg	600
ngactttncn	nnncatntna	aatgnnnana	tgtctctcnc	aagcatcacc	cnetgtccct	660
ncgnctcnc	ggaagacctt	ctggncaact	ganctccttc	ntgnnncnnn	ngattnttnc	720
nnncnnaata	tnctncccc	aatgnccttg	tnnnngnattt	atnangggnt	ttccaatttg	780
ggntaattca	ntnccnccg	nannctannn	ncccatnaac	cntcngngcc	ttcttgnaac	792
cttttnnct	gg					

<210> 450
 <211> 848
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450

gnatgncccg atttccttaa tgatgggggn nnnnngagcg anncttccga aanttccaat	60
annctgggng ntcgcaactc nctcnanaca gnaaggncgn gggttttgc ctctccattc	120
caagttgntc tctgttctag aaagcagatg tagtagacat ctactgttgt tgcttgaaca	180
gaatcccttt gtcttttttt tgntaaaagt actcatccct aatattcatt gtncgtgaag	240
gactgaaaat acagaactca caccatgatc ggccgggaca atcagattat ttcattccnc	300
agcaaaccgga gatcganccg aaaagtggaa anatgagcnc ttctttggng ttggcatatg	360
gacctgaga gaaagaactn tnattntttc tcttggaactg caataaagta tagctgccta	420
aaatacgnnt cctgacactt ggaggnntgt ccacaatcgg ngaaataaag gcgagaccgn	480
acactggatg aaaaaanaa gnnnccngnn gaanaccac tnnnccannn nccnnnccnn	540
tnccannng nnganccnnn tanccgnnan naggccnnng cnnnngcnnn nnnccnnnn	600
nnnnnngggg aaaccnnnnn gnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnn	660
nnggnnctnn nnnnnnnnnn cccnnnnnnn cnnnnnnnnn nggnaanncc nnnnnnnnn	720
annnnngggg nnnnnnnnnn cnnnnnnnnn cnnnnnnnnn cnnnnnnngg nnnnnnnnn	780
nnnnnnnnnn ncnngngnnn acnnnnngnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnngg nnnnnnnnn	840
nnnncccc	848

<210> 451

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 451

gnnnnnnntt tcctaaatgc ttgggnnnnn nnnngagngnn nttncnnagt ttcctaanta	60
gcttnggcna ctcgttctnt ctncangcag nnnntgcgtn gncgaattcg gcacgagcat	120
tcctcctttg ttaacgaagc aacattttaca caagatggac attacattat tagtgcattc	180
tctgatggca ctgtaaagat ctggaatatg aagaccacag aatgttcaaa tacctttaaa	240
tcctcgggca gcaccgcagg gacagatatt accgtcaaca gtgtgattct acttcctaaa	300
aaccctgagc actttgtggt gtgcaacaga tcaaacacgg tgggtcatcat gaacatgcag	360
gggcagattg cagaagcttc agttctggtg aaagagaagg tggggacttt gtttgcgtgtg	420
ccctctctcc cgtggtgaat ggatctactg tgtaggggag gactttgtgc tctactgggt	480
cagtcagtca ctggcaaaact ggagagaact ttgacagtgc acganaagga tgtatgtggt	540
attgcacatc accctcatca gaacctgatt gctcctacag tgaagatgga ctctaaagc	600
tctggaaacc ataattcaac ttttcttttt taaatcaact cgaaagcatg tncttaaagt	660
aacatattca tgtaangggc tttttttttt tgncactttt ctaagcaaag agatggctga	720
attagtcacn gaataaattt gngaaaatca tgggttaaatn ccaac	765

<210> 452

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 452

nnngnnnnnn ntttcctaaa tgcttggggg nnnnnngngn nnnnnntctn atgttcctan	60
ngcnnnggng ctcgttctnt ctncacgngg ccngtgcggt gncggtctga ttgaaagctg	120
ttcagggtta tcatgcaaat cctcgctctt ggctacggct ggctgaatgc tgcattgctg	180
ccaataaggg gacttctgaa caagaaacta aaggccttcc cagcaaaaaa ggaattgtnc	240
agtctattgt tggtaagct atcatcgtaa aatagttttg gcatcacagt ctatacagaa	300
tactgtttat aatgatgggc agtcttcggc cattcctgta ccagtatgga gtttgcagcc	360
atatgtctca gaaatgcctt gttgctgctc ctgaagaaca gcaagatcca aagcaggaaa	420
atggggctaa aaatagtaat caattaggtg ggaacacaga gagcacgaaa gcagtgaac	480
ttgcagcagt naaagccatg atggagatna attcattcca gcttcacctt cttctccatt	540

gagaaaacag	gaattagaaa	acttaaagt	ctccatactt	gcttgcaagt	cctacgtggc	600
tctggctttt	gggtgatacc	tcatggcttt	gaatcatgcn	gatnaacttc	ttcagcagcc	660
caagctgcag	gatctcttaa	gttttgggac	atztatatgc	tgcagaaccc	ttatcttctt	720
cgaacnga	atn tctgtgc	ent tctcact	tga ccccgaga	at gtnc		765

<210> 453
 <211> 833
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 453					60	
gngtnnnnt	ttctaangtt	cntaatannn	tnggctactc	gttctttctc	caggnatccc	120
ntgcgattcg	aattcggcac	gagagaaacg	ttctcaggtt	gaccagctgc	tgaatatttc	180
tttaagggag	gaagaactta	gtaagtcatt	gcagtgcagt	gataacaatc	ttctgcaagc	240
ccgtgcagcc	cttcagacag	cttatgtgga	agtcaagagg	ctacttatgc	tcaagcagca	300
gatactatgg	agatgaatgc	actgaggacc	catagaatac	agattctaca	ggggattaca	360
agaaacatat	gaaccttctt	gagcacccca	ggttttggca	ttagaaaaatg	ggtaccctt	420
ggttcaaaaa	tgaacaaaga	aagccttaga	tttggatggg	ggaacctgat	ctgtccagtc	480
tagaaggatt	ccagtgggga	aagtgtttcc	atttccttng	tcccctggct	tggccaagga	540
aagcgaaagc	cctttcttga	anagcaaccg	tggatcattn	gaccaggaac	ttccttctgg	600
ggtattaagc	ttctttcaan	tggaaaggga	aggttccang	gccaaaggaa	aaatggaagc	660
cccccaaccng	atgggtttca	ccctaantaa	cctcaattgg	aagggttgg	accaagaacc	720
cnggaaaagc	nanccattgc	acccttaaaa	ncaaggaaag	tggaccacct	ttggggcttg	780
ncnttcntt	ccgaaccagg	ttgaaaangg	gcttgaaaaa	tggttgctta	cccaaaaggg	833
cgnacnttaa	tggcaccaat	tattcctntg	gaccnttttt	aatanccttt	ngn	

<210> 454
 <211> 737
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454					60	
gnggnnnntt	ctaagttcct	aatnctgggc	tactngttct	ttctgcaggn	atcccatcga	120
ttcggaacaa	tcaatgtgga	ctgaacataa	atcacctgat	ggaaggactt	actactacaa	180
cactgaaacc	aaacagtcta	cctgggagaa	accagatgat	cttaaaacac	ctgctgagca	240
actcttatct	aaatgcccct	ggaaggaatn	caaatacagat	tctggaagcc	ttactattat	300
aattctcaaa	acaaaagaat	ctcgcttggg	ccaacctaaa	gaacttgagg	atcttgaagc	360
aatgatcaaa	gcttgaagaa	agcagtaagc	aagaagagtg	caccacaaca	tcaacagccc	420
cagtccctac	aacagaaatt	ccgaccacaa	tgagcaccat	ggctgctgcc	cgaagcagca	480
gctgctgttg	ttgcagcagc	agcagcggca	gcagcagcag	cagctgcagc	caatgcta	540
gcttccactt	ctgcttctaa	tactgtcagt	ggaactgttc	cagttgttcc	tgacctgaag	600
ttacttccat	tgggtgctact	gntgtagata	atgagaatac	agtaactatt	tcaactgagg	660
aacaagcaca	acttactagt	acccctgcta	ttcaggatca	aagtgtggaa	agtatncagt	720
aatctggaga	agaaacatnt	taaccaggaa	actgtanctg	atcttacttc	caaaaaagaa	737
gaagaggaga	gccacct					

<210> 455
 <211> 718
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455

ggnnnnnnntt tnnncngttn cntaaaannc tgggctactc gttctttctn cangnagccc	60
ntgcgatncg aattcggcac gaggatgagg agtggttaat cattgataca gaatgtaaaa	120
ataatagtga tggaaagaca gctgttgtag gttctaactt aagttccaga ccagctagtc	180
caaattcttc ctcaggacag gcttctgtag gaaaccagac taatactgct tgtagtcctg	240
aagagtcatg tgttttataaa aaacctatca aacgagtata taaaaaattg atccagttgg	300
agagatttta aaaatgcagg atgagctctt aaagccaatt tccagaaaag taccagaatt	360
goccttaatg aatttagaaa attctaaaca gccttctgtt tctgagcaat tgtctggtcc	420
ttcagactcc tctagttggc ccgaaatctg gatggccttc tgcatttcag aagccaaaag	480
gacgattgcc atatgaactt caggactatg ttgaagatac atcggaatac ctagctcctc	540
aggaaggaaa ttttggttat aagttattta gcctgcaaga cctgttggtc tcgtcgctgc	600
agtgtncaga ggatagagnc agaccacgtt ctaaaacnga gaaatcagaa gacatttnca	660
gttatgtctc caaaagttag tntcagctgt atgagttgac tctgctgaaa gtgacttg	718

<210> 456

<211> 739

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

gtggnnnnntt ctnggtttcc aatangntgg gtctcgttct ttctnnacga tcnntgcga	60
ttcgcttgagg aggcctgagtc aggagaaatt gcttgagccc aggagatgga ggttgacgtg	120
agccaagatc atgccactgc actccagact gggcaacaga gggagactcc gtctcaaaaa	180
ctaaaaaaa aaatncattt agtataccgg ggggtggggg ggagaaataa tgttatttcc	240
tatgcgaaat gacgtgtatc cctgtaccca tgggtaaatg taaatatact gtgtctcttt	300
tgggagagcc ttttagtaga ggagctctt atgaagtctc tcataagtag ttcaacttgag	360
ttttgcagtt tgaaatctta aaggagcttt aattgacatt tattatacca attagcttg	420
gaatggggca atggatgcat ttccaaaacg tgtgaaagcc taacagctta tattgctgaa	480
tgagaatctc ctgggtgtaa tttanactt agggaaactgc gtgaacactc ccagccatta	540
tgatgctggt accagcttta ntgtntaaat gccatganta ttctttctgn tctgtttgt	600
gctctcttgg tncatttatt ttacccttta cngaataatt tcttgtaaaa tcntaaaaa	660
tntttggcat ttaaaagtcc nntcttggan tnaanann nnaanaaaa ancttncccc	720
tttanaactt tngnggct	739

<210> 457

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 457

gtgnnnntnt tctnnngttt ccaattantc tggngctcg ttctttctcn annnnnnan	60
tggttgncga attcggcacg aggnnanagg gnagctacat gnntnacnt nttngnctc	120
tcagccangc tcnctnnnn ctggtctac tgctacatag aacacttggt ntncnnggna	180
actnntntat gtnccnnga ntctctgna ctngtttaa tgctantga taacaggcta	240
tgcaaggnet gnaagtggan agcgtcatca tcatcatnc ntnttanctn gantnnntgt	300
atctacatg ctttgattgg taaatgngcn tcagactgg actctcaata aatgnatata	360
ganganttg ctgtggaaan ctgtcctctc ntatctntnc atngnnaant tccactncag	420
tntgaactcc aaatgcnnnt atngnganc cctncttgta tagtggtgct cattccaanc	480
tgcnagggnc tagaaaccgt cggctntngg aaacnatggt gnnagttgan ctggtacang	540
cngttntcac ctgcanctac cataaaatgg gnttaccbaa gctttatcat ggaatggnta	600
taaaaaacgc attnattgng cctttntaan cccattatnt gtnaatttn acttatggtt	660

ccccccattn aaattatnca attgggnann gangcttcna gtcnccatnt ttnaatgggn 720
 ttnncaaaaa aacgnnttttt ttt 743

<210> 458
 <211> 906
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
 gnngnnnnnn ntttctaag cttgggnncn cgtttctann nnnnnnnnaa nntttcctaa 60
 ttggttaggn gctcgnnctn tctccacnna gnnnnngcgg gcgaattcgg cacgaggctg 120
 aatcaaggat cacaaactnc acatttngca cnttggctcn cacatnctg gttngggcag 180
 tencagtnaa catggctntg gaaactnatn ttngnctngc ntcaaccatc tcgttcccng 240
 gggaccann ntccnnnate ncnntttnc tcnnnnatng gagngctnct tngnccannn 300
 atgggctccc nanaatangn ntncnnnnn nnatncancn ncngncaann ggntcnnct 360
 nnnnnngccc tnttncctna tggnnngctn catgncccat nnnnnnggnn ancaataann 420
 naaanggtct ntcccncga nccccnnnnn ccnctaacan ngnacctcgc aaagggcccc 480
 aggcnttnc tngnaaacca nnttngccaa nggtanttca aaggngcct tngggacctc 540
 ccnannnngc cntggnnnta ccccggnnaa anggtngnaa acccnccnn ngntgccnnn 600
 cccggcnng gaaanaaatt tccnnggnac ccagnntnc nccgnaann anantannnc 660
 ccancennaa cnttngccc ncancnttn gnnntgnan tcnncnncc ctttnnntn 720
 nccaannegg ccnggnnacn nctttnacc tnttncncn naangacnc caantcctn 780
 nannaaagg nggnnnnnnn nnncttnc nnggnagcc cnnnnncct ncnntnncn 840
 aaaaattcnn cnntgnancn cccctnnnt nangngncc natnnnnnnn nngnaaanc 900
 nnacc 906

<210> 459
 <211> 765
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
 gnngnnnnng nttcctaang ctggggnccg ntctnnnnnn nnnnnnnngt tcctaaanac 60
 ctaggnctc gntctngctc cagcagncn gggcgtgggc gaattcggca cgagcttctg 120
 ttgattggt tgtttaag acctaagtac tacccttga ctccctacca aaagttctt 180
 tgttttttaa acaactttta tttgtgactt actttcttga gaagngttct taatgaattg 240
 cataaaatag tggtagcagc ttatttctta agtnctnat tattggggct ttaccattca 300
 ggtcttatct ttaaccctta tttactcagt ttccatctg aatgaccta tctctaaatn 360
 aaggatttaa taaatgctgc aaattgtcca ctttgcaa atgtccaaaag ctttagttt 420
 ggacctgng aactttttt ttaataacac attatttggg cccggtcgt gtggctcaag 480
 cctgtaatcg cagcactttg gaatgcctag gcagacagat cacttaangc ctggagtctg 540
 agaccagcct ggccaatgtg gtgaagacct ccggttctat tactaaaaat nctaaaaaat 600
 tancaaggca tggnggtgca cgctgnaat ctcagctact tgagangcaa atcnggagaa 660
 atgcttgacc ngggangcan anatganccn anattgcacc actgcattcc acctggggan 720
 nanantgaga anctggctca aaacccaaaa acccaaaaaa aaaa 765

<210> 460
 <211> 677
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

gtttncgctg	ggagccacca	acatagcaga	ttaccatgtg	aagttgccac	tgctgcatct	60
cctgaaacct	ggctgatggg	agaggtctca	ttttgtgtct	gagaatgtcc	aggttgctctg	120
cagaccacag	cactgatttc	ccattagcag	ttattatttc	ctggccattt	cttcctgaag	180
gttttgtggt	taaactccct	gtcctcaata	ttttatcagc	agtagggctg	tcattcttct	240
ggttatcaac	ctctacatta	tgaagtaagg	ttcaaccctt	ctgcttttct	caggccccc	300
aaacggttcc	tatccaatcg	aacacaaaaa	cgggtattga	gaaggaattg	gcagggtcca	360
gtggctgttt	cggttgctcc	tacctcatgg	agactcttac	tcatgctgga	tttattgaga	420
gaacttctaa	ctgaccactc	acccccaccc	actcttatgc	agtctgttca	ttcctgaaaa	480
caccactttc	atccctcctg	cacacaaccc	atgagggatt	gctacttctt	ataagattcc	540
tcagtgaagc	ttatagagtt	gctgcgagaa	ttacatttgg	tcatgatgtc	aagtgtctgg	600
tatgtagctn	atgcttattg	aacacatagt	aatttattgg	aataattgnc	atgatcactg	660
gatgagaata	tagcccn					677

<210> 461

<211> 787

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461

gnnnnnnnnag	ggnnnnngngg	ggcctcncaa	agccccngcn	acaggtcccc	gttccaaagc	60
ntggnganc	gcnnccgccc	ancagnaagg	cgggggaang	cggcacgagg	acatcatcnn	120
cttattctag	taagagaaag	tacacagatt	caactttaga	gaggacnggg	gggnnnncng	180
gagcnaaatc	aaggaaggan	tatcacngng	ccncccnnga	atataannnn	gaagctgnga	240
acagnaccat	cagnaacann	nnatggacag	ctctgatggg	gnnnatacca	cggcactctn	300
cnnaccnnng	gnngaagcna	tccggagnna	tgactgangn	gnaaagnggn	nnactgnnag	360
aancngngng	ngctaggann	ctgggagagn	cactttcang	aagnnaccng	gcgangagnc	420
atcanaagaa	cccgganaag	ngagaagacn	ggaaaaagnn	cncancgnac	ngagcccagn	480
nannnnncct	gagccanggg	ctnccgaaang	ccccaccnga	agcncctatc	canggnacaa	540
ggnnngggaa	aaggaancna	cnnngcngac	angncncncn	aanagngcca	aancacngcn	600
nngccncnc	gccc aaagaa	nacnggacng	cnggcncnna	ncanaaggag	cncnanggcc	660
cnnngnaang	aaactncnag	nagcccaanc	ccaaaggccc	cnangganng	ccnncaaggg	720
gaaaacanna	nncacccaag	gggcctgggc	naanaaggcn	nccacncng	gccncncnc	780
nnnaccg						787

<210> 462

<211> 747

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462

ctaattggctt	ggnnnnnnnng	nnnnccgntt	cttaattgnc	ttgggcnct	cgctctntct	60
ccannnagnn	nntgcgttng	cgaattcggc	acgagcctca	gccccacacc	agctctattt	120
caggggtgag	agtcagagag	cactgcaata	tgtgcttcat	gggatttcga	ttcgaagatc	180
ctagaccagg	gagacactgt	gagccagggg	tacaacaaaa	tactaggtaa	gtcactgcag	240
accgacctcc	ctgcagtttg	ggaaagaagc	tgggtttgtg	gagaatcaga	gcatcttgac	300
atgactgctg	acctaaagat	ccctggcatt	ggccagggat	cctgtggaac	ctcttctagt	360
tcaggggtgt	gagcattaga	ctgccagtgt	tctagtgaac	tctgatgctt	gctgtgaact	420
tttaagatcc	ccgaatcctg	agcacctcaa	tctttaattg	ccctgtatcc	cgaagggtaa	480
tataatttat	ctggatggaa	attttaaaga	tgaatcccc	ttttttcttt	tctnctctct	540
ttcttttctt	tctcccttct	ttctttgcct	tctaaatata	ctgaaatgat	ttanatatgt	600

gtcaccaatt aatgatcttt tattcaatct aagaaatggn ttaagttttt ctcttttagct	660
ctatggcatt tcaactcaagt gggacagggg aaaaagtaan tgccatnggc tccaaagaat	720
tnntttatgt tttagctatt taaaaaa	747

<210> 463
 <211> 750
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463	
tnccttttcta angcnnntng nnaanngtcn ccgttctaen tncctgggca gnnccgtctcn	60
tctncannca gncnntgctg tgcgaattcg gcacgaggcg agatgaagct acactgtgag	120
gtggaggtga tcagccggca cttgcccggc ttggggctta agaaccgggg caagggcgtc	180
cgagccgtgt tgagcctctg tcagcagact tccaggagtc agccggcggg ccgagccttc	240
ctgctcatct ccaccctgaa ggacaagcgc gggaccgct atgagctaag ggagaacatt	300
gagcaattct tcaccaaatt tgtagatgag gggaaagcca ctggtcgggt aaaggagcct	360
cctgtggata tctgtctaag taaggattcc atatggctct catatcattc cattccatct	420
ctgccaaagat ttggataccg caaaaatttg tgttngngga agattctgnc tgaactcttt	480
cattcaagga actactacca tgaatctgca ttctgntgcc cacactgagg ncttagtaga	540
taattgggtg gtctgaaaca cctattatct cttatntctg gtctctangc tggnatgtta	600
attcctctga aatgntaaaa gtaatgggtg anaccngaaa aagaaatttc aatnacagat	660
caanntgggg ngcatgtatn attttcaagc gtcaaatgg aataagggaa gantnctgga	720
tacctgcttg gaaaaggaag natgtgtatn	750

<210> 464
 <211> 748
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464	
gnngtgtctt tgnaaagcct ttgggggaann gncnccttct aatgcttgge tatcgnctct	60
tacgcagnnc ccacgattc gaattcggca cgaggccggc cggcgacgct ggcgacgctt	120
tcgcccctga ggtagtttgg cgaccgcgaa gaaggaaaaa gggcggggcg gggctgtcc	180
tctcaccgtc ctcaccccg caggcccgcc ccgctcctcc gtcgtggatt tcgcgccgat	240
ccccccggca gctctttgca aagctgcttg aaacttctcc caaactcggc atggatacga	300
ctgcggcggc ggcgctgct gcttttgtgg cgtctctgct cctctctcct tggcctctcc	360
tgggatcggc ccaaggccag ttctccgcag gttgngtct tctttcgttc tctcctctgg	420
gggctctgaa gtttcaccag gtggacgctg gggagcgggc tcccagcac ttgtctacct	480
nccgccagtc ctgacaactt ttctggccaa cctaccagc ttcgcttgge tggcgagcgc	540
atctgctgct ggggttcgag gtgcaaatgg agacgcagtg gtggccagag ggtgatggag	600
aagacgggaa aagcgacagc cacgctnctg gcttgaagcc gcaggacgca aataacttac	660
tttggaacctg acagttctac gttgntgtgg angccctgtt tcttggaat aaaactcaaa	720
atgggtggtt tttggaaaaa aaaaaaat	748

<210> 465
 <211> 863
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465	
gggnnnnnnn aanggnnnnn ggnnnnnngtc ccgttccaan gaccnngaga tcgnngnccg	60

tccanaagaa	aggcgggtgng	aattcggcac	gagacctgta	cgccttggec	actggctgtc	120
accggcgtga	tgagctgccg	gtgtttgaac	gcngcctatg	cngggacttt	cccggcanan	180
nggcnnngaan	atggccncca	tnccaggaagc	cgcccagaac	ctcctngggn	acacnacttn	240
agngccttcn	agtcgntgg	nacccggncc	aagccccggc	aancnctgcc	ccgggtcncc	300
gttcccaagg	ccaaccagcc	ctgggnaccc	ccggggagcc	gaaacnctgg	ggctnggana	360
ccngantga	gagncnact	tttcnntgta	nacacgggcc	cagganacan	ctntgctcgt	420
ggccccgggg	naaaannnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	480
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	540
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	600
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	660
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	720
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	780
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	840
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	ncc				863

<210> 466

<211> 713

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

ngtctttcga	gcntggngnt	cgttctngct	cnannanatt	ggttgnggga	attcggcacg	60
agcctcagcc	ccacaccagc	tctatttcag	gggtgagagt	cagagagcac	tgcaatatgt	120
gcntcatggg	atttcgattc	gaagatccta	gaccagggag	acactgtgag	ccagggatac	180
aacaaaatac	taggtaagtc	actgcagacc	gacctccctg	cagtttgagg	aagaagctgg	240
gtttgtggag	aatcagagca	tcttgacatg	actgctgacc	taaagatccc	tggcattggc	300
cagggatcct	gtggaacctc	ttctagttca	ggggtgtgag	cattagactg	ccagttgtct	360
agtgcacatc	gatgcttgct	gtgaactttt	aagatccccg	aatcctgagc	acctcaatct	420
ttaattgccc	tgtattccga	agggtaatat	aatttatctg	gatggaaatt	ttaaagatga	480
atcccccttt	tttcttttct	tctctctttt	cttctcttct	ccctttcttc	tttgcttctt	540
aaatatactg	aaatgattta	gatatgtgtc	aacaattaat	gatcttttat	caatctaaga	600
aaatggttta	attttttctc	tttactctat	ggcanttcac	tcaantggac	aggggaaaaa	660
agtaattgcc	atgggcttcc	aaaagaattg	ntttatgntt	tagctatttn	aaa	713

<210> 467

<211> 732

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

gnnnggtntt	ctaatncttg	nnnnnnnnntc	ncccttctaa	gccttggnct	cgnetnnccn	60
acnancnggc	ttncgaattc	ggcacgaggc	gagatgaact	acactgtgag	gtggaggtga	120
tcagccggca	cttgcccgcg	ttggggctta	ngaaccgggg	caagggcgtc	cgagccgtgt	180
tgagcctctg	tcagcagact	tcaggagtc	agccgcgggt	ccgagccttc	ctgctcatct	240
ccaccctgaa	ggacaagcgc	gggacccgct	atgagctaag	ggagaacatt	gagcaattct	300
tcaccaaatt	tgtagatgag	gggaaagcca	ctgttcgggt	aaaggagcct	cctgtggata	360
tctgtctaa	taaggattcc	atatggctct	catatcattc	cattccatct	ctgccaagat	420
ttggataccg	caaaaatttg	tgtttgtgga	agattctgtc	tgaactcttt	cattcaagga	480
actactacca	tgaatctgca	ttctgntgcc	cacactgtgg	tcttagtaga	taatttggtg	540
ggtctgaagc	acctattatc	tcttatttct	ggtctctagg	ctggtatgtt	aatcctctga	600
tatgttaaaa	gtaatgggtg	agaccngaaa	aagaaatttc	aatacngatc	aantttgggg	660

tgcattgttga atttgcaacc tcaaattgga gtaaggggaan attctggata cttgctggaa 720
aggaggaatg tn 732

<210> 468
<211> 748
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 468
gmnagnnttc taatngcttg tnnnnnnnna gacgttctaa nncttttggcn atcgttnttt 60
ctncagnann cntcgattc gaattcggca cgaggccggc cggcgacgct ggcgacgctt 120
tcgcccctga ggtagtttg cgaccgcgaa gaaggaaaaa gggcgggagg gggctgtcc 180
tctcacgctc ctcacccgc gagggccggc ccgctcctnc gtcgtggatt tcgcgggcat 240
ccccccggca gctctttgca aagctgcttg aaacttctcc caaactcggc atggatacga 300
ctgcgggcggc ggcgctgcct gcttttgttg cgctcttgct cctctctcct tggcctctcc 360
tgggatcggc ccaaggccag ttctccgcag gttggttgct tctttcgttc tctcctctgg 420
gggctctgaa gtttcaccag gtggacgctg gggagcgggc tcccagcac ttgtctacct 480
tccgccagtc ctgacaactt ttctggccaa cctaccagc ttcgcttggc tggcgagcgc 540
atctgctgct ggggttcgct gtgcagatgg agacgcantg gtggccagag ggtgatggag 600
aagacgggaa aaagcgacag ccaagctcct ggctgaaacc gcaaggacgc aaaataactt 660
actttgnacc tgacagtttc tnacgtttgt tgtggangcc ctgtttcctg ggaaataaac 720
tcaaattggt ggtttcttgg aaaaaaaaa 748

<210> 469
<211> 776
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469
ggngntcta atgcttgnnn tgattctcgc tctataacng gntaatnctt ggnccctacna 60
aaaggctang ngaattcggc acgagacctg taccgcctgg ccactggctg tcaccggcgt 120
gatgagctgc cgggtgttga acgcaacctt tgctggactc tcccggcaga ctgectggat 180
atggctcgcca tgcaggaagc cgcccagcac ctccctcgga cacacgactt cagcgccttc 240
cantccgctg gcagcccggg gccgagcccc gtgcgaacgc tgcgcccggg ctccgtttcc 300
ccaggccaag ccagcccctt ggtcaccccc gaggagagca ggaagctgct gttctggaac 360
ctggagtttg agagccagtc ttctctgtat agacaggtac ngaggatgac ngctgtgctg 420
gtggccgctg ggtttnaann tnannnnnnn nnnccnnnac caantctncn nannannnnn 480
ccnacnnnta aaantnnncn nnnnnnnncn nnnnnnnnnc cnnnnanncc nnnncttnnn 540
naancnnnnn nnnnnnnanc nnnncancna nnnnnnnnna nnnnnnnncn nnnnnnnncn 600
nnnnnnnnnn nannccnnnn nnnnantnnn nnannnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn aaannnnnnn 660
nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn 720
cnnnnnnnnn nnnnnccnnn nnnnnntnnn nnnnnnnntn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnc 776

<210> 470
<211> 765
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470
tatgnntttt ctaaaatncn tgggcaanac gtcctcnctt tcctaanagn ttnggcanaa 60
cccttggaac nacgccngtn acccanacnc agnnnggccg tggcggggcga gcgggcaaca 120

gctcttgagg	agtgagactg	cnggagatnt	gggccgtgcc	aaagagatgg	atgagactgg	180
tgctgagttc	atcaagagga	ccatcttgaa	aatcccatg	aatgaactga	caacaatcct	240
gaaggcctgg	gattttttgt	ctgaaaatca	actgcagact	gtaaatttcc	gacagagaaa	300
ggaatctgta	gttcagcact	tgatccatct	gtgtgaggaa	aagcgtgcaa	gtatcagtga	360
tgctgcccctg	ttagacatca	tttatatgca	atttcatcag	caccagaaaag	tttgggatgt	420
ttntcagatg	agtaaaggac	caggtgaaga	tgttgacctt	tttgatatga	aacantttaa	480
aaattcgttc	aagaaaattc	ttcanagagc	attaaaaaat	gtgacagtca	gcttcagaga	540
aactgangag	aatgcannct	ggattccaat	tgcccgggga	acacagtaca	caaagcccaa	600
ccagtcaaac	ctacctacgn	gggggactac	tccagactcc	cgnacncctt	cacgtcctcc	660
tccatgctga	ggcgcaatca	ccgcttctgg	gncaagaagt	tanaaacnct	gggaaaaaact	720
acctncgaca	agaaggggan	catttanatt	taccnnaat	gaana		765

<210> 471

<211> 820

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

cnnnnngggg	nnngnggcgn	cntccnaaan	ccggggcgac	agngccnnng	ttccaacaga	60
ccngngnggc	cgncngngcc	ccanacagca	ngggnggggc	nnngggggnn	cnncgncnnn	120
cnanncnaca	aagaactcaa	caagaaaaaa	acnaacccca	caagcgggca	aaggacngga	180
acagacantn	cccaaaagaa	gacatacaag	caaccnaaaa	taatcnaaaa	taagnnncaa	240
aaagaaaaaa	ngcnagacag	agnngngana	gnactnagna	aaaagngana	tctagcggcn	300
annagnangn	nnngnnnacg	ncngnnncna	agaaanagnc	nctggnnccc	aagcnggagn	360
acagcggcgc	aagcnnngcn	cactgcaacc	gcgaacnccc	gggctcaagc	gaaccnccag	420
cctcagcctc	ccaagnagcn	gnnaaaaggca	ngcaccacca	cacccgacna	aaatanncgc	480
nancaanaac	ananaanggc	nccccngngc	nnanncagga	anaaaacacn	cnangcnnnc	540
ngaaaaanaa	naancncn	cnnnacaaaa	aaacnnnagc	cnagaacaaa	nnnnggaggc	600
ggaanacggg	nnancccgac	anganaanga	nacnanngan	gganganngg	gaccaaaccn	660
cancccgggg	anggcnnngn	aaaaaaaang	ccnnnaaann	gggggaaaaa	ncggngnang	720
ccnaaagggc	cnnaaanggg	gaaacccnan	naaaangccg	ggcanannan	aaccnagcnn	780
nancnancn	nccaangggg	nannnccn	nncnaggccg			820

<210> 472

<211> 738

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 472

gnngtgtctc	taatgcttgg	ctactngttc	tttccgcccga	acncttgcta	atgcttggcn	60
ntcgttcttt	ctccacnnac	nnngcnntnc	gaattcggca	cgaggtcaca	ganatnaaag	120
tccaatcata	ggggctggnc	cnacntctnt	gctnntccct	gcangantca	tangatcagn	180
nanaccgtgc	gnntttgnaa	gcntttcaaa	tgtgntacca	tcnggttact	tncnnnggca	240
cctgntgann	tnggttgnac	tnnnncggat	netccaaanc	caccnnnnnc	atgggntnng	300
tgngcatgng	ntggnnncann	nacaganmna	ganactttta	ngaannngnt	tntgcaaccn	360
tnggnnctag	caancntgan	antnccaggg	nnggccacna	agctgaaaat	nnatgttana	420
ncnnatgntg	naatctctag	natgacttcc	ncannnancn	aaactnangc	anggctgcna	480
tgttagaanc	tanaggccna	atttcttntc	natgnaacca	ntntatgctt	ttaagacctt	540
caactgtinn	natgaagccc	atntacatna	ttncggtaat	anggctatnc	ttaaannnaa	600
ctgctgaaaa	tnatgatnca	nctacgaaat	cctnnncancc	ncatntggct	naatcattac	660
caaccatttg	acaccnncat	ngnctacca	cntgcattnc	catgaccnan	tccantgcca	720

cccgcnacaga tntacett

738

<210> 473
 <211> 752
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 473
 tatgnntncc taanagagtt ntgnnacacg gcccgccttc tnaaancttc ctaatncttg 60
 ggcgctcggt ctntctncac ncagnnnntg cggtnccgaat tcggcacgag gtccttttga 120
 accaccccaa agaactcaac atggcaaagc aaatggtaaa agcttcccgga ctgttctact 180
 ttgggtccgc gcgaagccca ctacagtggt atctgtgttg cccctgggag gcccggggag 240
 accgaaaaag ggctctctca agttctgaaa agagaatctg ccaccagatc gaatttcgac 300
 ccctgagctt gttcggagct atggtccaaa ttcagattaa ggtggtcacc caaccgaga 360
 tgtcaggaaa ggccttctgc agagaaaatg tccccccacc cgccatctgc agccaggtgt 420
 gtgccacacg gcagccttcc cgaaacatag tatggatttt aaaaatgtgt ntatttttgg 480
 ttctcaacca ctttataacg tattttttta tttattttgt aatgtcttgt tttgaagtat 540
 tgctgtatc cttgggtatc tcccactgg ttttatcact gantttattt gngaaagttg 600
 ncactaatgt tctatgtcaa aatcaaaaagt atttaaatgaa atactanntc tatttaaatgt 660
 ggntatggaa ccagctggaa acacaaaaca aacagtgtat gacancaagc tgggcccag 720
 agncaggtca ttttgnacat atgccataa ac 752

<210> 474
 <211> 752
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474
 ttgcanacnn aatanttgct gtaaaaagtc cnnctttttt ccttttctaa tgnttgngcg 60
 ctcgntctnt ctccacnagn nnntgcgttn cgaattcggg tctnagccca tgccgggagc 120
 ttcccacacc cgtcctcaca gatccagccc cagcccctgt cttcccaggc catctctcag 180
 cagcacctgc aggatgcggg caccggggag tggagccctc agaacgcac catgtcggag 240
 tctctctcca tcccagcttc cctgaacgac gcggcttttg ctcagatgaa cagttaggtg 300
 cagctcctga ctgaaaaggc cctgatggag cttgggggtg ggaagccgct tccgcacccc 360
 cgggcgtggt tcgtctcctt ggatggcagg tccaacgctc acgttagaca ttcatacatt 420
 gatctccaaa gagctggaag gaacggaagt aatgatgcca gtttggactc tggcgtagat 480
 atgaatgaac caaaatcanc ccggaaggga anggagatg ctttgtctct gcagcagaac 540
 taccgnccg tccaagagca ccancagaaa gancctcanc cccagacagc acggntctaca 600
 cgcanctcgt gnacctggat gacntggaac anaatgggtan cnaatgtggg accacngnct 660
 tgtanccna ggacaaggcc ctncnangct tgntggangg gtcnantcng anaaatggng 720
 gccactgccc aaccgcgag aaganaacaa nn 752

<210> 475
 <211> 742
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 475
 gntttctntt aatncttttn naaangcggn ntttacntt ctangnntgn gnetcggttct 60
 ttcccacnna nnnnncggtn cgaattcggc ncgaggtgaa acagaaagtg gagatgcttt 120
 ccttgacctg aagaagcctc ctgcctccaa atgcccccat cgctatacaa aagaagaact 180

cttggatata	aaagaactcc	cccattccaa	acagagcctt	catgcctttc	tgaaaaatat	240
gacagtgatg	gtgtctggga	ccctgagaag	tggcatgcct	ctctctaccc	agcttcaggg	300
cggagctcac	cagtggaaag	tctgaagaaa	gagttggata	cagaccggcc	ttccctgggtg	360
cgcaggatag	tagatccacg	agagcgtgtg	aaagaagatg	acttanatgt	tgttctcagc	420
cctcagagac	ngagcttttg	agggggctgc	cacgtgacag	ccgctgtcag	ctcccggcgc	480
tcangaagtc	cattagagaa	agatagtgat	gggcttcgtc	tgcttgggtg	acgtaggatt	540
ggcagtggga	ggataatctc	tgcccggacc	tttgagaagg	atcacgcgtt	aacgataagg	600
acctgcggga	cttgagagac	agagaccnan	anaaggactt	caaggacaac	gtttcangan	660
anaanttttg	gagaaagtaa	ncntgtcttt	tggtgancgt	anaaanaaat	gattcttacn	720
cnnaanaaga	acccgaatgg	tt				742

<210> 476

<211> 1122

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 476

gnnnngggnnn	ttctaaaagc	tgggnnnnnn	nnngagggnnc	ttctaatnct	tctaatgggtt	60
ggctctcggtt	ctttctncac	gcagcnnngc	gnnnccaatt	cggcacgagc	ctgcagccac	120
taatgcattg	tgtatgataa	caaaaactct	ggtatgacac	attttctgng	atcattgnta	180
attagtgaca	tagtaacatc	tgtagcagct	ggttagtaaa	cctcatgtgg	gggtgggggtg	240
ggggtgtatn	cctngnggga	nggnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	300
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	360
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	420
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	480
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	540
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	600
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	660
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	720
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	780
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	840
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	900
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	960
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	1020
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	1080
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	1122

<210> 477

<211> 747

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 477

gnngtgcctt	tgaaannccn	tttgnnnnng	nggcccttct	aatgctnttn	cgntcgnggg	60
gtcgaactcg	ccccacncng	cnaggcgggg	gctncaagcg	attctaaacc	acctatgagt	120
atctctttta	gggtcactt	aaatacatgt	ntgngnntac	tgggggctag	ccngaataat	180
tttagatctg	atcaggtnng	ngctnaaatt	ngaaaaaanac	cnntngatg	cttaaagaat	240
tngcntccat	ttttgagtct	aaatctttta	aaatntactg	ngatccacat	ctagnгааat	300
gtcngtgtca	anatattctn	gatnatcgct	naaatccnca	ttaatactcn	ttnggggttn	360
nnnatagnng	aacttcntag	nnntncnaaa	agcaatnngn	cttctgncct	ccgtgctcc	420
cacagnnggt	nttgnaactg	ggnaaatcag	nnnnnngata	gcgngngnnt	ntnaganaaa	480

ntngatncac	acatncttnn	nnetcagnen	ncacatngat	tgaacactct	ggccaagatg	540
ctgngngnga	tgangttgga	gttcgannga	agaagccngc	gctggcctgg	cttгнааgac	600
ccnngncttt	cccntnccct	cnctngaaag	ctgcccngac	ngaggccnaa	ngnaaatggn	660
tganngnnen	gtcnngccen	cttcngncnc	ttngaaccnn	nnagnngnnc	tnnnngnacc	720
cnnngnnntn	cgngnaaccg	nncncgc				747

<210> 478

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 478

gnnnnnnngcg	cgnccttcta	atgcttenta	attnnctngg	atactcgttc	tttctncagg	60
natcnmntgc	gnttcgcaag	gagnagagt	atagnaattg	gcagtgaaat	atacgaacca	120
ccctcctgcc	ctctgggttc	acaatacgtg	tacacttgac	tgtgaagtgg	ctgtgagagt	180
gggtggagag	ttcttctttg	accctcagcc	tgcggatgcc	tctagaaacc	tcgtgttgat	240
tgcaggagga	gtcggaaatta	accctctgct	ttccatcctg	cggcacgcag	cagatctcct	300
cagagagcag	gcaaacaaaa	gaaatggata	tgagatagga	acaataaaac	tattctacag	360
tgcaaaaaat	accagcgaac	tcctgtttta	gaaaaatatc	cttgatttag	taaatgaatt	420
tcctgagaag	attgcatgca	gtttgcatgt	tacaaaacag	actacacaaa	tcaatgcgga	480
actcaagcca	tacatcacgg	aaggaagaat	aacggagaag	gagataagag	atcatatttc	540
aaaagagact	ttgttctata	tttgtggccc	acctccaatg	acagactttt	tctccaagca	600
actggaaaac	aacctatgtac	caaagaaca	catttgcttt	gagaagtggg	ggtaggaggc	660
aagaccaaag	gcaggaaaaa	attaangagg	tgagatctac	tcaaggagag	ctcaaaaaaa	720
aaaaaaaaaa	actngggccc	tttaga				746

<210> 479

<211> 750

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 479

gnnnnnnnnn	nngngnnnnn	ttctannntt	cntattnnct	nggagctcgt	tctttctnca	60
ggatcccntg	cgattcgaat	tcggcacgag	ggtagactgg	ctagggatcc	tggacccagg	120
gttccacgta	gcaacacctg	ctgagttctc	tgggttttct	tcctgcctca	tgtagcccag	180
acttgagct	gaagaagctg	gaaacatgga	aacaccaaca	gctacagacc	aaaaaaagtc	240
ccaacaaagg	cctgtcagtc	tgccagcctg	ttctgtggat	ttccaactca	agattgcagc	300
atcaactcac	acctgaagtt	ctggcttccc	tacaaacttt	gaacttgcca	gtccccacaa	360
tggcataagc	caattcctta	aaatgaatgt	ctagttctag	ataatgtgtg	tattctactg	420
gttctgtttc	tctggagaag	cctactaata	gatcatttgt	cttagtcaat	tcaagctact	480
ggtacagatt	accatagact	gggtggttta	aactaccaat	cttattactc	acagtttttg	540
gagtctggaa	agtctgagat	cagggttcca	gcaggattga	gttctttggg	gaacatnctc	600
tttctggnet	acagaatact	gggttacttt	aagtnggaaa	aagtaggggtg	aagctgggtc	660
ntttggcctc	ttcttttaag	ggggactaat	tcatgaaggg	ttccaccctt	attgacctat	720
tttaccttnc	caaanggnnt	ccattttccn				750

<210> 480

<211> 714

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 480

gnnnnnngnn nngnggnnnt tcnaccgttc ttntgaccta gnetcgnntnt nncnnaacna	60
gctaggcttg ngaattcggc acgagataac acacatcaca gtatgctctc agaaatttct	120
ttatttgaac cctataccaa tatctgntga tcaatgacca tttttgctca gcatggagaa	180
acagtgcctt gcatgaagg tagtgagaat aaaaaggatc ttaccacctt tatcatgagg	240
gtggctttgc tctctccatt ccaagttgtt ctctgttcta gaaagcagat gtagtagaca	300
tctactgttt ttgcctaaac agaatccctt tttccttttt ttgttaaaag tactcatccc	360
taatattaca ttgttctgga aggactgaaa ataacagaac tcagcaccat gatcggaccg	420
ggacaatcag attatttcat tctcancaa acggagatcg atccgaaaag tggaaatatg	480
agctcttctt tgggtgttggc atatggaccc tgagagaaag aactttaatt ttttctcttg	540
gactgcaata aagtatagct gcctaaaata cgtttcctga ccttggangt ttgnccacaa	600
tcggtgaaat aaangcaaga cgtacacttg gatgaaaaa aaannnnnnn naaaaaaac	660
tcgaccttta nactatnga gtcgatacnt aatcngactg atagatcatt gnta	714

<210> 481

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 481

agcctttcta aangcctttt gnetnngnnc cccnttctta anncttggtt aatncttggc	60
nactcgttct ttctncacgc acccatcgnn ncgaattcgg cagcaggcat gaaaggagtc	120
ggaagcggaa gcggtagccc ggacggtgct gtggtgcaag ggcttgtgga aaaattggag	180
aaaaccaagt ccctggccca gcagttgaca agggaggcca ctcaagcgga aattgaagca	240
gataggtctt atcagcacag tctccgcctc ctggattcag tgtctcggct tcagggagtc	300
agtgatcagt cctttcaggt ggaagaagca aagaggatca acaaaaaagc ggattcactc	360
tcaagcctgg taaccaggca tatggatgag ttcaagcgta cacagaagaa tctgggaaac	420
tggaaagaag aagcacagca gctcttacag aatggaaaaa gtgggagaga gaaatcagat	480
cagctgcttt cccgtgccaa tcttgctaaa agcagancac aagaagcact gagtatgggc	540
aatgccactt tttatgaagt tgagagcatc cttaaaaacc tcagagagtt tgacctgcag	600
gtggacaaca gaaaacagaa ctgaagaacc atgaagagac tctnctacat caccagaagg	660
ttcagancca atgacaagac ccancaagca naagagccct ggggagccct ctgctgatcc	720
caaanggcaa aaaatggggc cn	742

<210> 482

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 482

gnnnngggag nnttctaattg ctttgnctta gagtncnnt tctaanggct tggnaatnct	60
ngctcttgtt ctttntgcag gatcccatcg attcgaattc ggcacgaggc caagcctcgg	120
cctccactgc acctgctgcg gagtggcacc tttgcctgca aggcctctta ccccatggcc	180
cagtgtcatc tcagcagggt ctttggccac tcaggaggcc cttgtggtgg gttgtcagtc	240
ctgtccttcc ctcattgagaa gctactgctt atgtccacag accaggagga gctgtcacgc	300
tggatccaca gtctgacttg ggctatcagc agccagaaaa actagaggaa tcttatagat	360
tccagaactc aggatcctc agggataggt cacagccaag agtataaagg aatcttcagt	420
actgaacaaa acagaacctt tcatgatttg acaaaggtca ctttctgttt gcctggacca	480
agctactcca gatcatctga ccaactctta aaaatcacgg ccaggcacag tggctcatgc	540
ctgtaatccc agcacttttg gaagcaang tggcaggatc attccagccc aggagtctca	600
agancagcct ggcaacacag tgagttagac cctgtctcta ttaagaaaa aaattattaa	660

gaaattttat taaaaaagga agaatcagga aaccaaagtc aacccaact taaccctcaa 720
tgaaccagcc ctaacacaga tgangggatt tg 752

<210> 483

<211> 849

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 483

gnnnnnnattn	ccctttnaaa	tncncngaa	ancccttggga	agcactaccn	ctcngacccc	60
tttggaacgn	cgactnctnn	atatatcnng	gatataatag	gtgataagtt	ctgncaatta	120
gtaacatcng	gaaaaaacag	ctnngncctg	ggngaaaaag	gatgccaaaa	tngcctggaa	180
aagagcagng	gagaggagtc	cgggagatgn	gngatgcac	gggacgcanc	atngntnaac	240
attcactggg	tctgccaaaa	atgtggattt	gngggctgct	tagatngtta	caaggcaaaa	300
ggaaaggaaa	gagttctaga	gataaaagaa	ctatatgctt	ggatgaagtg	tgtgaaggga	360
cagcctcatg	atcaccaaca	tttaatgccc	aacccaaaat	tataccnggt	tctgntttga	420
cagacttcta	gatgccatgc	acactcttag	ggaaaaaata	ttgggattaa	ancccatngg	480
cattggacta	acaaacagga	atttacaagg	tnggaaantt	ttncnaccac	tgaaaggggg	540
gatencaagg	ttttccagaa	nggntcntaa	tcncaggnaa	taaaaattnc	ctctngggcaa	600
gccctgagtc	ttaancagca	aaaanactcc	tcccgaancc	tgnaaaaaaa	agggggggca	660
gccaggcccn	naaanggaan	gtnaggcccn	agatnaacaa	ngtnacctcc	nccagnaaa	720
ccccannccc	caactggnac	cngggnaacc	cacaacnttt	gcngaagncc	aaaaaagncc	780
nnnagangga	aaaaaaaaaa	naananaaaa	aacctnnnag	cccctaagaa	accttagggg	840
nggcccncc						849

<210> 484

<211> 1098

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 484

gnnnnnnnt	ttnnnnnttt	ttgnaaaanc	ccccttttgc	naaatngncc	ctttttntgg	60
cangggatcc	ccatntttat	ntcggacatt	ttcggggccac	cggaaggggc	cgggggcccc	120
cgggccncca	ggnccgggna	aaggcccccc	ttgggcggcc	cccggncggc	cccaatgggt	180
tccaaaaagg	gaaaaaaaaa	aaagggggaa	cctgggaagt	tgggccanga	aaangnaaaa	240
aaaggnaagn	aaaccttccg	ccaatgggaa	tggggaaaaa	taattttttc	ttgaaaaacc	300
caaaaaagga	atggttattt	ttcaaattta	aaaaaggaac	nttgggaaga	aagaattggc	360
ttcccacncg	cagaaagggc	attactggct	atgtcaagta	aaagaagtcc	ttcaaagctt	420
agttgatgat	ggatgggttg	actgtgagag	gatcggaaact	tctaattatt	attgggcttt	480
tccaagtaaa	gctcttcatg	caagggaaac	ataagttgga	ggttctggaa	tctcaagttg	540
tctgagggaa	gtcaaaagca	tgcaagccta	cagaaaagca	tttgagaaag	ctaaaattgg	600
ccgatgttga	aacggaagag	cgaaccaagg	ctntgcaaaa	agagcttttc	tttcactttc	660
gagaccaaag	gggaaccagc	tnnaagggcn	agaaaagttn	gaaaaaaatt	ccaaaggaac	720
tgggtggaatc	ccccaaaagg	tttgggttggg	gaaagaaaaa	ttcccggccc	aangccaaaa	780
tttaaaaggt	ttngccccca	aagggaagaa	ncttgnctt	taaccagga	attggggacc	840
ctgggannta	aaaccnataa	ttttcccgcc	naattnnaaa	aaattcnttt	nggggncccc	900
naaaanggna	aaaaaatttt	nggggggttt	tggnaaaggna	aaaatttnaa	atttggattt	960
ngaaactttt	ttngggaatt	ccccagaaag	aacttttgac	cttccttng	acctnaaaaa	1020
ttttcccttg	ggggggtgna	anggatgttc	ccaagctttg	tggnatattg	gtaaaatttt	1080
naaccttttn	tncttacc					1098

<210> 485
 <211> 798
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 485
 gnnnnnnant nnnntttnaa atccttnntg aatcctttga antaccatcc cntttttncga 60
 attnggcacg aggaaaggtg gcgcgcttct cacggctgag ttgctgcgcc ttgcagacgg 120
 aagctcccca caggcagagc tgcttgatg tgtgagtcac gaaccagaga agccccgctc 180
 catgagcagt gaactcccan gccctgtgac ctccctcctn cttgcagctc ctctggcac 240
 cagtcctccag ggctctcctg ttggtagttc ctgcttttct tcttggaat tctcgtgga 300
 cctcgagatc tttaccctaa aatagttctg ttgaatttca cctggcaat gtaaattgat 360
 agcttatctt cacagatgcc agacaatgga caactcacca tcagtcctct gctcacctga 420
 gacaaatgca tgtctgattg ctctctctgc cctattgntt atgtgaaaat gcagattcac 480
 tgagccagac taaggcatca gtgactgttc ctctacctgc ctctcacatg gagattgtgt 540
 attcagtgaaggctgatca aagacccaaa ggaatgcaac agtttatctc ttatctacct 600
 atgacctgcg aactggccaa caaccagtt gttgncgct tttcagacag aaccagtgtc 660
 atcttacacg tattnaaatg gatgtcctgg ngctcnccta atatgtattc aaaagcaagc 720
 tggggcctng accacccttn ggcacatatt cctcanggac atcattcctg angctgtgtc 780
 actggcatgt ccttaanc 798

<210> 486
 <211> 785
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 486
 gnnnnnnnttt gaaanccctt tcnaatnctt ggcattgntc tctttgcagg atccctcgat 60
 tcgctgacaa cttgattggg ttctccttca ggtttgaagc gccctcgaga agtgtctaaa 120
 ggagacagtt gatagccaaa caacagtttt ggattcactg actgattatg aaagaagcag 180
 tagactggta tcaagaatca gtcagcaagg aggccctcac cagacgccag tgccatgttc 240
 ttggacttct cagcctccat attcatgaac taagtttttg gaatccttag gcttccacgt 300
 gtggaaagcc tgagctaacc tactggagga tgagccatca cctggagcag attcaggcca 360
 tcctagttag agcctcccta ggccaagcaa ccgtccaact accagacatt gaccattcag 420
 ccttgaacat tcagcacaaa gacaaaacag accagaccag aagagtccca cagaataggg 480
 gaaactattc agagaaaact taagccacta agttttatgg tgttttgttc tgtagcagaa 540
 gcataggcat actgacaata caaacgaaa tcttctaac gtagtggacc ttttcangcc 600
 agcatttttt ccttgaaaac ctggagcatg tatccatctt atagcagaga tcactttcac 660
 aatggttggg ctcttgattg tgaattgatg atgtaatgag ccctctttnc ngattgnaac 720
 ttaattactc tgggnatttg ntggattccc aaccttctaa tatttacttt tctctttan 780
 taanc 785

<210> 487
 <211> 797
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 487
 ttgtnnnncc cttttnaaat ncctttggct anttgntctn tttgctngat cccatcgatt 60
 cgaattcggc acgagnnngg actaccttnc aaaaccnggt ngggaagcgt gttacagaan 120
 tgatntctan tcccctgnat tctggatgct gcagaccaac acctgccnac aanacncana 180

cacacacann	caancantat	catgtaagac	agnncgntna	ntnnnnnatt	ntnatncttn	240
nncatttacn	cantnttgta	nantggntca	tgngtctata	natnnttgta	antattntnt	300
gananangac	ganantctga	atcttaagca	tatgctccat	cnttnnatat	gctntgggtg	360
agaggctngc	cntnattcat	nttnncatgg	agncaagttt	aatgcctcta	gantacattc	420
tgggcttcaa	gcatncttat	tttnnaactcc	ctgagtgatg	gggtggataaa	tcnaacattg	480
nctnagtggg	ntcaagacaa	ctttgntggg	ggttttgntc	acaatcatga	aaatggttnn	540
gccagataaa	tattttgata	ttagntttcn	tttttnatat	anngcggtag	gtttgaattg	600
nacnttnaaa	tgntntgggt	tgtnaagaca	ntggnttnca	atnnaattta	tnacatgaat	660
tgngnctcc	cctttggnga	aaccttaaa	aantntgna	tacttcttca	taaaagggtg	720
tgngatttng	naantttcgg	gggttttnaa	tttttnntga	agcttatttc	ntganaatnt	780
acttggnnta	ccaagcc					797

<210> 488

<211> 762

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 488

caaatcnntt	gctctngttc	tttttgcagg	atcccatcga	ttcgcgacag	ctctccaata	60
ctcagggttaa	tgctgaaaaa	tcattccaaga	cagttattgc	aagagtttaa	tttttgaaaa	120
ctggctactg	ctctgtgttt	acagacgtgt	gcagttgtag	gcatgtagct	acaggacatt	180
tntannggcc	caggatcggt	ttttcccagg	gcaagcagaa	gagaaaatgt	tgtatatgtc	240
ttttaccggg	caattcccc	ttgcctaaat	acaagggtg	gagtctgcac	gggacctatt	300
agagtatttt	ccacaatgat	gatgatttca	gcagggatga	cgtcatcatc	acattcaggg	360
ctattttttc	cccacaaacc	caagggcagg	ggccactctt	agctaaatcc	ctccccgtga	420
ctgcaataga	accctctggg	gagctcagga	aggggtgtgc	tgagtcttat	aatataagct	480
gccatatatt	ttgtagacaa	gtatggctcc	tccgtatctc	cctcttccct	aggagaggag	540
tgtgaagcaa	ggagcttaga	taagacaccc	cctcaaacc	attccctctt	caggagacct	600
acccttcaca	ggcacangtc	ccccaaatga	gaagtctgnt	accctcatt	tcttnatctt	660
tttacttaaa	ctcaagaggc	agtgcagggn	agtcaggggc	aagacattac	atttttcata	720
ctttcccaca	tctgaaaaga	tgacagggga	aactgcaaag	cc		762

<210> 489

<211> 822

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 489

ttnnnnnnct	nnnggnnttt	cnaatncttg	tttctcgncc	tttctgcagg	atcccatcga	60
ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggat	tttcgaaact	cttcagctac	ttgccctttt	ttatctgaaa	120
ccatcatacc	ttctgaaaga	aaaaagcata	tcttcattga	cataacagaa	gtgagatggc	180
ccagtcttga	tacagatggt	accatcntnt	atatggagag	tggcattgtg	aagataacat	240
cttttagatgg	tcatgcatac	ctctgcctgc	ccagatctca	gcatgaattt	acagtacatt	300
ttttgtgtaa	agtttagccag	aagtcagact	catctgcagt	gttgtcagaa	acaaataata	360
aagccccaaa	agataaacta	gttgaaaaaa	ctggcaaaat	ctgtatacgt	ggaaatttac	420
cangacagag	actgaagaat	aaagaaaatg	agtttcattg	ccagatcatg	aaatccaaag	480
aaactttaaa	gaagatgagt	tgtgtaaatg	gaactgaagg	gaggggaagag	ctgccttcgc	540
ctgggtacaaa	gcacacatgt	gtatacacat	gggtcaagca	gtgctggtct	gtggctgcct	600
gtccagagga	atgggaaata	ttcctttgtc	tttagcactt	catttttcta	aataaaaaatc	660
anccaatatg	tctaaaaaaa	aantttnttn	ataataaacc	tngaagccct	nttanaacct	720
tntnntggag	gtcctnnttt	accntatgat	tcccgggaact	tggataagga	atcccnnttg	780

gattggnat tttgggcna aaaccncna ncttggat cc

822

<210> 490

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 490

ntgtaancct	tttcaaacc	cttggtact	tgntctttct	gcaggatccc	atcgattcga	60
attcggcacg	aggccggacn	gtgactctgg	nnacgcttgc	gnccntnacg	tagntngnng	120
accntgcang	anggaanaan	ggctggccnn	cngntgtacn	ctnaccgtcc	taaccccgcg	180
aggtccaggn	ccgtcccttt	cggnnggat	tctcgcgga	natccctccg	gcagctcttt	240
gcaaagctgn	ttagaaactt	ctcccaaact	cggcntggat	acgactgcta	tagggctcgc	300
tgctgctttt	gtggagctct	tgctcctcta	tccttggcct	ctcctgggat	acggcccaag	360
gccaaagtnt	cacgcangtt	ggtaagctta	tttgcgttctg	gactctgggg	gctntgaann	420
ttcaccacgt	ggactgctgg	gganccggnt	nccgancact	ngmntacctt	acnccanaat	480
ctgacaactt	ttctggacaa	cctacccanc	ttcaattggc	tngngagcnc	ntcngntgct	540
ggggnntncn	gtgcaaattg	agnncnaatt	gggtgggcaa	tngttgatgg	ncaaaacggg	600
aaaaagcaac	nnncaangct	tttggctnaa	agccgatang	acncaaatta	nttnccttgg	660
accttganaa	tttctcaan	nttttnagn	annncctttt	ttnccttggan	aaanacttaa	720
aagtgaacga	ttnttgggaa	anaaacaac	tataataact	naaagctttt	ntaaaaaaa	780
annaatnnt						789

<210> 491

<211> 790

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 491

tccaaaatnc	ccttggantn	attccccctt	ncaatacctt	tccttngnac	actcccngtt	60
tnngntngatc	ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	cgaggnaaca	aagaaggaat	gtcttcctca	120
tgtttnggtc	tatagaagac	gttaaagaaa	acttccagaa	agtgggtttg	aggcatgagc	180
caccacgcct	ggccaaagga	tttaatgaat	taatggatgt	acagtgctgg	ggctgttatt	240
ctagggcctg	cattgagact	cacattttgc	catcaaaagc	cttttaagag	gtggaggttg	300
cgggtgagctg	acatgggtgcc	actgcactcc	ggcctgagtg	acagagtggg	actctgtctc	360
acaaaaaaa	taatgccctt	taaataatga	ataatagtga	tagaaaatgt	catttcttgg	420
acaaatgaaa	aattgaaatt	aatgtatata	attagatatt	attagctact	cttaggtagc	480
ttcattttgtt	gaaagtttga	caagtgaatg	aagttcacat	ctggaaatcg	ttgaacattt	540
ttcgttcatg	gaactcaatg	gtacgttag	tcgtttatgc	ttttcactgt	tgtggtaggg	600
gctttggaaa	gtnaatgcca	tcaacaatgg	atacagaang	acctggattt	ggaataaggg	660
caaaaattta	ttttgatggg	gctgaattgc	tctgccaggg	agcatttttg	gtattgagat	720
gaaaatggcc	tctctttgag	actgagctgc	cacctggcaa	attattgnct	gcttaanggt	780
tctctttatn						790

<210> 492

<211> 804

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 492

tcnaaatccc ttttgnnagn ttncnctttt gtttcccttt nctnggetnc ttgttctttt 60

tgcaggaatc	ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	cgaggctcctt	ttgaaccacc	ccaaagaact	120
caacatggca	aagcaaatgg	taaaagcttc	ccgactgttc	tactttgggt	ccgcgcgaag	180
cccactcag	tgtgatctgt	gttgccctg	ggaggcccg	ggcgaccgga	aaagggctct	240
ctcaagttct	gaaaagagaa	tctgccacca	gatcgaattt	cgaccctga	gcttggtcgg	300
acgtatggtc	caaatcaga	ttaaggtggt	cacccaaccc	gagatgtcag	gaaaggcctt	360
ctgcagagaa	aatgtccccc	caccgcctat	ctgcagccag	gtgtgtgcca	cacggcagcc	420
ttcccgaaac	atagtatgga	ttttaaaaaat	gtgtttat	ttgtttctca	accactttat	480
aacgtat	ttat	ttgtaatgtc	ttgttttgaa	gtattgctgc	tatccttgnt	540
atccttccca	ctgtttttat	cactgattta	ttttgtgaaa	agttgtacac	taatgttcta	600
tgtcaaaatc	aaaaagtatt	taatgaaata	ctagttctat	ttaatgtggg	ntatggaacc	660
ancttgga	cacaaaacaa	acaggggatt	gtacaagcan	gcttggggcc	caagnaaggt	720
caaggttcat	ttggttacca	tatgccnata	aaacctcanc	gaanttttaa	aaaaaaaaann	780
nnnnnnnaaa	aancttggng	ggct				804

<210> 493

<211> 800

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 493

ggnnennntt	ncccccttt	tgaaaacccc	ttttggngna	ancccncttc	tttnaaatcn	60
cttggtact	cgctcttnt	gcaggatccc	atcgattcga	attcggcacg	agtatataac	120
aacttttgct	ttcaaagt	ggtgggacta	gaacacacaa	tggaggatg	gagtcaggag	180
acctggattc	ttgtgcccgc	tctggctttt	acagtctgcc	taactctatg	cagtcacttc	240
ctgccagcct	gtttccttac	ctacaagagg	gagagacact	ccctggccag	cctagttctc	300
aggggtgaacg	aaaggtcatt	atcactgcat	cctctagtca	tttgcttctt	cgctaattaa	360
cacatcttga	gcacctgcga	tgttccagga	acaggagatg	gcagcgtgca	agataaaaagt	420
ccctgacttc	tagagactgc	atgttagtgg	caatcgccgt	ctacccggcc	ttcaataaac	480
tactgaatga	aggaaaattc	tacctagcac	cagacacaat	tactgggttt	ctaaaatgga	540
attattcccc	cggccccctg	catccagcag	cctgctgcag	ggaagctcct	ccgaagctgt	600
aggcaggagc	gggacaaatg	cttgctatca	gcttcacaga	atgttaccta	agtactattc	660
ctacacagcg	ccttacagaa	caaacagtaa	aaaccaaatg	gnaagcatgc	acnggcttaa	720
aaactcaaac	ttcctaacta	ctcagtaatt	anganggtca	ttttacccca	aaatagaatt	780
ttcnatttat	ccaataanaa					800

<210> 494

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 494

nggnttcnnt	ctaactnaaa	cngttnggna	actcncctct	ntctgtngat	cccatcgatt	60
cgctaacaag	cgattctaaa	ccacctatga	gtatttcttt	tagggctcac	ttaaatacat	120
gtttgtatat	actgtattct	agccagaata	atttttagatc	tgatcaggta	gtagctaaaa	180
ttagaaaaaa	acaaaataga	tgcttaaaga	atttgcattcc	atttttgagt	ctaaatcttt	240
taaaatatac	tgagatccac	atctagtga	atgtcagtgt	caaaatatta	tagattatag	300
ctaaaatcca	gattaatact	catttgggggt	tttttatagt	ggaacttcat	agtaatacaa	360
aaagcagatt	gtcttctgt	ctccgtgct	cccacagtag	gtattgaaac	tggtaaaatc	420
agttttttga	tagtgtgtgt	atataagaaa	aaatagatac	acacattctt	ttttctcagt	480
caacacattg	attgaacact	ctggcaaaga	tgctgtgggtg	gatgangttg	gagttcgaaa	540
agaagaagca	agcgtggcc	tgccttgaaa	gaacccgaaa	gtctttccca	ttcacttctc	600

tagaaagctg ccaagacaga ngcagaaagg aaatggatga tagttctgtc aagcacactt	660
ctgntctcnt agaacttaga aatggttcta agagaacaga agttatngag aacagttcnt	720
tggaattca acatcttggg tgggacncat tggcttt	757

<210> 495

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 495

ggnnnnnntc ttttcnaatg cttggctctc gttctttntg caggatccct cgattcgcaa	60
gagagagtga tagaattggc agtgaaatat acgaaccacc ctctgccct ctgggttcac	120
aatacgtgta cacttgactg tgaagtggct gtgagagtgg gtggagagt cttctttgac	180
cctcagcctg cggatgcctc tagaaacctc gtgttgattg caggaggagt cggaattaac	240
cctctgcttt ccacctgcg gcacgcagca gatctcctca gagagcaggc aaacaaaaga	300
aatggatatg agataggaac aataaaacta ttctacagtg caaaaaatac cagcgaactc	360
ctgtttaaga aaaatatcct tgatttagta aatgaatttc ctgagaagat tgcattgcagt	420
ttgcatgtta caaacagac tacacaaatc aatgcggaac tcaagccata catnacggaa	480
ggaagaataa cggagaagga gataagagat catatttcaa aagagacttt gttctatatt	540
tgtggccacc ttcaatgaca gactttttct ccaagcaact ggaaaacaac catgtcccaa	600
agaacacatt tgctttgaga agtgggtgga ggaggcagac aaaggcagaa aaaattaaga	660
ggtgagatct actcaggaga gctcaaaann aaaaaaaaaa aaactnggac cnttagaact	720
atagtgagtc gtnttcgta gatccagaca tgataa	756

<210> 496

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 496

ctttnaatcc cttgcactcg tcttntgnag gaccttatcg attcgaattc ggcacgagat	60
aacacacatc acagtatgct ctcagaaatt tctttatttg aaccctatac caatatctgt	120
tgatcaatga ccatttttgc tcagcatgga gaaacagtgc cctgcatgaa gggtagtgag	180
aataaaaagg atcttaccac ctttatcatg aggggtggctt tgctctctcc attccaagtt	240
gttctctgtt ctagaaagca gatgtagtag acatctactg tttttgccta aacagaatcc	300
ctttttcctt tttttgttaa aagtactcat ccctaattatt acattgttct ggaaggactg	360
aaaataacag aactcagcac catgatcgga ccgggacaat cagattattt cattcctcag	420
caaacggaga tcgatccgaa aagtggaaat atgagctctt ctttggtggtt ggcattatgga	480
ccctgagaga aagaacttta attttttctc ttggactgca ataaagtata gctgcctaaa	540
ataccgtttc ctgacacttg gaggtttgcc acaatcgggtg aaataaaggc aagacgtaac	600
actggatgaa aaaaaaaaaa nnnnnnaaaa aaactcgagc cnttagaact atgtgatcga	660
ttcgtagatc cagaatgata gatcattgtg agtttggaca accacactng atgcagtgaa	720
aaaatcttat tgngaattgn gatn	744

<210> 497

<211> 772

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 497

gnttgnngtn taantttnta aggatccctt tntntgaanc cctttctgca ggatcccatc	60
---	----

gattcgaatt	cggcacgagg	caggagnaat	cacttgaacc	ctggagggttn	cggttgcagt	120
gagcacagat	catgccactg	cactccagcc	tgggcaacaa	aacgagactt	cgtctcaaaa	180
aaaaaaaaa	tagaatttgg	atccttttgt	cgggttctcc	caaattcttt	tgagggtgtcc	240
atgggtcaact	gcttcagctt	tgttttggca	accccttgcc	cgaagtcgca	tataggctgt	300
tcttcacctt	gtttccaagg	ctgaggaaca	gaaagtagcc	tctgttttga	ggagggtggaa	360
gttaagtata	cattttattt	ttactgtgac	ttgttcagga	ccacatttta	caaaatgcct	420
tgtttccttc	attgtttctg	gaaaggaaag	ttctattaat	attgntttac	tttgaatata	480
gaatagtttt	tttaattagg	gcttattttg	aaaaattctg	agtttaattc	aaatgtatgc	540
caataccttc	caaagtaagg	taatattcag	agacagttgt	tggtgatcag	atggcttaga	600
gaaaatttct	ggaatattca	cattcgaaga	tccttattat	gaatgtcttt	gacttaaatc	660
taaccaaaaa	ctgcacatta	ttctttgnac	attttcatta	tatagngtta	acaagcttan	720
ttgcaaacca	ataaataact	aagctattta	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaactc	nc	772

<210> 498

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 498

nttnagcnta	nnagccgttg	tantgaagcc	cntttgctac	ttgctctttt	tgcaggatcc	60
catcgattcg	aattcggcac	gaggaccag	gtagaccagc	tcaagagttc	atgttctttg	120
tcatcctcct	gtgagctctc	tgtaatgtct	tntcttgccc	atcaccacat	ccctagtact	180
gggtatcagt	ctggccactt	ggctttctgg	tttgccccaa	tgtgggtctat	tcttgatgca	240
gctaccaaa	taatgttnta	aaaccattat	accaagttac	tatccttgtc	aaaaccccca	300
gtaactgcca	atctcactta	gaataaaatc	cggactcctg	tgaagcacag	nataaactgg	360
cactgcctat	gcagcaacct	catctttacc	gtttctgcct	tgtcactccc	cttcagcgcc	420
ggtattcttc	ctgatgcccc	tagtacacaa	caactccttc	ctgctccaag	agtaggaaaa	480
tnactgtctc	tctgccagtg	agattcctct	tctgggtatta	cctntgcttc	attgctgaat	540
cttctgcaat	atcatcttct	aaaaagagcc	tttnaaaatc	accttttcta	ttatgccta	600
ctcantttcc	agtccttgaa	tggccattcc	ccactttcat	agccacttaa	ttgtatctg	660
aaattacact	taaaatggtc	accttcattg	tgggaaggca	attaattgcc	tttgtcactg	720
gtatgtctag	agaacaagca	gnttggctca	tagtaggcac	tcaacaaaaa	ttt	773

<210> 499

<211> 735

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 499

gcttcaatan	ctttttctaa	ngctcttttt	gcaggattcc	atcgattcga	attcggcacg	60
agagtaccca	nanttgcna	gagtntnntn	actgatntag	ccagggtggca	atnatgagtg	120
aatggatnaa	naaaggcccc	ttagaatggc	aagatnncat	ttacnnagag	gtccnagtgn	180
cancagtgga	cangaatgag	tttnaaggga	tgggttttaa	ctacagaccc	agnctctgcc	240
aatatngacc	ttgtgaactt	ccttgaagat	ggcancatgt	ctgagaccgg	aattatggga	300
catgctgtgc	agactgttga	aactntgaat	gaaggggacc	atagagttag	ggataagctg	360
atgcattttg	ttcacgtctg	gagactgcaa	agcatacagc	ccacaggatc	tggagagag	420
aaagaacagc	ctanagnaaa	tggctngaga	ngaaccacat	tcccatcact	gaacagggan	480
acgcttcaag	gactctctgt	gtggctgggg	ncctgactat	ngaccaccca	tatggtcana	540
naaattncac	cagctctnat	gagantattn	tgtcgctgtg	tcaggatctt	antgaaggac	600
atcttacant	ttnccaanna	naagncatga	aatgtgacat	tctgcttgaa	naagacnata	660
ttttatcttc	atnaatgttt	aaatgtaaaa	nnnnananaa	aanactcgag	ctntnaaatn	720

tngtgagttt anang

735

<210> 500

<211> 926

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 500

ttaaagccct	ttctactnct	cttttgcagg	attccatcgn	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggat	60
ctctatacta	gtgaacagtg	ccagttccac	actttggact	tagaactgtt	ctctagttat	120
tgtaacacag	aatactgtca	atccctaatt	tacttaattg	tacttattgg	aagtggggct	180
gatgaaatac	gcacaggagg	gaaatctact	gtgttttaggc	acaggcagnc	ccagtgtata	240
aggagatcat	attccaaaang	gttgtcagtt	ggntgtttgc	aacctggaat	gtattttcct	300
ttagagacca	ngttatccat	ggtgggttagg	cccctagagc	agctggaaaa	agatgatcaa	360
accaataggt	tngctgacat	cnaataatgt	aataagtttg	ctaaagggaat	ctaccatcaa	420
atntnatatt	gnttccaggg	aaggttgtnn	nttaanntnc	cntcttngtg	ncatantgga	480
cnntccentn	ccagtcatnt	ncntnannnc	tngggcnngt	ntngnnttng	tntntttngn	540
cnntnanna	atatttcata	tccccctng	ctaaaattct	ttnanannaa	nttctcantt	600
tctcccttta	ctanaanttt	ngtntttnt	ccntttanta	tttnnnccca	tntntntcgt	660
tcnnaanant	cattnnntnn	ttntnngctn	ntnnatcacc	cttanctcnn	tctcanntat	720
cntntntnta	tatatctctn	attntctnct	tntnatnate	nttccnnntt	gtntanncna	780
ttatntcttg	ttntntnct	cncatctctn	tentnttctc	ngctnannnn	actccnnnnn	840
tencntctnt	nnnnanantc	atatnctnct	ttngtatata	annnnntnt	ntacntant	900
cnntnatnca	tnnnatatn	nttngt				926

<210> 501

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 501

naatncttgg	ctcttgttct	ttntgcagga	tcccatcgat	togaattcgg	cacgagaatg	60
caaagggctg	cagttctcat	tcaggctact	ttcaggatgc	acagaacata	tattacattt	120
cagacttgga	aacatgcttc	aattctaatt	cagcaacatt	atcgaacata	tagagctgca	180
aaattgcaaa	gagaaaatta	tatcagacaa	tggcattctg	ctgtgggttat	tcaggctgca	240
tataaaggaa	tgaaagcaag	acaactttta	agggaaaaaac	acaaagcttc	tattgtataa	300
caaggcacct	acagaatgta	taggcagtat	tgtttctacc	aaaagcttca	gtgggctaca	360
aaaatcatat	aagaaaaata	tagagcaaat	aaaaagaaac	agaaagtatt	tcaacacaat	420
gaacttaaga	aagagacttg	tgttcaggca	ggttttcagg	acatgaacat	aaaaaaacag	480
attcaggaac	agcaccaggc	tgccattatt	attcagaagc	attgtaaagc	ctttaaaata	540
aggaagcatt	atctccacat	tagagcacag	tagtttctat	tcaaagaaga	tacagaaaac	600
taactgcagt	gcgtcccaag	cagttatttg	tatcagtcct	attacagagc	tttaagtcca	660
aagatatcaa	atatgcacgg	gctgcacact	aatcagtcct	ctatca		706

<210> 502

<211> 784

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 502

ttnttttttt	tggttaccct	ttgctctngg	ncttttttga	ggatccctcg	attcgaattc	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

ggcacgagcc	ttccacgggt	atttcacaga	tatggagagc	tggaagcagg	gagtgagtct	120
ctgagtgttg	gaattgtaag	ggatcagaag	cagggatcag	aagcagtggg	gaagttcatc	180
caccataaaa	cacacagggt	actttgcctt	gaatctgcag	gactgaagcc	aactcttggg	240
cacagaccct	tagtcccttc	cttggccact	ctaagtcaga	tagtccagag	ccaggccctt	300
tgggatgtga	caccgagata	aatcagagaa	aagctgtgaa	gcttggggaa	cagagggact	360
tttgggtgaag	taggtgggtct	gcagttttct	tcttcttggg	aaaagcaagc	tggaaaagtg	420
aacagtgggt	ggtagggcat	agtgtctcca	gctgggtgac	ataatgacca	cacagcacag	480
tgatgttatt	agcaactgtg	tgggtggagta	gttgtgggct	ggacaaatca	atcgtgtgga	540
aattgttagg	agttttatta	cattaaactt	gttaacctaa	aataccatca	aaaaaaaaaa	600
ntncnnnnnn	ncnccccacc	nancntncna	aaaaaancct	cganccttta	aaaacnnntn	660
gnngaggccn	tatttacgtt	anattccaga	cnttgaatan	ggatnccatt	tnnattgaaa	720
ntttngggcc	aaacccccaa	ccttngaatt	gccattngaa	aaaaaaatgc	cttttatttt	780
gnnt						784

<210> 503
 <211> 764
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 503						
ttmntnttcc	ttgaancctt	tttctacann	cncctttgca	gatcccnctg	tcgaattcgg	60
cacgagagac	aaagaaaagg	tggcaatcat	agaagagttt	ntagtaggtt	atgaaacctc	120
tctaaaaagc	tgccgggtat	ttaaccccaa	tgatgatgga	aaggaggaac	caccaaccac	180
attactttgg	gtccagtact	acttggcaca	acattatgac	aaaattggtc	agccatctat	240
tgctttggag	tcacataaata	ctgctattga	aagtacacct	acattaatag	aactctttct	300
cgtgaaagct	aaaatctata	agcatgctgg	aaatattaaa	gaagctgcaa	ggtggatgga	360
tgaggccacg	gccttggaca	cagcagacag	atztatcaac	tccaaatgtg	caaaatacat	420
gctaaaagcc	aacctgatta	aagaagctga	agaaatgtgc	tcaaagttaa	caagggaagg	480
aacatcagcg	gtagagaatt	tgaatgaaat	gcagtgcatt	tggttcctaa	cagaatgtgc	540
ccaggcttat	aaagcaatga	attaaatttg	gtgaagcact	taagaaatgt	cattgagatt	600
gagagacttt	tataggaaat	cactgatgac	ccagtttgac	tttcatacat	actgtatgan	660
ggaanattac	ccttagnatc	ttatgggtgg	actttattta	aaaacttnca	nnaatgttcn	720
ttcgacagcc	ttccatttta	acttcnaagg	cnncaangaa	ttnt		764

<210> 504
 <211> 795
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 504						
ttgtacntct	tttttnaaac	cctnngctac	ttgttctctt	tgcanggatc	cctcgattcg	60
ggaatctcct	agaaagtgtg	gatttttcgag	ccatatcctt	ctgtggtaga	tcctaattgat	120
cctcagatgt	tggccttcaa	ccccaggaaa	aagaactatg	atcgagtaat	gaaagcactg	180
gatagcataa	cttctatcag	agaaatgaca	caagcaccat	atctggaaat	caagaagcaa	240
atggataaac	aggacccctt	tgtctatccc	ttactgcaat	gggttatatc	aagtaataga	300
tcacatattg	tgaactgccc	agttaacagg	caattgaagt	ttatgcatac	tcacatcag	360
ttccttcttc	tcagcagtc	accagccaaa	gaatccaatt	ttagagctgc	taaaaaactc	420
tttgggaagca	cctttgcatt	tcattggtc	cacattgaaa	actggcactc	ctcctganga	480
atggtctggg	ngttgcttct	aatacacgat	tgcagctnca	tggngcaatg	tatgggaagtg	540
gaatctatct	tagtccaatg	tcaagcntat	cattttgntt	actcagggat	gaaccangaa	600
acagaaaagg	ntcagccacg	gacgagccac	cttcaagcng	ttaanaagcc	agcaattaca	660

ttcacagtcn ccaggaaana aaaggncagn cctatccccc ctttncctgg caaaaggccc 720
gtnaacctta aanaaaactgc ctttagccct ttatnntgga aagtggattc ncncttnatt 780
cttggacccc tgnen 795

<210> 505
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 505
tnntntnttt nantngaacc ctttntcttt gctctttttg caggatccct cgattcgaat 60
tcggcacgag cacaaggaga agaagttaat taacattgaa ngatgagaag acatcttggg 120
agaacttgaa ttgggccttg gaagaagaac agccattcaa atagatagaa ttgtggtagc 180
aaaggcatag aggtaggaaa gtatagatct ccagggacag tagtcatggg gttggggcac 240
tgttgggaatt taaggttgga aggatatatt ggagcccctt gaatacggta acaaggcaca 300
ccttggggcag tggagagtta tcagagtgtt tgaaaaggag ggttattgag taaataaata 360
gactgggtact ttaggaattht taaaatgttg atcattgtac tactaataac tttttttttt 420
atatthtacta tctactaagt aattttacatg ttttttcttg tactgactgt aaaccttctg 480
ggtgtgggtg ttttaagtgc cattttactg atnaagaaac tgaggcttaa atagttgaaa 540
taagtcaccc tgtagtgag tggccagaat gacaagtcag atctanggtt tgtctaactn 600
ccaaagatna tataaaaata atggatctct ccttttccct tatgcataaa atatggggag 660
cnttttttaa tcattacca tncgattgnc caaaaaata cctttnggga aaactgatta 720
ttantattcc anaataaatt tcaacggcct gcntngnctn ctttacaact ttnt 774

<210> 506
<211> 796
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 506
gccnccccnn tttngntctc aacttgtacc ctttttgcnn nancncgnnc tncctgcagg 60
ntcccatcga ttcgaattcg ccacgangtt atattaaatt attctttggt tttctttttc 120
ttttaataaa gcttgcaagt tactaaattg tagtttcata aattctgtag taaagtatca 180
tcttggcagt gtgccaaagg tgaaaatgat gctttctcta acagagaaat tcttagtgac 240
tccagtcgta gaaaaacgct tttacaacct gaataagatt gaagaattgt gaacatacca 300
tggcctattg gatgaatcat ttgccgtagg ctaaatcaga ctgtagggtt tgtgatggat 360
ttatggagta tgtgggtata gaaatcatga atctagcatt tgttttcaga gattcaagca 420
tagtcttaag ggtanatcag aaatgacaaa tgaattcaaa acctagcagg tgcattgtna 480
atgtgtgccc agttntggtt tggaaatggc agttccttgg ggtcatgttt ctactggcaa 540
aatttgcaat antgtntctat tgtntgtaat ttcaaaattht ataagattat cccccgttcg 600
cccaagtaaa acctgtntctg cccaatanaa tccctggantc gnngagaaat cgcntccatt 660
cgnngntcaa ctgggatnc ntcgncttaa naaaatnttn tccnggancc cctcatnan 720
gaanaacacc anactattnn gggnacctgn aangctcaat ngcccnngcc ncnngnncn 780
nttttcnng naannn 796

<210> 507
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 507

ctnnntttntt	ttngaancct	tngctcttgt	tctttttgcg	gatcccatcg	attcgtgaag	60
aggagacggt	gacctgggct	ccttatgtgc	ctgaaagagt	ttgagtttcc	tgtaaactcc	120
aaatcaacag	tattttcaac	aagaaatgtg	caattgaaat	caagtgtctgt	ttaagtgcag	180
ctaggatttc	cacaggaaga	cacttgcagt	gaacagagtt	atggagcagc	aaaaacacag	240
atctatttgg	aaaaagagaa	aacatatgcg	ttgtattttg	cttcaattat	aaaataccat	300
cctctcaaag	gtggttctaa	attacaaagg	actttgattt	ctaggtagat	tctgggtaga	360
gacttccttt	catattgagg	cattaatgac	accttttaac	ctgggaagca	atatgactgg	420
agttgtactt	tgagaagatt	aatcaggttt	ggttgcagaa	tgaaagagaa	gatgaagtca	480
agagattggg	ttagaggctc	tagcagaagc	ttagtcatat	ttcaaaatga	tcaaatatca	540
agaaaaattc	tgagctgcat	aacttgata	aagtaatttt	cagtgatttt	ttcatggtta	600
tgatnaaaga	actggattta	nccagaaacc	ttacctgga	ttcaagattt	aatttttcc	660
ttgagcctca	tccttaaagg	attttcggga	aaacattaag	gggagccaaa	nccnattggn	720
tggttgggcn	tgccctnnaa	ttgcctttgg	acttttttaa	ccgggctttt	gnnn	774

<210> 508

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 508

cttgccctttg	aaaancgttg	gctactngtt	ctttttgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	60
ggcacgaggg	ggcgctgacc	cggccggccc	cacacccgct	cttcctcttc	tttgccgcgg	120
actccctttc	ctgcctccaa	gacctgggtg	ctcccactgt	gagcccagct	gtcccacagg	180
cagtccccat	ggacctagac	tcaccttccc	cttgccctta	tgaacctctg	ctgggcccag	240
cccctgtccc	agctcccgac	ctgcacttcc	tgctggactc	aggcctccag	ctccctgccc	300
agcgagcggc	ctcagccacc	gcctcccctt	tcttcggggc	cctgctgtca	ggcagctttg	360
cagaagccca	gatggacctg	gtgcccctgc	gaggtctgtc	gcctgggtga	gcctggcctg	420
tcctgcatca	tttgcatggg	tgctgggggt	gtggggctgn	nntggggccc	gtgcccacac	480
cangnancc	cctgtatggg	atcanaggcn	cgaagangca	ntgnangctg	ntggcanntn	540
aantactgnc	tgggctggaa	nangaactnn	taaaagtent	ngcccnatc	caccttggn	600
cccnannttn	nncchntant	cnnngggntn	angtggtnnn	nnctngggac	agntcnntnt	660
ggnttgnca	tngnncnnat	gnanacttgg	ggttcannaa	ncntttccnn	atgnaancng	720
ngtc						724

<210> 509

<211> 803

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 509

tnnnnnttta	tttcttctgt	tctngntttt	attacatcag	ctcttttctt	tttgccgtcc	60
ctcgttcgca	attcagagac	acacataaga	aactggaaga	agagaaaaggc	aaaaaggaaa	120
aagaaagaca	ggaaattgag	aaagaacgga	gagaaagaga	gagggagcgt	gaaagggaac	180
gagaaaaggcg	agaacgggaa	cgagaaaggg	aaagagaacg	tgaacgagaa	aaggagaaag	240
aacgggagcg	ggaacgagaa	cgggataggg	accgtgaccg	gacaaaagaa	gagaccgaga	300
tcgggatcga	gagagagatc	gtgaccggga	tagagaaagg	agctcagatc	gtaataagga	360
tcgcagtcga	tcaagagaaa	aaagcagaga	tcgtgaaagg	gaacgagagc	gggaaagaga	420
gagagagaga	gaaccgagag	cgagaacgag	aacgggagcc	gagagagaga	gcgagagagg	480
gaaccgggag	cgagaaagag	aaaaagacaa	aaaacgggac	ccgagaagaa	gatgaagaag	540
atgcatacga	accgaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aactcgagcc	tnttaactat	agtgatcgt	600
attacgtaga	tccagacatg	ataagataca	ttgntgagtt	tggaacaacc	ccacttgaat	660

gcagtgaaaa aaatgctttt tttgtgaaat tttgngatgc tnttgctttt tttgtaacca 720
 tttttagctt gcaataaaca agtttncac caaccanttg cnttcatttt ntnttttcan 780
 gttcaagggg aagtttttgg aag 803

<210> 510

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 510

gntttnnnnc nnttttaatn tacatacanc tacttgttct ttttgcaggg atcccatcga 60
 ttcgaattcg gcacgagggg acccccacca ttaagctaaa gtaaaaccct tttgaggga 120
 gaggagact ggggagaagg gaaaagagag aaggcagggg gagtagggag agaaaacctt 180
 ccagcagccc agtaaactgc gggcgaagag atctaccctg ctccctccct cccacagtta 240
 ccattggcct tgtcatcgca agcatttgac aaagacttgc ttgtttgggc ctgtcacctc 300
 ctgaaaggct gcttttagctg tggatgccct tgattaaggg agagagcgcc taggagctgc 360
 ctgccccanc tggggtgacg gctgtagggc tgggtctatg ttgcaagccc tatatcttan 420
 catgcagtgy aaagtgttta gctctctccc tcctgacctc tgggcagcca gtcacaaag 480
 cagagagacg tggcgccatg tgggcagcat gcccggttc cttgctgact cagcacttat 540
 ttctgtagtt ttaaaaaaga atttaattgtt tttggttcta tttttttggg ggggtgaggg 600
 tgggcaaaaa catgggggta gttctgagtt gttagaaatg tttctgaatc aagtttgttt 660
 gaaaacacgt tgtgcctttg taccattat aagatggtca taanacccaa gaactgataa 720
 gctttgggtt ttttttgggt tggtttgggt ttttgcctca ttttaccat tcattgcctag 780
 ggtttccat 789

<210> 511

<211> 776

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 511

catanagntc ttgccttttt gnaggacnct cgattcgaat tcggcacgag ccccatctt 60
 cactggttat tccacttatt taaaatgtcc agaataagca aatctccata tagaggaagt 120
 agattagtgg ttgcttcggg atgggaggaa tgggaagatt gaggtctttc ttttgcagt 180
 ataaaaatgt cctaaaattg actgtagcga tggtcacaca actctgaata tgcttaagac 240
 cattgaatta cacactttac gttggtgaat tgtatggatg taaattatag ttcaataaca 300
 tagttacaaa agataatcaa aagcatgaaa gcactgttga tgtggnttgg atctgtgtcc 360
 tcaccgagtc tnatgttgaa atgtaagccc cctggtggga ggcgatggga ttatggggca 420
 gantcctcac aaacgggtta gccacccgc tcaggctgtt ctccctgat ttagtcctca 480
 tcacatctgg ttgcttcaaa gtgtgtggng ccttccctct atctctact gctctggcca 540
 tataaangt gcctgcttct ccttcgcctt ntacatgatt gtaaagtttc ctgagcctcc 600
 tagaacnaaa gctgctgngc tttctgtcca tctacangan cgtgagccca attaaacctc 660
 tttttttttt ttngagggnn nttnntnnc nntccnnca nttnanann cctngnanng 720
 gtttnnaaaa anaananngn naannnnnnn nccccngc ccttttaaaa taaaaa 776

<210> 512

<211> 917

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 512

ttatttcata	aactattggt	ctttttgcag	gatccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgagggc	60
tgcgaggttt	tgcgctttgg	ctcctgatat	gcagcgacag	aattttcggc	ccccactcc	120
tccttaccct	ggtcggggtg	gaggaggttg	gggtagcgga	agcagcttcc	ggggaacccc	180
gggcgggggc	ggaccacggc	cgcctcccc	tcgagacggg	tacgggagtc	cgcaccacac	240
gccgcggtac	gggccccggg	ctaggccgta	cgggagcagt	cactctccgc	gacacggcgg	300
cagcttcccc	gggggcccgt	tgcgggtctcc	gtccccctggc	ggctaccctg	gctcctactc	360
cagggtcccc	gcgggggtccc	agcagcaatt	cggctactcc	ccaaggcagg	annanaan	420
nccncanggt	tntncaagga	catntacacc	atttggatca	nggcgtntta	naaaaaaan	480
aatgttaatg	anttggaaaa	ntatttnaaa	gcctttnaat	gnttnnnnna	atccttnggg	540
nttggcctta	naaanccaan	attntngtng	gnnggntntt	aannccnnnc	aantnccnnn	600
nnattncntt	naaaacnttt	nnnccanggn	cnnaaaaaaa	nggggnaann	aaaaaacctt	660
tttnttnnaa	nnantttttt	tggaaaattt	naaancntng	gaaaancntt	tnntngttn	720
ntnangggaa	annantnttt	tgggnncnaa	aaaacntttt	naannntnn	nggttnnnan	780
nnnttaaaaa	ntttnncccc	ccaannnnnt	nnanngnanc	ttttnnantt	ngggantaaa	840
nttnnnnnna	nggggnnttt	tttnngnna	atttnnnnnn	annnnnnnan	nnanggggnt	900
ttngnnngna	annntnn					917

<210> 513

<211> 780

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 513

tnnnnnnttt	aaatccatta	gctacttggt	ctttttgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgtgcgg	60
gagcaccoga	gcctgcggct	ccagacggac	gcccgcagg	tgaggtgcat	cctgacaggt	120
cacgagctgc	cctgcgcct	gccggagctc	caggtctaca	cccgcggcaa	aaagtaccag	180
cggctgggtcc	gcgcctcccc	ggccttcgac	tatgcagagt	tcgagccgca	catcgtgccc	240
agcaccaana	accgctangt	ggtcnccggc	ggcgcgggga	ggcccagggc	aatnngacag	300
nccctccgnt	tgactccgcc	agtgtgcag	nccctactct	ttcanagttg	ggagccctgg	360
gacccaggca	ccaattgttc	ttgcaaactc	accctgcggc	acatcaacaa	gtgccanaa	420
cacgtgctga	ngcacacca	aggccggcgg	taccagcgag	cttttgtgta	aatatgaaga	480
atgtctnaag	caaggggttg	agtacatgcc	tgtgtcctgg	tgaccccgan	gangaagang	540
gaaggacaaa	tggacngtga	acggccttcg	ccgcggggaa	agcttctggg	agccacatt	600
caatgatgaa	gggggagctg	caagtgatga	cagcatgaca	gacctgtnc	cctgactttt	660
caccagaagg	accttgaaca	cngaggatgg	ggatggactg	atgatttttg	acaacaaaga	720
ggttgaaagg	caaancccca	aaaaaaaggc	cttgtgaagg	cagganaaan	acaacctntc	780

<210> 514

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 514

tttnnnngnt	ttannncatt	ttgctactng	ttctttttgc	aggatcccat	cgattcggaa	60
ttatagtatt	gacgtgaatc	ccactgtggg	atagattcca	taatattgct	gaatattatg	120
atatagccat	ttaataacat	tgatttcatt	ctgtttaatg	aatttgga	tatgcactga	180
aagaaatgta	aaacatttag	aatagctcgt	gttatggaaa	aaagtgcact	gaatttatta	240
nacaaactta	cgaatgctta	actnttttac	acagcatagg	tgaaatcata	tttgggctat	300
tgtatactat	gaacaatttg	taaatgtctt	aatttgatgt	aaataactct	gaaacaagag	360
aaaaggtttt	taacttanag	tagccctaaa	atatggatgt	gcttatataa	tcgcttagtt	420
ttggaactgt	atctgagtaa	cagaggacag	ctgtttttta	accctcttct	gcaagtttgt	480

tgacctacat	gggctaatat	ggatactaaa	aatactacat	tgatctaaga	agaaactagc	540
cttgtggagt	atatagatgc	ttttcattat	acacacaaaa	atccctgagg	gacattttga	600
ggcatgaata	taaaacattt	ttatttcagt	aacttttccc	cctgtgtaaa	gttactatgg	660
tttgggggta	caacttcatt	ctatagaata	ttaatgtgga	agtgggtgaa	ttctactttt	720
tatggttggg	gtggaccaat	ggctatcaag	agtgacaaa	naagggttaan	ggatgattcc	780
caaaaaaaaa	aaa					793

<210> 515

<211> 770

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 515

cttatnecat	nnagctcttg	ttctttttgc	aggatcccat	cgattcgaat	tcggcacgag	60
gttgatttgg	aaagcagtag	tgtggacgaa	ttgcgagaga	agcttagtga	aatcagtgga	120
attccttttg	atgatattga	atttgctaag	ggtagaggaa	catttccctg	tgatatttct	180
gtccttgata	ttcatcaaga	tttagactgg	aatectaaag	tttctacctt	gaatgtcttg	240
cctctttata	tctgtgatga	tgggtgcggtc	atatttatag	ggataaaaca	gaagaattaa	300
tgggaattgac	agatgagcaa	agaaatgaac	tgatgaaaaa	agaaagcagt	cgactccaga	360
agactggaca	tcgtgtaaac	tactcacctc	gtaaagagaa	agcactaaaa	atatactctg	420
atggagcacc	aaataaagat	ctgactcaag	actgactctg	atagtgtagc	attttccctg	480
ggggagtttt	ggttttaatt	agatggttca	ctaccactgg	gtagtgccat	tttggccgga	540
catggttggg	gtaacccagt	gacaccacac	tgattggact	gccctacacc	aatcagaact	600
cagtgcccaa	tgggccactg	ttttgactcg	gaatcatgtt	gtgcactata	gtcaaatgta	660
ctgtaaagtg	gaaanggatg	tgccaaaaaa	ttaaaaaaa	ccnccaaaaa	agcttccaaa	720
aaaaaacctt	taaactatag	tgagtcgtnt	acntagatcc	aacatgataa		770

<210> 516

<211> 825

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 516

tttccagttt	tanttttttc	anctttttnga	tcnntttgca	ggatccntct	tttcgaattc	60
ggcacgagat	tctccctaaa	ttgtngatcc	cactgtttac	naaactgttc	tnttgtgctg	120
gcntgctnan	tgctntgtag	nncttttctg	nacnntaggc	attgctcttg	gagaacnnga	180
tgtgctttnt	ntnaaanggc	anaccagnn	tgnnctgnnt	ttaatgatgc	agancctnac	240
tttatccaca	cctggcccg	tnacatttn	agtaangnac	gatatttggc	tgatggctga	300
acantttctg	aaatacacnt	ttagtgtatg	gaantacaag	accnntaaag	gnctgccagg	360
ttancatctc	atctngcatt	cnnttccttt	ggcnanaaag	gganatntca	gaattatatt	420
tcttgatggg	gtcttttcaa	tcantgtatc	tgtcgaaann	tcttaganaa	anctatgtgn	480
tcncggtgtt	gtctaaaaan	atnctttcaa	anatgacccc	tggaattncc	tgananangc	540
ttaaacgtga	gaagacnggt	nggcaaaaaca	ccctncnaag	gttnttggna	angcccnant	600
ntgttttgtc	tggcccatat	aancttngcn	ccattnaagc	cncggngag	ctttgnatnt	660
atattngngg	ngttactttc	tttgnnccct	tgcggggaac	ancttnnata	atgcttntcn	720
ncccnanntg	gacntttgct	ttttgnnncc	nnaccccccc	aaaggngngcn	cacctccant	780
gaaaaagtct	tttttnaaaa	gggtccttn	ctnaaaaaaa	nnnnt		825

<210> 517

<211> 1444

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 517

ctctcencnc	nnnnccnntc	tctnncnntn	nnnnntnntn	nnnctcnnnn	cnnnatctnn	60
nnnccnctnn	nnnnccntnn	cntccntctc	ttntntngct	ctctntctctc	ntncatcttn	120
ccnctattnt	cntntntntc	nnctctcnnn	antnctnnnt	tctnccctnn	canctntcca	180
tnntntactn	tcnntntct	ggctntnta	tntggggggt	ctattntntn	ncttaaactg	240
actngttcca	agtctcttan	cngctctnt	ctnnctntct	ntgcctctcn	ctggggcgtt	300
aattncccn	gctntttan	aagngngnaa	ttaaggntc	nnntctann	ctntgcaagg	360
ctaagtntta	gatccngnta	gaanncgnta	catgttgga	acngacanct	tnctgcncaa	420
agngggctna	ggcanngnnn	tntgcaaann	ctcnnntntc	nnancttggn	tcnctgtan	480
cggnnccccc	tgaattttnn	ancnngganc	nttaaantnt	ntngnggtac	gannccnccn	540
ncgnnnnnnc	gnntannccn	canngttaan	tgcncccnna	nnnantcaac	tctntnttcc	600
tnntnnaacn	nnnttantct	annatntta	cnnntnagnt	tttctctnct	nacnctctg	660
tnctntntnn	atctntntct	tctcncctna	ttnttatctc	ntntntntnc	tnccctnate	720
tatctnctac	nctctnttcc	ncttctccct	nnctctctct	atcatatccc	acgcnaactna	780
ncctctctnn	ctcttacctn	nnntctctcn	tctntctctn	nnacctctct	tctntntctt	840
atnncncccta	tcctctactt	attctctctc	tattntncca	ctcacccttc	ntntntctnc	900
nctnntcttn	tnctattnt	actntcnccta	tctctnctc	tctnntgnt	cccacccct	960
cttctctctn	ctctcctnnn	nnnactactc	tcacctctc	nnctntcnc	ctacnnntnn	1020
anantccctt	antttctctc	tcatacanc	actcttccct	ctcatntca	nanctaantt	1080
ntnctctcac	tctaccactc	tnntctccac	tcataatnana	cttctatant	nctaactcta	1140
tcttcttaaa	cntctctct	tatcncctta	antctctctt	ctcgtctanc	tcnntncaa	1200
ctcgnaaate	tctccaatnc	tnccccactc	taaaaatnnc	ncntcngant	cccacttttc	1260
ngngcanaat	nnaacnncan	tcnctcctct	ttagctatct	ctctanaaac	ccnttttctc	1320
aacaggnacc	ncctntntc	tcnaaatct	catnctncta	ctttatatnt	cnccaagcct	1380
cncctntgta	anagcatctc	nctntccncc	aatnnaatc	tcctnctcc	natanatntn	1440
anat						1444

<210> 518

<211> 706

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 518

ctaattggctg	gnngctcggt	ctttccgcaa	cancecngcg	antcgaattc	ggcacgaggt	60
ccgaagaaaa	agactgtggt	ggcggagatg	ctctctccaa	tggcatcaag	aaacacagaa	120
caagtttgcc	ttctcctatg	ttttccagaa	atgacttcag	tatctggagc	atcctcagaa	180
aatgtattgg	aatggaacta	tccaagatca	cgatgccagt	tatatttaat	gagcctctga	240
gcttctctaca	gcgcctaact	gaatacatgg	agcatactta	cctcatccac	aaggccaggt	300
cactctctga	tcctgtggaa	aggatgcagt	gtgtagctgc	gtttgctgta	tctgctgttg	360
cttctcagtg	ggaacggact	ggaaaacctt	tcaacccact	gctgggagag	acttatgaat	420
tagtgcgaga	tgaccttgga	tttagactca	tctccgaaca	ggtcagccat	caccacacaa	480
tcagtgcatt	tcatgctgaa	ggattaaaca	atgacttcat	ctttcatggc	tctatctatc	540
ccaaactgaa	attctggggg	aagagtgtag	aagcagaacc	caaaggaacc	atcaccttgg	600
agctccttga	acacaatgag	gcataacat	ggacaaatcc	cacctgctgt	gtgcataata	660
tcattgtggg	taaactgtgg	atcgaacagt	atggcaatgt	ggaaat		706

<210> 519

<211> 734

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 519

tngtaccaat	tatctgctgg	ctanntagcc	taaanagntt	ggtcngggcg	aattcggcac	60
gagggnaaag	cagnaagtaa	tgagcttgtc	cgtcagctgg	tagctttcat	tcgtnaaaga	120
gataaaagag	tgagggcgca	tcgaaaactt	gtggaagaac	agaatgcaga	gaaggcgagg	180
aaagccgaan	agatgaggcg	gcagcagaag	ctaaagcagg	ccaaactggg	ggagcagtac	240
agagaacaga	gctggatgac	tatggccaat	ttggagaaag	agctccagga	gatggaggca	300
cggtagcaga	aggagtttgg	agatggatcg	gatgaaaatg	aaatggaaga	acatgaactc	360
aaagatgagg	aggatggtta	agacagtgat	gagggcnagg	acgctgagct	ctatgatgac	420
ctttactgtc	cancatgtga	caaatacntt	aagacanaaa	atggccatga	agaatcacga	480
gaagtacnaa	aagcatcggg	aaatgggtgg	cttgctaaaa	caacagctng	angangaacg	540
aagaaaattt	ttcaagacct	caaattgatt	gaaaatccat	tagatgacaa	ttcttgagga	600
agaaatgnga	aagatgcacc	aaaaacaana	agctttctac	acantnaaat	ccnannaact	660
ccatccntct	anaactatnn	gtgagtcctt	nttacntcna	tccagacatg	antancnata	720
cnattgatgg	aacc					734

<210> 520

<211> 701

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 520

ctaattgctgg	ctnttgttct	ttttgcagga	tcccatcgat	tcgaattcgg	cacgagccca	60
catgtaccag	gttgagtttg	aagatggatc	ccagatagca	atgaagagag	aggacatcta	120
cacttttagat	gaagagttac	ccaagagagt	gaaagctcga	ttttccacag	cctctgacat	180
gcgatttgaa	gacacgtttt	atggagcaga	cattatccaa	ggggagagaa	agagacaaaag	240
agtgtgagc	tccaggttta	agaatgaata	tgtggccgac	cctgtatacc	gcactttttt	300
gaagagctct	ttccagaaga	agtgccagaa	gagacagtag	tctgcataca	tcgctgcagg	360
ccacagagca	gcttggggtt	gaagagagaa	gatgaaggga	catccttggg	gctgtgccgt	420
gagttttgct	ggcataggtg	acaggggtgt	tctctgacag	tggtaaatcg	ggtttccaga	480
gtttgggtcac	caaaaataca	aaatacaccc	aatgaattgg	acgcagcaat	ctgaaatcat	540
ctctagtctt	gctttcactt	gtgagcagtt	gtcttctatg	atcccaaaga	agttttctaa	600
gtgaaaggaa	atactagtga	atcacccaca	aggaaaagcc	actgccacag	aggaggcggg	660
tccccttggt	cggcttangg	ccctgtcagg	aaacacacgg	g		701

<210> 521

<211> 784

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 521

naacacttng	ctacnngttc	tttttgcagg	atcccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggag	60
atctctggga	tgctagtgag	gctgggttgaa	gaccagaggt	aaactgcaga	ggtcaccacc	120
cccaccatgt	cccaggtgat	gtccagccca	ctgctggcag	gaggccatgc	tgctagcttg	180
gcgccttggt	atgagcccag	gaggaccctg	caccagcac	ccagccccag	cctgccaccc	240
cagtgttctt	actacaccac	ggaaggctgg	ggagcccagg	ccctgatggc	ccccgtgccc	300
tgcattggggc	cccctggccg	actccagcaa	gccccacagg	tggaggccaa	agccacctgc	360
ttcctgcccgt	cccctggtga	gaaggccttg	gggaccccag	aggaccttga	ctcctacatt	420
gacttctcac	tggagagcct	caatcagatg	atcctggaac	tggaccccac	cttcagctg	480
cttccccag	ggactggggg	ctcccaggct	gagctggccc	agagcaccat	gtcaatgaga	540

aagaaggagg	aatctgaagc	cttgggtaag	gatttggggc	acagtaccag	gaggggggct	600
tggtgccaga	cctcatgagg	aagaaggatt	ttcctatgta	cagagaaggg	gacccctgtc	660
ctgttgggan	gtgctgtgca	aacctaacca	aagttactaa	cccctctggg	ttctgngggt	720
acacaaangg	ggataaatac	aaagctttnc	ctnaactagc	caattctatt	tggttttctt	780
gagt						784

<210> 522
 <211> 719
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 522						
ttctaatttn	aatccttnaa	atnggttctt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	60
acgagagaac	acagggtgtcg	tgaaaactac	ccctaaaagc	caaaatggga	aaggaaaaga	120
ctcatatcaa	cattgtcgtc	attggacacg	tagattcggg	caagtccacc	actactggcc	180
atctgatcta	taaatgcggg	ggcatcgaca	aaagaacccat	tgaaaaattt	gagaaggagg	240
ctgctgagat	gggaaagggc	tccttcaagt	atgcctgggt	cttgataaaa	ctgaaagctg	300
agcgtgaacg	tggtatcacc	attgatattc	ccttgtggaa	atltgagacc	agcaagtact	360
atgtgactat	cattgatgcc	ccaggacaca	gagactttat	caaaaacatg	attacagggg	420
catctcagge	tgactgtgct	gtcctgattg	ttgctgctgg	tggttggtgaa	tttgaagctg	480
gtatctccaa	gaatgggcag	acccgagagc	atgccttctt	ggcttacaca	ctgggtgtga	540
aacaactaat	tgctgggtgt	aacaaaatgg	attccactga	gccaccctac	agccagaaga	600
gatatgagga	aattgttaag	gaagtcagca	cttacattaa	gaaaattggc	tacaaccccg	660
acacagtanc	atltgtgcc	atltctgggt	tggaatgggt	acaacatgct	ggagccaat	719

<210> 523
 <211> 710
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 523						
tnnncttcaa	atcgntngct	cttgttcttt	ttgcaggatc	ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	60
cgagagatta	tgagcatgta	gaagatgaaa	cttttctctc	tttccacact	ccagcctctc	120
cagagagaca	agatgggtgaa	ggaactgagc	ctgatgaaga	gtcaggaaat	ggagcacctg	180
ttcctgtacc	tccaaagaga	acagttaaaa	gaaatatacc	caagctggat	gctcagagat	240
taatttcaga	gagaggactt	ccagccttaa	ggcatgtatt	tgataaggca	aaattcaaag	300
gtaaaaggtca	tgaggctgaa	gacttgaaga	tgctaatacag	acacatggag	cactgggcac	360
ataggctatt	ccctaaactg	cagtttgagg	atltttattga	cagagttgaa	tacctgggaa	420
gtaaaaagga	agttcagacc	tgttttaaacc	gaattcgact	tgatctccct	atltttacatg	480
aagattttgt	tagcaataat	gatgaagttg	cggagaataa	tgaacatgat	gtcacttcta	540
ctgaattaga	tccctttctg	acaaaacttat	ctgaaagtga	gatgtttgct	tctgagttaa	600
gtagaagcct	aacagaagag	caacaacaaa	gaaattgaga	gaaataaaca	ctggccttgg	660
aaagaaggca	ggcaaagctg	ctgagtaata	gtcagaccct	aggaaatgat		710

<210> 524
 <211> 730
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 524						
ttnnnnnttt	aancnttcaa	atcnctaggc	tacttgttct	ttttgcagga	tcccatcgat	60

tcgaattcgg	cacgagccca	cactcggaca	ctgtggaatt	ctaccagcgc	ctgtcgaccg	120
agacactctt	cttcactctt	tactatctgg	agggcactaa	ggcacagtat	ctggcagcca	180
aggccctaaa	gaagcagtca	tggcgattcc	acaccaagta	catgatgtgg	ttccagaggc	240
acgaggagcc	caagaccatc	actgacgagt	ttgagcaggg	cacctacatc	tactttgact	300
acgagaagtg	gggccagcgg	aagaaggaag	gcttcacctt	tgagtaccgc	tacctggagg	360
accgggacct	ccagtgcac	cggcccctnc	ctctacccac	ccccctcccc	cgcatgctga	420
tccccctgcc	caggtaaggg	ccctgccctg	gaagactgga	gggaggcccc	aagccacggg	480
gcatccccct	ctcccaggaa	gcagggaggg	ggccgggagg	ttttcctctc	aagccccacc	540
ctgggggccc	gggggagagg	gctgccccct	cctccccctc	ccagtggagg	acattttttg	600
gtaaaaccta	ttttcatttt	ggaaaatatt	tatgaataaa	tagttttata	tgaaaaaaat	660
tntngnnntt	nnnatnnnan	aataaaancn	tcgnncctct	taaaactata	gtgaagtcgt	720
attaccttag						730

<210> 525

<211> 711

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 525

gcngntnttn	antttcaaat	cgctnggcta	cttgttcttt	ttgcaggatc	ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca	cgaggataaa	tacctcagcc	cctcgccttc	ctcaaccac	ctggcaagtc	120
ttcttaggat	ctgatcccag	ttttctggaa	gcaatcctac	cccagcccaa	gcttcccaga	180
gtcagaccct	aatccttctc	acttctcagt	gtcagagcag	aaatgaatcc	tggggttgac	240
tgtgtccatt	cgggttatta	gcagctaaga	agccagacg	agtagtgtga	gctgccttgg	300
gagcctcagt	gagggcactg	ggactggcct	cactctcttg	ccccagcct	agtgggcttt	360
ctcctctgtc	tctccggtgg	cccaggcaa	tcgactgcat	cacgcaggga	cgtgagttgg	420
agcggccacg	tgcttgccca	ccagagggtc	acgccatcat	gcggggctgc	tggcagcggg	480
agccccagca	acgccacagc	atcaaggatg	tgcacgccc	gctgcaagcc	ctggcccagg	540
cacctnctgt	ctacctggat	gtcctgggct	agggggccgg	ccaggggctg	ggagtgggta	600
gcccggaata	ctggggcctg	ccttagcatc	ccccatagct	tccacagccc	caggggtgac	660
tcaaagtatc	taattcacct	taacatgtgg	gaagggacag	gtggggcttg	g	711

<210> 526

<211> 692

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 526

tacangctac	ttgttctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	aattcggcac	gagagaacag	60
ggagaagaga	ggaagagggg	gctgcagggt	ccagaagaga	acagggcgga	ctctcaggac	120
gaaaagagtc	aaaccttttt	gggaaaatca	gaggaagtaa	ctggaaagca	agaagatcat	180
ggtataaaag	agaaaggggt	cccagtcagc	gggcaggagg	cgaaagagcc	agagagttgg	240
gatgggggca	ggctgggggc	agtgggaaga	gcgaggagca	gggaagagga	gaatgagcat	300
catgggcctt	caatgcccgc	tctgatagcc	cctgaggact	ctcctcactg	tgacctgttt	360
ccagggtgct	catatctcgt	gactcagatt	cccgggactc	agacagagtc	cagggctgag	420
gaactgtccc	ccgcagctct	gtctcccttg	ctagagccca	tcagatgctc	tcaccagccc	480
atcttctctac	tgggctcctt	tttgactgag	gagtcacctg	acaaggaaaa	acttctatca	540
gtactttgat	atgtcacagt	tccatgttta	tccagttcaa	tgtattttta	aatttttctt	600
tgagacttct	ttgactgata	gattattgtg	aatgtgtttt	taaattttcca	aatgtttang	660
gattttcata	tctttcttat	gctgatttcc	aa			692

<210> 527
 <211> 769
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 527
 gttctngttc tttttgcagg atccctcgat tcgaattcgg cacgaggcca agcctcggcc 60
 tccactgcac ctgctgcgga gtgggcacct ttgcctgcaa ggccttttnc ccantgncca 120
 atggtanttt aaccagggtt tttgncnntt aaggaggcct tngtggtggg tngttaatct 180
 ggccnttccn tattgaaaag ctctgttat tgtccacaga ccagaaggac ttgtaacctt 240
 ggtcccacag tctgacttng gcttttcaag caccagaaa acttagaggg aatcttatag 300
 attccagaac ttaaggatac ctcaagggat agggtcacag ccaagaagtn caaaggaatc 360
 ttcagtctgg aacaaaaaca gaaccctttc atgattgaca aangtcactt tctgtttgcc 420
 tggaccaagc tactncagat catctgacca actcttaaaa atcacggcca ggcacagtgg 480
 ctcatgcctg taatcccagc actttgggaa gcaaaagtgg caggatcatt ncagcccaag 540
 agttcaagac cagcctgggc aacacagtga gtgagaccct gctctattta agaaaaatna 600
 ttaagaaatt tattaataaa gaagaatcag gaaaccaagt ncaaccaac ttaacctcaa 660
 tgaaccagcc cctaacacag atgangggat ttgggactga taagctctgt gctgngtcca 720
 tggcccgta nttatcaagg ttgcactttt aaatgnggta tttttatgn 769

<210> 528
 <211> 757
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 528
 tnaatatcag ctcttgttct ttttgcagga tccctcgatt cgcangaggg tgttcgactg 60
 ctngagccna gcgaancgat gcctaaatca anggaacttg nttcttcaag ctcttctggc 120
 ngngattctg acagtgaggt tgacananag ntaancagga aaaacaagtn gctccagaaa 180
 ancctgtaca gaaacataag acagggtgana cttcgagagc cctgtcatct tctaaacaga 240
 gcagcatcng cagagatnat nacatgtntc atattgggaa aatgaggcac gttantgttc 300
 gcnatttttaa aggcaaagtg ctaattgata ttanagaata ttgnatggat cctgaagggtg 360
 aatgaaacc aggaagaaaa ggtatttctt taaatccana acantggagc cagctgaang 420
 aacagattct gacattgatg atgcagtaag aaactgtgaa attcgagcca tataaataaa 480
 acctgtactg tctagtgtnt ntaatctgtc tttttacatt ggcttttgtt nntnaatgt 540
 tctccangct attgtatggt tggattgcag angaatttgn angatgaata cttntttta 600
 atgngcatta ttaaaaaatat tgagtgaagc tnatngtcaa ctttattaag gattactttg 660
 ctgcccaccac ctagtgtcaa ataaaatcaa gtaatacaat cttataaac ntttaaacta 720
 taaaaactcg acccttagac ctatantnag tcggttn 757

<210> 529
 <211> 821
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 529
 tnannnnannc annnnnnnnn nnnnntttga agccattgct acttgttctt tttgcaggat 60
 cccatcgatt cgaattcggc acgagagcaa ttccactcct agctccaccc acaggaaatt 120
 gaaagcaaag acgcaaacag atgcctgtgc accaaagttc acgggcaagc atccttcggc 180
 cttaatgggc agcattccgt cgtcacaagc gggcattcat ctttcatca atagcgggca 240
 gcattccgtc gtcacaagcg ggcagcattc ctttcgccac aagcgggcag catcttgtcc 300

gtcacaagcg ggcagcatcc ttcgccaaag cgggcaagca tccttcgtca tagcggcagc	360
atcctttgccc atagcgggca aggtggaaac cctgtccatc cactgaggcg tgcatagact	420
aaacatggccc agtccaggca ctggaatcca ggcccgtaga acggcgccca cgggtcaaaag	480
gaatgagacc ctgatgcact gggcgacaca gacgggagac acagacttgg agacatcatg	540
ctaagtgaiaa agccaggcac acggagcgga cggcgtgatc ctgctcacgt gatgtgtccc	600
gaatggggcac gttcagaggg aagaaggag atggcgcttg cgggtgcccc gggacngggg	660
ttgggagcga cggttgctgg tttggggttt ctttctgggg tgangaantg gttttgatat	720
ttggnccggt ggtgatgttt gcatacctct gaatatgctt aaganccaca gaattgacca	780
ctttaaattgg atgaattgna tgggtattggg aattacccaa n	821

<210> 530

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 530

gnntttnnnn nnnnnnttt tatnntaca gctacttgtt ctttttgcag gatcccatcg	60
attcgaattc ggcacgagac taccccggct acggttcccc catgcctggc agcttggcca	120
tgggcccggg cagcaacaaa acgggcctgg acgcctcgcc cttgcccga gatacctcct	180
actaccangg ggtgtactcc ggcccattat gaactccttt aagaaagacg acggcttcag	240
cccggtaact ctggcacccc ggatcgagga caagtgaag agcaagtggg ggtcgagact	300
ttggggagac ggtgttgag agacgcaagg gagaagaaat ccataacacc cccaccccaa	360
cacccccaag acagcagtct tcttaccgct tgcagcccgt cgtccaaac agaggggccac	420
acagataccc caggttctat ataaggagga aaacgggaaa gaataataaag ttaaaaaaaa	480
gcctccgggt tccactactg ttagactccc tgcttcttca agcacctgca gattctgatt	540
ttttgggtgg gtgtctcctn cattgctgtt gttgcaggga agtcttactt aaaaaaaaaa	600
aaattttgtg agtgactcgg tgtaaaaacca tgtagtttaa cagaaccaga ngggttgacta	660
ttgttaaaaa caggaaaaaa ataatgtaag gtctgttgta aatgaccaan aaaaaaaaaa	720
aaactcngcc tntaaactnt tntgagtcgt ntctgtaaat ccaan	765

<210> 531

<211> 768

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 531

gnntttnnnn nnnnnnttt taagntactg ctacttggtt tttttgcagg atcccatcga	60
ttcgaattcg gcacgaggtt cttcaaagcc aaccaagaca ggcttagcag ttttagagct	120
tcagaacaaa ttgccaaaag ccagagttgt ttatgctagt gcaactgggt gcttctgaac	180
cacgcaacat ggcctatatg aaccgcttgg catatggggg gaggggtact ccatttagag	240
aattcaagtg attttattca agcagtagaa cggagaggag ttggtgccat ggaaatagtt	300
gctatggata tgaagcttag aggaatgtac attgctcgac aactgagctt tactggagtg	360
accttcaaan ttgagggaagt tcttctttct cagagctacg ttaaaatgta taacaaagct	420
gtcaagctgt nggtcattgn cagagagccg gntcagcaag ctgcagatct gattgatgct	480
gancaacgaa tgaagaagtn catgtggggg cagttctggc tgtcaccaga gggtcttcaa	540
atacttatgc atagcatcca aagttaaaag ggttggtgac tagctcgaga ggaaatcang	600
aatggaaaat gtgtngtaat tggctgcagt ctcaggagaa gctnnaacat tagaactttt	660
gaagaaggcn ggggagaatt gatganttgg ttcaactgcc aaagtgtgtg cantcactca	720
ttggaaaaca tttntctgctc cagcngggaa aacttatggt tacttggn	768

<210> 532

<211> 761
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 532
 cgtntttttnn nncnannga aagcccttgg ctacttgntc tttttgcagg atcccatcga 60
 ttcgaattcg gcaagaggat cagcccacct cggcctcaca aagtgnctggg attacaggcg 120
 tgagccacct tgcccaccca catcatacag ttgaaatgaa actttgccac aaccagcctt 180
 tgctgtacac acacatatat cactgaacct gggtgaaata aagntttttt tctttttcct 240
 ctggtattct ggggttctgaa gtctggtatt ctggtattct gggttcaaaa gtatgacttg 300
 agagtgttgc tctggtattc tgagagttgc tctgtattct gggttctgaa gattatttga 360
 aaaataactc ctactacatt gaaatgcaga cttaaaaatt taaacattgg attaggcagt 420
 caaaaaaacc aagcaagcat aaaaggtcaa taagtgttaa tcttgatagt aaaggtggaa 480
 aacttattat aaatggaaag aaagtttatt tccttttttg gttgatgggc agtatgccat 540
 attataccca aagttctttt aaaaaatatt tccatcacca tttttattta aaataaacat 600
 ttgaggggaag taccaaggca gcttttttcc tcaaaagtac ctggtcctct ttgggaatag 660
 cacattttan gggcattggg taatcctgag attttactca ntaaatcctg atggtactgg 720
 gtgtaaaata tcttttagtng gattgaaggc cttngngggg a 761

<210> 533
 <211> 735
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 533
 taaacatcng gctacttggt ctttttgcag ggatcccatc gattcgaatt cggcagcaga 60
 cactgtccca ctccatcacc caggctggag tccagtggtg tgatcatagc tcgctgcac 120
 ctccagttcc tgggttcaag ccatccctcc tgccctcagc tccccagtag ctggaactac 180
 aggtgtgtgc catcacacct ggctttacat ttttctgtgg ggtcttacta tgttgcccag 240
 gccggtctca aactcctgag ctcaagtgat cctctgcctc agcctccaga gtatctggga 300
 ttacatatgt cggctaccgt gtctggcctg tcacatcttt ggccactatt tgcttgtgaa 360
 aaggtataat gaggtggtac ttatcatttt tactgngtct catgttttgt atatttttgt 420
 ttcacaaact aagatgcact gtaacatctc tgaaatctgg atatattatc aatggtttat 480
 catagttttg ttagcaatac actgtctttt agtgggtgct aaaataatgg tatagttgtg 540
 aggtgatctt agatttgatg aagcacagta tgcaggtagg cctaattggg gaagatggta 600
 atataaaagc aagaagtatt ttttttttgt aatgactgaa agctgtctgt ggatgaccta 660
 cccttttctt taaacacgat tntntcactt ncaactncaa acttgctcaa ctaatncttt 720
 aaaaataact tgagc 735

<210> 534
 <211> 735
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 534
 natngnttgc tcctngttct ttttgcagga tcccatcgat tcgagacaac ccagaaacaa 60
 attcatacat ctatggtgac cacttttgac aaaggaatga agaacataca ctgggggaaa 120
 agataatgtc ttttaataaat ggtgctggga aaactggntn tccantntgc agaagaatga 180
 aactagaccc ccatctctta gcatatacaa aaatcaaaaat taattaaaaa gttaaatcta 240
 agacctcaaa ctatgaaaca gctaaaagaa aacatcgggg aatctctcca ggacattgga 300
 gtggggcaag atttcttgtg taatacctga caaacaggca accaaagcaa aagtggacaa 360

atgggatcac atcaagttaa aaatcttctg cattgcaaag gaaataacaa agtgaagaga	420
cacccataga atgtgagata atatttgcaa actatccatc tgtattaggc catttttgaa	480
gtctacaaag aaatacttga gactgagtaa tttataaaga agaggtttaa ttggctcacg	540
gttttgagg ctgtcaggaa gcatgggtgct aacatctgat cagctttagg ggaggcatca	600
ggaagtttcc acccatgggt gangcaaaaag gggaataagt ttctccatgg caggtgcagg	660
gcaaaaanan gggggaaggg aagtgccnca caaccagatc ttgtgagtn cagatttgn	720
ggngggngct tgnng	735

<210> 535

<211> 735

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 535

tnaannanag ctactgttc tttttgcagg atcccatcga ttcgaattcg gcacgaggtc	60
catacatgga gctccctgga cccgtgtgct ctctgtgac tgaacgtttt gtgatgaaag	120
gaggagaggg tgtctgcctt tatgaggagc cagtgtctga attgctgagg agatgtggga	180
attgcacacg ggaaagctgt ggggtttcct tttaccttc agctgaccat gaactcctga	240
gcccgaacaa ctaccacttc ctgtcctcac cgaaggaggc cgtggggctc tgcaaggcgc	300
agatcactgc catcatctct cagcaagggtg acatatttgt ttttgacctg gagacctcag	360
ctgtcgtcc ctttgtttgg ttggatgtag gaagcatccc agggagattt agtgacaatg	420
gtttcctcat gactgagaag acacgaacta tattatttta cccttgggag cccaccagca	480
agaatgagtt ggagcaatct tttcatgtga cctccttaac agatatttac tgaaggaaac	540
taggttgtat tttcagtgga caatgggaat aaagcatttc taaagcaccg actggagagg	600
aaggcaacag aaacaaggag agaagcccga gagacatgtc tgcgtgctgc cagcatctg	660
ancgattgct cttgtgaaga gtttgtcact gaacattttc aggggaggct gtttaccag	720
cnatgtnctn aacan	735

<210> 536

<211> 785

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 536

gccccccnnn nnnnnnnnttt tcaaannccn ttnnnnnnnnn nngnnnnnttt tannnnnttn	60
ttannnnnaca gctcttggtc tttttgcagg atccctcgat tcgattcggc acgagctacc	120
ttgggctggc cctctatnat gctntgaggg gagctgggac agatgatcnt nccctcntca	180
gngtcatggg tncangngt gagnttnatc tgcennacat ngtagcggag ttttaggaaga	240
atgntgccnc ctctntttat tccatgatta aggganatcc atnnggggac tataagaaaa	300
gcnnttttnc tgctntgngg ncaanangan tnacnngncc cggggnanag ctccatgct	360
gtntgcctgc accacccccct gccttcttc ataccttcc ntggatatgn atgccagggc	420
ttnnacacatt gcctnattna tactnacntg ctnatgacca anacatncac gtgataacac	480
aaacantggg tgcttgnttc tgatcnctag agnganctn ttggnnngnt ggagnactna	540
antnttctna gtgtnacttn agttcaatgc ctggccatnt gcnatnacct tatatcntnc	600
aaagaggcta ctgtgctttt ancctttttt aaaacctcca tctgtattac attgnaaacc	660
angtttcttt aatnaggagc ttgacctcta nantgggaac tcttgggaat ggncttagtg	720
aagttcgna ctaacttaac ctgaaaatta tnatgnnctg tttnacctat catgttnata	780
actnt	785

<210> 537

<211> 967

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 537

agtangggcgn	ttcctaattnn	annnggctaa	gcgactttna	aagangaggc	tngcgtgntg	60
aataccgunc	gaggggggat	nacaatagta	nacnnggtnc	caatncatgc	ttaacaccgc	120
atntctttac	ccccnannn	ncacanatgc	agacncacac	atngcanncg	nacacncaga	180
cacacacang	caagcactnn	catgcatggc	ccatgctcac	acacntgnan	nnaacatgcn	240
gtagacatnt	nagacacgtc	atgtnacaca	tgnnacacan	gnnnaanaca	ctgcttttnc	300
ngcanacnca	gacggcacnn	ngagacanac	atgcnnaaac	aacatgctcn	ctcacntnna	360
nncgntgggc	cngtagtagt	gtactgtggg	tgnnactggg	tgccatcnac	nnngtatttt	420
acgncctttt	aactaaaaan	cttggagcct	tnanttnntn	tggtgantnc	aatncctana	480
antnncctga	gngggatgaa	ccctaananc	ctggccctnn	tnccncttcc	aaggccnagn	540
aattganatt	attncntant	ngnncacgaa	gcttntggta	ncangngncc	cgagnnctnt	600
tnaaanttnn	ctntttttnn	aatnaaacat	tttancgggt	ctnaggancc	gngcctnccg	660
ggtanggann	naattgtnc	tggnnatagt	tctcacaant	natnttnaag	gggnnaagng	720
atnngngngg	nccntntatg	nggcnngcc	annaangggg	tcgnggttaa	natattccaa	780
gntaacanan	gnacnatggn	accnatccct	ntnngaagna	aggaactncc	tgncgcacta	840
nnnactatgn	naaatattct	cacatntaca	naaaaagnag	gnnccnnggt	ncttnaagnt	900
tntgcatagn	nactatncnt	gggacgngtt	aacnnaatt	ntatgcttta	nnngatnggg	960
gcttnnn						967

<210> 538

<211> 892

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 538

gctagttnga	agaggtgttt	ctaangnntn	ggaatcgaca	tctnnnnagg	cngnccttgc	60
gattegcttt	gctctctcca	ttccaagttg	ttctctgttc	tagaaagcng	atgnngggnt	120
acatctactg	tttttgctta	aacagaatcc	ctttntcctt	tttttgtaa	aaggctcatn	180
cctaataatta	cattgctctg	gaacgantga	caataccana	actcagcacc	ntgatcggac	240
cgggacaatc	agattatcta	attcctcagc	aaacggagat	cgatccgaaa	agtggaaata	300
tgantctent	ctttgtgntg	gcatatggac	cctgagagaa	agaaacttta	atcttttact	360
cttggaactgc	aatnaagtnt	agctgcctaa	aaatcnnttt	cntgacactt	ngnagggttg	420
tccacaatcg	ggngaaatta	nngggtnnga	cntaancact	ggatgaaaaa	aatnccgnt	480
tantnttatt	ncnnttccan	ncttntnaaa	tanananttt	ntcanccttn	nntaatacta	540
ttanntatat	ntnttnncc	cnnatnncc	ttcttntctc	tacnncnntn	cnatntnnnn	600
nnangntcnn	cnannnttc	tnttatttct	annatatntc	ntancnttna	ctaaaacctc	660
cnctcgtnna	nattncnnta	taatattntc	tctaganntt	ntnntntntt	gnnctttaa	720
antctnteta	tccctantat	nantnattct	taccatnaaa	tacactanaa	gtntnttcac	780
gagacncgnt	atgttantnc	anactataat	cgcttncatn	tanntatatn	taaaantgct	840
atncagnnag	nngntnttat	atntttanct	ngnnaggnta	tcctcnatan	cc	892

<210> 539

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 539

gnnnaggttn	tagancagct	cttgttctnt	gngcaggatc	cctcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gagagtgtca	gttttcctaa	tctcagtcca	ggtaggaatt	aagaaatata	tcaagtgttg	120
atgctatcca	agcatgttgg	ggtggaaggg	aattggtgcc	cagaaaatgg	gactggagtg	180
aggaatatct	tttcttttga	gagtaccccc	agtttatttc	tactgtgctt	tattgctact	240
gttctttatt	gtgaatgttg	taacattttta	aaaatgtttt	gccatagctt	tttaggactt	300
ggtgttaaag	gagccagtgg	tctctctggg	tgggtactat	aatgagttat	tgtgaccac	360
agctgtgtgg	gaccacatca	cttgtaata	acacaacctt	taaagtaacc	catcttccag	420
gggggttctt	tcatgttgcc	actccttttt	aaggacaaac	tcaggcaagg	agcatgtttt	480
tttgntattt	acaaaatcta	gcagactgtg	ggtatccata	ttttaattgt	cgggtgacac	540
atgttcttgg	taactaaact	caaatatgtc	ttttctcata	tatgttgctg	atgggtttta	600
taaatgtcaa	agttctcctg	ttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaa	actcgancct	ntanactata	660
gtgagtcctt	attacgtaga	tccagacatg	atnagatcat	tgatgaattt	ggaccaaccc	720
aactagaatg	cagtgaaaaa	aatgcttttn	t			751

<210> 540

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 540

gntnggntcn	agancagcta	cttggttcttt	tgcaggatcc	ctcgattcga	attcggcacg	60
agcctgcagc	cactaatgca	ttgtgtatga	taacaaaaac	tctggtatga	cacattttct	120
gtgatcattg	ttaattagtg	acatagtaac	atctgtagca	gctggtagt	aaacctcatg	180
tgggggtggg	gtgggggtgt	attccttggg	ggatggtttg	ggccgaatgg	ggagtgggaat	240
atgtgacatt	tttctgtttt	taaattctag	gatagatttt	aacatccttt	gccgtcccag	300
tccaaggtag	gctgggtgtca	tagtcttctc	actcctaate	catgaccact	gtttttttcc	360
tatttatatc	accaggtagc	ccactgagtt	aatatttaag	ttgtcaatag	ataagtgtcc	420
ctgtttttgtg	gcataatata	actgaatttc	atgagaagat	ttattccacc	aggggtattt	480
cagctttgaa	accaaactctg	tgtatctaata	actaaccaat	ctgttggatg	tgggttttaa	540
aaaatgtttg	ctaactaccc	aagtnagatt	tactggatta	aatggccctt	cgggtctgaa	600
aaagcttttt	taacttcttn	gcttaaaatg	cgttttaatt	ttgataagat	ncttnaaatn	660
gcctccaaaa	gtgttananc	caatcatttn	aaataaacn	ggntgtatat	tgcattnatgt	720
gtacatgcnt	atncccttct	ggttaaaact	naaaaaaaaa	t		761

<210> 541

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 541

ggtttanttt	aaatccntnc	ncagctactt	gttctttttg	caggatccca	tcgattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga	gcggacccat	cggagcgtaa	cctggatctc	cgcaggcctg	gcggaggccg	120
gccacctgga	ggggcattgc	ttggttcgcy	tggtancaga	ggagcttgag	aatgttcgca	180
tcttaccaca	tacagttctt	tacatggctg	attcagaaac	tttcattagt	ctggaagagt	240
gtcgtggcca	taagagagca	aggaaaagaa	ctagtatgga	aacagcactt	gcccttgaga	300
agctattccc	caaacaatgc	caagtccttg	ggattgtgac	cccaggaatt	gtagtgaact	360
caatgggatc	angtagcaat	cgacctcagg	aaatagaaat	tggagaatct	ggttttgctt	420
tattattccc	ttcaaattga	aggaataaaa	atncaacctt	ttcattttat	taaggatcca	480
aagaatttaa	cattagaaag	acatnaactt	actgaagtag	gtctttttaga	taccctgaac	540
ttcgtgtggt	cttgnctttg	gttataattg	ctgtaagggtg	ggagccagta	attatctgca	600
gcaagtagtc	acncttttca	gtgatatgaa	tatcatcttt	ggcttggang	ccantngaca	660
acctgncatt	actgactttt	tgaaaanaac	cctctggata	ttgatgcctc	gggtgtgggt	720

ggactgncat ttagtggacc ccgaatcc

748

<210> 542
 <211> 784
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 542
 gtnnnntng tgtaatcgct tggctgcagg atccctcgat ggcgaattcg gcacgaggtg 60
 ttgctcaang agcagacccg actccntaag gtcacattg aatgggcatn atangtttga 120
 anactgtcca ananantang ngtcaataca tcaacnnctt tanntgcttg atattggnat 180
 tgaanaacac angnctcngn ctagttcgcc tganatgatg ttttaagatac tccggaagga 240
 gacanantgt tntgantgcy gattaganac cacngaagnn acactnaagg ancancatct 300
 ccacctngna actgnattnn cngaccanaa aagngaactg gaccaaagtgc tctcaaaggt 360
 gctggcagct taanagcgtg ttangactct gcacgaagan gacaggtnt ntgagagcct 420
 ggannannaca ctctcccaaa ctaaaactgna nctttcaaca nangggancc ccannttggt 480
 ggagaaatca ggtganctgt tggcccttcc acaaagangc aaattctntg agggcnagac 540
 ttnanccttt ttgcngaacc agtnccttgac tgactaaatg aaagcttttt aagccaggtg 600
 gcccancctt aangaagcna ctttttaatc cancggaacc ngcttgagan aaaacncttt 660
 ttgacccaaa accnggagaa ccagctggcc taccaaaggg aaatgggccc ccatttgaac 720
 ttggggttnc ccangaacaa nccttgncgg ggncaaagcc cnttggtgga aaggacctca 780
 acct 784

<210> 543
 <211> 764
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 543
 ntantaaatc ccttgctctt gttctttntg caggatccca tcgattcgaa tncggcacga 60
 ggacccggcg gcgcggacag gcttgctgct tctctctct nngactcacc attncaganc 120
 agaanttgaa aaaatggng anctcaccga ggtaanggat gatgaagtnt tnatggctnn 180
 tgcatactat gcannanttn tncctntgna aatgatgcnt atgagtactg taanngnntt 240
 ctatncattg ncaagaang ntnttgncaa tncatangac tgtgtagcat tcggcanagg 300
 agaaaatgnc aagaactatc ttogaacaga tgacanagt taacgggtac gcagagncca 360
 cctgaatgac cttgaaaata tnattccatt ncttgnaatt ggcatnctgt attccttgag 420
 tggccccgac ccctctacag cnntcctgta ctttagacta tntgtcggag cncggntcta 480
 ccacaccatg tgcatatttg acaccccttt cnntatccaaa tatagctatg actttttttn 540
 gtaggatatg gannactctt tccatggctt acacgntgcn gtaaagtaaa ttggccctgt 600
 gcagaaaaac attccactca gtnttccaan tggcttntta aggaattctn gaccttgcaa 660
 ttnatantgg agnnccttcc ttaagattta aaggtttgan ggngagccnn aggaattntn 720
 aaccnggggt aaaccctttt tggaatttttn agcnttgnca anaa 764

<210> 544
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 544
 gatgetggnt ncnntatgctt gnngatccct cgattcgaat tcggcacgag gaaatgtgta 60
 tttcagtgc aatttcgtgg tctttttaga ggtatattcc aaaatttct tgtattttta 120

ggttatgcaa	ctaataaaaa	ctaccttaca	ttaattaatt	acagttttct	acacatggta	180
atacaggata	tgctactgat	ttaggaagtt	tttaagttca	tgggtattctc	ttgattccaa	240
caaagtttga	ttttctcttg	tattacattt	tttatttttc	aaattggatg	ataattttctt	300
ggaaacattt	tttatgtttt	agtaaacagt	atttttttgn	tgtttcaaac	tgaagtttac	360
tgagagatcc	atcaaattga	acaatctgtt	gtaattttaa	attttggcca	cttttttcag	420
attttacatc	attcttgctg	aacttcaact	tgaaattgtt	ttttnttttc	tttttggatg	480
tgaaggtgaa	cattcctgat	ttttgctgat	gtgaaaaagc	cttgggtattt	tacattttga	540
aaattcaaag	aagcttaata	taaaagggtg	cattctctca	ggaaaaagcc	atcttcttgn	600
atatgtonta	aatgtatttt	tgncctcata	taccggaaag	ttcttaattg	gattttacca	660
gctgnaatgc	tttganggtt	ttaaaaaata	taacattttt	aataattttt	taaaaggaca	720
aactttcata	atnatcccgg	ngntcctttt	ccnnn			755

<210> 545

<211> 767

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 545

agnttttnaa	tcctttggcc	antegenctt	tntgcangat	cccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	60
acgagaaaaa	gtnaagcttt	tcatgagcac	anntnccctg	cattgttnga	tgttactgat	120
attcgtaaaa	tgaatatattt	ctgttttgtt	ctgttnnatt	tttttgagac	aagtcttgct	180
ttgttgccca	ggctggagtg	caatggcatg	atcttggtc	actgnaaccc	ctgccttgcg	240
agttcaagtg	attcttctgc	ctnagnctcc	tgagtagctg	ggattacagg	cgctcaccac	300
cacacccagc	taatttctgt	cttttnagtn	gacacagggg	tttaccatgn	tggccaggct	360
ggtctcaaac	tntctgacctg	aaactnctca	caccngtnat	ctcagcactt	tgggaggctg	420
angtggaag	gatcaattga	agccatgagt	ttgagaccag	cctgngcnac	acagcngaga	480
ccccngtgnt	gtacaaaagc	ttncnacatt	tanctggctg	aggagttnct	caccntaac	540
ttccancnan	tcnnttaagc	nnanncatnt	tgaacacntg	agcccannta	nggtcgatgc	600
tnntagtnaa	ccgtgactgg	accacttaca	gtccaagccc	gggtngcctt	ataaaagaan	660
cggaaaacat	ttcnttaatt	cgggttnnag	cnttanctat	ttcggaatnc	cttngtgttt	720
naaaaacttg	aatctccaan	aaacagggtt	ttttcttttg	gnccann		767

<210> 546

<211> 989

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 546

tnccttggtt	gaaanccctt	tgctcctttt	tntnccggtt	tgncatncna	ttegetcagc	60
tgaggcaatt	aaactggaaa	agaaatagat	tgaaaagata	ctntngaaga	agcagtacag	120
aagttggggg	actgaaggag	agggagccac	tgcagggtgt	agctgcttaa	ggggatacca	180
gtcctttttac	agatataata	gatacagctt	ctgagggtga	gggtgatagg	agtgtgtatg	240
agaaanttg	agnttnacaa	ctgctctgtc	ctcctnggca	anaggannan	cntttcnccn	300
nttncncccc	ttatngnaca	cacattgncc	tgattggncn	tncncngct	agcttncagt	360
cttnantnta	ctcannagnn	nntnggggaa	cncnctntcn	nantatgntc	ccttttcttc	420
tnncntnccc	nnatanccac	ccnctcnctt	tcctttctaa	acttncacan	ntccctgana	480
atgncttccg	aatggantct	tngaattttc	ncgcccctnc	ntcttcataa	tctttttgct	540
netccngctc	ncectcattt	tntctagctnc	cnccttctnn	ttactgnet	ttaaatntta	600
ttanennent	ntnctntn	atctncaant	tttctnnccn	acnnnnnttt	ntnntnnca	660
aatcgcgna	aataagtntt	gcncactcnn	ntnctanct	attntccctc	gcnnntntcn	720
tcctctcccg	cnncactcac	ntnnncnnnt	caattntntn	nnaenncnc	tgctctacnn	780

nccatntctn	tnccctncaca	ccctntanen	tnctnctcan	aatgcctttt	ctnccttann	840
nctntctttc	ncnnatctan	ccaantttnc	tttnacatcc	cctncnnntc	tnncccgacn	900
atatntnacc	tcttnnatch	cagngcntan	nacnccccn	ttntnctnt	cncctctcann	960
cttntnttna	tcttcatnna	tcanncncc				989

<210> 547
 <211> 781
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 547						
tgtntctttt	cnccctcnnc	cgaaatcnct	ttgntttctaa	ctttcctaata	tacctgggct	60
acttgacta	teccntcgat	ncgcatagat	ggccnngtta	ctaanggtga	ntttccagcg	120
cggggggcac	gtggagtcac	tggaacattt	gngcaatgct	ggtgggaatg	tcaacccgng	180
cnggcctctg	gaatangcct	ggcnmntcct	gcnagagtta	ccntgtgacc	cagcaattcc	240
actcctagct	ccaccacag	gantngaaag	cnaagacgca	nacagatgcc	tgngcnccaa	300
anttcacggc	agcatcctnc	gccatantgg	cancatccgt	cgtnacagcg	gcacatcct	360
tcacattac	ggcancatcc	gtcgtaacag	cggctacatc	acttcgccac	agnggcagca	420
tctgtngtca	cagnggcngc	anccttngcc	aaagcggcag	cnccttctgt	catagcggna	480
ncatnctttg	ccatanengc	nagggtgaaa	ccctgnccat	ccactgaggg	ntncatanac	540
tanncatggg	cagtcacagg	cactggaanc	cangccgtng	aacggcgccn	acggtnanna	600
ggaatganac	cntgatgcnc	tggggccana	catactggct	anacanactt	ggagacatca	660
tgcttanttg	nannnccant	cacacttgc	nnccggcgtna	tcctgtctac	gtgatnccgac	720
ccgaatgggc	acttcaaagt	ggaanaaggg	ngatggcact	nccggtnncc	tnganagggg	780
n						781

<210> 548
 <211> 735
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 548						
tctaaacgct	tggnncttgc	tctttctnca	ngnancnnt	gcgntnecga	ttcggcacga	60
tctagatatt	gccaatcgc	tgcccacagt	gcacatacct	ttccaccagt	cacatgtgag	120
agggcagatt	ttccaaatgc	tcacaccac	ttggcactgt	gtggactata	attttggcca	180
gttaggaaat	ggcatctcat	tgttttcatc	ttaatgtgcg	tcagcctgat	tactcattga	240
aacttgtag	gttgagaaac	ttttcttaag	cttattggcc	attcaagttt	cctcctttat	300
gaaatgggtg	ttcatgtcat	ttgctcattt	ttatattaga	ttgtttttct	tttttccagc	360
tgactttag	gaactctaca	tcttatcaat	attaatcatt	tatcgaaaac	tatttgggtg	420
ccattatctt	ctcctagtca	atgttttttg	tttgatgat	cttttataat	atataagttt	480
ttaatgttgg	cagaagtaaa	gttaatcttt	ttggctgtgt	tgtgtgtctt	gtttgatgta	540
aagatagttt	ctgtaatagt	tttgacgttt	gattgntcat	ctttaggtct	tcaattcaac	600
ctgcacatcc	atccctctca	tcctctttct	tactctgttt	ttctccatac	cacttatcat	660
ccaataatat	ggtcatgcc	tttattnacc	ngntttgcat	atataatttg	gcttgncc	720
ggttccctcc	ctana					735

<210> 549
 <211> 812
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 549

ttctaatact	tggctctngt	tctttcngca	ggatcccatc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgagg	60
ggaaggagcg	ggcgtgaggc	cagctgaggc	atggtgaccc	ctgggaagga	gcgggcgtga	120
ggccagctga	ggcatggcga	cccctgggaa	ggancgggcg	tgaggccagc	ttgaggcatg	180
gtgacccctg	ggaaggancg	gncgtgaggc	cagctgaggc	atggtgaccc	ctgggtacgg	240
gggacttggg	ggccgacctt	ggtttgccca	gggcccctnc	tgcaccaagg	ccacatgcgg	300
aggacggcgt	tgggatango	tccctgggtc	cacagcttct	gcccgtgtat	tggggaaccc	360
tncttggtca	aggcttcang	ctcttggcag	atggggcaag	gaaccctgag	gcttccgcgc	420
ccttccatgg	netctgatgt	gggacacttg	aacgangcac	gattctgaag	gactccatgg	480
atcttgggan	gattangccc	accttcngtt	ggtggncnaa	agccgtcctt	ncggggcccg	540
gcttggttaa	cnggacaact	tttcnggtcg	ggcttggttg	gccccaatcn	ttgggttggg	600
naanttncnc	ttaaaccctg	ggcccgncc	tttaaccttt	tttcccaatc	ttttgacctt	660
tttccaaaaa	ggggtncccc	tgggcttttt	ngggncnaatt	ggttccgggg	gccaaagggt	720
gggaaaaaat	gccttncatt	gggnaaaacc	ctggatccct	tgttaancct	ttgggagntt	780
aaaatggaat	gaattttccc	cccgggcttt	tt			812

<210> 550

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 550

ggnnantcna	tgctggctct	gtctctntct	aaaagttggc	nattcgaatt	cggcacgagg	60
ttctgtggct	ggcatggctc	gcctgctact	ggagagatct	cctgagantt	cagtttttga	120
ttggtgctgt	catcttcctg	ggaatgcttg	anaaagctgt	cttctntgcg	gaatttcaga	180
ntntccgntc	caaaggagaa	tntgtccagg	gtgctttgat	ccttgcaaag	ctgctttcan	240
cagtgaacgc	ctnactggct	cgaaccctgg	catcatagtc	agtctgggat	atggcatcgt	300
caagccacgc	cttgagtgca	ctcttcataa	ggttgtagta	ncaggagccc	tctatctttt	360
gtntctctgca	tgggaagggg	cctcagagta	ctgggtatct	tncttatccc	ttgactctga	420
tagtaaacct	ggccctntca	gcagtttgac	gcctgggtat	ttatggatat	taattagcct	480
gactcaaaca	atgaagcttt	taaaacttcg	gaggaacatt	gtaaaactct	ctttgtatcg	540
gcatttcacc	aacacgctta	tttggcagtg	gcagcatcca	ttgggttaat	catctggaca	600
acccatgaag	tcaanaatag	tgacatgtca	ntcggactgg	ccgggnagctn	ttgggttagac	660
catgccatnt	ggcgcccttg	tggctttcca	tganccctct	tggcaatcat	gggtcttntg	720
gcgaaccatt	ttgcaaacaa	ct				742

<210> 551

<211> 736

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 551

agtctaagtc	tggctcttgc	ttttctaagt	ctnggcgatt	cgtcctgggtg	tcaaacacta	60
taaacctttg	accagctgag	ctgtgactgg	ctgtcacntn	tctgagtcct	gtgtgcacag	120
tantntcctg	ggtcaggtaa	aatccaggtn	ttcaagtttt	aaggnttttt	tgaanaattc	180
gggcttnttt	aanacgatcc	ntgcccaant	ccacaagctt	gttgacagtg	gnttacagtt	240
ngngtggaac	agtccaagtt	gttacactgn	gctttaaaaa	aaatcttatc	tgcatgtatt	300
gttaacttag	agaccatgag	atctatttat	caggaccagg	aagatncaca	cttcagggtcc	360
attgcaactg	acttttttct	tgtttttctt	aaaaccctgg	tggagcctgg	gaagggggcc	420
tccacaattc	tgtggctttg	atattagccc	caattttaca	agcacatata	agccccataa	480
ttgccgcagg	aaaacacaag	atggaaaatg	caataaccca	tgactgaga	cttagaaaat	540

catccttact	aggcaaaatg	tattatgatg	caataagtgc	cactgggnat	tttnacgttg	600
ggactggnc	ggaactgctg	caaagaaaaa	taacagctcc	ttctccatta	tttacattta	660
agatgttgg	ggggggaagg	ttgggagaaa	ttagttctga	gggtatcata	tgcccttttt	720
aaagaaaatg	ggaata					736

<210> 552
 <211> 733
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 552						
nagtttaann	gtatgtcttg	tcttttccaa	gatcctatcc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgaga	60
agtgtcagtt	ttcctaattc	cagtccagg	aggatttaaa	aantntctca	agtgttgatg	120
ctntccaagc	ntgttgggg	ggaagggaat	tggtgcccag	aaaatgggac	tggagtggag	180
aatatctttt	cttttgagag	tnccccag	taattntnc	tgtgcttnat	tgctnctgtn	240
ctttattgtg	aatgttgtaa	cattttaaaa	atgttttgcc	ntagcttttt	aggacttgg	300
gttaaaggag	ccagtgggtc	ctctgggtgg	gtntcataat	gagttattgt	gaccacagc	360
ttgtgtggga	ccacatcact	tgtaataaac	acaaccttta	aagtaacca	tcttccagg	420
gggttccttc	atgttgccac	tcctttttta	nggacaaact	caggcaagga	gcatgttttt	480
tngtnattta	caaaatctan	cagactgtgg	gtatccatat	ttnaattgtc	gggtgacaca	540
tgttcttgg	aactaaactc	aaatatgtct	ttctcatata	tgtgctgatg	gttttaataa	600
atgtcaaagt	tctcctgtta	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaac	tcgagccttt	anaactntnt	660
gagtcgtnta	cntagatccn	gacatgataa	gatcatgatg	agtttggaca	accncactng	720
aagcagtga	aaa					733

<210> 553
 <211> 870
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 553						
nagttaanag	taggtcttgt	cttttgcaag	atcntancga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgagtat	60
ataacaactt	ttgctttcaa	agttgggtgg	gactagancn	cncantggaa	ggntggagtc	120
agganacctg	gattnttng	cccgnntng	nttttacagt	ntgcctaant	ttntgcagtn	180
acttentgcc	ancctgttcc	nttacntnca	anagggaag	acantccttg	gccagcctag	240
ttttnagggt	gaacgaaagg	tcntntncac	tgcntcctct	agtcatttgc	ttcttcgnta	300
attaacacat	cttgagcacc	tgcnatgttc	caggaacagg	agatggcanc	gtgcaagata	360
aagtccctga	cttctagaga	ctgcatgtta	gtggcaatcg	gcgntaccc	ggccttnaat	420
aaactactga	atgaaggaaa	attctaccta	caccagacac	aattactggg	gtttctaaaa	480
tggaattatt	ccccggccc	cntgcatcca	gcagcctgnt	gcagggaaac	tcctccnaaa	540
ggcttgtaag	gcaaggaanc	cgggacaatg	gcntggctat	ttaagcttnc	aacaagatgg	600
ttacccttaa	gtncctaatt	ccctaacacc	aagggggccc	tttaccagga	aaccaaacc	660
aggttaaaaa	accccaaagt	tgggnaaaaa	gccatttgcc	anccggggcc	nttttaaaaa	720
aaacctttta	aaaacctttc	ccttttaaaa	ctttaccttc	aagntaaaan	tttaagggga	780
atgggnccaa	nttttttaac	canccccaa	aaaaanttng	gnaatttttt	ttcccnaaat	840
ttttttnaant	tcccaaatt	tnggaaaang				870

<210> 554
 <211> 766
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 554

tatcaatgnt	atgtntggtc	tnttcgaaag	anctagnccg	ntcgaattcg	gcacgagcca	60
acacccagtt	ctnactctgt	catccaggct	ggtgtgcagt	ggtgcaatgt	gggcttactg	120
cagccttgac	ctccaggaca	agtgatctcc	cacctnagcc	tccggaatag	ctgggactac	180
agntcaacaa	cgccccctctg	aaagtaggac	tcttggaat	gaaccttggt	gggagtaaag	240
ctgaaccttc	acctctcctt	tccaggattc	tactccattc	atacggcctc	acactgaatt	300
aatgtttnta	gcagccacat	cacttngtta	cccaattgat	ctagtagtaa	agtcttccca	360
tctnttcatt	taaaaaaaaa	aannnaaaan	gggnnaggaa	ccntnangnt	nnnaanaaaa	420
aaaaaaaaa	ggngngngc	nttttttaac	ctataacctg	ntttnaggcc	tttccccang	480
ttnttccnaa	ncnnggttan	taggggccna	aagctaaccg	natttttgnt	cccntnaggt	540
taggcngaa	attaaccngg	gtttaagaa	cncattgant	aaagccttgc	ctnggccaat	600
tccgggaaaa	gggaanagcc	tccttgtttt	acanattggg	aaaaattggc	cccaangggg	660
gttaaccang	tttgcccntt	aataactnaa	anggattttt	gncaaaacct	ggttccaagg	720
ntttaanccc	aanccttttn	aaanntnggn	cnctttggat	gnaann		766

<210> 555

<211> 770

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 555

gttatccnat	gngegtntgt	ngnnnnncnt	aanananantt	gctngncgct	gggccttgct	60
tctctgagaa	aactttggtc	acacntccaa	agccagggtg	ggtgcctccn	tnaggagggg	120
ggctttctctg	gttgggtgcn	cagnaggagt	ccaggctttg	taccgtggac	accatgggct	180
atggcaacac	cttctaacc	atccttccat	gaggacctcg	gnaganagt	gacatgaaac	240
cctttgtgct	ctgaancatt	caacagaagc	tttctggttc	tgtgcctatt	tctttggcac	300
ttgancgtgt	ttgcaggttc	attacncaca	tgatgaaagc	tctggcccat	agcactagaa	360
ttcatgtttt	naggggttgt	gagtgtgaca	ggtgctatgg	tttggatgtg	gtttgtttcc	420
acaaaaactc	ttgcttgaag	tttaactgcc	agcatggcaa	ttgttgggag	gtggggccta	480
cggggagggtg	attgggtcat	gggggcttga	accctccgga	atagattacn	gctgcctcct	540
ganaaagtgc	tacctgtcat	gggggctgga	tcagtcaaca	ttgannantg	gggttgttat	600
aaagcaagac	tnactcctta	tgcaccgttt	ntttgcatat	gccccctctg	gggnancttc	660
tttggctgct	aacatttttg	gacccaaccc	aatgggcctt	naccagaaa	nccggaacaa	720
aatgccnnnn	gccattcctt	tnngganctt	tccaacttnc	canaaataat		770

<210> 556

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 556

gtngtccnat	anatgtcttg	cctnncgaag	aacnaggcgn	ntcggtagaa	cagaaaatga	60
gcacccgatt	tcttcaactaa	aggagaccaa	actggttcct	tgccgacctag	tnttnaagan	120
ctggancttg	aaagtcctcc	ttntaccaac	tccacntcca	ccccntnatt	cccntntnec	180
caaagtncta	ctgntgttgc	ntgacanccc	caaatntgtn	ctgtcaacac	aaacctgcct	240
ttggngtata	aacagggcnt	tacagaatgg	tnacccttat	atattttctgt	tcagtatcca	300
ttcactagtt	cttcattaat	aaatatcatc	ttccccattc	tgctgctgaa	tgccacacat	360
ccatccagtc	tgagaaagt	agagaggcaa	tcattgccaa	aaacaagccag	caaagctctt	420
tcaccagatg	tagactgtag	ccctgctgcc	ttccctccag	cgagtctgcc	agcatgcttc	480
ttcatccttt	taatatgtcc	tttgcttcc	acttccctgn	cttccaacat	actgtcactt	540
actctggcag	tcttctgctt	ttcattaagc	ctcaaaatct	cctctgtcta	cttggcacca	600

caagctatgt cctatatatg nattttctgga cttggcangg atagttcaag gggctcttggc	660
aagtttttat ttaccttcat tatttaaaan gggccttttg gggatgttgg cctntttaag	720
gagccttttt ggggaaatca atacttctct taanaa	756

<210> 557

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 557

tcgtcnaaan nmatgtcctg gctatccgca ggatccaggc ggntcgaatt cggcacgagt	60
gatttttttg gttttttttt ttgntnttgn caaaagctta ntcntttcan ttaaaantgc	120
cactantttg actttttaag taaaaantgt agggggtttt aaanctactt tcctnctncc	180
aaaaantcag aaagtttcta nctttntaaa ttgggaaagc aagcantgtt ttaaaancac	240
tgaaggaatc tctttnttcg ngnccttttg ttaaactcgg tttaagctgt agacctntt	300
taaantaaaa ttaccacag aacaggaaat agaantctgt gaagactcga aatacacctt	360
tgtncttctc tgttcttcac ctgctctctc gctgtctcta cacacacaca cacaaacaca	420
cacacaccta ttttgcatt aaaaatgggt agtaaaagca gtgaagggca aacagaaggt	480
ccattncatc aagtaagagg ttgaatataa actggacca gtcttaattt tttatttctt	540
tcattcggat ncgtttacta atttctttgc tagctttaag acttttaaaa cattcttttg	600
ccctgggagg gagttgttta cccctaaact tggagaatcc tggccctaga ataatgttc	660
cttttaaac ccanggccg gaaaattgaa tncngctgtg ccaaaaagga aaaaannnaa	720
aaaaaaactc gnggcctnta na	742

<210> 558

<211> 730

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 558

gggtcnntaa tntnnagcnt gtnaaacccc tgagncttnc gggncgttca caaagaaaca	60
tttaataggg acttncaanc aaataattnt cggtttntca ggtggcagca agacaagatg	120
gtggatcccc atgccattac ctgctagact cagggttnat atactgtagt ggaaaggtga	180
ttccgaagga atgttgtaag acaattgaag tgcagtanca tcaaagttat ttgacctaa	240
ggcaggagtt ncagtaagta tccactttta tncaagaaac antagataaa ctggaaatct	300
tggagccctt cctggaactg gggttaatga gaagtcaaca tgggtggatta ncatggaaga	360
tggagttgct tagtctccca ttcaagatgg agtttcttta gcctccattg atagggagtn	420
tttaacaaaa ncangaaata agtctttgat ccattgaatc tctaagagtg agcccttgat	480
gactcaggtt taaacagtno tgagacaatt taggagatag ttttgaagnt caatttgaat	540
tgtaaaagggt caggattttt taactttttc acatctttga anaaaagccc atagagcgca	600
agttttcagc aaganctgga aancnatatt nctatggaat taaatagctc ctgagggcaa	660
tcaattnggc ctggganaac ataatgcttc aanggetgan gnaatctgga atttctatgg	720
gatttcttca	730

<210> 559

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 559

gttagtctat aangtnngnt atgtactngc cctttccggn ggatcccntc gnttcgaatt	60
---	----

cggcacgaga	ggaaacaccc	ccttataaaa	ccatcatntc	aggctgggtg	atctgacaga	120
gctagacact	gtcaaacaaa	caaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	cccatcaca	tctcatgaga	180
cttatttact	atcatgagag	cagctcagga	aacaccact	cccgtgattc	agttacatcc	240
cactgggtct	gtcccacaaa	ttgtgggagc	tacaattcaa	gatgagggtt	gggtggggac	300
acagccaaac	cctatcacca	tgtaaaataa	tatctaattt	gtagagatta	aagaacaaga	360
taacttaa	cttggatgta	agttaagaga	gtgggtgtca	gagttaaatc	attttaaggt	420
tcattttattg	tctggacaag	aataaaattt	tgattatcag	gaaatacaag	taaaaccaca	480
gggagacatt	gnttatatcc	aaattgtcaa	aaattacaaa	gtcttataat	accaagtttt	540
gctganggtg	tggagcaaca	gaaacttttg	ttcactgggtg	ggtatataaa	ttgaataatt	600
tcagcttgga	cattacctag	caaaattgaa	ggctgtatac	gtacatacct	accaatctag	660
caattcactt	ctagatatta	agtcttgaaa	aactcacatg	tttccagaga	cgtgttaaaa	720
ggtggttaaa	tcattntgng	aat				743

<210> 560

<211> 833

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 560

atccngttct	ntannnngtc	tngttctttc	tncaagatcn	nntgcgattc	gaattcggca	60
cgaggggtcc	tgggtgggagt	tccatccagc	agtgaagtga	ttttttcccc	agagcagtta	120
aggggtcttat	taaaagccac	cactttgctg	aggcctgtac	aggccttggg	ggtttgggga	180
agagaantaa	ggcaggcact	tgccccctca	gggagggact	tgccctact	gggagggttg	240
gggttgacct	tggctccagc	agagataccc	agcctggcnt	ggaagggcag	gtccttgagct	300
tacgcttgac	tgcaagggca	agctgcaggc	ctcttctgcc	ttccccctgca	ttcaccaagg	360
acaagtagga	ccaagaagtc	aagggaaaag	tgccaagata	gatctattcc	catttctttc	420
ttccacctgg	agaattcctg	agctatgctt	caaacctctt	ttggggccagg	gaaagactgg	480
gggacatttt	ttagtcaagg	atgctttaag	aaagtaaatt	cctgcttggg	ggcccaggcc	540
ttctttttca	agggcttgct	tgtgaatgcc	caacccaaaa	aaagggggccc	ccaaggccca	600
atcccttact	tcctnggtcc	ccccaaaaag	ggatnccaan	ttgggggaatt	gggaaaactt	660
gggcanncac	ccnaanccca	ctttggtagg	anttnacca	cccaaccaac	ccaaaaccan	720
cccacccaaa	ttnaaaaaaa	ggccaaaacc	accaaccaac	cnaaacccnn	annnnnnnnn	780
nannnnnnnn	nnnaaaaaaa	ctttgangcc	ttttaaaaac	tntttngngn	ggn	833

<210> 561

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 561

tagtcta	aatg	tnnnaaantn	ngcnctngtt	ctttctgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	60
ggcacgagga	agaggaggct	gtgtatgagg	aacctccaga	gcaggagacc	ttctacgagc		120
agccccact	ggtgcagcag	caagggtgctg	gctctgagca	cattgaccac	cacattcagg		180
gccaggggct	cagtgggcaa	gggtctctgtg	cccgtgccct	gtacgactac	caggcagccg		240
acgacacaga	gatctccttt	gaccccgaga	acctcatcac	gggcatcgag	gtgatcgacg		300
aagctgggtg	cgtggctatg	gccggatggc	cattttggca	tgttccctgc	caactacgtt		360
ggagctcatt	gagtgangct	ganggcacat	cttgcccttc	cctctnaaca	tggcttcctt		420
attgctggaa	gaagaagcct	gggaattgac	attcagcact	cttncaggaa	taggaccccc		480
agtgangatg	aagcctcagg	gcttccttcc	ggcttggcag	actaacctgt	caccccaaat		540
gcagcaatgg	cctgggtgatt	nccacacatn	ctttcttgca	ttcccccgac	cttccagaca		600
gctttggctc	ttgccccctga	caggatactt	gagccnagcc	cttgccctgtn	ggccaaaccc		660

tgaattgggc	cacttgccaa	acttgcnngg	gaaaggggtc	cttgaaacaa	gggggccatt	720
tttggggaag	gcttccttgg	ttggcctttt	ggcatttnaa	tttggccttt	ttt	773

<210> 562
 <211> 655
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 562						
nnatanacat	taangnnaga	ngntgagnan	ttnccttcgc	tctntganna	naaggcgncg	60
cgaattcggc	acgaggccac	cggtctcttc	ctaactctgca	cattntatatt	tgggtatttc	120
tgggcgggca	gttcctttgc	atgtttcggg	agaggtttgt	tgatttgggg	cttatatgtc	180
aggcctttgg	tttgctgtct	attttagggg	ttgtttgggg	gcctgggtgg	tcggcctcac	240
atgggaaggg	gatgggtagt	ggatgggggt	tctgtcgnat	cttgngggccg	gtgattttgc	300
tnnecgnnctg	tttcacattc	ttccccctcc	acaagccaaa	tcgttcattt	ggntncactg	360
tgtggactgt	ctgagcttgc	cctgccagaa	aaatttgggg	ctaggcaccc	aggtgcanac	420
tttgaagaa	gcantccacc	tgtgggtacc	gcactctctg	ngtcccactg	gcaggctgaa	480
cctacttgaa	catggaaaca	gcattgccc	atggcaaagg	ggcnnnacn	nnngnnnaaa	540
tnnannannn	ncngacannc	nnnnaatca	ngannntcna	cannnatcnn	annnnancnn	600
nncaantacn	ncnaaaacac	accnnccana	annnnnaann	nnnnnncann	nnnac	655

<210> 563
 <211> 738
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 563						
tnntaatgct	ggaattcctn	atncttgggc	tactcgttct	ttctncagga	tcccntgcga	60
ttcgcagaaa	agagtatagt	aggggatgac	caaggtcaaa	gtgggtaaaag	aagactcatc	120
atccactgag	tttgtagaaa	aacggagagc	agctcttgaa	aggatatctc	aaagaacagt	180
aaaacatcca	actttactac	aggatcctga	tttaaggcag	ttcttggaag	gttcagagct	240
gcctagagca	gttaatacac	aggctctgag	tggagcagga	atattgagga	tgggtgaacaa	300
ggctgccgac	gctgtcaaca	aaatgacaat	caagatgaat	gaatcggatg	catggtttga	360
agaaaagcag	cagcaatttg	agaatctgga	tcagcaactt	aggaaacttc	atgtcagtgt	420
tgaagccttg	gtctgtcata	gaaaagaact	ttcagccaac	acagctgcct	ttgctaaaag	480
tgctgccatg	ttaggtaatt	ctgaggatca	tactgcttta	tctagagctt	tgtctcaact	540
tgcagagggt	gaggagaaga	tagaccagct	tccatcaaga	acaagctttt	gctgactttt	600
atatgttttc	agaactactt	aatgactaca	ttcgcttatt	gctgcagtga	aaagngtgtt	660
tgccatcgat	gaatgctgca	gaaatgggaa	gatctcaaat	tctttgctca	aaaacgtgaa	720
cttaacccaa	atgatggt					738

<210> 564
 <211> 798
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 564						
ngggngtct	aatgctgcnc	nnatcnannc	anggnnctcg	ctctngctcn	acnnanaagg	60
cgntgngtgt	gccaccacac	ccagctcatt	attattatta	ttattattat	tattttgaga	120
cgaagtttca	ctcttatccc	ccaggctgga	gtgcaatggt	gcgatactgg	ctcactgcaa	180
cctctgcctc	ctgggttcaa	gcgggtctcc	tgccttgcca	ggcacctgta	gtgtcagcta	240

ctcgaagctg	aggtgggaga	atcgcttgaa	cctggggggc	ggagattgca	atggtgtggt	300
ctcggtcac	tgcactcgag	cctggcgaca	gagcaagact	ctgtctcaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	360
aaaaaaactc	gagccntnna	actattnng	aggtcgtatt	acgtagatcc	agacattgat	420
aagatccatt	gatgaagttt	gggccaaacc	ncaacttgaa	tgcnnngaaa	aaaagcttaa	480
ttgggaaaat	ttgggaatgc	ctatngcttt	atttgggaacc	ctttntaagc	tgcaantaaa	540
acaagttaan	caccncccaa	ttggcntcca	ttttaatggt	tncagggttn	aggggggaag	600
gttttgggaa	ggttttttna	aattcncggg	ccnnggggnc	ccaatgcttt	ggggccccgg	660
gtncccaann	ttttgggncc	cttttaangg	gnnggnttan	attggccccc	cttgggggna	720
aaancgnggn	anatacctng	gtcccctgtg	nanaaatngg	nttcccntta	caaaatttcc	780
cacnnanatt	tnngnncc					798

<210> 565

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 565

ttntnngttt	naatnntcnn	ggnttcgntc	tnnctcnaaa	nanaataggt	ttggcgaatt	60
cggcacgagc	atgctggcca	gcateccctgc	ctgtgcaagc	tctggatgag	ctgtgtgccc	120
ctgccacnca	caccnngcac	tccctgccag	cctggcctca	gggcctctga	tccatgtgca	180
ctggagtggg	gatgactgac	agggccactg	gggcatttnc	acgttaacag	cagctgccac	240
tggcaaaaaga	agtgaactgc	caatgggtggc	atctcagatg	tgggcccagg	agtctgggga	300
gctactttga	acagggttat	ccattcattg	tcccaccaa	ggctatggag	cccacccacc	360
atgtgctgga	gtagtcaagg	gaaataagac	actctccttg	tccctgttaa	ctcaatcaac	420
aagcattttgc	agagcacgcg	ctatatgccg	gcgctgtccg	aagtgtctgaa	gatacagcaa	480
tgagctaagt	aagcactgac	ttcgtagaaa	accataacat	cggccatctt	tggaaaagag	540
aaaaacaatg	gagttactta	tttaaaaaaa	aaagaaagaa	agttatctct	tccanganag	600
gctagaagta	cttttctgct	ttttggccag	tgcccantgg	aatgcctggg	ttggggggaag	660
aagaagggac	tgggttaact	gtggtgcttt	tggtgtaaaa	aggcanctgg	cctttgtact	720
tgaggagaaa	natggagcct	tggg				744

<210> 566

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 566

gnagtnntat	tgatttntct	ccgtgaatcg	ttctnnctnn	annanaagtg	ngttnngccg	60
ctggctatgt	ggacgctggg	gcagagccag	gccggagtcg	aatgatcagc	caggaagagt	120
ttgccaggca	gctacagctc	tctgacccct	agacgggtggc	tgggtgcctt	ggctacttcc	180
agcaggatac	caagggtttg	gtggacttcc	gagatgtggc	ccttgactta	gcagctctgg	240
atggggggcag	gagcctggaa	gagctaactc	gtctggcctt	tgaggtaatg	gggggtggcg	300
gtgggtggggg	gtgcttantg	gctatgctca	ccccgctnca	ttangcctat	tttggctctgc	360
tgtttccaaa	tgcttctana	tctaggcatt	tggtatccaa	cctattgccca	cantgcctan	420
aactncaaac	ccccngccnc	tatgntnana	cctacttggc	acaagaacaa	nngnanacnt	480
tgtnnatatn	ccanaangnn	naanattaca	nantnttata	ataccaattn	ntnttgangg	540
tgtnnnnnnc	anaaacnttt	gntnacngnn	nnnnntatna	atnnataatt	nnnnntttgn	600
nancannanc	tatgtnnaat	taaangnttn	tnnncnnnnc	nnnacnnnna	nnnnntttan	660
nnanttnnnc	tnnnntnnnn	nnnnnnnnnt	tnaanaannt	nnnnnttnat	nnnannnnnc	720
nctnnaangt	ntntttnnnn	nnatnnnnnn	nnnnccg			756

<210> 567
 <211> 746
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 567
 gnntgtnttt nncnnnnnnn anganagagn tactcgtctt ntctctacga tanantgngt 60
 tncgaattcg gcacgagatt tcctccagtc ctggggcccca tccttnaggg ccttcccagc 120
 cagccagcag gagaggcaag aactggggga acacaggaac ctaggggagg aggggagcgc 180
 tgggcacccct caggctggcg gccaaacctg cccctggagg cactagagga gggcatctgt 240
 ctgtggggagc ccagagctgc agggaggagg agggaggagg tatctggtgt gagcgttgcc 300
 cctgcgacat ttgggaccac acaggtgggc ttccttattc cctgacaaaag cctctgtttc 360
 cagctcttcc gccctctctg gatgaggga cagaagtgga ggaaacaaaa gaagcagcag 420
 cagcagcagt cctgtcgtg ggtgcggaga cagcctggca aagtcccact cagccatggc 480
 ctgatgcang cccagccct nctttcttgg gtgtcaaatg actgtgtcct ggacatctga 540
 tgcaccacct gccctgcctg ttgcaaacgt gatgtccccg gatggaatgg agaaactagg 600
 agactgggac aagcaaaaang ctgcaaacaa cccagaaccc attcttagaa nactggagaa 660
 atgattgagg aatcattggc accgtggncc tgtgcttcat nacaaacacc ttnagaaca 720
 acttgggatt gaaaaaccaa gacant 746

<210> 568
 <211> 738
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 568
 gnnntngtn gttcttanng ttnggatctc gttctttctn cacgatcnen tcgattcggt 60
 ctgggcagcc tacgctttcc ggataaaaaat ggcagaatga aagaaattat gagtggaaact 120
 agagaatagg aaagacatga accaacgccc aaaatgagaa agaaggacat ataaagaaaa 180
 agacaaatac aagtgaaaaa aatagactaa tggattaacg tcctgtcgt gtgacatttt 240
 ctgctatgga aatgatatta gacaaaaagc acttcaagt gttttcttat ttgagttcaa 300
 aatgggtcat aacgcagcag agataacttg aaacatgaac agcgcatttg gccaggaac 360
 tactaacgaa catacagggc agctgtgatt caagaagttt tgcaaagcag actagagcct 420
 tgaatatgag gaacacagtg gccagccatt ggatgcttca cttcttgaag catcttgaca 480
 gctttttgca ggtgaaatgc ttncacacca gcaggatgca gaaaaatgct ttccaagagt 540
 ttgttgaatn cagaacatgg atgtttatgc tgcaggaatt aacaaattta tttctcgttg 600
 gcaaaaaagt gttgattgna atgggtccta tttgattaat aaagatgtgt ttgagcctaa 660
 aaaaaaaaaa nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnnnnn 720
 nnnnnnnnnn nnnnnnat 738

<210> 569
 <211> 753
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 569
 gtttntgant ntgattctta tgcttngnct aatgctttnt cttnnangatc ccnncgattc 60
 gctggaggag aggagctcag agttctacag agtctttnt gaacaatatc agaaagctgc 120
 tgaagagggtg gaagcaaagt tcaagcgata tgagtctcat ccagtctgtg ctgatctgca 180
 ggccaaaatt cttcagtgtt accgtgagaa caccaccag accctcaaatt gctccgctct 240
 ggccaccag tatatgcact gtgtcaatca tgccaaacag agcatgcttg agaaggagg 300

ataaaaaactt	tcagaatgag	caaaacacca	tcaacgttaa	ttccagagat	ggaacatttt	360
ttttcctagt	gagaaaaaca	cccatattga	gagaagacc	taatgagaag	accctaaaga	420
gagacatcaa	gaatggattc	agcagaatca	ttcacgttt	tgaacagcag	cagtttgaan	480
ggccaaagcc	ttgatcagg	gatcccgta	ttaaaggaca	ctcttgagta	ttagtaaacc	540
ctcttatgat	gattaaaaga	gaagggcagc	cctnttcacc	tttttggtct	ttctattcaa	600
cttgccgtgac	cataaaatgg	ttctcttctg	nacaaagccc	catcatttgg	tgaacctcac	660
ccttaacaaa	gtaggattgg	ggttgggggg	cttaattaat	tggaatgggg	ccaaggagaa	720
gagcccga	ccttagatnc	canggggnana	agt			753

<210> 570

<211> 832

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 570

tnatnaataa	ggtttgantt	cttatgettn	ccaanngctt	ggacctannt	anccangogg	60
tgcaattcg	gcacgagcca	ggccccaata	atctgggntt	naaactttga	ggaaatgcca	120
gtgacttatt	ccagagtgcc	tcagttaggg	gaacttctct	gtaaagaacc	ctgggtattg	180
agcaaaaaacc	ttattatcgt	taatgacct	taattggaag	cttcctgcct	ttttctttgg	240
ttgtcctcgt	ggaaaatact	gaaaagatta	ctttgtttta	ttttgttgtc	ttttataaaa	300
aggggaggtg	gagagacccc	ttcagagcag	ggattgtgcc	gggagagtgc	ctctgacttt	360
gggacatttc	atccacagaa	attncaagc	caatggtttc	ttttgggttt	tgggttttta	420
tggttgnntt	ttgggggttt	ggaaaaacat	gcatttttac	cgtgcacgta	aaattggtca	480
nagaaaaagg	gagcccagaa	aangcagcan	atgggccatg	cccctttgct	gggttttcct	540
tttcttttgg	gactgtnaag	gggaaatggg	tttttanaag	gtgaaggttt	ggtcctgttg	600
gaagggaaaag	aantgtctct	gttngggggg	acaanaaggn	acccttgggg	gaggtccatt	660
cgcaatggtn	cctacaaaaa	cnnggntctt	taanaacacc	ngggcctttg	nccaggnaa	720
aaaaccctgg	gcccctttaa	naaactttgg	nangggaacc	ccggaaaaacc	cccttggggc	780
ttnccaaate	ttttttccca	aagncncccc	cgggggggccc	aaaaaaaaaac	ct	832

<210> 571

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 571

agntntaatn	ntggacttct	aanganttn	gctnntcgt	tggaannnnn	cagtnctcta	60
nnageccatc	gatgcgaatt	cggcacgagg	ctaggattac	aggtgtgagc	caccatgccc	120
agccacttat	ctttaaagga	ttaagtttat	gtttcctact	atgggaaacc	atcccacccc	180
aaacttgatg	accgcattat	gtgcttttat	agaacatggc	acttctccag	gatagcattt	240
attctgtttt	gtaagtgtga	atgtaattac	cctacacaca	gcatacacat	aatcttcata	300
ttctttgcct	tgtcttgtga	aggcaagggc	catgtctatc	ttattcgtca	ttagattccc	360
acatccaaca	tagtcctggg	gacagcacca	atgcactttt	ggtgcataag	caaatagtgc	420
atztatagct	cttacctaca	atatctgata	gactaatcaa	atatagtagg	ttatctgggc	480
ctttttgatt	catgtctcta	gcttaacttt	catttttttc	ttatttggtg	tctctcactt	540
tgccttttga	tataactcta	cagtttcgct	cactgagtaa	aagaaaaatnt	aaacagcaag	600
aagtaaactt	gtgttttatg	gatttngata	acatcttcta	aaagaccccc	caagattggt	660
gatgtctaaa	aaaattaaag	ggccttcaac	tcataataat	acttaatagt	tcttaaaata	720
ttacaaactg	attggaacat	tgcctaac				748

<210> 572

<211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 572
 agtccttatta nnnngttcta atccttttctt aangagnnta ggctactcgt nctttctgca 60
 ggtatcccnt gcgatncgaa ttcggcacga ggctgagcac ctttggaac aacattttaag 120
 ggaatgtgag cacaatgcat aatgtcttta aaaagcatgt tgtgatgtac acatttttgta 180
 attacctttt ttgttgtttt gtagcaacca tttgtaaaac attccaaata attccacagt 240
 cctgaagcag caatcgaatc cctttctcac ttttggaagg tgacttttca ccttaatgca 300
 tattcccttc tccatagagg agaggaaaag gtgtaggcct gccttaccga gagccaaaca 360
 gagcccaggg agactccgct gtgggaaacc tcattgttct gtacaaagta ctagctaaac 420
 cagaaagggtg attccaggag gagttagcca aacaacanca aaaacaaaaa atgtgctgtt 480
 caagttttca gctttaagat atccttggat aatgttattt ctatctttat ttttttcatt 540
 anaagttacc anattaagat ggtaagacct ctgagaccaa aattttgtcc catctctacc 600
 ccctnacaac tgcttacaga atggatcatg tcccccttat gttgagggtga ccacttaatt 660
 gcttttctgc ctcttgaaa gaaagaaaag aaagaagact gtgtttttgc cactgattta 720
 accatgtgaa actcatctna ttaccctttt ctngg 755

<210> 573
 <211> 743
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 573
 cangtcta at gctggctctn atcggttctt nnnantnaag ntactcgttc tttctncang 60
 natennntgc gntncgctca cacagcatgt gtcagatcca tggggtagga gtcggccaga 120
 gacttggtta cagacagatt gctggatccc acccctagac tctctgattc agttagtttg 180
 gggtaaggcg caagactgaa tttttcacia gtttcccagt ggtgctgata cttctgggtcc 240
 aggaacttag tggggagaga acgactaatc tagaccattt cacttcacat tctgagcttc 300
 ttgtcactgt cacactgcat ccttttaaca atgcattccc tatcctattg caatactgac 360
 atctcatcaa tattttaaaa catgcgtttt cagaaacaat attttatatc aaatactcac 420
 ttttagta at atttctgcaa ttttgcccta tggatctgag atctaacaaa tactattctg 480
 gacatgggct acaacagttg aggctggaag taaaaatggt aaaccctgct gaccacgtta 540
 ttttaaagtg tatttttagtt aagaataata tggcttagga gcagggttaa acagtagcag 600
 tcacatgggg aatgatactt tgcttttgca cataaaatgt cctgaaggga aaaaataaag 660
 cagaaaattn ncagatgaac tgaaaatctg tacaaaatgtt gggctgaata ctgccagcgt 720
 tgangtgtag gaaaatgaac cnt 743

<210> 574
 <211> 737
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 574
 ccgtcta atg ctggnttcta atcgetttct taangctcnn gggctcgttc tcnctncacg 60
 cagcccggcg gtgcgaatc ggcacgagg gattacaggc atgaccacc gcgcccagcc 120
 tgtnatttct tatactntgt attttggnc tgtattatgc ttctgatacg ctataattat 180
 ttatgtocat gtncntttct tcaatagact gtgaactctt cgaatgtngg actcctagag 240
 ctagatnctc nattattnnn tattaaattg aatgacttgn aactacagat cctttattta 300
 aacttcccaa atttctgctt tatctaggcn actctttaa ttcttttctc tcatgtagat 360

ttcanaggct gaaataattg agatttttag tttgaagaaa agagaactgn ggattttaatg	420
gcnttattat tatattttta atggctgttt gggagtnagg ttgcagacat tggtcacttt	480
cctcctaaat ncttaaatat ttcctaaaaa caggncattc tttntttnt tatggagtct	540
ggctctggcn tccaggetgg antgcegnng cccatcttgg cttactgcag ctecccttcc	600
cgattcnogc tggctctctg nctngetgct cgggaggctn aggccnggga atcgttgacc	660
cgggaggcgg aggttnnann agcctnnacg ggcctnngn ctcccggctg ggtacnngac	720
cggacctccg nctgnat	737

<210> 575

<211> 766

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 575

gnagttnaaa agcggnnttt antcctctcn aatcngnttg ggctactngc tctttctgna	60
ggnatcccat cgattcgaat tcggcacgag ctttctccct ctgtgcctcc tgettecttt	120
ctctctcctg cctctcctct gctccccatc ccactttctc atctgcctcc ttttctcact	180
tcigtcagtc tgtaagcttt gataacctgc ttaatactcc aaagtgtgag ttcctctgat	240
ctcttgattc cttagtctta atctcacgtt ttgtttttta gagatggagt ctctcactct	300
gtggcccagg ctggagtga gtggcatgat catagctcat tgcctccttg aaatcctggg	360
ctcaggtgat cctnccgct gagcctcctg agtatctggg actacagatg cgtgccacca	420
agcctggcta attttgtctc atgtcttcta aaaattattt tgtgaagccc cttcacaaaa	480
aaccttaang gaaatctgat ggtgctcagg aatctaactc tccctaaacc atcctctttt	540
aactgcttct aaaatatctc tgggtggcctt tcttagcctt tttctggttc attcaatgct	600
tcaaagcgct ttttgnntct aagttgagtn ctttgggggt ttgacaggta gtgacgtgta	660
gttttgacac tgttaacttg ttnaatacag tgaaaangtt tgtgaagtga aaaatgcttg	720
anaaagaatg gnaatgcctt tntacaaata aaagtnttgg taaaat	766

<210> 576

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 576

ggggtnnnna gngnnttgan cccctttctt attatcaagg ngctngcnct nnctnnannn	60
ancacaggcg ntgngaattc ggcaogagaa gataacctct taatgcattc atgttgtata	120
tgaaggaaat gagagcaaag gtcgtagctg agtgcacgtt gaaagaaagc gcggccatca	180
accagatcct tgggcnagagg tggcatgcac tgtccagtag tatttattgc tttagagatt	240
gcttgctgta cctgtatgtc gtcccttttt aaatatgttt tcccttttct tgaaactgta	300
ttaaagtttt tccccctta gcataagcat cttatatata acaactcatt tgtacaagg	360
ttttaagttt atatataaaa tgtgtatata ttttttgn tccccctttt gacttttttt	420
ttctgtatga aaccagatg tcaccaaag gacattaata gttgcattaa ggatcagtag	480
cattaacaaa agttgcttta aaagccatta tgtaaaacaa gacttgaaaa tgagtgggg	540
aatttttagcg acactgtctg agcacagtgg gaaccatctt cgtttccctt ttgaaactcca	600
antgggatgc cctaccctgg cgtcccttag gacccggac tggcccgngt acaaaaacttt	660
accgtgccaa aattcttaag tgaatttacc tttctnctc tttttgaagc tngaaatttt	720
tggatcatcan gntttgcttg tgatngtaca tanggtngaa n	761

<210> 577

<211> 803

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 577

gggtngttnn	nnngtggmnt	tnttnnnngt	ttetaatnnt	cgngngntc	ganctnnctc	60
nananagaat	aggtttgnga	attcggcacg	aggctctccg	cccggcgccc	ccagtgtttt	120
ctgagggcgg	aaatggccaa	ttcgggcctg	cagttgctgg	gcttctccat	ggccctgctg	180
ggctgggtgg	ggtctggtgg	cctgcaccgn	catcccgag	tggcagatga	gctcctatgc	240
gggtgacaac	atcatcacgg	tccagccatg	tacaangggc	tgtggatgga	ctgcgtcacg	300
cagcctctag	aactatagtg	agtcgtatta	cgtagatcca	gacatgataa	gatcattgat	360
gagtttgac	aaaccacaac	tagaatgcag	tgaaaaaat	gctttatttg	tgaaatttgt	420
gatgctattg	ctttatttgt	aaccattata	agctgcaata	aacaaagtta	acaacaacaa	480
ttgcattcat	tttatgttca	agttcagggg	gaggtgttgg	agggttttta	aatnnncggc	540
cncngcgcca	atgcattggg	ccccgtaccc	acttttggtt	cctttaantg	aagggtttaa	600
tttgcccnc	tntgccgtaa	ttcatgggnc	atanncttgn	tttcctggng	ttgaaaattg	660
gntaatcccc	ttcnacaaat	ttcncncaca	atcatttacc	aaacccnngg	gaggcctttn	720
aaagnnngtna	aaanccctgg	gggtggccct	taatttaagt	ggnnccctaa	ctcncnttta	780
antgccttg	cccttcactg	cct				803

<210> 578

<211> 738

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 578

tcgtcccntn	gatcggggta	acgtccttnc	ctatnaaant	tctttcgga	aagcagaaac	60
caagctggca	gaagcacaga	tagaagagct	ntcgtcagaa	aacacaggag	gaaggggagg	120
agcgggctga	gtcggagcag	gaggcctacc	tgcgtgagga	ttgagggcct	gagcacactg	180
ccctgtctcc	ccactcagtg	gggaaagcag	gggcagatgc	caccctgccc	agggttggca	240
tgactgtctg	tgcaccgaga	agaggcggca	gatcctgccc	tggccaatca	ggcgagacgc	300
ctttgtgagc	tgtgagtgcc	tcctgtgggc	tcaggcttgc	gctggacctg	gttcttagcc	360
cttgggcact	gcaccctgtt	taacatttca	ccccactctg	tacagctgct	cttaccatt	420
ttttttacct	cacacccaaa	gcatttttgc	tacctgggtc	agagagagga	gtcctttttg	480
tcatgccctt	aagttcagca	actgttttaac	ctgttttcag	tcttatttac	gtcgtcaaaa	540
atgatttagt	acttgttccc	tctgttggga	tgccagttgt	ggcaagggga	ggggaacctg	600
tccagtttgt	accatttctt	tgnatgtatt	tctgatgtgn	tctcttgatc	tgccccact	660
gtcctgtgaa	ggacagctna	ngncaaggag	tgaaaaactt	tacttcttaa	aaaaaaaaan	720
nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnaa					738

<210> 579

<211> 758

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 579

gnngtgncta	nctaaatnnt	tggntntaaa	cgtnctttct	gcatnatccc	tnnttgacga	60
attnggcacg	agacagagtc	ctgaaatatg	caaatgaagt	aaattctgat	gctggcgccct	120
tcaagaaaca	gcctaaagga	cctgcctgat	gtgcaagagc	tcatcactca	agtgcgggtca	180
gagaagtgtc	ccctgcaggc	cgaagccatc	cttgatgcaa	acgacgtca	tcaaacagag	240
accttctcct	cccaagtcaa	agggacaaat	aagcctcttg	gttgaacggg	ttgagacatt	300
ctgccttgga	ccttccttg	tcaccaaaca	agccaacctt	gtgcacttcc	accaggcttt	360
cacccattcc	ctgcaagcct	tggctctttg	acctggccct	caaccatgtg	gctttccacc	420

ccttgaggac aagttggaac agaagaccaa gagtggcctc actggatata tcaanggcac	480
ctttggattc aggagctaac caggctcttn ctcgggggcg ggggagattc tgactcttaa	540
tctggattgt gagaaaaatc cagcaagttc catgatattt aaatccaggt ctgcattggc	600
ccggggcaag agtttaacat cttcgggccc tgcatttctt acatcttggg gtctgtacac	660
gttcttaagc aagcgtgtca ngagagcacc ctgttggtt cttggtaaaa tgtgtgcaag	720
gtcatnctgt cttctgnacc ttctggggaa aagggncc	758

<210> 580

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 580

tttctaaatn gcttgggttt cnaaatccct tggttgacgc cctcgcttaa nntggcgtgn	60
nantgccnc gattcgctgn caagtctgga antcatattg gagcctgngt ngactgaaaa	120
ctcagcanga gttgatgtta aagtcttggg tctgaaattn gtngggcagg agattaggct	180
ggaaactcag gcagaatttc tgtgttacaa tcttgaggca taattcttct ccaaaaaaat	240
ctccattttt ttctcttaaa gccttgggatg agccttggat gattggatga ggactacca	300
cattatctag ggtaatctcc tttgcttaaa gtaaactcac tgtgttaatc acatcaacaa	360
aataccttac cagctacatg tagtgtttga ccaaacact aggcaccata gcctagccac	420
ataaaattac tatcattata ctttgtctta tcacatactt ctaccttggg agggatattt	480
cccagttggt atagctacaa aacagaggca gatcatttag cctgcattng attngtantg	540
aaaaataagc ctttgggtng ttttaaccact gaaaatgttt gcggcctatt agtantngca	600
caacttatcc tatnctggcc aaacatagaa tgctttcggg ttgcaaggta acangatccc	660
ctttacagnt gtacnaaaaa tnancnntaa aaaaactnga gccctntaga acntnntagt	720
ggagtcggan ttaacgttng ancccagacc ntggattang gatncattgg atggagtgtg	780
gacataccac cancttggaa tggcnantga aaaaaa	816

<210> 581

<211> 868

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 581

ccnnganncn nnccnnnnnc nnacaaaanc nnnnnnnann nnnnnnancn nnnnnnctct	60
tcnaannctg ctnacgcccc nagcatgacc cagcatcgaa tgggcacgag gttgcaagca	120
gccttggaat agtaactctt ctcatattgtt tgggatctgg ccaccaagtn ccagaatgat	180
acacggatca gngcanaagn tcatcaggct ctcgacctt agggctgntg gagaagcttc	240
agcagcagaa ctgatgggtga aggctcgtgt tctccatcct caactttctt tgcttcgatc	300
atacacaaga atacattngg aagggcaaaa aaatgaacac tgcggnncat tgcagcccgn	360
gtttngtgac acagatgcac agtctgcttg tgaagacctt ctctcaagtg gcatttggga	420
gtccatgcca gancatggtg cttcatgaga gactgacagc tatcaggggt tngggcactt	480
agngaggact ctctctcccc agtgtgtgct gatgacacat cacacctgac aatagctnga	540
agnctnctct gacctntntt actctgtagc caacatacca catganttta aaacctnttc	600
taaaatatcc aancaatggg gtcatacntg gcccaaatgc cagaantcna gagcctaata	660
ggacttccaa tnattaactt tnccaaaanc gaaaaaagna gggcnttccn nttatggcaa	720
aaaaatnaan nnaaaaggan atntgggnatn gttingccnaa aaaaaaagcc cnntnngaaa	780
cctaatangga ggaggtccca cttaaccggn cgnancccca gaacantgga atacaggant	840
accnatngga ntgaanattt ggggancc	868

<210> 582

<211> 745

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 582

ttctgaatac	cttnttaacnc	gccttcttca	ggantttcaa	gacctaattc	ggcacgagac	60
cctttctgcc	ttctgtttgg	gacccagctg	gtgttctttg	gtttgctttc	ttcaggctct	120
agggctgtgc	tatccaatac	agtaaccaca	tgcggtgtgt	taaagttaag	ccaattaaaa	180
tcacataaga	ttaaaaattc	cttcctcagt	tgactaacc	acgtttctag	aggcgctact	240
gtatgtagtt	catggctact	gtactgacag	cgagagcatg	tccatctgtt	ggacagcact	300
attctagaga	actaaactgg	cttaacgagt	cacagcctca	gctgtgctgg	gacgacctt	360
gtctccctgg	gtaggagggg	ggggaatggg	ggaagggctg	atgagacccc	agctggggcc	420
tggtgtctgg	gacccttcct	ctnctganaa	gggaggcctg	gtggcttaac	ctgggcangt	480
cnngtcttct	ctgaccccan	tggtctgcngt	gaaggggaac	cacccttctt	tgcttgacca	540
ntggccatta	netnccntna	ccacttgnaa	cccanggtcc	canctggctg	ggacctntt	600
ntncccccaa	ngncccttcc	cttgggctnt	nttggantga	gcaccttctn	tgtnngcacc	660
ttttanaant	gnnnnnntgn	tactgatttt	tttgntaaaa	agannttaaa	anctggnant	720
ttntnaaaaa	aaannannaa	aannn				745

<210> 583

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 583

gnttctaant	cttggcctac	tcgctntct	ncaggatctt	atcgatncna	attcggcacg	60
agatatggta	tagttggaaa	taggttattg	tgagttatct	gtagtcatgt	ctttaatggc	120
ccttgcatgg	tgtctaactt	ctgcaataaa	tgatctgcca	gtcctagtgt	ctgggcttta	180
tgcaatttgt	tttcttttgt	ggatgaagtg	ggagtaagac	ttgttgctgt	gaggatcaga	240
tgaagtggct	aggatatgga	cacactttac	ttgaattgga	aaacaagcca	tgtatcccta	300
atctgcaaaa	tgtggcatgt	cacacgtgta	atctctgagg	tttagttttt	gctcaagatt	360
gcaaagggtga	cttgcttgat	gctttctttg	cttgagcaca	catctcattc	attaaatggg	420
gtctcctttt	ttgcacacag	gatgcagaac	ataattgacc	ttttccaagt	ctacttagca	480
gaaatgaaaa	tggaatcata	taaatacagt	attatacttt	aaaataaaaa	ggctgtacaa	540
aagtttggct	gacatagctt	gcttctagta	atctgaatgg	cttatttaaa	taaagttgga	600
tctatggact	cttcacagnc	tagatattat	cctactggaa	gatgtgcctc	gaaagctgtt	660
gaaccacngc	aaaaaaaccc	ttcagtcagc	acgtgagaaa	acctgcgagc	ccacatttcc	720
cccgggacca	ttctgaacat	cctactgg				748

<210> 584

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 584

tttaatgctt	gttacacgcc	ttctgcagga	tttatcgatt	cnaattcggc	acgaggctat	60
gtattgtgtc	ctaccatgaa	ttcactccat	gtagccaca	ttggcctgta	tggctattcc	120
ttggacacac	ctaggatgtt	cttgccctct	agcttgccca	cctttctctc	atcatttggg	180
cctcancgag	gatatcatct	cctcagagaa	gccttctgtg	accatgctat	ctaaaatact	240
ccagcacttc	agtcaccctt	tatcccatta	ctctgctttt	tcagaaacat	tgggtgctccc	300
tgaaacatat	ttgtttactt	gcttagtgct	ttttctcccc	cactaccatg	taagcttctt	360

gaggggttaag	ggaccttgtt	agggataacc	actgtatcct	tagagtgtga	cacatagtag	420
gttctcaata	catatttttg	aaactctacc	ctgatgcaaa	agagatatca	aataattata	480
gtttttgcat	tataaatggc	tttgggtgaa	tccctggcac	aaaactaata	ataaaagaaa	540
taaacagata	atgttgaagt	tctggggcctg	caaaacctaa	ctctttttaa	gcagtcccag	600
taaagtgtgc	attgggatcc	ataagacttt	gtgggaaagt	caacataatt	ttattnggga	660
aaaagcattg	aaccttcaaa	agtnaaaact	ttatnggncc	aaaatctcaa	ttactggggg	720
gccgttcttt	aagtcatttt	aaaccttttg	angccnacag	ttttacacca	aat	773

<210> 585

<211> 745

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 585

ttcaatacnt	ntttcnngcc	ttttgcagga	tcnctcgatt	cgatggaaca	tgagtggaag	60
tgggcagtct	ttttctttcc	ctatcagctg	agtgaatgaa	gatttagagg	gcagcagagt	120
catgacatgg	atgacgttgg	gtctctggat	ggctaaatgg	aagaccgcc	ccccaacgcc	180
acictacccc	cctgctttga	actatgcttt	gagaaatgag	cttatgagac	cactgagact	240
tgggggctgt	ttgttcagca	gttcacctac	acttattagg	aaagggtgac	ttcttgact	300
acgcctttcc	ttaaatacatc	ttttgtataa	ttctcagaac	actgctggtt	tgggtggtct	360
cacacatttc	tcacatccaa	attttaaaaga	tttcatgaat	gttcattaca	gtggatttat	420
ttttctcttt	ctgcttctcg	gcataccctc	tcaatttggg	agaaatctct	aattggatga	480
ctttggtggg	accacaggag	tgtaaggatc	gtaattccct	cacttcatcc	cctgcaaatt	540
aaagcctggg	cacttaagac	tcaactcaact	gaatcttgat	atgtgggact	ttanatctta	600
agcaaatan	gcaaaagaag	gaaaagacag	ttgagaaaat	caatctctga	agttcagcac	660
ttgatttcca	cogtggaccg	gactcctgca	nctttgcatt	ngccttggtt	cctggccatt	720
ttocnaaccc	gggttccttt	ttgan				745

<210> 586

<211> 749

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 586

tgttctaata	ctaggtntac	tcgccttttg	caggatctna	tcgattcnaa	ttcggcacga	60
ggggctcctg	tgggagtnnc	atncagcagn	ganngcattc	tttccncaca	ncagtnaacg	120
gtcttattaa	nagccaccac	tttncctgang	cctgtacagg	ccttgngngt	tngngnaaca	180
gaaatnncgc	aggcacttgt	accttcaagn	anggacttgt	gcctnactgn	nagggttggc	240
gttgaccttg	gctcnacnga	cataccant	ctgacttnna	acgngcncgt	ctnagcttac	300
gctagactgc	acnnccaagn	ttgcangcct	ntntngnctt	ccctgcattn	accaatgaca	360
gtacgaccaa	cagtcaanga	aaagtgccaa	gatatatcta	tcccatttct	tctacacctg	420
tanattcctn	actatgctca	aactatgtgg	ngcaangaan	actggngnac	atttttagtc	480
aatgatgctg	acaattaatt	actggtgngg	ccaggcatat	nttcacggct	gcttgtgatg	540
ccaacnaaga	acgggcccc	gcccacctt	actcctngnc	cccaaanaga	tccagtngga	600
atgggaagct	gnnannacca	acccaactnn	tgatttacca	ccaacncaa	anatcacgca	660
tgnnnacagc	aaaacaacaa	cncnatgcac	ttaacaagna	nccnaaaant	naactcngnc	720
ctctaaaact	attngggant	cctttant				749

<210> 587

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 587

gttctaatac	ttggcctact	cgccctntctg	caggatcttn	tcgaccttat	tcggcacgag	60
cccaaggcaa	gctgttaaca	aaatcaacct	gggccaatca	tcaaagggtt	ggacctaaag	120
ttgtataact	caatagaaca	agcattttta	ataaatttct	cgtaagtgtg	tgctttcttt	180
atgtggtggg	tgtggcttta	aagagcacia	aaccacaaca	aatcaaagag	tagctcgggc	240
ttgtcttttg	ctttatggct	gaggggttga	aggatgattc	atggacttgt	gaatgccagc	300
cccagtcocg	gcttaggtct	atctgccaat	accaccaggg	ccaacaaatt	cacgcaacaa	360
attctctcat	tttttacagt	ttatcagttg	cactcatagt	tattgtcata	atcactcccc	420
acagtaacct	gtaaggcata	taaagtagct	attttagtaa	gataaatgat	attttatata	480
tgttatgata	agataaatct	tatcatttta	agaagaaact	gagctcggag	agatgaaatg	540
acttcctcag	ttgtgtgtgt	aataaaaagtc	tactttttgc	taaaaaaaaa	aaannnaaat	600
atnntntann	atnnnanta	naanaaaac	ttcgagccnt	tttnaaactt	tnantggagt	660
cnntttntcc	cgtaaaatcc	nnnacttttg	atnaaananc	catttngatn	aagttttttg	720
gacaaacccc	ccaacttaga	aattgcnntn	ggaaaaaaaa	ntgcntttta	ttttgnggaa	780
aan						783

<210> 588

<211> 771

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 588

tcttctaattg	ctggttacan	gccttctgcn	gatccctcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgagata	60
cttttttaaac	cttttttggc	agctcagatg	gtgtaaattt	taaaattttg	tataggtatt	120
tcataacaaa	aatatgtatt	tcttttttgt	tattttatct	tgaaaacggg	acatatttta	180
gtatttgtgc	agaaaaacaa	gtcctaaagt	atltgttttt	atltgtacca	tccacttgtg	240
ccttactgta	tcctgtgtca	tgtccaatca	gttgtaaaca	atggcatctt	tgaacagtgt	300
gatgagaata	ggaatgtggg	gttttaaaagc	agtgttgcac	tttaatcagt	aatctacctg	360
gtggatttgt	ttttaaccaa	aaagatgaat	tatcaatgat	ttgtaattat	atcggttgat	420
tnnttttgaa	aagatgaacc	aaaggatttg	actgctaata	ttttattcct	tacacttttt	480
tctgaataag	tctctcataa	tgagtgcagt	gtcagactgt	gcctactctg	atggatatngt	540
gccatttgta	aaatnanaat	aagagcagaa	aaaacacaaa	nangagaaca	ctggnttcag	600
acattcantg	gggcaagtta	aattatggga	ctgcaaaaat	aatggatttt	ttattcaaag	660
aaaagcttta	aaaagtttta	ttatccanat	ttacaaccca	ctanttaagc	taaataancc	720
tactttnaaa	aatngnaaat	ggttnctatc	tttataangt	gccaanttna	n	771

<210> 589

<211> 844

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 589

tncaactnaa	tccttntnta	aaaagccttc	tgcntgatcc	catcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
gaggccagag	cctagaggag	agatcaaaga	cnttngccga	agtgaagccc	attctgcaag	120
caactgggtt	cccattggcat	gtgggtggcct	tagaggagggt	gttcagcctg	ccaccgtcgg	180
tgctttgggtg	ctctgcccag	gagctgggtg	gatccgaggg	ggcctacaag	gcggccgtgg	240
acagcttcct	ccagcagcag	catgtgctgg	gggcccggggg	tggtcctggc	ccgactcaag	300
gggaggaaca	gccaccccag	cccccgctgg	acccccagaa	cctggcaaga	ccgcctgcc	360
ctgcccagac	tgaggctctt	tcccaactgt	tctgctcaat	gaggacactg	actgccaagg	420

aggagcttct	gcagaccctg	cggacccacc	tgatcctnca	cgtggcccga	gcccacggct	480
actccaaggt	catgactggg	gacagntgca	cacgcttggc	tatcaagctc	atgaccaacc	540
tgcnctgggt	ccaaagggcc	ttcctggcct	gggatacnng	ctttcttggg	tgaaccngna	600
ccggngnaac	gtnggtggtn	ggtgcccgnn	cattgcctgg	gaaccaccac	ccccttnaaa	660
angaangntc	gnttatttct	aacaaaaccc	ggncccttgn	tcntaccntn	ttccctntct	720
tggnnnnntt	tnaaanacnc	annncccaat	tngnaanaac	ccnaaaangg	gnccctttgn	780
aaaaaaaang	ggccnatatn	ntntntcana	cccngngnct	ttgaatnngg	aaaangccnc	840
tnct						844

<210> 590

<211> 767

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 590

tctaagtctt	ggntctngcc	ttttgcggt	ctttcgattc	gnattcggca	cgagagaacg	60
ttctcaggtt	gaccagctgc	tgaatatttc	tttaagggag	gaagaactta	gtanntcatt	120
gcagtgcatt	gataacaatc	ttctgcaagc	cgtgacagcc	cttcagacag	cttatgtgga	180
agttcagagg	ctacttatgc	tcaagcagca	gataactatg	gagatgagtg	cactgaggac	240
ccatagaata	cagattctac	agggattaca	agaaacatat	gaaccttctg	agcaccacag	300
tttggcatag	aatgggtacc	ccttggtcaa	aatgaacaag	aagccttaga	tttggatggg	360
gaacctgac	tgtccagtct	agaaggattc	cagtgggaag	gtgtttccat	ttcctcgctc	420
cctggccttg	caagaaagcg	aagcctttct	gagagcagcg	tgatcatgga	cagagctcct	480
tctgtgtata	gcttcttcag	tgaggaangt	acaggcaaag	aaaatgagcc	ccagcagatg	540
gtttcaccta	gtaactcatt	ganggctgga	cagaaccaga	aagcaaccat	gcaccctcaa	600
acaaggaagt	nacacctcng	gctggccttc	ccttcggaac	aggtgaaagg	ggcttgaaaa	660
atgttgctac	cccaaaggcg	acattnttgg	caccaaatta	tcctcttga	ccnntttaat	720
accttttgat	tncatttngg	caaaagactt	tgnaccagcc	nnggaga		767

<210> 591

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 591

tctttgaatc	cttttgtaaa	agccttttgc	atgatccctc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgaga	60
cttcttggtt	gcctttttta	taaggaaatg	ttggagagtt	acatcattgc	taatgtagaa	120
atgttaagt	gaaaaatata	cagtttggtg	aaataaacta	gattctacat	ttatttgggg	180
gtttttttcc	cctcctttct	ttccacagca	cttttgatat	caagcaagt	gcttcctttt	240
tgagatatta	aaaaaaaaaa	gaaaaggaaa	aaagtaaagt	aagcccaact	acctaaccct	300
ttcttatttg	tatttgtttt	agtattgtga	agttgtgtta	aatagtacta	gctagaaata	360
caaatttctg	gttatcattt	ctcttccttg	tggcacttga	cattttaatt	gtcttaaagt	420
ttttgaagtc	atcttctggc	cccttgagta	ctgccagagg	caaaagatgt	ttgtttctta	480
ttcattccac	ttttgtctcc	tgggatccct	tctgtagcct	aaagtatggc	tgggaaatgg	540
acttgagaag	attggcttga	attangatca	taatcatgtg	tgatcccatc	atgaattcat	600
tggaaatntg	ggtncatgta	angcaatcnt	tctggtgtaa	atcttccctt	ttttaatgna	660
catatanttt	tggaaaaaat	tttgaattaa	ccctgaaaat	ttttaaaaaa	gccctcttan	720
aactattann	ggaggtcnca	ttaccctaga	atccanacat	tnant		765

<210> 592

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 592

tnttcnaana	ctngttctng	ncttttgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgccaaa	tctgcctaga	60
gattgagttc	acagtgtatg	ttctgggggc	gctgggtgcag	tcagcgggcc	agtctccagc	120
ctgcaggcgt	gcacactggg	gtggacgatg	gggtggcccc	caggtgtaca	catttggttg	180
gccccggccc	ctatacccca	gtgttctctt	tgatccagtc	ccgaaacaga	gggagccttg	240
tgtacacgcc	tncaaaagtg	agctggggag	tagaagggga	ggacactggg	ggttctactg	300
acccaactgg	gggcaaaggt	ttgaagacac	agcctcccc	gccagcccca	agctggggcc	360
aggcgcgttt	gtgcatactt	gcctccccct	tctctaagga	gcagcgggaa	cggagcttcg	420
gggcctcctc	agtgaaggtg	gtggggctgc	cggatctggg	ctgtggggcc	cttggggccac	480
gctcttgagg	aacccaggct	cggaggaccc	tggaaaacag	acgggtctga	gactgaaatt	540
gttttaccag	ctcccaaggt	ggacttcant	gtgtgtatgt	gtgtaaata	gtaaaacatt	600
ttatttcttt	ttaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	actcgancct	ntanaactat	tagtgagtc	660
tatttacctt	agatncagac	atgataagaa	tncattgatg	aattttggac	aaaccacaac	720
ttggaatgca	ntgaaaaaaaa	atgctttatt	tgtgnat			757

<210> 593

<211> 766

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 593

tcttgaatnc	tngttnttgc	ctttttcgga	tccctcgatt	cgaattcggc	acgagagaa	60
attgggtgtg	gagtgttttt	tgatgggtgca	ggaccgggag	gtgctttcct	tgccaagaat	120
agaaacatcc	agaatgctcc	tccccatccc	ccaatcccag	acagcaatta	tgtcagccct	180
gtaaggcatt	gcctgtctct	gacccttttg	cccatctttt	tattttttaa	aaattcccat	240
gtcacagatg	ccctgtctat	gcagaggggtg	gogtgggatg	ggtgaccact	aagtttaggc	300
tggtgaaggt	ggtgagccct	tctgaggccc	tgatagaact	ttccaggagt	tcatgggtccg	360
cggctccagc	ttctcactgt	aaagttgtca	tccctggcaga	ggcagccaat	gcttttctatt	420
ctagggggta	gagatttatg	ctaattgagt	aatattgcac	cactagttag	tttctgttta	480
aagttcagct	cttagaaaat	ggaatcttac	ctgaccccta	gtgaattatg	tacataagca	540
gggaatgttt	ccaactagat	ctccttcaga	agagtccctg	tgctggaata	ggtcactgaa	600
tcttatttgg	ntttgtnaaa	caaaagcttt	tgggtctcgt	ggggtgtgtg	tgtgntttgg	660
ngtgtgttgc	cccntntgcc	gtttcaaata	aaaggttttg	taccaccttt	tcaaaaaaaaa	720
aaaatantnt	anntnanant	ntntnancnt	ttnttnncnt	tanant		766

<210> 594

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 594

ttgnttagga	tcccacgat	tcgaattcgg	cacgaggga	ggcagtgga	ggagaggacc	60
aagtctcaaa	tcccagaagc	cccacctccc	tgagctcagc	tcctctgcca	agccccctca	120
gcgcgaagtc	ctcgtccaga	gaaggcaacg	gcgagaaaca	aatccaacat	cctgggctgc	180
tttttccttc	ccccactttt	taaaagtttg	gtgtccaagt	cacttgacaa	accagaccc	240
taacaatgat	attttgtgta	gaattctggg	atcaaaatat	aatttcaaaa	ataatatatt	300
ttctgacatc	ccccaaaaaa	aaaaanaaaa	aaaactcgag	cctctagaac	tatagttagt	360
cgtattacgt	agatccagac	atgataagat	acattgatga	gtttggacaa	accacaacta	420

gaatgcantg aaaaaaatgc tttattttgtg aaatttttgtg atgctattgc tttattttgna	480
accattataa agctgcaata aacaagttaa caacaacaat tgcattcatt ttatgtttca	540
agggttcangg ggaggtntgg gangtttttt taattengcn ggcgengcnc caatgcattg	600
gggccccggg nccccnctt ttggntccct ttaagnngan gggtaaantg ncgcncttgg	660
cntaatcttt gnncaatnggt tggnttntct nggnnaaat tggttttccn ggnnanaatt	720
tccccnctn ttangatccc nggnngntnt aang	754

<210> 595

<211> 767

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 595

ggtttaatgc tgtnnaanc cttcttnanc ctttgtacag catccctcga ttcgaattcg	60
gcacgaggaa cgcttccatt ttatacctgt gtctagttag tttctgccta tctatccaag	120
aagcttttat caagggtcca ccatgtgcca gccactgaag tagatataaa tacaaggatg	180
tgttaaggat ggatgatggg atacgaactg tcatcttact ggatttgtcc gctctgttaa	240
agatacgggt cggaaaactt tttaaagccc tagagagggc ttttaaggcaa tgtagcatca	300
tatatagagg catnaacctg ttcataatctt tctatttaac agaactgtgc acctgggcac	360
aagggtgtgc acaacaggat gtgtacagca gcactgttaa agtgtancac atccatacta	420
cangatctta tgcaactgtt ggaaagaatg aagcgaatgt gcactgtggg catgcagtga	480
tctctaagac atattaactc gaaagcaaaa ggtttaacaa tgtatnacia actgggctgc	540
aattgactcg cgctgtaat cccagcnctt tgggagggct gantaaggcg gatcacctga	600
ngtcangagt ttgagaccaa acctggccaa tgttggccna aaccnctgct tctactnaaa	660
ctacnaaaaa ttaacctngg gcntggttgg ctccgtgcct tntaatcccn gcttactcgg	720
caatgcttga gngaangnan aattngcttt gaacctnggg gaggnng	767

<210> 596

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 596

tnttnaatnc tnttttaatn cttgctgcan gatctttcga tgatcccate gattcnctgg	60
tctcgaacac ctgacctcag gtgatccatt cgncttggcc tctcgaagtg ttgggattcc	120
aggcgtgagc cactgcgccc agcacatttc cacttntaga tctactcca taccacaggt	180
ttcatttaag angaaaganc tanataaatg tgctcttntg gatccccac cctgacagan	240
tgcattgtta cacagntanc atgggttgac actgcaant ggctgtcag ccatnggagg	300
ngtttannga aaggcanatn atgtnactct gtgncagggn gccatntgct taccntnac	360
ctagcatang gggnttctac gggtgacccc nagcatattt ctaggttact tatgggcaga	420
tttgtaagt acaaaactcc agctgatgct gggaatgggg agagggccct tganggactt	480
tgtggntttg tgcttctggg ttctggcca accccagggt cacttgtctg gagcccagct	540
gggcactaat gtctgccanc gactatntta cagtgtataa atgattcctc tatttgggga	600
gagatcttcc aatccagaag agcccctntt ggactgcctg ggtaaactc gcatagcana	660
agtggttgat gagtcatctg aagaaattca gcccacact nncaacctgc ccttctgnt	720
tcctttttaa tggnggcctn tgg	743

<210> 597

<211> 786

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 597

ngttttnnncc	ngttttttaat	ncnttgctac	tngctctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gaggacanac	cgttgagagg	acgtggaggc	ccnttagggg	gtntgcncng	120
nanaggcaga	ngtggccctg	ggaacagagt	tttatgacnc	tttnnaccat	anangaangn	180
gagaatttna	aagatatggg	gggaatgaca	aaatagcagn	cataactgaa	gacaacatgg	240
gtggatgtgg	agtttgggac	ctngggatcg	ngnaaagata	ccagtgatgt	ggagccaact	300
gctccgatgg	aggaaccac	agtgggtggg	gagttccant	gcancngga	agaggagtat	360
ccagcctaag	ttnttgactg	gatgtcaaga	agaaacccaa	nttataanag	atgactntan	420
ntgantggnn	aaatctttca	gatcanncca	gaccatanen	tgagtttaac	atccgnaanc	480
cacaatccan	tgnnccctac	taagccgtgg	tgattnacaa	gtcataaatc	cattanatga	540
tgtggtnaaa	gatgcctatn	atgacnatt	ctccatngtt	ntccngaaac	ccgtcaattg	600
acatcacatn	tcctnttgga	gattaaattt	tnggtananc	tnccttcgtc	cttgggcatt	660
ngaacncata	agaatgcacc	cccnggntag	gcccngtnna	aaggttnatg	aaggccntta	720
taanttttgn	nnccccaanc	attaaantgg	ctngattccc	ttaatntttt	cctcccnaac	780
ccagnt						786

<210> 598

<211> 809

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 598

ngttttnnnn	cnntttttct	aatgcttgct	tctcgttcct	ttgcaggatc	ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca	cgaggacaga	ccgttgagag	gacgtggagg	cccagagagg	ggtatncncg	120
gcagaggcag	aggtggccct	gggaacagag	tttttgacgc	ttttgaccag	agaggaaagc	180
gagaatttga	aagatatggg	gggaatgaca	aaatagcagt	cagaactgaa	gacaacatgg	240
gtggatgtgg	agttcgaacc	tgnggatcgg	gtaaagatac	cagtgatgtg	gagccaactg	300
caccgatgga	ggaaccacac	gtgggtggag	agtcccagg	caccccggaa	gaggagtctc	360
cagccaaagt	tcctgagttg	gaggtagaag	aagaaaccca	agttcaagag	atgactttag	420
atgagtggaa	aaatcttcaa	gaacagacca	gaccaaagcc	tgagtttaac	atccggaaac	480
cagaatccac	tgttcttcca	aagccgtggg	gattcacaag	tcaaaatata	tagatgatat	540
ggtaaaaaga	tgactatgag	gaccattccc	atgttttccg	gaaaaccccc	cattgacatc	600
acattccaac	ttggagatta	aattttgggt	aacccttcc	ttgtntcttg	gccttngaac	660
ccntgaagga	aggcaccn	ggtgaagggc	ccngggggaa	agggattcan	ggnaaggggc	720
cantaanaaa	ccttttggga	cccccttaa	nccaataaaa	tttggtngaa	ttgcnangga	780
atgggttgnc	ccccnaaac	ccnaaant				809

<210> 599

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 599

ttntaatnc	ttttcnaat	gctngcttca	ggannntntg	cangatccct	cgattcgaat	60
tcggcacgag	ccagggttagc	tgctgaatca	aagcttcaaa	cagaagttaa	agaaggaaaa	120
gaaacttcaa	gcaaattgga	aaaagaaaact	tgtaagaaat	cacaccctat	tctatatgtg	180
tcttctaaat	ctactccaga	gacccagtgc	cctcaacagt	aaagactttt	ctttaataag	240
agtacgggtgc	cacttgccctc	aaaagttact	atgggtgctta	agattgtctt	gatctgacat	300
atatcacctt	ctgggttatt	tactcattgt	gccaggacct	ggcattttca	tgtgcctttg	360
accaagtgtt	cagaatttgc	ttgactctaa	cctggagagc	ttcttaagt	atgccccctc	420
atggagcttc	tatgacagt	aataaactat	taattgaagg	aaaatgttat	aattaatgta	480

tctatttgct	gcattgtata	tggtattaaat	gataaaaaac	aagtaatcta	ccctcagagc	540
catgtatttg	agaatgcttc	aatcatattt	tcctatgtac	ctttttttta	taaacttagt	600
tttagactat	gttgtaaaaa	tggggaaagg	ttgtaacta	tgtngtaaaa	aatngggaaa	660
tgtggcttta	aaatatatnc	attatatttg	gttcaaggat	tttggcaggg	gntaaaggaa	720
ncnatgggtc	aatctttgna	tttatatacc	ntgatttaa			759

<210> 600

<211> 769

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 600

ttttaatacn	ttttttaatn	cttgcttncg	ntcctttgca	ggatcccatc	gattcgaatt	60
cggcagcaga	gcaattccac	tcctagctcc	acccacaggt	aattgaaagc	aaagacgcaa	120
acagatgcct	gtgcaccaa	gttcacggca	gcatccttcg	ccatagtggc	agcatccgtc	180
gtcacagcgg	natcatcctt	catcatagcg	gcagcatccg	tcgtcacagc	ggcagcatcc	240
ttcgccacag	cggcagcatc	tgtcgtcaca	gnggcagcat	ccttcgccaa	agcggcagca	300
tccttcgtca	tagcggcagc	atcctttgcc	atagcggcaa	ggtggaaaacc	ctgtccatcc	360
actgaggcgt	gcatagacta	aacatggcca	gtccaggcac	tggaatccag	gccgtanaac	420
ggngcccacn	gtcaaaaagga	atgagaccct	gatgcactgg	gcgacacaga	cgggcgacac	480
agacttggag	acatcatgct	aagtgaaaag	ccaggcacac	ggagcggacg	gggtgatcct	540
gctcacgtga	tgtgtcccga	atgggcacnt	tcagagggga	agaanggaga	tggcgcttga	600
cngtgnccgg	gacnggggtt	gggagcgacc	ggttgttggg	ttngggtttc	tttctngggg	660
gaaggaaatg	tttttgatat	tggggccggt	tgggtgatnt	ttgcattacc	ctttgaatat	720
gcttanaacc	cnctagaaat	tgnnacactt	tttaaantgn	ttggaaatt		769

<210> 601

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 601

ntgtttaata	ctattttcta	atacttgctt	tcgttctntt	tgcanatcc	catcgattcn	60
aattcggcac	gaggagacag	cagccccag	ggaatgaagc	tgatgccaga	gtcagaccgc	120
aggaggaaga	ggagccactg	atggagatgc	ggctccggga	tgccctcag	cacttntatg	180
cagcaactgc	tgagctgggn	cctcaagtac	ctctttatcc	ttggtattca	gattctggcc	240
tgtgccttgg	cannctncat	ccttngnagg	catctcatgg	tctggaaaagt	gtttgccct	300
aagttcatat	ttgangctgt	gggcttcatt	gnnagcancg	nnggacttnt	nctgggcata	360
gctttgggtga	tnagagtggga	tgggtgctgn	anctnctggg	tcangcanct	atttctggcc	420
agcagatgta	nnctatatct	gtgattactg	gcacttggct	acagagagtg	ctggataaca	480
gtgtagcctg	cctgtacagg	tactggatga	tctgnaaanac	aggctcagcn	atactcttac	540
tatcatgcaa	ccagggggccg	gttgacatct	aagacttgnt	tattctatag	ttcnagganc	600
acaatggaat	atgatccctt	aactcctgat	ttgggatcat	ctgaaggacc	aagggnnggca	660
gtcttcgaag	tggaataaaa	tagccccggc	ngtngtgact	tgcacctata	ttcccagact	720
tttggggaggc	naannttnga	aggattgntt	gcctt			755

<210> 602

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 602
 nttgtaatag ctgggtttcta aanntngnt ttcaaccctt ttgcatgatn ccatcgattc 60
 gagcaaatca agatcttcag gtacagttgg accaggcact ccagcaagcc ttggatccca 120
 atagttaagg caactctttg tttgcagagg tggaagatcg aagggcagca atggaacgctc 180
 agcttatcag tatgaaagtc aagtatcagt cactaaagaa gcaaaatgta tttacagag 240
 aacanatgca gagaatgaag ttacaaattg ccacgttgct acagatgaaa gggctctcaaa 300
 ctgaatttga gcagcaggaa cgggttgctt ccatgttgga gcanaagaat ggtgaaataa 360
 aacatctttn aagtgaatt ngaaatctgg anaaatttaa gaatttatat gacagnatgg 420
 aatctaagcc tttagtcgac tctggtactc tggaanataa cacctattat acagatttac 480
 ttcatatgaa gctggataac tnaaaacaat agaaattgaa ngcactaaan gtgaattgtc 540
 atacaagcga aatgaaancn ttatttgana gccngcgggc ttctaacata ttgagcgata 600
 actttttgca aatgaaagat gcccttcngc tttntgaatt gnaaaatatt gaaacctgan 660
 agntnanctt agntgaattg aaacttaaatt ttgaaccctg nacnanaccg gttaantgcc 720
 tgttctgat aaaaaanaagc cntnangtgc ttncctgntn gatttanccc ccg 773

<210> 603
 <211> 784
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 603
 tgctttntaa tagctgtttt taaatnctn gctttgcgct cnntttgcag gcatcccatc 60
 gattcgaatt cggcacgagg gggacatcag tgatcgtaag tctcctgggn ccgttattct 120
 canattaggt gacggagcta agacttcgag accatctcgt cctttntgta tcgcggaaac 180
 ctgangaacg agccggcggc ggtgacctgc acgagaagcc aggctaactg ggtgaagtac 240
 catgcaagca tttcttaaag gtacatccat cagnactaaa ccccgctga ccaaggatcg 300
 aggagtagct gccagtgcng gaagtagcgg agagaacaag aaagccaaac ccgttccttg 360
 ggtggaaaaa tatcgcccaa aatgtgtgga tgaagttgct ttccaggaan aagtggttgc 420
 antgcttgaa aaaatcttta gaaggngca natcttecta atctcttgct ttacggacca 480
 cctggaactg gaaaaacntc cactattttg gcagcaaaact tgagaactct ttgggcctga 540
 acttttccga ttaagaattc ttgagttaaa tgcactctgat gaacctggaa tacaanttag 600
 nttcganaag aaagtgaaaa atttttgctc aattaanctn gtgtcaagga aaatngnttc 660
 anatgggaaa gccgttttcc ncctttttaa gantgggaat tcttngatga ngncnaattc 720
 ntnttgantc taactgnntt angcagcttt taaaaaanta ccattggata aangagtcen 780
 aant 784

<210> 604
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 604
 gttncnctn aacccttttt tgaaatcnnt ngcttctact ctttggcatn catnccatcg 60
 atnccgcccc gtgtggggag acngacagca ccctttttnt ctggcatttg cccttgangc 120
 tatagcgctt cccctctccc ctgagagggc acagctgcag gcctgaccaa ggccacgccc 180
 ggctctcgtg ctctaggacc tgcacgggac ttgtggatgg gcctggactc tccagaaact 240
 acttgggcca gagcaaanga aaacctcttg ttttaaaaaa attttnttca nagtgttttg 300
 nggaggagtt ttagggcttg gggagagggg ggacacatnt ggaggaaatg gccttctttt 360
 taaaagcana naacacataa ccttacaact gcctggcaag cccaatatca cttgtttggg 420
 ccctanccgg actccaangn agccacacgc cccttctgga aggggtgtgng catgtnaant 480
 gtgtgcccanc gcgtgggctg gcgtgtgaan atctatnaaa taagtatana tggngtnta 540

ntatatgtgt ntaaaataaa ngantggaca tatttgggcc tctgngnana nncttnga	600
ctaagncaag agtnnntctn gaaaaacnaa ananagtnct ntntanannt ttacgta	660
atcaatactn tntccactn accctnctnn tanntntncc natatantcg antaattc	720
cactcntnna ttcctngtna acacnaatna atnnaactat naaatatntn tntnntan	780
tngacatann catncnncc g	801

<210> 605

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 605

gnttctaagt tggttcnaaa acttgctttt gctcctttgc aggatcccat cgattcgaat	60
tcggcacgag agcctcgctt gggccggcct gtggctccca ttttctttc agcgggacaa	120
aggggacttg ttaccaggcc attttctgga tggcctgtga gatctctgcc cctccaagac	180
cctccaagtc tgagcctgac ccacagctgg gacactgaat tcagccctgg gaaccatggg	240
ggcttctatc tggcaccagg ctgcagcctc cccaatccca gccactttg ctgtgtctct	300
ggcgggctgt cctccttggg gggagctgtc ctgcacactg taggatgctt aaaggatcc	360
ctggccttca cccatnccta gccagcagct cccagtcaga caacagccag aaatgtctcc	420
agactctgcc cagcctccca ggtagccacc ctcgagacat gacctcagag tctctgtgtc	480
tctagaagc ctgacagaga ccccccanggc agtgggtggg tggcgggcta gagacccttg	540
cctgtgtccg ggaccctggc gccgntcttc cctcctgtgg atcccttcgc acttacaagt	600
gttctnaant gggcagacgc ctgggcaccc cttgggacct gcccaancat ggccatngng	660
cangcttttt naaccgcat nggntttcca ngcctggtga atcttgcctt tccanggacn	720
mnttgaacc tttcctncgg ggcggggccc ccnagcnct	759

<210> 606

<211> 809

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 606

tctnctnaa tcnnnnnttt aaaagccttt gcttttgcct nctttgcttg atcccatcga	60
ttcgtgactt tgtacctggg ccaagctgat ggggttttgc tgctgttgac ccaggcagga	120
gtctgactag agaacaaact aagggttgctg caacaaacaa ggacctcttc caagaagggc	180
tcccaggcct ggcgcagtga ctcatgcctg tgatcccagc acttgggagg ccnaggcggg	240
tggatcattt gaggccagga gttcgagacc agcttgcca acatgatgag acccctctc	300
tattaaaaat acaaaaatta nccaggcgtg gtggcgcctg tagtcccaac tactcaggag	360
gttgaggcag gagaattgtt gaacccggga ggcggangtt gcaatgagcc aanatagcac	420
cactgcactg catccttggg tgacagaagc gagactccat cttaaaagaa gggctcctgt	480
gtctacgtca tgggtgggct anagagangt ccngcagct gggctgtgtt gaggannng	540
ctnntctttt naannccagg caatagtttg tcttgactct gtccttttct gngtccacat	600
gacattttac atntttncnn agtttnccta atttaaagtt gnctaatttt accattatac	660
atntnaatt ggcatttctt ttaccnatnc ttttgtntg aaaatgggtan tntttgaaat	720
cngnatcngt tctaattgngn tntattttna ccnaatgcca atntacctn ctttngaana	780
atntattcgt tttcnaagnt tnaacctct	809

<210> 607

<211> 788

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 607

tnttttctaat	acnagtttnc	aagncttgct	ttnnnatccc	tttgcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgcaaggccc	gaggtgccat	cccctctggg	aagcagaagc	ctgggtggcac	ccagagtggg	120
tactgttcgg	taaagagctc	accctctcac	agcaccacca	gcggcgagac	agaccccacc	180
accatcttcc	cctgcaagga	gtgtggcaaa	gtcttcttca	agatcaaaag	ccgaaatgca	240
cacatgaaaa	ctcacaggca	gcaggaggaa	caacagaggc	aaaaggctca	gaaggcggct	300
tttgcagctg	agatggcagc	cacgattgag	aggactacgg	ggcccgtggg	ggcgccgggg	360
ctgctgcccc	tggaccagct	gagtctgata	aaacccatca	aggatgtgga	catcctcgac	420
gacgacgtcg	tccaacantt	gggaggtgtc	atggaagang	ctgaanttgt	ggacaccgat	480
cttctcttgg	atgatcaaga	ttcantcttg	cttcatggtg	acgcagaact	ataaagccct	540
gtgtncactt	atagacagtg	aaaacccacg	gggtcttcatc	tttattaatc	nngaaacctt	600
ggaatgcctg	ctttgttttg	taaccccttt	ttaaaacctta	cctgttttta	aaaagtggtc	660
atttttantt	nacgntttan	aaanaaaaaan	tcctattttct	ttttcctttt	natttttaaaa	720
aaaaattngn	ttttgttg	ggggnttttg	ggggaattaa	aataatttgg	cccccaactt	780
taaaaaat						788

<210> 608

<211> 796

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 608

tcttttaaatg	cttttttncaa	gccttggttn	aaatcctttg	caggatccca	tcgattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga	gactaccccg	gctacggttc	ccccatgcct	ggcagcttgg	ccatgggccc	120
gggtcacgaac	aaaacggggc	tggacgcctc	gcccctggcc	gcagatacct	cctactacca	180
gggggtgtac	tcccgggcca	ttatgaactc	ctcttaagaa	gacgacggct	tcaggcccgg	240
ctaactctgg	caccccggtg	cgaggacaag	tgagagagca	agtgggggtc	gagactttgg	300
ggagacgggtg	ttgcaagaga	cgcaagggag	aagaaatcat	aacaccccca	ccnaacacc	360
nncaagacag	cagtcttctt	cacccgctgc	agccgttncg	ttccaaacag	agggccacac	420
agaatacccc	acgtttttat	ataaggagga	aaaccggnaa	aanaatttaa	aagttaaaaa	480
aatanccttt	cngttttaca	ctactgntgt	agactcctgn	tttcttcaan	cacctgnaga	540
ttcttgattt	ttttgttggt	gatgntctct	ccattgcttg	tngtttgcnt	gggaantttt	600
atttaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaatt	cttgtgagtn	gactttggnt	tttaaacan	tgntagattt	660
taacngnacc	cttaatgggt	tgtaacntata	tgntttnaaa	acatgnnaan	aaatatttaa	720
tgtaaagggn	ctgttnntaa	atntaaccac	ntanagaant	tnnaannnn	tnnancctt	780
tagaacnatt	nntgng					796

<210> 609

<211> 790

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 609

gnnnttttaa	nacctntttc	aatncttggt	tttnaatcnt	tttgcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgcacccagg	gagaacctcg	gggctgggac	acctcctggc	cctcacctcg	ggatcatgtt	120
acagtctctca	gtgccccaca	ccggtggccc	cctgaggaca	cctccaccct	gaccttgatt	180
ttcccaaacg	ctgcctcttg	gtgacagact	cagcccaaaa	ccccttcctt	ctgtctctgg	240
agacccttga	gcttggggaa	atatggaggg	gtgtgtgtct	gcaatcaagg	cctctgcagc	300
tcacggctgg	cccgggtggc	tgggacttcc	gtctgaattt	taaatactta	gggntcattt	360
ttttctctcg	gcaacaaagc	ttgatgtttt	cactgcttta	gtttcctgtt	tgctgggtgg	420
aggggatagc	gtctgtgact	ctggacttgc	tctgggggaa	cagttgtcac	tgccccngg	480

gagaggggca gcttgggctt ggaagaaagc acaccccnnga gaccagagcc ccttcnagag	540
ggatncttgg ctgcttcatt gncctttcccc cagcaagccc tgctcttcca caagcncctt	600
ntgggggtctt ggggtatggc ccccgntcac cttctttcca nantccctga nntgggtgtag	660
ggttgtgggt tggcacangg aattttggg cattggggaa ggggnnttca aaacttttnc	720
caaanacccc cgtgttccn ngnaaaattn aanttgggtg gcttnggggtg ntnaccccca	780
antcttngnc	790

<210> 610

<211> 786

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 610

gatgtttnnn annctgggtc taatncttgg aaanctncnn ctttgttann ngcnntttct	60
gcaggatccc atcgattcga attcggcacg agcccagctg gacctgggtg ccctttccta	120
gtgcctctgc tgggggagga gaacctctgt ccacgtggag gctaggaggt ctcagggtgct	180
gccctggcag caccagagt tgggcccggc ccgagtgtct gcccctcggc cctcagggtg	240
yyycacittag caccagaag ggaccaaag cagggcatgg cgggtgcagag gagtttggga	300
ggtgtaaaca gcccacatga cgtggaggag gagctggctt tcagccccag accccacgct	360
agcactttcc acgctgcttg cccgctgttg atgtgcagtt cccagtgcct gtgtgagccg	420
acatctgctc agtcctatcc ctgcgcagcg tgtggagacc cagctcctgc aagcccttct	480
gcttccacgc cccagacag cttgggtggag ggtccctgcat ctgggccaag ctgggggtgca	540
cccagccaaa gacaaagctg ccttcacgtg cccaaaggat tcaagatggt gcaactggccc	600
cgggaggagt cttgacccaa aatgggagcc cgctcttgtg gggaaanccc cgacttcccc	660
caccnanaaa ccgntcccac ggtgccggan cttccccctt ttcctttgtg ggggcaacaa	720
nattggcctt gggcncttcc aattnttncg gaagctttcc tgggtgtngg cttttgacct	780
taaaat	786

<210> 611

<211> 938

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 611

tggttttaaag ccctntttng aatncttggc ttncgncccc ttggcaagat cnetctctgc	60
aggatcccat cgattcggtt gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcttcat gttggtcagg	120
ctgggtctnaa actcctaacc tcgtgatccg cctgcctcga cctcccaaag tgctgggatt	180
acaggcatga gccaccatgc ccagccaaag atcatttttt tatatagact tcagnccttt	240
gtaaatattg taactgggga gtatagagta gaaaaaaagt atagntaaaa catttgttct	300
acaaattaac ctttaaaaaat ataattactg ctaaaaatag agtgctgtta cacttaagga	360
aaattagtgc cattttggaa atgagatctt gtgccataaa tncagctgaa ctgaatataa	420
atgttcacaa attaatgctg tnaaaggaaat gagttaagca gaaaaacttt taaccagcac	480
ttctcaaaaa anaaaannna nnaattaaat nntataancn ncatnnanat ntatnntann	540
tttncntctn nattncanta attttgtntt ncaaatannt nnacctnnan ctntgtntn	600
nttnnnncna tnnantatcn ntttatcnan tatatnatta netnatntn nngnannnga	660
tentnctcta tncnnnatnn tncatatnnc gtcnntnnn nnaantatgc etcatnatat	720
ntacnnnaaa ngntangta tgnttantgc atnnncatna ctntgatgt cnnagtnnna	780
natattttgc cnetcattat tntgctnatn tatntgtttg acacannata ctnnnancna	840
ttcatcttct cgcaatnngn gnacttttna nttacnnnna tgntannnnnt natatatnta	900
tcattagana ctttttnaat tntnnntncn nanacgcg	938

<210> 612
 <211> 771
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 612

tgtttgnaan	nncggntntt	gaaatnctg	gtacnnaaac	nctttngnaa	ancnccctc	60
nctgtntgat	cccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	acgagataga	aactaggcac	tgatttgttt	120
atattnttcc	tgctcgagac	acatgatgtt	tcatgtatct	gtggcttttt	atagttaa	180
ataatttctg	gaaaagtc	agtcattatc	tctttaaccg	ctccctctct	tccattctct	240
ttgttctctc	ttcctcgaac	tcctgttagt	catttgatcc	tccatatctc	tgaatatttt	300
tgtatttctt	ttattattta	tttcttgtct	ctgctacatt	ttacattgag	taaaagtggg	360
atgtgacagt	gggaaatcat	tagtgactta	gaaattccag	ttggctcattg	ggccaatttt	420
gatgctacct	tctctctttt	atttctcact	tcaaaataaa	atttgcaaaa	acaaaaaatt	480
aaatatagta	tgagtccagt	tactggccta	aggagctaaa	agcattctgg	gtttgtatga	540
agacagctga	gttataacaa	atgagagtac	tgttgtgtga	ctgcattaat	tattcccttt	600
ttaaattgtac	aagagcaang	cattctacct	gactgngtta	ttgagctctg	cancatacat	660
ggtgacanag	ctaaaacaan	acaagccnaa	ccnanaagga	aaaccccagc	tttagggata	720
ctctgntcat	ngaatatagc	ctgaaaaatg	gntaatcaag	aaagtnaach	t	771

<210> 613
 <211> 774
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 613

tttgaatcct	tgctttcaaa	tncttggcac	tngccctctc	tnaggaatc	ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca	cgaggtaacg	tgacacgtat	tttacttctt	ttantaggcg	gacacacttt	120
cttaaagttaa	taatacgtca	tggccctgct	ataaggtagt	agttctagaa	gactgtntat	180
ctaataattc	agactaaagc	tatttatatt	gctgtgacac	cacgtggaaa	acttttataa	240
ttccatctta	tttctgatgt	atatgtttta	tttctctgct	cttcataaga	actaaaaacc	300
aaagtatttt	acgtgaaaac	aagatttttg	tttgagttca	tttacttgag	atatgtttta	360
aaaatccacc	ttctgtcaca	ctatagaagt	atattttgaa	ttatcaaaag	gtagaattat	420
aactttcana	aaagaaaaaa	atgggtcaatt	tantttaact	ctatgtcaaa	aattttattta	480
tagtctcata	tattcattcc	acaccccccg	ttcttctttc	cttctttctc	cctctgcctt	540
nttcttaatn	atnattttta	aattctgacc	aaaaataaag	tngtggcaag	tactttctta	600
gcataacctg	gactgggtga	agnagtaatt	ctgntccctt	aaaaaaantc	cccaactggg	660
nccngngnca	ggnacaaaaa	ntntaanga	acatntggga	attangcnaa	atggatnttc	720
cttgagggtc	caacccccaa	aatcattag	gncnaccaa	attnaaaata	atcg	774

<210> 614
 <211> 754
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 614

ttggantctt	ctcngaaacn	cttngcnatt	gncntntctg	naggatccca	tcgattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga	ggttcttcaa	agccaaccaa	gacaggcttn	tnagttttag	agcttcagaa	120
caaattgcca	aaagccagag	ttgtttatgc	tagtgcaact	ggtgcttctg	aaccacgcaa	180
catggcctat	atgaaccgtc	ttggcatatg	gggtgagggt	actccattta	gagaattcag	240
tgattttatt	caagcagtag	aacggagagg	agttggtgcc	atggaaatag	ttgctatgga	300

tatgaagctt	agaggaatgt	acattgctcg	acaactgagc	tttactggag	tgaccttcaa	360
aattgaggaa	gttcttcttt	ctcagagcta	cgtaaataatg	tataacaaag	ctgtcaagct	420
gtgggtcatt	gccagagagc	ggtttcagca	agctgcagat	ctgattgatg	ctgagcaacg	480
aatgaagaag	tccatgtggg	gtcagttctg	gtctgctnac	cagaggttct	tcaaattctta	540
tgcatagcaa	tccaaagtta	aaagggtttg	tgccactagc	tcgagaggaa	atcaangaat	600
ggaaaaatgt	gttgtaattg	gtctgcantc	tacaaggaga	agctangaac	atntagaaag	660
ctttggaaa	aaggccgng	ggagaaattg	aatgattttt	ggtttcaact	nccaaaaggt	720
gtgttgcnct	cccttctttg	aaaaaacatt	ttct			754

<210> 615

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 615

tgttttnaatg	ctgttttgaa	atcttgtttc	aaatcctttg	gctacttgct	ctntctgnan	60
gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggcacgaggg	attctttcac	tgaqcacaaa	gagttggtgg	120
ggcttttagca	tctgactgat	tttgttacgg	ggttgattct	gaccatagga	agtatgcaat	180
gtgaatcact	atttacagag	aaacctacaa	cagatgcttg	atgttgtaga	aactgggaca	240
tatagatacc	aagcaaaatt	ataagaaacc	tataaggtgt	tcaatacgct	tgtgtttcca	300
aaattcactg	tncatgatca	gtttggtgtt	cttgtagcac	agtttttaac	tgaagggaacc	360
agttgtaaca	gtctcaattt	ttaactaaaa	cttgaagaac	taanacaaca	atgcaaacct	420
ttcagcattg	tttgccaaa	cttggttaaaa	ctgtaatgca	agaaccaa	gcactgtgat	480
gtggcaccaa	ctaattagca	agcatgaatt	tttcacccaa	nagtgaaaaa	aggaaaatct	540
accatggctt	naagtttaag	agcagaactt	cctgactncc	attctatgac	tgatcaaaaa	600
nactaatagt	ttaaaacctn	agcangcctt	gttcacgata	tgcnagaaaa	aaaagtgcct	660
gcagtttann	atccttatgg	aantttttca	cantgttnaca	nggtnttgta	atacnttgga	720
ngccctacat	tttcntanga	atntattttt	cttgacctaa	nttggnttca	angc	774

<210> 616

<211> 769

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 616

atnncntttt	tgnaatcctc	tctgaaatcc	tttgctactt	gctctttntg	caggatccca	60
tcgattcggc	cagtcctcac	cttccctagt	cctcgtgtgt	atttttaggag	atgcgtgggt	120
gtggaacagc	ctcctgcctc	cggccaggt	gtactggggt	ctgtgtgttg	tgtttctgcg	180
tgttctcggc	agaaagtggc	atgctgtccc	gcctgggtga	tttgctcttt	tacactattg	240
ctgaaggaca	ggaacgaatc	cctatccaca	agttcaccac	tgactaaag	gccactggac	300
tgcagacatc	agatcctcgg	ctccgagact	gcatgagcga	gatgcaccgc	gtgggtccaag	360
agtccagtag	tggtggcctc	ttggaccgag	atctcttccg	aaagtgtgtg	agcagcaaca	420
ttgtgctcct	gacccaagca	ttccgaaaga	agtttgtcat	tcctgatttt	gaggagtcca	480
cgggccatgt	ggatcgcctc	tttgaggatg	tcaaanagct	tactggaggc	aaagtggcan	540
cctacatccc	cttncctggc	aagtcaaaac	cagacctgtt	gggtgtctnc	ctgtgcaactg	600
gtggatngtc	aanngcactc	ttgtgggcca	cacaanagat	tccctttttg	cctgcaanac	660
cntgtntgaa	acccctttaa	cttatngccn	attnncntna	agcaaccctt	aggcnanttg	720
actnncnttc	acaanttttt	ggggcnaaag	anncnaattg	gcctgcct		769

<210> 617

<211> 766

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 617

aganntcttc	ctttctaata	nctngctacn	ttctctntct	gcaggnatcc	catcgattcg	60
cttcctcaaa	gcatggttgc	tgagnaccca	nagttgcgag	gngttttttt	actgatttag	120
ccagggtggca	atcatgagtg	aatggatgaa	gaaaggcccc	ttagaatggc	aagattacat	180
ttacaaagag	gtccgagtga	cagccagtga	gaagaatgag	tataaaggat	gggttttaac	240
tacagaccca	gtctctgccca	atattgtcct	tgtgaacttc	cttgaagatg	gcagcatgtc	300
tgtgaccgga	attatggggac	atgctgtgca	nactgttgaa	actatgaatg	aaggggacca	360
tagagtgagg	gagaagctga	tgcatttgtt	cacgtctgga	gactgcaaag	catacagccc	420
agaggatctg	gaagagagaa	agaacagcct	aaagaaatgg	cttgagaaga	accacatccc	480
catcactgaa	cagggagacg	ctccaaagac	tctctgtgtn	gctggggtn	tgactataga	540
cccaccatat	gggtccacaa	naantgcagc	atctctaata	aganttatcc	ttgcccttng	600
ttcaangatc	ttattgaaag	gacatcttac	agcttttccc	aatgagaang	cccangaagt	660
gttaaacata	ctgnnttgaa	aaaagcactn	tatntnttcc	cntnttaana	tggtntctaa	720
aatgtanaaa	naaannaaaa	naaaanctcg	atccctctnn	aacnct		766

<210> 618

<211> 762

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 618

tttnnagnnt	cttcctttct	aatggcttgg	ctactngttc	ttntngcagg	atcccatcga	60
ttcgctcagt	gcagcgatca	tggtcagtg	cagcctcaaa	ctcttgggct	caagcagtg	120
tccaacctca	gcctcctgag	tagctaggac	tataggcaca	cagcaccatg	ccccggctat	180
ttttttat	tgtagagatg	gggtctcact	atgttgccca	ggctagtctt	gaactcctgg	240
cctcaagcaa	tcctcccacc	tcggcctccc	aaagtgtctg	gattaaaggc	gtgagccacc	300
gtacctggcc	cttggtggaa	tctttagggt	ttctatttca	tacatatata	atcatatcat	360
tggcaaacag	agataat	acttcctcct	ttccaatttg	gatgccttag	atctcttttc	420
cttgccctaac	tgctctgtct	agaactccca	gcactatgct	gaatagagtg	gcaagagcag	480
gcatttgcct	tgttcctaac	cttagagaaa	aatccttcag	cctttttacca	ttgaggatga	540
tgtttgctgt	tagtttttca	taaatgatct	atatcaggct	tgaataaatt	tctatttcta	600
aaaanaaaaa	atataacnnn	ntanttnatn	aantnnttaa	naaaanaaaa	actggnacct	660
ntaaaactta	tagtnagatc	gtttnacgt	anatcccana	ntttgataan	gatacattgg	720
atnanttttg	gacaancnc	aactaggaat	ngcnntgnaa	at		762

<210> 619

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 619

tttgagntc	tttctttcta	atncttggct	actngntctt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgaattcggc	acgagcggac	ccatcggagc	gtaacctgga	tctccgcagg	cctggcggag	120
gccggccacc	tgagggggca	ttgcttgggt	cgcgtggtag	cagaggagct	tgagaatgtt	180
cgcattcttac	cacatacagt	tctttacatg	gctgattcag	aaactttcat	tagtctggaa	240
gagtgtcgtg	gccataagag	agcaaggaaa	agaactagta	tggaacacgc	acttgccctt	300
gagaagctat	tcccaaaaca	atgccaagtc	cttgggattg	tgacccacag	aattgtagtg	360
actccaatgg	gatcaggtag	caatcgacct	catgaaatag	aaattggaga	atctgggtttt	420

gctttattat	tccctcaaat	tgaaggaatn	aaaatacaac	cctttcattt	tattaaggat	480
ccaaagaatt	taacattaga	aagacatcaa	cttcactgaa	gtaggtcttt	tagataaccc	540
ctgaacttcg	tgtgggtccct	tgtctttggn	tataaatgct	gtaagggtggn	agccantaat	600
tntctgcaan	aagtangnca	gcacttttca	gtgatttgaa	tatcatcttg	gcttngangc	660
cangtgagaca	accttgtcat	aactgacttc	tgaaaagaac	cctntngata	tttgatgcct	720
cnggtgtngg	tggaactgtc	atttantnng	anna			754

<210> 620

<211> 767

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 620

gcgttctttg	aaagccctnt	tttgaaaggc	ttgcttctaa	ttacgggaaa	cctttgcaac	60
tgcagatccc	atcgattcga	attcggcacg	aggaccacag	tagaccagct	caagagttca	120
tgttctttgt	natectctg	tgagctctct	gtaagtcnnt	ttcttgccca	tcaccacatc	180
cctagtactg	ggtatcagtc	tggtccacttg	gctttctggt	ttgccccaat	gtgggtctatt	240
cttgatgcag	ctaccaaagt	aatgttttaa	aaccattata	ccaagttact	atccttgtca	300
aaacccccag	taactgccaa	tctcacttag	aataaaatcc	ggactcctgt	gaagcacagc	360
ataaactggc	cactgcctat	gcagcaacct	catctttaac	gnttcctgcc	ttgctcactc	420
ccttccagcg	ccgttattct	tctgatgcc	cctagtacac	aacaactcct	tctgtctcca	480
agagtaggaa	aattactggg	ctctctgcca	gngagaancc	tcttctggna	ttacctttgc	540
ttcattgcng	aatcttctnc	aatatcatct	tctaaaaaga	gccttttaaa	aatcaccttt	600
nctatnatgc	cctactcatt	tccagtcct	gaaanggcc	ttcccacttn	antannactt	660
attgctaacn	tgaaatacac	taaatgnnan	ccttcatgaa	nggtanggca	anttaaattgc	720
nttngcactg	gnnaggcnaa	gagaacaagc	ancntggntt	canaagn		767

<210> 621

<211> 828

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 621

tttctaatag	cttgctttct	aatnctnggn	aacgctnggt	ctctgnagga	tccctcgatt	60
cgaattcggc	ncgaggggtg	acagagtga	actcgtatct	ccaancaaac	aaacaaaaag	120
tncttaaaaca	tatgtgaaca	aaaatttngt	gatggaagga	ttctagttaa	tgagtattgc	180
atcaagattt	acatctttct	tactaaggaa	aagagttaat	aaaaatngnt	ctttatttta	240
caggcagnta	ctgaggctct	tcccanntcn	cagtanaacag	ccactcagcc	ttgaaaatgg	300
agtgttggtg	tttctaataca	tatatttatg	tcatttattn	aggtacagtt	cacttaaata	360
accataagtn	gantctctct	tgtnagtgat	ttgggtagga	agaggccatg	tctanagtgc	420
natttctctg	ttgggtccna	ntgaaattgg	accttttnag	ttgttcanaa	aaatnaanat	480
aaattnctca	tattaaatca	agannctcnt	caanttatag	atgtggggta	gggttcenng	540
taaaacccat	tatnaatcta	gaaaattatc	nctatngana	angcntttaa	tatctnttac	600
cntgaaattc	attacttttag	tncaaggcct	acctttaaan	gtttnnncnn	gaaccatttt	660
tannnnntcn	ncttttggnn	caananntca	ttttaancca	ccaaaantcn	caattntnt	720
tncattnnaa	tannggatgn	naattatnnn	atcnatgtgt	catatttnac	canganaata	780
ctgngetncn	tgnaataatn	ggtacactaa	anncnngann	tttnntcn		828

<210> 622

<211> 784

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 622

gtctttgaaa	ccttttttcta	atncttgctt	tctaatnctt	ggcnactcnn	ctctcncctgc	60
agnncccatc	gattcgtttg	ctttcagtg	ttggctttca	ctgaaagaaa	gtgtaaanaa	120
agtcagaatt	tatagctttc	actatgtcca	agactaggac	tgggttataa	agattttctt	180
ttgtgaagga	aaataaaaaga	aaatttgcca	ctactgcatt	tactttacta	ttgtaaactt	240
aagattcatt	ccttagtctt	tgggaatttg	atgtctcaaa	accagatgag	tgggaagtgc	300
gaatttgcaa	aataaagcta	agaatgctta	actctgcact	ttaagttcta	ctctgaccaa	360
attgaagatg	agcagagcag	ccctgaacag	catttngttt	atacagtctt	gtttaagaat	420
agaatttttt	taactcttca	tttnttgtct	ctgtggaagc	tgtgtaactc	tttttaaaat	480
gcaatttaaa	acattntggt	attctaacaa	ttctctcaan	aaacagcatt	tccaatggna	540
atnggtattg	ntacgctgta	ccttatgtat	tncctgtacc	tgaacacttg	atgctgcctn	600
acangaaaat	agaactttat	gttaaaaaat	aaaagtctgg	tncttctttg	naaaaaaac	660
nnctnctnctn	ctcnaaatcc	ncnacannc	tnnnaatntn	ctaantnag	tctnnnttnn	720
ngcanncttn	tnnncccnct	nanctccctn	tntcntnttc	atatctanan	tnacanccct	780
ccct						784

<210> 623

<211> 1164

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 623

gggactnttt	angccttttt	cgaaatccnt	tncttccnaa	tcccttngca	actntcnnct	60
ntctgcanga	tcccatcgat	tcgaattcgg	cacgnagnga	gcnnattcnc	gttttnagng	120
ttctntttct	ntnatnnaca	ngngaaantt	ccaggnnatc	ntgnnnccnt	atctgantna	180
ngctngnttn	aacntngnna	caccnngnct	mnnaancaa	tttnanaaaa	gggnancncn	240
nanancatnn	nanntnncca	atctaccaaa	atcanaacac	ncantgaaca	acacananna	300
tnnnatacnn	tctacncaa	ancnnncnat	nnacgcacg	ataanacanc	nnnmaaaaa	360
ancnaancan	atatcanann	caaccntana	cnannaatca	nacnctnanc	tccncacag	420
cannngacn	aanaacnanc	antgataaan	cncacctnnn	tannacacac	ctnannancc	480
nnntantcc	cgaataacca	atngccacnn	ctannccnat	aacanantcn	ctnanccttc	540
ntgcatcaaa	ttantaat	cncnancata	aagnanatca	cagcctcntt	cnaccnntga	600
tcnaancntn	anaccnangn	nanncnntat	naaacnctat	ancantnnna	ctnnaacntt	660
nnatcngcnc	ntanaaatta	aanatcnaaa	actcaatatn	ncggaatant	nncttctcta	720
nataannnta	naacggngna	aanacncctc	anacataann	gnentacnna	tcgatctatc	780
anntnancat	aaagtcaccc	gcatattnac	cnacgnncaa	cataannnaa	atnctactct	840
cagaccatat	aaatntcgcn	tcctnanatc	agngcnanan	tacaaanacg	tcgcnnnngt	900
ntggaccaca	cgncntagat	aaacacnnat	aaacantttt	tanatgtaac	acatttcnna	960
tctatnaaat	ancatcattn	atgnanacga	tnacaacaaa	nnctacncna	tgntactaaa	1020
nacaantaaa	nntnanatta	aaaaagttgc	aannatncng	ngaaanntcc	cnanaaacan	1080
tanatnctta	tttannnnntn	acnnccgngt	nnccntaaaa	anaactctnn	nntnnctggn	1140
ttgtanatnt	annncnanct	cgcg				1164

<210> 624

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 624

ttgttaagcc	tnttttcnaa	ntccttcctt	tnaaatcttt	tgnaaacctt	ggtanttgca	60
ggnatcccat	cgattcgagt	aaagcatcct	gcctcagaat	gactttccta	tcatgcttta	120
tgtgtcattc	caaggtttct	tcatgagtca	ttccaagttt	tctagtccat	accacagtgc	180
cttgcaaaaa	acaccacatg	aataaagcaa	taaaatttga	ttgttaagat	acagtagtgg	240
accctactta	ttcagtcaat	taagagtaag	tttttttatg	tggttattaa	aacagtatga	300
acaattagtc	taactctgca	tagacagggg	ctagattttg	ttaacccaaa	tgtataactg	360
cagttagott	aaattacaat	ttgaagtctt	gtggntntnta	tatagctngg	cactttatta	420
ctcttttgaa	ctgaaagcac	actcccttat	aggttcctgt	aactgtcctg	taataagggtg	480
cttataaatg	ggaacaacta	cacagcctag	ttttgncaca	acctttagca	tctaaaaaag	540
ttttaaaagc	ttcttaaatg	nctaataata	anggagatgc	tnatanccac	aacatctatt	600
ttaccaatat	tngtttcctt	acacttacct	tgggannttg	cattgagtga	ngttttngta	660
aacccccaan	atncccata	atanaaaaaa	nttggtacgt	tttnatgact	ttaatccann	720
ttncctgtng	gnnttcncct	aaaangcttn	ccnnnggnnt	ggaantnnna	ntnatntntg	780
gggnaaggtt	tnngttnt					798

<210> 625

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 625

ttcttaagcc	ncttttctaa	tgcttgcttt	naaatctttt	gnaancgctc	ggctntntgc	60
aggatcccat	ccgattcgaa	ttcggcacga	ggaaatgcct	ctatgtangt	gaagtgttct	120
ctctgcatgc	aacagtaaaa	attaatataa	tattttcccc	acaaaagaaa	cacttaacag	180
aggcaagtgc	aattttataa	tttatatcta	aagggaatc	atgattataa	gtccttcagc	240
cottggactc	taaattgagg	ggattaaaaa	gaattttaaa	taattttgaa	cgaatttatt	300
ttccccctcag	tttttgaggg	cattaaaaag	gcattaaatc	aagacaaatc	atgtgcttga	360
gaaaaataaa	attaatgaaa	acacagcact	tatgttggtt	tagctgcagc	ctccttggag	420
gtagaattta	tttattttaa	attactgggt	gcacaaagaa	ccccataggg	tgtacaaaag	480
gttctataaa	atctgcatta	tagagacaaa	gangcaggca	aatncatgtc	acaagggtna	540
agcttacagt	ttacaaaactg	gggaacgccc	aggggtgtang	atttnaaaaa	cgnactctt	600
gagaaaacan	atgtaatcan	ggntgctgaa	aactttgcat	ggnggctttt	aagacattta	660
gnccttggtc	aaacccaaaat	ttnttggnat	ttgccagatt	ccttantntt	gccatgggcc	720
atgacaccat	ttttggcctt	tatgncnctt	taaaattttt	aattaaaaat	accntttcca	780
gtaannctaa	ttt					793

<210> 626

<211> 825

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 626

ntttgaatnc	ctttgnaaat	ccttntttct	aatntntgga	tccttggena	ctcgtntnt	60
ctgnangatc	ccatcgattc	gaaacggcnc	taggaatcat	cgaagggtga	gaccgtgacn	120
anttacatag	tgatnaatac	ccatctatgt	actgngcct	nctaaatgtn	tntctnchnn	180
atggannttn	cctttaanct	ctagatccat	tgacancctg	ancatntcta	aaaggcatta	240
ngaaactgaa	cacatctgat	acagaactct	gcattnnctt	ccnaantntg	cccannccna	300
gcctgntcct	nnttcacgct	tancacttat	natatgatcc	cactattcac	tnantctctg	360
aagcttaaaa	cctangattc	atgcttgact	actgnataat	mntacaatct	actcctaagt	420
cattagcaat	tcttgctagc	tctaccttca	aaatatattc	tgaatagact	atntcttgcc	480
gnttcccttg	cctnncatt	tcccactctg	accctttctc	tntncccaa	aatcaatata	540

ctagntgttt	ctaaaaaaaa	tatnganann	tagnnnaaaa	ncntaaataa	atntaaaana	600
angnntancn	tnacanaana	ttntaataat	aggnnanntn	ntgncaanaa	cnntaantnt	660
tnaatacgnn	aaaactctct	cnaanngann	aanntatnnn	agttaaaagn	naaatannnn	720
aanantncca	aantntanaag	ataangncat	aanntatna	gncnnaacgc	taantgnnga	780
tgantntaa	tnngnatana	nnantngtta	nnacaaaatn	tacnn		825

<210> 627

<211> 772

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 627

tttttaatgc	ttngtcgnac	ttctcccagn	aategnttng	aaactengcn	actcgttctc	60
tctgcangat	cccacgatt	cggaaatttg	cactgatggc	tcanaaggct	tacgttttgg	120
agagtatgac	ctacctcaca	gnagggatgc	tggaaccaacc	tggttttccc	gactgctcca	180
tcgaggcagc	catggtgaag	gtgttcanct	ccgaggccgn	ctgncagtgt	gtgagtgagg	240
cnctgcagat	cctcgggggc	tngggctaca	caagggacta	tccgtacgag	cgcatactgc	300
gtgacacccg	catcctactc	atcttcnagg	gaaccaatga	gattctccgg	atgtacatcg	360
ncctgacggg	tctgcagcat	gccggccgca	tcttgactac	caggatccat	gagcttaaac	420
aggccaaagt	gagcacagtc	atggataaccg	ttggccggag	gcttcggggac	tncttgggcc	480
naactgtgga	cctggggctg	acaggcaacc	atngagtgtg	gcacccagct	cttgcnagaca	540
gtgccaaaca	atttgaggag	aacacctact	gctttanctc	ngaccgtgag	acacttgctg	600
ntnccntttg	gcaaagacca	tcatgganga	ncanntnggt	nctnaancng	nntggccaac	660
atnctcatca	acctgtattg	gcatgnaccg	cncttgctgn	acnncngngc	caaancnctc	720
nantccgcca	ttggggcttc	cggnaaccac	tnnacaccaa	ggttctnttg	gc	772

<210> 628

<211> 808

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 628

tcnctcgnaa	cntttnannc	ttggetactc	gntctctctg	caggatccca	tcgattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga	gatgacatcc	tcattatcca	cantgcaaag	ccaaccatcc	ctatgatggg	120
ttcattgtgg	atcatgactt	antgggtcaa	gagtttggaa	gtggctcagc	tgggcggnct	180
tctgctncat	gtggctgcca	natggtnccc	tgctggttng	cagnctngtc	tagagggtcc	240
atgatggctt	tactcacatg	cctggcatct	tgacaggggac	agctgggnang	caaagnnnat	300
ctgggactgt	ncacagagct	ncttcntgtg	gcctttccag	catggtggtc	taagggtagc	360
tggaacttnt	gcatnacagc	tcagggtctc	cagagctact	gtcccaagag	atnnaaagtg	420
gnaactgnca	atcttttang	ctaangncca	gaaaccatta	ccctgcacc	ncacagtctt	480
tttntanctg	ntgaaataaa	cattnnnttt	atcaattnta	ancattcgca	aattggaatt	540
aaataccttt	tactaatttt	gncgtgacca	tctgccccctn	gttcaagatc	taaaaaactt	600
ttatngntca	tctgmngat	ntaaaaaact	nttgtgttng	catttanaac	ccntaagcan	660
nttnggcant	tanannnaan	annttnnnna	acccttntat	anaaccttat	taagttgang	720
catnngnant	ttcncttna	aatccnaggt	ccttagggct	angnnatacc	nttcntatng	780
naactttngg	gaacctaaan	cctctcct				808

<210> 629

<211> 827

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 629

ggccnncttt	gaaccttntt	caaactnttt	ggcactcgcc	ncctctctgnt	ngntcccatc	60
gattcgctgt	gatccaaggc	atgaaaagag	tgcaaggtaa	ncangnggca	gcnttnatng	120
aagcatnaaa	taangcnaaa	gcnnatgctn	anctnangga	gcangnngct	aaagacaacc	180
acannctanc	tgntnctaa	tcatgctntg	cttnctnang	tgancctata	gnaacgcant	240
nagactncan	gcnttgcttg	gcncacaag	gnnacctana	ntcatnanga	agcnnrtgaa	300
ctaangagtg	gctacnncct	ttntnctca	tgcntgacct	gtaatnatte	ttctganttg	360
aggcaanagc	gggttnnaant	natngntnan	ntgnaaanac	tntnnnatcc	gnnnntnctg	420
attannttnc	attntntna	atgatanann	ctcatcnngc	tcgnccctgna	ctttganang	480
ctnnntcn	anntnctga	ctttaggagn	nnacctncag	cganatgtna	agnanngaaa	540
ttnanntncc	tnnecntecn	cettgcngac	tnanngtctt	gngnaacntn	angtanntan	600
tctacngggg	gnnacnttg	nnaattggg	ncttataaan	tnttctnna	agaatgantg	660
naccaattnt	nnaanntcta	agnttgggga	aatctnngtt	tcctgnatnn	gnacaaaaan	720
tcgatttann	ngncnngntt	nnttgggcnt	catntgccat	tgatgcnatt	cnacttatgt	780
cctcntggng	cntnttnaa	nnnggnngnn	aacatttttt	gtgtgcc		827

<210> 630

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 630

ttcnaatgct	tggnccnngag	tcnccctttg	aacntttttca	aatnncttgg	caactcgcnc	60
tctctgcatg	atcccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggcg	ngttgttcta	caactgcnnct	120
ngaagntttt	ntaanaagcc	accacttagc	ngaggcnct	acangtcttg	gggncttagc	180
gaagagaaat	cncgctggca	cttgncctgt	tcacntaagn	actnntgnct	gantccnagg	240
gtannngtnc	accttgngnn	ccancagaca	nacccaannt	gncntaaaaan	gggcaggctct	300
aagcttacnc	tnagactncac	nggcaagctg	nangcctgt	ctgccttccn	ctgcnnntnac	360
aatngacag	tnngaccaag	agtcanaag	aaaactncaa	ggatacatnt	atcccantct	420
nttctacacc	tntanattcc	ntganctatt	gctcanaccn	atcgtgoggg	caaaggcaag	480
acttgggcaa	cattnttnaa	tacaatgatg	ctgacaanta	atttccngct	ngttgccagg	540
natntttacn	cgagctnttg	tgattccaaa	ctaaagaatg	gngccnnnan	gcccctntt	600
antnctggnc	ccccanaang	ancctaactn	gcgaaagggn	agnatggcat	tnacccaaac	660
caacttntng	gattacnca	actccanaan	atccgacggc	atnnaanang	caaaacaaca	720
acttcnncan	natnnaanna	atngnncenn	aaananaacc	cgngcntctn	aaacnattgt	780
ggacccatnc	ccc					793

<210> 631

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 631

gnagtncct	tnancctct	ntnaaatcgc	tttngcnant	cgctcttttc	tgntngatcc	60
catcgattcg	aattcggcac	gagatgttac	agacatgaaa	tatgaacaga	atnctaaaag	120
aacataaaaag	aataagagct	ccttaaagat	tataaataaa	tggtgatgtt	aaagtaatat	180
caccattgga	cgaagctagg	gaatcaacac	ttgacagaaa	gatacatatt	ttttttatatac	240
aaactacata	tatttgagca	atcaagtagt	agacatagag	aattttcttt	ttatggaagt	300
actctaataa	gtaaagggt	gatagaatta	tatcagcatt	ttctagctcc	tggtgaatta	360
tgcatgggc	atccatggct	gccttagatc	acaaaaatac	caccagatat	atgcctgtgg	420
atgaaagatc	acaccaccac	ctgtgaaata	gtcttcccca	caaaaaatcc	aacccaaatc	480

ctatccagcc	tgtagatggg	actcgagatc	ttctataaga	aataaagaga	gcangctggg	540
cacgggtggat	tgtgcctgta	atcccagcac	tntgggaggg	caangcaggt	ggatcgccgtg	600
angtaaagaa	gttcnagacc	agcctgccaa	catggtgaaa	ccccctctn	tacttaaaag	660
taccnaggat	gagcccggcc	gttgtggcaa	gcacctgtgg	tccccagcta	cttgggaagc	720
tgagcangaa	aaatcgcttg	aanctgggga	ng			752

<210> 632
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 632						
gnnnnnnnttn	nnnnnttcta	atgcttggct	actcgttctt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgcaactaga	gaagattgga	cagcaggtcg	acagagaacc	tggagatgta	gctactccac	120
cacggaagag	aaagaagata	gtggttgaag	ccccagcaaa	ggaaatggag	aaggtagagg	180
agatgccaca	taaaccacag	aaagatgaag	atctgacaca	ggattatgaa	gaatggaaaa	240
gaaaaatttt	ggaaaatgct	gccagtgtct	aaaaggctac	agcagagtga	tttcagcttc	300
caaactggta	tacattccaa	actgatagta	cattgccatc	tccaggaaga	cttgacggct	360
ttgggatttt	gtttaaactt	ttataataag	gacctaaga	ctgttgcctt	taaatagcaa	420
agcagcctac	ctggaggcta	agtctgggca	gtgggctggc	ccctgggtgtg	agcattagac	480
cagccacagt	gcctgattgg	tatagcctta	tgtgctttcc	tacaaaatgg	aattggaggc	540
cgggcgcant	ggctcacgcc	tgtaatccca	gcactttggg	aggccaaggt	gggtggatca	600
cctgaggtca	aggagctcga	gaccagcctg	gccaacatgg	tgaaacccca	ttcttttctt	660
aaaaatacca	aaaaatttag	cccangtgtt	gaatggntgc	atgcctgtaa	ttcccagctt	720
ctnanntagg	ctnanacaag	gagcttnctt	t			751

<210> 633
 <211> 806
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 633						
ttnnannncn	ttttnaaaag	gcctnnnnntt	gannctttcn	aatgcttggc	tactngntct	60
ttctgcanga	tcccatcgat	togaattcgg	ctntagggaa	ggggagggtt	ggtgagtcct	120
agaccttaaa	aatacaaggt	taagagggac	cccaaagcaa	aaaattccaa	cccttttctt	180
cccagtcatt	gaaacaccaa	aactattata	ccggagggtg	taatagtttt	gctgcccagt	240
tgtggtaggc	cagtagtggt	ctcccaagat	gcccattgcc	taatcccagg	aacctgtcaa	300
aattaccttg	tatggccaaa	ggggcttttg	agatgtaatg	aagttaagga	tctttcgcca	360
ggaagattat	cccagcttgt	cangagggct	tgatgtcctc	accgggtctt	gtataacaga	420
agagcaggtg	acgggagagg	aggttggagg	tgtancgatg	gacangaaac	tggagttata	480
ggagggcagc	tnaagccaca	gaatccaggc	cancttanga	gcccaggaaa	atgcatttct	540
ttccacaaaa	gcccttggaa	ggccccaanc	cctgcttccc	acccttggac	tnggcttcaa	600
tgaggcttaa	tttttataaa	ttcntggctt	gatttttagaa	ctcntaaggg	gaaataaaatt	660
ttgtgttngn	tttaantcan	aaaataaatn	aattaaaaaa	aacttgaanc	ctttanaaac	720
tntantggaa	ttcntattan	cttaaanccn	aancttggat	taaaggatnc	atttgtttna	780
anttttggga	cnaaccccca	anttnt				806

<210> 634
 <211> 775
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 634

ngggacttcg	cctnacgaac	cgctnggaaa	tcccntntnt	gnaggatccc	atcgattcga	60
attcggcagc	agtataaact	ttattttatt	ctcttctggt	tttgtgttac	atgacaagaa	120
attgaattaa	nncaatanaa	ttttagttcg	ggttgcttag	gtttttactg	ctcccattct	180
tgcttttact	aatttatoca	agattagatg	tgattactat	ttaataataa	tttagtccct	240
acacttacaa	accacttaca	ataccagcat	gcttctatca	ctgtaattct	attcaattct	300
caggcccatg	aggcatgcca	gccagacgac	cagacagcat	ttatagagtg	ggcactcaat	360
accagccaca	aaagatcctg	tgtcagaagg	ggaaacaggc	ttggaggctt	ggagtatgtc	420
gtgatagcct	ccctccagtc	cacacaactg	gtactgctgg	ggctgaaact	agaactcang	480
cctatgcctc	tcaagctcaa	gggtcggatg	tccatgttct	tcgcctctag	aactatannn	540
gagtcgnaat	tacgtagatc	caagacatgg	gtaagataca	tnggatgagt	tnggaccaac	600
ccaccaacct	agaatgcan	tggaaaaaaa	tgcttaattt	ggtgaaaaat	ttgtgatggc	660
tattnngctt	aaatttngnn	aaccattttna	taaagnctng	cnantaaaaa	aaaggtttaa	720
ccaaccaaac	caattggcaa	ttccatttca	anggtttcaa	gggtccaang	ggggg	775

<210> 635

<211> 784

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 635

ttgagngtcc	tnctttnacc	ctttcnaatn	gcttggcnac	tcgctctntn	tnnaggcatc	60
ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	cgagatatag	ctctggagggt	caggacatag	gagatattga	120
ttcaggactt	gccagagtat	ggtcttgggg	tgtgccctga	tattacaaac	agggatctta	180
gtggctagggt	gatgaggcca	tggcaaatgt	agatggacca	agatcaattt	gcctttctag	240
atgaggtttt	ctagggtgaa	tgtttttgaa	actattttgt	agcctagtat	aatttataaa	300
agtagagaga	aactataaat	ataaatttgg	aanggggttag	ctaaaaggag	aaaacagcan	360
aatcttcata	tatatanaaa	tggatattaa	tttgctagaa	ttaanagact	gcaggtaaag	420
atagnttttt	ttaataacct	tttttgctgt	anaaaggaca	ggattaaatg	atnaagggat	480
gctggaatga	ggaatggtaa	ctttaggcaa	gatagtcttc	tgngacggct	gatatgaaca	540
atngagagta	anacatttnn	aatacaanaa	attgtcctgc	tgctcaccca	tcaagccttt	600
tcangtttct	tcccttgcca	aaantngtaa	naacttntgg	tacttttnna	ncttgatnn	660
ttcngtttna	ttgggtanaa	ccccttcgat	naanaanncc	atantttnaa	tttgggnttg	720
accccnagg	ttaaaanttn	ccntttntct	aatttccct	tttcaaagnt	ttaacntaat	780
taan						784

<210> 636

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 636

ttnnannctt	tcnaatnctt	ggcnactcgt	tctttctgca	ggatcccatc	gattcgtcct	60
gcgcaggagc	cgcagggccg	taggcagcca	tggcgcccag	cgggaatggc	atggctctga	120
agccccactt	ccacaaggac	tggcagcggc	gcgtggccac	gtggttcaac	cagccggccc	180
ggaagatccg	cagacgtaag	gcccggcaag	ccaaggcgcg	ccgcacgcgt	ccgcgccccg	240
cgtcgggtcc	catccggccc	atcgtgcgct	gccccacggt	tcggtaccac	acgaagggtg	300
gcgcgggccc	cggttccagc	ctggaggagc	tcagggtggc	cggcattcac	aagaagggtg	360
cccggaccat	cggtatttct	gtggatccga	ggaggcngga	acaagtccac	ggagtccctg	420
caggccaacg	tgcagnngct	tgaaggagta	ccgtccaaa	ctcatcctct	tcccaggaag	480
ccctcngccc	ccaagaaggg	aagacaagtt	cttgcgtgaan	gaacttgaaa	cttggccccc	540

ccaactgaac	egggacccgg	tcattgccgt	tcnnggaaan	gtctattata	aaggagaaag	600
cttcgagtca	tcanttgang	gaanaagaag	aatttcaaaa	gccttcgctt	atnttcngta	660
ttngcccggtg	ccaaacnccc	cngctttttt	ggcttaccgg	ccaaaaagaa	gccaanggan	720
gcccnnaaa	cagggatntt	gaaaaagaaa	naatnaaacc	ctcnn		765

<210> 637

<211> 853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 637

ttttggance	ntttttgan	ncttttcta	gctgggntac	tcgntctctc	tgcaggntcc	60
catcgattcg	aattcggcnc	gaggatcagc	ccacctcggc	ctcncaaagt	gctgggatta	120
caggcgtgag	ccaccttgcc	cagcccat	catacagttt	gaaatgaaac	tttgccacaa	180
ccagcctttg	ctgtagcaca	cacatatatc	actgaacctg	tttgaaataa	agtttttttt	240
ctttntcctc	tggtattctg	ggttctgaag	tctgggtattc	tggtattctg	ggttcaaaag	300
tatgacttga	gagtgttgct	ctgggtattct	gagagttgct	ctgtattctg	ggttctgaag	360
attatttgaa	aaataactcc	tactacattg	aaatgcagac	ttaaaaattt	aaacattgga	420
ttangcagtc	aaaaaaacca	agcaagcata	aaaggtcaat	aagttgtaat	cttgatagta	480
aaggtggaaa	acttattata	aatggnaang	aaagttttat	ttcctttttt	gtttgaatgg	540
gcaagtatgc	catattatac	ccaaaagttc	ttttaaaaaa	atatttccca	ttcaaccat	600
ttttaattna	aaattaaaa	cattttgnaa	gggaaanttt	acccaanggc	aanccctttt	660
tttccctcaa	aaaggttnac	cntgttnatc	cttctttttt	ggnaaattta	nccaccaatt	720
tttttaaagg	ngggncaatg	gggnnttaaaa	ntanccctgn	aagnnatttt	ttnanccctc	780
caggtttaaa	antccccttg	gatnggggtct	taacctgggn	gggtngnata	naaaaaaata	840
nacctnttt	anc					853

<210> 638

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 638

anttgntctt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	cgcagcaaag	actttatttt	tgtacagaag	60
atggtgaagt	ccaagacggt	ggctcagtg	gtggagtact	actacacgtg	gaaaaagatc	120
atgcggctgg	ggcggaaca	ccggacacgc	ctggcagaaa	tcacgacga	ttgtgtgaca	180
agtgaagaag	aagaagagtt	agaggaggag	gaggaggagg	acccggaaga	agataggaaa	240
tccacaaaag	aagaagggag	tgaggtgccg	aagtccccgg	agccaccacc	cgtccccgtc	300
ctggctccca	cggagggggc	gcccctgcag	gcccctgggc	agccctcagg	ctccttcac	360
tgtgaaatgc	ccaactgtgg	ggctgtgttc	agctcccgac	aggcactgaa	tgcccatgcc	420
cgcacccacg	ggggcaccaa	ccaggtgacc	aaggcccgag	gtgccatccc	ctctgggaag	480
cagaagcctg	gtggcaccca	gagtgggtac	tggttcggtaa	agagctcacc	ctctcacagc	540
accaccagcg	gcgagacaga	ccccaccacc	atcttccttg	caaggagtgt	ggcaaagtct	600
tcttcaagat	caaaagccga	aatgcacaca	tgaaaactta	cangcagcan	gaggaacaac	660
agangcaaaa	aggcttaaaa	aggcggtttt	tcagctgaaa	tggcaccnnc	aattganagg	720
actacngggc	cccgtggggg					740

<210> 639

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 639

ttttnnctnt	taatcaatcc	tttgttgact	ccttggtctac	ttgttctttt	tgcaggatcc	60
catcgatncn	aattcggcac	gangtgatgn	cagattgnna	ntnactaaa	ctgggcannn	120
catcaggatc	acctgtgggc	cttcannaat	cananatnca	ccccaggcc	atgccctnga	180
cccagtgcac	caggacaaga	aatccacccc	aggcctctcc	cnagaccac	tgnaccagna	240
caagaaatcc	acccccangc	cangccccnt	acncactgcc	ctangatntn	nnggtgtnaa	300
ccnggtgggtg	ctttgttaaag	acgtgcangt	ggtaacccca	cgcgcncncn	ctcnnnacnt	360
tggacacatg	atcatccacg	tgtctgtgat	ttgnttcctc	ggnttnnttt	gtgaatngaa	420
aataantgtn	ncgtttgact	agggtttaag	agcagcaggc	agnccctcag	ctcagcaagc	480
ngccctctca	gctcagcang	cagcccaagt	ctcctgtang	acttctatgg	accatnctgg	540
cgggaatgaa	gaaactggtc	aagctggatt	cgggactgaa	agtgtacct	ggtgacaccg	600
tatgactnan	ctgactnana	aagatcactn	atctttccac	acttgnnggg	naggagccnn	660
tannangttc	aatatgcntt	ggtngantcc	catngctaca	atttcatgga	cacantttga	720
ttacttnnga	taannnaggc	ccttggaggc	cccttntccc	cttttaacng	gaat	774

<210> 640

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 640

ctnnncctcc	ttgatecentt	cctnctttga	anncatnngc	tacttgttct	ttttgcagga	60
tcccatcgat	tcgaattcgg	cacgaggctg	acctacatca	gaagctgctg	gatgcagnaa	120
agtgaaaaca	gaccaaaca	acacngggcg	aatcttnaca	ccattntggg	tgccnnatnt	180
nnccnnngat	atttgcttgc	tnagctctac	tcctccaaga	nannangnnt	caaacnctnc	240
agcangntag	agcanntnaa	gaccgcntnt	netnacctnc	tnaagannct	ctgngaggan	300
cgcaatcctt	tngtgggaana	tagaatcaac	agaccacact	gcnctctgga	ccatgngctc	360
tcaaaangnc	tagaagggtgc	tgaccttttn	agactcttgc	agaagaggcg	angtgggtng	420
anacccttna	ggaaanacttt	cccgaaactag	accnncnctt	ncngaacnng	ntcaactgtt	480
ggggngngaaa	ncntgtgann	tgtngncctt	cngagagacg	gcatattcta	tgatggcnga	540
cttnatnctt	ctgcggaacc	anactngacn	tactgaaaga	aanctganac	aaagcgtctt	600
ccttaaggac	ccttatatcc	agacnaccct	ttggataata	ccnctnggcc	aaaacctnnt	660
aactntgcat	acaatcngga	tggcaacatt	tgaactggng	gccttnanna	ccnttaccgg	720
cttttencat	tatgnaagag	ntn				743

<210> 641

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 641

ctttcctttg	antcttcttc	tannaaacgt	tngaacgaan	tcngcacgag	accactaaca	60
gcatctactt	gactactgat	actttgatca	tggagtttgg	gcatgccact	tgatagaaat	120
ttgaagagca	atttatattt	tcaaaaagag	ttttgaataa	tgtaagata	gattgcaaca	180
tgactatcaa	ttcttccctt	cccatcaaag	gagagagtcc	gtttatccag	cctttgaatc	240
ttgattattc	aagtgacttg	cttcacccaa	tgtaacatta	ataagcacia	tacaagcaga	300
ggcttgccaa	gaacttgggt	tgtttcta	gcttagaaga	agaatgggtg	atgccatatt	360
tctgcattta	gaactcacgt	ggagacatgt	gtggcccaat	tgctcctctt	tcatctcagg	420
caataaccag	acacgggact	gaggccatcc	atgaccagcc	agccctagtc	aacacacaac	480
acacaagctg	atcacagatg	catgagtaag	cttaactgag	accagccaag	accagcctag	540
aatagaactg	ctcagcagca	ataaaaacta	aataaattgt	taccttaagc	tacttttaga	600

gctattttgga agtgtatttt tgtgcagcta acatttacta tcagataaaa tgggtgattgn	660
ttatctctgn tttaatgatg nttaaaggaa atgggttctat taaaaggaaa tatctggggc	720
tttgtcaccc ttaaaaaaat	740

<210> 642
 <211> 737
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 642	
tanccttttga nncctttctcn ncntgncntn nnnngnaacga cctcggcacg aggacacccc	60
agatgcagcc accaccagca gaagcgatca nctgacccca caaggttttc gtggctgtgg	120
ccgtgggctc aggtggcagc tatggagccg aggatgaggt ggaggaggag agtgacaagg	180
ccgcgctcct gcaggagcag cagcagcagc agcagccggg attctggacc ttcagctact	240
atcagagctt ctttgacgtg gacacctcac aggtcctgga cggatcaaaa ggctcactgc	300
tgccccggcc tggccacaac tttgtgcggc accatctgcg gaatcggccg gatctgtatg	360
gccccctctg gatctgtgcc acgttggcct ttgtcctggc cgtcactggc aacctgacgc	420
tggtgctggc ccagaggagg gacccctcca tccactacag cccccagttc cacaaggatga	480
ccgtggcagg catcagcatc tactgctatg cgtggctggg gccccggcc ctgtggggct	540
tctgcggtgg cgcaagggtg ttcaggagcg catggggccc tacacctcc tggagactgt	600
gtgcatctac ngntacttcc tctttgcttc atccccatgg tggctcctgtg gctcatccct	660
gtgccttggc ttgaatggct ttttggggcc tggncctggg ctgttaaacc gccgggctgg	720
natttaacct ntnggc	737

<210> 643
 <211> 748
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 643	
cttttaaccn tttgancnt cctcnaaac cttngatncg anttcggcac gaggaaggca	60
gaagtgtaaa tgaacataca nttaaaggag aaagcctgct gtgtttnnct tgttcagcag	120
ggtattatga attagcacia gtattgcttg ctatgcatgc taatgttgaa gatcgaggga	180
ataaaggaga cataactccc ctgatggcag cttccagtgg aggttactta gatattgtga	240
aattattact tcttcatgat gctgatgtca actcccagtc tgcaacagga aacctgcgc	300
taacttatgc atgtgctgga ggatttgtat gacattgtta aagtgtcct taatgaagg	360
gcaaatatag aagatcataa tgaaaatgga catactccct taatggaagc agccagnca	420
ggtcatgtgg aagttgcaag agttctttta gatcatggng caagcatcan cactcattct	480
aatgaattca aagaaangtg ctctaact ngcttgctac aaangccatt tggatatggg	540
gcgctttcta cntgaagctg gtgcagatca agagcncaaa acagatgana tgcacactgc	600
cttaatggan gcctgcatgg atnggacatg tanagggtggc acgtttgctt tttggatant	660
nggtgctcan gtgaacatgc ctgcataatc atnttgaatc tccattgacg ctagctgcct	720
gtgganggac atgttgaaat tgcngcct	748

<210> 644
 <211> 759
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 644	
tcnnncnctt ttcgatcttt tgagncttgc ctttgaacct cttggntacg anttcggcac	60

gaggggaacca	tgananccna	gagctagaat	tgctattgga	tnnecgtctat	tctctntttg	120
cttattgggn	cgngntnecgt	ggttntctggc	ctcangggtn	nncccgaang	anggggtatc	180
tnngagcnan	ttntgcnntt	tacnggctag	cttgntgggg	gcttaanmtg	ccactnttan	240
acatgctnta	ctantcantg	aganntnncn	ntcgaccatn	tannacnatn	ctgtgnntc	300
cngtacnctn	tgcccgatg	gagctattag	cttcaanatg	nntcgnantg	ttacatgcan	360
ncactgannt	nactatccan	natntaagtn	ctcttngctt	actgtgaaca	nnngctactn	420
ncttggatat	tatagnaagg	ntcnttgata	cncgatnatc	ntnctgtca	gatcnataaa	480
tancanctat	accnactgtn	naaatnccat	ctggnggnet	tncnatccan	acataattgc	540
attannnecgt	cnaattgnga	tanagtnttg	aaagantctn	ggtttagacn	ttggatgttg	600
caatgnttgt	gncttanaan	ttatgtgctg	gctactgant	aanctggggg	catgacntta	660
ctggnttgac	ctaagngng	aantcnatgg	tccgattgct	ggnccctanc	cttaagnttt	720
gccatgaata	ggncttttgc	cctaaaataa	naccctttt			759

<210> 645

<211> 766

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 645

tnnnnnnnntt	tcaatntttt	ancgtccctt	aggatccntc	gattcgatcc	agatgggata	60
cctctaaaca	cgaaaagaaa	gaagattcca	ttantgaatt	tttaagtttg	gtttnatcaa	120
aagccgagcc	acctangcaa	cagtccaccc	ccttagtaaa	caaagaggaa	nagcatgcac	180
cagaatcatc	cgcaaatnag	acagtcaaca	aagatgtgga	cgcacaggct	gaangagaag	240
gganccgcca	tccatggact	tattcatggc	catctttgcc	agttcctcat	atgaaaagtc	300
ctnatcctgc	gangatganc	acggtgacag	tnaanatgat	caggcacgct	ctggngagga	360
caacttccaa	agctggnaag	acactgactt	ggnggaaaca	tcactctgtg	ctcacgctnt	420
tgtgccagng	ccctaggagc	cgtcaccttc	cttcccagata	caaangatgc	agatagatna	480
naganaagag	ntcggccngn	ngctgcctcc	cgtcttatgt	nccaatgctc	gtcagacact	540
tgaagttnct	canaaaagaga	aacattccaa	gaacaaaagac	nagcacaang	gcaatanaga	600
acacaggccn	gaaagaattg	anangaaatt	ggaaacactn	gaagcacnaa	acacctaang	660
naatccaaaa	naattggcaa	accaggggaa	aagtaggtnc	ctncngnaag	tttcgacagc	720
cngcggacaa	gccanaattg	acnatgaaac	cgcatacgtg	tcttnc		766

<210> 646

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 646

ttnnnnnnntt	tttatectnt	natncttnt	ctttggatcc	atcgattcgc	tccaaggaaa	60
atccacctcg	cagcttgtaa	atctacagcc	tgattacatc	aaccccagag	cogtgcagct	120
gggctccctt	ctcgtccgcg	gcctcaccac	tctggtttta	gtcaacagcg	catgtggctt	180
cccttggaag	acgagtgatt	tcatgccttg	gaatgtatgt	gacgggaagc	tttttcatca	240
gaagtacttg	caatctgaaa	agggttatgc	tgtggagggt	cttttagaac	aaaatagatc	300
tcggctcacc	aaattccaca	acctgaaggc	agtcgtctgc	aaggcctgca	tgaaggagaa	360
cagacgcac	actggccgag	ccactgggg	ctcacaccac	gcagggagggt	ggggaagaca	420
gggctccagc	taccacagga	cgggctctgg	gtatagccgt	tccagtcagg	gacagccgtg	480
gagagaccag	ggaccaggaa	gcagacagta	tgagcatgac	cagtggagaa	ggtactagtc	540
aaccttcaga	aagagtatgg	agagaaaaag	aggcacacct	ggacgcagag	ccctgccagc	600
gccctctctg	ctgttgacgc	tgcaaggaga	ccatgcctgt	gggagccagg	cctcgttgc	660
atgaanaagg	aacgatgcct	ttttcaatgg	tgtcttcctt	ccattgtgca	naanaacctt	720

ttggtggcctt ctcttccgac ttgtgcctga tt

752

<210> 647

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 647

ttaatccttt	caattcgttc	ntctttggat	ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	cgagccctcc	60
ccggcttccc	ccggagtggg	tcaccacact	gttttttatc	atcatgggaa	tcatttcatt	120
gactgtcaca	tgtggtttgc	tggtggcttc	ccactggcga	agagaagcta	caaaatatgc	180
tcgatggata	gcattcactg	gaaccactat	gagaagatta	taggaaaaac	accaagacta	240
gaggactctg	ggttcctttt	atgcaaagtc	aactcttctg	ggtcacagtt	acccagcaac	300
aaaaataaag	agaggaccag	gacgatgcca	gcaccccggt	tatcctgagt	gaactctccg	360
gaggcctctt	caagcttggtg	ggttctctgc	tgtcttgaag	ccatccatcc	atttgatagg	420
ttttgcaaag	acttggtcct	gccaagatgg	ttttaatcat	ttctgctaaa	aggaatggac	480
tcgaggattt	gatctcattt	tagatgcagt	tgctctcact	tggccatttt	acagcacttt	540
agtaaataatg	gccagtgtat	ttggtcacta	ttaaatcaat	ccccattcat	tatctgtcan	600
ggcaactcag	tgaactaaat	actatgttct	gacctctggc	actctttctc	atgttggtta	660
aatattttaat	attgnctaag	gcaattcaag	tatttttctt	aaataaaaaa	tatgaaaact	720
caaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaan	ana				743

<210> 648

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 648

ttttaatccc	tttcatttcn	ttccttngta	ggatcccatc	gattcgtttt	tttttttttt	60
ggtgattgga	ttaacaattt	tattctgnnt	ccactacaaa	ngggctgggtg	ttttgttcca	120
aatgttttagc	tgggaggggt	gtagggaccc	ctgttacccc	cattaaacac	agtaaagcat	180
ggatccagtc	agccccctgc	tggcaggtgt	gggcctggca	actacacaga	tccaacccca	240
ccctcctggg	tgcggccaga	ggccaaggca	gtcgcctcag	ctcctgaatc	ccaagaatgg	300
ttctggcaag	tactgctggt	tgtttgtagg	ggcaaagagt	taaaataaaa	cgaggttctg	360
ccatggctaa	gccttggtga	aaccagaccc	caaagcccct	gccatgccan	gggtctcaac	420
nccagacgct	tgttatggag	gcaccancng	gtantggccc	ctgtaagcan	ggccagagtc	480
gggacaaaga	gcaagantga	aacanccaag	agacanagga	ccatgctgga	ccattgggca	540
cncangaacc	tgcttgggaa	aaaccggggg	gcaangctgg	catgggaatg	aacacctgct	600
tgntgacacc	tatntgagct	tcanttnoct	taacttgaaa	aattgaacan	gcccggtncg	660
gtggctcata	ccctgtaatc	ccancacttt	tgggangctt	tangccgntt	ggatcattga	720
ngttaggaag	attaaagaac	cancctgggc	cnacattgg			759

<210> 649

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 649

tnancctttg	aatccttgaa	ngnngatccc	tcgattcgcc	ggaacctcat	ccagtgccac	60
ccatcttgac	accttctccc	tcttcagctt	ttccaacagt	cactactgtg	tggcaggaca	120
atgatagata	ccatccaaag	ccagtgttgc	atatggtttc	atcagaacaa	cattcagcag	180

acctcaacag	aaactatagt	aaatcaacag	aacttccagg	gaaaaatgaa	tcaacaattg	240
aacagataga	taaaaaattg	gaacgaaatt	taagttttga	gattaagaag	gtccctctcc	300
aagagggacc	aaaaagtttt	gatgggaaca	cacttttgaa	taggggacat	gcaattaaaa	360
ttaaactctgc	ttcaccttgt	atagctgata	aaatctctaa	gccacaggaa	ttaagttcag	420
atctaaatgt	cgggtgatact	tcccagaatt	cttgtgtgga	ctgcagtgtg	acacaatcaa	480
acaaagtttc	agttactcca	ccagaagaat	cccagaattc	agacacacct	tcaaggccag	540
accgcttgcc	tcttgatgag	aaaggacatg	taacgtggca	tttcatggac	ctgaaaatcc	600
atacccatat	ctgattttat	tgaangcaat	tcctcagatt	tcaactatca	aaactagggg	660
aaactgngag	tttaacacca	agtnctacaa	cacaagggtg	gaaacacctg	aacttggngg	720
atcatgatac	cacttnacca	ctcctt				746

<210> 650

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 650

tgaccctttt	gaaantcctt	gcatntttca	nacnttttgg	tacnnncant	ttnnngntgga	60
tccctcgttc	gctgnacaaa	agatgttttt	caattaaaag	acttggagaa	nnttgctccc	120
aaagagaaan	gcattactgn	tgtgtcagtn	aaaggaancc	ttcaaagctt	tattngatga	180
tgggttttgg	tggactgtga	gaggatcgga	acttctaatt	attattgggc	ttttccaagt	240
naagctcttc	atgcaaggga	aacataagtt	ggaggttctg	gaatctcagt	tgtctgaagg	300
gaagtcaaaa	gcatgcaagc	ctacagaaaa	gcattgagaa	agctaaaatt	ggcccgatgt	360
gaaacggaag	agcgaaccag	gctagcaaaa	gagctttctt	cacttcgaga	ccaaagggaa	420
cagctaaagg	cagaaagtag	anaaatataca	agactgtgat	ccgcaagttg	tgggaagaaat	480
ccccaaagca	attaagtagc	caaaagaagc	tgctaacagg	atggactgat	taccatattc	540
gcaataaaaat	cttggggcaa	aagaaaattt	gggttttgaa	agaaaataaa	aattgatnng	600
aacttttttg	aattccagaa	gactttgact	acatagactt	aaaatattcc	atggttggtg	660
aaaggatgta	ccaagctttg	tgaaatattg	taaattttta	aacctattat	ctactaaagt	720
ngtactggaa	ttgtccnttt	gcctgttnac	ttgnggtnta	ntcatttnta	tttaatgntn	780
aaattaang						789

<210> 651

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 651

tnnnnnctaa	ncctttgaaa	tcgtccntgc	atgatccctc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgagc	60
agatattttac	tgaaggaatc	taggttgttt	tttcagtggg	caatgggaat	aanncatttc	120
taaagcaccg	actggagagg	aaggcaacag	agacaaggag	agaagccgag	agacatgtct	180
gcgtgctgcc	acgcatctga	gcgattgctc	tgtgaagagt	tgtacactga	acattttcag	240
gggaggtgtg	ttaccagggc	aatgtcctca	aacaagcctg	tgccgggggtg	tcctggaatc	300
tgtgccagga	ctgtgttttt	agcccttcac	ctctcagctt	tagcaggaca	tgaaccagtt	360
ataacaagat	ggccctgcag	ctggttacag	gaatgtgaca	tggcaggatc	tatggaacca	420
aatggaaggt	tttnaggtga	tgtaggtctt	tcacagttag	ctttggggaa	tacagaatac	480
tcaaataaag	tgctttgtta	ttatttcaga	gggaatggcg	attgaaatgt	tacaacagag	540
attctttggt	ggtagctatt	tgggtaaang	tatatggata	ttnttctgta	catgtgaaat	600
tatntaaaat	aaaagttata	taaattacat	tgacaaaaaa	aanangtana	aaaaaaactc	660
gaacctttta	aaactatngt	ggagtccgta	ttacgttaga	tccagacctt	gataaganac	720
cattgatgaa	ttttggacaa	acccactnng	aatgcnn			757

<210> 652
 <211> 759
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 652
 tcnnnccttt aatgctttga actcgttgca ctgcangatc catcgattcg aattcggcac 60
 gaggtcgncc aggcagttnn atggcctnct ggttgtgtgc cttcacaccc gcctacagcc 120
 ccacctcacc atcaagcgct gagccaatgc ggntgtggct ggccctgagt tcctgagtca 180
 gtccttgcc agggccagag ctggtnacag cggggcanca nggtgggtag cctctaccag 240
 ncagggcagt ccctgagggg ccagcanggg ggctgactgc ctagtggctn aacctactga 300
 acccaccac tcccagcgat gctaccaga accccaacgg cntgaatcct gcacantgcc 360
 gggcantgcc agactcnaaa gggctcgctg tggggacagc cccgtcatgg ccacanactc 420
 tgtcctcacc tttgattgtc aggatgacag nccccaccac catgatgagc gtctgcaggg 480
 cgtccgtgta gattacagca gccaggcccc ctgccaatgg aagcaagggt gctggaaggg 540
 gccctggtcc agggaggaag gacaccggga ggaacttctg ggcttctgct ggggccactt 600
 cctgggctgn tntcnggnc tgtatgggga agtggccttn tgacccttt acacgttccc 660
 tgggtggacc ttccctgntt gcangcacc atacctgctg atggtgtnc nggctnttga 720
 tgccnaaac tttaggattg ttgatantg nnaatctnc 759

<210> 653
 <211> 820
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 653
 tgcaatcccn cngnnaatcg ctttgaaanc ncctenctg tatgatecca tcgattcgca 60
 acagtccagg ctctgcagac agcatcccac ctgtcccagn tngctgacct gaggagcatc 120
 gtggnggaga ttgaggacct tgtngctcgc ctggatgaac tcgngggcnt gtatctccag 180
 ncanaanaan gacngcatac aacagaccat tangangntg tcatctacan tntnanngat 240
 catntgngna cngacccatc cattaatgag gatcanggn tccanctgat gaacgctgat 300
 cttctgcaan aagaacgttc tagntctanc nnanngccnt canctnecn ccttgagct 360
 cagtngtca ngctentaan atcttnncac ntgccaant gtgnggnctg ccttnagnct 420
 tccggatagg cactntnatn ngaentgccc tatantgccc ngcngnnant naaccaantg 480
 naccatngtc actctgttga catcanggn atntgnntaa actaatnnet tngcngcact 540
 ctagtnngcg ttgncactgc ccncgtnnnc tancntacca nttnccattn cccntttaat 600
 gggnaaagan atnatcccta cnatcatatt nccentnnaa tggattcgag ncgnaantct 660
 tnnntantna tctnaancct aaatgntcac atnnaaactt tanangncat cnnnatgna 720
 accnancnat ggctaaangg cctcattaan gccngntttt tcaaacttga aaantgcatn 780
 ccnccattga naaagganta cacgggcccc cntgngnggg 820

<210> 654
 <211> 768
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 654
 tttnncccn tttgtnect nttgattenc ttgctacntn ttcaaactng tnggatccca 60
 tcgattcgcc acatttaagt gagatatggg aaggaggagc agattgtttt tgaagggagg 120
 aagagcagtt acttagggc aaattaagtt gtaaaatccc ccccgggatt ttgtatgtaa 180
 gtcaaagtga attgtatttg gaagaagaac tggggagccc acctctggta tttttttat 240

gtccctcata	tggacaaata	aacctctggt	attaaatgaa	ttttcttttg	ggggattcta	300
tatattcggg	atttcaacca	ccaacctatc	tggtttttcc	cgctgaaatg	ttgggtgatg	360
gaatcaggag	agcagatttg	gagactcttt	atattttata	attgagagag	acaaagagaa	420
aaccgtttga	tttgaaaaag	ttttctaggt	tccctcaggt	agatggaaat	tttcatcaaa	480
aacagtttat	tcaaggtaca	tagcctacta	gtttccatt	tgagagtacc	gcagaatgat	540
acgacgtgta	ctgcttctct	acgcagaatg	aagtataaaa	ttagcaccna	atagtacttt	600
aatttgcagg	tgctaaactt	tttacctgct	tnatctcatt	taattcttag	aagaaactaa	660
ttttaccaag	taaantgtct	ggaccaacca	tntgcaggtc	caaaannctg	gaaaaaccgt	720
nagggttggg	ctcctacata	gcctnttttn	taagtnnctn	nntaaatn		768

<210> 655

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 655

tntnccnttt	gatcccttgca	ctannaaatc	cgtggatccc	tcgattcgaa	ttcggcacga	60
gggtaaacct	atttatataa	tagaaggatg	attataaaca	tttaataaat	tatatcaaat	120
agatattata	tattaaatgg	gcagataata	gaaatctgtc	caagcaaac	tctggataat	180
ttttatgttg	ccttattttt	tgttttctgt	gaactccaag	aaaaatgaga	taccagtttg	240
gaacagatgt	aatattgctg	atttaacagt	ttagggatag	tccccaagtt	caataatttt	300
gccaagatac	aaattttaa	ggaacctttt	atgaagcttc	atagtgtgtg	aagaacttac	360
cttgtttata	tgtttgaaga	catacatatt	tcacatttca	gaagagtcta	tacatagctc	420
accaaataac	aaaaccacct	tgttagaaaa	cattaagggtc	tgtcttattt	atttgttcat	480
ttgnttatga	gacacantct	cactctgtaa	tctcactctg	ttgtagagggt	tgagtgcagt	540
ggcacgatca	cggtcactg	caacctncat	ctccctgact	caaggaatcc	ttccacctca	600
gccttccaag	tagcanggac	caccagggtc	acccactat	gccagctta	attttttgna	660
ttttattgga	cagattgggg	ttttgcccat	gttattcagg	ctggatcctt	nnggectcaa	720
actcctgggg	cttcaagcca	atctggcctg	cc			752

<210> 656

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 656

ttttcctttt	natcttgtct	nanaancnt	ggatccctcg	attcgcagag	gctgggttcag	60
aaaaggagga	agaggcccgg	ctggcagccc	tggaaagagca	gangatggag	gggaagaagc	120
ccagggtgat	ggcaggcacc	ttgaagctgg	aggataagca	gcggctggcc	cangaggagg	180
agagtgaggc	caagcgcttg	gccattatga	tgatgaagaa	gcgggagaa	tacctgtacc	240
agaagatcat	gtttggcaan	aggcgaaaaa	tccgagaggc	caacaagctg	gcngagaagc	300
ggaaagccca	cgatgaggcg	gtgagggtctg	agaagaaggc	caagaaggca	aggccggagt	360
gagtgcctgc	ggccctcac	agggtctgang	ccagccctca	tcagctggat	gtggcagagg	420
catgccaanag	gacctaatg	tgatggacca	gantcacttc	tnctcctcct	ttctncca	480
gccttgacct	ctcatgtct	ctggctgggc	cantgggcaa	ccctcgcttc	cttggtatga	540
ctgctgtctg	gtgctgtg	agagaanagc	ctnttttccc	agnctgattc	tntgtctcca	600
ggaaccaatt	gacctnaag	gtgcaaangc	cnanccaatc	cccttaacnta	ctggccccca	660
ttnatctctg	gctttttcan	aagccccnt	gccaaacann	ttgggacccc	ctgattnttt	720
aagggtgcct	tttnatnggg	gttaaagggt	aant			754

<210> 657

<211> 734
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 657

tntgttcnc	natgaacgnt	ngaancnnna	tncnttggga	tcccatcgat	tcgctgcggc	60
cgcaggagct	gtggcggttt	tcctaatect	gcgnttatgg	gtagtgttcc	nttccatgga	120
cgttacgccc	cgggagcttc	tcagtatctt	ggtagtggct	gggtccggtg	ggcataccac	180
tgagatcctg	aggctgcttg	ggagcttgtc	caatgcctac	tcacctagac	attatgtcat	240
tgctgacact	gatgaaatga	ntgccantna	aatnaantcn	tnngaactan	ancgagctga	300
ttganaccct	agtaacatgt	ataccaaata	ctacattcac	cgaattccaa	gaagccggga	360
ggttcagcag	tcctggncct	ncaccgnttt	caccaccttg	cactccatgt	ggctctcctt	420
tnccttaatt	cacagggnga	agccngattt	ggtgatngt	tacngaccac	gaacatgtgt	480
tcctatctgn	gtatctgncc	ttatccantg	ggatactagg	aataaagaaa	gtgatcattg	540
ntactttcaa	agcatctgcc	gggttgaaac	gatntncatg	tccnnaaaga	tttgttgatn	600
tgcagctnct	cantgctann	gtcggttttg	aanaaagttt	nccaaatnnn	tgtaccttgg	660
gccaattnnt	ngacaantng	aactgacttg	tnagaatctt	gcagntaacn	gtcttgtntc	720
ntccaattng	ggng					734

<210> 658
 <211> 783
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 658

ttctcctgaa	acgcttngca	cttccctcnc	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
gagacactgt	cccactccat	caccagggct	ggagtccagt	ggtgtgatca	tagctcgctg	120
catcctccag	ttcctgggtt	caagccatcc	ctcctgcctc	agcctcccca	gtagctggaa	180
ctacaggtgt	gtgccatcac	acctggcttt	acatttttct	gtggggctct	actatgttgc	240
ccaggccggt	ctcaaactcc	tgagctcaag	tgatcctctg	nctcagcctc	cagagtatct	300
gggattacat	atgtcggcta	ccgtgtctgg	ccgttcacat	ctttggccac	tattngcttg	360
tgaaaaggta	tnatgagggt	gtacttatca	tngttactgt	gtctcatgtt	nngtatattt	420
ttgcttcata	aactaagatg	cactgtaaca	tctgtgaaat	ctggatata	tatcaaangg	480
tttatcatag	ttttgttaac	aatacactgt	cgttttactn	ggtgcctaan	ataatgggtat	540
agttgngagg	tgatcttaga	tttgatgaag	cacagtatgc	aangtaggcc	taatggnggg	600
aaagaatggg	naattttcan	angcnnggaa	gtatttgntn	ttttgtaaat	ggacttgaaa	660
agcttggtct	gnnggattgg	acccaacccc	tttcccttn	aaaccccgaa	ttctnatnga	720
ctnttccaac	ttngaaaact	ttgctcnaac	ttaaatacct	ttnaaaaatt	aaccttgacc	780
ccg						783

<210> 659
 <211> 741
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 659

tcttcttttg	tatacctgct	nttgctcttt	ntgcaggatc	cctcgattcg	ctttgagcta	60
ggataaaaaat	tgggtaaagg	acatttgctt	acctgcaa	gaatcactgt	ggaaatgtga	120
tcttcccata	tcataagaa	acttgttttc	tggatgaata	ctgggagaa	aaaatgagaa	180
ctctggagtg	agctaaattg	atcccaatta	agtttttctg	cttagcagac	agaaggatata	240
attttttgac	accctttccc	acctggtgcc	tatgctaggc	ttgtcctgag	aacatccctc	300

agtaacttga	tattcacatg	acctacagga	tgtcccatct	gcagggctga	gtcagttggg	360
gaacaccaga	ggctacacag	tagctcttcc	tgctactcgg	ttaatgagct	tggcaggttc	420
tttgtctcac	tgaattctta	tcatggaaac	agcagcagca	gccgctagga	aatcttcaag	480
tgtagtgtct	gtgctaaccc	agtggtaa	cccttagatc	ccctgctggt	ctctggcagt	540
ctccttgatt	ttgggtacca	tgtatatatt	ccgctttgac	tttaacgctt	tctaggatag	600
ggtaagcacc	cttaattcan	gcactgtcca	ttagcttcc	ttgcaaaaagc	tacttatggn	660
cggtcacaat	ncaaacactna	nacagagcca	aggcaatata	ctcttgccca	tggctatgat	720
gtcagacagt	ggatggctcn	t				741

<210> 660

<211> 734

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 660

tctgnnctnt	gtntcettgc	tcgtgttctt	ttgcaggatc	cctcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
gaggactgga	gaagtcagaa	gtagaaaagc	agattgctag	gagagacagg	atgacagatt	120
ttggtcagaa	aatgggatat	tggagtttaa	agtatcaaat	acagaatagt	tccagatggt	180
cagagatcca	gcatgggatt	aggtactgaa	atggattaga	actaaaagtc	actagaatgt	240
agaaattgag	aaccatgaga	gtggatgcaa	tgacttggtg	cttgattgaa	aaataaatta	300
ataataataa	aggaccatga	gactagcctg	ttataggggt	tatctccatg	aacattgaat	360
tttcccagga	tcatagcagg	aattgggtag	agaaaaagat	tatgagaagg	tgccagagtc	420
ttcagtgaat	gtcaggaaat	taccaggaag	tcagcatatg	acagagaaaa	ggacagtatg	480
ttatctgcat	caaaggaaaa	tgtgcttttg	ttgaaaagta	cagaaaaagc	caatactaca	540
atactgtgct	aagcccctac	ctgtactcct	ctcccacagc	tgcatccag	ccctgtggta	600
taaaagggtg	gagaatgagc	ttttccacca	gaatcagcag	gtttagttaa	agcatgagca	660
gaacaagcat	nctatgaaga	gactgaggat	gtaggtgagt	ggtctaaatc	tcatnnaagg	720
acattgcagt	ngat					734

<210> 661

<211> 762

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 661

ttnnnnnnct	ccnaatectc	engatnanat	cnctttgnan	ctncctgcag	gatcccatcg	60
attcgaattc	ggcacgaggt	ccatacatgg	agctccctgg	agcccgtgtg	ntntcgtgtg	120
actgaacgtt	ttgtgatgaa	aggaggagag	gctgtctgcc	tttatgagga	gccagtgtct	180
gaattgctga	ggagatgtgg	gaattgcaca	cgggaaagct	gtgtgggttc	cttttacctt	240
tcagctgacc	atgaactcct	gagcccagacc	aactaccact	tcctgtcctc	accgaaggan	300
gcentngggc	tctgcaaggc	gcanatcaat	gccatcatct	ntcagcaagg	ngacntatat	360
gtnnmtgacc	tnagacctc	agctgacnct	nccttngtan	ggttngatnt	nggaagcatc	420
ccaaggngat	ttagnacnn	tggantcctn	atnaactgata	anacncnaac	tatantnttt	480
tacccttggg	agcccaccag	caagaatgag	ttggagcaat	cttttcatgt	gacctnctta	540
acanataatac	tctgaatgaa	tctacgttgt	atttatcagg	nggacaatgg	gaataaagcn	600
ttntntaaagc	accnantgga	catgaaagca	acagacacna	ggagnnaagc	cttgagacat	660
gtctgnntc	tgaccgcatn	ttgatccant	gntctgtgan	gantntttca	ctgaacattt	720
tcaagaggag	ggtgnatacc	cctggcaatn	gccnaanaa	ag		762

<210> 662

<211> 745

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 662

nanatccnnc	nantncttnt	tgttcntgtc	cgnangatcc	catcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
gaggtttcat	ttaagaagaa	tgancatgat	anatgtgctc	ttctgggttac	cccaccctga	120
cagagtgcac	ttttacacgg	ctagcagggg	ttgagactgc	agcctggcct	gccagccatt	180
ggaggtgttt	aaggaagggc	agataatgtg	actctttgcg	gggtgccatc	tgcttaccca	240
ttagcgagca	naggggggtt	ctgcgggtga	ccccagcat	atttctaggt	tacttatggg	300
cagatttgta	agtgacaaaa	ctccagctga	tgctgggaat	ggggagaggg	cccttgaggg	360
actttgtggt	tttgtgcttc	tggtttcctg	gccaacccca	gggtcacttg	tctggaggcc	420
cagctgggca	ctaagtgtctg	ccaccgacta	tgttaaagtg	tataaatgat	tcctctatct	480
gggagagatc	ttccaatcca	gaggagcccn	tcttggaactg	cctgggttaa	atctgcatan	540
cagangtggt	tgatgaagtt	catctgaaga	aattcagccc	cacctnccca	ccctgccntt	600
cctgtccctc	tttgatagtg	gcttctgggt	actcgggcnn	gtncctggga	caccancctt	660
ntctgggggt	ctnaagccat	cccgttgggg	ctgtcggcca	agcctaagtt	aatcgtgtgc	720
ctntattggg	aggatngctn	ntcct				745

<210> 663
<211> 748
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 663

taatcctntt	gataanaatc	cttgtncctg	ctnntgancc	ntcgattcga	attcggcacg	60
agggcaagtt	tccaaagatc	agtgtggagt	gctacagaaa	taattatagg	agaggaaatc	120
ataatcacag	aaggtataat	gcttgtttga	ggctccggaa	taagaactaa	aaaaaaacaa	180
aaaacactgg	tttcatgctt	acgggggtaca	cactttgggtg	catcccgtga	acacaaatct	240
taataccaaa	caatccttga	tgcttcacct	ggggctgcca	agcagtttgt	aaaacagagg	300
aaaacattta	gtgcagtctg	tattatcctt	ttccaacttt	tctgtttgtg	caagtttttg	360
aagattcatt	ggccaaacaa	tgaacaacaa	aggttttctg	agagaagaca	aggtggactt	420
ttcattttgt	tagtaaatac	cagtggcact	gttgaacgaa	acaaataact	ttatctcagt	480
ctttcaaatac	agtattaatg	tctgtgtttc	cttccactga	cagctcttct	tctagtttca	540
ctgaaaaaag	gggtgttagta	tttttatctt	ggacactctc	ttccaaatcc	ttcagcagct	600
cctcttcttt	atattctgcc	acatcgacct	ctaaaccgga	attgtccttc	agtttgccgt	660
gggtgcttgag	atantaccgg	ctggttctga	aagaacttga	tgatggtgta	ctttgggaag	720
gtcnaactgg	gcanacagag	tctggatt				748

<210> 664
<211> 785
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 664

gtnnnnccnc	nnaccctnnt	gaatntaatc	cttgttcttg	ctgcatgac	ccatcgattc	60
gggtcaagctg	gccctggatg	tgagatcg	cacctnccgc	aagctgctgt	agggcnagga	120
gtgcaggctg	aatggcgag	gcataatggac	aagtcaacat	cnntgnagng	cagtcaccgg	180
ncttcagtgg	ctatggcgnt	gccagcgntg	taggcagcng	cttaggcctg	ggngnnggaa	240
gcagntactc	ctatggcant	ngncttgnen	ttggatgcng	cnntagtncc	agcagcgnga	300
nagccactgg	gggtggcctn	agctctgtng	gaggcggcag	ttccaccatc	aagtacacca	360
ccacctcctt	ctccagcatg	aagagctaca	ngcactgaan	tgctgccgcc	agctctnagt	420

cccacagctt	tcaggeccct	ctctggcagc	atagccctct	cctnangttg	cttgtcctnc	480
cctgnccctc	antctccct	gccctaccgn	gnagagctgg	gatgccctca	ctttntnctc	540
atnaatacct	gtttcactga	actcctgttg	cttaccatca	tgtcncagtt	atcagcactn	600
aaancatgct	aatgnccttt	tataagnccc	ngtattttatt	acaagnatct	tgaantctgc	660
cattaaattc	ttgaggaang	aaaatgacct	attatccccc	ataaagaacc	tgaaacttca	720
agnctaangt	cccagcntnc	aacanggaag	gagntccntt	tttttnattn	gctaaaccan	780
tcctc						785

<210> 665

<211> 763

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 665

ggngngtgnn	nntnntaatt	nctnttnaat	nncantcctt	ggntctngnt	ntagganccc	60
atcgattcgc	tgaaccctaa	aggaaagcca	gcaaaccagc	tgcttgctct	caggactttt	120
tgcaattggt	ttgttgccca	ggcaggacaa	aaactcatga	tgtcccagag	ggaatcactg	180
atgtcccatg	caatagaact	gaaatcaggg	agcaataaga	acattcacat	tgctctggct	240
acattggccc	tgaactattc	tgtttgtttt	cataaagacc	ataacattga	agggaaagcc	300
caatgtttgt	cactaattag	cacaatcttg	gaagtagtac	aagacctaga	agccactttt	360
agacttcttg	tggtctttgg	aacacttatc	agtgatgatt	caaagtctgt	acaattagcc	420
aagtctttan	gtgttgattc	tcaaataaaa	aagtattcct	cagtatcaga	accagctaaa	480
gtaagtgaat	gctgtagatt	tatcctaaat	ttgctgtagc	agtggggaag	agggacggat	540
ntttttaatt	gattagtgtt	tttttcctca	catttgacat	gactgataac	agataattaa	600
aaaaagagaa	tacngtggat	taaagtaaaa	attttacatc	ttgtaaagtg	gtggggaggg	660
gaaacagaaa	taaaattttt	gcactgctna	aannnaaann	actttccagc	naanctaaaa	720
aactnnancc	tttaaaactat	antgagttcg	nanaccnggn	ccn		763

<210> 666

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 666

nnttnnatan	nngctcttgt	tctttttgca	ggatccctcg	attcgtctag	acctctgaca	60
tcattggtgt	ttcttaaatg	ctcacattgc	tggcacgggg	atgtgccctg	cctgccagca	120
cctaggactt	cgagttgggt	tgcagcttat	gacatgcatt	ataggttttg	gaaggtaact	180
tttaactgca	aacctataaa	gtactatttt	ttattttata	aatgaacagg	gttttaacgt	240
gtcactttt	aatttttttc	aattgtatga	aggccttaaa	aaagctacat	taagcgtagc	300
taaaattatt	tattggacta	aaaactaaca	gaacttcatt	tccagaattt	tttttttttg	360
caaatgttta	cattcaatta	aggggaaaaa	gtagaaccag	cacaaatgag	tggcagttgc	420
tggagcataa	ctgcttcaat	aaatcttcat	cttggggtaa	ttacaggcaa	gtcatttttca	480
catcctcttg	aggttcagag	catcagaatg	aactctatga	atacatgtgt	aagtgccaga	540
cagctgaatc	tttatcaggt	attgnaaaga	tacacatatg	atatgnntat	taaaattgaa	600
ataatgtaaa	acacatgaat	aaatttgcaa	aaccaagatc	acagtcaccc	atatgcactc	660
tggtacctta	aatttttttt	ataaataatt	naaaagggaa	tattggaagc	ttcttaaaaa	720
aaaaaaaaan	aaaaaactcg	agcctntana	acttttgng			759

<210> 667

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 667

ggnnnttnaaa	ctnctaatac	tgtnttgcag	gatcccatct	atnctntatan	angctctagg	60
cgnggcggnt	cccactctcg	gaaccttgct	ctgtttgtcc	cccagctcgg	caagcgccat	120
atgagcctgg	cggcgccaga	tgcgaatcct	gttctgggct	ttttggccta	ttcccgcccc	180
tcagtcttgc	cgggatggca	ccgcccgcac	aggacttcca	gggttgggct	gantgggagt	240
tcgactgctg	ggcctcgtaa	ttctcgcttt	ggggctgctc	cttccaggct	gggacacact	300
ggggcccgtc	gtcggctctc	cgtcctccga	catcttgtct	ggaacttccg	cctggcagtc	360
tccagtagga	gtggagctct	gtgcggcgta	ntttggtgga	aaaacnngcc	ttgcgtcggc	420
ctcaccacca	gtgtttgtgt	ttcagaatga	agactattct	cagcaatcag	actgtcgaca	480
ttccagaaaa	tgtcgacatt	actctgaagg	gacgcacagt	tatcgtgaag	ggcccagagg	540
aacctgctgg	agggacttna	atcacatcaa	tgtagaactc	anccttcttg	gaaaagaaaa	600
aaaagagggt	tccggtttga	cnaaatgggt	gggtaacaga	aaggaaactg	ctacccttcc	660
cggactatct	gtaagtcttg	tncagaacat	gatcaaaggg	tggttacctg	ggctttccgt	720
tacaaagatg	aangtctgng	natgcttaat	ttccatnaaa			760

<210> 668

<211> 763

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 668

gntctatgtg	gctctngttn	ttttgoggat	cccatttgac	gccttggcac	gagaagaaaa	60
cccatggaaa	gtagcagtgt	tgtgagttgc	agagacagga	aagatagaag	acgttccatg	120
tgttattctg	atggtcgaag	tttacatttg	gaaaaaaatg	gaaatcacac	accatcctcc	180
agtgtgggca	gctctgtaga	aattagttta	gaaaattctg	aactgtttta	agatttgtct	240
gatgccattg	agcaaacctt	tcagaggaga	aatagtgaag	ccaaagtgcg	acgttagcacg	300
aggctacaga	aggatttaga	aaacgaagg	cttgtatgga	tttcacttcc	acttccttcc	360
acttcccaaa	aagccaaaag	aagaacaata	tgtacatttg	acagcagtgg	atttgaaagt	420
atgtctccca	taaaagaaac	tgtgtcctcc	agacaaaaac	cgcagatggc	acctcccgtc	480
tcagatccag	aaaacagcca	gggcccgtct	gctggttctt	ccgatgaacc	tggttagagg	540
aggaagagct	tttgtatata	tacacttgca	aatactaaag	ccactttcca	gttnaaaggc	600
tnccggagaa	gacccctctc	ttaatgggga	aaggggagaga	gctctcttga	ctggccttgg	660
gaaagggatt	ggaacataat	ggggagaaaa	gaaagccgta	attgacattt	tctggcanan	720
tcttgtnanc	aagaggggna	aagtnaccct	tntntgcttg	aaa		763

<210> 669

<211> 754

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 669

tgntttctaat	gctngctctc	gttctttctg	caggatccca	tctattcgaa	ttgatgagcc	60
ttattaacta	tcttttcatt	atgagacaaa	ggttctgatt	atgcctactg	gttgaaattt	120
tttaattctag	tcaagaagga	aaatttgatg	aggaaggaag	gaatggatat	cttcagaagg	180
gcttcgccta	agctggaaca	tggatagatt	ccatttctaac	ataaagatct	ttaagttcaa	240
atatagatga	gttgactggg	agatttgggtg	gtagttgctt	tctcgggata	taagaagcaa	300
aatcaactgc	tacaagtaaa	gaggggatgg	ggaaggtggt	gcacatttaa	agagagaaag	360
tgtgaaaaag	cctaattgtg	ggaatgcaca	ggtttcacca	gatcagatga	tgtctgggta	420
ttctgtaaat	tatagtttct	tatcccagaa	attactgcct	tcaccatccc	taatatcttc	480

taattggtat	catataatga	cccactcttt	cttatgttat	ccaaacagtt	atgtggcatt	540
tagtaatggg	aatgtacatg	ggaatttccc	actgacttac	ctttctgtcc	ttgggaagct	600
taaactctga	atctttctcat	ctgttnaaat	gtgnattaaa	gtatctacct	aactgagtng	660
tgantgtant	gaaagaaagg	ncatatntta	aacnttgaat	ttancaagcc	cacnctcgna	720
ttttatgncc	tttcttttgc	ctngggattg	aanc			754

<210> 670

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 670

tgntttcta	anttgctact	tgttcttttt	gcaggatccc	ttttgacgnc	tttggcacga	60
gaaagaaagg	gctcgtgaca	gagaaagaag	aaagagaagt	cgttcacgaa	gtagacactc	120
aagccgaaca	tcagacagaa	gatgcagcag	gtctcgggac	cacaaaaggt	cacgaagtag	180
agaaaagaagg	cggagcagaa	gtagagatcg	acgaagaagc	agaagccatg	atcgatcaga	240
aagaaaacac	agatctcgaa	gtcgggatcg	aagaagatca	aaaagccggg	atcgaaagtc	300
atataagcac	aggagcaaaa	gtcgggacag	agaacaagat	agaaaatcca	aggagaaaga	360
aaagagggga	tctgatgata	aaaaaagtag	tgtgaagtcc	ggtagtcgag	aaaagcagag	420
tgaagacaca	aacactgaat	cgaaggaaag	tgatactaag	aatgaggtca	atgggaccag	480
tgaagacatt	aaatctgaag	gtgacactca	gtccaattaa	aactgatctg	ataagacctc	540
agatcagaca	gaggactact	gttcgaagat	ttttggaaga	atactgagaa	cggcataaag	600
tgaagatcga	catttaaaaa	atgaggtgaa	agaaagctnt	tgtggcatag	aaaaagtnnt	660
aagctcaant	agttttttta	ttattattat	tattaaaagt	tattcaggac	tgatgtgact	720
ncngatttna	gaacatgttg	taatagtnta	nt			752

<210> 671

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 671

tgntttcta	anttgctact	tgttcttttt	gcaggatccc	ttttgacgnc	tttggcacga	60
gatattcaca	cagtatgtat	tatattaacc	atatcacact	taagttatta	aattcagact	120
atttgtaact	tattgttata	gggcctgccg	tatggcttag	gatatttgag	taatcatata	180
tttaaagtaa	aaactttggg	ctgggcacag	tggctcacac	ctgtaatccc	agcacttggg	240
gaagctgagg	tgggcagatc	agttgaggtc	aggagttcta	gaccagcctg	gtcaacatgg	300
cgaaacccca	tctctactaa	aaatacaaaa	attagctggg	cgtggtggca	cacacctgta	360
atcccagtta	cttgggaggg	tgaggcacaa	gaatcgcttg	aaccgaggag	gcggaggttg	420
cagttagcca	agatcgccct	gctgcactcc	agcctgggca	acagagggag	actctgtctc	480
caaaaacaaa	aacaaaaact	gttagtgaag	gttccctggg	acttttgata	ttttaaaaat	540
tggtcttatg	actagtagat	aaattcattg	ccataatgag	gctagctccc	agataaacag	600
tgtattttct	tctttttttt	ttttgggtgag	tggtccaaac	tttaagctac	tttttccagt	660
antttgccac	tttctccgan	gtaantttgg	ctgggtcttn	agtaatgcta	attgngtgtc	720
aaaatttgtc	tacaacagtt	nggcaacaga	tn			752

<210> 672

<211> 792

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 672

tgnttcta	actngctact	ngttctttct	gcaggatccc	tctattcgaa	ttcggcacga	60
ggctgcttct	ggctgggggg	tccttggcct	tcacccctgct	gaggggtgagg	aggaggagga	120
agagccctgg	aggagcagga	ggaggagcca	gtggcgacgg	gggattctac	gatccgaaag	180
ctcaggtgtt	gggaaatggg	gaccccgctct	tctggacacc	agtagtccct	ggtcccatgg	240
aaccagatgg	caaggatgag	gaggaggagg	aggaggaaga	gaaggcagag	aaaggcctca	300
tgttgccctcc	acccccagca	ctcgaggatg	acatggagtc	ccagctggac	ggctccctca	360
tctcacggcg	ggcagtttat	gtgtgacctg	gacacagaca	gagacagagc	caggccccggn	420
ccttctgccc	ccgacctgac	cacgccggcc	tagggttcca	gactggttgg	acttggtcgt	480
ctggacnaca	ctggagtggg	acactgnctc	ccactttctt	gggactttgg	agggangtgg	540
aaccggcaca	ctggacttct	tccgtctcta	nggctgcatg	gggagccctg	gggagcttna	600
atnnttgggg	gatcccnnaa	aangaccccc	tgtcccccat	anacttgggt	ttttngcttt	660
canccctttc	cccttgggccc	cnnttgacca	cttcatggag	tttaattaaa	atngcccttg	720
gtangaaaa	anaatantnt	tcctcntttt	antgntnttt	tnntataatt	tnatnatcct	780
antnatcntn	nt					792

<210> 673

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 673

nttcta	atnct	ngctactg	ttctttntgc	aggatccctc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgagg	60
cagcttcgag	ccaatggtga	gctccttctg	gatcagctcc	ttcagctcct	tcttgctcag		120
gatgctgaaa	ttgcaaggct	gatggaagac	ttggaccgga	acaaggacca	ggaggtgaac		180
ttccaggagt	atgtcacctt	cctggggggcc	ttggctttga	tctacaatga	agccctcaag		240
ggctgaaaat	aaatagggaa	gatggagaca	ccctctgggg	gtcctctctg	agtcaaatcc		300
agtgggtgggt	aattgtacaa	taaatTTTTT	ttgggtcaa	ttaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa		360
ctcgagcctc	tagaactata	gtgagtcgta	ttacgtagat	ccagacatga	taagatacat		420
tgatgagttt	ggacaaacca	caactagaat	gcagtgaaaa	aaatgcttta	tttgtgaaat		480
ttgtgatgct	attgctttat	ttgtaaccat	tataagctgc	aataaacaag	ttaacaacaa		540
caattgcatt	catttttatgt	ttcaggttca	gggggaggtg	tgggaagttt	tttaattcgc		600
ggccccgggn	gccaatgcat	tgggccccgg	tacccaactt	ttgttccctt	tantgaggggt		660
taattgcncc	ccttgggcgt	aatcatggta	atagctgttt	cctgggtgnga	aattgtttcc		720
cgtnacaa	ttcaccacactt	ttcancgccg	ggacn				755

<210> 674

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 674

tgttcta	gcttgctact	cgttctttnt	gcaggatccc	tcgattcgca	gatttttgac	60
aagggaaggct	aattctaaac	ctgaaagcat	ccttgaaatc	atgcttgaat	attgctttga	120
tagctgctat	catgacccct	ttttaaggca	attctaactc	ttcataacta	catctcaatt	180
agtggctgga	aagtacatgg	taaaacaaag	taaatTTTTT	tatgttcttt	tttttggtca	240
caggagtaga	cagtgaattc	aggtttaact	tcaccttagt	tatggtgctc	accaaacgaa	300
gggtatcagc	tatttttttt	taaattcaaa	aagaatatcc	cttttatagt	ttgtgccttc	360
tgtgagcaaa	acttttttagt	acgcgtatat	atccctctag	taatcacaac	attttaggat	420
ttagggatac	ctgcttcctc	tttttcttgc	aagttttaaa	tttccaacct	taagtgaatt	480
tgtggacca	atttcaaagg	aactttttgt	gtagtcagtt	cttgacacaa	gtgttttggt	540

aacaaactca	aaatggattc	ttaggagcat	tttaatgttt	attaaataac	tgaccatttg	600
ctgtanaaag	atnanaaaac	ttaagctttg	ttttactaca	acttgtacaa	agttgtatga	660
cagggcatat	tctttgcttn	caanattttg	ggttgggggc	actanggggt	caaaaccctg	720
gcanaattgt	cnactttagn	ctgaccataa	tnc			753

<210> 675

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 675

tgnttttctaa	acnttgctct	cgtntttnt	gcaggatccc	atctattcga	attcggcacg	60
aggttccctc	accttattcc	tccaagttcc	cccttgggaa	cctctgagat	taacttgata	120
agctccttgg	gcaagctctt	tatcctaaga	ttcctcagtg	agccttatag	agttgctgcg	180
agaattacat	ttgttcatga	tgtcaagtgt	ctggatgta	gctaattgctt	attgaacaca	240
tagtaattta	ttgaataatt	gtcatgatca	ctggatgaga	tatagccact	gtggaggtag	300
gcacaccagg	gttttagagg	cttgggatct	tgcaacagga	ttttcctctt	gcctctccaa	360
actgcccttt	gcccgatgg	cttcagcatc	tttttgcac	cctgtttcct	tgtttggtga	420
acacctgtct	caacctgtct	gcaaggcgtg	gtgagattct	gcaccccttg	taagcactca	480
tgtcactcca	aaacagctgt	ttgatgctaa	tagcacacat	gaggtcttgc	aaatttgtct	540
gaggaactac	aggacattgg	agagatattt	atcaaacc	cactacatgc	ctgatactta	600
actanggaac	tatnaaagt	ggtggtgaag	acaagtng	agtaaantgc	aaacctattt	660
ccatatatgt	ttgnncgcta	gattgntncc	ancaattngc	ntcttggaat	tgttgaattn	720
ggccctgtgt	gtgtgcctgt	ggtaantgga	nntgngtttc			760

<210> 676

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 676

ntttgaaact	tntactngt	tctttttg	gatccctcna	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggca	60
gaaccttttc	ccctctactc	ttgtctaaaa	gttctgtgtg	gcacacagag	atgcgaccta	120
ctcaatctga	cttagtaaaa	ccatgctgta	gaatttttgt	cttaaaaaga	ccacataccc	180
agcacccatg	aaataaaaaga	ttcatctgta	attgggattc	aaagtgatta	aattcctttg	240
ttcatactca	taaatagcac	taaagtgtta	taacattttc	atttacctat	tttttagttcc	300
ttcattttta	cttaataaaa	atcttggatt	gatattcttt	tttttttttt	ttgggacgga	360
gtctcgtct	gtcaccagg	ctggagtaca	gtggctctat	cttggctcac	tgcgagctcc	420
gcctnccggg	ttcacgccat	tctcctgcct	cggcctgccg	agtagctggg	actgcaggcg	480
cccgccacca	caccgggcta	atttttttgt	attttttagta	gagacggggg	ttcaccctgt	540
tagccaggat	ggtctcgatc	tcctgacctc	gtgatccacc	tgccctnggc	tccaaagtgc	600
tggaattnca	ggcgtgagcc	accgcgcccg	ggnctaaatt	ggatattctt	taaccattaa	660
aaggtttact	gggtgncna	tttgccatat	tattggaaac	ttggaaaggg	taatttgaaa	720
caaagntttg	aagttaactg	aaatttgggg	a			751

<210> 677

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 677

tgctttgaat	cctttgtaan	cgccctntnt	gcatgatccc	tcnattcgaa	ttcggcacga	60
ggataaactc	ttcagtgacg	aatatttagaa	ttagttagtt	atacatttga	ggaaaactat	120
aaaagtacca	ataatgagta	ggaaatcact	tctgcagtat	ttttggagca	ttttccttaa	180
gcatgacata	aaagccaaaag	gtcacaaggg	aaaaaactga	tagatttgtc	tgtgatattg	240
agagatgtat	gcacatatac	atacaacagt	catagtaaga	caccgttaga	caaaaggtga	300
tgtatgaaaa	agaggcaaaa	caacaagaag	aaaagattga	aaaaatgaga	gctgaagacg	360
gtgaaaatta	tgacattaaa	aagcaggcag	agatcctaca	agaatccagg	atgatgatcc	420
cagattgccca	gcgcagggtg	gaagccgcat	atttggatct	tcaacggata	ctagaaaatg	480
aaaaagactt	ggaagaagct	gaggaatata	aagaagcacg	tttagtactg	gattcagtga	540
agtttagaag	cctgaaactt	ttctcgtatg	gggtgggtttt	tgcatataat	nctgggggtcc	600
attttacaat	ccattatttt	tgaccactgc	tatgtgttca	agtagtatga	gaatgtgatt	660
gntnttatct	ggntcatata	tatttctttg	gctaatttaa	tatgtcaaat	aaatgagttc	720
atttaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	acccggaactg	ttttnt			756

<210> 678

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 678

gnnnnnnnnn	nnnttnnaat	agnnagctac	ttgttctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gaggggtggt	ggagcagatt	gtagttgatc	cacagcaaag	agcatcacca	120
aagccattcc	aggaggaact	agatccacca	cttcctctgc	tgggcatgct	ccaaaaatgg	180
ttgtggcttc	cagagaggac	tccaaaagaa	agcacaaaaa	ctagacagtg	ggagggcata	240
cccaaaagcc	ctgagtttct	gaaaaaatat	tgaaagtttc	tatggtgaaa	taggaagtta	300
atgtgcttag	gaagaaaaaa	gtggtaatga	ttcaaggaaa	cataatcaca	cacggtttta	360
gttttaatgg	acatgggagg	agccataaaa	gtagtctatc	tatcatcagt	tacatatcta	420
atgaactgtc	tatctgggat	accctatcct	gttttaatct	gagtgactct	ctctcagctg	480
agagagctgg	acagactcca	ttttagcctc	ttcacttgca	gtccccttat	ccccctccct	540
taaggggaata	actagtgcaa	gctgacttca	agcacattca	ggaatgcact	tactgataag	600
atattgaggc	aagctgtacc	agcagcttct	gggggacctg	ctcantggat	ggtcccaacc	660
cctgcattta	tctctttggg	atagtttaag	cccctgnacc	tggaactgng	tatttttctg	720
tactatctct	gtancattaa	tttttttact	ttttgg			756

<210> 679

<211> 747

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 679

tctaattcct	ggctctcggt	ctttctgctt	gatccctcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgagaaa	60
tgactccctg	caaaacccaa	cccatgctgc	tggtctggtg	atttttggtg	taagcctatc	120
tatgcactct	atcagccaga	atttggcatt	tagctcttag	ttaaatctag	taaaggacag	180
tctattgttt	aaagagaagg	tgcatthgtt	cctcaatcaa	gcaagagcac	ctgtgttgta	240
ctgctttata	tctcatgtat	atthtatagta	atgaaaagac	tttttaaatt	gtacacgttt	300
cagtgccttt	cttgtgttat	gaaaggcagg	tagatattat	agccataggt	aaaaatccat	360
agttaaattg	cacactgacc	ttaaatctct	ctgtgtatgc	ccttgtatct	tgcatgttaa	420
aagttggatt	attgggcatg	tgtggcagcc	tgccctgcta	catgctagac	aagtgtgctt	480
tagtacatag	ccacaagttc	ttcattcttt	aaaatgtttt	gacagatcat	ctcataataa	540
aaataattca	ngaaaactat	ggggaaatag	ttacatttca	caaaagatat	tttaactctt	600
ttgtaaaact	tagataatag	agcctancaa	gttactttgn	atctaattgg	atacatttta	660

tgnttaattt taccaccata cattttatta atcaaaattg gttagcatgt gactcttttt 720
ggcttcanaa gttntcaaaa aaattat 747

<210> 680

<211> 750

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 680

ttctaattct	tggtctctgt	tctttctgca	ngatcccatc	gattcgaatt	cggcacgagg	60
accggctggg	cctacaaaaa	gatcgagctg	gaggatctca	ggtttcctct	ggtctgtggg	120
gagggcaaaa	aggctcgggt	gatggccacc	attgggggtga	cccgaggctt	gggagaccac	180
agccttaagg	tctgcagttc	caccctgccc	atcaagccct	ttctctctctg	cttccctgag	240
gtacgagtgt	atgacctgac	acaatatgag	cactgccag	atgatgtgct	agtccctggga	300
acagatggcc	tgtgggatgt	cactactgac	tgtgaggtag	ctgccactgt	ggacaggggtg	360
ctgtcggcct	atgagcctaa	tgaccacagc	aggtatacaa	gctctggccc	aaactctggt	420
cctggggggc	cgggggtacc	cccagaccg	tggtctggct	ntccccaaca	acaagctggg	480
ttccggggat	gacatctctg	tcttctgcat	ccccctggga	nggccaggca	gttactctctg	540
aggggcttga	acaccatccc	tnccactagc	ctctccatac	ttactcctct	nacagcccaa	600
attcttgaaa	gttgtctccc	ttgacccttc	tttaatggca	acttaactga	anaaagggtat	660
gtncncttat	atccaaaatt	cagctatttg	gcaaataaac	canatggatt	aaaaaaaaata	720
attntntctt	aananaaana	actccggcct				750

<210> 681

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 681

ctaattcttg	gctctcgttc	tttctgctng	atccctcgat	tccaattcgg	cacgagccca	60
gctgctcagg	aggctgaggc	aggagaattg	cttgaaccca	agaggcggag	gttgtgtgga	120
gccgagattg	cacctttgta	ctccagcctg	ggcaacgagc	aaaaaactct	gtctcaaaaa	180
aaaaaaaaaa	aaagaaaaag	aaaaatggct	tccaggacag	agcatgctca	tttgctggcg	240
gacagttcca	gaaacagacc	ctgttagtcc	ttctacttac	ctgctggatt	tttcaagcac	300
taaatttata	actttttgaa	acaaaataat	gtgtaatttt	ccatttgggg	gcaaactcta	360
ttcttgtgag	cattattaaa	atcttgtttg	taaatatatt	gtctttctct	taatatattgc	420
tctgggtcan	gaagaagctg	ttcacgggtg	gataatactc	tttanattgt	gctttcatta	480
ttatagatgc	atcatgtctt	ctgctttcac	gtgtctggga	tggggtcaga	aatgcatnct	540
ccagntgaca	naaaaatccn	agnatgagat	caanaaggat	actgggtgtt	tctgactttt	600
acaaaaatta	ctttgntgtt	ttcattaaaa	aaaaagcttt	aacctantgn	ttncntantc	660
cttttagaaa	ntattaaatt	tnaaaatgaa	ttcnatanaa	atanaannac	naaaaaactt	720
nntnccttta	naacttttagt	gangcgtg				748

<210> 682

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 682

ctaagtctng	gctttcgttc	tttctgcagg	atccctcgat	tccaattcgg	cacgagcagg	60
agcaatcaat	tcctgtcgaa	gtgaatacca	tcagctttt	aacagtatga	tgatggaacg	120

catgaccaca	gatatcaatg	cactgaagcg	gcagtactct	cgaattaaaa	agaagcaaca	180
gcagcaggtt	catcaggtgt	acatcagggc	agacaaaggg	ccagtgacca	gcattctccc	240
gtctcaggtt	aacagttctc	cagttataaa	ccaccttctt	ttaggaaaga	agatgaaaat	300
gactaacaga	gctgccaaga	atgctgtcat	ccacatccct	ggtcacacag	gagggaaaat	360
atctcctgtc	ccctaccgaa	gaccttaaga	cgaagctcaa	ctncccgtgg	cgaactnaca	420
tccgagtcca	caaaaagaac	atgccaagga	ccaagagtca	tncgggctgt	ggggacaccg	480
tanggctgat	agatgagcag	aacgaggcca	gcaagaccaa	tgggctgggg	gcagcagagg	540
cattccccct	tggntgtcan	gcgacagctg	ggagagaang	caagnaagcc	ctgaangcna	600
gtccaggagg	accnncnaag	ggcagtttcc	ggagcccgtt	gttccggaga	tgctgatgtg	660
ggntgtgtct	gcanttcang	gccaaanttg	gggacccctg	ggaactgtac	cctangggnt	720
ncttgnagnt	taaaacttga	ccttaanggn	ngcct			755

<210> 683

<211> 755

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 683

ggntttnnnt	ctttctaatt	cttggctctc	gcctntctgc	ttgatcccat	cnattcgaat	60
tcggcacgag	aattagtatc	aacttacaat	ccaagtccaa	gtatcatctt	ataatcactt	120
ttttctacta	tattaagatc	taatgaattt	gatttctttt	ttgaagtttt	ttcttgtaac	180
atctgagatt	agaagtttta	gatcacttga	ccccaaacct	ttgtttatgt	aagaattttt	240
aaacataaaa	gtgtttgttt	ctgttatgtt	accataattt	gatgtatata	gtgtccagat	300
ccatttagaa	atttaattat	tattaataac	tgaaactgtt	tgtcttccct	tggtatatag	360
tctcgcatat	tatattatag	caggccaaga	taaaattttg	acagctcttt	aagcccacat	420
gcagcagtg	gtcagataac	cctgtggcag	tgacacgggc	aaattggcat	ttgaataaag	480
ccctgggacc	acctcaacat	gcgtagcctc	ttgtcttaaa	tgtactcccc	atggcagcat	540
ggaggaggca	agacctgtgg	gtcaattttg	aactggncct	actttgattt	taaaacaaga	600
gactcagggg	aaagtactaa	acaaaaaact	ctgattntac	tttgcgtttt	ctggaagttn	660
ttggtttact	gagatgcttt	tgtaaaggaa	aataatgctt	gngacanttt	agtaattttct	720
acanaattcn	ttaatttttc	ttcctcntgg	gcttn			755

<210> 684

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 684

ggntttnnnn	cttttnnaatn	cctttgctnc	tcgntctttt	tgctggatcc	catcgattcg	60
caagatctgg	aggaatgcag	agaggaactt	gatacagatg	aatatgaaga	aacccaaaaag	120
gaaactctgg	agcaactaag	tgaatttaat	gattcactaa	agaaaattat	gtctggaaaat	180
atgactttgg	tagatgaact	aagtggaaatg	cagctggcta	ttcaggcagc	tatcagccag	240
gccttttaaaa	ccccagaggt	catcagattg	tttgcaaaga	aacaaccagg	tcagcttcgg	300
acaagggttag	cagagatgga	tagagatctg	atggtaggaa	agctggaaag	agacctgtac	360
actcaacaga	aagtggagat	actaacagct	cctaggaaac	ttggagagaa	gctgactgca	420
gatgatgagg	ccttcttctg	agcaaatgca	ggtgctatac	tcagccagtt	tgagaaaagtc	480
tctacagacc	ttggctctgg	agacaaaatt	cctgctctgg	caagttttna	ggttgaaaaa	540
acaaaaaaaa	tgacatgggt	gcagaagctt	gtaacattga	tcacattctt	aatgtaaatg	600
gtgtctttct	tctgggggtt	cagtatttgc	aaagaaantg	aagaagaatt	ctggaaaatgc	660
cattcaatta	accctnagga	aaaaagccga	ccttanaaat	ttaccttant	gcnttgnnnn	720
ttaaaaanaa	aaaaaantna	aaaaactttt	accctttana	ccttttgtgg	ggnc	774

<210> 685

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 685

ggnttttnnan ncttttcta	ncttggcttn agttcttttg	caggatccca tcgattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga gaggaccag	agttgcgagg agtttttta	ctgatttagc cnnntggcaa	120
tcatgagtga atggatgaag	aaaggcccct tagaatggca	agattacatt tacaaagagg	180
tccgagtga agccagtga	aagaatgagt ataaaggatg	ggttttaact acagaccag	240
tctctgccaa tattgtcctt	gtgaacttcc ttgaagatgg	cagcatgtct gtgaccggaa	300
ttatgggaca tgctgtgcag	actgttgaaa ctatgaatga	aggggaccat agagtgaggg	360
agaagctgat gcatttgttc	acgtctggag actgcaaagc	atacagccca gaggatctgg	420
aagagagaaa gaacagccta	aagaaatggc ttgagaagaa	ccacatcccc atnactgaac	480
agggagacgc tccaaggact	ctctgtgtgg ctggggctct	gactatagac ccaccatag	540
gtccagaaaa ttgcagcagc	tctaatagaga atattctgtc	ncgtgttcaa ggatcttatt	600
ggaaggacat cttacagctt	ccaatgagaa gccaaagat	tgtgaacata ctgattgaaa	660
aaagacttta ttttaatccc	tcattaaan ggttttaaat	gttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa	720
acttcgagct tttaaactat	ngtgagtcga ttentataa		759

<210> 686

<211> 749

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 686

ggnttttnnn nctttgaaat	cccttngctn ctagnctttt	ttgcaggatc ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca cgagggaat	tagctcgt taagttgcct	tttttacaca caaaaacttt	120
ttacatgaag ggctgggttc	acatgaatac tatactgaaa	tctgtgctct caagatctag	180
cagtgaccag ggctgcccgg	cgggggctct cctggcaagt	caggaagggt tctgttgcta	240
atataacata gaaacacatt	agtgcactgg gcctctctga	ggtcagcata tttgtactct	300
tggaatatatt gtttttttct	tcagtaacaa cagaaacccc	agttgggagt ttaacaaata	360
actgactacc actcactcat	gcatttttat ttccaattaa	agcaaagcac tgtgctgtgc	420
tcagataata atagtttgta	agtaaaagtt tttagttttc	agtgttcagg ttatagaata	480
taactgacca taaaaattac	ctgcaggtat tttcttttta	tgaacttggt tttaaattac	540
caagtaatta ctggtgtcat	tttgttttat gacagacaca	cgtatctaac aaacaaacaa	600
acagtgacct tctccatggg	tcaaggactt ccttacaatt	tctnctgagt taacttttgt	660
gaaaataatc ctaagggttt	ctggcttatt gaggaaattn	ctacaaacaa caaaccaaca	720
acngaagaga agatcatcaa	ccactgttt		749

<210> 687

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 687

ggntttctaa tgctttctaa	taccttggct ctngctcttt	ctgcaggatc ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca cgaggaaatg	tgtatttcag tgacaatttc	gtggctcttt tagaggata	120
ttccaaaatt tccttgattt	tttaggttat gcaactaata	aaaactacct tacattaatt	180
aattacagtt ttctacacat	ggtaatacag gatatgctac	tgatttagga agtttttaag	240
ttcatgggtat tctcttgatt	ccaacaaagt ttgattttct	cttgatttac attttttatt	300

tttcaaattg	gatgataatt	tcttggaac	atTTTTtatg	ttttagtaaa	cagtattttt	360
ttgttgtttc	aaactgaagt	ttactgagag	atccatcaaa	ttgaacaatc	tggtgtaatt	420
taaaattttg	gccacttttt	tcagatttta	catcattctt	gctgaacttc	aacttgaaat	480
tgtntttttt	tttctttttg	gatgtgaagg	tgaacattcc	tgatttttng	tctgatgtga	540
aaaagccttg	gtatttttaca	ttttgaaaat	tcaaanaagc	ttaatataaa	agtttgcatt	600
ctactcanga	aaaagcatct	tcttgatat	gtcttaaaat	gtatttctgt	cctctataca	660
naaaagttct	taaattgatt	tttacagtct	ggaatgcttg	gatgntttta	aatantaaca	720
ttttatattt	tttaaaagac	aaancttata	ttnatcctng			760

<210> 688

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 688

tgnttttctaa	tgcttctaat	agcttggttc	tngttctttc	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gagacaaaac	ctacagatgg	agataaaaaat	tactactggt	attcaacatg	120
tgttccagaa	ccttattttg	gggagtaaag	tcaattgggc	agaggatcct	gcccttaagg	180
aaattgttct	gcagcttgag	aagaatgttg	acatgatgta	ataagaattc	atttctgaca	240
tattttacat	ttctggcaat	ctcaactctt	atttgggaata	cttctgtgca	tttgtctgtc	300
caccgtaatt	ttagaaaagc	atatccataa	cgtttacagt	tgtagtacag	ttgtggttag	360
ttattttag	tggtgattgaa	agtaattttt	ttctttttat	atttctatat	ttagtttgtt	420
tttttgtgt	tggtgttttt	tgagatggag	tctcgctttg	ttgccagac	tgaggggcag	480
tggtcgcatc	tcggtcact	gcaacctctg	cctcccggt	tcaagcagtt	ctgcctcagc	540
ctnccaagta	gctgtgacta	aagggtgcag	ccgccatgcc	canctaattt	tttggatttt	600
aagtagaaac	cgggtttcac	ccgtgttgcc	caagctgctc	tnaaaactcc	tgagctcaag	660
cagtcacccc	gncttngcta	ccggantgct	aggattcaga	cgtaagcccc	cgaancttgg	720
ctagtttgc	ttnttttctn	tcattttata	ag			752

<210> 689

<211> 806

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 689

gtgnttttcta	atgcttctaa	tngcttggtc	actcgttctt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgaattcggc	acgaggannt	ctntgctatn	gaacagnngc	tggttnnacac	tnnggantta	120
nnnttgnacn	ntannnattg	nancanntan	tactggnnnt	cctaatacn	nttaattgna	180
cntnttgcaa	gnngnctga	tnaaatacac	gacaggaggg	aaanctantg	cgatcataggc	240
acaggcagac	ctaccgnnta	aggagatnat	ntnccnnang	gntggctggt	gagnnatgc	300
aactctggna	tgtatttccc	tttataggac	cacctgtgnc	atngtggata	aagcccctaa	360
agnaggatgn	naaagatgat	cngatccaat	acgttacnct	gacannaaan	nntgtnatac	420
ntcngctgan	caatctntcc	ancnnntnta	atatcgtgna	tcacctaggg	tgtatgatch	480
taggaactct	gncctncaan	tcnggactgt	ccatcacnga	ctnntgggct	nctactgtac	540
antangcgna	gaanancnnt	cannctacan	ntaaccagat	tggtgctggn	anatggtant	600
gcnnnttnan	cncccacgac	ncaataaagn	ncnnctntnc	cccanancct	ntnnagggaa	660
gaaaggaatt	ttncatagtg	ggctcaatga	anggggtacc	cttggncttt	ntaaaaaacg	720
ttncatggnn	cctaccttaa	acctgngtga	actnanananc	nttngncata	anggggtctaa	780
cgnctatang	gggnacnnat	ttttnc				806

<210> 690

<211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 690
 ntntttgaat ctttgaaata cttttgctat ngttctttnt gcaggatccc atcgattcga 60
 attcggcacg agagggttgc cacctgaagg agcacaggag ggttttccag gccatgtggc 120
 tcagcttcct caagcacaag ctgccccca gacctacaa gaagggtgctg ctgattgtgc 180
 atgacgccat cctgccgcag ctggcgcagc ccacgctcat gatcgacttc ctcacccgcg 240
 cctgcgacct cggggggggc ctcagcctct tggccttgaa cgggctgttc atcttgattc 300
 acaaacacaa cctggagtag cctgacttct accggaagct ctacggcctc ttggacccct 360
 ctgtctttca cgtcaagtag cgcgccgct tcttccacct ggctgacctc ttctgtctct 420
 cctcccactn ccgcctacc tgggtggcgc cttcgccaag cggctggccc gcttggccct 480
 gacggctccc cctgaggccc tgcctatggt cctgccttc atctgtaacc tgcctgcgcg 540
 gcacctgccc tgcggggtcc ttgtgcaccg tccacacggg cctgagtttg gacgcgcgac 600
 cctacgaccc tggagaggag gacccagccc aagaccggg cctttggaaa acttccctgt 660
 ggggaagcttt aagnccttc nanangccac ttacccaacc ttgaggggnt ccaangccc 720
 gccanccggt nattaaccaa ggccctggnc aatgcctgaa ggtcaaacia tn 772

<210> 691
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 691
 ntgctttcna atctttntaa atgcctttgg cttctcgntc tttctgcagg atcccatcga 60
 ttcgaattcg gcacgagaaa aagtaaagct tttcatgagc acaaatncct tgcattgttt 120
 gatgttactg atattcgtaa aatgaatatt ttttgttttg ttttgtttta tttttttgag 180
 acaagtcttg ctttgttgcc caggctggag tgcaatggca tgatcttggc tcaactgcaac 240
 ccttgccttg cgagttcaag tgattcttct gctcagcct cctgagtagc tgggattaca 300
 ggcgtcacc accacacca gctaatttct gtatttttag tagacacagg gttttaccat 360
 gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctgacc tcaaactcct cacacctgta atctcagcac 420
 tttgggaggc tgaggtggaa ggatcacttg aagccagagt ttgagaccag cctgtgcaac 480
 acagcaagac cctgtctcta caaaaactta aaaaattagc tggctgtggt gttgtcacc 540
 catagttcca gctactcggg aagctgagca ntaagatcac ttgagccan gaggcnatg 600
 cttncantga actgtgattg ttcccantac agnccacctg ggtgacanag taaanaaaan 660
 gaaacattac ataatttggc tagagcataa taaattgatt tctgggttnt gaaattnnag 720
 ttgccataaa aggnntttna atngcnant tcant 755

<210> 692
 <211> 748
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 692
 tgnttttaat cnttetaatn cttggctctt gttctttttg caggatccct cgattcgaat 60
 tcggcacgag gtccgaagaa aaagactgtg gtggcggaga tgctctctcc aatggcatca 120
 agaaacacag aacaagtttg cttctctcta tgttttccag aaatgacttc agtatctgga 180
 gcatcctcag aaaatgtatt ggaatggaac tatccaagat caagatgcca gttatatatta 240
 atgagcctct gagcttcta cagcgcctaa ctgaatacat ggagcatact tacctcatcc 300
 acaaggccag ttcactctct gatcctgtgg aaaggatgca gtgtgtagct gcgtttgctg 360

tatctgctgt	tgcttctcag	tgggaacgga	ctggaaaacc	tttcaaccca	ctgctgggag	420
agacttatga	attagtgcga	gatgaccttg	gatttagact	catctccgaa	caggtcagcc	480
atcacccacc	aatcagtgc	tttcatgctg	aaggattaaa	caatgacttc	atctttcatg	540
gctctateta	tcccaaactg	aaattctggg	ggaagagtgt	agaacagAAC	ccaaaggaac	600
catcaccttg	gagctncttg	aacacaatga	ggcatatata	tggacaaatc	cacctgctgt	660
gtgcataata	tcattgnngg	taaactgttg	atcgaacagt	ntggcaatgt	ggaaattnta	720
accncagact	ggggacaaat	ntgtgttg				748

<210> 693

<211> 881

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 693

tgnnnngtna	accagggaaa	agctnnngttt	gaactccttg	ggcatgatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gaggcgggtga	cccacgtgtc	cttttgattg	ccctactgct	gtggagacct	120
cgtgctgacc	atctggcagt	gntcttcgta	ttctctggcc	tgtggggcgt	ggcaagatgc	180
ccgtctggca	gacacaaaac	aatgctctct	acggcgttct	gtttganaag	agcaagggaag	240
ctgccttgc	caattaccgc	ctgtgggagg	ccctgggctt	cgtcattgcc	ttcnggtaca	300
gcacgttttn	gtgcntgcac	gtcaagctct	acattctgct	gggggtccng	agcctgacca	360
tgggtggcgta	tgggcttggtg	gantgcgtgg	agtcccaaga	accccgaaac	anaccnact	420
ctttcaggac	aggtcaanca	agtcagagga	tgaagaanat	tcanacaaan	atgtgatanc	480
cngngaggcc	naangaggan	naantnataa	aagcaccagc	cagaagaatt	ttcttanaan	540
atgcctnagg	gacatatcan	ccgggggttct	cattacccat	cttaancncc	anatttngnc	600
ccattcttga	aataagantc	nttgnttnaa	ttntcaactt	ctttttatgg	tnatttcnat	660
ntatctantt	antaaaacca	caaantngtt	nncnatnacc	accantttctt	ttaaaccatn	720
tagnaattca	aangntgtgt	nnttacnaat	ntntaanngg	ttattcaaan	ttcnaaaattt	780
taaanattnt	tatgcantnc	ncacaatnta	tataaanangg	tcctnaaaac	gngnnccaat	840
atnncannnc	nataatntag	nanatntntn	nncntgtan	n		881

<210> 694

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 694

atngcttggc	tctngttctt	tctgcaggat	cccacgatt	cgaaaattta	tagtaatgac	60
aaatgactta	tcagtgttca	tcacttgaaa	gctaagtgg	tcgttcaatc	actttttcaa	120
agttgatagt	agattgcatg	gtttcatggt	tcctcatatt	ggtttattaa	ttctatttaa	180
tcaaggaaaa	taacttcaga	ttccataaag	tttcagttta	tttttagttt	actactaggt	240
gagatagcac	attacatact	tttactatca	aatattattt	tagcagcttc	ccatagtacc	300
aatgattttg	attccctact	ctcatttttt	aaagcatata	aatatttatg	ggcttaaaaa	360
gggggttttt	aaaaactgag	gatatcanta	ataaattgca	gaatattttg	caaagctttc	420
ttttggaaaag	caaacttttg	tgctgccta	tatgcnaagt	attttatcag	ggacttgaac	480
aaagacctca	ctctttttca	cttgtcttat	gtcgagagaa	aagggttattg	gcagncacat	540
tcctaanact	ggggaatgg	gtgtnccttt	naaaattgaa	gataactttt	agggtaatta	600
tggaaactcc	tcaaanaggg	ganaaagtna	tttttttcca	gacatttttc	ctcaattctg	660
ggtctttcac	acactanntt	tccatagtnc	nagaatttct	gnntttttac	catttgggct	720
gtgaaatggt	cacaatntcn	ng				742

<210> 695

<211> 745
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 695

tttcaaatng cttggctact tgttcttttt gcagggatcc catcgattcg aattcggcac	60
gaggttagac gaagtgggtga agcccaaaga cttatttttg agtcgctgt aagactgaga	120
aatcacgtag tccttcctga aaccactaag aggaaaaatg tctgtgacac tgcatacaga	180
tgtaggtgat attaaaattg aagtcttctg tgagaggaca cccaaaacat gtgagatgga	240
gtctcgctgt gtccccagg ctggagtaca atggcgcgat ctcggtcac tgcaacctcc	300
gcctcctggg ttcaagcaag tcttctgcct cagcctccc agaactggaa gaggaggcaa	360
cagtatttgg ggcaagaagt ttgaggatga atacagtga tatcttaagc acaatgttag	420
aggtgttgta tctatggcta ataattggccc gaacaccaat ggatctcagt tcttcacac	480
ctatggcaaa cagccacatt tggacatgaa atacaccgta ttgggaaagg taatagatgg	540
tctggaaact ctatgatgag tggagaaagt tgccagtaaa tgagaaagac ataccgacct	600
cttaatgatg tacacattaa gggccntaac tattcatgcc aaccatttgc ctcatgagct	660
attgatngan ctggacaaat tactttgncc aaattgctng aacacacttt attggggggg	720
taccccgntt ctaattatgt canaa	745

<210> 696
 <211> 795
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 696

tttcaaatng cttggctant ngttcttttt gcaggatccc atcgattcga attcggcacg	60
aggctggcca aagccaaatc tcctaagtcc accgcccagg agggaaacct gaagcctgaa	120
ggagttacgg aggccaaaca tcagctgca gttcgctcc aagaaggggt ccattggcct	180
agtcgagtcc atgtgggctc tggggaccat gactattgtg tccggagcag gacccccca	240
aaaaagatgc ctgccctagt cattccagag gtgggctccc gatggaatgt caagcgccat	300
caggacatca ccatcaaacc tgtcttgtcc ttggggccag ctgccctcc gcccccctgc	360
atanctgcct cccgggagcc gcttgatcac aggactagca gtgagcaggc agatccctca	420
gcacctgcc ttgccccatc cagcttgcctg tcccctgagg cctnaccctg ccggaatgac	480
atnaacacta ggactncccc tgaacctca gccaaagcanc ggtcaatgcg ctgttaccg	540
aaaaagcctg caggtcaagc cagcccccta agccagggtc tggcangggc ccgccnaagg	600
ccgnaacaag accgntctgt naactcttgg gttccaaacc cggaaactttg cccgaaagca	660
tttntttccc ttaattcctt caattcaatc cggntttcc ttaatttccn ggattcttng	720
ggtccaaggg tccccctttt tccccccaa naacaaagaa aagggtgggc ccgaaanggt	780
cccaaccttn ttnt	795

<210> 697
 <211> 734
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 697

ctaatagctt ggctactcgt tctttntgca ggatcccatc gattcgcagc cctcttccct	60
cccctgtcaa gtcacttacc atgcaaacca caggctctaa gagtttgtcc ccaggacat	120
ccatccaagt catctccatg gctcctgggt cccctgggtga gcatggagtc aggaggtcat	180
caatcatcat gctgggggtg gtgcgagagg ggccacagac ctgaaaccaa atggatctga	240
ctgggggcagc tgccccctcag tgtcagaggg gctcgacccc tccggtctct aaggaagtcc	300

caaagagaat	gctctgtggg	tccctagcat	ctgaggagga	cgggctcctt	cagaactcgg	360
gctgggtggt	ccgagcgact	catgatttgc	atgggactct	ggcaatctgt	agccccaatg	420
ccttgatgtc	ttcctcatta	acactgtcac	gtctcaccag	gaatacagtg	acattaaaag	480
tgtgatatgg	tntagctgtg	ccccaccca	catttcaact	tgaactgtat	ctatctccca	540
gaattcccac	atgttggtgg	anggacccag	ggggaggtaa	ctgaatcatg	gnggctggtc	600
ttttcccgtg	ctattctcgt	gaatngtgaa	ntttnacgag	atctgatggg	tttatcaggg	660
gttttccaat	ttttggttct	tatttttctn	ttgcaatctg	catttaagna	antgccttn	720
ggtctctaac	antn					734

<210> 698

<211> 728

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 698

ttcnaatngc	tnggcttttn	gttctctttg	caggatccca	togattcgaa	ttcggcacga	60
ggtttaattt	aaacctctca	tcttttttta	agcactcact	gantttgacc	gagacagcca	120
gtcgccgttg	aggaatcctc	tgttggtcaac	atcgagaccc	ctggttttcg	ggaaacccaa	180
tgggtgatgca	gttgattatc	agaaacagct	gaagcagatg	attaaggatt	tagccaaaga	240
aaaagataaa	actgagaaaag	aattgcccaa	aatgagccag	agagaattta	tccagttctg	300
taaaactctg	tacagtatgt	tccatgaaga	tccagaagaa	aatgatttgt	atcaagccat	360
cgccacagtc	accacactgc	tgctgcagat	cggggagggtg	gggcagcgag	gcagcagctc	420
tgggaagctgc	tcccaggagt	gtggggagga	gctgcgggct	tcagctcctt	ctcctgagga	480
ctcggttttt	gcagacactg	ggaagacgcc	ccaggactcc	caggcatttc	cagaggcggc	540
agaaggggac	tggactgtct	cccttgaaca	tatttttagct	tcacttctga	ctgaacagtc	600
attagtcaac	tttttttgaa	aagccactgg	acatgaaatc	caaacttgaa	aatgccaaaga	660
tcaatcagtn	caatctcaaa	cttttgaaat	gaccncaatc	caatctggac	ntaagctgag	720
tacttgtn						728

<210> 699

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 699

tttcaaatcn	cttggctntt	ngttcttttt	gcaggatccc	atcgattcga	attcggcacg	60
agggaaaaac	aacaggtttg	agtcctataa	agccataatt	taactccagt	agctgatgtc	120
agacaagctt	gtcctatgtc	ctatttgagt	ggcagcagcg	ccagcccagc	aagaaggctg	180
gggggttgta	aggttgtccc	cagaccttgc	ttgcagtggg	tggagaaccc	agggggctgc	240
cttggggccct	ctggccagag	ggaagcgggc	agctctagcc	ctggagattg	tggtcacatt	300
ggggcttggt	taggattgga	gggccaggtc	acctccccag	ccaccctccc	ttctctcttc	360
tgggggtcccc	actttagggc	gactttgccc	gagcccacgc	atccatccac	tccttttagtg	420
ccttgaatct	cattcacaag	cagccccctc	ccttccccctc	cccttctcac	tctgttgatg	480
taatcctncc	acccccagtg	tccatcctaa	gacaggcatc	aaaaagaggc	cctaacttta	540
cttnccaaat	ggtgcttttt	aaaaaacacc	atcactacat	tangggcaat	tttttcacac	600
cttcctgtct	tcagaatgta	aaagggtggg	ggaattattg	tctctgggta	aatntgcacn	660
cccttgactt	gtggggggtt	tggggcatgt	tcanntattt	angaatgaat	tncaattnga	720
caaaaggggg	tttantnaat	tgttnt				746

<210> 700

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 700

gnntttgaaat	ccctttgctt	tnaaatcctt	tgctanttgn	tctttttgca	ggatcccatc	60
gattcgaatt	cggcacgaga	taaggggagg	gccttaattc	agtagaattg	gtggcctcct	120
aagcagagga	agagagattt	ttctttctct	ctctgccatg	tgaagacagt	gaggagtcgg	180
ccgtctgcaa	gccaagaaga	gcccttatca	ggaacagact	tggctagcac	cttcacgtg	240
gacctccagc	ctccagaatt	gcaagaaaat	acatttcctg	cgttgaaacc	accagtcctg	300
tggatatttg	ttatggcagc	ccaggcagac	taatacgtga	agcctgctct	aaatagataa	360
aataagaaat	tactacagag	ggctctttag	aaattgtatt	taaaaacaag	acaatccata	420
tttacctaag	atttacagaa	tgtatgtcta	taaaaggagg	gatttctgga	ctagatgatg	480
atgaaaaatg	ttcatataaa	ggcaccttca	gcttcgagtt	gccaacacag	gaggaagaat	540
gctccctgct	gttcagatgc	tgatatgtgt	cctgtgcttt	ctggatggcc	agtgggatca	600
taagctggta	gaagccagaa	ctttcatcca	ctgacttcat	attcttncac	atnctggaac	660
tgtgggtggt	tgacctttta	aaaaataaat	ttaagcaaat	tgaaatgntt	tcctttgaga	720
nttttggcca	naaacccaca	tnganatttt	ncgtctncc			759

<210> 701

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 701

gcttnnaatt	ccnttccaaa	gnaaacctt	tgnaaatnnc	cctttctgnt	tggatcccat	60
ccgattcgaa	ttcggcacga	gggtaagtca	ggtgattgaa	tcccgggaant	nttcattgtc	120
ttcaagctca	caatactatt	ttgggacaaa	cagttgtcta	gtgtttggac	tcatagaacc	180
tgattcttga	gggtgggtatt	ttactgcttt	tgtgatttgg	tttcaacata	tatagtcttt	240
tctccggagt	taccttaggt	cagtggccag	tgtttcagcc	cctggaaagg	gcatgggctg	300
ccactgaggt	tggtcacagg	cctctcagct	catgggtggga	gtgggttcag	gagttggtaa	360
gtagggttca	gttctgttgt	tgccaccgat	ggcaacaggg	gtttgtaata	atocctagtt	420
gtgtcaatta	tgctacttaa	ttttcacaa	aggtctctga	agtgtttctc	atctcatttt	480
tacagatgag	gcctgcctgt	gttaatacac	ctagttagga	gtggagctga	atttgaatgc	540
aagccttggc	accttaattg	agcaagtttg	aaacctcgt	tggtgcctt	ctggaaggag	600
tcangaattt	ncagttcttg	gcctgggctg	tgggtctggc	agacagacct	ctggccctaa	660
ggtttgggtg	ccangttctc	tgcttccaga	atgagaagct	ttgctgtgca	ccaagnanct	720
gggccccctc	ggnatctcnt	gaatnaaaan	n			751

<210> 702

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 702

gnnttgaanc	ccctttnttt	naaatccttt	gctacttgnt	ctttttgcag	gatcccatcg	60
attcgaattc	ggcacgagcc	tgaatataaa	gaggaggagg	aagaccaaga	catacaggga	120
gaaatcagtc	atcctgatgg	aaaggtggaa	aaggtttata	agaatgggtg	ccgtgttata	180
ctgtttccca	atggaactcg	aaaggaagtg	agtgcagatg	ggaagaccat	cactgtcact	240
ttctttaatg	gtgacgtgaa	gcaggctcatg	ccagacccaa	gagtgatcta	ctactatgca	300
gctgcccaga	ccactcacac	gacatacccg	gagggactgg	aagtettaca	tttctcaagt	360
ggacaaatag	aaaaacatta	cccagatgga	agaaaagaaa	tcacgtttcc	tgaccagact	420

gttaaaaact	tatttcctga	tggacaagaa	gaaagcattt	tcccagatgg	tacaattgtc	480
agagtacaac	gtgatggcaa	caaactcata	gagtttaata	atggccaaag	agaactacat	540
actgcccagt	tcaagagacg	ggaatcccag	atggcactgt	taaaaccgta	tatgcaaacg	600
gtcatcaaga	aacgaagtac	agatccngtc	ggataagagt	taanggcaag	gagggtaatg	660
tgctaattgga	cccgaactgt	gacgatccct	atgtgatcat	gaagtaccag	tactgacttt	720
ttatgttaaa	aaatgtccat	ttactgng				748

<210> 703

<211> 769

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 703

ggnnnntnnna	gnntttgaan	tccctttntt	tctaatact	ggcttctngt	tctttttgca	60
ggatcccatc	gattcgctca	gctgaggcaa	ttaaactgga	aaagaaatag	attgaaaaga	120
tactacagaa	gaagcagtac	agaagttggg	ggactgaagg	agagggagcc	actgcagggtg	180
ctagctgctt	aaggggatac	cagtcctttt	acagatataa	tagatacagc	ttctgagggtg	240
gagggtgata	ggagtgtgta	gagaaattgc	agttcagaac	tggagcatgc	agttaggcaa	300
gaggcatccc	atgtgaagat	gtcaagcaag	tactggaaaa	tgctgaacta	aaactcagggtg	360
atggatatgt	agatttagag	aacttcattg	tagaggcagt	cattgaaagc	taaaaggggtc	420
gataataaaa	ttgccaagga	tggaaatagt	aagagggagt	cagtgttatt	aggattagaa	480
ttctgttttg	ttttttcttt	aaacagattc	tccctctgtc	accctggctg	gagtgaagtgt	540
gtgtgatctc	ggctcactgc	ggcctcgacc	tcccaggctc	aagttatcct	cccaactctc	600
agccttccaa	gtagctggga	ccacagccat	tcaaacacat	gcctgcctta	tgtttggtatt	660
tttttggtana	aaccaagggtt	ttgccatgtt	tnccaggctg	gnctnngaac	ttctggggtt	720
aagccattcc	cccacccttg	ggtctcccaa	aatgctngcc	attatanggt		769

<210> 704

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 704

cnaannncnn	ggnttcnaat	annaggctac	ttgttctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gagacccgtc	cggggccggc	caatttgcac	atttggaatg	cgccgctata	120
aaccgggctg	gggtttttgca	gcgatttctt	agatgtaaaa	atgagatctc	aatagcagcg	180
ggctgggcac	atcctctcct	ctctccttct	ctctctgccc	ggagctgggt	tccgtctctc	240
ggctcggggc	tggaaactccg	gcccaccta	ggcgcgcagc	cgccacgaga	tggcgcactt	300
ccgatcaatg	tcaaagccgc	cggggagccg	ggaaccccag	catgattctt	ggcctttgtt	360
cgcttctgat	actaagagca	gcacggtaca	ttatttctact	tgtcccgctc	cccttcataa	420
cagaaaaagg	ggactcacc	tcaagaagtgt	attgggtatg	taattttaaag	caacgcgcat	480
tcgctaggcc	tcgctgagcgt	cgccgcgcgg	agaagccagc	tgctcccttg	cagtgatttc	540
ggaaatgtgt	caaggcaatt	ccaaagggtga	aaacgcagcc	aactggctca	cggcaaaaaga	600
gtggctengaa	aaaagcgctt	gccccttaca	cgaagcacca	gacactggag	ctggaagaan	660
ggagtttctg	ttcaatatgt	acccttactc	gaaaagcggn	gcctagagaa	taaccgcgan	720
cgttccacct	taacggacag	gacaagtggg	aaaatctgt			759

<210> 705

<211> 777

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 705

tttgaaatcc	cntttnttna	aatcctttgc	tncttgttct	ttttgcagga	tcccatcgat	60
tcgtcctgaa	gctcgggggg	ctgcagggtcc	tgaggaccct	ggtgcaggag	aagggcacgg	120
aggtgctcgc	cgtgcgcgtg	gtcacactgc	tctacgacct	ggtcacggag	aagatgttcg	180
ccgaggagga	ggctgagctg	accaggaga	tgccccaga	gaagctgcag	cagtatcgcc	240
aggtaacact	cctgccaggc	ctgtgggaac	agggctggtg	cgagatcacg	gccacctcc	300
tggcgctgcc	cgagcatgat	gcccgtgaga	aggtgctgca	gacactgggc	gtcctcctga	360
ccacctgccg	ggaccgctac	cgtcaggacc	cccagctcgg	caggacactg	gccagcctgc	420
aggctgagta	ccagggtgctg	gccagcctgg	agctgcagga	tggtgaggac	gagggctact	480
tccaggagct	actgggctct	gtcaacagct	tgctgaagga	gctgagatga	ggccccacac	540
cangactgga	ctgggatgcc	cgctagtga	gcttgaaggg	tgccaaccgt	gggttgggct	600
ttcttaagca	tggaggacat	ttttggcaat	gcttggcttt	gggccattta	aatgggaaac	660
cttgaaaggc	caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaantna	tnnaaaaaan	aaacttnnac	cttttaaaac	720
ttttaantgn	ngnccgnttt	tacnttanat	tccagacttg	attaggaatc	catttttt	777

<210> 706

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 706

gntttgaaat	ncnttnntt	caaatnctng	gctacttggt	ctttttgcag	gateccatcg	60
attcgaattc	ggcacgagna	atgcaaaggg	ctgcagttct	cattcaggct	actttcagga	120
tgacagaaac	atatattaca	tttcagactt	ggaaacatgc	ttcaattcta	attcagcaac	180
attatcgaac	atatagagct	gcaaaattgc	aaagagaaaa	ttatatcaga	caatggcatt	240
ctgctgtggt	tattcaggct	gcatataaag	gaatgaaagc	aagacaactt	ttaagggaaa	300
aacacaaagc	ttctattgta	atacaaggca	cctacagaat	gtataggcag	tattgtttct	360
accaaaagct	tcagtgggct	acaaaaatca	tacaagaaaa	atatagagca	aataaaaaaga	420
aacagaaagt	atttcaacac	aatgaactta	agaaagagac	ttgtgttcag	gcagggtttc	480
aggacatgaa	cataaaaaaa	cagattcagg	aacagcacca	ggctgccatt	attattcaga	540
agcattgtaa	agccttttaa	ataaggaagc	attatctcca	cattagagca	acagtgtttt	600
ctattcaaag	aagatacaga	aaactaactg	cagtgcgtcc	ccaacaagtt	atttgtatac	660
agtcttatta	cagangcttt	aaagttccaa	aaggatatcc	aaaaatatgc	caccgggctt	720
gccacactta	attcagncat	tctatcnaat	gccccagggc			760

<210> 707

<211> 856

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 707

gttgctttga	agcctttgaa	atncnttggt	tnaaatnctt	ggctttngnt	ctntttgcag	60
gateccatcg	attcgctccc	ctggatgtgc	agacatggag	gaggacagaa	ggcccagctc	120
agtggccccc	gctccccacc	ccccacgccc	gaacagcagg	ggcagagcag	tctggagggtg	180
gtgntccccc	ttgatgaaga	gcaggcgact	ggnttgga	gggagatcat	gctggctgna	240
aagaanggac	tggacccata	caatgtactg	gccncaaagg	gancttcagg	caccagngaa	300
gacccaaant	tantncccta	catntccaac	aagagaatag	naagctgcat	ntgtgaanag	360
gacaatacca	gcntcnantg	gttttggtcn	nacaaangcc	angnccancc	atgccccenn	420
tttgnacccc	attacaanct	gntgccccan	tagctggcac	actgancncc	tnntctaaat	480
tacttaaaat	natgctgtan	aagtatanctn	ttncagaan	agactaanca	ntncatngnc	540
tacttctcca	aaaaaaantg	anaaaaatna	taaaantcaa	antaaatact	aaatnannan	600

ataananan	tannaantta	tatttcnnan	atantanann	nancnnttta	naannantta	660
nggnnancan	nnattantnn	tnnatanttt	acattaaant	tattnanann	anaaanmnan	720
nananannat	atattannan	anantnacnt	aaactnnnt	naatnntcca	nanacttnaa	780
naanaataag	nmntanatna	nnnttangn	ntnatatann	ttanatann	nnnnacnata	840
nnacatnnnn	tannga					856

<210> 708

<211> 766

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 708

ctaatactgg	ctacttggtc	tttcnaagcn	ctggnnnttn	annnatnnag	ctacttggtc	60
tttttgagg	acccatcgat	tcgccccaaac	ttatcggggg	tgccagaggc	agagtagaca	120
agccttagtg	gccgccattt	gttgaatata	tactgtgcgc	caagcagtg	gtcacaaactt	180
tatgaagtag	gtattattat	catccccatt	ttacaggtga	agaaactgag	tctctgagag	240
accaactttt	ccaaggtcac	acagaggtgg	gatccagccc	acttccgtct	gaccccaagc	300
ccctgctgtt	aacccctgcc	ccattgtggg	gaggttccgg	cccactctgg	agttctctgg	360
tctgcgtcag	tcctcaggag	aagaaagaat	gggggtgatg	ctccaaatat	tgaggctccc	420
atctgtctgt	cctgcactag	gcagagccag	gcttctccat	ggggcacagg	agagagggca	480
ccagatctga	ggagcaaata	ggttcttggt	ctgagatctc	atgggatcag	gttgccagcc	540
ctgcaaacc	ccgctcangt	ctagaggaca	tggagctgcc	tttcaagggtg	catttgcttc	600
ctttacagac	tcggactctg	tncctctggt	actttggggc	gtcccggact	cggggaatgcg	660
tntacactt	gtaggggcaa	aaccccggtt	tgactctttc	cggggttcta	cccttaacca	720
agcctttact	ttctngggat	caccctggtg	ggactttttg	tccacc		766

<210> 709

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 709

gaannccntt	nnnttgcaaa	tnntnggcta	cttgttcttt	ttgcaggatc	ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca	cgagggtttt	ttttttttt	tttgagaaat	gaatgcaaga	tttattgagt	120
ggtggaagta	gctctcagca	gatggctggg	gagccagaag	ggggatagca	tggaaggta	180
gtcttctct	ggagtctggc	tgtctcagcag	ccgggatctc	ctactgtcct	tgccgaatt	240
tcccttgggc	tcggaatcgt	tccaccatca	atggcctgcc	agcgtctttc	gatgtgttct	300
tctgccagt	tgttctctt	gacgtccagc	cgcttggtg	tgtgcccgt	gggtctcag	360
ggtttttata	ggcacagaat	gggtggcatg	gcaggccaga	gtggtcttg	aaaatgcaac	420
atttgggcaa	gaagacagga	gtccttggtc	tcattagggtc	catgggcaca	agcctgaggg	480
tggagccctt	gccagtgacc	ctgcccttct	ctaccagca	cttccctgtc	cccctcccat	540
atcacggtt	ccatcttgtc	cttgatgagg	aatacaactc	ccaattcagt	gnttgcttgt	600
gggaagatgc	aatcctcttt	atgacaagtt	tctaanaagt	tgataagaaa	aatggggacc	660
tgcctaagg	ctagtatctc	atttaatact	ctatagaata	ttatngggtt	ttccctttta	720
ngttttaaat	gttgaananc	nan				743

<210> 710

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 710

gnnnnnnnnn	nagngtttga	antcctcctt	ngaaatcctt	tggcnactcg	ctctttntgc	60
aggatcccat	cgattcgaat	tcggcacgag	gggcaatgca	gttataatac	tgtgttaatt	120
tcagacatct	tctggtcctc	cgagccttgt	atttacatac	tagctgaaac	tgcaagtgga	180
aatgaatgga	gctgatgata	tttgcccttat	cctaattttt	ctgtgaggag	gagaaaaaca	240
cttgtgcttc	aaataagcag	atgtgaaaac	acttctcact	aatcaaaatg	tttaccacta	300
ggttatgaga	gtctgcctct	cataggcagt	gaatctgata	tgtatactta	gtaatataag	360
tctatttagt	ttgacaaaac	cttagagcag	aattttttgca	gcttagttca	ggatgatcac	420
tagcaatgcc	aaacttcatt	ttttattgaa	cttggatcca	agaaggcctg	ctgtgtctat	480
ttcagtatag	actctcatac	caatatatct	atgctccaag	tcactacacc	cagaagtgat	540
gcagtggggg	aaatgcaaag	acaacatcac	tgtaagattc	acagaatgga	tcttttgtaa	600
aatattttat	attgacttaa	ggaaaacctt	tcattgggaa	ttaattaaat	taagtctcta	660
atatcctgga	agacagtaaa	aantnaagcn	gggtgntctca	antttgaacc	cggcnattng	720
naatttcatt	ataggaattt	ctgaaaataa	tcc			753

<210> 711

<211> 718

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 711

naatngctag	gctacttggt	ctttttgag	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggcacgagcc	60
tacttatttg	atgttggctc	tttgggtgca	tggagatggc	tttactgtag	gtttgttggtg	120
ttgcattact	tttcattggg	attgaactga	gaaataacaa	acaagcttta	agtgaggaaat	180
taaaaaaaag	aagtaacctta	tgtagatcca	aacttaaaat	gtgagaaatt	attgaaattt	240
cattttctac	aaacttgaaa	ttagcctgct	aattgtaaag	ttgttttaat	aatgctgaca	300
aatgtcagtt	acgtttgcaa	aggagtgtat	ggttctaggt	atttgcctac	tgtaaacctg	360
tgagaaaaac	attgtcaggt	tagcaagtct	attgaaatag	agacctcctt	agtttacagc	420
aaagaataaa	tagctgatga	ctggagattg	ggactaaggt	tttatttatt	tatattcttt	480
gaaagaaatc	ggacagttaa	taagtggttt	gtggtagagt	tgaaggatgt	ctgagagatg	540
gaaagagagt	gacaaaggag	gagaagggaat	agtatttctt	ttttagtatt	gntttgaaat	600
taaaactctg	ntatttttaat	atggtaaaga	gcaagaattt	gggttgggcc	gcngtgactc	660
acgcctataa	tcccagcact	ttgggaagcc	ntggtgggca	aatcacctga	aattangg	718

<210> 712

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 712

agttgaantn	cttgctacnn	aaaacctttg	gcnaactngct	ctttntgnag	gatcccatcg	60
attcgcaaag	atggtcgtat	tactaaaggt	gaataaccag	cgcggnnngc	acgtggagtc	120
actggaacat	ttgtgcaatg	ctggtgggaa	tgtcaaccgg	tgcggccctc	tggaataagc	180
ctggcagctc	ctccaagagt	taccngtgga	cccancaatt	ccactcctag	ctccaccac	240
aggaattgaa	agcaaanacg	caaacagatg	cctgtncacc	aaagttcacg	gcagcatnct	300
tcgncatagt	ggcagcatcc	gtcgtcacag	cggcatcatc	cttcatcata	gcggcagcat	360
ccgtcgtcac	aagcggcagc	atccttcgcc	acagnnggan	gcactctgtc	tcacancggn	420
agcatccttc	gacaaagcgg	cagcatnctt	cgtnatagen	gcagcatcct	ttgccatanc	480
cggcaagggtg	gaaaaccctgt	ccatccactg	aggcgtgcat	agactaaaca	tgggcagtc	540
agcactggaa	ttccaagccg	tacaacggng	nccacngtca	aaaangaatg	aggaccctga	600
ngcacctgng	cnganaacaa	gaacnngcga	nnccaanact	tttnagacat	tattgcctta	660

agtnaataaaa	cccagngcac	caacgggaaa	ccngaccgnc	ntgnancctt	gnttaacntt	720
nantnngttn	cccgaataatg	ggggcacntt	nccaaaaagg	ggaataaaaag	gggagaattn	780
cct						783

<210> 713

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 713

gttgaantcc	ttccttttcaa	atngcttggc	tactcgntct	ntntgcagga	tcccatcgat	60
tcgaattcgg	cacgagccca	catgtaccag	gttgagtttg	aagatggatc	ccagatagca	120
atgaagagag	aggacatcta	cacttttagat	gaagagttac	ccaagagagt	gaaagctcga	180
ttttccacag	cctctgacat	gcgatttgaa	gacacgtttt	atggagcaga	cattatccaa	240
ggggagagaa	agagacaaaag	agtgtctgagc	tccagggttta	agaatgaata	tgtggccgac	300
cctgtatacc	gcactttttt	gaagagctct	ttccagaaga	agtgccagaa	gagacagtag	360
tctgcataca	tcgctgcagg	ccacagagca	gcttgggttg	gaagagagaa	gatgaaggga	420
catccttggg	gctgtgccgt	gagttttgct	ggcatangtg	acaggggtgtg	tctctgacag	480
tggtaaatcg	ggtttccaga	gtttgggtcac	caaaaataca	aaatacaccc	aatgaattgg	540
acgcagcaat	ctgaaatcat	ctctagtctt	gctttccttg	tgagcagttg	tctttctatg	600
atccccaaaag	aagtttttct	aaagtnaaaa	ggaaaattcc	tagtggaatt	cancccccac	660
gggaaaaaag	cccacttgnc	cacannagga	agccnggntn	ccccttngtt	ccggcttaan	720
ggcccttgt	tcaggaaacc	acactggggg	ancttntttt	ttttt		765

<210> 714

<211> 740

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 714

gtttgaannc	cttngntttc	naatgctngg	ctacttggtc	ttnttgcagg	atcccatcga	60
ttcgccaaaa	gcttgtggca	aatttgaaat	ttctgccatt	agggacctta	caactgggcta	120
tgatgatagc	caacctgata	aaaaagctgt	tcttccact	agtaaaagca	gccaaatgat	180
caccttcacc	tttgctaattg	gaggcgtggc	caccatgcgc	accagtggga	cagagcccaa	240
aatcaagtac	tatgcagagc	tgtgtgcccc	acctgggaac	agtgatcctg	agcagctgaa	300
gaaggaactg	aatgaactgg	tcagtgtctat	tgaagaacat	tttttccagc	cacagaagta	360
caatctgcag	ccaaaagcag	actaaaatag	tccagccttg	ggtatacttg	catttaccta	420
caattaagct	gggtttaact	tgtaagcaa	tatttttaag	ggccaaatga	ttcaaaacat	480
cacaggtatt	tatgtgtttt	acaaagacct	acattcctca	ttgtttcatg	tttgaccttt	540
aagggtgaaaa	aagaaaatgg	ccaaacccaa	caaactaaca	ttcctactaa	aaagttgagc	600
ttggacatat	tttgaatttt	tgtaagtga	agatttttaa	actgactaac	ttaaaaaat	660
agattgtaat	tgatgtgcct	taatttgcac	aaatcataaa	tgtatgtcct	ctctgtaatt	720
ggtttaatgt	gtgcttgaan					740

<210> 715

<211> 708

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 715

tttgcaaatn	gcttggctac	ttgttctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	aattcggcac	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	------------	----

gagggaggct	agactcaagc	tgtctggaga	gtgtgaaaca	aaagtgtgtg	aagagttgta	120
actgtgtgac	tgagcttgat	ggccaagttg	aaaatcttca	tttgatctg	tgctgccttg	180
ctggtaacca	ggaagacctt	agtaaggact	ctctaggtcc	taccaaataca	agcaaaattg	240
aaggagctgg	taccagtatc	tcagagcctc	cgtctcctat	cagtccgtat	gcttcagaaa	300
gctgtggaac	gtacactctt	cctttgagac	cctgtggaga	agggctctgaa	atggtaggca	360
aagagaatag	ttccccagag	aataaaaaact	ggttggtggc	catggcagcc	aaacggaagg	420
ctgagaatcc	atctccacga	agtccgtcat	cccagacacc	caattccagg	agacagagcg	480
gaaagacatt	gccaaagccc	gtcaccatca	cgcccagctc	catgaggaaa	atctgcacat	540
acttccatag	aaagtcccag	gaggacttct	gtggctctga	cactcaacag	aattatagat	600
tctaactctga	tgagttactg	agctttggtc	ccttaaaaaca	agctgacttg	gtccctaaac	660
cagatgaaaa	tccagatgct	ctatacttgg	ctttaagaac	tgctttcn		708

<210> 716

<211> 730

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 716

ttgcaaatng	ctnggctact	tgttcttttt	gcaggatccc	atcgattcgc	tcccatggag	60
gtgggtggaa	tggcaccgag	aagtttgatg	acagttatct	aatggactag	aggttggcaa	120
actttctgta	aatggccagg	tagtaaatag	ttctgctttt	gaaggcatat	ggtctcttgc	180
acctactcga	ggctgaaagc	agctatagac	aatacataaa	tgaatgagcg	tgagtgtgtt	240
ccaataagaa	aaaaacatgg	ctgtttgctt	cggccccagg	gttgtagctt	accagtcctg	300
taacagatca	cagtttgctc	ttttgggtcac	aaatacttga	acccctccct	agttcagagc	360
atgtgatacc	gtaatattta	aagctcactt	gtaaaacatc	gtttgtttgcc	tccatccata	420
gtatctcaaa	cagaatgtct	ctcccaaata	tacctaaatt	ccatattctc	tgaagcacia	480
ccagctatatt	tcttgacata	cttcctaaca	caccccacag	ttcacaattt	gatctgaaaa	540
cttggttaagg	gaggttcttt	ggcatgtgat	gccataaaaa	gagaggtatg	ggctctcctt	600
taaaaaagag	acccttttta	tgagactcac	aataggataa	aagagcccat	gcctattttt	660
aaacattttt	ttcactatat	aagacatgca	tgcttgnaaa	atgggttttta	attagtatna	720
ntgcttaatn						730

<210> 717

<211> 728

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 717

naatngctng	gctcttggtc	tttttgacag	atccctcgat	tcgctgcagt	gagattctct	60
gcaatgactg	gcctcagcaa	gggggcagct	taggaccctg	acatcccagg	tcactaagcc	120
acataggata	agtaatgggt	ggacagaagc	gggaaaggag	aagggcaggg	cacatgttta	180
aaacttgaac	tttctgaggg	taagactgga	aaaggaatgg	tttcagctga	tatatttgga	240
taccagttag	ctatttttag	gaaaaaaaaca	caaattggctt	ttaaacaatca	cagtgtgata	300
cagtctaact	cagaattaga	gacaggcaaa	acagaactcc	atcttaaaaaa	ataaataaat	360
aaaaataaaa	aaatgacatc	actttgggtc	agagctctaa	aatggaggga	ggaagccatt	420
ctaaaaaagg	ctccctacat	gacctgcaac	ttgaaaaaaa	attaaaagct	ccaaaaaaaa	480
caatncagga	gcttaccttg	aaccttttga	attggggcaa	attgccgatg	accactgcat	540
cctggaaaaat	tttatttcac	cagcactaca	acttctcaac	agcaccaacc	aatttaacta	600
tggatttttg	tactaanccc	agttgcctct	ttnaaaaaca	cttgtcaact	ttgtctaact	660
accctcagct	tttttttaaa	aaccctnct	ctaccctnt	ctcttcagaa	caccaaagtg	720
gncttttn						728

<210> 718
 <211> 730
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 718
 gaantccttn nntttnaaat cnttggctac ttgttctttt tgcaggatcc catcgattcg 60
 aattcggcac gatctagata ttgcccacac gctgccacac gtgcacatac ctttccacca 120
 gtcacatgtg agagggcaga ttttccaaat gctcatcacc acttggcact gtgtggacta 180
 taattttggc cagttaggaa atggcatctc attgttttca tcttaatttg cgtcagcctg 240
 attactcatt gaaacttgtg aggttgagaa acttttctta agcttatttg ccattcaagt 300
 ttcctccttt atgaaatggg tggtcatgtc atttgcctcat ttttatatta gattgttttt 360
 cttttttcca gctgacttgt aggaactcta catcttatca atattaatca tttatcgaaa 420
 actatttggg tgccattatc ttctcctagt caatgttttt tgtttgtgat atcttttata 480
 atatataagt ttttaatgtt ggcagaagta aagttaatct ttttggctgt gttgtgtgtc 540
 ttgtttgatg taaagatagt ttctgtaata gttttgcagt ttgattgggc atcttttaggt 600
 cttcaattac aacctgcaca ttcacccctc tatectcttt cttactctgg ttttctccat 660
 agcacttatc atccaataat atggcatgca cttatttaat ctggtttgca tatatatattt 720
 ngctggtacg 730

<210> 719
 <211> 733
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 719
 ttcaaategc ttggctactt gttctttntg caggatccct cgattcgctt cagtgcacac 60
 aacaggagag aggagaaaga agaaacgcta gtaattccaa gcaactggaat taagttgcct 120
 tcatcagtgt ttgcttcaga gtttgaggaa gatgttggat tgttaaataa agcagctcca 180
 gtttcaggac ctgcactgga ttttgatcct gacattgttg cagctcttga tgatgatttt 240
 gactttgatg atccagataa ttctgcttga ggatgacttt attcttcagg ccaataaggc 300
 aacaggagag gaagagggaa tggatataca gaaatctgag aatgaagatg acagcgagtg 360
 ggaagatgtg gatgatgaga agggagatag caatgatgac tatgactctg caggcctatt 420
 gtcagatgaa gactgtatgt ctgtgcccgg aaaaactcac agagctatag cagatcactt 480
 gttctggagt gaggaaacaa agagtcgctt cacggagtat tcatgactt nctcagtcac 540
 gaggagaaat gaacagcttg accctacatg atgagangtt tgagaaagtt ttatgagcca 600
 tattgatgat gatgaaattg ggagctctgg ataatgccag aatttggaag ggttctattc 660
 aagtgggaca gcaattcgct ttcnaggaag ttttgaatga ctactattaa agagaangcc 720
 caanaattnt ntt 733

<210> 720
 <211> 740
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 720
 agttnnnttn ntncntttca aatccttggc tacttgnctt ttttgcagga tcccatcgat 60
 tcgaattcgg cagcagaaga gaaggaccta gagattgaga ggcttaagac gaagcaaaaa 120
 gaactggagg ccaagatgtt ggcccagaag gctgaggaaa aggagaacca ttgtccacca 180
 atgctccggc ccctttcaca tcgcacagtc acaggggcaa agcccctgaa aaaggctgtg 240
 gtgatgcccc tacagcta atcaggagcag gcagcatccc caaatgccga gatccacatc 300

ctgaagaata	aaggccgga	gagaaagctg	gagtcctctg	atgccctaga	gcctgaggag	360
aaggctgagg	actgctggga	gctacagatc	agcccggagc	tactggctca	tgggcgcca	420
aaaatactgg	atctgctgaa	cgaaggctca	gcccggagatc	tccgcagtct	tcaacgcatt	480
ggcccgaaga	aggcccagct	aatcgctgggc	tggcgggagc	ttcacggncc	cttcaccagg	540
tggaggacct	ggaacgcntg	gagggcataa	cngggaaaaca	gatggagtcc	tttctgaagg	600
caaacattct	gggtctcggc	ggccgccanc	gctntggcgc	cttctgacgc	tcgctnctac	660
ttncgntctt	tcaaattttt	ggnataaacc	ccgtgtttgn	gtaaaatcca	gtttttgttc	720
cgntaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaat					740

<210> 721

<211> 736

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 721

nnttnnnttt	tnnaaatccc	ttggctactt	gttctttttg	cagggatccc	atcgattcgc	60
atgagtata	ttttggctctg	ggtttctctt	taagatttta	gtttgtctga	attaaggaaa	120
aatgttttta	atatacatte	ttatttttgtc	ccacccctcc	agaaataagc	tggaaatctt	180
aacttttttg	ggggtctttt	ttgggtgtttt	aatgggcccc	gaactgtggt	ttaaattttt	240
atgtatgtat	tttctttttt	gtggagtata	aattttaaaaa	ctggattttg	gacctaaaat	300
actcctcagg	ttgatgtatt	catgaagttt	taaaacatct	ttagttttca	aagtaaaactg	360
gatatgtgga	ccttaaaagt	attgagttta	agctacaaat	tgtaacgtca	ttactggaca	420
tgtcagcatc	aaccctctca	aaatagcttg	gtcactttat	gaaggggcgt	tttaaaagttg	480
ttgttttagca	gtgacattta	atatggtcca	attgcttttc	tttttaacgt	gacaaaaaga	540
gaataaggaa	caaacactat	tgctgccgaa	tgccataaca	ctgagttgtc	aaattgtgat	600
tgaggaaatg	aaaagggttta	tactttttta	aaaaaaaaaa	cnnaanccaa	aaaacccaaa	660
cttcaaattg	aataaattat	tcatgaagcc	cttaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aactcgaacc	720
tntaaaactn	tnngng					736

<210> 722

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 722

attnccttgg	cttttcaaat	ccttggctac	tngttctttt	tgcaggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gagattatag	agattaatct	cctttgctcg	aagtctatct	aaatattagt	120
cacatctaaa	acatactttt	acagcaacat	ctagactggg	gtttgaccaa	acaactgggc	180
atcatagctg	acacataaaa	ttaaccatca	caaccatgtt	ctaggcactg	ttcctcactg	240
cctgagaaga	caccgttatg	tttattaggg	tttttgagtt	ttatccacag	cttttggtta	300
tctgcaacca	tgtctccac	cattaacata	gttcacactg	agatgaggat	tcctatttta	360
acacttggtc	ccaacttctt	cacagtccat	ctggttttgt	agaggggaaca	taactggaca	420
ttctggtcag	gttaggtgag	gtcaggcctt	caggacgcta	ttttcactga	gttgctttat	480
aaggcacatt	atgcaaaatt	ccatcagctc	ttctgttcac	tacattcact	gttgaaattc	540
taagagttag	actgctgtct	cacaccaaag	ccagtgggta	ctatcttcag	taggcacgca	600
gcatcatgtt	tgtatttgat	ccanctagat	gacatgtaag	agaaaacttt	attgnggact	660
ctgtaaaagt	tgacattcgt	ttgtgactca	atttgcctat	gtatttggtc	ctggggagtc	720
attacatagc	taactttcag	ctgctttcaa	t			751

<210> 723

<211> 749

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 723

tttaatncc	ttcnntaat	cttngtttcn	ngcnctttnt	gcaggatccc	atcgattcga	60
tgctagccaa	agcctgctgc	cagctccata	gcctggacct	acagcactcc	atgggtggagt	120
ccacagctgt	ggtgagcttc	ttggaggagg	caggggtccc	aatgcgcaag	ttgtggctga	180
cctacagctc	ccagacgaca	gccatcctgg	gcgcactgct	gggcagctgc	tgcccccagc	240
tccaggtcct	ggaggtgagc	accggcatca	accgtaatag	cattcccctt	cagctgcctg	300
tcgaggctct	gcanaaaggc	tgccctcagc	tccagcctgg	accttgcccc	caggtgctgc	360
ggctgttgaa	cctgatgtgg	ctgcccgaag	ctccgggacg	aggggtggct	cccggaccag	420
gcttcctagc	ctagaggagc	tctgcctgnc	gagctcaacc	tgcaactttg	tgagcaacga	480
ggtcctnggc	cgnctactcc	acggctctcc	caacctgcgc	ttactggatc	ttcgtggctg	540
tgcnegcatc	acgccggctg	gccttcagga	tctgccatgt	cgggagctgg	agcagcttca	600
tctgggcctg	tatggcacgt	cagaccggct	gacttttacc	aangagggca	agnccctttt	660
gaccagaant	ggtgcataca	ctgcgaagaa	ctggactttg	aatggccaag	ggttcaattg	720
agaaagacct	ggaacangcc	cttgctnct				749

<210> 724

<211> 761

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 724

ttnnnnccct	ttttaatncc	ttctactaat	ccttggtctc	cgntctttct	gcaggatccc	60
atcgattcga	attcggcacg	agcctcagcc	ttctaaaaag	ctggggctac	accagctga	120
agaaattgta	actaaagata	gattgtttta	agcaaagcaa	gaaacttctg	aagaaatgga	180
acaaagtgga	gaagcctcag	gaaagcccaa	cagagagtgt	gcacccaga	ttccttgtag	240
tactcctatt	gctactgaaa	ggacagttgc	acatttgaac	actctgaagg	accgtcacc	300
aggtgatattg	tgggcccgcg	tgcacatctc	atccctggaa	tatgctgcan	gagacattac	360
ccgaaaaggg	agaaaaaaag	acaaagctcg	agtgagtga	ctgctccaag	gcctctcatt	420
ctctggtgac	tcagatgtgg	aaaaagataa	tgagcctgag	atccagcctg	ctcaaaagaa	480
gttaaaggta	tcattgtttc	cagaaaagag	ttggaccaaa	agagacatta	aacccaattt	540
tccaagctgg	tcagcactgg	attctggact	tttgaatctc	aagagcgaaa	agtttgaacc	600
cagtagagct	ttttgaatta	ttttttgatg	atgaaacatt	caacttaatt	gtcaatgaaa	660
ccnataatta	tgcttctcag	aaaaatgtca	gctttggaag	tccagttcag	gaaaaaaaan	720
nnnnannaaa	aaactcgagc	ctntanaact	atngtgagtc	c		761

<210> 725

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 725

ttttnccccc	tttttanccc	cttntcteta	tccttggnct	tngttctttt	tgaggatcc	60
catcgattcg	aattcggcac	gaggcggact	ctcaggacga	aaagagtcaa	acctttttgg	120
gaanttcaga	ggaagtaact	ggaaagcaag	aagatcatgg	tataaaggag	aaaggggtcc	180
cagtcagcgg	gcaggaggcg	aaagagccag	agagttggga	tgggggcagg	ctggggggcag	240
tggaagagc	gaggagcagg	gaagaggaga	atgagcatca	tgggccttca	atgcccgcctc	300
tgatagcccc	tgaggactct	cctcactgtg	acctgtttcc	aggtgcctca	tatctcgtga	360
ctcagattcc	cgggactcag	acagagtcca	gggctgagga	actgtccccc	gcagctctgt	420

ctcccttgc	agagcccatc	agatgctctc	accagcccat	ttctctactg	ggctcccttt	480
tgactgagga	gtcacctgac	aaggaaaaac	ttctatcagt	actttgatat	gtcacagttt	540
catgtttatc	cagttcaatg	tattttttaa	ttttcccttg	agacttcctt	gactgataga	600
ttattgtgaa	gtgtgttttt	aaatttncaa	atgtttangg	attttcatat	ctttcttatg	660
ctgatttcca	attggattcc	ttacaatgat	ttttgggttt	catctgctct	tggatgatta	720
ctatctcttt	taaatttggg	gtggccaagt	tttagggccn			760

<210> 726

<211> 741

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 726

ttntgccctt	tgtntnatcc	ttgntcttgc	ctttttgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	60
ggcacgagac	aagttctatt	gagtgtctatt	cagaatagga	acaaggttct	aatagaaaaa	120
gatggcaatt	tgaagtagct	ataaaaattag	actaatctac	attgcttttc	tcctgcagag	180
tctaatacct	tttatgcttt	gataattagc	agtttgtcta	cttggtcact	aggaatqaaa	240
ctacatggta	ataggcttaa	caggtgtaat	agcccaactta	ctcctgaatc	tttaagcatt	300
tgtgcatttg	aaaaatgctt	ttcgcgatct	tcctgctggg	attacaggca	tgagccactg	360
tgcttgacct	cccatatgta	aaagtgtcta	aagggttttt	ttggttataa	aaggaaaatt	420
tttgcttaag	tttgaaggat	aggtaaaatt	aaaggacatg	ctttctgttt	gtgtgatggg	480
ttttaaaatt	tttttttaag	atggagttct	tgttgcccag	gctagaatgc	aatggcaaaa	540
tctcactgca	atctcctcct	catgggttca	agcaattctc	ctacttcage	ctcccaagta	600
gctgggatta	caggcatgtg	ctaatttggg	gtttttaata	gagatgaggg	ttttccatgt	660
tggtcangct	gggtctcaaac	tcctgcctta	ngtgatcgcc	tcggcctnct	aaagtgtctg	720
aattcaggca	tgaancncca	t				741

<210> 727

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 727

cettcttcen	aangetntgt	tgaancnctt	tcnnnatcgc	gcttgcgctt	tgagctagga	60
taaaaattgg	gtaaagggac	atttgcttac	ctgnntnatg	aatcactntt	tgaaatgtga	120
tcttgccata	tcatacaaga	acttgttttc	tgatgaata	ctgggagaa	aaaatgagaa	180
ctctggagtg	agctaaattg	atcccaatna	agtttttctg	cttagcagac	agaaggtata	240
attntttgac	accctttccc	acctggtgcc	tatgctaggc	ttgtcctgan	aacatncctc	300
agtaacttga	tattcacatg	acctacagga	tgtcccatct	gcagggctga	gtcagttggg	360
gaacaccaga	ggctacacag	tagctattcc	tgtactcgg	ttaatgagct	tggcaggttc	420
tttgtctcac	tgaattctta	tcattggaac	agcagcagca	gccgctagga	aatcttcaag	480
tgtagnggcc	tgtgctaacc	cagtggtaaa	tccttagat	cccctgctgg	tctctggcaa	540
aactccttga	tnttgggtac	catgtatant	ttgcctttga	cntttaacgc	tttctacgat	600
anggtaanca	cncntttaat	ttangcnctg	gancattaac	tttctttgca	aaggctactt	660
atngccngnc	acaantgcag	cctcgacan	ancnnangnn	atatactgtt	ggccatggct	720
ntgatgtttg	acanccgata	ngccttctnc	g			751

<210> 728

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 728

tngnntttnt	ttaacnttgt	ttgacgcctt	tctgcaggat	ccctcgattc	gcactggcta	60
cctgcagatt	gcagagcggc	gagagcccat	aggcagcatg	tcattccatg	aagtgaacgt	120
ggacatgctg	gagcagatgg	acctgatgga	catatcggac	cangaggccc	tggacgtctt	180
cctgaactct	ggaggagaag	agaacactgt	gctgtccccc	gccttagggc	ctgaatccag	240
tacctgtcac	aatganatta	ccctccaggt	tccaaatncc	tcagaattaa	gagccaancc	300
nccttcttnt	tcctncacct	gcaccgactn	ggncaccnng	nacatcanng	aggggtgggga	360
gtncncnnt	gttcagtccg	atgaggagga	anttcangtg	gacactgncc	tgncacatn	420
acacactnac	agagangcca	ctcnngatgg	tgntnangac	agcaactntt	aaattgggac	480
atgggcgtn	tntggccaca	ctggaatcca	nntttggctg	tatgcggaat	ttcacctgcn	540
aagccagggt	nnttnataga	cgttcttgat	tattacataa	ttgccaatca	tgtgggtgagn	600
aacttgtn	aacantttta	caattaantg	tgaagaccgt	acaangaatt	agttaaangc	660
natnagggc	taaacaagct	attacttntg	annnaantta	angnatntaa	nnttttctgn	720
ttctnaaaat	nttcaatntn	nngggaacan	ttgtaanttt	nncnt		765

<210> 729

<211> 743

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 729

tannnnntnc	tntannnttt	ctgangccct	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	60
acgaggagat	ctctgggatg	tcagtgaggc	tggttgaaga	ccagaggtaa	actgcagagg	120
tcaccacccc	caccatgtcc	caggtgatgt	ccagccact	gctggcagga	ggccatgctg	180
tcagcttggc	gccttgtgat	gagcccagga	ggaccctgca	cccagcacc	agccccagcc	240
tgccacccca	gtgttcttac	tacaccacgg	aaggctgggg	agcccaggcc	ctgatggccc	300
ccgtgcccctg	catggggccc	cctggccgac	tccagcaagc	cccacagggtg	gaggccaaag	360
ccacctgctt	cctgcccgtcc	cctggtgaga	aggccttggg	gaccccagag	gaccttgact	420
cctacattga	cttctcactg	gagagccctca	atcagatgat	cctggaactg	gacccacct	480
tccaactgct	ccccccangg	actgggggct	cccangctga	nctggcccag	agcaccatgt	540
caatgagaaa	gaaggaggaa	tctgaacctt	gggtaaggat	ttggggcaca	gtaccaggaa	600
gggggcttgg	tgccagacct	tatgaggaag	aaggattttc	ctatgtacag	agaangggac	660
cctgtntctgt	tgggaagtgc	ttgtgcaaac	ctaaccaagt	tactaaccct	tctgntttct	720
gtgctacaca	aaggggataa	att				743

<210> 730

<211> 744

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 730

ttnttccctt	cctctaatec	ttttanccgc	tttctgcagg	atcccatcga	ttcgaattcg	60
gcacgagggg	tcctccaaga	gtttggggcg	cggacnnnag	taccttgctg	gcagttatgt	120
cggcgtntgt	agtgtntgtc	atttcgcggt	tcttacaaca	gtacttgagc	tccactccgc	180
agcgtctgaa	gttgctggac	gcgtacctgc	tgtatatact	gctgaccggg	gcgctgcagc	240
acggttactg	tctcctcgtg	gggaccttcc	ccttcaactn	ttttctctng	ggcttnatct	300
cttggtgtn	tgagtttnat	cctagcgggt	tgcttgataa	tacngatcaa	cccacngaac	360
aaagcngatt	tccaaggcnt	ctgcccagag	cnagcctttg	ntgannttct	ctttgccagc	420
accatcctgc	accttgttgt	natnancnta	ggtnctgaa	tcattctcan	ttncntaatt	480
gangagtang	anactaaaag	aatgttgact	ctttgaaatc	gctggataag	agactngaga	540
tggcagctta	ttggacacat	ggattttctt	cngatntgca	cttactgcta	gctntgctan	600

ctatgcagga gaaaagccca tagttactgc gtgtnacaac aactntctaa cnaacattca	660
ttaatccann ngannccctt caangaatgg taancctatg ccnttcaana tactgaactt	720
nntgccactt ntggcaaaaa aaat	744

<210> 731

<211> 746

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 731

cttattccct ttgnaactna ctctttntca tccctttgtg caggatccca tgcattcgaa	60
ttcggcacga gtgtccttat ctgaaattca gcgatcttnt tgaataagca tttctctgat	120
tgtggtatat gcctttaatt ttatttctag agtgacaaat ttttggtttt gacagttttt	180
ttctagcttt atagtttctt cttggggaga gaatatgtca acctcactcc atcatgctga	240
agtaaactct catctcttaa ttttatctct caaaaatata ctaaggattc cctctggagc	300
ctgataagta attgcagtat ctggtttcta tgggtggatg attcaggatt ccaggaataa	360
tagttacttt ttagacctct aaagaagaag taacaaccac gtaaataaaa agatgcttct	420
taaatcatgg agaatacagg cttagtatca ctgtattttc aaactgtttc agccttactt	480
tataactgat ttagtatatt tttcttttaa tttcagactt cagtgaagtt ccttatgact	540
tccctgaaa ttgcttcctt atcatggggg caaatgaaag taaaaggctc taatacaacc	600
tataaggact gcaaagtatg gccagggggg agtcngactt gggattggag agaaacagga	660
actgagcatt ctctggtgt gcacctgcag atgtgaagga agttgttgag aanggtgtcc	720
agactcttgt gattggnca nggata	746

<210> 732

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 732

ttnnnnncnn nnatcctttn gatttnatc ctntntcang tcctttgtgc aggatcccat	60
cgattcgaat tcggcacgag gtggcccata agttttacct tttaaaccatc cggctgcctg	120
tgaatgagaa gaagaaaatc aatgtgggaa ttggggagat aaaggatata cggttggtgg	180
ggatccacca aaatggaggc ttcaccaagg tgtggtttgc catgaagacc ttccttacgc	240
ccagcatctt catcattatg gtgtggtatt ggaggaggat caccatgatg tcccgacccc	300
cagtgttctt ggaaaaagtc atctttgccc ttgggatttc catgaccttt atcaatatcc	360
cagtggaatg gttttccatc gggtttgact ggacctggat gctgctgttt ggtgacatcc	420
gacagggcat cttctatgag atgcttctgt ccttctggat catcttctgt ggcgagcaca	480
tgatggatca ncacgagcgg aaccacatcg canggtattg gaagcaagtc ggacccattg	540
ccgntggctc cttctgcctc ttcataattg acatgtgtga gaaaggggta caactnacga	600
atcccttcta cagtatctgg actacagaca ttggaacana gctggccatg gncttcatca	660
tcgtggctgg aatctgcctc tgctctact tcctgtttct atgcttnatg gnatttcaag	720
tgtttcngac atcantggga agcaatccac ctgccn	756

<210> 733

<211> 742

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 733

cntatccttt nntttattcc ttnataagnc cttngcagg atccatcgat tcgaattcgg	60
--	----

cacgagctca	cacctgcttt	ggatgcttca	agcacctcag	ccctctgaac	tacaaaacag	120
aagagcctgc	aagtgcacaa	ggaagtgagg	cagaggccca	catgccccca	ccgttcacac	180
cctacgtgcc	tcggattctg	aacggcttgg	cctcggagag	gacagcactg	tctccgcagc	240
agcagcagca	gcagacctat	ggtgccatcc	acaacatcag	cgggactatc	cctggacagt	300
gcttggcgca	gagcgccacg	ggcagtgtgg	ctgctgcccc	ccaggaggcc	tgaggctggg	360
tctcactgct	ctgaaaagac	acaaccagaa	tggcctgggg	ctcaggccct	tggctgagtg	420
ggaatgcgtt	gggactgccc	agctgagcta	tcagggtgccc	atcttttctg	gtcccagcag	480
tgggtgaggag	agcacaggca	ggcctcgccc	ctcccttgct	cacccagttt	ccctnccggc	540
acaagcttcc	agctctgcag	ctggggtgac	atccccagtg	gtttgtcgcc	aagacatgtg	600
gtggactttt	cgccccccaa	actgatgagt	nccggagaat	atatggagag	agagatgtaa	660
aaaaaaaaaa	nnnnnnnnnt	nntnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	720
nnnnnnnnna	annnnananc	tc				742

<210> 734

<211> 749

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 734

nntanaatcc	ntttnnctnt	aatccctcta	ncaaateccct	tgggcaggat	cccatcgatt	60
cgaaaattta	tagtaatgac	aaatgactta	tcagtgttca	tcactcgaaa	gctaagtggg	120
tcgttcaatc	actttttcaa	agttgatagt	agattgcatg	gtttcatggt	tcctcatatt	180
ggtttattaa	ttctatttaa	tcaaggaaaa	taacttcaga	ttccataaag	tttcagttta	240
tttttagttt	actactaggt	gagatagcac	attacatact	tttactatca	aatattattt	300
tagcagcttc	ccatagtacc	aaatgatttg	attccctact	ctcatttttt	aaagcatata	360
aatattttatg	ggcttaaaaa	gggggttttt	aaaaactgag	gatatacagta	ataaattgca	420
gaatattttg	caaagctttc	ttttggaaag	caaacttttg	tgcctgccta	tatgcaaagt	480
attttatcag	ggacttgaac	aaagacctca	ctctttttca	cttgtcttat	gtcgagagaa	540
aagggtattg	gcagccacat	tcctaagact	ggggaatggg	gtgtcccttt	aaatttgaag	600
ataactttan	gtaattatng	gaactcctca	aagaggagaa	agtaattttt	tncagacatt	660
ttctcaatct	gggnctttca	cacactantt	tncatagtcg	agaatctggg	tttaccatt	720
gggctgngaa	tgtccaatat	cagtcctgg				749

<210> 735

<211> 770

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 735

gngntnngnn	gttnnntnt	tttnaatnta	atccttgtnt	naantccttt	tgcaggatcc	60
catcgattcg	aattcggcac	gagggtgccc	atcaccacac	ccagctaact	tttgattttt	120
tagtagagac	ggggtttcac	catgttggcc	aggctgggtct	tgaactcctg	acctcgatgat	180
ccgcccgcct	tggccccgca	aagtgtctggg	attacaagca	tgagcccagc	gcctggctgt	240
atctttcatt	ttaccecaagt	cactttaccc	aagtaagtaa	ttaggggaaa	gcctgagtct	300
tgtaccacct	gttcatttgg	ggaactgtgg	gaaacggagc	caacggacct	aagtgccttt	360
tgacagttag	tttcatacca	tttcagtagt	gtatttcttt	cttaatctga	ataaaccaga	420
atgatactct	cagcacagaa	gaataaaggg	agcgagtcat	taacgttntc	tttttaaacc	480
tttatgatga	cttncttatg	aattactgaa	cgaacactgg	aatgggactc	acgtatcctg	540
aggacatctc	tcaactctgg	ccttantttc	ccctctgtaa	aattaggggtg	ccaactaaat	600
gatctacaag	gtccctttnc	aagcgccogn	cattctgtaa	ttacatcatg	tgggaactgna	660
ttaaacatac	accagtgaac	tggcangcat	tgggaatgta	actttcccag	taaaatgctt	720

tngggtttggt tcaaaataca cnttgaactt cttttcaaag acnggttnng

770

<210> 736
 <211> 746
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 736

tttnnctttt attcaaatnc ttgcnggac ccttgattcg aattcggcac gagggatgnc	60
catcgatgct natcnggcac gaggtgatgn cagcttgcaa actggtctac atnncaaact	120
gatagtacat tgccatctnc aggaagactt gacggctttg ggattttgtt taaactttta	180
taataaggat cctaagactg ttgcctttaa atagcaaanc agcctacctg gaggctaagt	240
ctgggcagtg ggctggcccc tgggtgtgagc attagaccan ccacagtgcc tgattggtat	300
agccttatgt gctttcctac aaaatggaat tggaggccgg gcgcagtggc tcacgcctgt	360
aatcccagca ctttgggagg ccaagggtggg tggatcacct gaggtcagga nctcgagacc	420
agcctggcca acatggtgaa accccatctc tactaaaaat acaaaaatta gccangtgtg	480
atggtgcatg cctgtaatcc cagctcctca gtaggctgag acaggagcat cacttgaacg	540
tyggangcag angttgcagt gagcccagaga ttgcaccacc gtactnnaac ctgggtgaca	600
gagcgagact tatcttatan ataaatagat ngatcttcac ctgggtgaca naacgagact	660
tatagataga tagatagata gatggataga tngatngatn gatagataga ttgataaacg	720
gaattgggcc ttttgcttta atgaaa	746

<210> 737
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 737

ntnnnncttt ttgatcantc ctttnttgga tcccnttgct acttgttctt tttgcaggat	60
cccacgatt cgaattcggc acgaggctga cctacagcag aagctgctgg atgcagaaag	120
tgaagacaga ccaaaacaac gctgggagaa tattgccacc attctggaag ccaagtgtgc	180
cctgaaatat ttgattggag agctgggtctc ctccaaaata caggtcagca aacttgaaag	240
cagcctgaaa cagagcaaga ccagctgtgc tgacatgcag aagatgctgt ttgaggaacg	300
aaatcatttt gccgagatag agacagagtt acaagctgag ctgggtcagaa tggagcaaca	360
gcaccaagag aagggtgctgt accttctcag ccagctgcag caaagccaaa tggcagagaa	420
gcagttagag gaatcagtca gtgaaaagga acagcagctg ctgagcacac tgaagtgtca	480
ggatgaagaa cttgagaaaa tgcgagaagt gtgtgagcaa aatcagcagc ttctccgaga	540
gaatgaaatc atcaagcaga aactgacctt tcttcaggta gccagcagac agaaacatct	600
tcctaaggat acccttctat ctncagactc ttcttttgaa tatgtccac ctaagccaaa	660
accttntcgt gttaaagaaa agttntctgga caaaacatgg acatngagga tctaaaatct	720
ggtcanaagca tctgtgaatg agcatganga t	751

<210> 738
 <211> 795
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 738

aatccctttg ctttaancct tgtttgaacc cttttggaac tncctctntn tgnaggatcc	60
catcgattcg aagagcncan gcaggaagag agagaccctn actgctgggg anttntctgc	120
acactcaagt cccaaccca ctggaatctc cctactaca agtgccatgt anacccttg	180

aaaaggggag	gggcctaggg	agccgacctt	gtcatgtacc	atcaataaag	taccctgtgc	240
tcaacccaaa	aganaantan	anaaaactcn	agcctctaga	actatagtga	gtctttattac	300
gtagatccag	acatgattng	anacattgat	gagtntngac	aaaccacanc	tcgaatgcng	360
tgaaaaaaat	gcnttatntn	tgaaanntga	natgctatat	nnntcattnn	ttaccattnt	420
antctgcagt	aaacaaaantt	tacagcancn	nttgnntnga	tttcatgtnt	caagttcaag	480
ngnanntggt	tggcgtnnat	ntaatteggc	ccnacncng	acccttttgc	attgggccc	540
nnaccecanct	ntagttccct	nttagngagg	ggnaattgcg	cnctttggcg	taataatngg	600
gcanangctg	nttttcccn	tgttnaaatt	ggtttatcca	gtttannaat	ttcaacacga	660
tnaatatcaa	acccggttaag	cnattaaatg	gtnaaaaaacn	ntgngggng	cccttaanga	720
gttgaactta	accnganatt	aaattgcnnt	tnccgnttna	atntcccn	ttttaaatcc	780
nggaaaacct	tcccc					795

<210> 739

<211> 763

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 739

ttnnnnnccct	catnaatccc	ttctttgatc	cctcncnca	aaacccttgg	cnactcgctc	60
ttntngcagg	atcccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggca	nccttcgcct	cctgggttca	120
agtgattctc	ctccctcaca	tcccaagtag	ctgggactac	aggcacgtgc	caccacaccc	180
agctaattnt	tgcattttta	gtacaggcag	ggcttcatca	tgttggccag	gctgggtcca	240
aactcctgat	ctcaagtnat	ctgccactt	tggcctccca	aagtgcctggc	attacaggaa	300
tggagccacc	gcgcccagcc	tgatttcttt	anntangtct	tgtcangaaa	natattgant	360
ctnttgattc	ntnaacatgg	cnttnggtcg	tctttaatnn	gnctcatcan	tgctccatg	420
tgtntttgat	gccttngaac	tggtattttt	aaaatnncaa	tttctaattg	nnnattatnn	480
aaacacaatt	gggntnnata	tattggcatt	gtattaatgc	aactttccta	aactcactag	540
taattctagt	agcntnantt	ggtanattct	taaggatttn	ctgngttaat	agncatgtca	600
tctgtgaatn	aagccattct	ttganccttt	tcaaattttg	agccttgat	ttcttattct	660
taccatatca	cattggcaaa	gacctccagt	atganattga	ataaangtgg	tganagaaaa	720
cacctncta	aaantgctng	aattacaggc	atgaaccacc	ntn		763

<210> 740

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 740

tnnnnnnnnn	tttttnaacc	ntttnttgna	tnctctntc	aaatcgcttg	gctacttggt	60
ctttttgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgctagc	ctgggcaata	tagtacgacc	ctgtctttac	120
taaaaatgca	aaaattaacc	acgtatgggtg	gctcacacct	gtagtcctgg	ctactgagga	180
ggctgatgca	ggagaatcat	ttgaaccacg	gaggtcaagg	ctgcagtgg	ctatgattgc	240
accactgcaa	tccagcctgg	acaacacagt	gagaccctgc	ctcacaaaaa	ttatattctg	300
atthttctgag	tccatgaaca	cattgtccaa	atggattttt	ctagctcctc	caagttacag	360
atagttccac	gcacacacag	aactcaccac	tctcaaatat	tttccccact	agtattacta	420
ttaaatTTTT	caaacatgca	aaagatgaaa	gaattgctca	gtgaacacca	tgtaccacc	480
acctagattc	tacaattaac	atthttaccct	actttcttta	tcacatatat	gtacctatcc	540
atctatccat	tcttccatga	atccatcaat	tcatctaatt	ttttatatat	ttcaagttaa	600
gttgacagata	tgtagcttat	gtttcacctt	aaatgtttct	gcctggctat	tattaactgg	660
agtgcataat	gtttttggnt	cttctttatg	gtaaaatcta	tgttcagtga	aatgcacaag	720
acttangtat	gccattaata	gggtttgacg	aatagacaaa	ccttn		765

<210> 741
 <211> 753
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 741
 ttngancnt tnnntnntn nntnaatgaa gccatttgct acttgntctt tttgcaggat 60
 cccatcgatt cgaggaaggt ggaggggcag gnaacaggac ggacaggccc cgggctctgg 120
 cacatcctgg ggaacaagg accacaagga cgggggcagt ctccagactt cccctgggcg 180
 cttgaccca ggccttgag gggagagagc cagggcctcc ctccaggtctt tgttcagtct 240
 gttttccctg ccgtggacac cctttcccgc tctccgattc tctaaatcct gccccatctc 300
 ccagatcttg ttcagtgtca agcttttcca ggaagtctta gcagctccca caccgcagag 360
 ctccagatgt ctccctgact tgggtcccaga cccaactat gtgcaagcat ccacttatgt 420
 gcagagagcc cacctgtact ccctgcgctg tgggtcggag gagaagtgtc tggccagcac 480
 agcctatgcc cctgaggcca ccgactacga tgtgcgggtg ctactgcgct tccccancgc 540
 gtgaagaacc agggcacagc agacttctnc ccaaccggca cggcacacct gggagtggca 600
 caactgccac cagcattacc acagcatgga cgagttcanc cactacgacc tactggatgc 660
 aaccacaggc aaanaangtg gccangggc acaaaggcca atttctgnct ggaggacanc 720
 acctgtgact tnggcaacct naaacgctat gcn 753

<210> 742
 <211> 767
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 742
 tnganccttt cgnntctncn ctccaaagcc tttgctactt gctctttttg caggatccca 60
 tccattcgca ggacatggag cagtacctgt ccactggcta cctgcagatt gcagagcggc 120
 gagagcccat aggcagcatg tcatccatgg aagtgaacgt ggacatgctg gagcagatgg 180
 acctgatgga catatcggac caggaggccc tggacgtctt cctgaactct ggaggagaag 240
 agaactgt gctgtcccc gccttanggc ctgaatccag tacctgtcag aatgagatta 300
 ccctccaggt tccaaatccc tcagaattaa gagccaagcc ancttcttct tcctncacct 360
 gcaccgactc nggcaccgg gacatcagtn aggggtgggga gtcccccggt gttcaanccg 420
 atnaggagga agttcaggtg gacactgccc tggccacatc acacactgac aganaggcca 480
 ctccggatgg tggtaggac agnactctt aaattgggac atgggcnttg nctggccaca 540
 ctggaatcca ngtttggtg tatgcngaata tncacctgga aaagccaagg ttggtntata 600
 ganggtcttg atttttacnt anttgncaat aatgggttga gnaaacttaa agaaccagtt 660
 taacaataaa atngttaggg acccgtnan aaaatggang tctnccttcc atntnaacct 720
 ggannccctn aaacntttnt gngtcnaat tttcgttnca tccannn 767

<210> 743
 <211> 768
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 743
 naancctttc nnncttcgcn attcnaanng ntnggaaagc tcantcgtc natagngcnn 60
 gggcttcgag agnnntggga natnacanag gctngttanc atacngttt ttnactgcan 120
 aggnnnccac angcagcatg gccatgnaa tgnccatgcc antgatggcn ggnggccatg 180
 ctgtcagcgg annccgactt gtgaggancc nntntggann cngtanncna canncacccc 240
 cagtctggna ccnagtggtt ctactacac caantgaaac gctggnnagc caagagcccn 300

gatggccac	gtncctgca	tggancccc	tgancngact	ccaccagcct	atacangngg	360
aagccanaag	cagctgtttt	cngccntgcc	ctgctgataa	tgcccttgaag	accccatag	420
acctnnacgg	nctacattga	cantnngact	gtgncancct	ngatcagatn	atcctggaac	480
tgggnccnng	attccaggan	cttncntca	atggacctgg	gngcttgtaa	tcngttntgg	540
accatācanc	cnttgtanna	gataaaagan	ngaggaaatc	tgaaaccntn	gnaataagat	600
ctgnggcatt	agtnnntcaa	ggggaggntn	ggtnncaaaa	cnctatgagg	aagaacgatg	660
gnactatgtc	catgnaaggg	gaacatntan	tgttganna	tgenatgcaa	ncntnnccnt	720
gatntaacnc	tttganaaac	tnangcttna	caaaggggga	aaaanact		768

<210> 744

<211> 757

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 744

tnnnnncnnt	tnnnnttnat	ncntctctca	aatcgcttgg	ctacttggtc	tttttgcagg	60
gatcccatcg	attcgcttga	cctctgtact	ttaaaggaaa	tcactaacca	aattttcaaa	120
gtttcctttt	aaatgcgttt	agctagaaat	ctatgtattt	atccctttcc	tattttgcat	180
tcttctccca	ctatttttaa	aaactcattt	acagtagaaa	ccattcttct	ttctcccaac	240
agtatccttt	gccaaagacca	tgagaacagt	aaggagcatg	ttgttggtca	gggtttcaga	300
atacgcgtag	tgctactgag	aatgtttgct	cacagtcaat	aattgtcttt	gtggatgtga	360
taattttgga	gatacacttc	tggtcagaac	tcagggtgaga	taactcttgc	atactccaaa	420
tgcagatact	ccagccaccc	gcaaggttcc	aggaaaggac	aatgtcctgc	gagaaaatca	480
ggaggcctcc	acttcctggg	ccacttgaga	agttcctggg	catgtcacta	catgttggtt	540
gactcagcca	tttctcatgc	tgntttgttt	cttgcggtgg	ccacttaacc	ccaaagaatg	600
aanggaggat	ccacagtga	agtgcctgag	tttctctatg	agaccagatg	ctgtcgaaac	660
caaacatctt	ttcctttgct	ctatnggaac	attttaaggg	ttggtttgca	caactgggtt	720
tcagactnng	aagattacca	agtttggtgc	ccccctn			757

<210> 745

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 745

cttnttnnnt	ttnttttgat	ncctctacnc	aaacccttgg	ctactngctc	ttnttgcagg	60
atcccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgaggaa	naacagacag	gtttcaacat	ggatggatct	120
gaaatgctgt	tgaagcatat	catttgcata	aaaatcaggg	acagtttcca	aagaattata	180
tatttttttc	agttggctct	ctagttagtt	tttttgggag	taaggacaaa	cctggaatag	240
atagcaaaac	tgaaaatcan	cagtgtgat	ggtggtacat	atgtctttcc	tttagcttct	300
cccctgataa	ttcccatctg	cttttacttc	gggtgagcag	agggggatgt	gtgtgtgcgt	360
gtgtgtcagt	ctgtttgtga	gtgtgttaaa	ggctacagac	cacagttggt	ttaaaatgct	420
tggaaacttc	caaactggct	ttactttatg	tttatacagt	gtcagggtt	aacgcagtac	480
atccatgcca	ttgctgtggg	aggtatcccc	ggatgcatgt	gttttgagtc	tataaatata	540
gaaaatatat	attggtttct	ttttccaact	taatangttt	attaaagcat	gaaatgaaag	600
ggtgcataat	atgcattcaa	gntatntcct	aatttttggg	ctgacagtgc	atgtcttttg	660
agcatgtctga	aacaanaatn	acacaggaat	tgantaaccn	gaaagaaaca	ttgttaaagt	720
tccaacattt	gttatgcatt	tntattgggg	g			751

<210> 746

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 746

tnnnntntn	nnnnntttn	nttentnnnn	ctttgaancc	ctttgctact	tgtctctttt	60
gcaggatccc	atcgattcgc	tgaacacaaa	gatgtatttc	aattaaaaga	cttggagaag	120
attgctccca	aagagaaagg	ctttactggn	tntgtcangt	aaaagaagtc	cttcaangct	180
tagttgatga	tggatgggtt	gactgtgaga	ggatcggaac	ttctaattat	tattgggctt	240
ttccaagtaa	agctcttcat	gcaaggaaac	ataagttgga	ggttctggaa	tctnagttgt	300
ctgaggggaag	tcaaaagcat	gcaagcctac	agaaaagcat	tgagaaagct	aaaattggcc	360
gatgtgaaac	ggaagagcga	accangctag	caaaagagct	ttcttcactt	cgagaccaa	420
gggaacagct	aaaggcagaa	gtagaaaaat	acaaagactg	tgatccgcaa	gttgtggaag	480
aaatacgcca	agcaaataaa	gtagccaaag	aagctgctaa	cagatggact	gatnacatat	540
tccaataaaa	tcttgggcca	aaagaaaatt	tgggtttgaa	gaaaataaaa	ttgatagaac	600
ttttggaatt	ncagaagact	ttgactacct	ngactaaaat	attccatggg	ggtgaaagat	660
tttcaagctt	gngaatttgt	aaatttttaa	ctattatcta	actaatgtnc	tgaattgccn	720
ttggctgtac	tgggttatca	ttttattaat	ggtaaataaa			760

<210> 747

<211> 786

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 747

tnngncttta	nncntttnn	attgnnnnnn	nttgaaaccc	ttggcnactn	gctctttntg	60
caggatccca	tcgattcgaa	ttcggcacga	ggaggctgtg	tcaaagaatg	aatggaacgc	120
ctactatgag	gaggtgggtg	tacgtntctag	anggagatcg	agtacatgat	ccagaagctc	180
cctgagtggg	ccncggatga	gcccgtggag	aagacgcccc	anactcanca	ggacgagctc	240
tacatccact	cggagccact	gggcgtggtc	ctcgtcattg	gcacctggaa	ctaccccttc	300
aacctcacca	tccagcccat	ggtgggcgcc	atcncctgcan	ggaactcagt	ggctcctcaag	360
ccctcggagc	tgagtggaga	catggcgagc	ctgctggcta	ccatnatccc	ccagtacctg	420
gacaaggatc	tgtaccagat	aatcaatggg	ggtgtccctg	agaccacgga	gctgctnaag	480
ganaggttcg	accatatcct	gtncacgggc	agcacggggg	tggggaagat	catcatgacc	540
gctgntgcca	agcacctgac	cctgtnacgc	tggaaactggg	aaggaagagt	ccctgctacg	600
tgggacaaat	aactgtgaac	tggaccttgg	ncttnctaac	attggncctg	gggggaaatt	660
catnaacaag	ttngccaana	cctgcgtggg	cccctgaaat	acattctttt	nggacccctt	720
tgnatccaga	accccaattg	nnngnngaaa	acttnaaana	aantnncttt	naaaannntt	780
tttnct						786

<210> 748

<211> 722

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 748

tggaaactngc	tctttntgca	ggatcccatc	gattcgaaat	cggcacgagg	aggaagagggc	60
ctgctccact	tgtctgggaa	cctgggcagg	aggcacagag	gaagccaagg	cctggagctg	120
caggtccccc	ggcatctctc	tctgtcccg	cagcccagga	tggcctgggtg	ccccacctg	180
ctgcagcagg	agccccaagg	agtgtctagct	gaggggtggtt	gctgggggtgg	tcctcatgga	240
cagtgaagg	tgcaagggtg	cactgagggt	ggtgggagg	gatcacctgg	gttccaggcc	300
atccttgctg	agcatctttg	agcctgcctt	ccggtgggag	canaaaaggc	cagaccctgc	360

tgagttanag	gctgctggga	tccactgttt	ccacacancn	ggaaggctgc	tggaacagg	420
tgccanagaa	gtgccatgtt	tcgctngaac	cttgcantct	tncanctggg	gactggtnct	480
tgctgaaacc	cacgagctgn	acantnanga	gctgtccanc	ttgcttggct	cactgngacc	540
aggaaagcct	gtctttgggt	agctcgtgtc	ttctgcagga	aaaaaaaaag	gatgtgtcat	600
ttggccatga	tatttgaaaa	agggaagga	tngccnaant	ttgttttcca	tttattccag	660
tanttgaaaa	attttttgac	cccctnngct	taattctttt	gcaanaacta	ctggggggtn	720
tg						722

<210> 749
 <211> 821
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 749						
tttnaanncc	cttgctactn	gttctttttg	caggatccca	tcgattcgtn	gacatagaaa	60
acatacagta	agaatatggg	attataatct	tacggggacc	actgtcaaat	cgcggtctgt	120
ctttgaaaag	ttgtnatggc	ggcgcatgac	tataaatacc	ctagctgggt	agcatttaca	180
ttccttgcca	gggagtttga	aatttatnct	nggcgggctg	nctttaggnt	ttaggtagag	240
ttaaagaggt	aaagcacatg	tttgccacaa	cccaggaaaag	tatttttaag	aaagatttgg	300
attttcctac	ctttagagat	ctaaaaaaaa	tttaataata	aaaatcattt	tgagntgggtg	360
tttattacta	gttcagaatg	agtggctgct	gaagggggcc	cccttggnat	tttcattata	420
acccaatttt	ncactttatt	ttgaactcct	aagtcataaa	tgtataatga	ctttatgaat	480
tagcacagg	taagttgaca	ctttgaaact	ggccatttct	gnattacact	atcaaatagg	540
aaacattgga	aagatnggga	aaaaaaaaattc	ttatttttaa	atggcttaga	aaagttttca	600
agattacttt	ggaaaattct	aaacnttntc	ttctgngttc	caaaactttg	gaaaatatgg	660
tagatnggac	ctcattgcca	tttaagactg	gttttcaaaa	gctttccctc	aacatttttt	720
aaaggtgtgg	anttttccct	ttttaaatat	tccataattt	aantttcctt	ttnaaggcc	780
nctnnttttc	ccaaacccat	ngncttttgg	ggnaaatccc	c		821

<210> 750
 <211> 770
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 750						
gnnttnnnnn	nnctttnttn	nntgncntnt	tctaagagct	tngcnnatgc	tnggtcggca	60
cgaggcaaca	tttgtctaca	actctactgt	aaaattggaa	atgcttttcc	acagaaaaac	120
ctctcaaaat	gctgaatgca	aaagttggga	tcacagaaac	attgtgccta	tttttggtct	180
gctggaaact	gtattntac	aaggtaatcc	ctgttctcaa	tatagttcct	gtcttgccac	240
tggcggtttt	cttgtagcat	ttttctagtt	ctgagattgc	tactacccaa	agtattcatt	300
tctttcttac	tggggtgtcc	tctgtcttca	cagcctgctt	ctggattgta	ggttttttcc	360
tttctttctg	ttgagatatt	tatggcattt	gatagagtca	aaccagatgt	attgcagccg	420
gacatactta	tgtggcttca	gatgtgtaaa	ataagtaact	tcctatcttt	gtctgtctag	480
ctcaagagtt	gactgtggac	gaggaatgcc	tgtattgatt	cattaatgta	ataactattt	540
actgactgcc	taccatgtac	aaccagaaac	acagttccta	acctcatgaa	cttaccatgt	600
aacatgggaa	gacaagccta	agttcttatt	tggntggnaa	ttgcgataac	gctcacagaa	660
caaattcccg	attcctacga	acccatgtat	aggggggaaa	tatttaaggt	cccatttaat	720
actgacattn	gccnccccc	ctnntatttt	aagctgagaa	tctgaaggnn		770

<210> 751
 <211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 751

cgtnnnnttt	ccncctttga	agcccttttt	gcaggacttt	cnaatncttg	gtagacttta	60
tgtagacttt	gtgtagactt	tatgtcagtt	tttgtcatta	tttgaaaatc	tattctgaca	120
actttttaat	tcctttgatc	ttataagtta	aagctgtaac	aactgaaatt	gcatggatca	180
agtaagcata	gttttatcca	gggagacngc	tcnnnggaag	ccatagaatt	gctctgggtca	240
aaaccaagca	caccatagcc	ttactgaat	atttaggaaa	tctgcctaatt	ctgcttatat	300
ttgggtgtttg	ttttttgact	gttgggcttt	gggaagatgt	tatttatgac	caatatctgc	360
cagtaacgct	gtttatctca	cttgctttga	aagccaatgg	gggaaaaaaa	tccatgaaaa	420
aaaaaagatt	gataaagtag	atgattttgt	ttgtatccct	acccatctcc	tggcagccct	480
actgagtga	attgggatac	atttggtgt	cagaaattat	accgagtcta	ctgggtataa	540
catgtctcac	ttggaaagct	agtcctttta	aatgggtgcc	aaagggtcaac	tgtnatgaga	600
taattatccc	tgctgntgt	ccatgtcaga	cttttgagct	gacccctgaat	aataaagcct	660
tttaccttat	ctggaaaaaa	aaaacattnt	anancaaaaa	aaaactnnga	gccctttana	720
actnttagng	agncctttt	ccgtagaatc	ccngacntgg	ntaaggaanc	nnnc	774

<210> 752

<211> 778

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 752

gnnttggaann	ccnttgtttc	gnatcctttt	tnaggactc	tgaagncctt	tggtcggcnc	60
gagaagaaac	tctgcctcag	aaaatgttta	cagcttccag	tggaatcaaa	cataccatga	120
ccncaattta	tccaagttct	aacacattag	tagaaatgac	tcttggtatg	aagaaattaa	180
aggaagagat	ggaaggggtg	gttaaagacn	ttgctgaaaa	taaccacatt	ttagaaaggt	240
ttggctcttt	aaccatggat	ggtggccttc	gcaacgttga	ctgtcctttag	ctttctaata	300
gaagtttaag	aaaagtttcc	gtttgcacaa	gaaaataacg	cttgggcatt	aatgaatgc	360
ctttatagat	agtcacttgt	ttctacaatt	cagtatttga	tgtggtcgtg	taaatatgta	420
caatattgta	aatacataaa	aaatatacaa	atttttggct	gctgtgaaga	tgtaatttta	480
tcttttaaca	tttataatta	tatgaggaaa	tttgacctca	gtgatcacga	gaagaaagcc	540
atgaccgacc	aatatgttga	catactgac	ctctactctg	agtggggcta	aataagttat	600
tttctctgac	cgctactgg	gaaatathtt	taagtggaa	caaaataggc	atcccttacc	660
aaatcaagga	agactgactt	ggacaccgtt	tggaataatg	gtaaaaacgg	tggnnttactg	720
gtganttggg	gagcnagaac	oggacccact	ggtatactgg	ggantaacaa	tttttttc	778

<210> 753

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 753

gcttttgaaa	cccttttggt	aacgcctttc	tgcattgatct	tctcgctcctt	gaaagggccc	60
taaaagagat	gaacaatacc	gtatcatgtg	gtttgaatta	gaaacccttg	tcagagccca	120
tatcaacaac	tcagagaaac	atcaaagagt	cttggaatgt	ctgatggcat	gcaggagcaa	180
acccccagaa	gaggaagaac	gaaaganacg	cggctgaaag	aggggaagaca	aagaggacaa	240
gtcagagaaa	gcagtgaag	attatgaaca	ggaaaagtct	tggcaagact	cagagagatt	300
aaaaggaatc	ttagaacgtg	gaaaagaaga	attggctgaa	gctgagatta	taaaagattc	360
gcctgattcc	ccagaacctn	caaacaaaaa	accccttggt	gaaatggatg	aaactccaca	420

agtggaaaaa	tcaaaaagggc	cagtgtcggt	attatccttg	tggagtaata	gaatcaatac	480
tgccaattcc	agaaaacatc	aggaatttgc	tggaccgttt	gaactctgtt	aataacagag	540
ctgaactata	tcaacatctt	aaagaggaaa	atgggatgga	gacaacagaa	aatggaaaaag	600
ccagccggca	gtgaagagt	acttgangaa	ctaaatttta	gcatattgca	aaaatatttt	660
gtgcgggaat	tcgatatnag	tacttttacc	agcaagatgg	natngttatg	tttgccctgga	720
ctggntttta	cattttttna	attttttcag	tgnccttttt	tggctcctaaa	ttatc	775

<210> 754

<211> 1032

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 754

ggnntttttt	ccaaaaaaa	ggggccccct	nggggntttt	tnncnaang	gncccccttt	60
tctttgncca	gggnaacntt	ttttgngaaa	aganccccct	ttttggatnn	accggggccc	120
cccggaaagg	tccnaaat	tnagggttna	aaccctaaat	cttggggaaa	aaaaaaaaac	180
ccagggccnt	ntntggggnc	cccctngggg	gggtngggaa	aaaaaaaaaa	gggggaatgg	240
cccccaaaaa	aaaatnnggg	gcccctnggg	ggaaaaaaa	gggaaagccc	aggtngggaa	300
nggaaagggg	gaaggnctcc	ccggggggaa	aggaaatggg	tgggtnggna	atggcccaat	360
ggttggaaaa	ggcccaaacc	aatttgggnt	ntaaaacaat	ttcaacctgg	gggggtcctg	420
gcccanaaaa	aatgcngggc	accncngngg	ggtctggctt	aagaattggg	tacaagggca	480
aagggaaagg	gaagagtctt	agagataaag	aactatatgc	ttggatgaag	tgtgtgaagg	540
gacagcctca	tgatcacaaa	catttaatgc	caaccctaat	tatacctggg	tctgttttga	600
cagatcttct	agatgccatg	cacactctta	gggaaaaata	tgggtattaa	tcccattgnc	660
attggactaa	caaacagaat	ttacaagttg	gaaattttcc	tacaatgaat	ggtgtatctc	720
aagttttaca	gaatgntctt	aatcacagna	ataaaatttc	tctgtgcatg	cctgagtctt	780
cagcagcaaa	aatactcctc	cgaagtctga	gaaaaatggg	ggcagcagcc	caagaagagt	840
gatgtaggca	cagataacna	aggntaacct	cctccagaat	ccccagtcac	cactgcactg	900
gttaagcaga	acttngcagg	agcaaaaaag	ccngangan	ggaaaaaaa	aannaaaaaa	960
aactcggagc	cctcttagaa	ctatangggg	ggccggnnta	ccgnangatc	cccgaacctga	1020
anaggaaccc	cc					1032

<210> 755

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 755

ngnnnnnttt	nncccnacna	aatccctttt	ttgaagcctt	ctantgnctt	catcgtnctg	60
gtaaatgggn	tgaattattg	tattgaagct	tgagctgtat	tttnaagtaa	tttngggtnc	120
ccctaagatg	ttattatgtt	aggacataa	cacttttggt	aggttggtgt	gggagatggg	180
tgatttaggt	tttcaaaagc	tagaaataaa	atttacatnn	ccccggntnn	cataaaattc	240
tgctctaatt	gggtggaagg	tgctgtatct	aacttggtgt	cctnctaagg	ttatgtccta	300
ataactattc	ttttaggagt	atacttctac	tttatagaag	gttgcttttt	ctttttaatt	360
ttntctaaca	aagaaaagaa	tnaagtattt	attaataaag	aaccagaaag	cacttgaaac	420
tgatgttttt	aaatgggctc	acttanggta	gatttattta	tctcattaac	ttaaaaacag	480
ctatgtgnat	tgaaataagt	cacaacagaa	cttgaacacc	aggggtgggtg	tctgagcaat	540
cccctttctt	atggggaaaa	acaaatgggt	cttgtttgaa	cangaaggta	tcattgcagt	600
cngcattcac	ccgtgtataa	ttgnnatata	agntgnataa	tatgctcgta	aaggctnaag	660
gtnagctgga	tctggatgcc	cttnaccaa	ttangatttt	aacttttaan	aataaaattt	720
naaancta	at	tgncnaaata	aaaaaaatan	naaacttcgg	ncctctacaa	780

ngtcgattnn cgnncanc

798

<210> 756

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 756

tttgaaaccc	ntttnttnaa	gccttttttaa	tgacttttanc	gnccttttatt	cggcacgagg	60
tccttcagct	ggtagcttnc	attcgnantt	nnanatanta	tntgtgcatg	cncnnttgaa	120
tttttgtgga	agaacagant	gcagaagaag	gcnaggaaag	ccgaagagan	tnntncggca	180
ncagaagctt	aaagnaggcc	aaactgggtg	tgcnctttcc	tcggnacaga	agctggatga	240
ctatggccaa	tttgagaaa	nagctccagg	agatggaggc	acggttcgag	aaggagtgtg	300
nagatggatc	ggatgaaaat	gaaantggaa	gaacatganc	tcaaagatga	ngatggatgg	360
taangacagt	gatgaggncc	gaagacnctg	agctctatga	tgacctttta	ctgnccanca	420
tgtgacaaat	cgtnaanaac	agtaaaggcc	atgaanaatc	acntagaagt	caaangaaag	480
cnnttgggaa	aaatggnggn	nctttgntaa	aaccacnagc	tgganggang	gaagaannna	540
aaatttttta	agnacctcaa	attgattgaa	aaatncatta	tgatgacaat	tcctgnanga	600
ataaattggn	agatgcncta	naancaaaan	gcnttttttn	antnnaaana	nacaaannnt	660
nnagcctntt	ngaacntata	gtnnannctn	cntttanctn	tntatcccg	actttnttnt	720
ggataccntt	gactnagctt	ttggacaaaa	ncncnacttt	gtattncatt	ngnnaaaaaa	780
atgcntttat	ttttcgnaaa	tttggtgaat	ncntaattn	ntnntattnn	nnnc	834

<210> 757

<211> 1062

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 757

tttttccaaa	aaaatcnccc	cctttttttg	gccttnaana	nanngggccc	cctttttttt	60
gggccagggg	aatnccccca	atnccggaat	tttccggggt	ntttgggggg	nttggaagg	120
gccccttggg	gaaagggncn	tttccnaagn	aaaggggtng	gaaaattttt	taaatggcct	180
tttngggggg	aaaaagcccc	ctnggaatnc	ccccaaaaaa	cccttgggaa	aaagggggga	240
aaaagggggg	aaccttttng	gnaatccttn	ccctttnaat	aatttggggg	aattaaancc	300
ctggtttggg	aaagggaaaa	gggttgggtc	tggtcttggg	ggaanggaat	tgggggccaa	360
nttaaaatgg	aaggtttggc	canaatnggc	cnettcgggg	gcttnttcaa	aagccaagcc	420
tttgggancc	ctgcttcatt	tttngggccc	tttctgccca	aggaanccca	acccttaact	480
tancaggaaa	anggagatga	aaggccttct	tccaaggaag	gtaaggtect	ttggctgccc	540
cnacttaaat	gctttttgaa	antctcttag	atgtggnaaa	tattttttcc	gaaccttgaa	600
atcaactngg	tagaatttca	attggaagca	taatccattg	taaaatatat	tttagttgat	660
atgttgtaaa	atgccttttt	tggtgggtgt	gttngaatec	tgggtttccc	aagaatcttg	720
natttcaaat	ggtttaacaa	angggaagga	aaggganctt	ttcccttaac	cttccctttt	780
tgaccaggaa	agatttttna	aagtaccttt	ctttttaagg	aaaaaaaaaa	attaaatttt	840
gaagaaaaat	tgggatttgg	attttanaaa	aaangggaaa	aaaaatatna	ntattnatan	900
ntcnnannat	nnttnatnnt	ctanntant	nctntnnnta	ntnctnntnt	ntnnannnna	960
nannnannaa	ataaatantc	nnncatnctt	anctacanat	nccnntcttn	nttntannac	1020
tttnannnta	nntatctaan	tctntcccta	ttntaccctn	nc		1062

<210> 758

<211> 845

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 758

aaancccttn	tttnaaatcc	tttttanang	attcatcgat	togaattcgg	nacgaggcgc	60
tagcgctcgn	tccgntggg	cccttgcggt	gcgctgnngg	caggcggtga	ggcttacgcn	120
tntgcttacg	ggcaaaaacc	tgacacgcga	ccanttcccc	tnnccgttgt	ccaacaacca	180
gaagggtgatt	gcctttgggg	aancttctan	gncaacnacn	tgaacntatg	gacagtgcgc	240
tgntttggac	agaantggga	acnttnaggn	tgntgtgcgc	ttcnagcatn	tgggcacctt	300
tgtgttcctg	tcantcacgg	gtgagcanta	tggaaagccc	atccgtgggg	cagcatgaag	360
gtccacggca	tgcccaattg	caacacgcac	aaatacttgg	aangccatgg	aangcatntt	420
natcaagcct	aatgtgggag	cccttttgca	agtcacgaat	taactctnaa	nngtntggat	480
ggattgggtg	ggantggang	gttgcaagtt	ngggccnttt	tgaaaggcca	ctttttggna	540
aaaaactttt	gggtttttta	ngggttcntc	aaaatgccct	ttgnnaattn	aaagaaatgt	600
tgggcctatt	naaaaaaaan	atnatacttt	atntaatctn	nataataata	nttantaata	660
aaantcttnn	agccttttta	aaanttttta	atgaanctct	ttattttanc	gttanantnc	720
ntaacnttta	attaaaggaa	taacaatttg	ttgaantttt	ggtataaana	ncccccantt	780
tttaaaattc	ntntngaaaa	aaaatncntt	tatttttggt	aaaatttgng	gaatcnnttt	840
tgctn						845

<210> 759

<211> 947

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 759

tngggggggg	ccccnanttt	ggggccccc	acccttnggg	gaaaccccc	ttnnnnnttt	60
ttnccttttt	gggggggaaa	ngcccccccc	caaangnaaa	aacccttttt	nnnnaatttn	120
ngggnanggg	ntntggggnc	ccnttaaccc	caangggggg	gggttttnan	cctggggggn	180
naaaatnggg	ggaanaantn	nnnaatgggn	antcccttna	angggaaaaa	naatttnncc	240
ttaagggnat	gggncattaa	tnttnatccc	tantggattn	caatttcatt	cgnattaaag	300
gcttttactg	gnataatcct	tnncggcccc	cnctggtagt	ttaaagtgcc	canaanttga	360
atgggaaatn	acgggttttg	aaaatcgcac	aaagcagtg	cnggcacnga	gnggtcacgc	420
cngtaatncc	agcatttttg	gaggcctgag	gcangcggat	cacganggca	anagagtcca	480
gaccattnct	ggctaacacn	gggaaacccc	gggnctaata	aaaaatcaaa	aattaggntg	540
gacatggtgg	cacgtgccng	taatcncagc	tacttangga	agctggatgc	aggaagaatt	600
gcgtgnnanc	cnggccccng	tggaangntg	cattgatacg	aagaaccgtg	ccaaatgaan	660
ttanannctg	ggcngaannn	gagcggaaaa	agccctnttt	aaaaaaaaan	gggantggaa	720
aaantggtgc	canagncatn	nggggaaaaa	attttnnnnt	tnnttnancg	gttttnanct	780
tgnggaaggc	cntctttaat	nttggggaaa	aggcactttt	gggntnggtt	ttggaaaacg	840
nntggctttt	ccctttnaaa	agggaaaaan	ggnttaanc	ccctgaaaaa	ngngcngnnt	900
tttaaanggg	gnnnnaaaca	nggggncttt	ggaancccca	nnaaacc		947

<210> 760

<211> 759

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 760

gnntttctaa	tgcttgtnnn	nngcntttnt	gcaggatccc	atcgattcga	attcggcacg	60
agaagatatg	cagagatatt	ccaggatctt	ttagcttttg	tgcggtctcc	tggagacagt	120
gttattcgcc	aacagtgtgt	tgaatatgtc	acatccattt	tgcaagtctc	ctgtgatcan	180

gacattgcac	ttatcttacc	ggctcttctg	aagggtctat	ttctgaactg	gagcagctct	240
ccaattctct	accaaataaa	gaattgatga	cctcaatctg	tgactgtctg	ttggctacgc	300
tagctaactc	tgagagcagt	tacaactgtt	tactgacatg	tgtcagaaca	atgatgtttc	360
ttgcanagca	tgattatgga	ttatttcatt	taaaaagttc	tttaaagaaa	aacagtagtg	420
ctctgcatag	tttactgaaa	cgagtgggtca	gcacatttag	taaggacaca	ggagagcttg	480
catcttcatt	tttagaattt	atgagacaaa	ttcttaactc	tgacacaatt	ggatgctgtg	540
gagatgataa	tgggtctcatg	gaagtanaag	gagctcatac	atcacggacg	atgagtatta	600
atgctgcaga	gttaaaacag	cttctacaaa	gccaaagaag	aaagtncaga	aaaatttgn	660
ccttgaacta	gagaaacttg	ntntggaaca	tttcaaaaga	tgaatgacaa	tctggattcn	720
ttggtnagca	gtgtaatttg	gactttaacc	ngatgctcg			759

<210> 761

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 761

cctnactaaa	cctttgcnaa	ngccttnnt	gctgatccca	tcgattcgca	ggcctggact	60
tcgccccag	gcctaggacc	gcggtgggtg	ttaaccctgc	tnctgcccc	acagggactc	120
caatcaatcg	gagttctccc	cttgccggag	ctgcccttca	cctttggggc	ccgagacagt	180
cataagggat	ggacttacnt	ttcttgagg	gaaaaagggtg	gacagccgtg	tttcttaagg	240
atgctgaggg	catggggcca	ggaccagggg	agaggcacag	ctccttctctg	agcagcctct	300
caccactgcc	acaaggctcc	ctaagtctgg	tctctgctcc	actccccggc	ttcccgtgag	360
gcangaggca	gagccacagc	caaggccctg	accacttctg	tgccagttgt	ctaagcagag	420
cgctcaggg	acgctggaaa	tgcttaagg	atagaggctg	ggcatcacat	caaatgggac	480
tgtggtgttt	ggtgaaaacc	ttcctgagga	tctggattca	ggaccctcca	tgactggcct	540
atttactggt	tacagctggc	cagtgcanaan	ctgctgctct	tttacctttt	taggccccctg	600
taacttncca	ccttttaaact	gccaanaag	catgcctntt	ccacaggaag	aagggagcag	660
acagggaaat	ctgcctacca	anaagggtgt	tgtgtgtctt	tgtgcccaca	cgtggtggct	720
ggggaatgcc	tggatgggtgc	cgtggntgat	ct			752

<210> 762

<211> 1032

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 762

ttctaattgt	tggaaacgcn	ttgatgnang	atnccatcga	ttcgaattcg	gcacgagggc	60
aagtggtagt	ggcgcttntc	gggtgntgtg	cttcacgttt	tgggtctaaag	gncgagactg	120
ttgtggcnac	ngngnaantn	tacnggaang	gnttaaantn	tnnntgnagt	nggaanaatt	180
cnatcngaen	gaanttgggg	gggntagnnn	nggttanatn	attgatgaat	ggnttcaana	240
tngnaaantt	tatnancgan	atgnnatant	tnnaaangan	gaccaactgg	gntnanatgg	300
agnannnatn	aannggntaa	ncnatanana	tantncattt	ggtanganana	tngangaagg	360
attntcaaat	agnatgtng	gangatgaac	ntnnagggnn	nagaatattt	ggataaaaatt	420
ggtantatga	agatntgggn	taataatacc	nanaaatnnn	nnantttnat	nanngangaa	480
ntagganttn	atgnctatgn	ggatanntn	nanntatnat	agngataaan	tatgatactg	540
tttannttat	ntnganttag	tnattnaatg	ntcttgtnan	aantttttt	ncgntagtta	600
gntagnnta	tnnactttgg	naancanana	tgtaattctc	tctanacggg	aatntttnta	660
tnntnnntat	caagaggnt	ntnnattgna	aatantatac	nnntgnanaa	antatatcna	720
tanaanaaan	ggnnattatt	ntatatganc	aaanaaaaaa	ntattgngga	nntanattat	780
ctctcatnat	ngattatncn	gtantgtata	atggnnnata	antatgtnnn	tntaanataa	840

atggatataa	gtnttatant	atgcnctna	aggnggtcng	anaantatgt	aattatattn	900
angctanata	cnatnnanat	gtntnactaa	atatngntgt	gaaangtntg	cgnggnaaaa	960
tntgttanta	ntnaaacang	gtataganat	atanatgngn	ngaatatcta	ctatntgtan	1020
atacttatan	ca					1032

<210> 763

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 763

aanncccttn	tttctaantc	ttggctactc	gtncctttctg	caggatccca	tcgattcgaa	60
tttcggcacg	aggggagggg	cccttggggg	caggttgtgg	gtagccagtt	gcagtctgtg	120
gcctccctca	gaggtttgga	gtcgggcgtg	gcatgctgct	gttggcctct	ttccgagggg	180
gtgccatcca	ctccctgtcc	caccgctnnc	cctngtgagg	acagtgaggg	cagtgtctacg	240
tgggtggggag	gtgtgtgtga	agccacggaa	gggcttcaca	gggcaaagtc	caaggccagt	300
gggccccgga	cagagtnagg	ctccctgggc	ggnccttgtg	cttgggtggc	ctgatcatcc	360
tgccaatgca	naaagccagc	aggcaagaga	cccctactcc	ctttaaggac	cattagcata	420
aacaaacat	tgngttgaat	gcaatgatcc	aggtgcactt	tnagggtaca	agctggactn	480
gttggaacag	gattacatgg	aaaannggaa	angggggcan	gctgtctctt	gggacatnag	540
taatgtcttt	ttacccantt	gncactctng	aanttcaaan	ttggncatgt	tttctggggc	600
ctnctngnaa	aagcagtttt	ttcaccncat	natgaagaaa	aaacttggtg	gcttgganng	660
tanngggatt	nttgntnana	cttnccctaa	anggntncc	ttnggggcat	ttntgaagg	720
taaataatgg	gggatacctt	tttaannttc	cttgagatt	taaaaatgtt	ccttaaanga	780
nnctcaatg	nttnggtctt	nttcacaaaa	acnattc			817

<210> 764

<211> 777

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 764

taatgcttgg	ntctcgnttt	tntgcaggat	cccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	acgaggtcca	60
cggtgctgaa	catcatcatc	tttgaagact	gtaggaacca	gtggtctatg	ttccgaccac	120
tacttggctt	gatattgctt	aatgaaaagt	atthttctga	cctaagaaac	agtattgtga	180
acagccagcc	acccgcgaag	cancnggcca	tgcacctgtg	ttttgagaac	ctgatggaag	240
gcctcgagcg	aaatcttctt	acgaaaaaca	gagacaggtt	caccagaaac	ctgtcagcat	300
tcctgcgaga	agtcaacgac	tcaatgaaga	attccactta	tggcgtgaat	agcaatgaca	360
tgatgagctg	acacctnctt	ggactctacc	tgtacagagc	agcgtccctt	tggtttggcc	420
cagaggggcg	aacaattgca	agggagaggg	cctggctgat	cctggctctt	ttctccaggg	480
gtgtggggaa	aaatggcaaa	gggtcaactag	ctgcttcccc	aagggaatag	gggtgtgagt	540
acactcacta	nggggcaagg	cgctgcttgg	ttcctggggg	gactgggtgg	gaaaggggtg	600
tgnangggag	ataaagagat	tcaaactgag	actccagtct	ttccttctgg	gggccaccca	660
aagttgggga	gnaacccctt	antggtncc	gccaacaacc	ttgccttggg	attaaacatt	720
ntncattttt	ttcantaana	tttttgaaca	aagggttant	attgnctnaa	gtttann	777

<210> 765

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 765

nttttcta	atg cttggctctc	gntttgatgc	angatcccat	cgattcggga	aatgcaagtc	60
aaaacagctt	tgtaggtctc	agagtttgct	tttaagaagt	agtacaagaa	ggaatagtta	120
tatcaataca	ccagtggctg	aaattatcat	gaaaccaa	gttggacaag	gcagcacaag	180
tgtgcaaa	gctatggann	gtgaactcgg	agagtctagt	gccacaatca	ataaaagact	240
ctgcaaaagt	acaatagaac	tttcagaaaa	ttctttactt	ccagcttctt	ctatgttgac	300
tggcacacaa	agcttgctgc	aacctcattt	agagagggtt	gccatcgatg	ctctacagtt	360
atgttggttg	ttacttcccc	caccaa	atcg tagaaagctt	caacttttaa	tgogtatgat	420
ttcccgaatg	agtcaaaatg	ttgatatgcc	caaacttcat	gatgcaatgg	gtacgaggtc	480
actgatgata	catacctttt	ctcgatgtgt	gttatgctgt	gctgaagaag	tggatcttga	540
tgagcttctt	gctggaagat	tagtttcttt	cttaatggat	catcatcagg	aaattcttca	600
agtaccctct	tacttacaga	ctgcagtggg	aaaacatctt	gactacttaa	aaaaanggga	660
catatttgaa	aaatcctggg	agaanggact	atttggctnc	ttttgccaac	ttacttcata	720
ctggnaagcc	agattantng	ctcaaggaag	ttttgatgag	ccaaaaaagt	tttn	774

<210> 766

<211> 779

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 766

ttnnncgctn	ntgaanacc	cttctcctna	aatccttttt	aantnccttg	ctgnntgatc	60
ccatcgattc	gcgaaattcg	gtggcgccac	gtccgcccgt	cttngccttc	tgcattngcgg	120
cttcggcggc	ttccacctag	acacctaaca	gtcgcggagc	cggccgcgtc	gtgaggggggt	180
cggcacgggg	agtcggggcg	tcttggtcat	cttggctacc	tgcgggtcga	agatgtcggg	240
catcgagagc	tgggtcaggg	gcaccccgcc	gatcacgcgc	tattgggttcg	ccgccaccgt	300
cgcctgccc	ttggtcggca	aactcggcct	catcagcccg	gcctacctct	tcctctggcc	360
cgaagccttc	ctttatcgct	ttcagatttg	gaggccaatc	actgccacct	ttattttccc	420
tgtgggtcca	ggaactggat	ttctttat	ggtcaattta	tatttcttat	atcagtattc	480
tacgcgactt	gaaacaggag	cttttgatgg	gaggccagca	gactatttat	tcattgtcct	540
ctttaactgg	atttgcacg	tgattactgg	cttagcaaat	ggatatgcaa	gttgctgatg	600
attcctctga	tcattgtcag	actttatgtc	tgggcccanc	tgaacagaga	catgattgna	660
tcatttttgg	tttggaacac	gaatttaagg	cctgctattt	accctggggg	atccttggat	720
tcaactatat	catcgggang	tcngtaatca	atgagcta	atgaggta	gggtggacac	779

<210> 767

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 767

gnnnnnttn	cccgcctttt	gaaanccct	tcttttcta	atgctttcaa	cgcctttgct	60
gcaggatccc	atcgattcgt	ggatactgac	aatgggtggc	ggcattttcaa	gcctttttaa	120
ttagtacttt	ttgtcgnctt	gcttattaaa	attttggttaa	ttttagcaaa	gaccaattgt	180
tgtgataaac	tgggtgtttt	nggatgcttc	aagcacacgt	taaccaatcn	gccaatnccc	240
ctttnggttc	ctccattgn	tctaaaatag	gactttcata	ttattaaaac	ctcaaaagat	300
gatccaccca	ggatgaacaa	agatcaccaa	ggggaaagaa	aacatttttt	atcttttacag	360
aaaacatggt	aagattatat	atagattgat	tctttacatt	ggatattgta	ttagagtcc	420
ccttacaaga	aatgaaatag	gttttttagca	ctcttagcat	tagagtcc	agattgggtg	480
tgatagctac	agtttttaaa	tgtataacct	gaaaatgaag	gttaattttg	cattgtaaag	540
agcacatttg	atctatgtaa	aaagtgtcca	tttgggtgat	ttttttttaa	aaagagaaag	600

cactttcata	ttaaagtagca	tgtgtatgaa	tttaagattt	tcatatttgn	tgngtctggt	660
attcagtga	gtaaaattga	gcatttttaa	agtttggtg	atggcaacca	ttactatta	720
aattaaaagc	caccttatac	tctgctgctt	aacttgcttg	naaattgcac	ctttggnacc	780
ctgcacattt	tcatattnc					799

<210> 768

<211> 826

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 768

gnnnnntnn	ccctttctaa	tggcttggtt	ctaaatgctt	tttcnaatcc	ttggtacatg	60
atccccatc	gn ttgcgctgt	gcttgagacc	aacctgacgg	gtaccttcta	catgtgcaaa	120
gcagtttaca	gctcctggat	gaaagagcat	ggaggatcta	tcgtcaatat	cattgtccct	180
actaaagctg	gatttccatt	agctgtgcat	tctggagctg	caagacnggg	tgtttacaac	240
ctcaccaa	at ctttagcttt	ggaatggg	cc tgcagtgga	tacggatcaa	ttgtgttgcc	300
cctggagtta	tttattccca	gactgctgtg	gagaactatg	gttccctggg	acaaagcttc	360
tttgaagggt	cttttcagaa	aatccccgct	aaacgaattg	gtgttccctga	ggaggtctcc	420
tctgtggtct	gcttcctact	gtctcctgca	gcttccttca	tcactggaca	agtnngtgga	480
tgtngatggg	ggccnggagt	ctctatactc	actcgtatga	ngtccagatc	atgacaactg	540
gccccaggga	gcangggacc	tttctggtgt	caaaaaagat	gaaaggagac	ctttaaggag	600
aaagctaagc	tcttgagctt	gangaaaaca	aggggtcctt	ccatncccc	aatgccttta	660
catttttggg	ggatatgcct	nnnggnacnt	ttttaaaaaa	gcttatnagt	tngntatggg	720
naaaacaatt	ttttccttan	tttttaaagt	ggntaataaa	tnaaantcct	aatggnaaaa	780
aaactantcc	ttggnaanta	ttttccagg	nn ccttnantgt	n cccn		826

<210> 769

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 769

gnnnttctaa	tgtgttctta	atgcttgtca	atncttgana	cgttcatcga	ttcgggaagc	60
caagcctgga	gctgcaggtc	ccccggcatc	tctctctgtc	ccggcagccc	aggatggcct	120
ggtgccccca	cctgctgcag	caggagcccc	aaggagtgtc	agctgaggg	ggttgcctgg	180
gtggtcctca	tggacagtga	ggtgtgcccc	ggtgcactga	gggtggtggg	aggggatcac	240
ctgggttcca	ggccatcctt	gctgagcatc	tttgagcctg	ccttccgggt	ggagcagaaa	300
aggccagacc	ctgctgagtt	agaggctgct	gggatccact	gtttncacac	agcgggaagg	360
ctgctgggaa	caggtggcag	agaagtgcc	tgttngcntt	gagccttga	gctcttcagc	420
tggggactgg	tgttgcctga	aacccaagag	ctgaacagt	aggaggctgt	ccaccttgct	480
tggctcactg	ggaccaggaa	agcctgtcct	tgggttaggt	cgtgtacttc	tgcaggaaaa	540
aaaaaaagga	tgtgtcattg	gtcatgat	ttgaaaagg	ggaaggangc	cnaaanttgt	600
tcccatttta	ttcaagtatt	ggaaaatatt	tggccccctt	ttggctgaaa	ttctttttgc	660
aanaactaac	tgngtggtct	gttcncttac	cctttttcan	gnttaattgg	tttnaatatt	720
ttgcattgaa	attaaagacg	tttttaaatt	tcnttttncaa	naacaaagg	cttanatncc	780
ngantcnana	nattggnant	tc				802

<210> 770

<211> 1157

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 770

cccttttttt	tttttccenn	aaaaaaanat	tggggncenn	tttttttggg	nttttttttc	60
ccnaaaaaaa	aattgggncc	ctttttgggg	ggnttnaaaa	aaannnnnnn	neccccntt	120
tttttggggn	nnnnnaaann	tnnnnnncnn	nttnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	ggntttnng	180
gggnnnnanc	cncccccaa	tttcccggnn	attnttcggg	gcccattttt	tgggaccccc	240
cagggnnnag	aataaggccc	ggggnttttt	tttncnaggg	ncccaaaagg	gcccttgggc	300
caaaggnaaa	tcnnttggga	aatttttggga	atttgccctt	tggnanntcc	caataccggn	360
aaaaatgggg	aaangnaaaa	aaggnttncn	ccaaattggt	tggggggggg	ttccaaagat	420
tttcattggg	ggtncntggg	ctttcaaccc	naaggnaang	ggtttntttt	caaaaaatta	480
cctttaattg	ccattaagca	attcccaang	gttannaag	ggtgtttntt	ctcanctatg	540
cttcganagn	gaaaatcaac	naatggaaaa	tgtgttgtaa	ttggtctgca	ntctacanga	600
gaagctagaa	cattagaagc	tttggaanag	ggcgngggag	aattgaatga	tnnttgnttc	660
aactgccaaa	gagtgtgtgt	gcagtcactc	atttgaaaaa	ctattttcct	gctccagaca	720
ngaaaaaaac	tttatangtt	tactaggaat	cgatttgaca	agcnttcang	taacaaacag	780
ttctnccaag	agatatcctt	gttnaagaan	nattanaata	ncnngaaagc	ggaaanngtg	840
aataaatnnc	ttcnagaagc	ccaaaaannc	acngaanaag	tatggtgggn	cttactgggt	900
agcacgttct	tgacnacaga	tggaaattga	antctngatt	ncctctgatt	antgaatgaa	960
aaggtgacta	ttnaanagct	cttnanatac	catgagtntt	tggancattg	attgaccaat	1020
ttcaanncca	tttttangat	ngaattntta	tnaatgattn	attnanaant	gannnccttn	1080
gtttaaatta	nnaaanaanc	cntcnaaana	cnanagggga	tttataaaat	ctaataanan	1140
ttttnnncnt	ntnaann					1157

<210> 771

<211> 760

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 771

ngnccttttna	tncttntga	ancnttttgn	aattnctcnn	nnngttgatc	ccatcgattc	60
gaattcggca	cgaggtggaa	gaaaattttt	tgtgtcttct	ggttnccaga	aaagggagcc	120
attttaacag	acacatctgt	caaaagaaat	gacttgctga	ttattttctg	ctaatttttc	180
tttatagcag	agttttctac	acctggcgag	ctgtggcatg	cttttaaaaca	gagttcattt	240
ccagtacctt	ccatcagtgc	acctgtctt	aagaaaatga	acttatgcaa	atagacatcc	300
acagcgctcg	taaattaagg	ggtgatcacc	aagtttcata	atattttccc	tttataaaag	360
gatttggttg	ccaggtgcag	tggttcatgc	ctgtaatccc	agcagtttgg	gaggctgagg	420
tgggtggatc	acctgaggtc	aggagtctga	gaccaacctg	accaacatgg	tgagaccccc	480
gtctctacta	aaaataaaaa	aaaaattagc	tgggagtggg	ggtgggcacc	tgtaatccta	540
gctacttggg	aggctgaacc	aggagaatct	cttgaacctg	ggaggcanag	gttgcaagtg	600
agcccgagat	cgtgccattg	cactccaacc	agggcaacaa	gagtgaact	ccatcttaaa	660
aaanaaaaaa	gaaaactcga	gcctctagaa	ctatagttag	tcgtattacg	tagatccaga	720
catgataaga	tacattgatg	aattttggac	aaacccann			760

<210> 772

<211> 777

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 772

gaaancccat	ttnnnnnttc	cnctttnaat	cccttggnta	ctcgnctctt	ntgcaggatc	60
ccatcgattc	gaattcggca	cgagctctac	taaaaataca	aaaattagct	gggcgtgggtg	120
gcacacacct	gtaatcccag	ttacttggga	ggctgaggca	caagaatcgc	ttgaacccgg	180

gaggcggagg	ttgcagttag	ccaagatcgc	cctgctgcnc	tccagcctgg	gcaacagagg	240
gagactctgt	ctccaaaaac	aaaaacaaaa	actgttagtg	aaggttccct	gggacttttg	300
atattttaaa	aattgttctt	atgactagta	gataaattca	ttgccataat	gaggctagct	360
cccagataaa	cagtgtatct	tcttcttttt	tttttttggt	gagtgggtcca	gagctttaag	420
ctacttttcc	agtagtttgc	cactttctcc	gaggtanttt	ggctgctctt	tcagtaatgc	480
taattgtgtg	tcaaattttg	tctacaacag	taggcaacag	atgaagataa	gttgggtgaa	540
tgtctccagc	actatgcac	cctattttct	atttattggg	gtacactcac	tttcagtaat	600
gngtttcaaa	ctgggtatttt	ttaaaaaaca	aatcaatgta	aggactgaag	ttgaaatanc	660
caatgtaata	aagttaatta	gggttatttt	taaaaaaaan	aaaaataana	actcnagccc	720
tctagaaact	atangtgagt	cgnnttacct	tgaatcccag	accttgataa	gatacnc	777

<210> 773

<211> 782

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 773

gnntnnattc	ccctttnaa	tncttggcaa	acgctctctn	tgttggatcc	catcgattcg	60
aattcggcac	gagacagtct	cgggtttcat	attttgctgt	ttttgatgga	catggaggaa	120
ttcgagcctc	aaaatttgct	gcacagaatt	tgcatcaaaa	cttaatcaga	aaatttccta	180
aaggagatgt	aatcagtgt	ncnccgcgcg	tgaagagatg	ccttttggac	actttcaagc	240
atactgatga	agagttcctt	aaacaagctt	ccagccagaa	gcctgcctgg	aaagatgggt	300
ccactgccac	gtgtgttctg	gctgtagaca	acattcttta	tattgccaac	ctcggagata	360
gtcgggcaat	cttgtgtcgt	tataatgagg	agagtnaaaa	acatgcagcc	ttaagcctna	420
gcaaagagca	taatccaact	cagtatgaag	agcggatgaa	gatacagaaa	gctggaggaa	480
acgttaaggg	atgggcgtgt	tttgggcgtg	ctagangtgt	cacgctacat	tggggacngn	540
cantacaagc	gctgcngtgt	nacctttgtg	ccccgacatc	agacgctgcc	agctnacccc	600
caatgacagg	ttcattttgn	tggccttggt	atnggctctt	naaaggncct	tncccatna	660
aggaagccng	tggaactttc	atcttgnctt	gnantcgang	atnaaaaagn	atncagaacc	720
cggggaaggg	gaaaatcctn	aannctgact	tcccggtttc	caaaccagtn	ttgnaacaaa	780
nc						782

<210> 774

<211> 793

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 774

gnannngccn	cgntttttag	tccccttntt	caaatccttt	gnaaatcgcc	ctcncgtgtt	60
tgatcccatc	cgattcgaat	tcggcacgag	atggcagttg	cttttgaagt	atatgatgnn	120
ttcctccact	acaaaaaggg	gatctaccac	cacactgggc	taagagaccc	tttcaacccc	180
tttgagctga	ctaactcatg	tgttctgctt	gtgggctatc	ngcactgact	cagcctctgg	240
gatggattac	tggattgtta	aaaacagctg	gggcaccggc	tggggtgaga	atggctactt	300
ccggatccgc	agaggaactg	atgagtgtgc	aattgagagc	atagcagtgg	cagccacacc	360
aattcctaaa	ttgtagggtg	tgccctccag	tatttcataa	tgatctgcat	cagttgtaaa	420
ggggaattgg	tatattcaca	gactgtagac	tttcagcagc	aatctcagaa	gcttacaaat	480
agattttccat	gaagatattt	gtcttcagaa	ttaaaactgc	ccttaatttt	aatatacctt	540
tcaatcggcc	actggccatt	tttttctaag	tattcaatta	agtgggaatt	ttctggaaga	600
tggtcagcta	tgaaagtaat	agagtnttgc	ttaatcattn	ggaattcaaa	catgctatat	660
tttttttaaa	aatcaatgtg	aaaacataga	cttattttta	aattgntacc	aattacaata	720
aaaataatgg	gcaattaatt	tttnaaaact	ttttaaaata	gnatgctcat	attttttaaaa	780

ataaaanttt tnc

793

<210> 775

<211> 1009

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 775

agcnttttttt	ngaanttccc	ctttntttna	aaaatcccct	tttttgccaa	aaaattnccc	60
ccntntntna	nngtttttnn	gatncccaca	tncngnaatn	tncgggcncg	ggnnactgnc	120
nannggcnc	cttcgggggn	ccngtgntaa	gncnatnctt	gtntntanaa	agntggnnnt	180
nttttncgat	ngngactatt	gncnacnctc	tcccntnttg	gcagngngtc	tgganggttg	240
nggtngctca	tntggntaan	ccnatcctgg	ngaccaanng	gccgnggtgn	gcntgcaagc	300
tttgncacn	tgggaaancc	gnnagtggtn	gtctcanttg	cntgntgggn	ncntgncccc	360
atcttgntcg	ctgnancett	ggggagcagg	nnctnggtng	tggtnctgcc	tgcttgetgc	420
tngttccccg	ggcatgcgtg	nncannaagg	gncatgcntn	gggcaanaag	gtgcgtggnc	480
ancgtngna	tnnnnaggac	caccntgggt	cgngaactnn	tgggttnccct	gataggaacc	540
ntnaannnct	gcngntttta	ttaaatggga	nnanangggg	ncanttcaaa	gccagtnnaa	600
tgcccttatg	gaangngtg	natnacatan	cnnntatgt	gtcntanann	angaaatcgt	660
tnnncaaatt	tnnacaanaa	tntttntaan	aaaggggtatt	tnantntngg	tgaaanaaca	720
angntttaaa	gtnaaatgnt	tntancanaa	ttaantaaac	nggtnttnat	gattncttac	780
naaantaacn	atncnnaagc	atttacngct	tanangtccn	cnnngatactn	ncanaatatg	840
gnnnnaattn	tannanatng	cgataatctn	gnananactn	tcatnnnnna	tngtgaatc	900
antanntacn	tgattttnnt	naaatgaaaa	catntgatnc	aagattaatn	cattanntat	960
acnaaaatnt	tcanatanta	natntacata	taatgggttc	naataaach		1009

<210> 776

<211> 785

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 776

gnnnnnnnntt	ccccttttcta	atcncttgga	nnctgctctn	tntgnangat	cccatngatt	60
cgaattcggc	acgagagaaa	cacaggtgtc	gtgaaaacta	cccctaaaag	ccaanatggg	120
aaaggaaaag	actcatatca	acattgtcgt	cattggacac	gtanattcng	gcaagtcac	180
cactactggc	catctgatct	ataaatnngg	tggntcgac	aaaagaacca	ttgaaaaatt	240
tganaaggag	gctgctgaga	tgggaaaggg	ctccttcaag	tntgcctggg	tcttggataa	300
actgaaagct	gagcgtgaac	gtggtatcac	cattgatatc	tccttgtgga	aatttgagac	360
cagcaagtac	tatgtgacta	tcattgatgc	cccaggacac	agagacttta	tcaaaaacat	420
gattacaggg	acatctcagg	ctgactgtgc	tgncctgatt	gttgcctgctg	gtgtnggtga	480
atttgaagct	ggtatctnca	agaatgggca	naccnnaaag	catgcncctn	tggcntacac	540
actgggtgtg	aaacaactaa	ttgtcggngt	taacaaaatg	gattcacttg	accaccctan	600
aggccngaag	agatattgan	gaaattgtta	aagggaagtca	gcacttncat	taagaaaatt	660
ggcctacaaa	tccnnganac	aataancatt	tgtgccaatt	tnnnggttgg	gaatgggtga	720
ccaacattgc	ttggagccca	agtgnttaac	aatgccttng	gttnaaaggg	antggaaaag	780
ttacc						785

<210> 777

<211> 1366

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 777

ananaanann	annnnnnnaa	ggnnaanana	nnnnnnnnnn	naanangnaa	anananannn	60
tnnanaannn	aagnngnttc	nannccttttc	aaagcttgga	aaacgcannc	aannnnnnggg	120
aaagcaagaa	agaacagcta	aagnnnngncn	cagaganagc	ttttangang	tntangaaga	180
aggaatannn	gnggncaata	nnnnannnnnc	ngaaantatc	atganacnca	aatganggan	240
aaggcagcac	aagctgngca	aacagctatn	gngacggggg	ggccgggaga	gnctaaangn	300
cananatnca	atatataagg	actgcatgcn	aagggatacn	aaacaagnan	actnntctag	360
gaagaaataa	ntnttgacnt	ancnnacntt	cataacgaat	agcaccgtac	atcgagncaa	420
ccaactaana	ggnctaagga	aatggcaaan	nacnttaatn	nntgagcnaa	ggaagggngt	480
atngnccnan	anngaaatgc	ntcntaacca	anttttaatn	gtaacggnat	nangatnaan	540
ncntnanccc	acgcaactca	aaaanattac	attanntaaa	aaaganctat	ancaaaaacta	600
gtnttcaaaa	tngnacgagn	aaatgggnaa	nantttntnn	ccgggaaaat	tggngagagat	660
ccanaaacac	tggntnaggg	naatanatgn	ccgccnnaaa	aaaccntnac	cataggnatn	720
ggctancata	gangagatat	ancnatnagg	ggatcaanan	cntaggnatt	ngaaaantaa	780
ncgagttaaa	acancnagat	nnggnantac	gaganatagc	ttggacngt	atcaaatcgg	840
accctnggat	gggcntangg	aaaaanaaaa	aggntngagn	gaanttcctc	anaggaanng	900
tganagagcn	aaanaanatn	aagggccttg	gngaaaangg	aaaaacagat	agngtcatnc	960
natatatncl	natgananan	tggggnaatn	taatctacnn	tanatnnggg	ggaaaaaaat	1020
cnmncatgac	nnnaaaaanga	gntaatgnna	nnatgagaga	ttaaaccnat	aaaacnagag	1080
aantttgngn	aaanctgnga	gataaaaaat	aaataaaattc	tntntggaac	atntanaccn	1140
tctatnnaaa	aaaaagaggg	gaaaccatct	ngattatgca	cananaaatn	tnacntngng	1200
gaaataaatn	gggnacaata	acatatatgn	ggatgtacan	tnntggncng	aaaaactata	1260
caacntgaga	nnnnacnang	atataaagcn	nnaggnagtn	tatangggca	tcacaaangg	1320
gaagntataa	agcaactgna	nnctcatata	naaaaactgnn	cnncaa		1366

<210> 778

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 778

gnttttnnatn	cctcttttcta	atnncttggc	tactcgntct	ntctgnanga	tcccatcgat	60
tcgaattcgg	cacgagagat	tatgagcatg	tagaagatga	aacttttccct	cctttccac	120
ctccagcctc	tccagagaga	caagatggtg	aaggaactga	gcctgatgaa	gagtcaggaa	180
atggagcacc	tgttcctgta	cctcccgcgc	ccgaacagtt	aaaagaaata	taccaagct	240
ggatgctcag	agattaattt	cagagagagg	acttccagcc	ttaaggcatg	tatttgataa	300
ggcaaaattc	aaaggtaaaag	gtcatgaggg	tgaagacttg	aagatgctaa	tcagacacat	360
ggagcactgg	gcacataggg	tattccctaa	actgcagttt	gaggatttta	ttgacagagt	420
tgaataacctg	ggaagtaaaa	aggaagttca	nacctgttta	aaacgaattc	gacttgatct	480
ccctatttta	catgaagatt	tttgtagca	ataatgatga	agttgcggag	aataatgaac	540
atgatgtcnc	ttctactgaa	ttagatccct	ttctgacaaa	cttatctgaa	agtgagatgt	600
ttgcttcttg	agttaagtag	aagcctaaca	gaaggagcca	accacaaaga	attgagagaa	660
atnaacaact	gggccttngg	aaagaaangc	nggccaaagct	gcttgagtaa	tagtcaganc	720
ctanggaaat	gatntgggta	atgaattcac	cccaggncac	accngttga	agagc	775

<210> 779

<211> 781

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 779

gcttttnann	nccctncttt	cnaancctct	tcaaatecctt	ggntatcggt	ctntctgnng	60
gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggcacgagag	acaaagaaaa	aggtggcaat	catagaagag	120
ttagtagtag	gttatgaaac	ctctctaaaa	agctgccggt	tatttaaccc	caatgatgat	180
ggaaaggagg	aaccaccaac	cacattactt	tgggtccnnt	netacttggc	acaacattat	240
gacaaaattg	gtcagccatc	tattgctttg	gagtacataa	atactgctat	tgaaagtaca	300
cctacattaa	tagaactcct	tctcgtgaaa	gctaaaaatc	ataagcatgc	tggaaatatt	360
aaagaagctg	caaggtggat	ggatgaggcc	caggccttgg	acacagcaga	cagatttatc	420
aactccaaat	gtgcaaaata	catgctaaaa	gccaacctga	ttaaagaagc	tgaagaaatg	480
tgctcaaagt	ttacaaggga	aggaacatca	gcggtagaga	atttgaatga	aatgcagtgc	540
atgtggttcc	aaacagaatg	tgcccaggct	tataaagcaa	tgaataaatt	tggatgaagca	600
cttaagaaat	gtcatgagat	tgagagacat	tttataggaa	atcactgatg	accagtttga	660
ctttcataca	tactggatga	aggaagatta	cccttagatc	atatgtggac	ttattnaaac	720
tatgaagatg	tactttnaca	gcattncattt	tacttcaagg	cagcaagaat	tgctttttaga	780
c						781

<210> 780

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 780

gnnttttnnan	nncngntttt	ctaatnctnt	tcaatnctt	tgannancgtt	ctntatgcan	60
gacccatcga	ttcggaatc	tcctagaaaa	gttgtgattt	tcgagccata	tccttctgtg	120
gtagatccta	atgatcctca	natgttggcc	ttcaacccca	ggaaaaagaa	ctatgatcga	180
gtaatgaaag	cactggatag	cataacttct	atcagcnaaa	tgacacaagc	accatatctg	240
gaaatcaaga	agcaaatgga	taaacaggac	ccccttgctc	atcccttact	gcaatgggtt	300
atatcaagta	atagatcaca	tattgtgaaa	ctgccagtta	acaggcaatt	gaagtttatg	360
catactccac	atcagttcct	tcttctcagc	agtccaccag	ccaaagaatc	caatttttaga	420
gctgctaaaa	aactctttgg	aagcaccttt	gcatttcatg	gctcacacat	tgaaaactgg	480
cactccatcc	tgaggaatgg	tctggttggt	gcttctaata	cacgattgca	gctccatggt	540
gcaatgtatg	gaagtgggaat	ctatcttagt	ccaatgtcaa	gcatatcatt	tggtactcag	600
ggatgaacaa	gaaacagaag	gtgtcagcca	aggacgagcc	agcttcaagc	agtaaaagca	660
gcaaatacat	cacagtcacn	ggaaaaaagg	acagcaatcc	caattcctgc	caaagccgta	720
acttaaaatg	catagnctt	atgtgaaagg	gatcaccttc	atctggacct	gcacaaacat	780
ggc						783

<210> 781

<211> 796

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 781

gnnntnccgcc	ttcaatnctn	ttcantctnt	tcaatctttg	aatcntcttt	gttgtccatc	60
gttcaattcg	gacgagaccc	ttatggcaga	tccccacagt	ctggggcaga	agaggcgctg	120
aggngccaga	agtgnccgca	gcagcagccg	cagcagccca	aagagaggca	agagaaagag	180
aaagcggccg	gtggaggggt	nnncggaaga	gctgggtcccc	gtgggtgagc	tgggtccccg	240
tggttgaatt	ggaagaggcc	atagccccag	gctcagaggc	ccagggcgct	tgggtctggt	300
ggggacgcgg	gggttgcccc	caatggtgca	gctgcagcag	tcaccactag	ggggtgatgg	360
agaggaaggg	ggccacccca	gggccattaa	caaccagtac	tccttcgtgt	gagccaaccc	420
caccgcctcc	acccttttta	aacccccag	cccttgctcg	tgagattggg	cttgggtagg	480
gacagaagag	gcccgaatc	cctcccccat	gcttntcgac	ccttgttttg	ccaaagggca	540

tctttgatgg	tacaaagcag	angcttcggg	anaagcttcc	gtcacaacac	tncaagggtcc	600
cttcccaagg	gcaaggggat	ttnggcttca	tgagctnctt	tgaggggctt	tttttttggtc	660
annccccacc	ttnggggcca	tttttcccaa	ttacttacc	cccaacccca	agncanggtt	720
nagggggnaa	agggctttcn	anttcatta	aaggggggtt	gtttgttgnt	gttttaaacc	780
aaaatgggga	aancnn					796

<210> 782

<211> 886

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 782

cggnnnnnnn	gnagcccntt	tggnaaangc	ctctaaggga	aangcctttt	tgaaaacnan	60
angaaaacct	ntgggaaaag	nccncannna	ttttngngaa	annggcnnng	gcnnanantn	120
ggacacngtt	ntaannnnan	nagngnnngt	tttnnganan	agggnnnnna	gnngnannna	180
ngngnnggag	ggaannaagg	nanagnannn	ggnagnnaag	gnnnnaaaga	agnagnnang	240
gaganggnnn	gnngnggggc	atgangnggg	nncagaggca	cgaggagccc	aagaccatca	300
cngangagna	ngagcagggg	accnacatnn	acnnggacna	cgagaagngg	ggccagcgga	360
agaaggaagg	nagnacctng	agnaccgnta	ccaggaggan	cgggaccnac	agnagacanag	420
gnccnnnncn	anacggannn	nanaaacgng	aagcaggann	nnnanggacc	aagggaaggg	480
nncngnnncn	ggaaaganng	ggaggggagg	ncgaaggcaa	agggggggann	cgnnannncc	540
aggaagnang	gaaggggggn	cgggagggna	annganaaga	ngaaccnngg	gggnncaggg	600
gggcgagggg	agcanaannn	ncccnagnc	aanngaaggg	gananaagag	ngggaaaann	660
aannagaaag	agggaaaana	agnnaaggaa	anaaaagang	ngnnaannng	gganaaaaana	720
ngngganann	gnngganaaa	ngngnannan	aaaannngag	aggncannng	gnaaanaana	780
nggggagggg	nganananag	ngaannagac	aaggaanagn	gaannagnng	anagnannng	840
gnannaaagg	nannggggna	anaagnanna	nannnnnagn	gaagan		886

<210> 783

<211> 805

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 783

cnaatncttg	ctcttgcctt	ntttcnaatn	cttggcnact	cgctttctnt	gcggtatccct	60
cnnganncna	tcgttcgaat	tcggcacgag	cacaaggaga	agaaagttaa	ttaacattga	120
aagatgagaa	gacatcttgg	aagacttgaa	ttgggccttg	gaagaagaac	agccattcaa	180
atagatagaa	ttgtggtagc	aaaggcatac	ngntcggaaa	gtatagatct	ccagggacag	240
tagtcatggg	gttggggcac	tggttgaatt	taagggttga	aggatatatt	ggagccctt	300
gaatacggta	acaaggcaca	ccttgggcag	tgagaggtta	tcagagtgtt	tgaaaaggag	360
ggttattgag	taaataaata	gactggtact	ttaggaattt	taaaatgtgg	atcattgtac	420
tactaataac	tatntathtt	atatttacta	tctactaagt	aattttacatg	tattttcttg	480
tactgactgt	aaaccttctg	ggtgtgggtg	ttttaagtgc	catttttactg	ataaagaaac	540
tgangcttaa	atagntgaaa	tanntcacc	tgttagttag	tggcacaatg	acaagtcann	600
atcttanggt	tgccnanntc	caaaanncat	ttaaanttnn	agnatnattg	annnttttnc	660
cttatggcnt	nnnaaatttg	gggagccatt	attgaaatcc	nttacnacnt	angaattgnc	720
caaaaaaat	actttttggg	gaaaactgga	tttattaatt	atccaaaata	atttnantgg	780
cttgnttggc	ttntttccac	tntnc				805

<210> 784

<211> 776

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 784

taatgctggt	tactgccctt	caaatccttg	caatcccttg	gnaancggnc	cngcngaccc	60
atcgattcga	attcggcacg	aggttatatt	aaattattct	ttgntnttct	ttgtctttta	120
ataaagcctg	caagttacta	aattgnagtt	ncataaattc	tgtagtnaag	tatcatcttg	180
gcagngtgcc	aaaggtgaaa	angntgcttn	ctctaacaga	gaaattctta	gngactccag	240
tcgtanaaaa	acgtctttac	aacctgaata	agatnganga	attgngaaca	taccatggcc	300
tattggatga	atcatttgcc	ggnggctana	ncagactgta	gggtttgtga	tggatntatg	360
gagtatgtgg	gtatagaaat	catgaatntn	ccatttgnnn	ncagagattc	aagcntanac	420
ttaatgggta	gatcataaat	gacagaatga	attcaaaacc	tagcacgtgc	attgtaaattg	480
tgtgcccaga	tatgtnttgg	aaatggcagn	tccttggggg	catgtntcta	ctggcaaaat	540
ttgctatagn	gnnactattg	nantgtaatt	ataaaaattna	tcannattat	ncaccgattn	600
gccaaagtaa	ctgtactgtg	cataggaatt	ttgggaattg	tgcanaaaatt	ggatcaattg	660
aanttnagaa	cngatgtctg	ggcttaaaaa	tttatcnggg	accacnnatt	angaaactna	720
catntttcgg	ngctgaggtt	cattgnccaa	ggccangaag	gtntttncgg	aaaanc	776

<210> 785

<211> 778

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 785

ttngaaaaacn	ccttngcttn	gttnccctta	cngaaacctt	tttgaaaacc	ntttgcnann	60
tcctctttnt	gnaggatccc	atcgattcgt	gaaagaggag	atcgggtgacc	tgggctcctt	120
atgtgcctga	atgagtttga	gtttcctgtt	aactccaaat	caacagtatt	ttcaacaaga	180
aatgtgcaat	tgaaatcaag	tgctgtttta	gtgcagctag	gantccacag	gaagacactt	240
gcagtgaaca	gagttatgga	gcagcaaaaa	cacagatcta	tttggaaaaa	gagaaaacat	300
atgcgttgta	ttttgcttca	attataaaat	accatcctct	caaagggtgg	tctaaattac	360
aaaggacttt	gatttctagg	tagattcttg	gtagagactt	cctttcatat	tgaggcatta	420
atgacacctt	ttaacctggg	aagcaatatg	actggagttg	tactttgaga	agattaatca	480
ggtttggttg	cagaatgaaa	gagaagatga	agtcaagaga	ttggtttaga	ggctctagca	540
gaagcttagt	catatttcaa	aatgatcaaa	tatcaagaaa	aattctgagc	tgcataactt	600
gtataaagta	attttcagtg	atttttttca	tgggtatgat	aaaagaactg	gattagcaga	660
aacttttacc	ctgaatcaag	atttaatttt	tctttgagct	catcttaagg	atatcggaac	720
atagggagca	aacgatgggtg	tggctgcctc	antgcttgaa	ttttaacngt	tttgaaan	778

<210> 786

<211> 805

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 786

ngccccccct	ttcccccttn	ttgaaanccc	ctttggnana	nncnntttc	aaatcncttg	60
naaatccttg	gcnactcgtn	ctntctgcag	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggacgaggag	120
aggatcactt	gagcttagga	gttcaaatcc	agcctgagcc	aacataacaa	gactttgtct	180
ctaaacaaaa	cagttattgt	ttaaagaatc	tgaaatcttc	atctttaatt	caggtagccg	240
tgaatcgagc	ccaagtttgt	ttgatatcca	gttccaagtc	tggagagagg	catctttatc	300
ttattaaagt	atcgagagac	aaaatatcag	acagcaatga	ccaagagtca	gcaaattgtg	360
atgcaaaaagg	gctatcaaag	ggaggctttt	tacagagaac	taaggaagag	aaggaggttg	420

ttaaagagac	ttgagatcag	aaaaagatca	agaacaactt	gaatctcaaa	gtatgaattt	480
gaagtatttt	gctgagcaaa	catttgaatg	cctgtatgta	ccgtaatcct	ctatcactgg	540
ggcccccaac	cccggtagca	gcccgtggcc	tgctagggac	tgggccgcac	agcaggaggt	600
gagcagtggg	tgggcaagcg	accattccca	cctgagcttc	ccctcctgtc	agatcagcag	660
cagcgttaga	ttctcatagg	agtgcaaaac	cctattgtaa	actgcccattg	ccaagggatc	720
tangttgcaa	cgcttcctta	tgagaanttg	aatgcctgan	ngaactgtca	ctgncttcca	780
tnaaccceca	gatgggtact	ngttc				805

<210> 787

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 787

ccttggnnag	nngccccctt	naaanccttt	gaaaaccctt	ggcaaangcc	ctnnengnnn	60
gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggacgaggag	aggatcactt	gagcttagga	gttcaaattc	120
agcctgagcc	aacataacaa	gactttgtct	ctaaacaaaa	cagttattgt	ttaaagaatc	180
tgaaatcttc	atctttaatt	caggtagcac	cgactcgagc	ccaagtttgt	ttgatatcca	240
gttccaagtc	tggagagagg	catctntatc	ttattaaagt	atcgagagac	aaaatatcag	300
acagcaatga	ccaagagtca	gcaaattgtg	atgcaaaagg	gctatcaaag	ggaggctttt	360
tacagagaac	taaggaagag	aaggagggtg	ttaaagagac	ttgagatcag	aaaaagatca	420
agaacaactt	gaatctcaaa	gtatgaattt	gaagtatttt	gctgagcaaa	catttgaatg	480
cctgtatgta	ccgtaatcct	ctatcactgg	ggcccccaac	cccggtagca	gcccgtggcc	540
tgctagggac	tgggcccgcg	cagcaggagg	tgagcagngg	gtgggcaagc	cgaccattcc	600
cacctgagct	tnccctcctt	gtcagatcag	cancagcggt	agattctcat	aggagtgcaa	660
ccctattgta	aactgccatg	cnagggatct	aggttgcacg	ctccttatga	ggaattgaat	720
gcctgatga	acttgnact	gncttccatc	acccccagaa	ngganctggc	taacc	775

<210> 788

<211> 774

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 788

gaaacccttt	tgtnaanage	cncttcaacc	cnttctaattg	cttggcaatc	gctctntctg	60
cangacccat	cgattcgaat	tcggcacnag	attatttcca	aagcagccta	cagtagaaaa	120
tagtcattat	ggcagcagct	tctgatgttt	ttgtttggta	ggttttctga	tttcaatata	180
tagaatcata	ttcatagagt	atcttctntn	ccgcctngca	caaagtaccc	atttaaaatt	240
tacatgcaca	gttcattgcc	acctttctta	ggcctatgca	tagttaataa	ggttataatc	300
tactcaacat	ggaaaatgga	gcctatttgc	aaacacacaa	gtaattaaag	taccaattct	360
ctcttagttt	ctttttttat	agttgggtta	ttttgcaatt	ataaatgtta	aacatcccta	420
gagatgaaag	ttaaaatggt	tgatcacaga	tcagtacgaa	aatacaaatt	gacaattcaa	480
aattataaat	aaaactctgt	tgaggatgtt	taactttgag	tctccaaatt	taagagctaa	540
gcttgggaaga	aacaaattta	taggttatat	ttccctctta	aattaaanaa	acaaacttcc	600
tctggcagta	gtttggtgaa	ttcctttcat	tgnaatgata	ccatgattac	aggatcaaaa	660
atgcttaact	tacttgccat	tctgttcaca	tcatcacagg	ttgttntttt	tttaaagcac	720
tcnatgtagg	catttttaac	cttcnggata	accagagtat	cttttgagaa	annc	774

<210> 789

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 789

ngcccctttg	aancnncng	aaatcctttg	gcnantcn	ctntctgtng	gatcccatcg	60
attcgaattc	ggcacgagag	cagatttgng	ataaacntnn	tnaggttna	accnaagggg	120
aactnntggt	gcaactatgn	ngnttggaag	atgctgcnta	tgtttattga	ggattgcann	180
anananatcc	tgaatnctcg	ccntttncaa	aggcttggat	aaagcactca	agccagctac	240
atatgtatag	aacggnttaa	aatcnatgag	gaagcctgga	ctaaatatnc	catnggactg	300
gngccnanaa	ngctgncgat	gaactttgna	tctggnnaga	agtntaaaga	atggcaggat	360
nantnnctaa	ngatgaattt	cannacnggn	nnccaccan	tcttnaatnc	tttaagatca	420
ttatacgaag	ncnangaaaa	ggtggcaatc	atngaanaa	gngnatnatg	ttangaaacc	480
tctctaaaaa	gntgacggca	ctttaacccc	natgatgatg	ggaaggagg	accaccaacc	540
acattanttt	ngggtccagt	actacttggc	acanccttat	nacgaaactg	gncngtncnt	600
ctattgcttt	gggagtaccn	taaaatacng	ccntngngag	tnacacctnca	atgaatnnaa	660
nctctttntc	anganagctn	nngatccata	ngacntgctg	ganatnttta	aggaancctc	720
nangngngan	tggattaggg	ncaggccntt	ggacacance	ntncttnatt	tnc	773

<210> 790

<211> 953

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 790

aanannnnngg	gnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nnnnnnnnnn	nggngnnttn	aaanccttnt	60
aanngncnnt	ncngcttnaa	accttggnaa	ncnccgccc	nttgcanana	angngaannn	120
atgcttngtg	aagcctgann	ccaaanctna	agganaggac	ctggatcccc	ttatatngaa	180
naancggntn	ggaggaanga	gnntgtcngg	gaggatgggg	cagaaaatga	ngnnggcaga	240
ntggncccgg	gggtcttgca	naccagcctt	ggagcctgct	cattctgggc	ccttgctgcc	300
aagganccca	gcctnaccta	gcangaaang	anatgaaagc	ccttctccca	ngaggtaggg	360
tctaggctgc	ccnaacttaa	atgcattnag	aaanctcnta	gatgtggaaa	natttttncg	420
aacctgaaaa	tgcagctggt	anaatntcaa	tgggaagcat	aaatncatgt	aaaatataat	480
tnagntngaa	tatnanngta	aaaatgcact	tttngcgggt	gtgacngatc	ctgggncccc	540
annatctgnn	attnaagnn	tttacnaang	gaanggaaag	gacctttnc	taaactacct	600
ttttgaacag	ancattaaga	angnncnttc	ttttaagnaa	aaaaaaatca	aattttgang	660
aaaantggna	ttngaagtgn	nagaaaaang	gatananaan	aaaanccaat	nntaannacc	720
nannctctct	gganttcnac	tatctccact	acntacntnt	acntatngcg	ntaanatnna	780
ctnttacntc	nnntantcn	cacanacntc	ntcnaacnta	atnangcn	canaatcctc	840
tatannatnt	antgtnnntc	acannncna	cnggntaant	ntnnncaacg	ccatatcacc	900
nctnnnatcg	ncnagntana	taacacntat	atcgncactc	ncacananac	tcc	953

<210> 791

<211> 798

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 791

tgganacgn	ctntntgttt	gatcccatcg	attcgaattc	ggcacgagga	tcattgttaa	60
ttagtgacat	agtaacatct	gtagcagctg	gttagtaaac	ctcatgtggg	gggtgggggtg	120
gggtgtattc	cttgggggat	ggtttgggcc	gaatggggag	tggaatattt	gcnttcncc	180
tgttttaaat	tctaggatag	attttaacat	cctttgcggg	cccagtcxaa	ggtangctgg	240
tgtcatagtc	ttctcactcc	taatccatga	ccactgtttt	tttctattt	atateaccag	300

gtagcctact	gagttaatat	ttagttgtc	aatagataag	tgccccgtt	ttgtggcata	360
atataactga	atttcatgag	aagatttatt	ccaccanggg	tatttcannc	tttgaaacca	420
aatctgtgta	tctaatacta	acccaatctg	tttggatgtg	gattttaaaa	aaatgtttgc	480
taaacctacc	caaagtnaga	tttacctgna	tttaaattggc	ctttnggggtc	ttgaaaaagc	540
tttntnaacc	tcttggcttt	aaaatgcgtt	ttattctnga	taagatactt	cnaaatance	600
tnncaaaagg	tgttngatnc	naattacttt	aaaataaaac	ctgtaattgn	ataatgnecat	660
aatgntgntc	catgcctnan	tccccctcta	gnnntanaaa	cntnantaan	aantatatca	720
atnntcgatn	aaatnntann	actataaaaa	ctncggccct	cttananaact	tnatncttga	780
agttctcant	ataaccnc					798

<210> 792

<211> 788

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 792

ctnttgttct	ttttgcagga	tccatcgatt	cgaattcggc	acgaggcaga	gctcacatcc	60
tgtgcgagc	atcttctgtc	ccctcatgtc	cttccgccag	ggggcctgcg	tggtgacggg	120
cagtgaggac	atgtgcgtgc	acttctttga	tgtggagcgg	gcggccaagg	ctgctgtcaa	180
caagctgcag	ggccacagtg	cacctgtgct	tgatgtcagc	ttcaactgcy	acgagagcct	240
actggcctcc	agtgcgcca	gcggcatggg	catcgtctgg	aggcgggagc	agaagttagg	300
tccgtcngc	cctgctgctg	tcctccatcc	caccctctct	actccacctc	gtgttgtaaa	360
taaagtttcg	gtggtcatgc	tganggcggg	ctcccagctc	tgccgggggac	ggacagggca	420
gaaggcancg	ggcaacttca	ggaacacggg	gaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaac	tcgagcctct	480
agaactatag	tgagtcgtat	tacgtagatc	cagacatgat	aagatacatt	gatgagtttg	540
gacaaaccac	aactagaatg	cantgaaaaa	aatgctttat	tttggggaaa	atttgggatg	600
ctattgctta	atttgnnaac	cattntaaac	ctgcaaatta	aaccaagttt	aacaaccaan	660
caattggcan	ttcattttta	atggttttta	aggttcaagg	ggggaagggt	tttgggaagg	720
tttttttaaa	attnnccggg	ccnnngnggc	ccaatgcatt	tggggccccg	ggncccaaaa	780
nttttttt						788

<210> 793

<211> 806

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 793

gaatcccttt	gcttctgtcc	tttaagnnat	cgttggaaca	accatgnctt	ttttagtggt	60
aagtgttctc	tctgcatgca	acagtataaa	ttaatataat	attttttncca	caaaagaaac	120
acttaacaga	ggcnagtgcc	aattttataaa	atztatgatc	ttaaaggggga	aatcatggat	180
tataaagtcc	ttcagccctt	tgggactcta	aattggnggg	ggattataaaa	gaatttataaa	240
taattttnga	accgaattta	ttttcccttc	agtttttgag	ggcattataaa	aggcattataa	300
tcaagacaaa	tcatgtgctt	gagaaaaata	aaattaatga	aaacncagca	ctttatgttg	360
gtttaacntg	cancctnctt	tggaggtaga	atztatttat	ttaaaattac	tgggtgcatc	420
angaacccat	agggtgtaca	aaangttcta	ttaaaatctg	cnttatagag	acaaagaggc	480
aggcaaatcc	atgtnacaaa	gggtaaagct	tacagtttac	aaactgngaa	cggcanggtg	540
taggatataa	aaacgcactc	tgagaaaaac	anatgggtcat	cagggtgctg	aaaacttgca	600
tggtgctttt	caacattagc	ctttgggtcca	caaatttctt	gtatttgaca	ggatccatag	660
tgtgccatgg	ggcaaganac	nattttgccc	tctatggntt	tctttataaaa	ttttcanttt	720
aaaaatacct	cttttnncag	gaatcctaata	tttggcnccg	aagcntattn	ntggtnccac	780
atttaccggt	gcccttgccn	ttggan				806

<210> 794
 <211> 815
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 794
 tttcaaattnc cttggccttta ncccttttgtt tganntcctt gttegaattc ggcaacgaggc 60
 cttctctggc ctcaccaatt aggtcaaattg ttccttattt tgtgttggtg ggcatggctc 120
 tncctgtgag gacctgtccc agcttgagcc tccgccttcc tgcgactgta ttggtgtctn 180
 tccctctcaa gcctatgagc tcttgcaagg gcagggaccc tgtatgattt tgcttatcgt 240
 atgtcctcca gccccagca cangcgcctg gtgtccagt agagctcagc aaataactttg 300
 tgagttaaan gacangcggg cttggggtag atggatccgt ctgcctanac agggcangtt 360
 attcccgtt gtgagcaact cttaanagaa acttcatttt ttttcggcgc ctgcnagaac 420
 tttcaaagat gtttcccggc cangaacngt ggctcacacc tgtaatccca gcactttggg 480
 aggcttgaag tgggtngatc accttgaggt cangannttn tagaccagnc tggccaacac 540
 cggtgaaacc ccgtcctctn ctaaaaatac aaaanttaac tgggtgtngt tgggtngggcg 600
 ctttgnantc tcaactactn ggaangctga ngcnatgaan aatttgcttn aaccccnnga 660
 nggngaagt tccaattgan gtcnanactt nanccattt gcgccttcan accctggggc 720
 aacangtatc annaacttna acnattaaaa aatnaanana nctcttatcc ctttannaac 780
 nattattgan gntacntatt ntentagaaa tccct 815

<210> 795
 <211> 1050
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 795
 tttctaattgc ttggctttga gncctctntt taaaatcctt tggcnactac tctgcacgat 60
 gcggcgctga cccggncggg cccacacccg ctcttttctc ttctttgccg cggactccct 120
 ttcttgctc caagacctgg gtgtctacaa ctgtgagccc agcttgnncc aaaggcagtc 180
 cccatgggac ctagactcac cttnccttg cctctatgaa accttctgct tgggcccanc 240
 ccctgttcca gctcccgacc tgcacttctt tgcctgggact cangcctcca agctccctgc 300
 ccagcnagcg gncctcagcc accgtcttcc cctttcttcc ggccctgnt tgnagcanc 360
 tttgcagaaa cccananggg acctngtgcc ccttgcaag nctgtcgcct tgggtgaaga 420
 ctgncctgtn ctgcatcatt ttncatggtt gncgggggtg tggggntnnn cngncggnn 480
 cntgntcaca atcaancatn tatnctnan ntnggggatn acnaatggcc tnaagantgc 540
 tacntctan nnnnganttn tcangnnntn ttactaact ncnatngnnc ntnganatag 600
 ncatgnantn ttagtntntg atntancnc nattgcagcc ncataattat cctacaccac 660
 anannaancc ntccttnnag aanntgnent ctatgnaana gncntnnaat gtggcnnca 720
 atataanntn ntntnctnnc atcntannnn nntcctacgt nannnnncat nnnctntn 780
 ggnnactatc ncatantaca tcnntnann caccatnct nntntnanat ntctcntggg 840
 nantnnntc tcctnnanac ncncatna ngatctctca nntacatgan ntanatnacn 900
 natanngnnn anactnann ngtctctct atnnnttatn nanngntcan nttacnnnan 960
 nannnaang tatnntngtt cnaaantat ntataaancn ncgtnnnttt nnannagatg 1020
 tacnccnntn anntaannat ctangctccg 1050

<210> 796
 <211> 884
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 796

ggnnnntttng	agctcggaaa	tcncttnggt	nnagcctttc	nttgacccca	ttgttcgaat	60
tcggcacgag	acggcctggt	ggagcagctg	tncgaccttt	ncctggagtt	cctgcacagc	120
caggcacact	gcatcggctt	cccggacctg	gggctgcctg	tggtcctgca	gntgaagtcg	180
ttcctccggg	agtgcaaggt	ggccaactac	tgccggcagg	tgacgagct	gcttggggaag	240
gttcaggaga	actcggcata	catntgcaag	ccgccgccag	agggttncct	tnggcgtttc	300
tgagcagcag	gcagtggaa	cctggganaa	gctgaccg	gaagagggga	cacccttgac	360
cttgctctac	agccacttgg	cgcaagcttg	cgttgaccg	ggaagatcca	acttgggaga	420
tcaanngggc	aaaagaaccg	gcttggaag	acctggaact	ttcccttgag	atcaaaaccg	480
aaanggaaga	atgggcttga	canggaang	atgaaggaca	gggaagccaa	ttttaaaaga	540
ccctctttga	cctgnacaag	ctcttgaaaa	aggacgacac	ccgaggggat	tcttcggaga	600
nnagggatac	tgangccccc	tgagcacctc	ggcatggggg	tngggaagac	cattgnaaac	660
aaggaccaag	gaaggaagg	ccnaaggaag	ggacaagcan	ncaaactcgg	aangntgna	720
atgggncctt	ngggantngg	aggaacccca	naaccccaaa	aaggccgggg	ggcttggggc	780
cccttggggg	gaancttnnc	aacaaaatnt	gggccccaa	ggggccccgg	aaaggaacga	840
aaccttgga	gggaatcttg	ncaagcttct	tanaaaagg	ancg		884

<210> 797

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 797

taatgcttgg	ctctgtctnt	tgttgaccen	tngttcgttt	gtgcctgagc	accacaatt	60
tcaggattta	gactgtgtgg	gcacctcagc	tttctctctg	ntgtaaccac	tccttggtga	120
nagagggaac	tcctaaccan	tcccatttgn	caaaggctag	gcaatcttca	ttctgcttgg	180
ctttagtcac	tcttgtcatt	gggctgcaga	agaaaaacaa	ctttgctggg	tgatccact	240
gccttgattt	cacctcggan	cgaggctggg	ccatgtccaa	gtcttatgag	gtcaccctga	300
ctagaaaaaa	ttgaactcac	ctacaaatag	tctgaaagag	tgggtgtatat	caaatacgtg	360
ggtagtggtg	catttcaaat	gangctcttc	tgggttgaaa	tgatatattt	ataaaaccag	420
aatatcaaaa	atgggtgatg	tataatgtct	ctttagtttt	tttggtattt	ggcctctttt	480
aaagcctgtc	ngatgtatgg	gagaaaaaca	atgaaccgtg	ctttgatttc	ctatcaagtc	540
actcttaaga	acatacatat	tgggttaaagt	aactcgggtc	ttttttatct	gattctttga	600
ggcactatgg	gtagcaaaaat	aaccacttac	aaattttaat	gtaatatata	cttcttttct	660
gngtgtcaag	tccttatttt	tangtgccca	attggacatt	ttaaagggtt	aaattattng	720
gttggcatat	taanttcaaa	aatcttatta	attnatttta	atgctgtgta	ccg	773

<210> 798

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 798

gtcaatnctn	ttcatgaccc	tatcgattcg	aattcggcac	gaggctggag	cacgctggag	60
aggccatccc	tgccctggca	gcccgcggct	gggggagact	cctttgcccc	attctttgcc	120
ggtttcctgc	cattattggg	gtgcaagaca	aaacagggtc	gcacagtggc	agagaagtcc	180
tttgacgtgg	ggaccttggc	agagactatt	cagggcctgg	gtgctgcctc	agcccagttt	240
gtgtctcggc	tgctccctgt	gctgttgagc	accgcccagg	aggcagaccc	cgagggtgca	300
agcaatgcca	tcttcgggat	gggcgtgctg	gcagagcatg	ggggccaccc	tgcccaggaa	360
cactttccca	agctgctggg	gtcctttttt	cccctctggc	gcgggagcga	catgatcgtg	420
tccgtgacaa	catctgtggg	gcacttgccc	gctgttgatg	gccantccca	ccaggaaacc	480

agaccccaag	tgctggctgc	ctactgcatg	ccctgncact	gaaaggagga	acttgnaaga	540
atgggtcacc	atttgggcgc	ctttttaact	ttctgtacca	gancaacccc	ttgacaaggt	600
tataaaatgt	nggctccccg	aaccttnttg	cgtattcttg	cagnccctcaa	ttcttggctt	660
gaccaaccaa	aggattccca	cccangaaaa	ccnaanggg	ccnnaaactt	gttnncttgn	720
ttnccttggg	ccgtttcctt	ggggccaaaa	acaggnanaa	cccggacang	gtttttttnaa	780
accagnnttt	tggggcctta	aattggcctt	gg			812

<210> 799

<211> 758

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 799

ctaatagctt	ttcattcnaa	tgcttgtgat	ccctcgattc	gaattccggt	gctgtcggac	60
agattgccct	agtacccacc	cacctatcag	ggttatgcaa	tggaacatcc	tcgcccaagc	120
tcttggagaa	ggcaaagaca	actttgtaca	gtgccctgtt	gaagcactca	aatgggaaga	180
aaggaaatgt	ctcatcctgg	aagaaatcct	ggcctaccag	cctgatatat	tgtgcctcca	240
agaggtggac	cactattttg	acaccttcca	gccactcctc	agtagactag	gctatcaagg	300
cacgtttttc	cccaaaccct	ggtcaccttg	tctagatgta	gaacacaaca	atggaccaga	360
tggttgtgcc	ttattttttc	ttcaaaaccg	attcaagcta	gtcaacagtg	ccaatattag	420
gctgacagcc	atgacattga	aaaccaacca	ggtggccatt	gcacagaccc	tggaagtcaa	480
ggagtcaggc	cgacagttct	gcacgcctgt	tacctatcta	aaagcacgca	ctggctggga	540
agcggtttcg	atcagcttaa	ggcttgtgga	ctcttcagaa	cctgcaaaac	atnaccacaag	600
gagcccaaga	ttncctttat	tgtgtgtggg	gacttcaatg	canaccaaca	gaanaagggtc	660
tncaaact	ttgcttcttn	cagnctnaac	cttganagnc	ggcctacaag	ntgctgaatg	720
cttgatgggc	aatttagaac	ccccatacac	ctacctgg			758

<210> 800

<211> 770

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 800

ttnaaaneng	cnttggactc	cttgcaggat	cccatcgatt	cgtttaaact	gagctccaaa	60
tgacgttcaa	acacccctct	cgggtagagt	tttcatgggt	gaacggttgc	gccacccaaa	120
cagaagctta	tgtttttggc	acagaagcct	gggccatttt	catggacacc	tggtctggacc	180
tcggtggaag	tgaactccgt	aggttgttgc	gttcaactgca	gcacctcaca	tgataccgtc	240
ccctctcatg	gaacggagcc	tcccccatgc	agccccact	caaattggagt	tttaaaggct	300
gggttcaggt	tacgggggcg	tttctcaccg	tctgaatgcg	gaggacagag	acnagctcca	360
gggagcgtgg	gcgggtgacg	gcgctgagat	gcgtgatgtc	tcggaaacgt	cctcgcatcc	420
ctcanccg	gcgctgactg	ccgcggccct	tgctgtctt	caggagcgct	ccagcttcgc	480
ccacacaccc	cgggctgatg	tccccctcgt	ccggcgccct	gcagacccca	nagtgcctgt	540
ctcgggaggg	ctccccattc	acacgacccct	gagtttgggt	ccaagttagc	ttctgtccca	600
aagtaccngt	attcccaaag	cgcacccgggt	aaagganccg	ggccggnccct	tntttgctggg	660
gccggggggc	ggggccggga	actcgtnngg	ggttgcenng	aanggggtta	accgtncggg	720
ttnttcgnc	cttnctgca	aggcttnccc	cgttaagnng	cccaaaccnt		770

<210> 801

<211> 573

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 801

ggagccctag	agctccacaa	caggactcag	agcctctaac	cagttccagc	actccagact	60
ccagccacac	tccaacacag	caccatgac	ccagccaccc	gctcgcttct	ctgtgcagcg	120
ctgctgctgc	tggccaccag	ccgcctggcc	acaggtaggt	ctcgccactg	ccactggggg	180
aggagggacc	tctggtgagc	gcagcctccc	acagtcccgc	tgaccaagag	tcttctccca	240
tagggcgctt	atcgccaatg	agctgcgctg	tcagtgcctg	cagaccatgg	ctgggattca	300
cctcaagaac	atccagagct	tgaagggtgt	gccctcaggg	ccccactgca	cccaaaccga	360
agtcatgtga	gtatcttccc	ggttagcttc	tgccacttcc	agactcgccc	aaaccctccc	420
gcgccccccac	acttctccta	gtgggaatgc	ctaacatgtg	ggtctatcct	tctctctgca	480
gagccacact	caagaatggg	cgcgaggctt	gccttgaccc	tgaagctccc	ttgggttcaga	540
aaattgtcca	aaagatgcta	aagtgagttg	tga			573

<210> 802

<211> 1390

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 802

tttttttttt	cacaaggaat	atcattttat	tactgtaatc	acaaaatcgt	aatttctgta	60
caggaatgta	taagtgaaca	ttattcaaag	cattggtaat	tcacttcata	aagagggtaa	120
acatactaca	gaacatattg	taaagaaaaa	atattgtaaa	attttctggg	cttgcagtcg	180
actatttagt	gcaagtattt	aagacacaa	agtgttcaat	tcagcaaagt	attgcagaat	240
gtcatgccac	agtccactta	attcaaagag	ggtcaggaca	tcagccttgt	aataaaatgt	300
cagagtgtgt	gtgtgtgtgt	gtgtgtgtat	ataaaaccac	atgtaattca	taaaatatat	360
agtggtttat	ttagatgggt	ttaaatgatt	tcactgtgga	atccagcata	actggaacaa	420
catccaaggt	cttcttaacg	gcaacaatct	tattgctagg	caatggcytt	ggcttcaggt	480
argaatgcyt	cccagtat	tatcagctgt	tggtgtgttt	gaactagtga	ttctaagtac	540
ttgatgataa	cgggttttaa	atccttcact	cgttctttct	caaactcttc	cacttctttt	600
cgaatcgttt	tagatatctg	ttcaaaatct	ctttcccctt	gttgcaactt	cgcctcccac	660
tctcttattt	cattttttage	ttgctgtatt	ttatctgggt	tgtagcaac	catcattttt	720
gcttcagctt	cagttttttt	gagcaaagta	atgtgagcat	cttcccattt	ctgccagcac	780
ttcattcgat	gggtcaaacac	accttttcact	gcagcaataa	gacgaatgta	gtcactaagt	840
agttctgaaa	acataataaaa	gtcagmaaaa	gcttggttctt	gatgtaactg	gtctatcttc	900
tctcaacct	ctgcaagctg	agacaaagct	ctagataaag	cagtatgac	ctcagaatta	960
cttaacatgg	cagcactttt	agcaaaggca	gctgtgttgg	ctgaaagttc	ttttctatga	1020
cagamcaagg	cttcaacact	gacatgaagt	ttcctaagtt	gctgatccag	attctcaaat	1080
tgctgctgct	tttcttcaaa	ccatgcaccc	gattcattca	tcttgattgt	cattttgttg	1140
acagcgtcgg	cagccttggt	caccatcctc	aatattcctg	ctccactcag	agcctgtgta	1200
ttactgctc	taggcagctc	tgaactttcc	aagaactgcc	ttaaatcagg	atcctgtagt	1260
aaagtgggat	gttttactgt	tctttgaaga	tacctttcaa	gagctgctct	ccgtttttct	1320
acaaactcag	tggatgatga	gtcttcttta	cccactttga	ccttggtcat	ccctactata	1380
ctcttttctg						1390

<210> 803

<211> 947

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 803

ggaacttctg	agtaattggg	atcatttcct	agtgactcgg	ctcttgtagt	ccaatcccac	60
agtaaaaccc	attgatctgc	actactatgc	ccagtcacagc	ctggacmtky	kkcwsagsag	120

ngagagcagc	ccagaacccc	tggacaacat	cttgttggca	gcctttgagt	ttgacatcca	180
tcaagtaatc	aaagagtga	gcacgcacct	gagcaactgg	tggtttgtgg	cccacctgac	240
agacctgtcg	gacctctga	agctcctcca	gtcacacaac	ctctatttcg	gttccaacat	300
gagagagttc	ctcctgctgg	agtagcctc	gggactgttt	gctcatccca	gcctgtggca	360
gctgggggtc	gattactttg	attactgccc	cgagctgggc	cgagtctccc	tggagctgca	420
cattgagcgg	atacctctga	acaccgagca	gaaagccctg	aaggtgctgc	ggatctgtga	480
gcagcggcag	atgactgaac	aagttcgag	catttgtaag	atcttagcca	tgaaagccgt	540
ccgcaacaat	cgcttgggtt	ctgccctctc	ttggagcatc	cgtgctaagg	atgccgcctt	600
tgccacgctc	gtgtcagaca	ggttcctcag	ggattactgt	gagcgaggct	gcttttctga	660
tttggatctc	attgacaacc	tggggccagc	catgatgtct	agtgaccgac	tgacattcct	720
gggaaagtat	cgcgagtctc	accgtatgta	cggggagaag	cgtttttgccg	acgcagcttc	780
tctccttctg	tccttgatga	cgtctcggat	tgccctcggg	tcttttctgga	tgactctgct	840
gacagacgcc	ttgccccttt	tggaaacagaa	acaggtgatt	ttctcagcag	aacagactta	900
tgagttgatg	cgggtgtctg	aggacttgac	gtcaagaaga	cctgtgc		947

<210> 804

<211> 532

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 804

cctctgccct	cccaggttca	agccattttc	ctgcctcagc	ctcccagagnt	agactgggac	60
tgcagggtgcg	catcaccacg	cctggntaat	ttttgtattt	tgagtagaga	tggggtttca	120
ccatgttggc	caggctggtn	tcgaactcct	ggccctcaag	tgatccaccc	acctcagcct	180
cccaaagtac	agggnttata	ggcgtgcgcc	antntgcccc	gccgagaaca	atttntcaca	240
agnttacttt	tctagttttg	ccaatgcatg	gtgaaagtga	acccaagcct	gggaactgca	300
ggcctagaca	atgcaggrmm	ykksttsamm	cwsrsmrsmr	smsstysmar	ywmrsssagm	360
cttggaagg	agaagtgtga	ggcagggtgtg	ggtaggacct	cttttttagta	cctagaaaaa	420
ggctaagaaa	gtggcctgga	gatgtttaga	aggttaaaac	caacgaagaa	aaaaatcaat	480
gacaacctat	caggaacgtg	attgactctc	agaatggaga	actggcgaaat	cg	532

<210> 805

<211> 552

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 805

aatgcattnt	tgatttttta	ttgcagatga	tgaaaaagtt	ttagatatag	acagtgccga	60
tggttacaca	atgttgtaaa	tgtatttaaat	cccacttacg	aatgattaaa	atgataaatc	120
ttatgtttat	ttcatcacta	ccaaaaggct	gtgggtgcag	gggtgctggt	ttctggctct	180
agcctaagag	actggcagtt	tccaccttct	atctcttggt	acagtagctc	tgggagccct	240
gagctgtcat	gcaggaagtc	cagctaccct	gagaccacca	tgctggaaag	gccacagggg	300
ggagctctgt	ggacagtcct	agctgaacct	tgccttccag	ctgtccctgt	caagatgccca	360
ggsatgtgag	taaagccatc	atggacccty	tagaccagac	tgcccaccag	cagggtagccw	420
tctggcagcc	acatggagca	gaagaaccgc	ccagctgagc	cacttccaaa	ctcttgacct	480
actaagtc	gatccacaat	gaaccatca	tagggatggt	tggctttgca	gtgtggataa	540
tgaggatgtc	at					552

<210> 806

<211> 1646

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 806

aactagtata	tttacaacat	cagaaaacttc	aatatggaga	tttgttggtc	ctatatcatg	60
atcttttagca	gcaactacac	cataggcact	gcacaacctg	ggtcctagat	caggacgtac	120
aaaaaatcct	ggcaaatgag	aggccaaatt	gaattttcct	tctggattac	aatattctgg	180
caatggcaga	cttttttaaaa	gatcttcgta	tcttgctggc	atcatagtct	tgaagtcttc	240
tcctgaaggc	caatctttca	attttaaaac	aactgtttct	ccactcttgt	ttttctgccg	300
ttttgaaact	tcttcaaaac	catcccagaa	ttccttaaca	ttggcatttg	aaatgatgct	360
atctttgcag	ttcaggagat	cagcttggtg	gtctccaaaa	tcaagactaa	ttgattccgc	420
cttccatagg	ctaattgttca	ttttcttatg	cacaccagaa	accactgcag	gctgtccttg	480
tttccaacat	tctttgaaaa	gcttccaatt	actgctattc	ttataatcct	taagccataa	540
aatatgcttc	tcacagatcc	aagaatgtgg	tatatcactg	tataatztat	tattttcatc	600
cactgcagat	attatgcttt	cttcaggctc	ttctttaagc	tctggtttta	catttatctt	660
ggaggtttta	cttgggtgaa	ttttgttttc	aacaactgaa	gcaattatgt	catcaagaat	720
gttaggcata	gtccgtccac	ttttgtact	tggggctccc	attgaatata	ctggggcaaa	780
ggcaatgcca	gcatctgtas	accccacacg	tagctttcca	gctgtttag	tcagcaaata	840
ccgtaagggt	gagccttggt	cattattctg	ggacacaaga	ggtgatgttc	tgccatttgg	900
agattcagag	ttgtcttggt	ctctttcttc	tttaatttgg	ttttcaaggg	taagttcttt	960
gttttctttt	ttttctcttc	tggctttttg	ctctgcaaga	tctgctaacc	agtgcagtgg	1020
tgactgggat	tctggaggag	ttaacttggt	atctgtgcct	acatcactct	ctgggctgct	1080
gccaccattt	ttctcagact	tcggaggagt	atctgtctgc	tgagactcag	gcattgcacag	1140
agaaatttta	ttactgtgat	taagaacatt	ctgtaaaact	tgagatacac	cattcattgt	1200
aggaaaattt	ccaacttgta	aattctgttt	gttagtataa	tgacaatggg	atttaatacc	1260
atatttttcc	ctaagagtgt	gcatggcatc	tagaagatct	gtcaaaacag	aaccaggtat	1320
aatttgggtt	ggcattaaat	gtttgtgatc	atgaggctgt	ccyttcacac	acttcatcca	1380
agcatattag	ttctttatcc	ctagramyye	tycctttcct	ttngccttgt	aacaatctaa	1440
gcaganccac	aawkccacat	tttkggcaga	cccagtnraw	kktaancawk	gntgcttcac	1500
atgcatcaca	catctcccgg	actcctctca	ctgctctttt	ccaggcaatt	ttggcatcct	1560
ttttcaccca	ggacaaaagct	gttttttcag	atgttactaa	ttgacagaac	ttatcaccta	1620
ttatatccaa	gatatatatta	gaagtc				1646

<210> 807

<211> 1029

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 807

tggggctgtg	actgtattta	cttcattctt	gaatcccgcg	tcccgcgtgg	tgggggctga	60
cacatccctg	ggcaccactg	tgacttcctg	tgggtccctt	cccttctgtc	cctgactctg	120
tagaccccc	acaggaagg	tcctaggtag	ggggagggtt	ctcctccctt	gaaaccctgg	180
gccactctgt	caaggcaaa	ctctgggccc	agcaccttgt	aaaggctttg	atgagaggag	240
ctctggcttt	tgtcagggc	ctttggaccc	cacctccag	ccccaggaa	tgcaggcgct	300
caaagcctgt	ggtnaggctg	cccgaagcac	gtgccgcagt	tcttctggag	tgggagcagg	360
gggacagagc	tttgggtaga	ggagggtcac	ctgcaaagct	ggaatgccag	gggagtgggc	420
ggtgcctcca	gctcctgggg	gccagggtgt	ctccatacct	catgggcttg	agcctgggca	480
ggggctctga	gtgcacatag	ccccaggca	gggagagggc	agtgcaggga	cagagccact	540
catctgtccc	aaagctgcac	caaggggtgt	cagcaacccc	aacctactga	cctactttgg	600
gaccacaggg	ccatctagt	caaagtgggc	ccagaaagga	gaaatgcttt	gctcaacagc	660
cacagtaggc	tgacgtaacc	tatgtaatgt	agggtcagg	tgggcctgag	ggatgancca	720
ggtgggtggg	aggtganaca	ccaggctccc	tcctggcctc	tgccccaccc	agccctctcc	780

tgcacggcta	ccagaagatg	tccgggaaga	acanactagc	cctgagtagg	gagtgtggtc	840
aggtgcagag	gagggcaggg	gcccggatcc	tggcccagaa	acactctaaa	acagaatccg	900
atcctgagat	gatccaaatc	aaacagaata	cttgacggaa	atagtagagt	ctgaaaatga	960
tgcactctgc	gcacacatat	acaagacaca	cacacacaca	cgaatccacg	cacacgaggc	1020
acacccac						1029

<210> 808

<211> 836

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 808

aaaaccgggt	ataacacttt	aatatagatt	tgtggaactc	tggcccttgc	agccagaata	60
cacatttata	agccataaat	aaagcacgca	gaaaccataa	attaatcgga	cccagagacct	120
ggatttcacc	gtgtcaagat	tgggaatgct	ttttttttct	ttttcttggg	catttacaac	180
agacccttac	attatTTTTT	ttcctgtttt	taaacaatag	tacaaccctc	tggttctgtt	240
aaaactacat	ggtttttacac	cgagtcactc	acaaaaatttt	tttttttttt	taagtaagac	300
ttccctgcaa	caacagcaat	ggaggagaac	aacaacaaca	aaaaaatcag	aatctgcagg	360
tgcttgaaga	agcaggagtc	tacacagtag	tggaaaccgg	aggctttttt	ttaactttat	420
attctttccc	gttttcctcc	ttatatagaa	cgtgggggtat	ctgtgtggcc	ctctgtttgg	480
gacggaacrg	ctgcagcggg	tgaaggaaga	ctgctgtctt	gggggtgttg	gggtgggggt	540
gttatggatt	tcttctccct	tgcgtctctg	caacaccgtc	tccccaaagt	ctcgaccccc	600
acttgctctc	tcacttrtcc	tcgatccggg	gtgccagagt	tagccnggcc	tgaagccgtc	660
gtcttcttaa	gaggagttca	taatgggccc	ggagtacacc	ccctggtagt	aggaggtatc	720
tgcggccagg	ggcgaggcgt	ccaggccccg	tttgttcgtg	accgggcccc	tggccaagct	780
gccaggcatg	ggggaaccgt	agccggggta	gtgcatcacc	tgttcgtagg	ccttga	836

<210> 809

<211> 1844

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 809

atcaggtgtt	cctcccatgg	caggagggaa	gaaaccacgc	aaacggccag	cctgggactt	60
aaagggtcag	ttatgtgacc	taaatgcaga	actaaaacgg	tgccgtgaga	ggactcaaac	120
gttgaccac	gagaaccagc	agcttcagga	ccagctcaga	gatgcccagc	agcaggtcaa	180
ggccctgggg	acagagcgca	caacactgga	ggggcattta	gccaaggtag	aggcccaggc	240
tgagcagggc	caacaggagc	tgaagaactt	gcgtgcttgt	gtcctggagc	tgggaagagcg	300
gctgagcacg	ccaggagggc	ttggtgcaag	agcttcagaa	aaaacagggt	gaattgcagg	360
aagaacggag	gggactgatg	tcccaactag	aggagaagga	gaggaggctg	caacatcaga	420
agcagccctg	tcaagcagcc	aagcagaagt	ggcatctctg	cggcaggaga	ctgtggccca	480
ggcagcccta	ctgactgagc	gggaagaacg	tcttcatggg	ctagaaatgg	agcgccggcg	540
actgcacaac	cagctgcagg	aactcaaggg	caacatccgt	gtattctgcc	gggtccgccc	600
tgctctgccg	ggggagccca	ctccaccccc	tggcctcctc	ctgtttccct	ctggccctgg	660
tgggccctct	gacctccaa	ccgccttag	cctctcccgg	tctgacgagc	ggcgtgggac	720
cctgagtggg	gcaccagctc	ccccaaactc	ccatgatttt	tcctttgacc	gggtattccc	780
accaggaagt	ggacaggatg	aagtgtttga	agagattgcc	atgcttgctc	agtcagccct	840
ggatggctat	ccagtatgca	tctttgccta	tggccagaca	ggcagtggca	agaccttcac	900
aatggagggt	gggcctgggg	gagaccccca	gttggagggg	ctgatccctc	gggccttgcg	960
gcacctcttc	tctgtggctc	aggagctgag	tggtcagggc	tggacctaca	gctttgtagc	1020
aagctacgta	gagatctaca	atgagactgt	ccgggacctg	ctggccactg	gaaccgggaa	1080

gggtcaaggg	ggcgagtgtg	agattcgccg	tgcagggcca	gggagtgagg	agctcactgt	1140
caccaatgct	cgatatgtcc	ctgtctcctg	tgagaaagaa	gtggacgccc	tgcttcatct	1200
ggcccggccag	aatcgggctg	tggcccgcac	agcccagaat	gaacgggtcat	cacgcagcca	1260
cagtgtattc	cagctacaga	tttctgggga	gcactccagc	cgaggcctgc	agtgtggggc	1320
ccccctcagt	cttgtggacc	tggccgggag	tgagcgactt	gaccccggtt	tagccctcgg	1380
ccccggggag	cgggaaacgt	tgggaaaca	caggccatta	acagcagcct	gtccacgctg	1440
gggctgggta	tcatggccct	gagcaacaag	gagtcccacg	tgccctaccg	gaacagcaaa	1500
ctgacctacc	tgctgcagaa	ctctctgggt	ggtagtgyta	agatgctcat	gtttgtgaac	1560
atttytcay	tggaagagaa	cgtytccgag	tccctcaact	ctctacgctt	tgccctcaag	1620
gtgaaccagt	gtgttattgg	tactgctcag	gccaacagga	agtgaagacg	gatccagatc	1680
tgtgtgtgtg	tgtgtgtgtg	tgtgtgtgtg	tgtgtgtcct	atgtctatgt	atcgggtgag	1740
gggtgggagg	gttgctggag	ggtgctttat	tgggtggagg	gcaccatgtc	ccagggttat	1800
caaataaaga	atagtttggt	ttttttttta	aataaaggtt	ttat		1844

<210> 810

<211> 489

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 810

gccccgctcc	atgagcagtg	actccccagc	tcctcctggc	accagtcccc	agggctctcc	60
tggttggtakw	wmmwgctwyw	ywtsyysswm	mywmmycgkg	racctcraga	tctyyacctt	120
aaaatarctc	tggtgaattt	cacctgggr	atgtaaaytg	akagcttctc	ttcacagatg	180
ysrganaakr	gmcmaaycmy	cwkcaswcct	swgncwmays	tswrwcwrat	ksmtkycykw	240
kccctattta	tgtaaaaata	caggggtccct	gagccagcct	aaggcataag	tgacttatcc	300
ctcctccctg	ctcacatata	aattgtgtat	ttagtgaaag	gctgatcaaa	grttcaaagr	360
atgttatttg	ttatctacct	gtggacccag	nagggtcccca	attccagtta	tttccacctt	420
tccaggaccg	ggaccaatgt	atatatgtaa	ctggattggc	tgttctcgtg	tgtttggtta	480
aatgtgtggt						489

<210> 811

<211> 471

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 811

gccctcagcc	acccccatcc	ctgccccttc	tgagactcac	agcaccctt	tccttctctt	60
cctcccacct	cctccctcag	cccctcatc	tccttgggaa	tctgcagagg	gctctgggac	120
tcaactgccg	atgtgaaatc	caggcgctcag	ctgtttccta	ggcaagggca	ggaaagtggg	180
ctccagccct	tgctccactc	atgcctgggg	gnctgggsyy	gagtgggtatc	cctacctggc	240
ctccccctgg	cctctggcct	ccagcgctgg	gtttgtcgag	tgagagagag	agaggagctt	300
gggttgcttc	cctgtccccg	ccccctctgt	ggcattgtcc	ctcccactct	tatttttcta	360
ccaattgcta	tttttccgaa	caatccttgt	agagtatgta	ccatccaaag	gcaggagggc	420
cctcggtggc	cggctctggg	tggagatggg	acagttttat	tgtacaggtg	c	471

<210> 812

<211> 579

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 812

cccaatgaat	caacatactt	tattagaccc	actaagtgcc	aggggagggg	cctgtgccta	60
ngagccaggt	tacagggctc	acccgtagat	tcagtctggt	ctctcccat	catgcctctc	120
acttccagtc	tgggcttcta	ataggagggc	cccgaacttc	tccctccag	tcattctctc	180
gaatggagaa	tctttcctca	ttccagggac	accaaggctc	aggaaggggc	ctatccatca	240
tcagtagagc	cagacaagct	ctcccatcgg	acgtcctgtg	gctgggcca	gaaatgggtg	300
ccgctgcctg	tgggactgcc	cttccgggaa	ggaccagggg	gtcttcagtg	ctcttggcct	360
gcacgtggna	ggagagtagg	cagatgtctg	gtgctcttta	agctcaaagg	catcatggcc	420
ctctckgnwg	sarcrrrsrs	akamragkym	sssatoncag	scagcscwnk	arskstsgca	480
nwsmwcatts	casmtgcasc	mmcmgrrrs	mksksywcm	kmagnsktnm	scmtsgsrgy	540
cagcgcagcg	tagggtggca	tcctcattgc	agatgcagc			579

<210> 813

<211> 562

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 813

tttttttttt	tccagatgta	actcttgtct	tttattccag	catctccag	agctccaata	60
tgtacagact	ttatattatac	acataata	tacaccatat	atacttattt	atagatatctc	120
acacaccagc	ccacacactc	gcacacactc	acacgcacac	acccttccag	gaggggcgtg	180
tggctgcctt	ggagtcccg	tagscctaaa	caagtgtatc	tgggcttgcc	aggcagttgt	240
gaggttttgt	gttttttgt	tttaaaaaga	aggccatttc	ctccagatgt	gtcctccctc	300
tccccaagcc	ctaaaactcc	tcccaaaac	actctgaaaa	aaattttttt	aaaacaagrg	360
gnttttccct	tgctytggsc	caagtagttt	ctngganagn	tccrggacca	tccacaagny	420
ccgtgcaggt	cctagagcac	gagagccggg	cgtggccttg	gtcaggcctg	cagctgtgcc	480
ctctgagggg	agaggggagg	cgctatagca	tcaagggcac	ctgccagatg	aggagggtgc	540
tgctcgtctc	cccacacggg	gc				562

<210> 814

<211> 594

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 814

agcctgcct	gggcgggcct	gtggctccca	ttttcctttc	agcgggacaa	aggggacttg	60
ttaccaggcc	atattctgga	tggcctgtga	gatctctgcc	cctccaagac	cckccaaryc	120
tsmsyckgwc	scmswgytsk	smsmmwgmmt	ycwgcmssygs	smrcentgss	rryktswrk	180
tggcaccagg	ctgnagnctc	cccaatccca	gccactttg	ctgtgtctct	ggcgggctgt	240
cctccttggg	gggagctgtc	ctgcacactg	taggatgctt	aaaggatatc	ctkgcctcca	300
cccaccctta	gccagcagct	cccagtcaga	caacagccag	awatgtctcc	agactctgcc	360
cagcctcccc	aggtagccac	cctcgagaca	cgacctcaga	gtctctgtgt	ctcctagaag	420
cctgacagag	acccccaggg	cagtgggtgg	gtngcgggct	agagaccctt	gcctgtntcc	480
gggaccctgg	cgccgctctc	ccctcctgtg	gatccctccg	gactaacagt	gttcttagtn	540
ggcagangct	ggggcacccc	ttnggccttg	ncaggcatng	ccattggcgc	angc	594

<210> 815

<211> 812

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 815

aaaaccgggt	ataacacttt	aatatagatt	tgtggaactc	tggcccttgc	agccagaata	60
cacatttata	agccataaat	aaagcacgca	gaaaccataa	attaatcgga	cccgagacct	120
ggatttcacc	gtgtcaagat	tgggaatgct	ttttttttct	ttttcttggt	cattttacaac	180
agacccttac	attatttttt	ttcctgtttt	taaacaatag	tacaaccctc	tggttctgtt	240
aaaactacat	ggtttttacac	cgagtcactc	acaaaatttt	tttttttttt	taagtaagac	300
ttccctgcaa	caacagcaat	ggaggagaac	aacaacaaca	aaaaaatcag	aatctgcagg	360
tgcttgaaga	agcaggagtc	tacacagtag	tggaaaccgg	aggctttttt	ttaactttat	420
attctttccc	gttttcctcc	ttatatagaa	cgtggggtat	ctgtgtggcc	ctctgtttgg	480
gacggaacrg	ctgcagcggg	tgaaggaaga	ctgctgtctt	gggggtgttg	gggtgggggt	540
gttatggatt	tcttctccct	tgcgtctctg	caacaccgtc	tccccaaagt	ctcgaccccc	600
acttgctctc	tcacttrtcc	tccatccggg	gtgccagagt	tagccnggcc	tgaagccgtc	660
gtcttcttaa	gaggagttca	taatgggccc	ggagtacacc	ccctggtagt	aggagggtatc	720
tgcggccagg	ggcgaggcgt	ccaggcccgt	tttgttcgtg	accgggcccc	tggccaagct	780
gccaggcatg	ggggaaccgt	agccggggta	gt			812

<210> 816

<211> 999

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 816

aagccgcctt	ctgagccttt	ngcctctgtt	gttcctcctg	ctgcctgtga	gttttcatgt	60
gtgcatttcg	gcttttgatc	ttgaagaaga	ctttgccnca	ctccttgagc	gggaagatgg	120
tgggtggggtc	tgtctcgccg	ctgggtgggtc	tgtgagaggg	tgancncttt	accncnacag	180
taccactct	gggtgccncc	aggcttctgc	ttcccagags	gkrtrrrmmmc	kmgggccttg	240
ctttgcccc	tgnaaaagct	gccccctanc	catagtatct	cccaggcaaa	gatgccatgc	300
tcactgcaaa	ctatggaatg	aggtcagaac	agaatcaaag	taacgcttga	tgggaaaagt	360
tggccccaag	accccagtac	taagaggggtc	gcctgcgtct	cacacacaca	cactcacagc	420
aagctttggg	ataaaaaggca	accgggatgg	ttgacatctg	aatgcaatgg	aacatgaagg	480
tcagcttcag	tccctactgg	gaatgatttc	atgagaagg	agccagatg	aaacacctct	540
taaagatagt	tgtgccaatt	atttattccc	ccaaccccc	acaaaaacaa	atttttttaa	600
ataaaaggaa	aagaaatagg	attttttttt	ctaaacctga	ataaaatgac	cactttttaa	660
acagrtagtt	taaaaggggt	acaaaacaag	caggcagtc	aggtttcctg	attaatgaag	720
atggaggccg	tgggttttca	ctgtctctaa	gtgacacaca	gggctttata	gttctgcgtc	780
accctgaagc	aagactgaat	cttgatcatc	caagagaaga	tccgtgtcca	caacttcagc	840
ctcttccatg	acacctccca	actgctggac	gacgtcgtcg	tccaggatgt	ccacatcctt	900
gtatgggttt	gatcagactc	agctgggtcca	ggggcagcag	cmcgrcagca	ccccacgggc	960
ccgtagtcct	ctcaatcgtg	gctgccatct	cagctgcaa			999

<210> 817

<211> 653

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 817

atttttaywt	ttaaaacatt	ttatgagggg	taaaatatag	tctttttcta	tcagtatgtt	60
cacacttcct	ggcctctcat	tgggaagctg	taagatgtcc	ttcaataaga	tcctgaacac	120
gcgacagaat	aatctcatta	gagctgctgc	aattttctgg	accatattgg	gggtctatag	180
tcaggacccc	agccacacag	agagtccttg	gagcgtctcc	ctgttcagtg	atggggatgt	240
ggttcttctc	aagccatttc	tttaggctgt	tctttctctc	ttccagatcc	tctgggctgt	300
atgctttgca	gtctccagac	gtgaacaaat	gcacagctt	ctccctcact	ctatggtccc	360

cttcattcat	agtttcaaca	gtckgcacag	catgtcccat	aattccggtc	acagacatgc	420
tgccatcttc	aaggaagttc	acaaggacaa	tattggcaga	gactgggtct	gkagttaaam	480
cccacctttt	atactcatte	ttctcactgg	ctgtcactcg	gacctctttg	taaatgtaat	540
cttgccatcc	taaggggcct	ttcttcaccc	attcactcat	gattgccacc	tggtctaaatc	600
agttaaaaaa	ctcctcgcaa	ctctgggtac	tcagcaacca	tgctttgagg	aag	653

<210> 818

<211> 1225

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 818

ggattctttc	actgagcaca	aagagttggt	ggggcttttag	catctgactg	attttgttac	60
gggggttgatt	ctgaccatag	gaagtatgca	atgtgaatca	ctattttacag	agaaacctac	120
aacagatgct	tgatgttgta	gaaactggga	catatagata	ccaagcaaaa	ttataagaaa	180
cctataagggt	gttcaatacg	cttgtgtttc	caaaattcac	tgtacatgat	cagtttggtg	240
ttcttgtacc	acagttttta	actgaaggaa	ccagttgtaa	cagtctcaat	tttaactaaa	300
acttgaagaa	ctaaaaacaac	aatgcaaacc	tttcagcatt	gtttggccaa	acttgttaaa	360
actgtaatgc	aagaacccaa	tgcactgtga	tgtggcacca	actaattagc	aagcatgaat	420
ttttcaccca	agagtgaaaa	aaggaaaatc	taccatggct	tgaagttaaa	gagcagaact	480
cctgactacc	attctatgac	tgatcaaaaag	actaatagtt	aaaaacctca	gcaggccttg	540
ttcacgatat	gcagaaaaaa	aagtgtctgca	gtttagatac	ctctggaatt	tttccacagt	600
gtcacagggt	tgtaataactt	gaagccctac	atttctaaga	atataattct	tgctcagttg	660
tttcakgcaa	gcccaagact	ttgtaatttt	taaagggccc	aagatttttt	tttttttttt	720
tttttcaaat	aacagaccag	cttctttttc	ttgcagttac	agatgtaatt	tcctttttgt	780
tgtaaaacat	aaggtaccaa	atatgatgca	ataaattggt	ttgaaaaaca	gttggtgtgaa	840
tatttcaact	aatctgtgtt	gggcttctgt	gaaatacaca	gggtggaaaca	gaggtgcaag	900
ccagagcaat	ngtaatatgc	tgtaaggcta	gtgcagatgg	gagcttttta	gaaggggcta	960
agtgtgtgtg	tcagggaaat	tccataatga	agtagaatgc	tgctcctgca	ttaagatttc	1020
attgagggca	aggctggtgg	caggctactat	gaatgtaatt	cataatttaa	aaggaaaaact	1080
aaaaactatt	ttgatattggg	aaaatgagcc	ttaatttggt	aaacctatac	actgaggaac	1140
tagcttcagg	ctttaatat	ctcattggca	tttgccaagg	tcctgaggcc	aaataagggt	1200
taagttaaaa	caaatccaat	tgtnt				1225

<210> 819

<211> 1024

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 819

gacacccag	atgcagccac	caccagcaga	agcgatcagc	tgacccca	agggcacgtg	60
gctgtggccg	tgggctcagg	tggcagctat	ggagccgagg	atgaggtgga	ggaggagagt	120
gacarggccg	cgctcctgca	ggagcagcag	cagcagcagc	agccgggatt	ctggaccttc	180
agctactatc	agagcttctt	tgacgtggac	acctcacagg	tcctggaccg	gatcaaaggc	240
tactgtctgc	cccggcctgg	ccacaacttt	gtgcggcacc	atctgcggaa	tcggccggat	300
ctgtatggcc	ccttctggat	ctgtgccacg	ttggcctttg	tcctggccgt	cactggcaac	360
ctgacgmtgg	tgctggccca	gaggagggac	ccctccatcc	actacagccc	ccagttccac	420
aaggtgaccg	tggcaggcat	cagcatctac	tgctatrcgt	ggctggtgcc	cctggccctg	480
tggggcttcc	tgcggtggcg	caaggggtgtc	caggagcgca	tggggcccta	caccttctctg	540
gagactgtgt	gcactctacg	ctactccctc	tttgtcttca	tcccatgggt	ggctctgtgg	600
ctcattccct	gtgcctntgg	ctacagtggc	tctttggggg	cgctggccct	gggcctgtnc	660

aaccaccggg	ctggtaatca	ccctctggcc	cgtgggtccgt	gaggacacca	ggctgggtggc	720
cacagtgtcg	ctgtccgtgg	tcgtgctgcn	ccacgccctc	ctggccatgg	gctgtaagtt	780
gtactttctt	cagtcgctgc	ctcnggagna	cgtgggtcct	ccaccccaaa	tcanatctct	840
gccctcaaac	atcgcgctgt	cccctacctt	gccgcagtc	ctggccccct	cctaggaagg	900
nccgggtccc	acaggcaaca	cctaagtggg	ccaacccctc	tgctgtgctc	gccccccaga	960
cgatgactga	aggctccttt	gacaccttga	gatgantctg	ctactttcca	gacttttctt	1020
acaa						1024

<210> 820

<211> 631

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 820

atTTTTaywt	ttaaaacatt	ttatgagggg	taaaatatag	tctttttcta	tcagtatgtt	60
cacacttcc	ggcctctcat	tgggaagctg	taagatgtcc	ttcaataaga	tcctgaacac	120
gogacagaat	aatctcatta	gagctgctgc	aattttctgg	accatatggg	gggtctatag	180
tcaggacccc	agccacacag	agagtccttg	gagcgtctcc	ctgttcagtg	atggggatgt	240
ggttcttctc	aagccatttc	tttaggctgt	tctttctctc	ttccagatcc	tctgggctgt	300
atgctttgca	gtctccagac	gtgaacaaat	gcatcagctt	ctccctcact	ctatgggtccc	360
cttcattcat	agtttcaaca	gtckgcacag	catgtcccat	aattccgggc	acagacatgc	420
tgccatcttc	aaggaagttc	acaaggacaa	tattggcaga	gactgggtct	gkagttaaam	480
cccatccttt	atactcatte	ttctcactgg	ctgtcactcg	gacctctttg	taaatgtaat	540
cttgccattc	taaggggcct	ttcttcatcc	attcactcat	gattgccacc	tggctaaatc	600
agttaaaaaa	ctcctcgcaa	ctctgggtac	t			631

<210> 821

<211> 635

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 821

aggttgctca	cctgaaggag	cacaggaggg	ttttccaggc	catgtggctc	aggttcctca	60
agcacaagct	gcccctcagc	ctctacaaga	agggtgctgt	gattgtgcat	gacgccatcc	120
tgccgcagct	ggcgcagccc	acgctcatga	tcgacttcc	caccgcgcc	tssgacctcg	180
ggggggccct	cagcctcttg	gcottgaacg	ggctgttcat	cttgattcac	aaacacaacc	240
tggagtacc	tgacttctac	cggaagctct	acggcctctt	ggacccctct	gtctttcacg	300
tcaagtaccg	cgcccgttc	ttccacctgg	ctgacctctt	cctgtcctcc	tcccacctcc	360
ccgcctacct	ggtggccgcc	ttcgccaagc	ggctggcccc	cctggccctg	acggctcccc	420
ctgaggccct	gtcatggtc	ctgcctttca	tctgtaacct	gctgcgccgg	cacctgcct	480
gccgggtcct	cgtgcaccgt	ccacacggcc	ctcgagttgg	aacgccgacc	cttacgaacc	540
ctgggagagg	aggaccagc	ccagagccgg	gctttggggg	agttccttgt	tggatttttc	600
agggccttnc	agcggcatta	ccaacttgag	gtttt			635

<210> 822

<211> 752

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 822

tgcttttatc	ttgaatgtag	ccttcaactt	tgtgtaattc	cttacaaaa	aggccacatg	60
------------	------------	------------	------------	-----------	------------	----

gcttaaaatt	caacacacat	ttgtccccag	tcttgtgggt	tataatttcc	acattgccat	120
actgttcgat	ccacagttta	cccacaatga	tattatgcac	acagcagggtg	ggatttgtcc	180
atgtatatgc	ctcattgtgt	tcaaggagct	ccaagggtgat	ggttcctttg	ggttctgctt	240
ctacactctt	cccccagaat	ttcagtttgg	gatagataga	gccatgaaag	atgaagtcac	300
tgtttaatcc	ttcagcatga	aatgcactga	ttgggtgggtg	atggctgacc	tgttcggaga	360
tgagtctaaa	tccaagggtca	tctcgcaacta	attcataagt	ctctcccagc	agtgggttga	420
aagggtttcc	agtccgttcc	cactgagaag	caacagcaga	tacagcaaac	gcagctacac	480
actgcacctt	ttccacagga	tcagagagtg	aactggcctt	gtggaygagg	taagtatgct	540
ccatgtattc	agttaggcgc	tgttaggaagc	tcagaggctc	attaaatata	actggcatcg	600
tgatcttggg	tagttccatt	ccaatacatt	ttctgaggat	gctccagata	ctgaagtcac	660
ttctggaaaa	cataggagaa	ggcaaacttg	ttctgtgttt	cttgatgcca	ttggagagag	720
catctccgcc	accacagtct	ttttcttcgg	ac			752

<210> 823

<211> 899

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 823

tttgccacag	ggtaaacttt	tatttttagaa	tccaatcttt	tccccacaca	tacacaataa	60
attaaacaga	atccacagta	aatgtacatt	ttttaacata	aaaagtcagt	tactgttact	120
tcattgatcac	atgaggatcg	tcacagctcc	gtgtccatta	gcacattacc	ctccttgtcc	180
ttaactctta	tccgaccgga	tctgtacttc	gtttcttgat	gaccgtttgc	atatacggtt	240
ttaacagtgc	catctgggta	ttcccgctct	ttgaactggg	cagtatgtag	ttctctttgg	300
ccattattaa	actctatgag	tttgttgcca	tcacgttgta	ctctgacaat	tgtaccatct	360
gggaaaatgc	tttcttcttg	tccatcagga	aataagtttt	taacagtctg	gtcaggaaac	420
gtgatttctt	ttcttccatc	tgggtaatgt	ttttctrttt	aaaaagtgtg	tacagtaaat	480
attttttgaa	ggaagggaag	aatttaatga	gagggtggag	caagtttgta	cctattttgtc	540
cacttgagaa	atgtaagact	tccagtcctc	cgggtatgtc	gtgtgagtgg	tctgggcagc	600
tgcatagtag	tagatctgta	aagacacaca	gtcagtctgc	cttttctcca	gagatgggta	660
aactatggag	gagaacactt	ctggaaacat	accactcttt	ggtctggcat	gacctgcttc	720
acgtcaccat	taaagaaagt	gacagtgatg	gtcttcccat	ctgcactcac	ttcctttcga	780
gttccattgg	gaaacagtat	aacaaggcac	ccattcttat	aaaccttttc	cacctttcca	840
tcaggatgac	tgattttctc	ctgtatgtct	tggctcttct	cctcctcttt	atattcagg	899

<210> 824

<211> 1980

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 824

accgctccgg	ggccggccaa	tttgcattat	tggaaatgcgc	cgctataaac	ccggctgggg	60
ttttgcagcg	atttcttaga	tgtaaaaatg	agatctcaat	agcagcgggc	tgggcacatc	120
ctcksmwytc	ysskwskskm	tstgcccrga	gctggtttcc	gtctctcggc	tcggggctgg	180
aactccggcc	caacctaggc	gcgcancgcg	sacgagatgg	cgcacttcgc	atcaatgtca	240
aagccgcggg	ggagccggga	accccagcat	gattcttggc	ctttgttcgc	ttctgatact	300
aagagcagca	cggtacatta	tttcaattgt	cccgtcctcc	ttcataacag	aaaaagggga	360
ctcaccctca	agaagtgatt	ggtatggtaa	tttaaagcaa	cgcgcattcg	ctaggcctcg	420
cgagcgtcgc	cgcgcggaga	agccagctgt	cccttggcag	tgatttcgga	aatgtgtcaa	480
ggcaattcca	aaggtgaaaa	cgcagccaac	tggctcacgg	caaagagtgg	tcggaagaag	540
cgctgccctt	acacgaagca	ccagacactg	gagctggaga	aggagtctct	gttcaatatg	600

taccttactc	gagagcggcg	cctagagatt	agccgcagcg	tccacctcac	ggacagacaa	660
gtgaaaatct	ggtttcagaa	ccgcagatng	aaactgaaga	aaatgaatcg	agaaaaccgg	720
atccggggagc	tcacagccaa	ctttaatttt	tctgatgaa	tctccaggcg	acgcggtttt	780
ttcacttccc	gagcgtggt	cccctccctc	tgtcttcagg	ctctgccagg	aactcgcacc	840
tgtgctggag	ccctgttcc	ccctcccaca	ctcgccatct	cctgggccgt	tacatctgtg	900
cagggctggt	ttgttctgac	tttttgtttc	tttgtgtttg	cttgggtgctg	gttwatttgt	960
tgttttctgg	gggaaaaagc	catatcatgc	taaaattcta	tagagataga	tattgtccta	1020
agtgtcaagt	cctgactggg	ctgggtttgc	tgtcttgggg	tcccactgct	cgaatggcc	1080
cctgtcttcg	gccgagcntg	gtttcctgcc	cagcctgggg	caaacctagc	cgaaggccga	1140
gggtccattg	ttggcgctga	ggtgtctggc	ctgaggtcaa	tgggtgcaaag	gagccgccac	1200
cggcatgtct	gcctggagtg	ctgtgctgtg	tttaatcagg	ggatacaggc	ccctgggttt	1260
cttttttctt	tcttcctttc	ttccttggcc	aagagaaggg	cttacaggca	tggacatgca	1320
ggttggcaaa	cgggcttgac	tttggtgat	ttaaaaagtg	agaaagaaag	taaaaaaggt	1380
taatttttcc	ttcctctgta	agatatccca	gctttaaaaa	gaaaaaaaaa	aagaattacc	1440
aagagaaggg	gacttctctt	ccagtttctg	taaggcttta	cattgcctga	ctaaatgtt	1500
tcattttacct	ctaaatttcc	atatacttct	ggctgtagat	aaataatgta	gttttgttta	1560
tgcatttgga	attagtggat	ttttttgtca	ttaaaattgt	taccactggg	aacatgtgac	1620
aagcacacca	caatttctcc	tatcttgtga	agttgttttt	ttaaatcgcc	ttgaacaaaa	1680
agtttttttt	tttgtttgtt	tttgctttct	gaaattcaca	gaagcctagg	aggactgggg	1740
taagcggaat	aaactagaga	aggagacat	tgtttggatt	tccttcttat	aaatacaaat	1800
ctgtataaat	gtctattatt	atgaagaatt	gccaatcttg	ttttaagcaa	atgcattcta	1860
tcgttattat	aaatgttagt	tctagctcta	tttacttcta	atcttaaate	agaataaatt	1920
aatattgtat	tgctgctgtg	cgtggaaaaa	gacgatgttt	atgttcttat	agaataaaag	1980

<210> 825

<211> 333

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 825

tctagatatt	gcccaatgc	tgcccacagt	gcacatacct	ttccaccagt	cacatgtgag	60
agggcagatt	ttccaaatgc	tcatcaccac	ttggcactgt	gtggactata	attttggcca	120
gttaggaaat	ggcatctcat	tgttttcatc	ttaatgtg	tcagcctgat	tactcattga	180
aacttgtgag	gttgagaaac	ttttcttaag	cttattggcc	attcaagttt	cctcctttat	240
gaaatgggtg	ttcatgtcat	ttkctcattt	ttatattaga	ttgkwttmt	wttttccagc	300
tgactttag	gaactctaca	tcttatcaat	att			333

<210> 826

<211> 658

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 826

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	ttttgaaggc	ttcatgaata	atttattcca	tttgaagttt	60
tgttttttgt	ttttgttttt	ttttttttta	aaagtataaa	ccttttctatt	tcctcaatca	120
caatttgtac	aactcagtgt	tatggcattc	ggcagcaata	gtgtttgttc	cttattctct	180
ttttgtcacg	ttaaaaanaa	agcaattgga	ccatattaaa	tgtcactgct	aaacaacaac	240
tttaaaacgc	cccttcataa	agtgaaccaag	ctatttttgag	agggttgatg	ctgacatgtc	300
cagtaatgac	gttacaattt	gtagcttaaa	ctcaataact	ttaagggtcca	catatccagt	360
ttactttgaa	aactaaagat	gttttaaaac	ttcatgaata	catcaacctg	aggagtattt	420
taggkcccaa	atccagtttt	taaattttata	ctccacnaaa	aangaaaata	catacataaa	480

awtttaaacc	mcngttytgg	gccattwaa	acaccmaaaa	agaccccccn	aaaagttaag	540
antttcagct	tanttctgga	nggggtggnc	aaaatarraw	kktwtawwma	wwwmytwwt	600
ccnkmattca	gacaaactaa	aatcttaaga	ggaaaccag	acccaaatat	cactcatg	658

<210> 827

<211> 453

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 827

attatagaga	ttaatctcct	ttgctcgaag	tctnttttaa	tattagtcac	atctaaaaca	60
tactttttaca	gcaacatcta	gactgggtgt	tgaccaaaca	actgggcatc	atagctgaca	120
cataaaatta	accatcacaa	ccatgttcta	ggcactgttc	ctcactgcct	gagaagacac	180
cgttatgttt	attaggggtt	ttgagtttta	tccacagctt	ttgggttatct	gcaaccatgt	240
ctcccacat	taacatagtt	cacactgaga	tgaggattcc	ctatttaaca	cttgggtccca	300
acttcttcac	agtccatctg	gttttgtaga	gggaacataa	ctggacattc	tggtcagggt	360
agggtgaggtc	aggcettcag	gacgtatatt	tcactgagtt	gctttataag	gcacattatg	420
caaaattcca	tcagctcttc	tggttactac	att			453

<210> 828

<211> 657

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 828

aagagaagga	cctagagatt	gagaggctta	agacgaagca	aaaagaactg	gaggccaaga	60
tggtggccca	gaaggctgag	gaaaaggaga	accattgtcc	cacaatgctc	cggccctttt	120
cacatcgac	agtcacaggg	gcaaagcccc	tgaaaaaggc	tgtgggtgatg	cccctacagc	180
taattcagga	gcaggcagca	tcccaaatg	ccgagatcca	catcctgaag	aataaaggcc	240
ggaagagaaa	gctggagtcc	ctggatgccc	tagagcctga	ggagaaggct	gaggactgct	300
gggagctaca	gatcagcccc	gagctactgg	ctcatgggcg	ccaaaaaata	ctggatctgc	360
tgaacgaagg	ctcagccccg	gatctccgca	gtcttcagcg	cattggcccc	aagaaggccc	420
agctaategt	gggctggcgg	gagctccacg	gccccttcag	ccagggtggag	gacctggaac	480
gcgtggaggg	cataacgggg	aaacagatgg	agtccttctc	gaaggcaaac	atcctgggtc	540
tcgccgccgg	ccagcgtgtg	ggcgctctct	gaccgtcgtc	tctcactcc	gccttttcaa	600
atttttgtat	aaccccggtg	tgtgtaaata	cagtttttgc	tccggtaaaa	aaaaaaa	657

<210> 829

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 829

ggtttgagaa	aatcaattca	aatctgnccc	ttctgattgc	anctctaacc	aggttctgan	60
cgggtgtcaga	gacttcccaa	tacatttccc	ttctagnatg	cctcataaat	ccactcaaaa	120
gtaagacacc	aaacacacac	ctcatttccc	gaactgtgac	ttccaagctg	acatttttct	180
gagaagcata	attattgggt	tcattgacaa	ttaagttgaa	tgtttcatca	tcaaaaaata	240
attcaaaaag	ctctactggg	ttcaactttt	cgctcttgag	attcaaaaag	ccagaatcca	300
gtgctgacca	gcttggaaaa	ttgggtttta	tgtctctttt	ggtccaactc	ttttctggga	360
aacatgatac	ctttaacttc	ttttgagcag	gctggatctc	aggctcatta	tctttttcca	420
catctgagtc	accagagaat	gagaggcctt	ggagcagttc	actcactcga	gctttgtctt	480

tttttctccc	ttttcgggta	atgtctcctg	cagcatattc	cagggatgag	atgtgcatgc	540
gggcccacaa	atcacctggg	tgacggctct	tcagagtgtt	caaatgtgca	actgtccttt	600
cagtagcaat	aggagtacta	caaggaatct	ggggtgcaca	ctctctgttg	ggctttcctg	660
aggcttctcc	actttgttcc	atttcttcag	aagtttcttg	ctttgcttta	aacaatctat	720
ctttagttac	aatttcttca	gctgggtgta	gccccagctt	tttagaaggc	tgagg	775

<210> 830

<211> 413

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 830

agagcctgca	agtgacaaag	gaagtgaggc	agaggccac	atgccccac	cgttcacacc	60
ctacgtgcct	cggattctga	acggcttggc	ctcggagagg	acagcactgt	ctccgcagca	120
gcagcagcag	cagacctatg	gtgccatcca	caacatcagc	gggactatcc	ctggacagtg	180
cttggcgcak	agcsmcasgk	gcagtgtggc	ntgctgcccc	ccaggaggcc	tgaggctggg	240
tctcactgct	ctgaaaagac	acaaccagaa	tggcctgggg	ctcaggccct	tggctgagtg	300
ggaatgcgtt	gggactgccc	agctgagcta	tcagggtgcc	atcttttctg	gtmccagcag	360
tggtgaggag	agcacaggca	ggcctcgccc	ctcccttget	cancagttt	ccc	413

<210> 831

<211> 876

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 831

gctgacctac	agcagaagct	gctggatgca	gaaagtgaag	acagaccaa	acaacgctgg	60
gagaatattg	ccaccattct	ggaagccaag	tgtgccctga	aatatttgat	tgagagagctg	120
gtctcctcca	aaatacaggt	cagcaaactt	gaaagcagcc	tgaaacagag	caagaccagc	180
tgtgnykaca	tgcaakaagat	gctgtttgag	gaacgaaatc	attttgccga	gatagagaca	240
gagttacaag	ctgagctggt	cagaatggag	caacagcacc	aagagaaggt	gctgtacctt	300
ctcagccagc	tcagcacaag	ccaaatggca	gagaagcagt	tagaggaatc	agtcagtga	360
aaggaacagc	agctgctgag	cacactgaag	tgtcaggatg	aagaacttga	gaaaatgcga	420
gaagtgtgtg	agcaaaaatca	gcagcttctc	cgagagaatg	aaatcatcaa	gcagaaactg	480
accctcctcc	aggtagccag	cagacagaaa	catcttccta	aggataccct	tctatctcca	540
gactcttctt	ttgaatatgt	cccacctaag	ccaaaacctt	ctcgtgttaa	agaaaagtgc	600
ctggagcaaa	gcatggacat	cgaggatcta	aaatattggt	cagagcattc	tgtgaatgag	660
catgaggatg	gtgatggtga	tgatgatgag	ggggatgacg	aggaatggaa	gccaaacaaa	720
ttagttaagg	tgtccaggga	agaacatcca	aggggtgttc	tgcaagggct	gggtgtggga	780
ccangccagt	gtgggggttc	aggnaagcca	aaagtncaga	ctggtggtgt	tgactgtttg	840
ctgtgacccc	cacaaagttt	ncggaaccgc	ccacca			876

<210> 832

<211> 768

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 832

tagacataga	aaacatacag	taagaatatg	gtattataat	cttacggsam	mamygysrmm	60
trnsckkknw	rwmktkgwaa	agykgymyr	sgrcsyanra	mtanmmmtas	ctrgytrrky	120
mrywtwmma	tycctkscem	gggagtttga	aatttnatac	tatagaaata	actttaggtt	180

ttaggtagag	ttaaagaggt	aaagcacatg	ttgnccacaa	ncccaggaaa	gtatttttaa	240
gaaagattgg	attttcctac	cttttagagat	ctaaaaaaa	tttaataata	aaaatcattt	300
tgtgttgggtg	tttattacta	gttcagatga	gtggctgctg	aaggggcccc	cttgtcattt	360
tcattataac	ccaatttcca	cttatttgaa	ctcttaagtc	ataaatgtat	aatgacttat	420
gaattagcac	agttaagttg	acactagaaa	ctgcccattt	ctgtattaca	ctatcaaata	480
ggaaacattg	gaaagatggg	gaaaaaaatc	ttatttttaa	atggcttaga	aagttttcag	540
attactttga	aaattctaaa	cttctttctg	tttccaaaac	ttgaaaatat	gtagatggac	600
tcatgcatta	agactgtttt	caaagctttc	ctcacatttt	taaagtgtga	ttttcctttt	660
aatatacata	tttattttcy	ttaaagcagc	tatatcccaa	cccatgactt	tgggrgatat	720
acccataaaa	ccmatataac	agcaggggta	ttggagcagc	tttctcaa		768

<210> 833

<211> 1604

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 833

aactagtata	tttacaacat	cagaaaacttc	aatatggaga	tttgttgctc	ctatatcatg	60
atcttttagca	gcaactacac	cataggcact	gcacaacctg	ggtcctagat	caggacgtac	120
aaaaaatcct	ggcaaagtag	aggccaaatt	gaattttcct	tctggattac	aatattctgg	180
caatggcaga	ctttttaaaa	gatcttcgta	tcttgctggc	atcatagtct	tgaagctctc	240
tcctgaaggc	caatctttca	attttaaaac	aactgtttct	ccactcttgt	ttttctgccc	300
ttttgaaact	tcttcaaaac	catcccagaa	ttctttaaca	ttggcatttg	aaatgatgct	360
atctttgcag	ttcaggagat	cagcttggtg	gtctccaaaa	tcaagactaa	ttgattccgc	420
cttccatagg	ctaattgttc	ttttcttatg	cacaccagaa	accactgcag	gctgtccttg	480
tttccaacat	tctttgaaaa	gcttccaatt	actgctatct	ttataatcct	taagccataa	540
aatatgcttc	tcacagatcc	aagaatgtgg	tatatcactg	tataatttat	tattttcatc	600
cactgcagat	attatgcttt	cttcaggctc	ttctttaagc	tctggtttta	catttatctt	660
ggaggtttta	cttgggtggaa	ttttgttttc	aacaactgaa	gcaattatgt	catcaagaat	720
gtaggcata	gtccgtccac	ttttgctact	tggggctccc	attgaatata	ctggggcaaa	780
ggcaatgcc	gcatctgtas	acccacacag	tagctttcca	gctgttgtag	tcagcaaata	840
ccgtaagggt	gagccttggt	cattattctg	ggacacaaga	ggtgatgttc	tgccatttgg	900
agattcagag	ttgtcttggt	ctctttcttc	tttaatttgg	ttttcaaggg	taagttcttt	960
gttttctttt	ttttcctctc	tggctttttg	ctctgcaaga	tctgctaacc	agtgcagtgg	1020
tgactgggat	tctggaggag	ttaacttggt	atctgtgcct	acatcactct	ctgggctgct	1080
gccaccattt	ttctcagact	tccgaggagt	attttgctgc	tgagactcag	gcatgcacag	1140
agaaaatttta	ttactgtgat	taagaacatt	ctgtaaaact	tgagatacac	cattcattgt	1200
aggaaaattt	ccaacttgta	aattctggtt	gttagtataa	tgacaatggg	atttaatacc	1260
atatttttcc	ctaagagtgt	gcatggcatc	tagaagatct	gtcaaaacag	aaccagggtat	1320
aatttggtgt	ggcattaaat	gtttgtgatc	atgaggtctg	ccyttcacac	acttcatcca	1380
agcatantag	ttctttatcy	ctagaactnc	tycctttcct	ttngccttgt	aacaatctaa	1440
gcaganccac	aawkcacat	tttkggcaga	cccagtnraw	kktaancawk	gntgcttcac	1500
atgcatcaca	catctcccgg	actcctctca	ctgctctttt	ccaggcaatt	ttggcatcct	1560
ttttcaccca	ggacaaagct	gtttttttcag	atgttactaa	ttga		1604

<210> 834

<211> 617

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 834


```

gtccgtcagc tggtagcttt cattcgtaaa agagataaaa gagtgcaggc gcatcgaaaa      60
cttgtggaag aacagaatgc agagaaggcg aggaaagccg aagagatgag gcggcagcag      120
aagctaaagc aggccaaact ggtggagcag tacagagaac agagctggat gactatggcc      180
aatTTggaga aagagctcya ssangrtgrm srcrsgkkac gagaaggagt ttggagatgg      240
atcggatgaa aatgaaatgg aagaacatga actcaaagat gaggaggatg gtaaagacag      300
tgatgaggcc gaggacgctg agctctatga tgacctttac tgcccagcat gtgacaaatc      360
gttcaagaca gaaaaggcca tgaagaatca cgagaagtca aagaagcatc gggaaatggt      420
ggccttgcta aaacaacagc tggaggagga agaagaaaat ttttcaagac ctcaaattga      480
tgaaaatcca ttagatgaca attctgagga agaaatggaa gatgcaccaa aacaaaagct      540
ttctaaaaaa cagargaaaa agaaacagaa accagcacag gatgtacctg gcaaagattc      600
atatctgcct gcagctc                                     617

```

<210> 835

<211> 542

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 835

```

TTTTTTTTTT agaccaacat tctttaatca caaaggcact tgaggacccc tacaaaccca      60
aagtctctgc caagagtggc cctgcagacg cccacactgc caccctccat ccacccatcc      120
atccacacac tcagagttca tcgtgacctg cagagggctc cacactaggc ttgatgaaga      180
tgccttccat ggccttccac gtattgtgcg tgttggcact gggcatgccg tggacctcat      240
gctgcccacg gatggggctt ccatactgct caccctgac tgacaggaac acagaggtgc      300
ccacatgctn grarsgcaca gcagcctcac gctcccagnn gctgntccag agcagcgcac      360
tgtccatann gktccaggte gtcgccctcg ccgtcttccc caaaggcact cacctcctgg      420
ttgttggaca gcggcgangg gaagtgggtg gtgtgcaggt tcnttgnccg taagcacatg      480
cgtgagcctc accgcctgcc cgcagcgcac cgcaagggcc caggcggagc cgacgctcgc      540
gc                                     542

```

<210> 836

<211> 542

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 836

```

TTTTTTTTTT agaccaacat tctttaatca caaaggcact tgaggacccc tacaaaccca      60
aagtctctgc caagagtggc cctgcagacg cccacactgc caccctccat ccacccatcc      120
atccacacac tcagagttca tcgtgacctg cagagggctc cacactaggc ttgatgaaga      180
tgccttccat ggccttccac gtattgtgcg tgttggcact gggcatgccg tggacctcat      240
gctgcccacg gatggggctt ccatactgct caccctgac tgacaggaac acagaggtgc      300
ccacatgctn grarsgcaca gcagcctcac gctcccagnn gctgntccag agcagcgcac      360
tgtccatann gktccaggte gtcgccctcg ccgtcttccc caaaggcact cacctcctgg      420
ttgttggaca gcggcgangg gaagtgggtg gtgtgcaggt tcnttgnccg taagcacatg      480
cgtgagcctc accgcctgcc cgcagcgcac cgcaagggcc caggcggagc cgacgctcgc      540
gc                                     542

```

<210> 837

<211> 719

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 837

aaaagggtccc	ccttctggga	aagaccgagt	gaagaaaggt	ggatcctaca	tgtgccatag	60
gtcttattgt	tacaggatc	gctgtgctgc	tcggagccag	aacacacctg	atagctctgc	120
ttcgaatctg	grnttccgct	gtncagccga	ccgnctgccc	actatngact	gacaaccaag	180
gaaagtcttc	cccantccaa	ggagcagtcg	tgtctgacct	acattgggct	tttctcagaa	240
ctttgaacga	tcccatgcaa	agaattccca	ccctgaggtg	tttnacatac	ctgcccaatg	300
ncaaaggaac	cgcttctgta	gaccaaattg	ctgacctggg	tcagtgcacg	tgttttatgg	360
tgtggtgcat	ctttggagat	catcgccata	ttttactttt	gagagtcttt	aaagaggaag	420
gggagtgagg	ggaaccctga	gctaggcttc	aggaggcccg	cgccctacgc	aggctctgca	480
caggggttag	accccagggtc	cgacgcttga	ccttcctggg	cctcaagtgc	cctcccctat	540
caaatagacag	ggatggacag	catgacctct	gggtgtctct	ccaactcacc	agttctaaaa	600
agggtatcag	attctattgt	gacttcataa	gtgagaattt	atgatagatt	atTTTTtagc	660
tattttttcc	atgtgtgaac	cttgagtgat	actaatcatg	taaagtaaga	gttccctta	719

<210> 838

<211> 579

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 838

aagatatgca	gagatattcc	aggatctttt	agctttgggtg	cggtctcctg	gagacagtgt	60
tattogccaa	cagtgtgttg	aatatgtcac	atccattttg	cagtctctct	gtgatcagga	120
cattgcactt	atcttaccaa	gctcttctga	aggttctatt	tctganctgg	agcagctctc	180
caattctcta	ccaaataaag	aattgatgac	ctcaatctgt	gactgtctgt	tggctacgct	240
agctaactct	gagagcagtt	acaactgttt	actgacatgt	gtcagaacaa	tgatgtttct	300
tgcagagatg	attatggatt	atttcattta	aaaagttctt	taaggaaaaa	cagtagtgct	360
ctgcatagtt	tactgaaacg	agtggtcagc	acatttagta	aggacacagg	agagcttgca	420
tcttcatttt	tagaatttat	gagacaaatt	cttaactctg	acacaattgg	gatgctgtgg	480
gagatgataa	tgggtctcat	gggaagtagg	aggggagctc	atacatcacg	gacgatgagt	540
attaatgctg	cagagttaaa	ccagcttctt	ccaaggcaa			579

<210> 839

<211> 1172

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 839

aaccaaacct	cccaacttag	tgaaaacaag	gcattcaatg	acagaccagc	agcagaaact	60
gentattacc	tcctaatacat	tttatgaaga	aatacctata	taaaaacaaa	cactaaagag	120
nacaaataga	tttaactaaa	gtgacaagca	taattataaa	taaataccag	attatcagat	180
tttaaacaaat	aatctataac	agttttacta	tctaaggatt	ttcactccaa	gaagaaaaaa	240
tacatagtaa	cgccaagctt	gcaggacgat	gacttaacag	atacattttc	tcttaattgga	300
aacttatcta	gcttcagtaa	tatttctgga	tgtagcatca	agttgctggt	gcacattttt	360
aaaagactgg	tccagcagtg	tttcctcttc	atttaaagta	ttggcaatag	catcattaca	420
tggattgtcc	agaatgtctt	cgtttaattc	atttgactcc	tcctttttgat	cctcatcagt	480
attaacctct	tcaaccgtgt	gtgccctggg	tgtattcatt	aacatatcat	ttccyaggggt	540
ctgactatta	ctcagcagct	tkgeectgect	tctttccarg	gccagttggg	twattttcycy	600
caattctttg	ttgttgctct	tctgttaggc	ttctacttaa	ctcagaagca	aacatctcac	660
tttcagataa	gtttgtcaga	aagggatcta	attcagtaga	agtgacatca	tgttcattat	720
tctccgcaac	ttcatcatta	ttgctaacaa	aatcttcatg	taaaataggg	agatcaagtc	780
gaattcgttt	taaacagggtc	tgaacttctt	ttttacttcc	cagggtattca	actctgtcaa	840

taaaatcctc	aaactgcagt	ttagggaata	gcctatgtgc	ccagtgtctc	atgtgtctga	900
ttagcatctt	caagtcttca	gcctcatgac	ctttaccttt	gaattttgcc	ttatcaaata	960
catgccttaa	ggctggaagt	cctctctctg	aaattaatct	ctgagcatcc	agcttgggta	1020
tattttcttt	aactgttctc	tttgaggta	caggaacagg	tgctccattt	cctgactctt	1080
catcaggctc	agttccttca	ccatcttgct	tctctggaga	ggctggaggt	gggaaaggag	1140
gaaaagtttc	atcttctaca	tgctcataat	ct			1172

<210> 840

<211> 1145

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 840

cctcctactc	ccaaacaaat	ctttggggaa	aaaaaaacta	ccaactgtca	gccatggggc	60
tgacggcgct	aagctctggg	gctccgtgca	ctgacgtggg	gccagccaca	gggaggcg	120
gatsmrgymg	cgngassscm	ggakywkgrs	cwscwscsrs	gymrgkwgca	gnrgcrgygg	180
crhcrsganc	mrnagcagcn	tgmwgcagct	cawgcacctg	gagtcctttt	aygaaaaamc	240
yyctcctggg	cttatcaagg	aagatgagac	taagccagaa	gattgcatac	cagatgtacc	300
aggcaatgaa	cacgccaggg	aatttctggc	tcattgcacca	actaaaggac	tttggatgcc	360
actggggaaa	gaagtcaaag	ttatgcagtg	ttggcggttg	aaacgctatg	gtcaccgaac	420
gggtgacaaa	gaatgccctt	tctttatcaa	aggcaaccaa	aagttagagc	agttcagagt	480
ggcacaatgaa	gatcccatgt	atgacatcat	acgagacaa	aaacgacatg	aaaaggacgt	540
aaggatacag	cagttaaaac	agttactgga	ggattctacc	tcagatgaag	ataggagcag	600
ctccmgttcc	tctgaaggta	aagagaaaac	caagaaaaag	aagaagaaag	aaaagcataa	660
gaaaagggaag	aaagaaaaga	aaaagaagaa	aaaacggaag	cacaaatctt	ccaagtcaaa	720
tgaggggttct	gactcagagt	gacaaggatg	tgacttggtc	aacattctct	tctcaaacac	780
tgaccaagga	acagaggaag	atgcagtcag	agaaagcagc	aggatagaga	cgccgagaga	840
ggagtatatg	tgggtcacag	cagtgcagtc	ccaccgcctc	tgagtggaag	atgtgacccc	900
aggagagggg	gtgtctcctt	ccaggtgcta	gctctggaca	gcagctgatt	ttaggcagga	960
aagtttcttc	atcgttgtcc	tccctgctgg	tcacatgagt	ttacgattcc	tttgaagtgt	1020
ctcccacagg	gtggcaggac	tgggagaatc	tctgaggcgt	gtcttccagg	ccctcccaca	1080
gcttgtgccc	tccacagtgt	ggactcaggt	cccatagaca	tcaggctgga	gtcttctctg	1140
ttggtt						1145

<210> 841

<211> 642

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 841

ttttttataa	aaataaatat	ttattgccat	ttgaagcttt	atgtacacct	ttaaaagcac	60
atgtacaaat	gtgggaaatt	acaaaaatca	acctaaaacc	ctttttctca	aagtatacat	120
aatgtacat	ccaagatcag	tggtgctacc	atcattagaa	taaaaaataa	gtctgtctgg	180
acataaacia	gcaatcattt	taagtgtcat	tcagatattc	tcctttatat	ttaaaactcc	240
aaaaaatact	aagaggccca	atatatccag	aaaattgtgt	tttcaactta	ccctaactta	300
tgaatagtgg	tatacaaata	tatttccatc	tttttgcca	gccagcaaat	gagagtctgt	360
acccgaccat	ttcacaaaag	accaatgttg	gtcagagaca	gskskgagrr	ksgymktasr	420
stkamysasa	akkarstsmm	amayrgsrmt	tnykcmasra	stcamkmtyk	ytgsyrcaasr	480
gwkrrctyws	rmswmwmwkw	msargmmcca	tttcagaata	ggctttgtga	cagactgaag	540
cttggttaaga	atcatcaatg	tgcatctttt	tcaggagtgt	accagttttt	aaattccaaa	600
taacaatgtt	gttcataata	gtagtaccaa	gcagagcttc	tt		642

<210> 842
 <211> 452
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 842

acggcctggt	ggagcagctg	tacgacctca	ccctggagta	cctgcacagc	caggcacact	60
gcatcggtt	cccggagctg	gtgctgctg	tggctctgca	gctgaagtcg	ttcctccggg	120
agtgaaggt	ggccaactac	tgccggcagg	tgacgagct	gcttggaag	gttcaggaga	180
actcggcata	catctrcagc	cgcgcgcaga	gggtttcctt	cggcgtctct	gagcagcagg	240
cagtgaagc	ctgggagaag	ctgacccggg	aagaggggac	acccytgacc	ttgtactaca	300
gccactggcg	caantgcgtg	accgggagat	ccagctggag	atcagtggca	aagagcggct	360
ggaagacctg	wacttccctg	agatcaaacg	aaggaagatg	gctgacagga	aggatgagga	420
caggwagcaa	tttaaagacc	tcttttgacc	tg			452

<210> 843
 <211> 805
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 843

ggcttataca	acatagtggg	gaacgcattg	gaatggactt	cagactgggtg	gactgttcat	60
cattctgttg	aagaaacgct	taacccaaaa	gggtcccctt	ctgggaaaga	ccgagtgaag	120
aaagggtgat	cctacatgtg	ccataggtct	tattgttaca	ggtatcgctg	tgctgctcgg	180
agccagaaca	cacctgatag	ctctgcttcg	aatctggrnt	tccgctgtnc	agccgaccgn	240
ctgcccacta	tngactgaca	accaaggaaa	gtcttcccca	ntccaaggag	cagtcgtgtc	300
tgacctacat	tgggcttttc	tcagaacttt	gaacgatccc	atgcaaagaa	ttcccaccct	360
gaggtgtttt	acatacctgc	ccaatgncaa	aggaaccgcc	ttgtgagacc	aaattgctga	420
cctgggtcag	tgcatgtgct	ttatgggtgtg	gtgcatcttt	ggagatcatc	gccatatttt	480
acttttgaga	gtcttttaag	aggaagggga	gtggagggaa	ccctgagcta	ggcttcagga	540
ggcccgctc	ctacgcaggc	tctgcacagg	ggtagaccc	caggtccgac	gcttgacctt	600
cctgggcctc	aagtgccttc	ccctatcaaa	tgacagggat	ggacagcatg	acctctgggt	660
gtctctccaa	ctcaccagtt	ctaaaaaggg	tatcagattc	tattgtgact	tcataagtga	720
gaatttatga	tagattattt	tttagctatt	ttttccatgt	gtgaaccttg	agtgatacta	780
atcatgtaaa	gtaagagttc	cctta				805

<210> 844
 <211> 702
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 844

tttttttttt	tttttttgca	ggtgcatttg	tttctttatt	taaaaaaatc	atctgggggc	60
atggtctgag	gaggacaccc	ctcccatggc	tttggggagg	acgcaggttc	caggagtcac	120
agggcagaaa	cacgcggggg	gggtgggggc	gtggccggag	tggggagggg	ctgtscagg	180
cacctggggg	tggctccac	ggcaccagg	gggctagggc	aacagtatgt	acaggcgagc	240
agtgtctctg	gacccggtcg	gggcccggctg	gggcccattt	ctgcggcagg	ggagctctgg	300
ggcacagggt	ctgagtccca	tcttgggctk	cagggaccgc	gaggscgtcc	agggaggctg	360
gacagcgggg	gcctttatct	gggcccattc	ggtggatgag	aacggacact	gcaaaccgct	420
caccacctgg	gccagggtta	ggctatccgg	cagggcctcc	ccmmctgaat	cctgcgtgcg	480
cagaactcaa	gccggcatnc	aggcagtkgg	aacgncccg	angctgggct	tggktgsyck	540

crsgcacgtg	acaggtgggg	cccggtgcct	gataaacgga	caggaacaaa	aggaacgcaa	600
ggtctgggac	ccacggctct	gggagcagcg	ccaccaggc	tggtcctag	cagagaaatg	660
ggaatcgcaa	atgcattgca	atgtgcagtg	aagagacgcg	ag		702

